SuperScript® IV Reverse Transcriptase

Package contents

Catalog Number Size

18090010 2,000 units

18090050 18090200

 $4 \times 10,000 \text{ units}$



Storage conditions

Store at -20°C (non-frost-free)



Required materials

Template: RNA

- Oligo(dT)₂₀ primer (Cat. no. 18418-020), random hexamers (Cat. no. N8080127), or 2 μM gene-specific primers
- 10 mM dNTP mix (Cat. no. 18427-013)
- RNaseOUTTM Recombinant Ribonuclease Inhibitor (Cat. no. 10777-019)
- E. coli Ribonuclease H (RNase H) (Cat. no. 18021-014)
- DEPC-treated water (Cat. no. 10813-012)



Timing

Preparation time: 10 minutes

■ Run time: 20 minutes



Selection quides

Go online to view related products.

PCR Enzymes and Master Mixes

RT Enzymes and Kits

Real-Time PCR Instruments

Real-Time PCR Master Mixes

PCR Thermal Cyclers



Product description

For first strand cDNA synthesis using total RNA or poly(A)+-selected RNA primed with oligo(dT), random primers, or a gene-specific primer.



Important quidelines

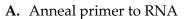
Pre-warm the $5\times$ SSIV Buffer to room temperature before use. Vortex and briefly centrifuge the buffer prior to preparing the reverse transcription reaction mix.



Online resources

Visit our product page for additional information and protocols. For support, visit www.lifetechnologies.com/support.





- **B.** Assemble reaction mix
- **C.** Add reaction mix to annealed RNA

RT reaction setup

Use the measurements below to prepare your RT reaction, or enter your own parameters in the column provided.

Component	20-μL rxn	Custom	Final Conc.
DEPC-treated water	to 20 μL	to µL	N/A
5× SSIV Buffer	4.0 µL	μL	1×
10 mM dNTP mix (10 mM each)	1.0 µL	μL	0.5 mM each
100 mM DTT	1.0 µL	μL	5 mM
RNaseOUT TM RNase Inhibitor (40 U/ μ L)	1.0 μL	μL	2.0 U/μL
50 μM Oligo d(T) ₂₀ primer, or 50 μM random hexamers, or 2 μM gene-specific primer	1.0 µL 1.0 µL 1.0 µL	μL	2.5 μM 2.5 μM 0.1 μM
Template RNA*	varies	μL	< 5 µg total RNA or < 500 ng mRNA

^{* 10} pg–5 μg total RNA or 10 pg–500 ng mRNA

RT protocol

f Go to page 2 for instructions on preparing and running your RT experiment.

Optimization strategies and troubleshooting

Refer to the pop-ups below for guidelines to optimize and troubleshoot your RT reaction.

® RNA Sample Prep



1 Troubleshooting





invitrogen

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

SuperScript® IV First-Strand cDNA Synthesis Reaction

The example procedure below shows appropriate volumes for a single 20-µL reverse transcription reaction. For multiple reactions, prepare a master mix of components common to all reactions to minimize pipetting error, then dispense appropriate volumes into each reaction tube prior to adding annealed template RNA and primers.

	Steps	Procedure	Procedure details		
			 a. Combine the following components in a reaction tube. Note: Consider the volumes for all components listed in steps 1 and 2 to determine the correct amount of water required to reach your final reaction volume. 		
Anneal primer to		Component Volume Volume			
	•	50 μ M Oligo d(T) ₂₀ primer, 50 μ M random hexamers, or 2 μ M gene-specific reverse primer			
	template RNA	10 mM dNTP mix (10 mM each) 1 μL			
		Template RNA (10 pg–5 μg total RNA or 10 pg–500 ng mRNA) up to 11 μL			
		DEPC-treated or nuclease-free water to 13 µL			
		b. Mix and briefly centrifuge the components.			
		c. Heat the RNA-primer mix at 65°C for 5 minutes, and then incubate on ice for at least 1 minute.			
2 Pr			a. Vortex and briefly centrifuge the 5× SSIV Buffer.		
		b. Combine the following components in a reaction tube.			
		Component			
		5× SSIV Buffer 4 μL			
	Prepare RT reaction mix	100 mM DTT 1 μL			
		RNaseOUT TM Recombinant RNase Inhibitor 1 µL			
		SuperScript® IV Reverse Transcriptase (200 U/μL) 1 μL			
			c. Cap the tube, mix, and then briefly centrifuge the contents.		
3		Combine annealed RNA and RT reaction mix	Add RT reaction mix to the annealed RNA.		
	a. If using random hexamer, incubate the combined reaction mixture at 23°C for 10 mix				
4		\uparrow	proceed to step b.		
	Incubate reactions	If using oligo $d(T)_{20}$ or gene-specific primer, directly proceed to step b.			
		b. Incubate the combined reaction mixture at 50–55°C for 10 minutes.			
		c. Inactivate the reaction by incubating it at 80°C for 10 minutes.			
•		Note: Amplification of some PCR targets (>1 kb) may require removal of RNA.			
5		Optional: Remove RNA	To remove RNA, add 1 μ L <i>E. coli</i> RNase H, and incubate 37°C for 20 minutes.		
	🗏		Use your RT reaction immediately for PCR amplification or store it at –20°C.		
6	8	PCR amplification	Note: As a recommended starting point for PCR, reverse transcription reaction (cDNA) should compose 10% of the total reaction volume		