

- ☆ a) B about  $x$ -axis  
 ♥ b) A about  $y$ -axis

a) Area:

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 (x - x^4)^2 dx$$

← washer

Washer: rotate along an axis parallel  
 integrals to the axis of revolution

$$\pi R^2 \Rightarrow V = \pi \int_{x_1}^{x_2} [R_o(x)^2 - R_i(x)^2] dx$$

outer                  inner

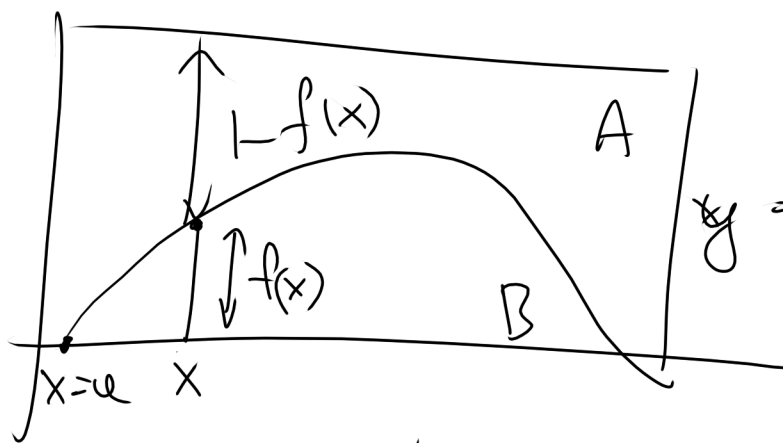
In our case,  $R_o(x) = f(x) = x - x^4$   
 $R_i(x) = 0$

Then 
$$V = \pi \int_0^1 (x - x^4)^2 dx$$

b) We will integrate with respect to  $x$  but we rotate around  $y$ .  
 $\Rightarrow$  Shell method (a.k.a. Disc Method)

$$V = 2\pi \int_a^b \overset{\text{radius}}{x} \overset{\text{height}}{f(x)} dx$$

where  $f(x)$  is the height of the curve



$$\text{height}_A(x) = 1$$

$$\text{height}_B(x) = 0$$

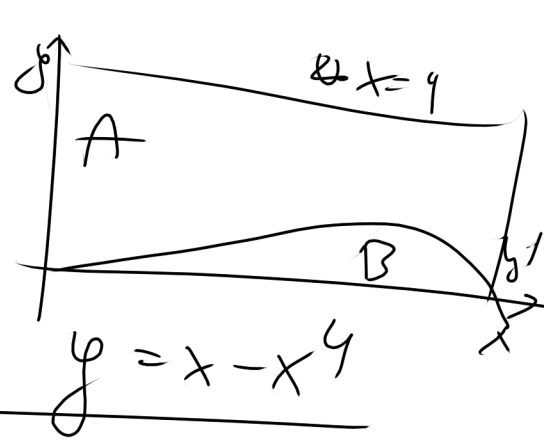
Then our height is  $1 - f(x) = 1 - (x - x^4)$   
 $= 1 - x + x^4$

Then

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^1 x (1 - x + x^4) dx$$

II

- c) B about  $x=3$  Shell
- d) A about  $y=-1$  washer



## Solutions

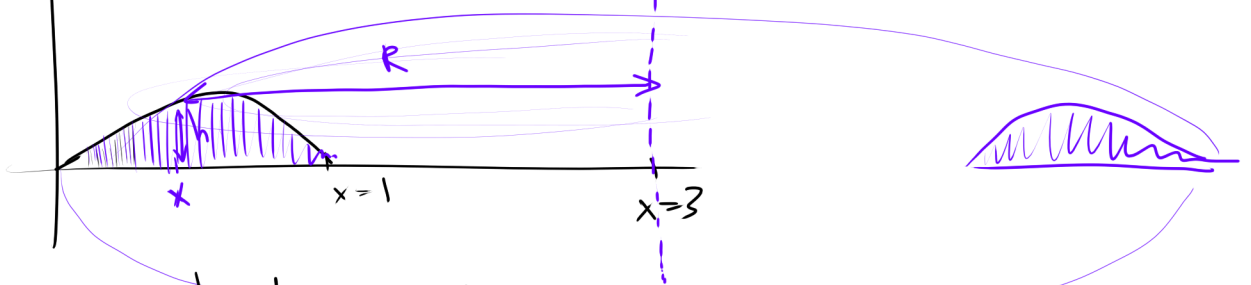
c)

$$y=1$$

$$h=f(x)$$

$$R=3-x$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^1 (3-x)(x-x^4) dx$$



d)

A about  $y=-1$

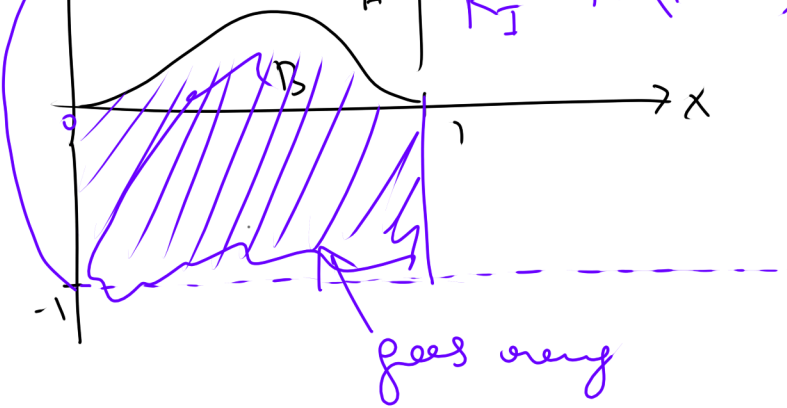
$$y$$

$$R_o = 2$$

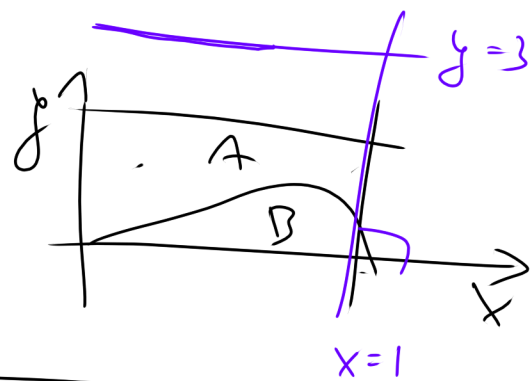
$$R_I = 1 + (x-x^4)$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 2^2 - (1 + (x-x^4))^2 dx$$

this goes into

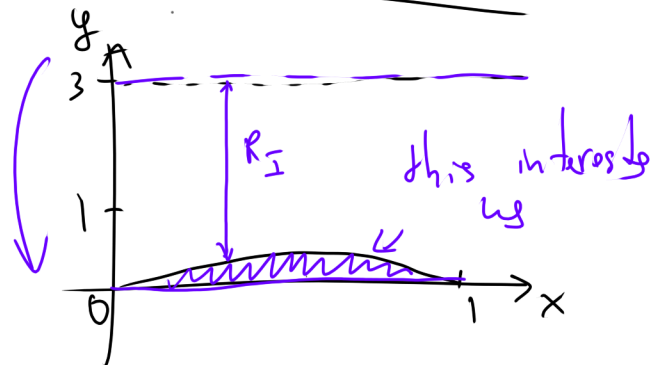


e) B about  $y=3$  washer  
 f) A about  $x=1$  shell



Solution

e)  $R_o = 3$   
 $R_I = 3 - (x - x^4)$



$$V = \pi \int_0^1 9 - (3 - (x - x^4))^2 dx$$

f)  $h = 1 - (x - x^4)$   
 $R = 1 - x$

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^1 (1 - (x - x^4)) (1 - x) dx$$

