■ Executive Summary: Customer Churn Analysis

This project focuses on analyzing **customer churn behavior** using a telecom dataset of 7,043 customers. The objective was to identify **key drivers of churn** and provide actionable insights to reduce customer attrition. The analysis included extensive data cleaning, visualization, and exploration of service features, demographics, and payment methods.

■ Key Findings

- Overall Churn Rate: About 26.5% of customers churned, while 73.5% remained loyal. Nearly
 1 in 4 customers leaves the company.
- Demographics Impact: Senior Citizens show a higher churn rate (~42%) compared to non-seniors (~23%). Gender does not significantly affect churn.
- Tenure and Loyalty: Low-tenure customers (1–2 months) have churn rates >60%, while long-tenure (>24 months) customers show churn <15%.
- Contract Type: Month-to-month contracts have churn >40%, while 1-year and 2-year contracts reduce churn to 11–18%.
- Services and Internet Type: Fiber optic users churn ~41%, DSL users only ~18%. Customers without added services churn more frequently.
- Payment Method: Customers using electronic checks churn ~45%, compared to 15–20% with other payment methods.

■ Strategic Implications

- Customer Onboarding & Early Engagement: Focus on the first 3–6 months to reduce high early churn.
- Encourage Long-Term Contracts: Promote annual or bi-annual contracts to increase customer retention.
- Bundle Value-Added Services: Offering security, backup, and support reduces churn significantly.
- Address Payment Friction: Encourage secure and automatic payments to replace electronic checks.
- Targeted Retention for Seniors: Tailored offers and support programs for senior citizens can reduce churn.

This analysis demonstrates how customer demographics, contract type, internet service, and payment methods strongly influence churn. By acting on these insights, businesses can improve retention, reduce churn by up to 30–40%, and secure long-term revenue growth.