

# Homework 6 Oracle

MATH 220 Spring 2021

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## Section 3.3

### Problem 7

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0$$

Find that  $r = \{-1 - i, -1 + i\}$ . Then

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-t} \cos(t) + C_2 e^{-t} \sin(t)$$

### Problem 13 [FOR GRADE]

$$y'' - 2y' + 5y = 0, \quad y(\pi/2) = 0, \quad y'(\pi/2) = 2$$

Find that  $r = \{1 + 2i, 1 - 2i\}$ . Then

$$y(t) = C_1 e^t \cos(2t) + C_2 e^t \sin(2t)$$

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Let us apply the initial conditions

$$\begin{cases} y(\pi/2) = 0 \\ y'(\pi/2) = 2 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 = 0 \\ C_2 = -\frac{1}{e^{\pi/2}} \end{cases}$$

Finally,

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{e^{\pi/2}} e^t \sin(2t)$$

## Problem 17

$$5u'' + 2u' + 7u = 0, \quad u(0) = 2, \quad u'(0) = 1$$

Part (a)

Find that  $r = \{-\frac{1}{5} - i\frac{\sqrt{34}}{5}, -\frac{1}{5} + i\frac{\sqrt{34}}{5}\}$ . Then

$$\begin{cases} u(0) = 2 \\ u'(0) = 1 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 = 2 \\ C_2 = \frac{7}{\sqrt{34}} \end{cases}$$

Finally,

$$u(t) = 2e^{-t/5} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{34}t}{5}\right) + \frac{7}{\sqrt{34}} e^{-t/5} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{34}t}{5}\right)$$

Part (b)

$$T \approx 14.512$$

## Problem 19

$$\begin{aligned}
W(e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t, e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t) &= \begin{vmatrix} e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t & e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \\ \frac{d}{dt}(e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t) & \frac{d}{dt}(e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t) \end{vmatrix} \\
&= \begin{vmatrix} e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t & e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \\ \lambda e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t - \mu e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t & \lambda e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t + \mu e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t \end{vmatrix} \\
&= e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t (\lambda e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t + \mu e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t) - e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t (\lambda e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t - \mu e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t) \\
&= \lambda e^{2\lambda t} \cos \mu t \sin \mu t + \mu e^{2\lambda t} \cos^2 \mu t \lambda e^{2\lambda t} \cos \mu t \sin \mu t + \mu e^{2\lambda t} \sin^2 \mu t \\
&= \mu e^{2\lambda t} (\cos^2 \mu t + \sin^2 \mu t) \\
&= \mu e^{2\lambda t}
\end{aligned}$$

## Section 3.4

### Problem 1

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 0$$

Then

$$r^2 - 2r + 1 = 0$$

So  $r = 1$ , finally

$$y(t) = C_1 e^t + C_2 t e^t$$

### Problem 8 [FOR GRADE]

$$2y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

Then

$$2r^2 + 2r + 1 = 0$$

So  $r = \{-1/2 - 1/2i, -1/2 + 1/2i\}$ . Finally,

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-t/2} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right) + C_2 e^{-t/2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right)$$

### Problem 11

$$y'' + 4y' + 4y = 0, \quad y(-1) = 2, \quad y'(-1) = 1$$

Then  $r = \{-2\}$ . So

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-2t} + C_2 t e^{-2t}$$

Taking the derivative

$$y'(t) = C_1 e^{-2t} - 2C_1 t e^{-2t} - 2C_2 e^{-2t}$$

Applying the initial conditions

$$\begin{cases} y(-1) = -C_1 e^2 + C_2 e^2 = 2 \\ y'(-1) = C_1 e^2 + 2C_1 e^2 - 2C_2 e^2 = 1 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 = \frac{5}{e^2} \\ C_2 = \frac{7}{e^2} \end{cases}$$

Therefore

$$y(t) = \frac{5}{e^2} t e^{-2t} + \frac{7}{e^2} e^{-2t}$$

As  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $y \rightarrow 0$ .

### Problem 18 [FOR GRADE]

$$t^2 y'' - 4t y' + 6y = 0, \quad t > 0; \quad y_1(t) = t^2$$

Let us apply the method of reduction Let the general solution be of the form

$$y(t) = v(t)y_1(t) = t^2 v(t)$$

Let us find the derivatives

$$\begin{aligned} y_2'(t) &= t^2 v'(t) + 2t v(t) \\ y_2''(t) &= t^2 v''(t) + 2t v'(t) + 2t v'(t) + 2v(t) \end{aligned}$$

Let us substitute the above into our original ODE

$$t^2(t^2v''(t) + 2tv'(t) + 2tv'(t) + 2v(t)) - 4t(t^2v'(t) + 2tv(t)) + 6(t^2v(t)) = 0$$

Simplifying yields

$$\begin{aligned}t^4v''(t) + 3t^3v'(t) + t^2v(t) - 4t^3v'(t) - 8t^2v(t) + 6t^2v(t) &= 0 \\t^4v''(t) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Then

$$v''(t) = 0$$

Integrate both sides

$$\begin{aligned}v'(t) &= C_1 \\v(t) &= C_1t + C_2\end{aligned}$$

Finally, the general solution is

$$y(t) = (C_1t + C_2)t^2 = C_1t^3 + C_2t^2 = C_1y_1(t) + C_2y_2(t)$$

and the second solution is  $y_2(t) = t^3$ .