Homework 3 Oracle

MATH 220 Spring 2021

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67; 12021 H.E.

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Section 2.3

Problem 1 [FOR GRADE]

We model the tank problem the following way of

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = R_{in} - R_{out}$$

Then

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\frac{2x}{200} = -\frac{x}{100}$$

We know the original concentration of 1g/L, then apply the separable equations method

$$\int \frac{100}{x} dx = \int -1 dt$$

Solving it yields

$$x = 200e^{-\frac{t}{100}}$$

We need to find the time that will elapse before the concentration of dye in the tank reaches 1%. So

$$\frac{x(t)}{x(0)} = 0.01 \Longrightarrow 0.01 = e^{-\frac{t}{100}}$$

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Solving for t returns that $t = 100 \ln 100 \text{ min} \approx 460.5 \text{ min}$.

Problem 4

Part (a)

So our kinetic and potential energies are equal. Then

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \Longrightarrow v = \sqrt{2gh}$$

Part (b)

Recall

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = A(h)\frac{dh}{dt}$$
 and $\frac{dv}{dt} = av$

So then because constant α is contracting, the change is negative

$$A(h)\frac{dh}{dt} = -\alpha a \sqrt{2gh}$$

Part (c)

Recall $A(r) = \pi r^2$. Let h = 3 and $\alpha = 0.6$. Then solving for radius of 1m and the circular outlet radius of 0.1m, we get an equation

$$A(1)\frac{dh}{dt} = -(0.6) \times A(0.1)\sqrt{2gh} \Longrightarrow \pi \frac{dh}{dt} = -0.006\pi\sqrt{2gh} \Longrightarrow \frac{dh}{dt} = -0.006\sqrt{2gh}$$

Solving for t yields ≈ 130.41 .

Problem 9 [FOR GRADE]

Part (a)

See that

$$\frac{Q(5730)}{Q_0} = 0.5 \Longrightarrow \frac{Q_0 e^{-r(5730)}}{Q_0} = 0.5 \Longrightarrow e^{-r(5730)} = 0.5$$

Solve for r to get $r = 0.00012097\,y\,r^{-1}$

Part (b)

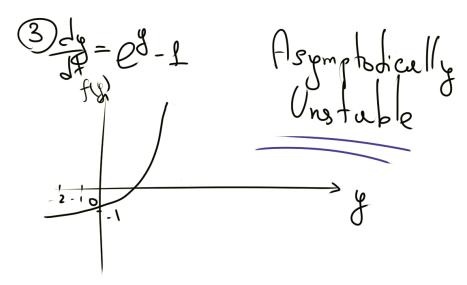
Trivially, it would be $Q_0 \exp(-0.00012097t)$, where t is measured in years.

Part (c)

Solve $e^{-rt} = 0.2$ to get 13,305 yr.

Section 2.5

Problem 3



Problem 5

(5) a)
$$\frac{dq}{dt} = \frac{1}{k(1-q^2)} = 0$$
 $\implies y = 1$

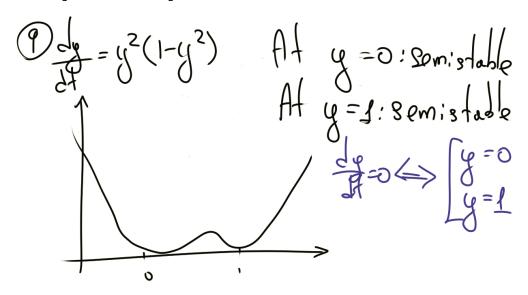
Dist is

perabola. Wide as

for as k goes

(1- $\frac{q}{4}$) $\implies \int \frac{dq}{(1-q)^2} = \int \frac{dq}{4} = \int \frac{1}{k(1-q)^2} \frac{1}{4} = \int \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} = \int \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} = \int \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} = \int \frac{1}{4} \frac{1$

Problem 9 [FOR GRADE]



Problem 13

$$y_{1,2} = \frac{K + T \pm \sqrt{K^2 - KT + T^3}}{3}$$