THE CORE - BITCOIN DIPLOMA **ASSIGNMENT 2 JULY- SEP 2025** (COHORT 7)

* Indicates required question

1.	What does the term 'Money Supply' refer to? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Only the physical cash in circulation
	Total amount of money in circulation in an economy
	Money held by the government only
	Profits made by banks
2.	What effect does inflation have on saving money today? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Discourages saving due to rapid value loss
	Encourages long-term saving
	Makes saving easier
	Has no impact on savings behavior

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3.	What happens to real wages when adjusted for inflation, according to the text?	*
	Mark only one oval.	
	They always match inflation	
	They rise sharply	
	They stagnate	
4.	What does the 'treadmill' analogy suggest about modern work life? *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	People are getting wealthier	
	People work harder but get less ahead	
	People enjoy running more	
	Most work fewer hours now	
5.	Why do many people turn to credit, according to the text? *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	To build credit scores	
	It makes people more optimistic about the future	
	To avoid taxes	
	To survive increasing costs	

6.	What is the central message about fiat currency in this chapter? *
	Mark only one oval.
	It becomes stronger over time
	It loses value and purchasing power
	It creates equal opportunity
	It is backed by gold
7.	What does the fiat system fundamentally rely on for its operation? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Debt creation
	Gold reserves
	International trade
	Natural resources
8.	What is the primary concern of the Cypherpunk movement? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Political campaigning
	Building centralized tech platforms
	Privacy and personal freedom through cryptography
	Creating new banking systems

9.	What strategy did Cypherpunks choose to preserve freedom? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Legal protests
	Lobbying politicians
	Building decentralized technologies
	Partnering with governments
10.	What was Nakamoto's primary goal in creating Bitcoin? *
	Mark only one oval.
	To make it a centralized system
	To create a stable government-backed currency
	To separate money from the state and create a decentralized financial system
	To eliminate financial institutions
11.	What was the purpose of Nakamoto's whitepaper released in 2008? *
	Mark only one oval.
	To create a centralized payment system
	To promote credit-based currencies
	To build a private bank
	To introduce a peer-to-peer electronic cash system

12.	What is one major goal of Bitcoin? *
	Mark only one oval.
	To enforce taxation
	To separate money from the state
	To make cash obsolete
	To replace internet protocols
13.	When was the Bitcoin genesis block mined? *
	Mark only one oval.
	October 2008
	December 2007
	March 2010
	January 3, 2009
14.	What does it mean when people say Bitcoin is an agreement? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Everyone running Bitcoin software agrees on the same rules
	People sign contracts to use it
	Governments agree to enforce its use
	Banks regulate its usage

15.	why is Bitcoin resistant to attacks? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Because of its government affiliation
	Due to decentralization and global distribution of nodes and miners
	Because it is offline
	It uses national firewalls
16.	What do Bitcoin projects focus on? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Enforcing regulation
	Creating flat alternatives
	Selling gold-backed coins
	Promoting freedom and adoption of Bitcoin
17.	Which of the following is NOT a way to acquire bitcoin? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Get paid in bitcoin
	Exchange fiat for bitcoin
	Print new bitcoins
	Mine bitcoin

18.	What is a major risk of using centralized exchanges? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Your bitcoins are held by the exchange
	You need to mine bitcoin first
	You can't buy bitcoin
	They have no fees
19.	What do centralized exchanges often require from users? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Just a username
	Bitcoin wallet only
	Personal information and identity verification
	No information at all
20.	What happens if a centralized exchange collapses? *
	Mark only one oval.
	The central bank will bail it out
	The government refunds you
	Bitcoin stops working

21.	What gives you ownership of your bitcoins? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Having a username
	Having internet access
	Having the private keys
	Having a wallet app
22.	What is a self-custodial wallet? *
	Mark only one oval.
	A wallet controlled by a third party
	A government-backed wallet
	A wallet where the user controls the private keys
	A custodial bank wallet
23.	In custodial wallets, who controls the bitcoin? *
23.	in custodiai wanets, who controls the bitcom:
	Mark only one oval.
	A third-party provider
	The user
	The bank
	The government

24.	What is the purpose of a seed phrase in a Bitcoin wallet? *
	Mark only one oval.
	To receive Bitcoin
	To send Bitcoin
	To calculate mining rewards
	To recover or restore your wallet
25.	What is the first step in receiving a Bitcoin transaction? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Sign the transaction
	Enter the sender's address
	Bitcoin savings earn guaranteed interest
	Open the miner app

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