THE CORE-BITCOIN DIPLOMA 2024 CHAPTER 4 QUIZZES (COHORT 5)

* In	ndicates required question	
1.	What key event in 1933 affected U.S. citizens' gold holdings? *	1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	The Bretton Woods Agreement	
	Executive Order 6102 by President Roosevelt	
	The Great Depression	
	World War II	
2.	Which law requires citizens to accept fiat money as payment? *	1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	Legal tender law	
	Reserve requirement law	
	Federal Reserve Act	
3.	What does fractional reserve banking allow banks to do? *	1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	Hold 100% of deposits in reserve	
	Create new currency without limits	
	Avoid government regulations	
	Lend out a portion of deposits	

4.	What is the main reason banks offer interest on deposits? *	1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	To help savers	
	To reduce inflation	
	To generate profit through loans	
	To maintain government regulations	
5.	What is the function of the central bank in fractional reserve banking?	* 1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	Printing gold certificates	
	Acting as the lender of last resort	
	Holding citizens' gold	
	Limiting bank profits	
6.	What is a key risk of fractional reserve banking? *	1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	Banks lend out more money than they actually have.	
	Banks keep all the money in reserves.	
	Banks do not lend money.	

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7.	What happens when everyone tries to withdraw their money at the same time in a fractional reserve system?	* 1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	The central bank prints more money to cover withdrawals.	
	The bank raises interest rates.	
	The bank runs out of money and may collapse.	
	The bank can easily handle the withdrawals.	
8.	Who benefits the most from the current fiat system? *	1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	Wealthy individuals and banks	
	Lower and middle-class people	
	Ordinary citizens	
	Small businesses	
9.	What happens when central banks rescue failing banks? *	1 point
	Mark only one oval.	
	They lower taxes.	
	They allow the banks to fail.	
	What happens when central banks rescue failing banks?	
	They raise interest rates.	

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10.	What leads to the "multiplier effect" in fractional reserve banking? *	point
	Mark only one oval.	
	People paying off their debts.	
	The central bank printing more money.	
	Banks lending out more money than they have in reserves.	
	People withdrawing their money from banks.	

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