Homework 6 Oracle

MATH 220 Spring 2021

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Section 3.3

Problem 7

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0$$

Find that $r = \{-1-i, -1+i\}$. Then

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-t} \cos(t) + C_2 e^{-t} \sin(t)$$

Problem 13 [FOR GRADE]

$$y''-2y'+5y=0$$
, $y(\pi/2)=0$, $y'(\pi/2)=2$

Find that $r = \{1+2i, 1-2i\}$. Then

$$y(t) = C_1 e^t \cos(2t) + C_2 e^t \sin(2t)$$

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Let us apply the initial conditions

$$\begin{cases} y(\pi/2) = 0 \\ y'(\pi/2) = 2 \end{cases} \Longrightarrow \begin{cases} C_1 = 0 \\ C_2 = -\frac{1}{e^{\pi/2}} \end{cases}$$

Finally,

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{e^{\pi/2}}e^t \sin(2t)$$

Problem 17

$$5u'' + 2u' + 7u = 0$$
, $u(0) = 2$, $u'(0) = 1$

Part (a)

Find that $r = \{-\frac{1}{5} - i\frac{\sqrt{34}}{5}, -\frac{1}{5} + i\frac{\sqrt{34}}{5}\}$. Then

$$\begin{cases} u(0) = 2 \\ u'(0) = 1 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 = 2 \\ C_2 = \frac{7}{\sqrt{34}} \end{cases}$$

Finally,

$$u(t) = 2e^{-t/5}\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{34}t}{5}\right) + \frac{7}{\sqrt{34}}e^{-t/5}\sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{34}t}{5}\right)$$

Part (b)

$$T \approx 14.512$$

Problem 19

$$\begin{split} W \big(e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t, e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \big) &= \begin{vmatrix} e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t & e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \\ \frac{d}{dt} \big(e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t \big) & \frac{d}{dt} \big(e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \big) \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t & e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \\ \lambda e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t - \mu e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t & \lambda e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t + \mu e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t \end{vmatrix} \\ &= e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t \big(\lambda e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t + \mu e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t \big) - e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \big(\lambda e^{\lambda t} \cos \mu t - \mu e^{\lambda t} \sin \mu t \big) \\ &= \lambda e^{2\lambda t} \cos \mu t \sin \mu t + \mu e^{2\lambda t} \cos^2 \mu t \lambda e^{2\lambda t} \cos \mu t \sin \mu t + \mu e^{2\lambda t} \sin^2 \mu t \\ &= \mu e^{2\lambda t} \big(\cos^2 \mu t + \sin^2 \mu t \big) \\ &= \mu e^{2\lambda t} \end{split}$$

Section 3.4

Problem 1

$$y''-2y'+y=0$$

Then

$$r^2 - 2r + 1 = 0$$

So r = 1, finally

$$y(t) = C_1 e^t + C_2 t e^t$$

Problem 8 [FOR GRADE]

$$2y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

Then

$$2r^2+2r+1=0$$

So $r = \{-1/2 - 1/2i, -1/2 + 1/2i\}$. Finally,

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-t/2} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right) + C_2 e^{-t/2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}t\right)$$

Problem 11

$$y''+4y'+4y=0$$
, $y(-1)=2$, $y'(-1)=1$

Then $r = \{-2\}$. So

$$y(t) = C_1 e^{-2t} + C_2 t e^{-2t}$$

Taking the derivative

$$v'(t) = C_1 e^{-2t} - 2C_1 t e^{-2t} - 2C_2 e^{-2t}$$

Applying the initial conditions

$$\begin{cases} y(-1) = -C_1 e^2 + C_2 e^2 = 2 \\ y'(-1) = C_1 e^2 + 2C_1 e^2 - 2C_2 e^2 = 1 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} C_1 = \frac{5}{e^2} \\ C_2 = \frac{7}{e^2} \end{cases}$$

Therefore

$$y(t) = \frac{5}{e^2} t e^{-2t} + \frac{7}{e^2} e^{-2t}$$

As $t \to \infty$, $y \to 0$.

Problem 18 [FOR GRADE]

$$t^2 v'' - 4t v' + 6v = 0$$
, $t > 0$; $v_1(t) = t^2$

Let us apply the method of reduction Let the general solution be of the form

$$y(t) = v(t)y_1(t) = t^2v(t)$$

Let us find the derivatives

$$y_2'(t) = t^2 v'(t) + 2t v(t)$$

$$y_2''(t) = t^2 v''(t) + 2t v'(t) + 2t v'(t) + 2v(t)$$

Let us substitute the above into our original ODE

$$t^{2}(t^{2}v''(t)+2tv'(t)+2tv'(t)+2v(t))-4t(t^{2}v'(t)+2tv(t))+6(t^{2}v(t))=0$$

Simplifying yields

$$t^{4}v''(t)+3t^{3}v'(t)+t^{2}v(t)-4t^{3}v'(t)-8t^{2}v(t)+6t^{2}v(t)=0$$
$$t^{4}v''(t)=0$$

Then

$$v''(t)=0$$

Integrate both sides

$$v'(t) = C_1$$
$$v(t) = C_1 t + C_2$$

Finally, the general solution is

$$y(t) = (C_1 t + C_2)t^2 = C_1 t^3 + C_2 t^2 = C_1 y_1(t) + C_2 y_2(t)$$

and the second solution is $y_2(t) = t^3$.