THE CORE-BITCOIN DIPLOMA 2024 CHAPTER 8 QUIZZES (COHORT 4)

* In	dicates required question
1.	Email *
2.	Which of the following is an example of an off-chain transaction? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Sending a bitcoin on the main Bitcoin blockchain
	Receiving bitcoin from a mining pool
	Storing bitcoin in a hardware wallet
	Using the Lightning Network to send bitcoins
3.	What is one major disadvantage of on-chain transactions? *
	Mark only one oval.
	They are less secure
	Sending bitcoins
	They are slower
	They are fast

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4.	In the Lightning Network, who typically acts as an intermediary in a transaction?	*
	Mark only one oval.	
	A government official	
	A central bank	
	A trusted third party	
	A Bitcoin miner	
5.	What is the purpose of a Lightning wallet? *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	What is the purpose of a Lightning wallet?	
	To mine bitcoins	
	To store bitcoins on the Bitcoin blockchain	
	To convert bitcoins to other cryptocurrencies	
6.	Which type of wallet is recommended for better security and control over your funds?	*
	Mark only one oval.	
	Custodial wallet	
	Closed-source wallet	
	Self-custodial wallet	
	Exchange wallet	

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7.	What is the primary role of nodes in the Bitcoin network? *
	Mark only one oval.
	To create new bitcoins
	To maintain a copy of the Bitcoin ledger and validate transactions
	To determine the value of bitcoins
	To regulate the supply of bitcoins
8.	What does the term "pseudonymous" mean in the context of the Bitcoin * ledger?
	Mark only one oval.
	The ledger does not include personal details, only transaction and address information
	The ledger includes personal details of users
	Transactions are encrypted and hidden
	The ledger is accessible only to miners
9.	In Bitcoin, what does a digital signature provide? *
	Mark only one oval.
	Encryption of the transaction
	Anonymity of the sender
	Proof of authenticity and ownership of the transaction
	The amount of bitcoins sent

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10.	What is the role of miners in the Bitcoin network? *
	Mark only one oval.
	To regulate the supply of bitcoins
	To store the Bitcoin ledger
	To create new bitcoins
	To confirm transactions and add them to the ledger
11.	What does the term "immutable" mean in the context of Bitcoin transactions?
	Mark only one oval.
	Transactions cannot be changed once confirmed
	Transactions can be reversed if necessary
	Transactions are private
	Transactions are anonymous

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