TASK 2 | FUTURE INTERNS | Security Alert Monitoring & Incident Response.

INCIDENCE RESPONSE REPORT- Security log analysis using Splunk.

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DATE- 31ST JULY, 2025.

TOOLS USED- SPLUNK CLOUD PLATFORM TRAIL, GOOGLE DOCS.

SIEM TASK-LOG ANALYSIS & THREAT DETECTION.

**OBJECTIVE** 

The purpose of this task was to simulate the role of a SOC analyst by reviewing and analyzing security logs to identify suspicious activity, prioritize threats and provide a documented response by using an SIEM tool (Splunk). This report summarizes my findings which includes *failed login attempts*, *malware alerts*.

SET UP AND DATA UPLOAD

• Tools Used - Splunk search and reporting app

• Data Source - Sample log file, provided by internship coordinator.

 Upload Method- Data was uploaded via Add data > Upload in the Splunk Dashboard.

• Source Types Selected- Network logs, Malware alerts.

Fig 1: splunk cloud

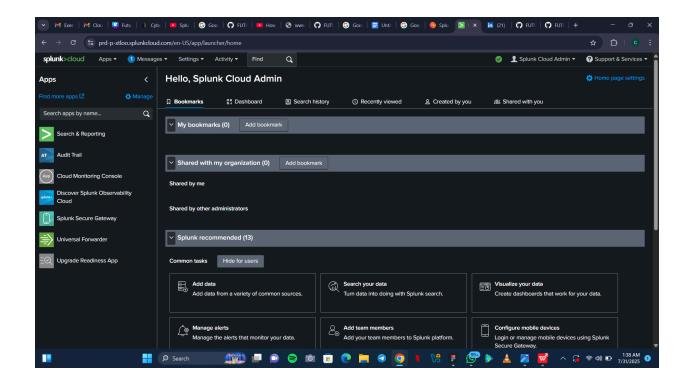
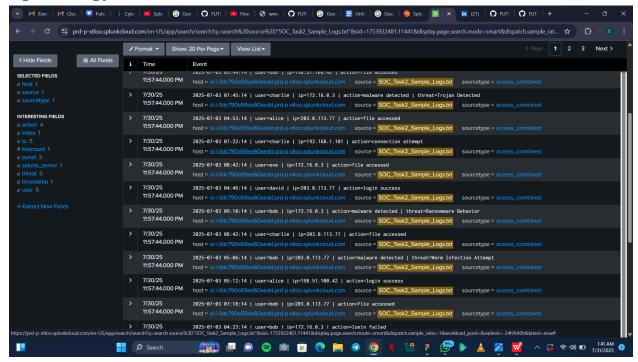


Fig 2: the log file



IDENTIFIED INCIDENTS— INCIDENT 1 | MULTIPLE FAILED LOGIN ATTEMPTS DETECTED.

Severity: High.

Source: Authentication logs.

Repeated failed log in attempts were detected in the logs for several user accounts.

## **DETAILS**

Username	IP Address	Date	Time.
David	203.0.113.77	7/3/25	9;02;14 AM
Alice	203.0.113.77	7/3/25	7;02;14 AM
Bob	10.0.0.5, 172.16.0.2	7/3/25	4:47;14, 4;23;14
Charlie	198.51.100.42	7/3/25	4;23;14 AM

These log in attempts happened within a short time frame, which may indicate a brute-force attempt or scripted attack.

Fig 3: log data showing failed login attempts for four users

### **MITAGATION**

- Investigate accounts activity.
- Implement use of MFA.
- Lock accounts with excessive failures.

# **INCIDENT 2 | MALWARE ALERTS IN LOGS.**

## **Trojan Detected.**

User: Charlie.

Date: 7/3/2025

IP Address: 172.16.0.3

Threat: Trojan

Serverity: High

### **RISKS**

• Steal user data.

• Damage files.

• Create backdoor for further attackers.

### **MITIGATION**

- Install a reputable anti-virus software.
- Keep all softwares up to date with the latest patches.

Fig 4: trojan horse alert

```
i Time Event

7/30/25 2025-07-03 07:45:14 | user=charlie | ip=172.16.0.3 | action=malware detected | threat=Trojan Detected |
host = si-i-0dc790a59ea60aedd.prd-p-xtloo.splunkcloud.com | ip = 172.16.0.3 | source = SOC_Task2_Sample_Logs.txt | sourcetype = access_combined |
threat = Trojan | timestamp = none | user = charlie
```

## Ransomware Behavior.

User: Bob

Date: 7/3/2025

IP Address: 172.16.0.3

Threat: Ransomware

Severity: High

#### **RISKS**

• Encryption of files.

- Data loss.
- Data Breach.

### MITIGATION.

- Backup data.
- Increase security.

Fig 5: ransomware behavior detected.



## Rootkit

User: Eve.

Date: 7/3/2025

IP Address: 10.0.0.2

Threat: Rootkit

Severity: Critical.

### **RISKS**

• To launch DDoS attacks.

## **MITIGATION**

• Keep systems updated

Fig 6: rootkit signature detected

Alert Type	Affected IP	Date/Time	Severity	Description	Action Taken
Malware Detected.	172.16.0.3	7/30/25, 07:45:40	High	Trojan malware activity detected	Removed malware and logged
Malware Detected	172.16.0.3	7/30/25, 09:10:14	High	Ransomwar e alert on internal host	Disconnecte d host and reported
Malware Detected	10.0.0.5	7/3/25, 07:51:14	Critical	Rootkit malware detected on host	Isolated ans scanned systems
Failed Login Attempt	David (203.0.113.7 7)	7/3/25, 9;02;14 AM	Medium	Multiple failed log in by David	Account lock out triggered.
Failed Login Attempt	Alice (203.0.113.7 7)	7/3/25, 7;02;14 AM	Medium	Failed log ins from Alice.	Investigated and notified user.
Failed Login Attempt	Bob (10.0.0.5, 172.16.0.2)	7/3/25, 4:47;14, 4;23;14	Medium	Repeated failed logins from Bob	Notified SOC team.

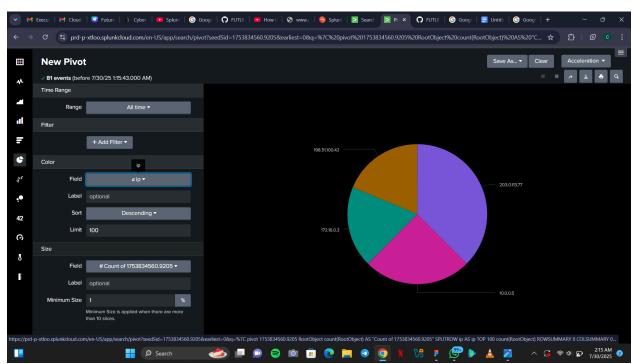
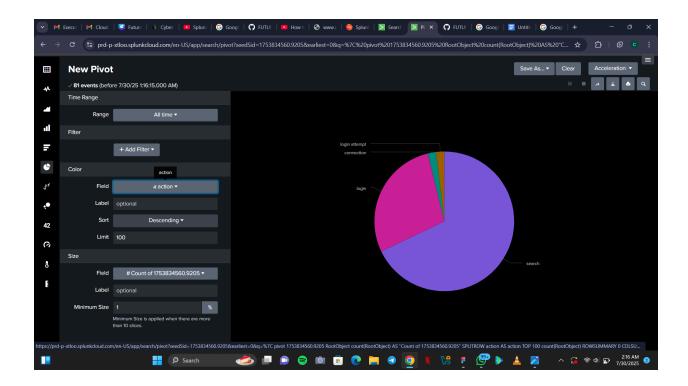


Fig 7: showing IP Addresses of Malware detected on a pie chart.

Fig 8: pie chart displaying failed log in attempts



## STAKEHOLDER COMMUNICATION (SIMULATED)

**Subject:** Summary of Security Incident Findings.

Following the review of recent system logs using a SIEM tool (Splunk), multiple failed login attempts were detected from several user accounts, alongside malware alerts identifying Rootkiy, Trojan and Ransomware threats.

According to these findings, we have drafted some Suggested Next Steps:

- Review affected user accounts and enforce password resets that includes MFA.
- Investigate and isolate endpoints showing malware alerts.
- Apply relevant patches and updates to vulnerable systems.
- Continue monitoring for suspicious activity using the SIEM dashboards.
- Schedule a follow-up assessment to verify remediation.

Please refer to the full incident report for detailed analysis.

—SOC Analyst, Future Interns Security Team.