EliteMT M12L16161A

512K x 16Bit x 2Banks Synchronous DRAM

FEATURES

- JEDEC standard 3.3V power supply
- LVTTL compatible with multiplexed address
- Dual banks operation
- MRS cycle with address key programs
 - CAS Latency (2 & 3)
 - Burst Length (1, 2, 4, 8 & full page)
 - Burst Type (Sequential & Interleave)
- All inputs are sampled at the positive going edge of the system clock
- Burst Read Single-bit Write operation
- DQM for masking
- Auto & self refresh
- 32ms refresh period (2K cycle)

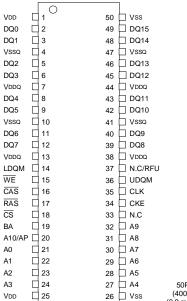
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The M12L16161A is 16,777,216 bits synchronous high data rate Dynamic RAM organized as 2 x 524,288 words by 16 bits, fabricated with high performance CMOS technology. Synchronous design allows precise cycle control with the use of system clock I/O transactions are possible on every clock cycle. Range of operating frequencies, programmable burst length and programmable latencies allow the same device to be useful for a variety of high bandwidth, high performance memory system applications.

ORDERING INFORMATION

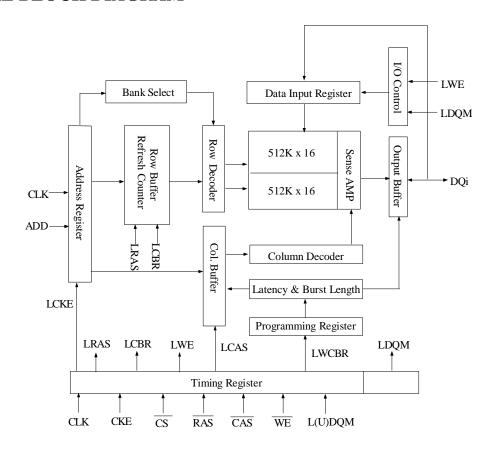
Part NO.	MAX Freq.	Interface	Package					
M12L16161A-4.3T	233MHz							
M12L16161A-5T	200MHz							
M12L16161A-5.5T	183MHz	LVTTL	50 TSOP(II)					
M12L16161A-6T	166MHz	LVIIL						
M12L16161A-7T	143MHz							
M12L16161A-8T	125MHz							

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



50PIN TSOP(II) (400mil x 825mil) (0.8 mm PIN PITCH)

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin	Name	Input Function				
CLK	System Clock	Active on the positive going edge to sample all inputs.				
CS	Chin Salaat	Disables or enables device operation by masking or enabling all inputs except				
	Chip Select	CLK, CKE and L(U)DQM.				
CKE	Clock Enable	Masks system clock to freeze operation from the next clock cycle.				
CKE	Clock Enable	CKE should be enabled at least one cycle prior to new command.				
		Disable input buffers for power down in standby.				
A0 ~ A10/AP	Address	Row / column addresses are multiplexed on the same pins.				
710 7110/711	nuncss	Row address: RA0 ~ RA10, column address: CA0 ~ CA7				
BA	Bank Select Address	Selects bank to be activated during row address latch time.				
DIX	Bank Select Hadress	Selects bank for read/write during column address latch time.				
		Latches row addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with RAS				
RAS	Row Address Strobe	low.				
		Enables row access & precharge.				
		Latches column addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with				
CAS	Column Address Strobe	CAS low.				
		Enables column access.				
	Write Enable	Enables write operation and row precharge.				
WE	write Enable	Latches data in starting from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$, $\overline{\text{WE}}$ active.				
L(U)DQM	Data Input / Output Mask	Makes data output Hi-Z, tsHz after the clock and masks the output.				
L(U)DQM	Data Input / Output Islask	Blocks data input when L(U)DQM active.				
DQ0 ~ 15	Data Input / Output	Data inputs/outputs are multiplexed on the same pins.				
VDD/VSS	Power Supply/Ground	Power and ground for the input buffers and the core logic.				



V _{DDQ} /V _{SSQ}	Data Output Power/Ground	Isolated power supply and ground for the output buffers to provide improved noise immunity.
N.C/RFU	No Connection/ Reserved for Future Use	This pin is recommended to be left No Connection on the device.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to Vss	VIN, VOUT	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Voltage on VDD supply relative to VSS	Vdd,Vddq	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 ~ + 150	°C
Power dissipation	PD	1	W
Short circuit current	Ios	50	MA

Note: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded.

Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.

Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Recommended operating conditions (Voltage referenced to VSS = 0V, TA=0 to $70 \,^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V _{DD} ,V _{DDQ}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input logic high voltage	VIH	2.0	3.0	V _{DD} +0.3	V	1
Input logic low voltage	VIL	-0.3	0	0.8	V	2
Output logic high voltage	Vон	2.4	-	-	V	Iон =-2mA
Output logic low voltage	Vol	-	-	0.4	V	IoL = 2mA
Input leakage current	I _{IL}	-5	-	5	uA	3
Output leakage current	Iol	-5	-	5	uA	4

Note: 1.VIH (max) = 4.6V AC for pulse width ≤ 10 ns acceptable.

2.VIL (min) = -1.5V AC for pulse width \leq 10ns acceptable.

3. Any input $0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD} + 0.3V$, all other pins are not under test = 0V.

4. Dout is disabled, $0V \le VOUT \le VDD$.

CAPACITANCE (VDD = 3.3V, TA = 25 °C, f = 1MHz)

Pin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
CLOCK	Cclk	2.5	4.0	pF
RAS, CAS, WE, CS, CKE, LDQM, UDQM	Cin	2.5	5.0	pF
ADDRESS	Cadd	2.5	5.0	pF
DQ0 ~DQ15	Соит	4.0	6.5	pF



DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating condition unless otherwise noted, $T_A = 0$ to $70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ViH(min)/ViL(max)=2.0V/0.8V)

D 4	g	T C W.	CAS			Ver	sion									
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Latency	-4.3	-5	-5.5	-6	-7	-8	Unit	Note					
Operating Current (One Bank Active)	Icc1	Burst Length = 1 $tRC \ge tRC \text{ (min)}, tCC \ge tCC \text{ (min)}, IOI$	_= 0mA	250	230	210	190	160	140	mA	1					
Precharge Standby	ICC2P	$CKE \le V_{IL}(max), t_{CC} = 15ns$				4	2			mA						
Current in power-down mode	ICC2PS	CKE≤VIL(max), CLK≤VIL(max), to	$CKE \le VIL(max), CLK \le VIL(max), tCC = \infty$ 2													
Precharge Standby Current in non power-	ICC2N	` ''	$KE \ge V_{IH}(min), \overline{CS} \ge V_{IH}(min), t_{CC} = 15 ns$ put signals are changed one time during 30ns													
down mode	Icc2NS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									$CKE \ge V_{IH}(min), CLK \le V_{IL}(max), t_{CC} = \infty$ Input signals are stable				mA	
Active Standby Current	ICC3P	$CKE \le VIL(max), tCC = 15ns$				1	0			mA						
in power-down mode	ICC3PS	$CKE \leq V_{IL}(max), CLK \leq V_{IL}(max)$	$t_{CC} = \infty$			1	0									
Active Standby Current in non power-down	Icc3N	$CKE \ge VIH(min), \overline{CS} \ge VIH(min), to$ Input signals are changed one time du				4	.0			mA						
mode (One Bank Active)	ICC3NS	CKE \geq VIH (min), CLK \leq VIL(max), t Input signals are stable	CC=∞			1	0			mA						
Operating Current	Icc4	IoL= 0Ma, Page Burst	3	270	250	230	210	180	160	mA	1					
(Burst Mode)	All Band Activated, tCCD = tCC (min)		2	270	250	230	210	180	160							
Refresh Current	Icc5	$t_{RC} \ge t_{RC}(min)$	•	270	250	230	210	180	160	mA	2					
Self Refresh Current	Icc6	CKE≤0.2V				1	1			mA						

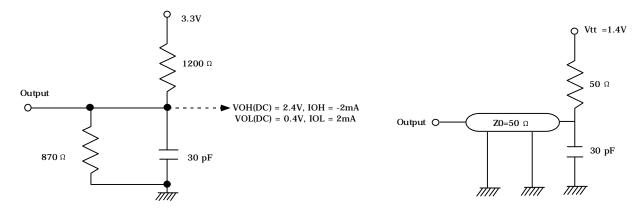
Note: 1.Measured with outputs open. Addresses are changed only one time during tcc(min).

^{2.}Refresh period is 32ms. Addresses are changed only one time during tcc(min).



AC OPERATING TEST CONDITIONS (VDD=3.3V ± 0.3V,TA= 0 to 70 °C)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Input levels (Vih/Vil)	2.4 / 0.4	V
Input timing measurement reference level	1.4	V
Input rise and fall time	$\operatorname{tr}/\operatorname{tf}=1/1$	ns
Output timing measurement reference level	1.4	V
Output load condition	See Fig.2	



(Fig. 1) DC Output Load circuit

(Fig.2) AC Output Load Circuit

OPERATING AC PARAMETER

(AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol			Ver	sion			Unit	Note
1 at affecter	Symbol	-4.3	-5	-5.5	-6	-7	-8	Omt	Note
Row active to row active delay	trrd(min)	8.6	10	11	12	14	16	ns	1
RAS to CAS delay	trcd(min)	12.9	15	16	16	16	20	ns	1
Row precharge time	trp(min)	12.9	15	16	18	20	20	ns	1
Row active time	tras(min)	34.4	40	40	42	42	48	ns	1
Now active time	tras(max)		100					us	
Row cycle time	trc(min)	47.3	55	60	60	63	68	ns	1
Last data in to new col. Address delay	tcdl(min)			-	1			CLK	2
Last data in to row precharge	trdL(min)			-	1			CLK	2
Last data in to burst stop	t _{BDL} (min)			-	1			CLK	2
Col. Address to col. Address delay	tccd(min)		1				CLK	3	
Number of valid output data	CAS latency=3			-	1			ea	4
	CAS latency=2				1			Ca	

Note: 1. The minimum number of clock cycles is determined by dividing the minimum time required with clock cycle time and then rounding off to the next higher integer.

- 4. Minimum delay is required to complete write.
- 4. All parts allow every cycle column address change.
- 4. In case of row precharge interrupt, auto precharge and read burst stop.

 The earliest a precharge command can be issued after a Read command without the loss of data is CL+BL-2 clocks.



AC CHARACTERISTICS (AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Down	meter	Crombal	-4	.3	-4	5	-5.5		-(ó	-7	7	-8		Unit	Note
rara	meter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Omt 1	Note
CI V avala tima	CLK cycle time CAS Latency =3	tcc	4.3	1000	5	1000	5.5	1000	6	1000	7	1000	8	1000	ns	1
CAS Latency =	CAS Latency =2		6	1000	7	1000	7.5	1000	8	1000	8.6	1000	10	1000	113	1
CLK to valid	CAS Latency =3	tava	-	4	ı	4.5	-	5	-	5.5	-	6	1	6	ns	1
output delay	CAS Latency =2	tsac	-	5	ı	5	-	6	-	6	-	6	ı	7	118	1
Output data hold	time	tон	2		2		2.5		2.5		2.5		2.5		ns	2
CLK high pulse	CLK high pulse width		1.7		2		2		2		2.5		3		ns	3
CLK low pulse w	vidth	tcl	1.7		2		2		2		2.5		3		ns	3
Input setup time		tss	1.7		2		2		2		2		2.5		ns	3
Input hold time		tsh	1		1		1		1		1		1		ns	3
CLK to output in	CLK to output in Low-Z		1		1		1		1		1		1		ns	2
CLK to output	CAS Latency =3	tshz	-	4	-	4.5	-	5	-	5.5	-	6	-	6	ns	
in Hi-Z	CAS latency =2		-	5	-	5	-	6	-	6	-	6	-	7		

^{*}All AC parameters are measured from half to half.

Note: 1. Parameters depend on programmed CAS latency.

^{2.}If clock rising time is longer than 1ns,(tr/2-0.5)ns should be added to the parameter.

^{3.} Assumed input rise and fall time (tr & tf)=1ns.

If tr & tf is longer than 1ns, transient time compensation should be considered, i.e., [(tr+tf)/2-1]ns should be added to the parameter.



FREQUENCY vs. AC PARAMENTER RELATIONAHIP TABLE

M12L16161A-4.3T (Unit: number of clock)

. P	CAS Latency	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL
Frequency	_	47.3ns	34.3ns	12.9ns	8.6ns	12.9ns	4.3ns	4.3ns	4.3ns
233MHz(4.3ns)	3	11	8	3	2	3	1	1	1
200MHz(5.0ns)	3	10	7	3	2	3	1	1	1
183MHz(5.5ns)	3	10	7	3	2	3	1	1	1
166MHz(6.0ns)	3	9	6	3	2	3	1	1	1
143MHz(7.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1

M12L16161A-5T (Unit: number of clock)

E	CAS Latency	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL
Frequency		55ns	40ns	15ns	10ns	15ns	5ns	5ns	5ns
200MHz(5.0ns)	3	11	8	3	2	3	1	1	1
183MHz(5.5ns)	3	10	8	3	2	3	1	1	1
166MHz(6.0ns)	3	10	7	3	2	3	1	1	1
143MHz(7.0ns)	2	9	6	3	2	3	1	1	1
125MHz(8.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
111MHz(9.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1

M12L16161A-5.5T (Unit: number of clock)

F	CAS Latency	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL
Frequency		60ns	40ns	16ns	11ns	16ns	5.5ns	5.5ns	5.5ns
183MHz(5.5ns)	3	11	8	3	2	3	1	1	1
166MHz(6.0ns)	3	10	7	3	2	3	1	1	1
143MHz(7.0ns)	2	9	6	3	2	3	1	1	1
125MHz(8.0ns)	2	8	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
111MHz(9.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1

M12L16161A-6T (Unit: number of clock)

F	CAS Latency	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL
Frequency	-	60ns	42ns	18ns	12ns	16ns	6ns	6ns	6ns
166MHz(6.0ns)	3	10	7	3	2	3	1	1	1
143MHz(7.0ns)	3	9	6	3	2	3	1	1	1
125MHz(8.0ns)	2	9	6	3	2	2	1	1	1
111MHz(9.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
100MHz(10.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1

M12L16161A-7T (Unit: number of clock)

Ema ayyam ayy	CAS Latency	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL
Frequency		62ns	42ns	20ns	14ns	16ns	7ns	7ns	7ns
143MHz(7.0ns)	3	9	6	3	2	3	1	1	1
125MHz(8.0ns)	3	9	6	3	2	2	1	1	1
111MHz(9.0ns)	2	8	5	3	2	2	1	1	1
100MHz(10.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
83MHz(12.0ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1

M12L16161A-8T (Unit: number of clock)

E	CAS Latency	tRC	tRAS	tRP	tRRD	tRCD	tCCD	tCDL	tRDL
Frequency	, and the second	68ns	48ns	20ns	16ns	20ns	8ns	8ns	8ns
125MHz(8.0ns)	3	9	6	3	2	3	1	1	1
111MHz(9.0ns)	3	9	6	3	2	3	1	1	1
100MHz(10.0ns)	2	7	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
83MHz(12.0ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1
75MHz(13.0ns)	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	1	1



Mod	de R	egis	ter									
11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
0	0	0	0	1								JE
11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
X	X	1	0	0	LT	MODI	Ξ	WT		BL		Βι
												Th
11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
			1	0								Us
11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	_
X	X	X	1	1	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	Ve
11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	L	ΙΟΜΊ	ÞΕ	WT		BL		M
										1		
						- 1		1			1	_

JEDEC Standard Test Set (refresh counter test)

Burst Read and Single Write (for Write Through Cache)

Use in future

Vender Specific

ender Specific

v = Valid

Mode Register Set

x =Don't care

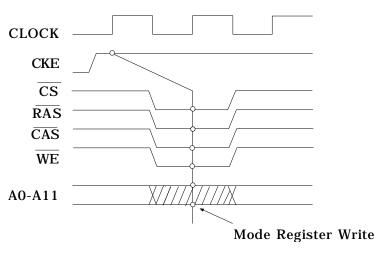
			Bit2-0	WT=0	WT=1
			000	1	1
			001	2	2
			010	4	4
		Burst length	011	8	8
			100	R	R
			101	R	R
			110	R	R
			111	Full page	R
	•		•	•	

Wrap type	0	Sequential
wrap type	1	Interleave

	Bits6-4	CAS Latency
	000	R
	001	R
Latanarimada	010	2
Latency mode	011	3
	100	R
	101	R
	110	R
	111	R

Mode Register Write Timing

Remark R: Reserved





Burst Length and Sequence

(Burst of Two)

Starting Address	Sequential Addressing	Interleave Addressing
(column address A0 binary)	Sequence (decimal)	Sequence (decimal)
0	0,1	0,1
1	1,0	1,0

(Burst of Four)

Starting Address	Sequential Addressing	Interleave Addressing
(column address A1-A0, binary)	Sequence (decimal)	Sequence (decimal)
00	0,1,2,3	0,1,2,3
01	1,2,3,0	1,0,3,2
10	2,3,0,1	2,3,0,1
11	3,0,1,2	3,2,1,0

(Burst of Eight)

Starting Address	Sequential Addressing	Interleave Addressing
(column address A2-A0, binary)	Sequence (decimal)	Sequence (decimal)
000	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
001	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,0	1,0,3,2,5,4,7,6
010	2,3,4,5,6,7,0,1	2,3,0,1,6,7,4,5
011	3,4,5,6,7,0,1,2	3,2,1,0,7,6,5,4
100	4,5,6,7,0,1,2,3	4,5,6,7,0,1,2,3
101	5,6,7,0,1,2,3,4	5,4,7,6,1,0,3,2
110	6,7,0,1,2,3,4,5	6,7,4,5,2,3,0,1
111	7,0,1,2,3,4,5,6	7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0

Full page burst is an extension of the above tables of Sequential Addressing, with the length being 256 for 1Mx16 divice.

POWER UP SEQUENCE

- 1. Apply power and start clock, attempt to maintain CKE= "H", L(U)DQM = "H" and the other pin are NOP condition at the inputs.
- 2. Maintain stable power, stable clock and NOP input condition for a minimum of 200us.
- 3.Issue precharge commands for all banks of the devices.
- 4.Issue 2 or more auto-refresh commands.
- 5.Issue mode register set command to initialize the mode register.
- Cf.)Sequence of 4 & 5 is regardless of the order.



SIMPLIFIED TRUTH TABLE

CC	OMMAND		CKEn-1	CKEn	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	DQM	BA	A10/AP	A9~A0	Note
Register	Mode Registe	er Set	Н	X	L	L	L	L	X		OP CO	DE	1,2
	Auto Refresh	Auto Refresh Entry		H L	L	L	L	Н	X		X		3
Refresh	Self Refresh	Exit	L	Н	L H	H X	H X	H X	X		X		3
Bank Active & Ro	Bank Active & Row Addr.			X	L	L	Н	H	X	V	Row A	Address	3
Read &	Auto Prechar	ge Disable	Н	X	L	Н	L	Н	X	V	L	Column Address	4
Column Address	Column Address Auto Precharg										Н	(A0~A7)	4,5
Write & Column			Н	X	L	Н	L		X	V	L	Column Address	4
Address											Н	(A0~A7)	4,5
Burst Stop			Н	X	L	Н	Н	L	X		X		6
Precharge	Bank Selection Both Banks	on	Н	X	L	L	Н	L	X	V X	L H	X	4
Clock Suspend or		Entry	Н	L	H L	X V	X V	X V	X		X	•	
Active Power Dov	wn	Exit	L	Н	X	X	X	X	X				
Dracharga Dowar	Down Mode	Entry	Н	L	H L	X H	X H	X H	X				
Precharge Power Down Mode Ex		Exit	L	Н	H L	X	X	X	X	X			
DQM			Н			X			V		X		7
No Operation Cor	nmand		H H	X	H L	X H	X H	X H	X		X		

(V= Valid, X= Don't Care, H= Logic High , L = Logic Low)

Note: 1 OP Code: Operation Code

A0~ A10/AP, BA: Program keys.(@MRS)

2. MRS can be issued only at both banks precharge state.

A new command can be issued after 2 clock cycle of MRS.

3. Auto refresh functions are as same as CBR refresh of DRAM.

The automatical precharge without row precharge command is meant by "Auto".

Auto / self refresh can be issued only at both banks precharge state.

4. BA: Bank select address.

If "Low": at read, write, row active and precharge, bank A is selected.

If "High": at read, write, row active and precharge, bank B is selected.

If A10/AP is "High" at row precharge, BA ignored and both banks are selected.

5. During burst read or write with auto precharge, new read/write command can not be issued.

Another bank read /write command can be issued after the end of burst.

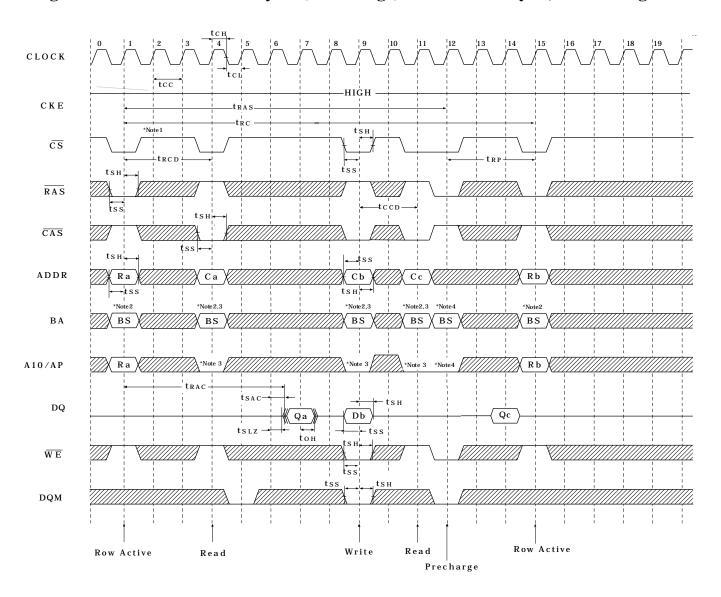
New row active of the associated bank can be issued at trp after the end of burst.

- 6.Burst stop command is valid at every burst length.
- 7.DQM sampled at positive going edge of a CLK masks the data-in at the very CLK (Write DQM latency is 0), but makes

Hi-Z state the data-out of 2 CLK cycles after. (Read DQM latency is 2)



Single Bit Read-Write-Read Cycle (Same Page) @CAS Latency=3, Burst Length=1



:Don't Care



*Note: 1. All inputs expect CKE & DQM can be don't care when \overline{CS} is high at the CLK high going edge.

2. Bank active & read/write are controlled by BA.

BA	Active & Read/Write
0	Bank A
1	Bank B

3. Enable and disable auto precharge function are controlled by A10/AP in read/write command.

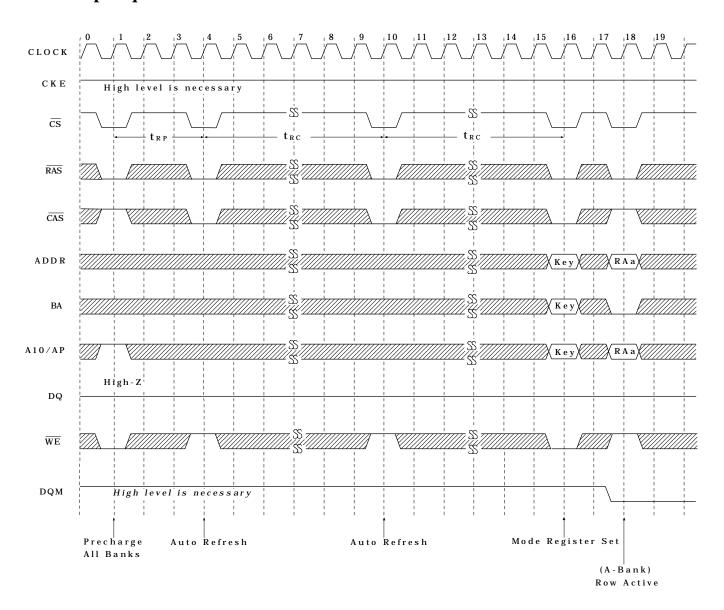
A10/AP	BA	Operation				
0	0	Disable auto precharge, leave bank A active at end of burst.				
	1	Disable auto precharge, leave bank B active at end of burst.				
1	0	Enable auto precharge, precharge bank A at end of burst.				
	1	Enable auto precharge, precharge bank B at end of burst.				

4.A10/AP and BA control bank precharge when precharge command is asserted.

A10/AP	BA	precharge
0	0	Bank A
0	1	Bank B
1	X	Both Banks



Power Up Sequence

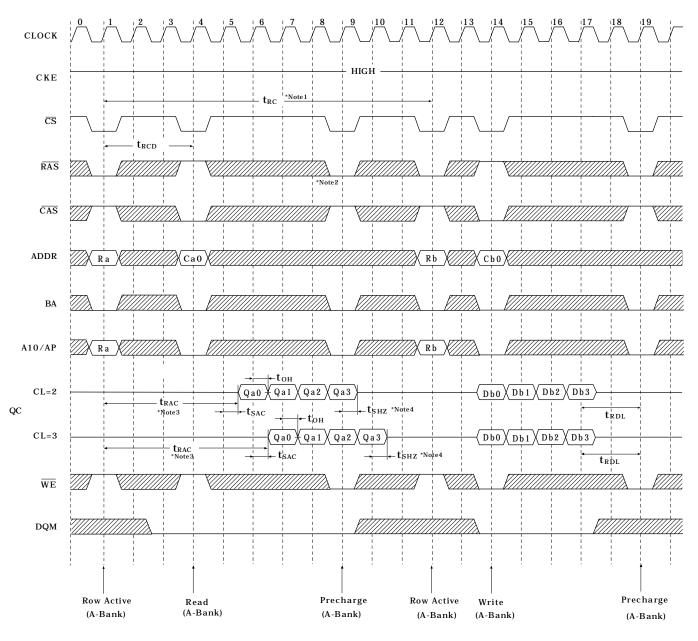


: Don't care

P.13



Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @Burst Length = 4



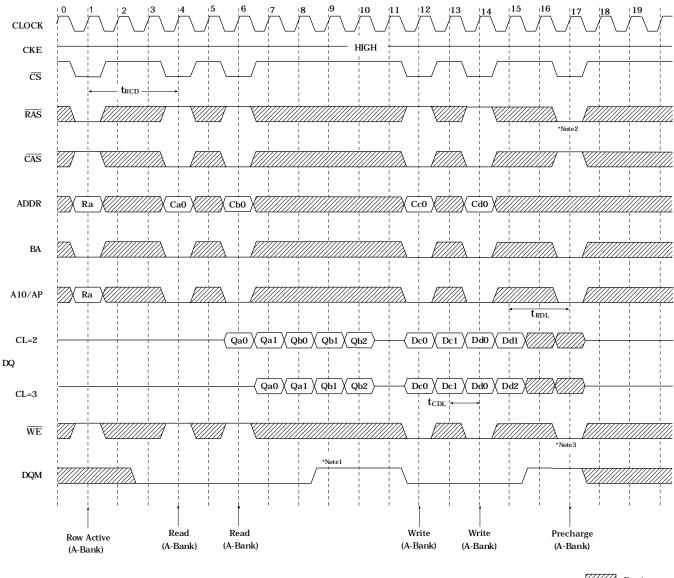
: Don't care

*Note: 1.Minimum row cycle times is required to complete internal DRAM operation.

- 2.Row precharge can interrupt burst on any cycle. [CAS Latency-1] number of valid output data is available after Row precharge. Last valid output will be Hi-Z(tshz) after the clock.
- 3.Access time from Row active command. tcc*(tRCD +CAS latency-1)+tSAC
- 4.Ouput will be Hi-Z after the end of burst.(1,2,4,8 bit burst)

 Burst can't end in Full Page Mode.

Page Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @ Burst Length=4



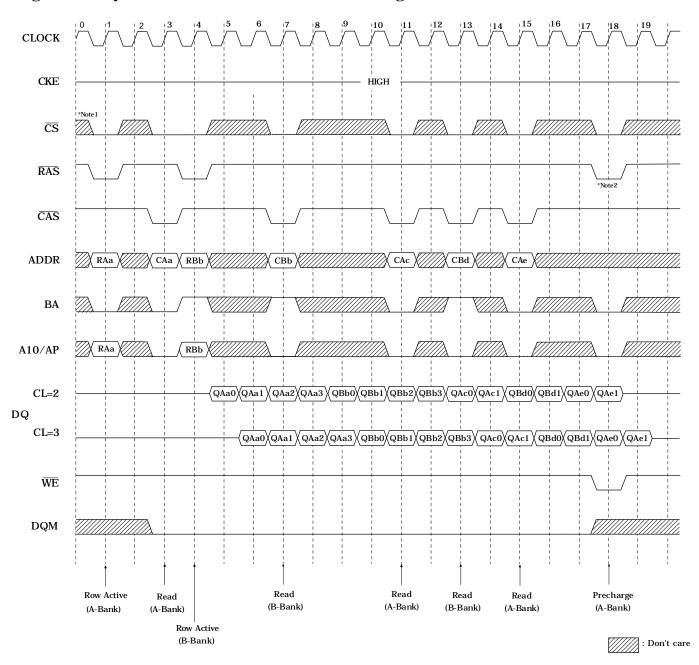
: Don't care

*Note:1.To write data before burst read ends, DQM should be asserted three cycle prior to write command to avoid bus contention.

- 2.Row precharge will interrupt writing. Last data input, tRDL before Row precharge, will be written.
- 3.DQM should mask invalid input data on precharge command cycle when asserting precharge before end of burst. Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.



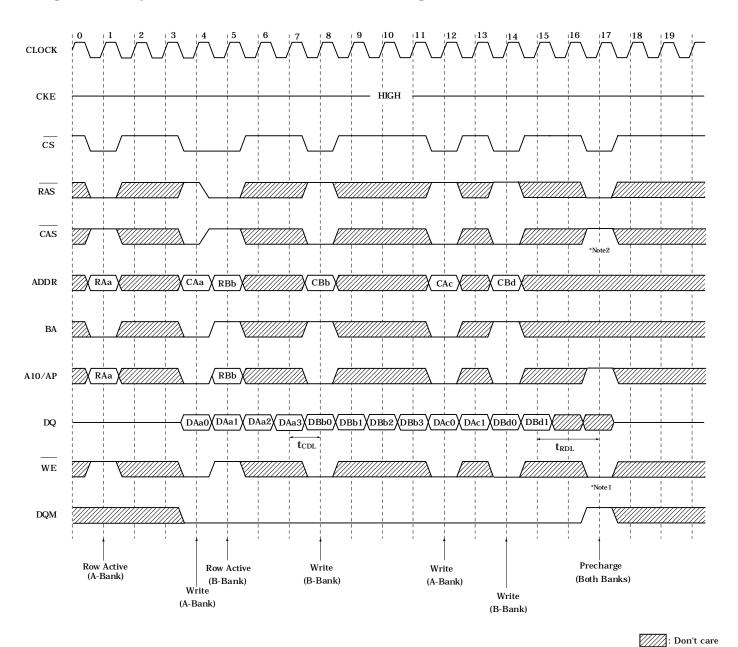
Page Read Cycle at Different Bank @ Burst Length=4



^{*}Note: 1. $\overline{\text{CS}}$ can be don't cared when $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{WE}}$ are high at the clock high going dege.

^{2.}To interrupt a burst read by row precharge, both the read and the precharge banks must be the same.

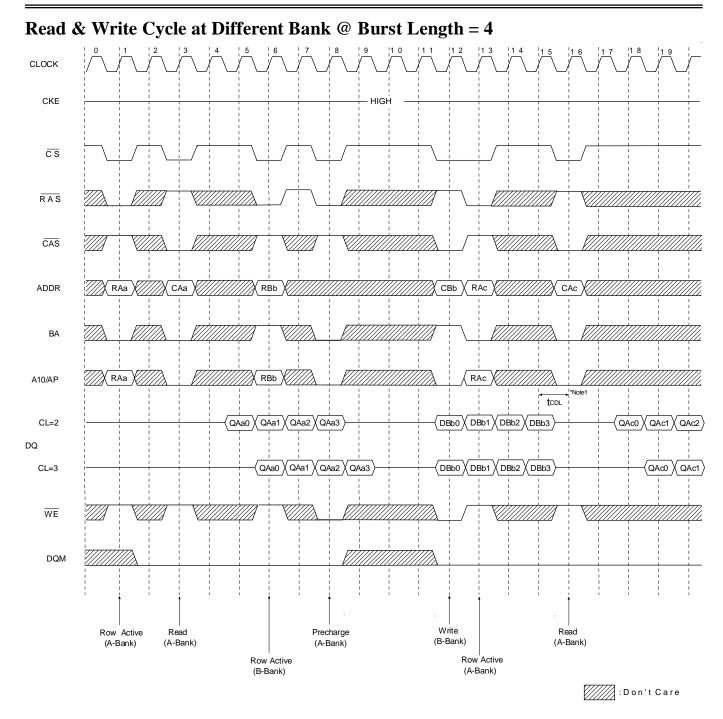
Page Write Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length = 4



^{*}Note: 1.To interrupt burst write by Row precharge, DQM should be asserted to mask invalid input data.

^{2.}To interrupt burst write by row precharge, both the write and the precharge banks must be the same.

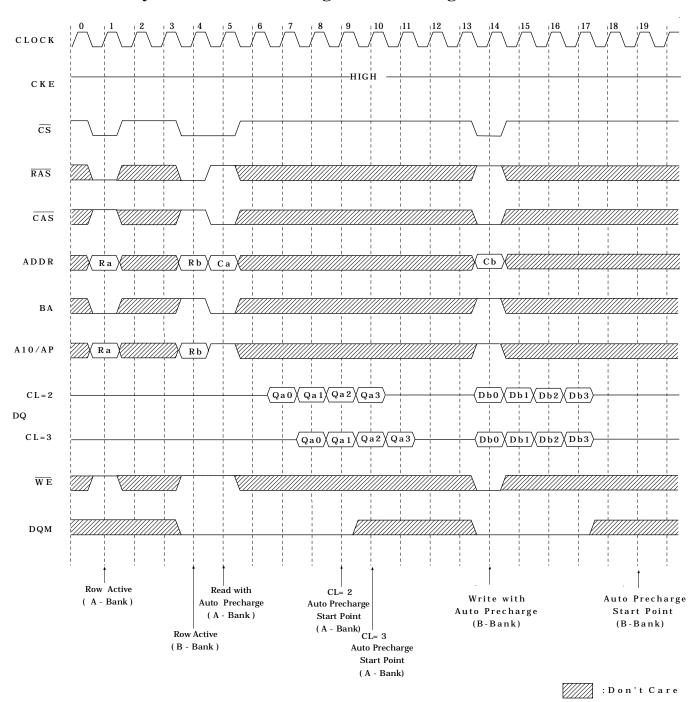




^{*}Note: 1.tcdl should be met to complete write.



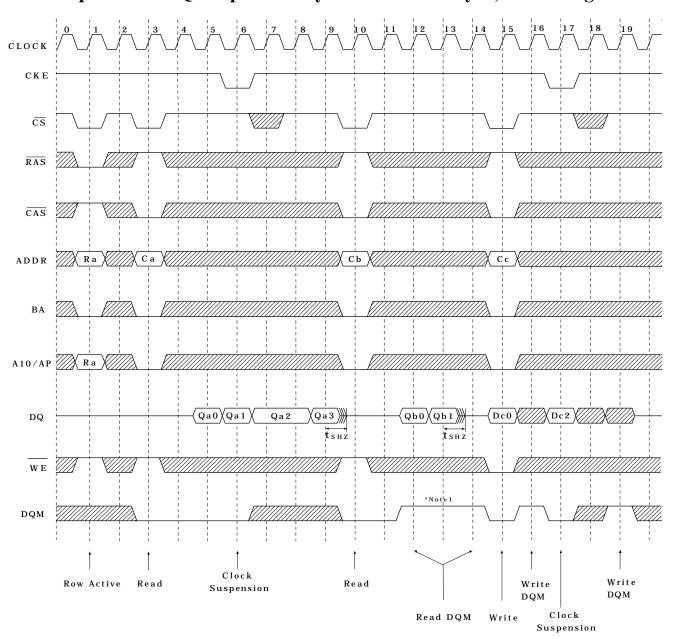
Read & Write Cycle with auto Precharge @ Burst Length =4



*Note: 1.tcol Should be controlled to meet minimum tras before internal precharge start (In the case of Burst Length=1 & 2 and BRSW mode)



Clock Suspension & DQM Operation Cycle @CAS Latency=2, Burst Length=4

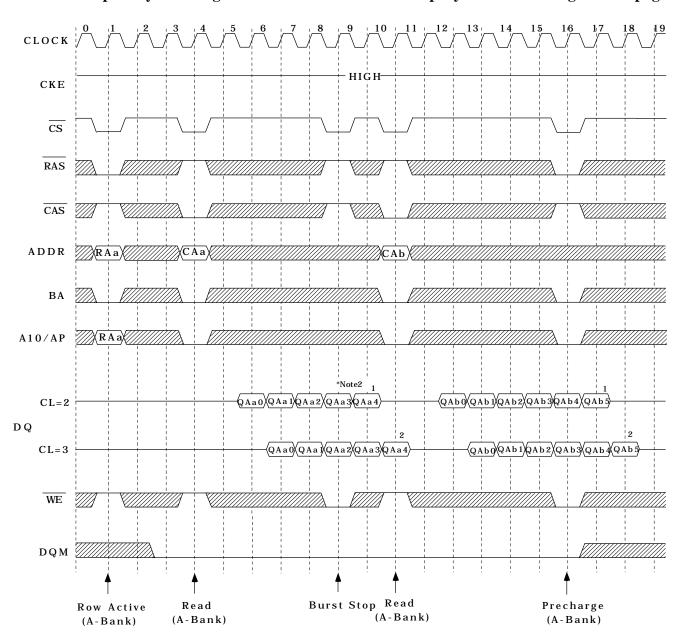


:Don't Care

^{*}Note:1.DQM is needed to prevent bus contention.



Read Interrupted by Precharge Command & Read Burst Stop Cycle @Burst Length =Full page



:Don't Care

*Note: 1.Burst can't end in full page mode, so auto precharge can't issue.

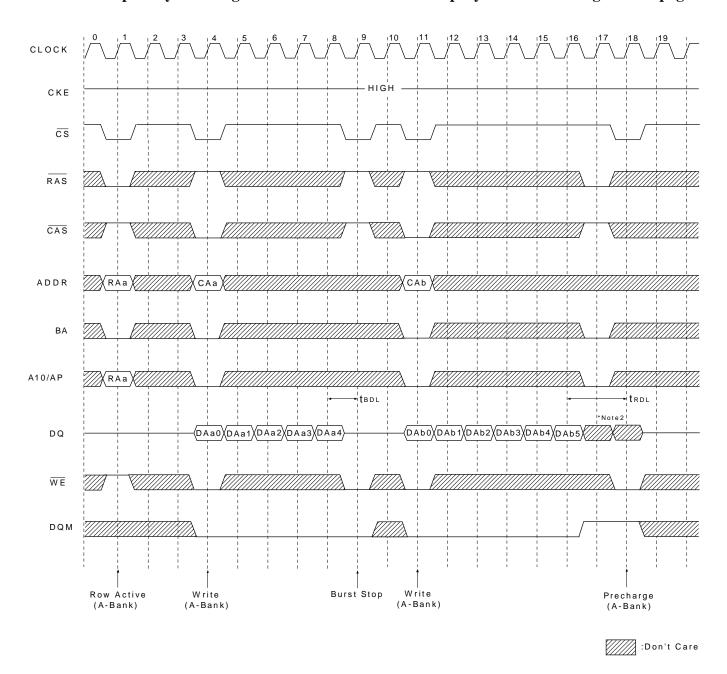
2.About the valid DQs after burst stop, it is same as the case of RAS interrupt.Both cases are illustrated above timing diagram. See the label 1,2 on them.But at burst write, burst stop and RAS interrupt should be compared carefully.

Refer the timing diagram of "Full page write burst stop cycle".

3.Burst stop is valid at every burst length.



Write Interrupted by Precharge Command & Write Burst stop Cycle @ Burst Length =Full page



*Note: 1. Burst can't end in full page mode, so auto precharge can't issue.

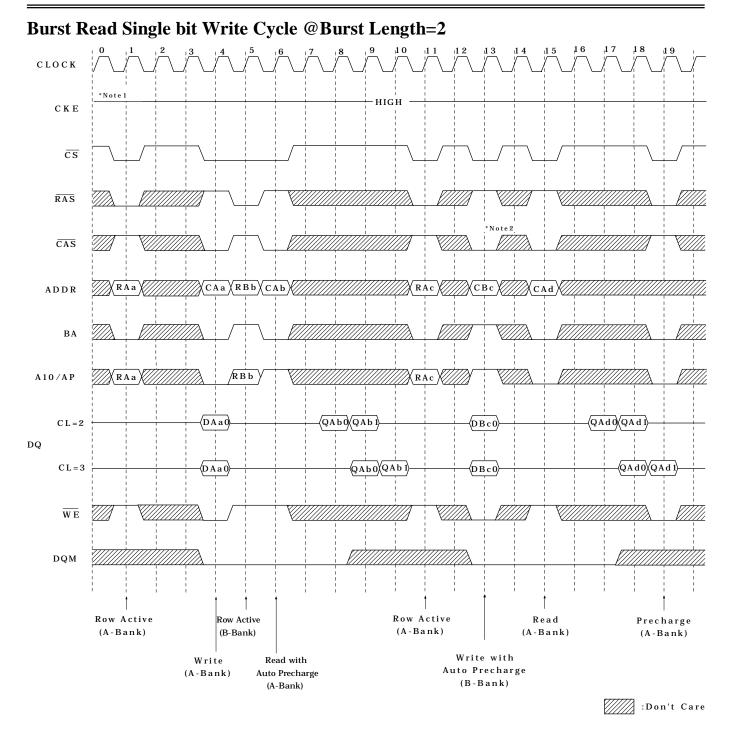
2.Data-in at the cycle of interrupted by precharge can not be written into the corresponding memory cell. It is defined by AC parameter of trol.

DQM at write interrupted by precharge command is needed to prevent invalid write.

Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.

3.Burst stop is valid at every burst length.





^{*}Note:1.BRSW modes is enabled by setting A9 "High" at MRS(Mode Register Set).

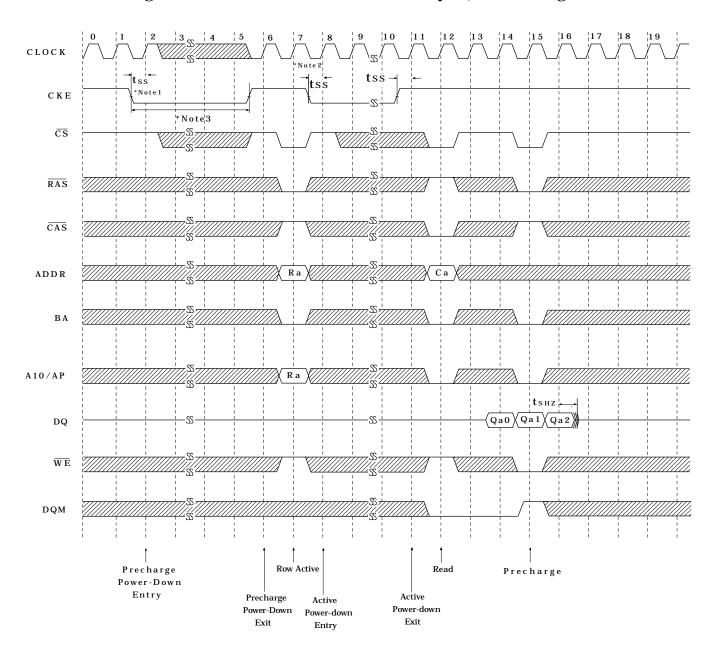
At the BRSW Mode, the burst length at write is fixed to "1" regardless of programmed burst length.

2. When BRSW write command with auto precharge is executed, keep it in mind that tras should not be violated.

Auto precharge is executed at the next cycle of burst-end, so in the case of BRSW write command, the precharge command will be issued after two clock cycles.



Active/Precharge Power Down Mode @CAS Latency=2, Burst Length=4

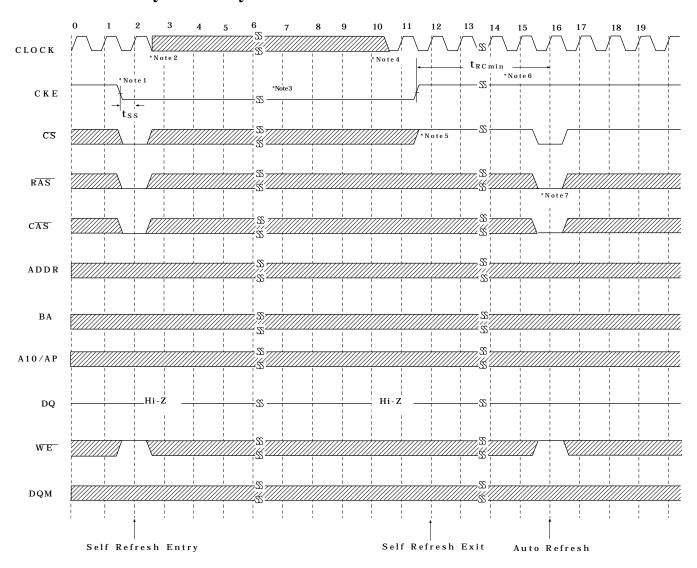


Don't care

- 2.CKE should be set high at least 1CLK+tss prior to Row active command.
- 3.Can not violate minimum refresh specification. (32ms)

^{*}Note: 1. Both banks should be in idle state prior to entering precharge power down mode.

Self Refresh Entry & Exit Cycle



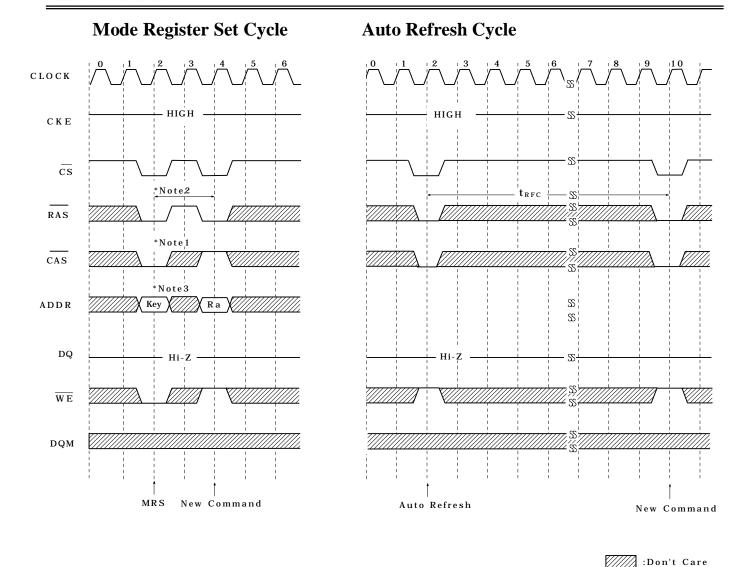
: Don't care

*Note: TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE

- $1.\overline{\text{CS}}$, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ & $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle.
- 2.After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE.
- 3. The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays "Low".
- cf.) Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum tras is required before exit from self refresh.

TO EXIT SELF REFRESH MODE

- 4.System clock restart and be stable before returning CKE high.
- $5.\overline{\text{CS}}$ Starts from high.
- 6.Minimum tRC is required after CKE going high to complete self refresh exit.
- 7.2K cycle of burst auto refresh is required before self refresh entry and after self refresh exit if the system uses burst refresh.



MODE REGISTER SET CYCLE

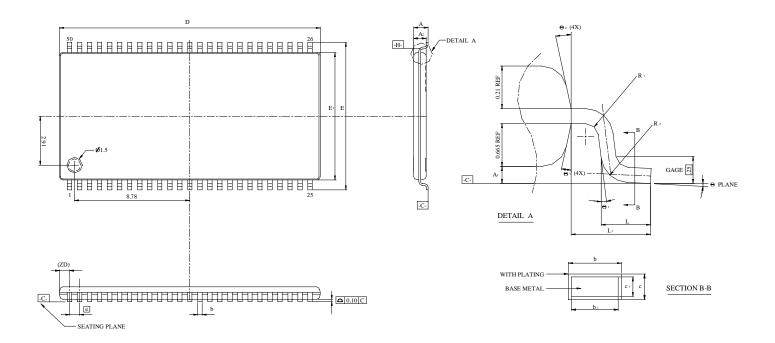
*Note: 1. $\overline{\text{CS}}$, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ & $\overline{\text{WE}}$ activation at the same clock cycle with address key will set internal mode register.

- 2.Minimum 2 clock cycles should be met before new RAS activation.
- 3.Please refer to Mode Register Set table.

^{*}Both banks precharge should be completed before Mode Register Set cycle and auto refresh cycle.



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS 50-LEAD TSOP(II) SDRAM(400mil)



Symbol	Dimension in mm			Dimension in inch		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	-	-	1.20	-	-	0.047
A1	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.002	0.004	0.006
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	0.037	0.039	0.041
b	0.30	-	0.45	0.012	-	0.018
b1	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.012	0.014	0.016
c	0.12	-	0.21	0.005	-	0.008
c1	0.10	0.127	0.16	0.004	0.005	0.006
D	20.82	20.95	21.08	0.820	0.825	0.830
ZD	0.875 REF			0.034 REF		
Е	11.56	11.76	11.96	0.455	0.463	0.471
E1	10.03	10.16	10.29	0.394	0.400	0.405
L	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.016	0.020	0.024
L1	0.80 REF			0.031 REF		
	0.80 BSC			0.031 BSC		
R1	0.12	-	-	0.005	-	
R2	0.12	-	0.25	0.005	-	0.010
θ	0	-	8	0	-	8
θ 1	0	-	-	0	-	-
θ2	10	15	20	10	15	20
θ3	10	15	20	10	15	20