Mannings Nomegraph

$$V_c = \frac{1}{h} R^{\frac{3}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

hydrantie radius  $R = \frac{D}{4}$ 

$$\mathcal{V}_{c} = \frac{1}{\pi} (\frac{P}{4})^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Q = A. v_e = \frac{\pi}{4} p^2 \cdot \frac{1}{h} \cdot \frac{p^3}{4^3} s^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Q = \frac{\pi}{4^3} p^2 \cdot \frac{1}{h} \cdot \frac{p^3}{4^3} s^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$Q_{0} = \frac{\pi}{4^{\frac{5}{3}} n} \cdot D^{\frac{8}{3}} 8^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$Q_{v} = \frac{4 \pi n^{3} \cdot v^{4}}{S^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

Diameter lines

O Velseig lines

## Colebrot Warre Nomegraph

Q= V. A ... (D, S)

$$= -\frac{\pi\sqrt{9}}{\sqrt{2}} D^{\frac{5}{5}} S^{\frac{1}{5}} \cdot log(\frac{K}{3.7} D^{-\frac{1}{5}} + \frac{2.51v}{\sqrt{29}} S^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

- Rounning Fall It part celly fully full paper

approximate aquation (ciriltones - spreadsheet) (1)

$$Q_{\nu} = \nu \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} D^{2}$$

~(V,S)

To confin legio or lege

$$\frac{2}{2} = \frac{AP}{2Tp}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{AP}{2Tp}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{AP}{2Tp}$$

a unsub merged

(1) 
$$\frac{HWi}{D} = \frac{Hc}{D} + K I \frac{K_{0}Q}{AD^{0.5}} + K_{5}S$$

Constants. E, M, C, P

dimens analess

D(mm) 8.03 & (m3/5)

AD. equ. of Table A.1 constants.

AD1 -> conswiringed & submiged equ.

$$\frac{H wi}{D} = \frac{H (e)}{D} + 0.03 + \left(\frac{Q}{AP^{-3}}\right)^{7-5} - 0.01.$$

Sub
$$\frac{H wi}{D} = 0.0496 \times \left(\frac{Q}{A \cdot D^{-3}}\right)^{2} + 0.03 - 0.01.$$

$$\frac{H (e)}{D} = \frac{de}{D} + \frac{Vh}{2D} + \frac{h_1 dramlie}{depth}$$

$$\frac{Qe}{A \cdot D^{-3}} = \frac{AP}{A \cdot Q^{-5}} + \frac{AP}{A \cdot Q^{-5}}$$

$$\frac{HW}{D} = C \left( \frac{1.811 \, CQ}{AD^{0.5}} \right)^{2} + 4 - 0.01.$$

$$C_{1} \times 1^{-5} \times 2^{2} - \times 3 + C_{2} = 0$$

$$C_{2} \times 1^{-5} \times 2^{2} + C_{3} = 0$$

$$C_{3} \times 10^{2} \times 2^{-5} \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-5}$$

slog D-2 loga + log (FD-C2)-logC1=0

## to onversion betw 3 types

$$\chi_3 = \frac{C}{C'} (\chi_3' - C\chi') + C_2$$

$$H = \left(1 + Ke + \frac{(3-63-n^2.L)}{R^{1-33}}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{V^2}{2g}\right)$$

$$v = \frac{Q}{A} - R = \frac{Q}{A} - CAu)$$

$$H = (C_1 + C_2 \frac{L}{D^{1-3}}) \frac{40^2}{2971D^2}$$

$$SC_1 = 1 + Ke$$

$$C_2 = .9.63 \times 4^{1.33} \times n^2$$

$$\int_{Q} H = lef(C_1 + C_2 - \frac{L}{D_{1:23}}) + 2 lefQ$$

$$-2 lefD + C_3 (lef - \frac{L}{D_{1:23}})$$