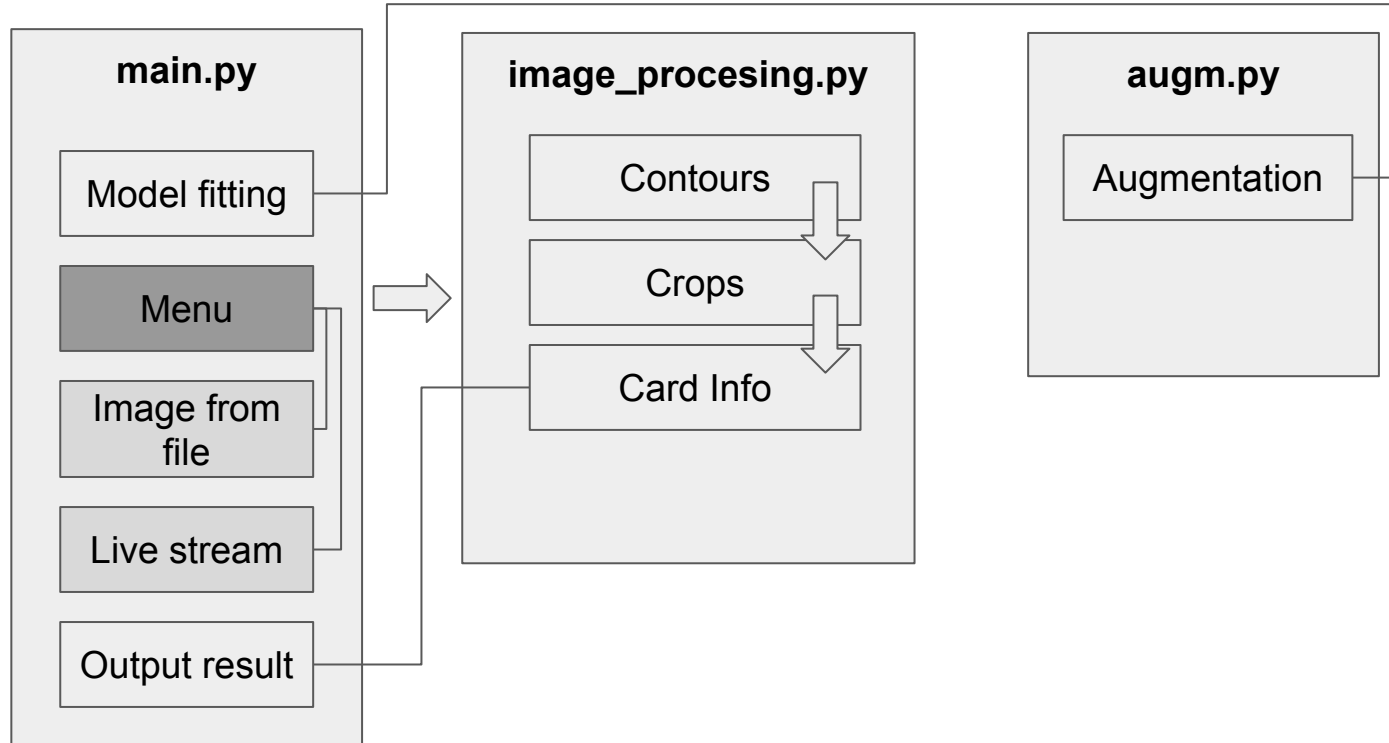


# Uno-Cards

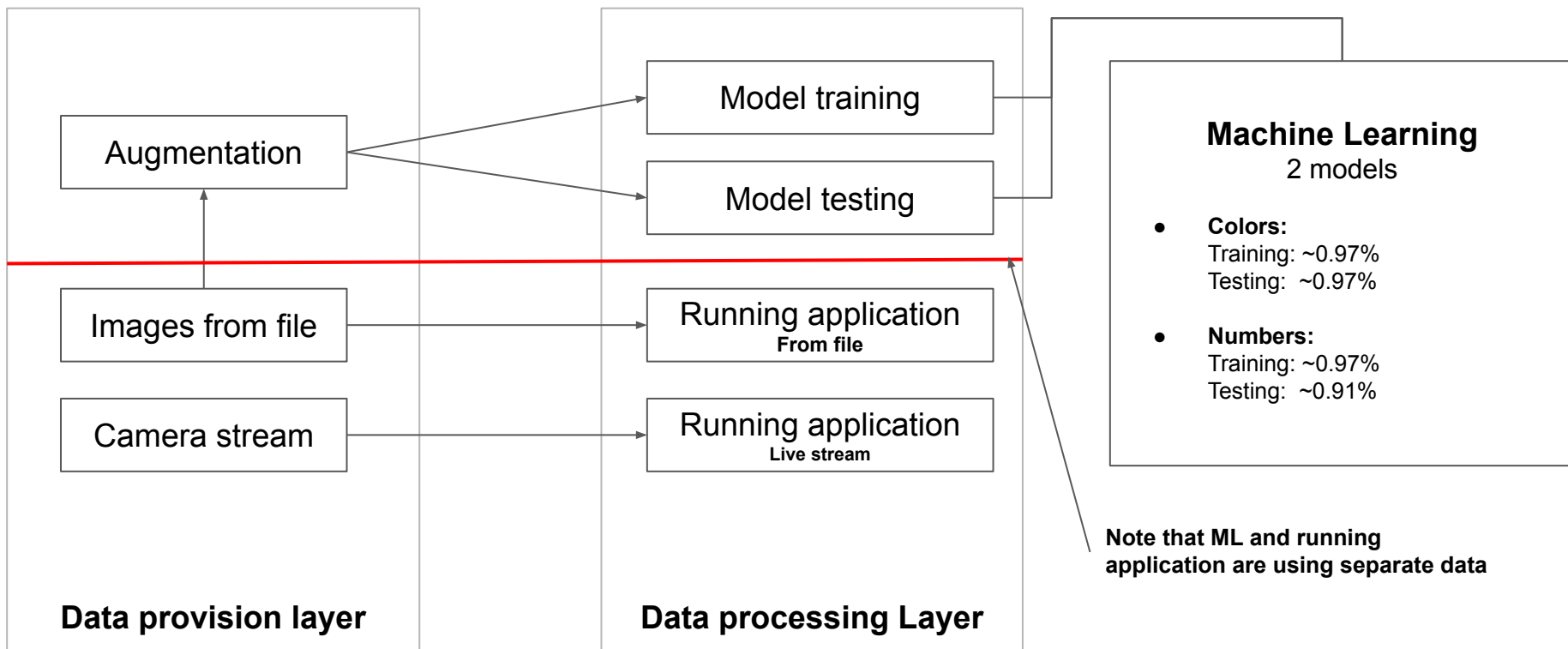
## Documentation

**Alin Ivan M00851040**

# Uno-Cards: Code structure diagram



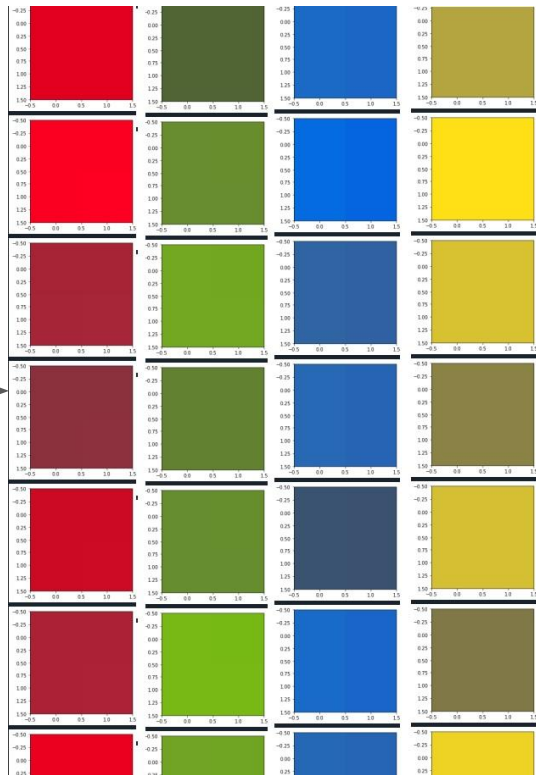
# Uno-Cards: Data methodology and Machine Learning



# Uno-Cards: Augmentation of Colors

## Color Augm

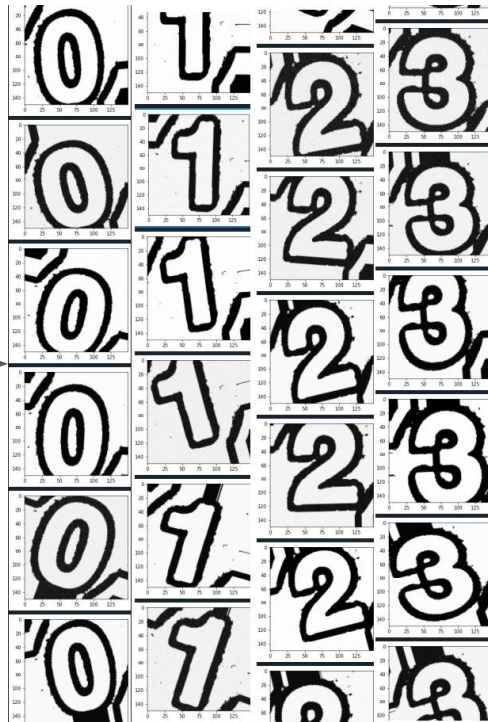
- 5200 images  
100/card
- 2x2px color image crop
- Brightness in HSV
- 0.7 - 1.3 range
- Hue and Saturation



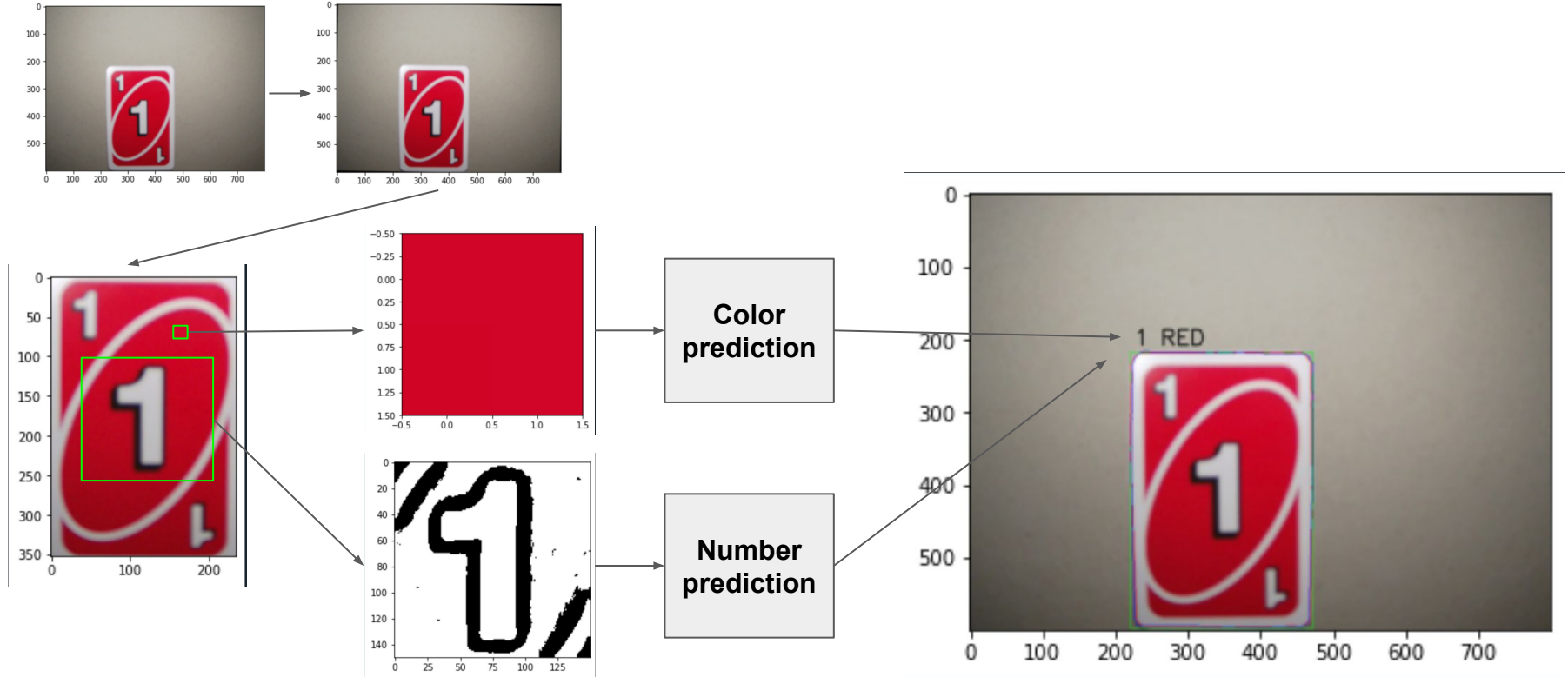
# Uno-Cards: Augmentation of Numbers

## Number Augm

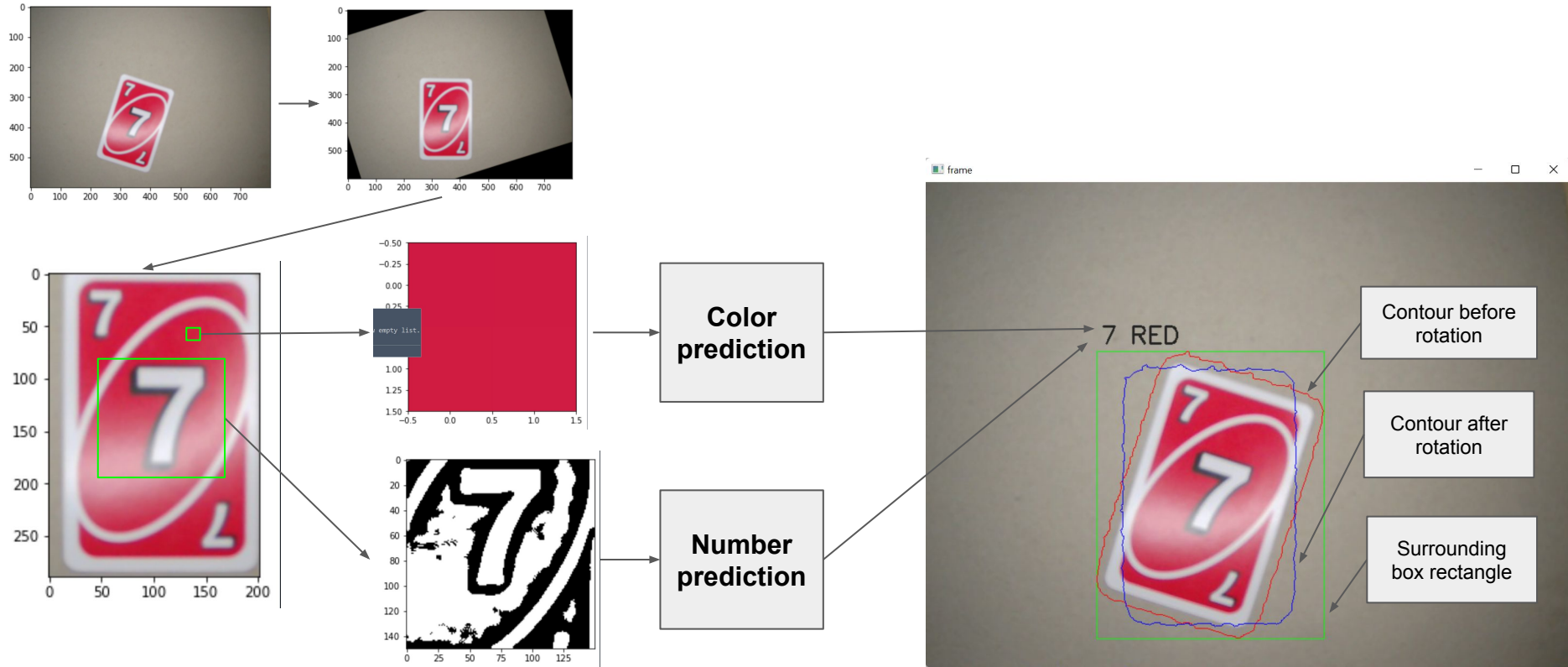
- 5200 images  
100/card
- 150x150px binary thresholded image crop
- Rescale= 1/255
- Rotation 20 degrees
- Width & height shift 0.1
- Zoom 0.1
- Noise 0.1



# Uno-Cards: Process sequence **From File**



# Uno-Cards: Process sequence **Live Stream**



# Uno-Cards: Test results

## Testing

- **From file**  
Colors: 52/52  
Testing: 48/52
- **Live Stream:**  
Colors: 3/4 - 4/4 (Small gap between green and yellow color ranges)  
Numbers: <10/52 (Inconsistent card/number crop)



# Uno-Cards: Conclusion and Further Work

## **Current status**

- Separate ML data from real testing in demonstration
- High accuracy rate with images from files & Low accuracy in live stream

## **Issues:**

- Inconsistencies generated by the environment and system variability:
  - light, color spectrum, noise
  - camera zoom, quality, processing time (for real time systems)
- Computer vision seems to be reliant on machine learning
- Training data (augmented or not) needs to be similar to the real application data.

## **Further work:**

- Generate training augmented data from live stream snapshots might improve number recognition
- Define color spectrums ranges for every color to ensure better separation between green and yellow