Murch Sh, Middern Session $1) S = \frac{\infty}{\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{C^n}{n \ln n}}, Converges he AST$ a) Show 18-84/25/(n3125 Solution

N = 4

Solution

Solution

Solution

N = 4

Solution

Solution

N = 4

Solution $|S-S_4| = |S=\frac{1}{5(n5)} = \frac{1}{(n5)^5} = \frac{1}{(n3125)}$ b) Find N (He look n), such that 18-8~1 < 0.05 => |S-S_N | < 0.05 $= \frac{1}{(\mu \lambda) \ln(\mu \lambda)} \leq 0.05$ $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(N+1)(N+1)} \leq \frac{1}{20}$ \Rightarrow (N+1) (N+1) \geqslant 20 $\Rightarrow \left(m \left(\left(p+1 \right)^{M+1} \right) > 20$ => (N71) > 2 20

(of m=N+1, the $m_{M} > 6_{50}$ On a croppy celculator, find thut €20 ~4.85.10⁸ fire \$\\ 55 \approx 3.13 \\ 10^3 8° ~ 1,68.10⁷ 9° ~ 3,87.10⁸ NO1000 2) J(x) = 4/x, centered around &=-16. Approximate VII, gile error Solution $f(x) = x^{4} = 2$ $f'(x) = 4x^{34} \qquad f''(16) = 4 \cdot 16 = 32$ $f''(x) = -3 \cdot 74 \qquad f''(16) = -3 \cdot 16 \cdot 16 = -32048$

Then 2nd Tuylor is:

$$T_{2}(x) = \frac{f(c)}{c} + \frac{f'(c)}{c}(x-c)^{2} + \frac{f''(c)}{2!}(x-c)^{2}$$

$$= 2 + \frac{1}{32}(x-16) - \frac{3}{4096}(x-16)^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4}{17} = \frac{1}{5}(17) \approx \frac{1}{2}(17) = 2 + \frac{1}{32} - \frac{3}{4096} = \frac{8317}{4096}$$

$$\text{error} = \left| \frac{f(17)}{17} - \frac{f(17)}{17} \right| \leq \frac{17 - 16}{2 + 1} = \frac{162u(17)}{2 + 1} = \frac{21}{64} = \frac{21}{131072}$$

$$\Rightarrow f'''(x) = \frac{21}{64} \times \frac{1}{4}, \text{ monimized whon } \neq k = \frac{21}{64 \cdot 16} = \frac{21}{131072}$$

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Mug in K, error = | f(A) -T2(17) = 21 / 64.161/4.