data

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outline

DATA SOURCES

the 'join'

regular (not gis) data: xls, csv, etc gis data (has shapes, can make a map from it): shp, kml, etc.

Example: NJ Home Values

census data [probably do one week later]

mapping street addresses (geocoding)[if people having

addressess already] [properly covered in advQ.pdf, but to just

get you going

old ps comments [if time]

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regular (not gis) data: xls, csv, etc

what are data?

- u/a: unit of analysis: what do you study?
- u/a=# of obs=# of rows=sample size
- dataset has variables, which are the *attributes* of u/as
- say students: age; counties: water area
- if several layers: may have several u/as
- eg counties: #18; hospitals:#700; ex of attr?
- dataset is a matrix/spreadsheet/2D object
- cols are vars, rows are obs
- vars are characteristics of obs
- eg: edu, age, inc are vars
- o and persons are obs—each row is a different person

regular (not gis) data: xls, csv, etc 5/51

storage type: numeric v string

- strings are safer; eg string "0821" made into a number results in "821", which is a mistake!
- that's why many software packages, incl qgis often store numbers as strings
- but then we often need to make them into numeric to do the math or mapping
- be careful about it, triple check, there are often problems and it's non-intuitive

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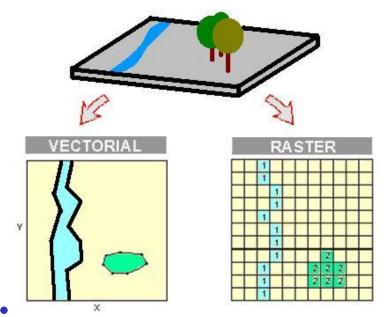
files

- .shp (along with bunch of others)
- .kml
- and there's much more
- we'll cover them on "as is" basis
- o if you bump into something weird, email listserv

raster (picture) and vector (point, line, or polygon)

- raster (has resolution)
- area covered by cells/pixels
- each cell/pixel have values/colors
- vector (no resolution): all real world features:
- o points (dots/nodes): airports, cities, trees
- o lines (arcs): rivers, roads
- o polygons (areas): counties, cities

raster and vector



gis data as layers of shapes with regular data

- data are organized by *layers*, eg roads, admin boundaries, etc; show example/draw a picture
- each layer: loc info (shapes)+often some regular data
- o ie data table with loc info (shapes) must underlie a map
- (the data table often has some regular data, too)
- often you want to produce thematic (choropleth) maps
- thematic maps use different symbols/colors (themes) to show variation in regular data

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the 'join' 12/51

some real skills

- this is where the real value come from:
- o to bring different vars together to produce new insight
- if you just map vars from same or similar data:
- o it has probably already been done!
- o just goog: "what you study, map" and see images
- but combining creatively variety of vars:
- o there is no such map in the world!
- eg https://sites.google.com/site/adamokuliczkozaryn/ pubs/rel_inn.pdf

the 'join'

howto map regular (eg xls) data?

- it would likely have geo id:
- ISD name/code, county name/id, etc
- codes/ids are great: unique! (as opposed to names)
- o then google a shapefile that you can join with your data
- google "geo in you data, shapefile"
- o eg "NJ counties, shapefile"
- and then join the two to produce a map

the 'join' 14/51

"the join problems": some examples

- "Camden county" ≠ "Camden"
- "Congo" ≠ "Congo, Republic of"
- "Great Britain" ≠ "United Kingdom"
- "Camden" \neq "CAMDEN"
- "Camden" ≠ "Camden" (space is a character!)
- "08012" \(\neq\) "8012"
- be very careful; check the tables to see if it merged right
- does it make sense? eg Camden richer than Cherry Hill?

the 'join' 15/51

outline

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Example: NJ Home Values

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Example: NJ Home Values 16/51

addressess already] [properly covered in advQ.pdf, but to just

figuring things out

- so say you've got housing prices for NJ counties
- then need to google matching gis data (shapefile)
- o google: "NJ counties shapefile"
- load nj counties shp (same as alaways)

https://docs.google.com/uc?id=1xJDhcRCkgv7k4tNCa72Oog5bohV6dTB2&export=download

- both have county variable so you can join
- both keys/ids must be coded exactly the same way!
- o characters and storage!
- and **you** need to figure this out and make sure

Example: NJ Home Values 17/51

http://www.zillow.com/research/data

- subset reposted on my website https://sites.google.com/site/adamokuliczkozaryn/gis_int/NJ-counties-Zillow-Home-Value-Index-TimeSeries.xls
- adjust ID: make counties uppercase
- (or could drop 'County' from COUNTY LABEL variable)
- o make col (var) names short: eg <5 alphanumeric chars
- and clean up: dropped first row, excessive columns,\$
 (%,#, etc) and ","; cnty names upcase, saved as csv
 (first sheet)
- https://sites.google.com/site/adamokuliczkozaryn/gis_int/all_homes.csv
- o note missing val for Morris; think abt missing data!

Example: NJ Home Values 18/51

excel fix! [do this if trouble reading csv into qgis]

- excel is junk, and often adds special/weird characters!
- when save as csv, go to:
- tools-web options-encoding and select 'us ascii'
- o other ideas: https://www.webtoffee.com/

how-to-save-csy-excel-file-as-utf-8-encoded

Example: NJ Home Values 19/51

install MMQGIS (just once) if not there already

- Plugins-Manage and Install Plugins:
- Search: MMQGIS
- o and install
- now we can use MMQGIS to join and fix the data!
- o [another way to do joins:

http://www.qgistutorials.com/en/docs/performing_table_joins.html]

Example: NJ Home Values 20/51

MMQGIS: join; and text to float

- MMQGIS-Combine-Attributes Join From CSV File
- Input CSV: all_homes.csv
- CSV File Field: UPPER
- Join Layer: nj_counties
- Join Layer Attribute: COUNTY
- make sure joined output shapefile is where you can write!
- check the tables to see if it joined right; be very careful!
- MMQGIS-Modify-Text to Float (almost always need this!)
- highlight "Dec 2012" only (others are not clean: "\$",",")

Example: NJ Home Values 21/51

missing value

- right click layer-Open Attribute Table
- note that now MORRIS has 0 for "Dec 2012"
- this is incorrect!
- hit pen icon at top left: "Toggle Editing Mode"
- o and remove zero from that cell
- hit "Toggle Editing Mode" again and Save

Example: NJ Home Values 22/51

and the thematic map

- nj_counties-Properties-Style and from drop-down:
 "Graduated"
- Column: "Dec 2012"
- Color ramp: i like Blues!
- many ways to classify [if time, discuss later]
- usually good: 'natural breaks/jenks' say 3-7
- and hit "Classify" button
- and hit "OK" to see the map-viola!
- zoom in as much as needed

Example: NJ Home Values 23/51

printing to file: Project-New Print Layoutleft: blank icon "Add New Map" and draw a rectangle

- left: blank icon "Add New Map" and draw a rectangle
 NJ is tall: on the right "Layout" and do "Resize layout"
- left: icon with arrows "Move Item Content" to adjust view
- right: "Item properties" change scale to adjust zoom and/or use mouse's wheel
- left: legend button "Add new legend" (legend needs fixing)
 right: uncheck auto-update and beautify it:
- o drop items with minus sign; and edit by double clicking it
- top: on the left: Layout-Export as Image
- probably png is fine, just increase resolution to say 600dpi
 http://www.qgistutorials.com/en/docs/making_a_map.html and
- O https://docs.qgis.org/3.16/en/docs/training_manual/map_composer/map_composer.

print layout

- people always have toroubles
- so let's do it again!

Example: NJ Home Values 25/51

don't trust anybody! neither yourself

- remember, always be critical
- triangulate your results: compare with other source
- o just goog picture, eg 'nj counties property values map'
- looks about right
- o (other definition of the prices, but correlation is important)
- show to others, ask for commentspresent locally or at a conference
- i mistakengly thought a lot of alcohol problems in Cape
- o but it is just tourists!

May

Example: NJ Home Values 26/51

tip1

- merging (joining) data is tedious and tricky
- be careful, double, triple check
- easy to make mistake

Example: NJ Home Values 27/51

tip2: missing vals

- tricky! pay extra attention to it!
- sometimes qgis makes ' ' to 0! esp MMQGIS: str to float
- sometimes qgis colors it yellow sometimes transparent:
- o (i guess: ' '=transparent, 'NULL'=yellow)
- to make it stand out can change color ramp
- o eg if NULL is white, make even number of classes say 2
- o and say make color ramp GnRd

Example: NJ Home Values 28/51

tip3: what if traditional data is in weird format

- same as with gis data
- o if you see something else than .shp or .kml, email us!
- \circ there are many data formats, and we cannot cover them all
- we'll do them if we bump into them—do let us know what you've found!

Example: NJ Home Values 29/51

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DATA SOURCES

data management takes time! value your time!

- producing maps fast; data management 50-95% of time
- figuring out, understanding, cleaning, documenting, combining, etc
- so we start with data management: only 2 classes
- spend it on data you care about and will use in your career!
- think hard about data you'll use in your career

otherwhise you'll waste 100+ hours !!!

DATA SOURCES 31/51

gis data

- camden county https://camdencountynj-ccdpw.opendata. arcgis.com/search?collection=Dataset eg camden zoning:) https://camdencountynj-ccdpw.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/camden-city-zoning
- NJ https://gisdata-njdep.opendata.arcgis.com
- Philly https://www.opendataphilly.org
- a lot!: http://geocommons.com/search.html
- o just search for what you are interested in, say 'road'
- https://www.policymap.com/maps
- o \$ to downld data, but click 'Source' and download by hand
- open gov, especially city data, just few examples
- http://phlapi.com/, https://data.cityofchicago.org/, http://opencityapps.org/, http://www.opendataphilly.org/, http://www.phila.gov/data/Pages/data.aspx

DATA SOURCES 32/51

data

- http://tax1.co.monmouth.nj.us/cgi-bin/prc6.cgi?&ms_ user=monm&passwd=data&srch_type=0&adv=0&out_type=0& district=0102
- can pick 'advanced srch' to srch say 'vacant'
- o and 'output format' excel
- NJ parcels
- https://njgin.nj.gov/njgin/edata/parcels/#!/
- https://www.njmap2.com/parcels/parcels/
- https://www.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?ic

DATA SOURCES 33/51

gis data

- NJ DCA has a Data Hub: excel files and Community Assets Map
- o https://www.nj.gov/dca/services/xxdatahub.html
- o https:
- //njdca.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/
 index.html?id=96ec274c50a34890b23263f101e4ad9b
- layer-View in Attr Tab; 'Options' at top left and Export all to csv
- o ineq, redlining, etc
 https://dsl.richmond.edu/panorama/redlining/#loc=5/39.589/-94.57

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iits [ii tiiiie

- census data: 5-yr ACScensus is a great source of data, even at neigh lev!
- for neigh lev (census tracts) want 5-yr ACS
- https://geomap.ffiec.gov/FFIECGeocMap/GeocodeMap1.aspx
- https://data.census.gov/cedsci/advanced
- Geography: Tract: New Jersey: Camden County: All Census Tracts within Camden County
- o note: selection appears at the bottom in blue box
- Topics: Income and Poverty: Poverty: Official Poverty Measure
- Years: 2015
- Search
- click "POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS"

cont

- take note of margins of errors!!
- o most precise is decennial census, but much fewer variables
- on the right click: Customize Table
- at the top: Transpose Table
- hit: Download
- as CSV

again, always clean it up before getting into qgis

- open csv file, keep GEO ids (will use them for join)
- o and just keep only needed vars and rename them:
- Total; Estimate; Population for whom poverty status is determined: "tot"
- Total; Estimate; ALL INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME BELOW THE FOLLOWING POVERTY RATIOS - 125 percent of poverty level: "pov125"
- then calculate ratio of pov to tot: "prop"
- o and save as csv
- o clean csv reposted: https://docs.google.com/uc?id= 1Hw-3nugfIpSvvyai7Jy-lwA2IsRAOPzO&export=download

get geo data

- census has geo data for any US geog!: https: //www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-line.html
- o doing 2015 because we have 2011-2015 data
- Download-Web Interface: 2015: Census Tracts
- then note there are 2 similar IDs that would match census
- o shp: https://docs.google.com/uc?id=1KNe_ DSJQxiUiMVzKdVfHzYjUZSke2OnY&export=download

join!

- load shp and then
- MMQGIS-Combine-Attributes join from CSV file
- MMQGIS: csv GEOid, shp: AFFGEOID
- do note match upon join: should be perfect!
- MMQGIS: modify: text to float: tot pov125 prop
- o (Ctrl and left click all three)
- right click layer-Properties-Style: "Graduated" map prop with say Blues 5 jenks
- move around and say zoom in on Camden

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addressess already [properly covered in advQ.pdf, but to just

geocoding: address \rightarrow (lat,lon)

- say that we have some addresses and we want to geocode them
- https:
 //sites.google.com/site/adamokuliczkozaryn/
 gis_int/apartments-for-rent.xls
- open, looks reasonably clean, save as csv

MMQGIS-Geocode

- MMQGIS-Geocode-Geocode CSV with Web Service
- Input CSV, and make sure Address Field, City Field, State Field are right; best if you give more info
- Web Service: OpenStreetMap/Nominatim
- o put notfound.csv (and output shp) where you can write!
- >qgis3.5, seems can have everything just under address!
- btw, if already got X/Y lat/lon: just add your csv with "Add Delimited Text Layer" tool make sure geometry definition tab (X,Y) fits your data

hit "Apply", note how many found, hit "Close"

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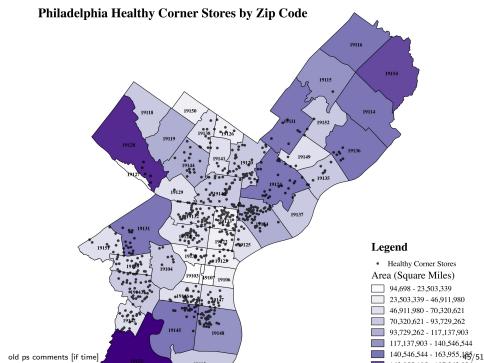
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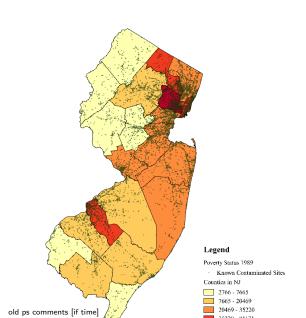


healthy corner stores

- makes sense to label zipcodes; right proportions
- these aren't sq miles! sq ft or meters!
- o colors denote polygon sizes—so same info twice
- o better could map educ, inc, age, bmi, etc
- dots could be little smaller or hollow so they overlap less
- make goog map and zoom in: show more detail see environ: other businesses, pub transpo, sch, etc
- wonder about big healthy stores like wholefoods
- o could dentote big ones with big dots
- usually may want to put year on a map

old ps comments [if time] 46/51

Contaminations Sites in New Jersey 1992



contaminations

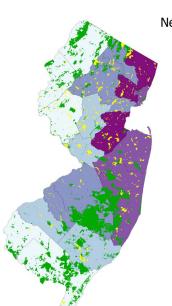
- perfect size and color for contaminated sites!
- doesn't overlap much but big enough to see
- o and grayish good for contamination
- informative— NYC and Philly the worst
- excellent idea to relate poverty to contamination
- there is lit linking them! so nice test! [also can do race]
- o could do poverty at municipal or census tract levels
- use space better! NJ should be bigger like Philly stores
 thousands must be set off by commas in legend
- very good to match contaminations and poverty by year!
 "poverty status" –guess counts; better %
- as in Philly map: zoom to Camden, have goog map in

contaminations

- http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2015/07/08/us/census-race-map.html?_r=0
- in couple classes we'll be making online maps like this
- but already now you can do sth similar
- see footnote: census and socialexplorer.com: download data
- map in qgis and bring in background from googmaps
- with openlayers plugin

old ps comments [if time] 49/51

open space



New Jersey Preserved Open Space



open space

- excellent idea for map—open space related to population
- great use of multiple layers
- great non-cluttered borders
- can use space better-portrait orientation, bigger NJ
- use commas for population
- say for which year it is
- pop den probably more meaningful
- on the other hand, we already see size from map
- o and so we can sort out density

old ps comments [if time] 51/51