# human capital

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# <u>outline</u>

human capital (Green and Haines, 2012, ch 6)

education

Schooling Vs Education (Banfield, 1974, ch.7)

cost of higher education

#### **NECESSARY READINGS**

- owe kill creativity (http://www.ted.com/talks/ken\_
  robinson\_says\_schools\_kill\_creativity.html)
- ecology (neigh, fam) determines college success (Tough, 2014)
- ♦ invest in kids (Heckman, 2013)

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# why we talk about education in this class?

- oeducation helps with development
  - ·econs are obsessed about it! this is their single best fix for everything
  - · any problem anywhere? get more education!
- ⋄Robert J. Barro, 2002, "Education as a determinant of economic growth," in a E. P. Lazear (ed.), Education in the Twenty-First Century, Stanford, Calif. Hoover Institution Press, pp. 9-24.
- - $\cdot$  having the phys cap doesn't help without human capital!
- deducation also helps with social capital and civeng

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### what is human capital

- ♦ I define it as primarily education
  - · plus: skills, ability, competencies, knowledge
  - ·but edu proxies those, and easy to measure
  - ·I wouldn't incl creativity under human capital
  - · need some edu to have ideas
  - ·but at some point you become too "deep"
  - · maybe some college is optimal
  - · eg Jobs and Gates dropped out of the college
- but: scientific breakthroughs are made by academics
- what do you think ?

### education proxies perseverance?

- it seems to me that education diplomas may actually
   better proxy perseverance than IQ/knowledge
- overy smart/talented people may not get any diplomas
  because they are not systematic, patient enough
- i know personally many people without much formal education that seem more talented/able than people with diplomas
- ⋄in fact, arguably, the less able you are, the more you may persevere

### education proxies marketing

- and it depends on how you sell your knowledge:
  - I have seen many talks by people who did not know much about the topic, there is not much meaning, but they are received very well because they "sell it well" (they have presentation skills)
- ♦ also see Grant (2013)

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### don't underestimate community colleges

- they may have higher <u>value added</u> than fancy universities
- community college can be a life-changer
- Volvy league—doesn't matter much—will be successful anyway
  - ·you're either super-smart or super-rich
  - ·either way: you don't really need a diploma!
- ♦ http://www.economist.com/node/21553476

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### unemployment/underemployment and mismatch!

- ounder-employment: work less than you want to
- ♦ if gave up on job search: not counted as unemployed
- yet, employers cannot fill 600,000 positions in the US:
- ♦http://www.themanufacturinginstitute.org/ News-Articles/2011/10/17-2011-Skills-Gap.aspx
  - ·so need to educate/train in these areas

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*http://www.economist.com/news/
21566464-skills-gap-must-be-bridged-if-world-avoid-dire-consequences-argues-de-
```

- · 40% employers struggle to fill: inadequate skills
- · 45% young employees: work is unrelated to one's studies
- coordinate schooling with job requirements!

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### role for planners: workforce development

- target occupations with potential: BLS OOH, LQ
- bring demand and supply together:
  - · ask employers what they need and talk to schools to figure out the training
  - ·can also give incentives to employers to provide the training
  - · eg: Markusen, Ann "Targeting Occupations in Regional and Community Economic Development" in Journal of the American Planning Association, Summer 2004; Vol. 70, No. 3, Summer 2004 pp 253-268

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#### school is overrated

- $\diamond \, seems$  that school does not teach many or most job skills
- onew employees need to learn them on the job
- then why not less schooling and more job training
- and again, there are many jobs unfilled—employers cannot find people with the right skills
  - · maybe better pay them to train instead of paying teachers for producing unsellable skills
- apprenticeship and part-time work as early as possible are a great idea too
  - ·employers can train workers better and cheaper

### schools kill creativity

- kids are penalized for creativity, autonomy, initiative, tolerance for ambiguity, and independence (Herbert Gintis)
  - · and rewarded for docility, industry, ego control (p.151 Banfield, 1974)
- http://www.ted.com/talks/ken\_robinson\_says\_schools\_ kill\_creativity.html
- - ·a waste of time?-many years to just get a measure?

### schools don't matter (that much)

- facilities, curricula, staff don't explain much of the achievement variation
- but the family background does
- and more precisely, it's about attitudes and values
  - · eg future-orientation and hard work
  - · (and ability to navigate the system! (Tough, 2014))

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•	Rutgers is #1—in management bloa
	pay a median of 8% of total salaries
שׁ.	While Rutgers pays a whopping 12%
	Number of Rutgers administrators wi
	annual salaries exceeding \$250,000
MON	
<b>&gt;</b>	Number of Rutgers administrators wi
	annual salaries exceeding \$500,000
O	Increase in aggregate management
he	salaries between 2014 & 2016
	Decrease in instruction salaries between
S	2014 & 2016
a	Rutgers' total budget
T	Naigers total badget
	Percent of budget spent on wages for
S	3,000 Part-Time Lecturers
	Percent of classes taught by Part-Time
P	Lecturers
0	
+	Rutgers AAL
higher	education from/Dutgers & Australia

Rutgers is #1—in management bloat. Our Big Ten peers bay a median of 8% of total salaries to top administrators, vhile Rutgers pays a whopping 12%

Number of Rutgers administrators with annual salaries exceeding \$250,000	244
Number of Rutgers administrators with	

Decrease in instruction salaries between 2014 & 2016

-0.02% \$4 billion

38

12.4%

Percent of budget spent on wages for 3.000 Part-Time Lecturers 0.8%

30%+

### why?

- onot teachers or professors (our salaries do not keep up with inflation)
- but sport coaches, stadiums
  - · conspicuous consumption or waste !! see very insightful Veblen (2005a,b) on sports
  - · it does not serve any good, no utility there, just pure waste!
- ballooning administration!
- and campuses look more and more like golf courses than scholarship sites

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#### education vs health care

- Olots of talk about cost of health care on the news
- but education is even worse
- over the past 25 years, average college tuition and fees
  have risen by 440 percent; almost twice the rate of
  medical care http://chronicle.com/article/
  Will-Higher-Education-Be-the/44400
- ♦ also see The Economist: "Schumpeter How to make college cheaper"

http://www.economist.com/node/18926009

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### why higher ed?

- •why are you getting higher education?
  - · sure, student life, longer youth, intellectual curiosity...
- but it's about having that competitive edge over your peers in labor market
- but guess what
- your peers are getting more education, too

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# education arms race (Bob Frank)

- education is at least to some (big) degree a positional good
- your education is good or bad depending on how it relates to others
- so invest more in education to be better than others
- obut others are investing, too
- \$\phi\$ so the society ends up being more educated, but nobody is better off!
- ⋄ for many jobs it used to be enough to have BA/BS, then MA/MS, then PhD, then PhD from a fancy university and so forth...

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# education arms race (Bob Frank)

- ♦ in that sense, I think, education is overrated
  - better get some career networking, jobs skills, and experience
  - · or start a company...
  - you can get first class free education online say at MIT or Stanford
- the only reason to pay for it is to enjoy student life and have "live lectures"

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#### education debt vs credit card debt

- ♦ And college loans for the first time in history exceeded credit card debt http://www.nytimes.com/imagepages/ 2011/04/12/us/12college\_graphic.html?ref=education
- ♦ More about student borrowing http://pewsocialtrends. org/2010/11/23/the-rise-of-college-student-borrowing/
- ♦75% of American adults say that the collage is unaffordable for most Americans

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http://www.bloomberg.com/news/2011-05-16/
u-s-college-education-isn-t-worth-price-pew-report-say
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# college still pays off (if you get a job)

- On the other hand, those who go to college will make over lifetime more than 550k than those who do not go to college
- http://pewsocialtrends.org/2011/05/16/
  lifetime-earnings-of-college-graduates
- ◇And the gap between high school grads and college grads in incomes is widening – the ratio was 1.1 in 1976, increased to 1.5 in 2010 (p 13 http://pewsocialtrends. org/files/2011/05/Is-College-Worth-It.pdf)
- ♦ also see recent studies by Autor (MIT) along the same lines

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