

List the names and salaries of the employees along with the total number of hours spent on projects if they have spent less than 20 hours total.

$A \leftarrow \pi_{e.ssn, \sum(hrs)} (Works_On)$

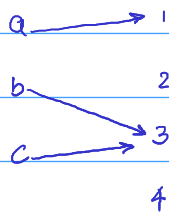
$B \leftarrow \sigma_{\sum(hrs) \leq 20} (A)$

$C \leftarrow B \bowtie_{e.ssn = ssn} Employee$

$D \leftarrow \pi_{fname, lname, salary, \sum(hrs)} (C)$

Select E.fname, E.lname, E.salary, sum(W.hrs)
from Employee E left join WorksOn W
on E.ssn = W.ssn
group by E.ssn
having sum(W.hrs) <= 20 ;

Domain Range



Functional Dependency (FD)

$$y = \text{square}(x)$$

square(int x)

{

return $x * x$;

}

If for every unique value of x
 I get the same value for y
 then X functionally defines Y
 or Y is functionally dependent on X

x	y
3	9
4	16
3	9
5	25
8	64
1	1
4	16
-3	9
-1	1
0	0

$x \rightarrow y$

attributes

records →

records →

A	B	C	D	E
a1	b1	c1	d1	e1
a2	b1	C2	d2	e1
a3	b2	C1	d1	e1
a4	b2	C2	d2	e1
a5	b3	C3	d1	e1

Table R

$C \rightarrow D$ ✓

$D \rightarrow C$ ✗

$D \rightarrow E$ ✓

$A \rightarrow B$ ✓

$B \rightarrow A$ ✗

$CD \rightarrow B$ ✗

$CD \rightarrow E$ ✓

$AC \rightarrow D$ ✓

$AD \rightarrow C$ ✓

Armstrong Axioms

1. If $B \subseteq A$ then $A \rightarrow B$
Reflexivity
 $A \rightarrow A$
 $\text{name, age, address} \rightarrow \text{age}$

2. If $A \rightarrow B$ then $AX \rightarrow BX$
Augmentation
 $\text{name} \rightarrow \text{sex}$
 $\text{name, age} \rightarrow \text{sex, age}$

3. If $A \rightarrow B$ & $B \rightarrow C$ then $A \rightarrow C$
Transitivity
 $\text{roll \#} \rightarrow \text{address}$
 $\text{address} \rightarrow \text{phone}$
 $\text{roll \#} \rightarrow \text{phone}$

4. If $A \rightarrow B$ & $A \rightarrow C$ then $A \rightarrow BC$
Union
 $\text{roll \#} \rightarrow \text{name}$
 $\text{roll \#} \rightarrow \text{address}$
 $\text{roll \#} \rightarrow \text{name, address}$

5. If $A \rightarrow B$ & $X \rightarrow Y$ then $AX \rightarrow BY$
Composition
 $\text{roll \#} \rightarrow \text{s_name}$
 $\text{cid} \rightarrow \text{teacher_name}$
 $\text{roll \#, cid, s_name, teacher's name}$

6. If $AX \rightarrow BY$ then $AX \rightarrow B$ & $AX \rightarrow Y$
Decomposition
reverse of union

7. If $A \rightarrow B$ & $BC \rightarrow D$ then $AC \rightarrow D$
Pseudo Transitivity

$R(A, B, C, D, E, F)$

$A \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow C$

$C \rightarrow D$

$E \rightarrow F$

$F \rightarrow E$

$A \rightarrow A$

reflexivity

$A \rightarrow B$

given

$A \rightarrow C$

$A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C$ transitivity

$A \rightarrow D$

transitivity

$A \rightarrow E$

not possible

$AF \rightarrow E$

$f \rightarrow E$

$A \rightarrow ABCD$

Union

Closure

$R(A, B, C, D, E)$

$A \rightarrow BC \quad C \rightarrow B \quad D \rightarrow E \quad E \rightarrow D$

①

$A^+ \rightarrow ABC$

$B^+ \rightarrow B$

$C^+ \rightarrow CB$

$D^+ \rightarrow DE$

$E^+ \rightarrow ED$

②

$AB^+ \rightarrow ABC$

$AC^+ \rightarrow ACB$

$AD^+ \rightarrow ABCDE$

$AE^+ \rightarrow ABCDE$

$BC^+ \rightarrow BC$

$BD^+ \rightarrow BDE$

$BE^+ \rightarrow BED$

CD

CE

DE

③

ABC

ABD

ABE

ACD

ACE

$ADE^+ \rightarrow ADEBC$

BCD

BCE

BDE

CDE

④

$ABCD$

$ABCE$

$ACDE$

$ABDE$

$BCDE$

⑤ $ABCDE$

31

Superkey : Any set of attributes that can be used to determine the values of all the attributes of the relation

of possible FDs. = $2^n - 1$

5 attributes = $2^5 - 1 = 31$

6 " = $2^6 - 1 = 63$

HW

$R(A, B, C, D, E)$

$A \rightarrow BC \quad C \rightarrow B \quad D \rightarrow E \quad E \rightarrow D$

$R(A, B, C, D, E)$

$A \rightarrow B \quad B \rightarrow C \quad D \rightarrow C$

Find closure of all possible combinations of attributes using the given functional dependencies

Also identify the super keys.

Handwritten Submission

at start of class on 19th Jan 22

$R(A, B, C, D, E)$

$Sk = \{ AD, AE, ABD, ABE, ACD, ACE, ADE, ABCD, ABCE, ABDE, ACDE, ABCEDE \}$

(2) (2) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (5)

Default Super key
↑

Superkey: Any set of attributes that can uniquely identify the whole record

Default Superkey: Set of all attributes of the relation

Size of Superkey: # of attributes in the superkey

Candidate key: Superkeys of the smallest size (CK)

Primary key: One of the candidate keys is chosen as PK

$R(A, B, C, D, E)$

$AB \rightarrow C$

$C \rightarrow E$

$D \rightarrow A$

find the CKs in the system

$A^+ \rightarrow A$

$AB^+ \rightarrow ABCE$

$BD^+ \rightarrow BDACE$

$B^+ \rightarrow B$

$AC^+ \rightarrow ACE$

$BE^+ \rightarrow BE$

$C^+ \rightarrow CE$

$AD^+ \rightarrow AD$

$CD^+ \rightarrow CDAE$

$D^+ \rightarrow DA$

$AE^+ \rightarrow AE$

$CE^+ \rightarrow CE$

$E^+ \rightarrow E$

$BC^+ \rightarrow BCE$

$DE^+ \rightarrow DEA$

$CK = \{ BD \}$

$PK = \{ BD \}$

L	B	R
B	A	E
D	C	

$R(W, x, y, z)$

$z \rightarrow wxy$

$x \rightarrow w$

\overline{D}	D
z	w x y

$z^+ \rightarrow zwxxy$

sk

$w^+ \rightarrow w$

$x^+ \rightarrow xw$

$y^+ \rightarrow y$

$z^+ \rightarrow wxxyz$

$C_k = \{z\}$

L	B	R
z	x	w y

$R(A, B, C, D, E, F)$

$A \rightarrow C$

$C \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow D$

$D \rightarrow E$

$E \rightarrow A$

$A^+ \rightarrow ACBDE$ ✓

$B^+ \rightarrow BDE$

$C^+ \rightarrow CBDE$

$D^+ \rightarrow DE$

$E^+ \rightarrow E$

L	B	R
A	B	E
F	C	D

\overline{D}	D
A	B
F	C D E

$AF^+ \rightarrow AFCBDE$

$C_k = \{A\}$

$C_k = \{AF\}$

$R(A, B, C, D, E)$

$A \rightarrow C$

$E \rightarrow D$

$B \rightarrow C$

$ABE^+ \rightarrow ABECD$ ✓

$C_k = \{ABE\}$

L	B	R
A		C
B		D
E		

\overline{D}	D
A	C
B	D
E	

$R(V, W, x, y, z)$

$z \rightarrow wxy$

$x \rightarrow w$

$y \rightarrow z$

\overline{D}	D
V	w x y z

$V^+ \rightarrow V$ ←

$VW^+ \rightarrow VW$ ←

$Vx^+ \rightarrow Vxw$

$Vy^+ \rightarrow VYZWX$ ✓

$Vz^+ \rightarrow VZWxy$ ✓

L	B	R
V	x	w
	y	
	z	

$C_k = \{Vy, Vz\}$

$R(A\ B\ C\ D\ E)$

$A \rightarrow C$

$C \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow D$

$D \rightarrow E$

$E \rightarrow A$

$A^+ \rightarrow ACBDE \quad \checkmark$

$B^+ \rightarrow BDEAC \quad \checkmark$

$C^+ \rightarrow CBDEA \quad \checkmark$

$D^+ \rightarrow DEACB \quad \checkmark$

$E^+ \rightarrow EACBD \quad \checkmark$

L	B	R
	A	
	B	
	C	
	D	
	E	

D	D
	A
	B
	C
	D
	E

$CK = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$

$R(ABCDEF GHI S)$

$AB \rightarrow EF$

$A \rightarrow C$

$B \rightarrow D G H I$

$H \rightarrow I$

$AE \rightarrow B D F G H I$

$\overline{A}^+ \rightarrow A J C$

$\overline{A}^+ B \rightarrow A J B C E F D G H I \quad \checkmark$

$\overline{A}^+ E \rightarrow A J E B D F G H I C \quad \checkmark$

$\overline{A}^+ H \rightarrow A J H C I$

L	B	R
\overline{A}^+	B	C
	E	D
	H	F
		G
		I

$CK = \{A J B, A J E\}$

$X B E$

$X B H$

$X E H$

$X B E H$

$R(A\ B\ C\ D)$

$AB \rightarrow C$

$AB \rightarrow D$

$C \rightarrow A$

$D \rightarrow B$

$A^+ \rightarrow A$

$AB^+ \rightarrow ABCD \quad \checkmark$

$B^+ \rightarrow B$

$AC \rightarrow AC$

$C^+ \rightarrow AC$

$AD \rightarrow AD BC \quad \checkmark$

$D^+ \rightarrow BD$

$BC \rightarrow BC AD \quad \checkmark$

$BD \rightarrow BD$

$CD \rightarrow CD AB \quad \checkmark$

$CK = \{AB, AD, BC, CD\}$

L	B	R
	A	
	B	
	C	
	D	

FD - HW #2

Handwritten, Due on Friday 21st Jan 2022
till 3:00 PM

Office : F-303 3rd Floor A-Building

② $R(A B C D E)$

$B \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A$

$BDE^+ \rightarrow B D E C A$

$CK = \{BDE\}$

L	B	R
B		A
D		C
E		

⑫ $R(A B C D E F G H)$

$AB \rightarrow C \quad AC \rightarrow B \quad AD \rightarrow E \quad B \rightarrow D \quad BC \rightarrow A \quad E \rightarrow G$

$FH^+ \rightarrow FH$

$FHA^+ \rightarrow F H A$

$FHB^+ \rightarrow F H B D$

$FHC^+ \rightarrow F H C$

$FHD^+ \rightarrow F H D$

$FHE \rightarrow F H E G$

$FHAB^+ \rightarrow A B C D E F G H \checkmark$

$FHAC^+ \rightarrow A B C D E F G H \checkmark$

$FHAD^+ \rightarrow A D E F G H$

$FHAE^+ \rightarrow A E F G H$

$FHBC^+ \rightarrow A B C D E F G H \checkmark$

$FHBD^+ \rightarrow B D F H$

$FHBE^+ \rightarrow B D E F G H$

$FHCD^+ \rightarrow C D F H$

$FHCE^+ \rightarrow C E F G H$

$FHDE \rightarrow D E F G H$

L	B	R
F	A	G
H	B	
	C	
	D	
	E	

$CK = \{ABFH, ACFH, BCFH\}$

Normalization

0 - Normal Form : System must have FDs

Convert the data to a relation so that
you can find the Functional Dependencies in the data

1st Normal Form

Find the Primary Key for your relation.

System must be in 0-NF

AND

System must have a primary key

Prime Attributes

Attributes which
are part/part of
in any candidate
key.

2nd Normal Form

System must be in 1-NF

AND

All non prime attributes must be dependent on the whole PK

OR No partial dependency between Non prime attributes and the PK is
allowed.

3rd Normal Form

System must be in 2nd Normal Form

AND

All non prime attributes must be directly dependent on the
primary key

Item	Color	Price	Tax	Qty
T-Shirt	Red, Blue	12.00	0.60	5, 3
Polo	Red, Yellow	15.00	0.60	8, 2
T-Shirt	Red, Black	12.00	0.60	5, 9
Sweatshirt	Blue, Black	25.00	1.25	12, 2

Let's Convert to relation

<u>Item</u>	<u>Color</u>	Price	Tax	Qty
T-shirt	Red	12.00	0.60	5
T-shirt	Blue	12.00	0.60	3
Polo	Red	15.00	0.60	8
Polo	Yellow	15.00	0.60	2
T-shirt	Black	12.00	0.60	9
S. Shirt	Blue	25.00	1.25	12
S. Shirt	Black	25.00	1.25	2

Item \rightarrow price

price \rightarrow tax

item, color \rightarrow qty

Let's find the candidate key

item, color \rightarrow item, color, price, tax, qty

L	B	R
item	price	tax
color		qty

CK : { (item, color) }

so Primary key = (item, color)

R1(item, color, price, tax, qty)

R1 is in 1. NF

Prime Attributes : { item, color }

Non Prime Attributes : { price, tax, qty }

Prime Attributes : { item , color }

Non Prime Attributes : { ~~price~~ , ~~tax~~ , qty }

$item^+ \rightarrow item, price, tax$

$color^+ \rightarrow color$

R2 (item , price , tax)

R3 (item , color , qty)

R2 & R3 are in 2nd NF

$item^+ \rightarrow item, price, tax$

R3 (item , color , qty)

R4 (item , price)

R5 (price , tax)

R3, R4 & R5 are in 3 NF.

R3

<u>item</u>	<u>color</u>	qty
T-shirt	Red	5
T-shirt	Blue	3
T-shirt	Black	9
Polo	Red	8
Polo	Yellow	2
S-shirt	Blue	12
S-shirt	Black	2

R4

<u>item</u>	price
T-shirt	12.00
Polo	15.00
S-shirt	25.00

R5

price	tax
12.00	0.60
15.00	0.60
25.00	1.25

Boyce Codd Normal Form (BCNF)

Advance form of 3NF

All FDs of the form $X \rightarrow Y$ then
 either (i) it is a trivial FD $Y \subseteq X$
 (ii) X is a candidate/superkey for R

Patient id	P.name	AppNo	Time	Doctor
1	Sara	0	9:00	Ahmed
2	Salim	0	9:00	Hassan
3	Usman	1	10:00	Ahmed
4	Ali	0	13:00	Hassan
5	Farooq	1	14:00	Ahmed

$PatID \rightarrow PatName$

$PatID, AppNo \rightarrow Time, Doctor$

$Time \rightarrow AppNo$

L	B	R
PNo	AppNo	PName
	Time	Doctor

1NF

$PNo^+ \rightarrow PNo, PName$

$PNo, AppNo^+ \rightarrow PNo, PName, AppNo, Time, Doctor$ ✓

$PNo, Time^+ \rightarrow PNo, PName, AppNo, Time, Doctor$ ✓

$CK = \{ (PNo, AppNo), (PNo, Time) \}$

1NF $R(\underline{PNo}, PName, \underline{AppNo}, Time, Doctor) \rightarrow$ 1NF

2NF $PNo^+ \rightarrow PNo, PName$

$AppNo^+ \rightarrow AppNo$

$R_2(\underline{PNo}, PName)$

$R_3(\underline{PNo}, \underline{AppNo}, Time, Doctor)$

2NF

$R2(\underline{PNo}, PName)$

$R3(\underline{PNo}, \underline{AppNo}, Time, Doctor)$

$R2$ & $R3$ are in 3NF

- (i) $PNo \rightarrow PName$ non trivial ✓ superkey of R ✓
- (ii) $PNo, AppNo \rightarrow Time, Doctor$ ✓ ✓
- (iii) $Time \rightarrow AppNo$ ✓ ✗

$R4(\underline{Time}, AppNo)$

$R5(\underline{PNo}, \underline{Time}, Doctor)$

$R2, R4$ &
 $R5$ are in
BCNF

$R(\overset{A}{C\#}, \overset{B}{CName}, \overset{C}{Cphone}, \overset{D}{CAddress}, \overset{E}{E\#}, \overset{F}{ENAME}, \overset{G}{Ephone}, \overset{H}{EAddress}, \overset{I}{ESalary}, \overset{J}{Pid}, \overset{K}{PName})$

$\overset{L}{PDesc}, \overset{M}{Pprice}, \overset{N}{O\#}, \overset{O}{Odate}, \overset{P}{Qty})$

$\overset{A}{C\#} \rightarrow \overset{B}{CName}, \overset{C}{Cphone}, \overset{D}{CAddress}$

$\overset{E}{E\#} \rightarrow \overset{F}{ENAME}, \overset{G}{Ephone}, \overset{H}{EAddress}, \overset{I}{ESalary}$

$\overset{J}{Pid} \rightarrow \overset{K}{PName}, \overset{L}{PDesc}, \overset{M}{Pprice}$

$\overset{N}{O\#} \rightarrow \overset{O}{Odate}, \overset{A}{C\#}, \overset{E}{E\#}$

$\overset{J}{Pid}, \overset{N}{O\#} \rightarrow \overset{P}{Qty}$

$A \rightarrow BCD$

$E \rightarrow FGHI$

$J \rightarrow KLM$

$N \rightarrow OAE$

$JN \rightarrow P$

1NF

$(JN)^T \rightarrow J N K L M O A E B C D$
 $F G H I P$

L	B	R
J	A	B
N	E	C
		D
		F
		G
		H
		I
		K
		L
		M
		O
		P

$R_1(\underline{A} B C D E F G H I \underline{J} K L M \underline{N} O P)$

~~NPA: {A B C D E F G H I K L M O P}~~

2NF

$J^+ \rightarrow J K L M$

$N \rightarrow N O A E B C D$
 $F G H I$

$R_2(\underline{J} K L M)$

$R_3(\underline{A} B C D E F G H I \underline{N} O)$

$R_4(\underline{J} \underline{N} P)$

3rd NF

$R_2(\underline{J} K L M)$

$R_3(\underline{A} B C D E F G H I \underline{N} O)$

$R_4(\underline{J} \underline{N} P)$

$R_2(\underline{J} K L M)$

$R_5(\underline{A} B C D)$

$R_6(\underline{E} F G H I)$

$R_7(\underline{N} O A E)$

$R_4(\underline{J} \underline{N} P)$

3NF

R2 (J K L M)

R5 (A B C D)

R6 (E F G H I)

R7 (N O A E)

R4 (J N P)

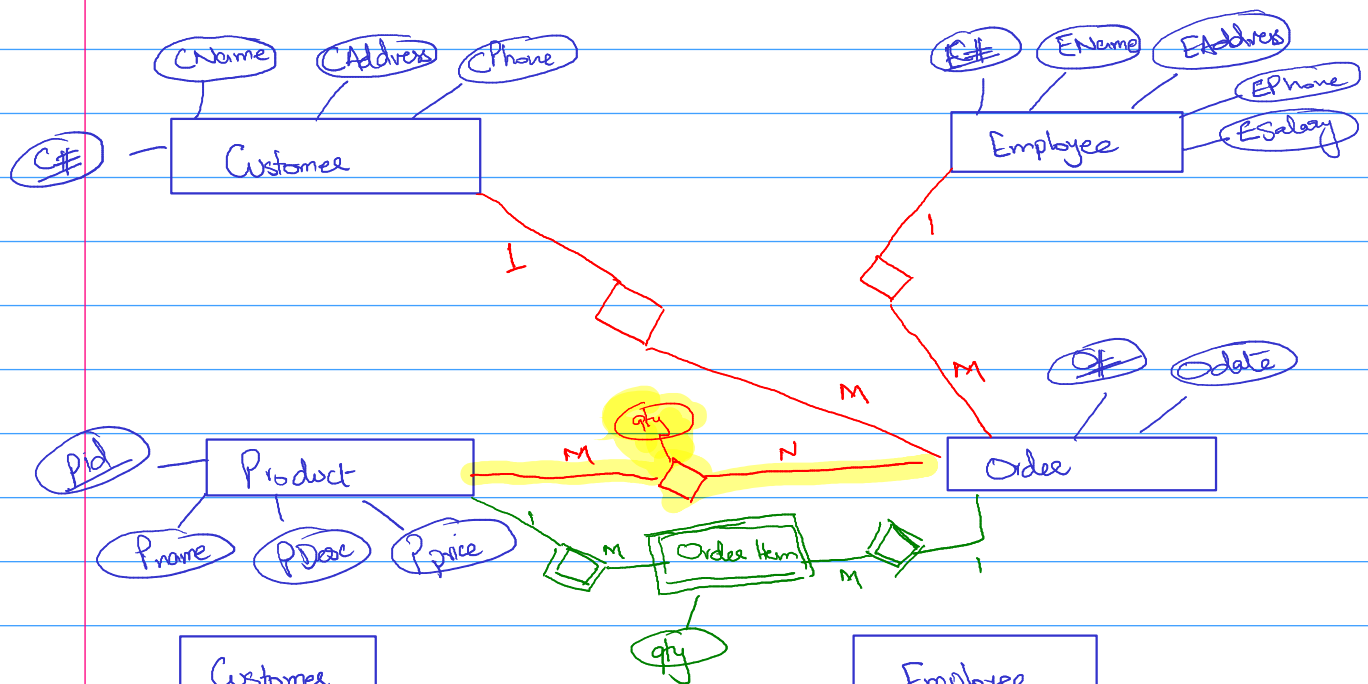
R2 (Pid, PName, PDesc, Pprice)

R5 (C#, CName, CPhone, CAddress)

R6 (E#, EName, EPhone, EAddress, ESalary)

R7 (O#, ODate, C#, E#)

R4 (Pid, O#, Qty)



Customer
<u>C#</u>
CName
CAddress
CPhone

Employee
<u>E#</u>
EName
EAddress
EPhone
ESalary

Product
<u>Pid</u>
PName
PDesc
PPrice

Order
<u>O#</u>
Odate
C#
E#

Order Item
<u>O#</u>
<u>Pid</u>
Qty

ERD

Customer (C#, CName, CAddress, CPhone)

Employee (E#, EName, EAddress, EPhone, ESalary)

Product (Pid, PName, PDesc, Pprice)

Order (O#, Odate, C#, E#)

OrderItem (O#, Pid, Qty)

Normalization

R2 (Pid, PName, PDesc, Pprice)

R5 (C#, CName, CPhone, CAddress)

R6 (E#, EName, EPhone, EAddress, ESalary)

R7 (O#, Odate, C#, E#)

R4 (Pid, O#, Qty)

$\alpha \rightarrow \beta$

$A \rightarrow B$

$A \rightarrow CD$

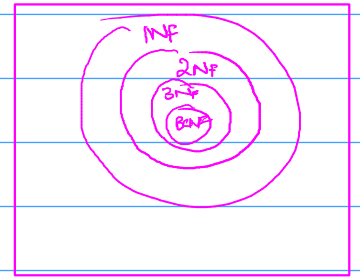
$AE \rightarrow FG$

$H \rightarrow F$

$A \rightarrow BC$

$A \rightarrow B$

$A \rightarrow C$



$\alpha \rightarrow \{SK, CK, P, PC, NP, NPC\}$

$\beta \rightarrow \{P, NP\}$

	<u>1NF</u>	2NF	3NF	BCNF
$SK \rightarrow P$	✓	✓	✓	✓
$SK \rightarrow NP$	✓	✓	✓	✓
$CK \rightarrow P$	✓	✓	✓	✓
$CK \rightarrow NP$	✓	✓	✓	✓
$P \rightarrow P$	✓	✓	✓	
$P \rightarrow NP$	✓			
$PC \rightarrow P$	✓	✓	✓	
$PC \rightarrow NP$	✓			
$NP \rightarrow P$	✓			
$NP \rightarrow NP$	✓	✓		
$NPC \rightarrow P$	✓	✓	✓	
$NPC \rightarrow NP$	✓			

System should have FD

no partial dependency

α is CK/SK

α & β is prime

or
 α & β is non prime

no transitive dependency

α is CK/SK

or

β is prime

α must be CK/SK

R(A B C D E)

AB → CD

D → A

BC → DE

L	B	R
B	A	E
C		
D		

CK = {AB, BC, BD}

PA = {A, B, C, D}

	<u>BCNF</u>	<u>3NF</u>
AB → C	✓	✓
AB → D	✓	✓
D → A	X	✓
BC → D		✓
BC → E		✓

3NF

R(A B C D E F G H)

AB → C

A → DE

B → F

F → GH

CK = {AB}

PA = {A, B}

NPA = {C, D, E, F, G, H}

	<u>BCNF</u>	<u>3NF</u>	<u>2NF</u>	<u>1NF</u>
AB → C	✓	✓	✓	✓
A → D	X	X	X	✓
A → E				✓
B → F				✓
F → G				✓
F → H				✓

1NF

$R (A B C D E F G H I J K L M N)$

$A \rightarrow B$

$CK = \{ACE\}$

$C \rightarrow D$

$R_1 (\underline{A} B \underline{C} \underline{D} \underline{E} F G H I J K L M N)$

$E \rightarrow F$

INF

$F \rightarrow G$

$A^+ \rightarrow A B H I$

$R_2 (\underline{A} B H \underline{I})$

$A \rightarrow H$

$C^+ \rightarrow C D$

$R_3 (\underline{C} \underline{D})$

$H \rightarrow I$

$E^+ \rightarrow E F G$

$R_4 (\underline{E} F G)$

$AC \rightarrow J$

$AC^+ \rightarrow AC B H I D J K$

$R_5 (\underline{A} \underline{C} J K)$

$J \rightarrow K$

$AE^+ \rightarrow AE B H I F G$

$R_6 (\underline{C} \underline{E} L)$

$CE \rightarrow L$

$CE^+ \rightarrow CE D F G L$

$R_7 (\underline{A} \underline{C} \underline{E} M N)$

$ACE \rightarrow M$

$M \rightarrow N$

$R_2, R_3, R_4, R_5, R_6, R_7$ are in 2NF

$R_2 (\underline{A} B H \underline{I})$

$R_8 (\underline{A} B H)$

$R_9 (\underline{H} \underline{I})$

$R_3 (\underline{C} \underline{D})$ ✓

$R_4 (\underline{E} F G)$

$R_{10} (\underline{E} F)$

$R_{11} (\underline{F} G)$

$R_5 (\underline{A} \underline{C} J K)$

$R_{12} (\underline{A} \underline{C} J)$

$R_{13} (\underline{J} K)$

$R_6 (\underline{C} \underline{E} L)$ ✓

$R_7 (\underline{A} \underline{C} \underline{E} M N)$

$R_{14} (\underline{A} \underline{C} \underline{E} M)$

$R_{15} (\underline{M} N)$

$R_3, R_6, R_8, R_9, R_{10}, R_{11}, R_{12}, R_{13}, R_{14}, R_{15}$

are in 3NF

Equivalence of FD Sets

R(A B C)

$$F_1 = \{ A \rightarrow \overline{BC} \}$$

$$B \rightarrow \textcircled{C} \quad AB \rightarrow \underline{\underline{A}}$$

$$F_2 = \{ A \rightarrow B \}$$

$$\underline{\underline{B \rightarrow C}}$$

Checking F_1

$$A^+ \rightarrow ABC \quad \checkmark$$

$$B^+ \rightarrow BC \quad \checkmark$$

$$AB \rightarrow ABC \quad \checkmark$$

$$F_1 \subseteq F_2 \longrightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

Check F_2 wrt F_1

$$A \rightarrow ABC \quad \checkmark$$

$$B \rightarrow C \quad \checkmark$$

$$F_2 \subseteq F_1 \longrightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

from $\textcircled{1}$ & $\textcircled{2}$ F_1 is equivalent to F_2

$R(A B C D E F G)$

$F_1 = \{A \rightarrow AB, B \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow B, AB \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A, ADE \rightarrow FG, A \rightarrow f\}$

$F_2 = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A, DE \rightarrow G\}$

Checking F_2 w.r.t F_1

$A \rightarrow B$ $A^+ \rightarrow ABCF$ ✓

$B \rightarrow C$ $B^+ \rightarrow BC$ ✓

$D \rightarrow A$ $D^+ \rightarrow DA$ ✓

$DE \rightarrow G$ $DE^+ \rightarrow DEABCFG$ ✓

$F_2 \subseteq F_1 \longrightarrow \textcircled{1}$

Let's check F_1 w.r.t F_2

$A \rightarrow AB$ $A^+ \rightarrow ABC$ ✓

$B \rightarrow C$ $B^+ \rightarrow BC$ ✓

$A \rightarrow B$ $A^+ \rightarrow ABC$ ✓

$AB \rightarrow C$ $AB^+ \rightarrow ABC$ ✓

$D \rightarrow A$ $D^+ \rightarrow DA$ ✓

$ADE \rightarrow FG$ $ADE^+ \rightarrow ABCG$ X

$A \rightarrow F$ $A^+ \rightarrow ABC$ X

$F_1 \not\subseteq F_2 \longrightarrow \textcircled{2}$

from $\textcircled{1}$ & $\textcircled{2}$ F_1 is not equivalent to F_2

$R(A\ B\ C)$

$F = \{ A \rightarrow BC, B \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow A \}$

Is this the simplest possible FD set for this data

Step 1: Only single attribute on RHS of every FD

$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow A \}$

Step 2: Try to reduce every complex L.H.S

$\begin{matrix} AB \\ \downarrow \\ A \end{matrix} \quad A^+ \rightarrow ABC$

AB can be reduced to A only

$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow A \}$ → trivial

$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C \}$

Step 3: For every FD check if alternate path is available

$A \rightarrow B$ $A^+ - \{ A \rightarrow B \} \rightarrow AC$ required

$A \rightarrow C$ $A^+ - \{ A \rightarrow C \} \rightarrow ABC$ so redundant

$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C \}$

$B \rightarrow C$ $B^+ - \{ B \rightarrow C \} \rightarrow B$ required

$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C \}$

$$F = \{ A \rightarrow AB \quad B \rightarrow C \quad A \rightarrow B \quad AB \rightarrow C \quad D \rightarrow A \quad ADE \rightarrow FG \quad A \rightarrow F \}$$

Step 1

$$F = \{ \overset{\text{Remove}}{A \rightarrow A}, A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, \overset{\text{Duplicate}}{A \rightarrow B}, AB \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A, ADE \rightarrow F, ADE \rightarrow G, A \rightarrow F \}$$

$$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A, ADE \rightarrow F, ADE \rightarrow G, A \rightarrow F \}$$

Step 2

$$\begin{array}{l} AB \quad A^+ \rightarrow ABCF \quad \text{so } B \text{ is not required} \\ F = \{ A \rightarrow B \quad B \rightarrow C \quad A \rightarrow C \quad D \rightarrow A \quad ADE \rightarrow F \quad ADE \rightarrow G \quad A \rightarrow F \} \\ ADE \quad A^+ \rightarrow ABCF \\ D \rightarrow DABCF \quad \text{A can be replaced by D} \\ E \end{array}$$

$$F = \{ A \rightarrow B \quad B \rightarrow C \quad A \rightarrow C \quad D \rightarrow A \quad DE \rightarrow F \quad DE \rightarrow G \quad A \rightarrow F \}$$

Step 3

$$A \rightarrow B \quad A^+ - \{ A \rightarrow B \} \rightarrow ACF \quad \text{required}$$

$$B \rightarrow C \quad B^+ - \{ B \rightarrow C \} \rightarrow B \quad \text{required}$$

$$A \rightarrow C \quad A^+ - \{ A \rightarrow C \} \rightarrow ABCF \quad \text{redundant}$$

$$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A, DE \rightarrow F, DE \rightarrow G, A \rightarrow F \}$$

$$D \rightarrow A \quad D^+ - \{ D \rightarrow A \} \rightarrow D \quad \text{required}$$

$$DE \rightarrow F \quad DE^+ - \{ DE \rightarrow F \} \rightarrow DEABCF \quad \text{redundant}$$

$$F = \{ A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A, DE \rightarrow G, A \rightarrow F \}$$

$$DE^+ - \{ DE \rightarrow G \}$$

$$A^+ - \{ A \rightarrow F \}$$