data

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outline

join/merge

regular (not gis) data: xls, csv, etc gis data (has shapes, can make a map from it): shp, kml, etc.

Example: NJ Home Values

DATA SOURCES census data [probably do one week later]

mapping street addresses (geocoding)[if people having

addressess already] [properly covered in advQ.pdf, but to just

get you going

old ps comments [if time]

outline

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regular (not gis) data: xls, csv, etc

what are data?

- u/a: unit of analysis: what do you study?
- u/a=# of obs=# of rows=sample size
- o dataset has variables, which are the *attributes* of u/as
- say students: age; counties: water area
- cols=vars, rows=obs; vars characteristics of obs
- if several layers: may have several u/as
- eg counties: #18; hospitals: #700; ex of attr?
- dataset is a matrix/spreadsheet/2D object

storage type: num v str

- strings are safer; eg string "0821" made into a number results in "821", which is a mistake!
- o that's why software, incl qgis often store num as str
- but then often need to make str into num to do the math/map
- be careful about it, triple check, there are often problems and it's non-intuitive

outline

gis data (has shapes, can make a map from it): shp, kml, etc

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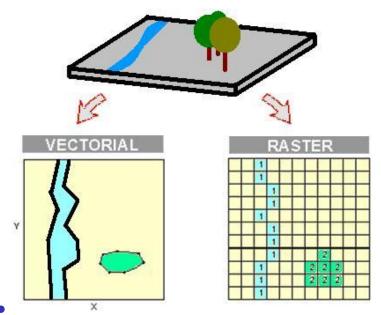
files

- .shp (along with bunch of others)
- .kml
- and others
- o we'll cover them on "as is" basis
- o if you bump into something weird, email listserv

raster (picture) v vector (point, line, or polygon)

- raster (has resolution)
- o area covered by cells/pixels
- each cell/pixel have values/colors
- vector (no resolution): all real world features:
- o points (dots/nodes): airports, cities, trees
- o lines (arcs): rivers, roads
- o polygons (areas): counties, cities

raster and vector



gis data as layers of shapes with regular data

- data are organized by *layers*, eg roads, admin boundaries, etc; show example/draw a picture
- each layer: loc info (shapes)+often some regular data
- o ie data table with loc info (shapes) must underlie a map
- (the data table often has some regular data, too)
- often you want to produce thematic (choropleth) maps
- thematic maps use different symbols/colors (themes) to show variation in regular data

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join/merge

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join/merge 12/52

some real skills

- this is where the real value come from:
- o to bring different vars together to produce new insight
- if you just map vars from same or similar data:
- o it has probably already been done!
- o just goog: "what you study, map" and see images
- but combining creatively variety of vars:
- o there is no such map in the world!
- eg https://scholarship.libraries.rutgers.edu/view/ delivery/01RUT_INST/12643382240004646/13643522850004646

join/merge 13/52

howto map regular (eg xls) data?

- it would likely have geo id:
- ISD name/code, county name/id, etc
- codes/ids are great: unique! (as opposed to names)
- o then google a shapefile that you can join with your data
- google "geo in you data, shapefile"
- o eg "NJ counties, shapefile"
- and then join the two to produce a map

join/merge 14/52

"the join problems": examples

- "Camden county" ≠ "Camden"
- "Congo" ≠ "Congo, Republic of"
- "Great Britain" \neq "United Kingdom"
- "Camden" \neq "CAMDEN"
- "Camden" \neq "Camden" (space is a character!)
- "08012" \neq "8012"
- be very careful; check the tables to see if it merged right
- does it make sense? eg Camden richer than Cherry Hill?

join/merge 15/52

outline

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Example: NJ Home Values

census data [probably do one week later]

Example: NJ Home Values 16/52

figuring things out

- so say you've got housing prices for NJ counties
- then need to google matching gis data (shapefile)
- o google: "NJ counties shapefile"
- load nj counties shp (same as alaways)

https://docs.google.com/uc?id=1xJDhcRCkgv7k4tNCa72Oog5bohV6dTB2&export=download

- both have county variable so you can join
- both keys/ids must be coded exactly the same way!
- o characters and storage!
- and **you** need to figure this out and make sure

Example: NJ Home Values 17/52

http://www.zillow.com/research/data

- subset reposted on my website https://github.com/theaok/data/raw/main/NJ-counties-Zillow-Home-Value-Index-TimeSeries.xls
- adjust ID: make counties uppercase
- (or could drop 'County' from COUNTY LABEL variable)
- o make col (var) names short: eg <5 alphanumeric chars
- and clean up: dropped first row, excessive columns,\$
 (%,#, etc) and ","; cnty names upcase, saved as csv
 (first sheet)
- https://github.com/theaok/data/raw/main/all_homes.csv
- o note missing val for Morris; think abt missing data!

Example: NJ Home Values 18/52

excel fix! [do this if trouble reading csv into qgis]

- excel is junk, and often adds special/weird characters!
- when save as csv, go to:
- tools-web options-encoding and select 'us ascii'
- o other ideas: https://www.webtoffee.com/

how-to-save-csv-excel-file-as-utf-8-encoded

Example: NJ Home Values 19/52

install MMQGIS (just once) if not there already

- Plugins-Manage and Install Plugins:
- Search: MMQGIS
- o and install
- now we can use MMQGIS to join and fix the data!
- o [another way to do joins:

http://www.qgistutorials.com/en/docs/performing_table_joins.html]

Example: NJ Home Values 20/52

MMQGIS: join; and text to float

- MMQGIS-Combine-Attributes Join From CSV File
- Input CSV: all_homes.csv
- CSV File Field: UPPER
- Join Layer: nj_counties
- Join Layer Attribute: COUNTY
- make sure joined output shapefile is where you can write!
- check the tables to see if it joined right; be very careful!
- MMQGIS-Modify-Text to Float (almost always need this!)
- highlight "Dec 2012" only (others are not clean: "\$",",")

Example: NJ Home Values 21/52

missing value

- right click layer-Open Attribute Table
- note that now MORRIS has 0 for "Dec 2012"
- this is incorrect!
- hit pen icon at top left: "Toggle Editing Mode"
- o and remove zero from that cell
- hit "Toggle Editing Mode" again and Save

Example: NJ Home Values 22/52

and the thematic map

- nj_counties-Properties-Style and from drop-down:
 "Graduated"
- Column: "Dec 2012"
- Color ramp: i like Blues!
- many ways to classify [if time, discuss later]
- usually good: 'natural breaks/jenks' say 3-7
- and hit "Classify" button
- and hit "OK" to see the map-viola!
- zoom in as much as needed

Example: NJ Home Values 23/52

printing to file: Project-New Print Layoutleft: blank icon "Add New Map" and draw a rectangle

- NJ is tall: on the right "Layout" and do "Resize layout"
- left: icon with arrows "Move Item Content" to adjust view
- right: "Item properties" change scale to adjust zoom and/or use mouse's wheel
- o right: uncheck auto-update and beautify it:

left: legend button "Add new legend" (legend needs fixing)

- o drop items with minus sign; and edit by double clicking it
- top: on the left: Layout-Export as Image
- probably png is fine, just increase resolution to say 600dpi
 http://www.qgistutorials.com/en/docs/making_a_map.html and
- O https://docs.qgis.org/3.16/en/docs/training_manual/map_composer/map_composer.

print layout

- people always have toroubles
- so let's do it again!

Example: NJ Home Values 25/52

don't trust anybody! neither yourself

- remember, always be critical
- triangulate your results: compare with other source
- o just goog picture, eg 'nj counties property values map'
- looks about right
- o (other definition of the prices, but correlation is important)
- show to others, ask for commentspresent locally or at a conference
- i mistakengly thought a lot of alcohol problems in Cape
- May

 o but it is just tourists!

Example: NJ Home Values 26/52

tip1: triple check

- merging (joining) data is tedious and tricky
- be careful, double, triple check
- easy to make mistake

Example: NJ Home Values 27/52

tip2: missing vals

- tricky! pay extra attention to it!
- sometimes qgis makes ' ' to 0! esp MMQGIS: str to float
- sometimes qgis colors it yellow sometimes transparent:
- o (i guess: ' '=transparent, 'NULL'=yellow)
- to make it stand out can change color ramp
- o eg if NULL is white, make even number of classes say 2
- o and say make color ramp GnRd

Example: NJ Home Values 28/52

tip 3: make sure it all joined the way it should have

- the pop-up for joining tells you how it did
- \bullet eg 10 + 10 csv= 10 features is nice and clean
- 10 + 5 csv= 5 may or may not be right; it's right if csv had only a subset and that was expected
- 10 + 5 csv= 3 is pretty much always wrong-2 from csv failed to match and thats pretty much always unexpected and a plain mistake

Example: NJ Home Values 29/5

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DATA SOURCES

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addressess already] [properly covered get vou going]

old ps comments [if time]

DATA SOURCES 30,

data management takes time! value your time!

- producing maps fast; data management 50-95% of time
- figuring out, understanding, cleaning, documenting, combining, etc
- so we start with data management: join/merge
- spend it on data you care about and will use in your career!
- think hard about data you'll use in your career

• otherwhise you'll waste 100+ hours !!!

DATA SOURCES 31/52

data ideas

- camden county https://camdencountynj-ccdpw.opendata. arcgis.com/search?collection=Dataset eg camden zoning:)
- NJ https://gisdata-njdep.opendata.arcgis.com
- Philly https://www.opendataphilly.org
- a lot!: http://geocommons.com/search.html
- o just search for what you are interested in, say 'road'
- https://www.policymap.com/maps
- \circ \$ to downld data, but click 'Source' and download by hand
- open gov, especially city data, just few examples
- https://data.cityofchicago.org/, http://opencityapps.org/, http://www.opendataphilly.org/, http://www.phila.gov/data/Pages/data.aspx

DATA SOURCES 32/52

data ideas

- https://tax1.co.monmouth.nj.us/cgi-bin/prc6.cgi?menu= index&ms_user=monm&passwd=data&district=1301&mode=11
- o can pick 'advanced srch' to srch say 'vacant'
- o and 'output format' excel
- NJ parcels
- https://njgin.nj.gov/njgin/edata/parcels/#!/
 o https://www.njmap2.com/parcels/parcels/
- https://www.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?ic

DATA SOURCES 33/52

data ideas

- NJ DCA has a Data Hub: excel files and Community Assets Map
- o https://www.nj.gov/dca/services/xxdatahub.html
- o https:

//nidca.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/

- index.html?id=96ec274c50a34890b23263f101e4ad9b

 o layer-View in Attr Tab; 'Options' at top left and Export all
- layer-View in Attr Tab; 'Options' at top left and Export al
 to csv
 ineq, redlining, etc
- https://dsl.richmond.edu/panorama/redlining/#loc=5/39.589/-94.57

DATA SOURCES 34/52

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manning street addresses (googoding) life

get you going]

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- census data: 5-yr ACScensus is a great source of data, even at neigh lev!
- for neigh lev (census tracts) want 5-yr ACS
- https://geomap.ffiec.gov/FFIECGeocMap/GeocodeMap1.aspx
- https://data.census.gov/cedsci/advanced (or socialexplorer.com)
- Census Tracts within Camden County

Geography: Tract: New Jersey: Camden County: All

- o note: selection appears at the bottom in blue box
- Topics: Income and Poverty: Poverty: Official Poverty Measure
- Years: 2015
- Search
- click "POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS" census data [probably do one week later]

cont

- take note of margins of errors!!
- o most precise is decennial census, but much fewer variables
- on the right click: Customize Table
- at the top: Transpose Table
- hit: Download
- as CSV

again, always clean it up before getting into qgis

- open csv file, keep GEO ids (will use them for join)
- o and just keep only needed vars and rename them:
- Total; Estimate; Population for whom poverty status is determined: "tot"
- Total; Estimate; ALL INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME BELOW THE FOLLOWING POVERTY RATIOS - 125 percent of poverty level: "pov125"
- then calculate ratio of pov to tot: "prop"
- o and save as csv
- o clean csv reposted: https://docs.google.com/uc?id= 1Hw-3nugfIpSvvyai7Jy-lwA2IsRA0Pz0&export=download

better work smart than hard

- just find a decent alternative to messy census such as:
- socialexplorer.com
- ACS 2015-2019
- SE:A13003B. Poverty Status in 2019 for Population Age 18 to 64
- tracts in camden county nj
- https://www.socialexplorer.com/tables/ACS2019_ 5yr/R13437109
- downloaded as csv and reposted:
- o https://raw.githubusercontent.com/theaok/data/ main/R13437109 SL140.csv

get geo data

- census has geo data for any US geog!: https: //www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-line.html
- o doing 2015 because we have 2011-2015 data
- Download-Web Interface: 2015: Census Tracts
- then note there are 2 similar IDs that would match census
- o shp: https://docs.google.com/uc?id=1KNe_
 DSJQxiUiMVzKdVfHzYjUZSke2OnY&export=download

join!

- load shp and then
- MMQGIS-Combine-Attributes join from CSV file
- MMQGIS: csv GEOid, shp: AFFGEOID
- do note match upon join: should be perfect!
- MMQGIS: modify: text to float: tot pov125 prop
- o (Ctrl and left click all three)
- right click layer-Properties-Style: "Graduated" map prop with say Blues 5 jenks
- move around and say zoom in on Camden

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addressess already] [properly covered in advQ.pdf, but to just

geocoding: address \rightarrow (lat,lon)

- say that we have some addresses and we want to geocode them
- https://github.com/theaok/data/raw/main/ apartments-for-rent.xls
- open, looks reasonably clean, save as csv

MMQGIS-Geocode

- MMQGIS-Geocode-Geocode CSV with Web Service
- Input CSV, and make sure Address Field, City Field, State Field are right; best if you give more info
- Web Service: OpenStreetMap/Nominatim
- o put notfound.csv (and output shp) where you can write!
- >qgis3.5, seems can have everything just under address!
- btw, if already got X/Y lat/lon: just add your csv with "Add Delimited Text Layer" tool make sure geometry definition tab (X,Y) fits your data

hit "Apply", note how many found, hit "Close"

mapping street addresses (geocoding)[if people having addressess already] [properly covered in advQ.pdf, but to just get you going]

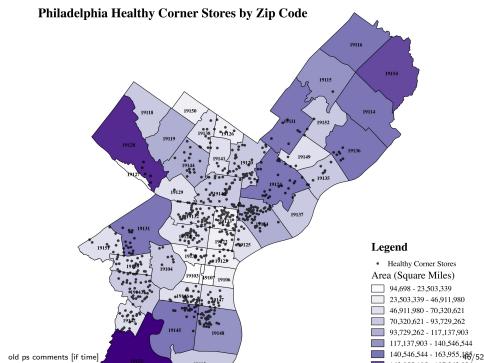
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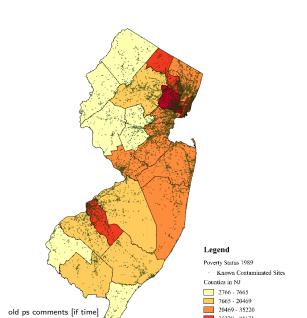


healthy corner stores

- makes sense to label zipcodes; right proportions
- these aren't sq miles! sq ft or meters!
- colors denote polygon sizes—so same info twice
- o better could map educ, inc, age, bmi, etc
- dots could be little smaller or hollow so they overlap less
- make goog map and zoom in: show more detail see environ: other businesses, pub transpo, sch, etc
- wonder about big healthy stores like wholefoods
- o could dentote big ones with big dots
- usually may want to put year on a map

old ps comments [if time] 47/52

Contaminations Sites in New Jersey 1992



contaminations

- perfect size and color for contaminated sites!
- doesn't overlap much but big enough to see
- o and grayish good for contamination
- informative— NYC and Philly the worst
- excellent idea to relate poverty to contamination
- there is lit linking them! so nice test! [also can do race]
 could do poverty at municipal or census tract levels
- use space better! NJ should be bigger like Philly stores

thousands must be set off by commas in legend

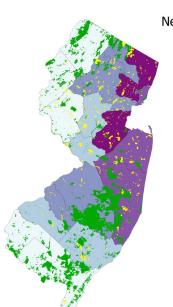
- very good to match contaminations and poverty by year!
- "poverty status" guess counts; better %
 as in Philly map: zoom to Camden, have goog map in

contaminations

- http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2015/07/08/us/census-race-map.html?_r=0
- in couple classes we'll be making online maps like this
- but already now you can do sth similar
- see footnote: census and socialexplorer.com: download data
- map in qgis and bring in background from googmaps
- with openlayers plugin

old ps comments [if time] 50/52

open space



New Jersey Preserved Open Space



open space

- excellent idea for map—open space related to population
- great use of multiple layers
- great non-cluttered borders
- can use space better-portrait orientation, bigger NJ
- use commas for population
- say for which year it is
- pop den probably more meaningful
- on the other hand, we already see size from map
- o and so we can sort out density

old ps comments [if time] 52/52