

# thematic maps

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# outline

classification methods

thematic mapping

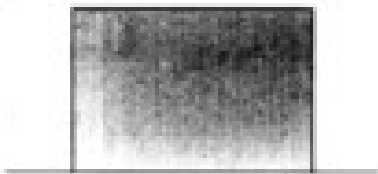


# outline

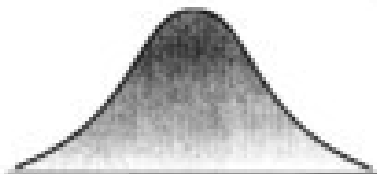
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# distribution/histogram



A



B



C



D

## reference

- pdf start p4: maup
- [https://theaok.github.io/gisPy/thematic\\_map\\_design.pdf](https://theaok.github.io/gisPy/thematic_map_design.pdf)

## classification methods

- always understand the distribution—use hist!
- think about it, discuss and motivate classification meth
- (at least of main var; i'll cut points)
- i like NATURAL BREAKS/JENKS, maybe QUANTILES
- usually more “truthful” than equal intervals
- start with many like 7
- then shrink to 5 or 3 without losing too much detail
- make it as clean and simple as possible
- still, explore the distribution and play with it, categorize differently
- always let the data speak! do not force your story

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## variable definitions

- be very clear about measurement
  - elaborate on measurement in caption, interpretation, appendix, etc—have to have it somewhere!
  - eg small breweries at some bars count as breweries?  
how exactly is a brewery defined?
  - eg what exactly is a bike lane—paths in park?  
does it have to be designated for bikes only?  
and paths not for bikes but used by bikes?
- ideally triangulate and map them all!

## map labeling: clarity and simplicity!

- always have a self explanatory title/caption and legend
- self-explanatory means a random person will understand what it's about
- it must pass “grandma test”
  - give it to your grandma and she'll get it
  - if she doesn't, then it isn't clear enough

## always think about the meaning; interpret!

- always interpret the map, think about what it means
  - usually want to standardize to get meaningful
  - standardize by area “per sq km” or pop “per capita”
- even specific (eg habitable) area; specific (eg disadvantaged) pop
  - eg area may be water or forest, so hydrants/(inhabited sq km)
  - similar with populations-they may only work or sleep in some area, eg Cherry Hill is a bedroom city
  - eg Cape May many liquor stores per capita (just because nobody lives there)

## let the data speak, but you pick the story!

- data have always many stories to tell
  - and you choose which one you want to present
- say may emphasize extremes with dramatic colors
  - eg purple for values way different from everything else
  - (for intervention, disaster response, etc)
- or paint the gradient, where values raise and level off etc
  - like my urban-rural happiness gradient
- also in space: clusters of happiness: <https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007/s11205-010-9671-y.pdf>
  - (still using alt classifications for robustness)
  - (and std dev in addition to levels)