data

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<u>outline</u>

regular (not gis) data: xls, csv, etc

gis data (has shapes, can make a map from it): shp, kml, etc

join/merge

Notebook: dive into thematic/choloropleth maps

Notebook: join/merge

DATA SOURCES

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outline

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Motebook. John merge

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regular (not gis) data: xls, csv, etc

what are data?

- u/a: unit of analysis: what do you study?
- u/a=# of obs=# of rows=sample size
- o dataset has variables, which are the *attributes* of u/as
- say students: age; counties: water area
- cols=vars, rows=obs; vars characteristics of obs
- if several layers: may have several u/as
- eg counties: #18; hospitals:#700; ex of attr?
- dataset/dataframe = matrix/spreadsheet/2D object

storage type: num (float,int) v str (object)

- strings are safer;
- o eg str"08121" into num is "8121", a mistake!
- still, need to make str into num to do the math/map
- be careful, triple check, often problems and non-intuitive

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DATA SOURCES

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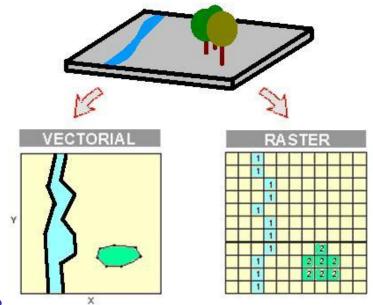
files

- .shp (along with bunch of others)
- kml
- .json .geojson
- .gpkg
- more later in i/o sec in notebook https://colab. research.google.com/github/theaok/gisPy/blob/main/map.ipynb#scrollTo=nzy1LGMMo7t4

raster (picture) v vector (point, line, or polygon)

- raster (has resolution)
- area covered by cells/pixels
- each cell/pixel have values/colors
- vector (no resolution): all real world features:
- o points (dots/nodes): airports, cities, trees
- o lines (arcs): rivers, roads
- polygons (areas): counties, cities

raster and vector



gis data: layers of shapes with regular data

- data organized by layers
- o eg adm boundaries, roads; eg goog maps
- each layer: loc info (shapes)+often some regular data
- o data table with loc (shapes) must underlie a map
- o (the data table often has some regular data, too)
- shapes=coords or lat/lon or x/y
- thematic/choloropleth maps use different symbols/colors (themes) to show variation in regular data

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join/merge 13/31

some real skills

- this is where the real value come from:
 to bring different vars together to produce new insight
- if you just map vars from same or similar data:
- o it has probably already been done!
- o just goog: "what you study, map" and see images
- but combining creatively variety of vars:
- o there is no such map in the world!
- o eg https://scholarship.libraries.rutgers.edu/view/
 delivery/01RUT_INST/12643382240004646/13643522850004646

join/merge 14/31

howto map regular (eg xls) data?

- it would likely have geo id:
- hospital name/code, county name/id, etc
- codes/ids are great: unique! (as opposed to names)
- o then google a shapefile that you can join with your data
- google "geo in you data, shapefile"
- o eg "NJ counties, shapefile"
- and then join the two to produce a map

join/merge 15/31

the join problems

- "Camden county" ≠ "Camden"
- "Congo" ≠ "Congo, Republic of"
- "Great Britain" \neq "United Kingdom"
- "Camden" ≠ "CAMDEN"
- "Camden" ≠ "Camden" (space is a character!)
- "08012" \neq "8012"
- be very careful; check the tables to see if it merged right
- does it make sense?
- Camden richer than Cherry Hill?
- the US poorer than India?

join/merge 16/31

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DATA SOURCES

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Notebook: join/merge

don't trust anybody! neither yourself

- remember, always be critical
- triangulate your results: compare with other source
- o https://researchmethod.net/triangulation/
- o https://conjointly.com/kb/measurement-error/
- o just goog picture, eg 'nj counties property values map'
- looks about right
- o (other definition of the prices, but correlation is important)
- show to others, ask for comments

Notebook: join/merge 18/31

triple check

- merging (joining) data is tedious and tricky
- be careful, double, triple check
- easy to make mistake

Notebook: join/merge 19/31

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data management takes time! value your time!

- producing maps fast; data management 50-95% of time
- figuring out, understanding, cleaning, documenting, combining, etc
- so we start with data management like join/merge
- spend it on data you care about and will use in your career!
- think hard about data you'll use in your career
- otherwhise you'll waste 100+ hours !!!

DATA SOURCES 21/31

data ideas

- https://www.dvrpc.org/data/
- camden county https://camdencountynj-ccdpw.opendata. arcgis.com/search?collection=Dataset eg camden zoning:)
- NJ https://gisdata-njdep.opendata.arcgis.com
- Philly https://www.opendataphilly.orga lot!: http://geocommons.com/search.html
- o just search for what you are interested in, say 'road'
- https://www.policymap.com/maps
- \circ \$ to downld data, but click 'Source' and download by hand
- open gov, especially city data, just few examples
- O https://data.cityofchicago.org/, http://opencityapps.org/, http://www.opendataphilly.org/

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data ideas

• NJ parcels https://njgin.nj.gov/njgin/edata/parcels/#!/

https://www.njmap2.com/parcels/parcels/

https://www.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?ic

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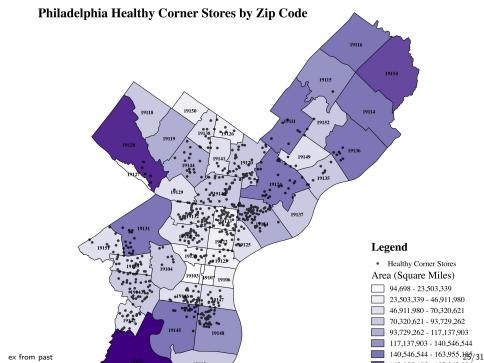
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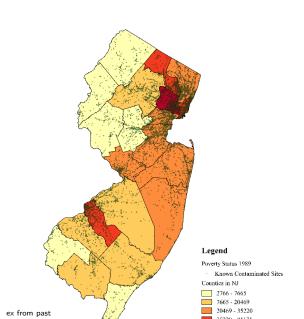


healthy corner stores

- makes sense to label zipcodes; right proportions
- these aren't sq miles! sq ft or meters!
- o colors denote polygon sizes—so same info twice
- o better could map educ, inc, age, bmi, etc
- o dots could be little smaller or hollow so they overlap less
- make goog map and zoom in: show more detail see environ: other businesses, pub transpo, sch, etc
- wonder about big healthy stores like wholefoods
- o could dentote big ones with big dots
- usually may want to put year on a map

ex from past 26/31

Contaminations Sites in New Jersey 1992



contaminations

ex froma etk

- perfect size and color for contaminated sites!
- doesn't overlap much but big enough to see
- o and grayish good for contamination
- informative— NYC and Philly the worst
 excellent idea to relate poverty to contamination
- there is lit linking them! so nice test! [also can do race]
- o could do poverty at municipal or census tract levels
- thousands must be set off by commas in legendvery good to match contaminations and poverty by year!

use space better! NJ should be bigger like Philly stores

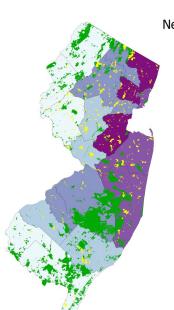
- "poverty status" guess counts; better %
- as in Philly map: zoom to Camden, have goog map in

contaminations

- http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2015/07/08/us/census-race-map.html?_r=0
- in couple classes we'll be making online maps like this
- but already now you can do sth similar
- see footnote: census and socialexplorer.com: download data
- map in qgis and bring in background from googmaps
- with openlayers plugin

ex from past 29/31

open space



New Jersey Preserved Open Space



open space

- excellent idea for map—open space related to population
- great use of multiple layers
- great non-cluttered borders
- can use space better-portrait orientation, bigger NJ
- use commas for population
- say for which year it is
- pop den probably more meaningful
- on the other hand, we already see size from map
- o and so we can sort out density

ex from past 31/31