



## Database Management Systems [CSE2007 - 138]

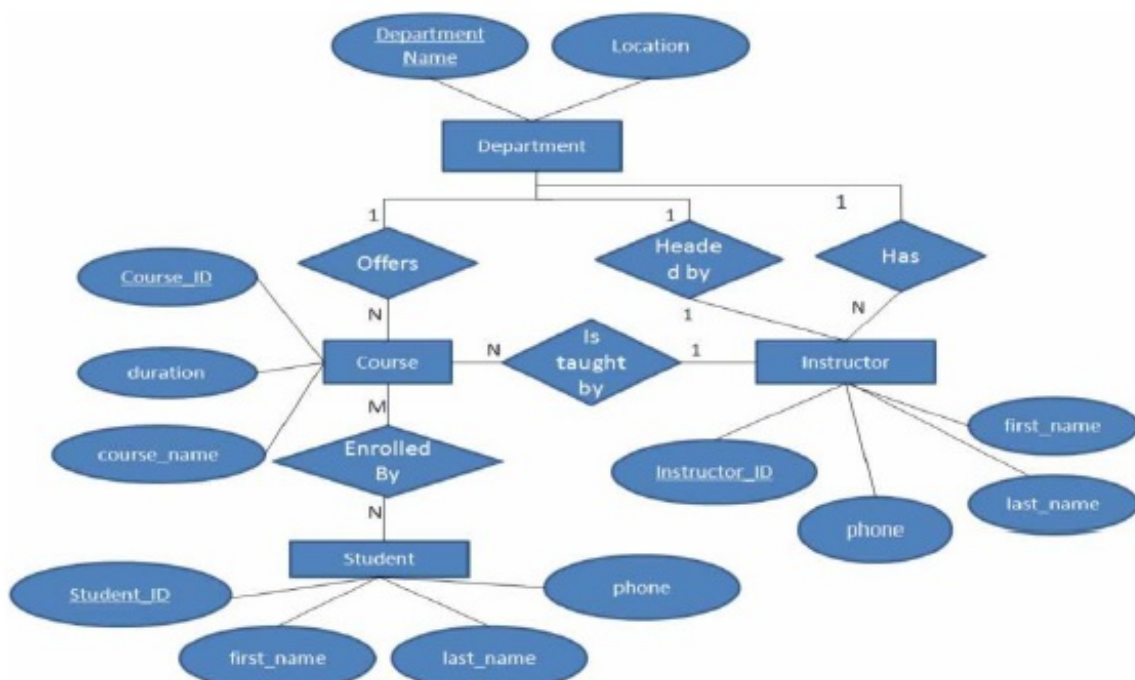
Marks: 50

Duration: 90 mins.

### Part-A

Answer all the questions.

- 1) (10)
  1. Discuss the functionality of the following components:
    - a. i) Data Dictionary ii). Precompiler iii). Query Compiler iv). Query Optimizer v). Runtime database processor
    - b. As a software engineer you were asked to recommend a DBMS system. Discuss the characteristics that you will consider before recommending a particular DBMS to your Project Manager?
- 2) (10)
  2. Consider the following scenario.
    - There are television series, which have names, networks and production companies, and are identified by the name and network.
    - A television series has one or more episodes, identified by episode number.
    - Episodes also have a title and a length. No episode can exist without a corresponding television series.
    - There are also movies. A movie is identified by its name and the year it was released. It also has a studio.
    - An actor is identified by name and birth date, and also has a nationality.
    - A writer is also identified by name and birth data, and also has a literary agency that represents him or her.
    - An actor can appear as a “regular” on a television series, a guest star on an episode, and a performer in a movie.
    - An episode has a writer, and a movie has a writer.Draw an ER diagram that represents this scenario.
- 3) (10)
  3. Convert the following ER diagram to Relational Schema :



- 4) (10)

4. a. A key is a superkey but not vice versa. Discuss with an example (5M)
- b. The following table has two attributes A and C where A is the primary key and C is the foreign key referencing A with on-delete cascade. Mention the constraint violation that occurs when tuple (2,4) is deleted and what necessary action to be taken to preserve referential integrity. (5 M)

A	C
2	4
3	4
4	3
5	2
7	2
9	5
6	4

5)

5. Consider the following MAILORDER relational schema describing the data for a mail order company.

PARTS(Pno, Pname, Qoh, Price, Olevel)  
 CUSTOMERS(Cno, Cname, Street, Zip, Phone)  
 EMPLOYEES(Eno, Ename, Zip, Hdate)  
 ZIP\_CODES(Zip, City)  
 ORDERS(Ono, Cno, Eno, Received, Shipped)  
 ODETAILS(Ono, Pno, Qty)

Qoh stands for *quantity on hand*. The names of other attributes are self explanatory. Specify and execute the following queries using the Relational Algebra on the MAILORDER database schema.

- Retrieve the names of parts that cost less than \$20.00. (2.5M)
- Retrieve the names and cities of employees who have taken orders for parts costing more than \$50.00. (2.5M)
- Retrieve the names of customers who have not placed an order. (2.5M)
- Retrieve the names of customers who have placed exactly two orders. (2.5M)

-----End-----

(10)