

DARPA Grand Challenge Event -2 Progress and Tepra Paper

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- Review of Event & Challenge for OSU
- TEPRA Paper and Progress
- Modifications Needed
- Related Work and Future Plans



Event and Challenge for OSU

Event 2 (Rough Terrain Walking)





—To design new gaits and control scheme for Hubo to walk on rough terrains





- Sand
- Grass
 - Short
 - Tall
- Rocks



Major Contributions of our TEPRA Paper

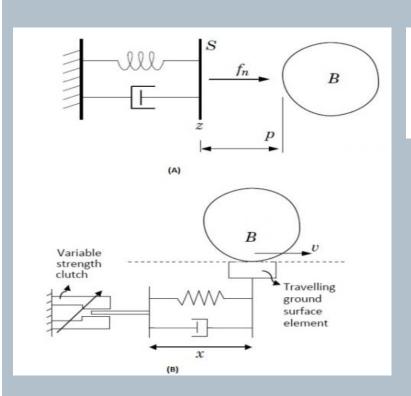
- Study the characteristics and modeling of the thre e kinds of rough surfaces - grass, sand, and rocks
- Develop two new types of gaits
 - Step-over gait
 - Ski-type quadruped gait for negotiating rough terrain



Characteristics and Modeling of Rough Surface



- Modeling vertical and friction forces



$$f_N = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } p > z \\ \max(0, -K_N z^n - D_N p^n \dot{p}) & \text{if } p = z \end{cases}$$

$$f_T = egin{cases} -\mu f_N & if \ f_{stick} < -\mu f_N \ \mu f_N & if \ f_{stick} > \mu f_N \ f_{stick} & if \ otherwise \end{cases}$$

$$f_{stick} = -K_T x - D_T v$$



Characteristics and Modeling of Rough Surface

- continued

- Grass: hybrid layer surface with a solid base and a compliant top layer
- Sand: relationship between subsidence of sand with the vertical load:

$$F = kb(\frac{z}{b})^n A$$

- (L. Zhang, L. Wang, F. Wang, K. Wang, 2009)
- Rocks: highly rugged and irregular
- All these 3 kinds of surfaces allow deformations, resulting in instability problems







Step-over gait

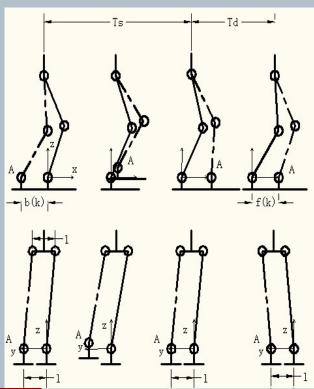
Basic Idea:

- 1. Lift swinging foot high to avoid tripping due to numerous small obstacles on rough terrain
- 2. Achieve better compliance when the foot put down



Step-over gait trajectories

- Consider both single support (SSP) and double support (DSP) phases
- Design adequate boundary conditions
- Develop smooth trajectories between



$$\begin{cases} x_{a}(k(T_{s}+T_{d})) = b(k) \\ x_{a}(t) = f(k) & when \ k(T_{s}+T_{d}) + T_{s} \leq t \leq (k+1)(T_{s}+T_{d}) \\ \dot{x}_{a}(k(T_{s}+T_{d}) + T_{s}) = 0 \\ y_{a}(k(T_{s}+T_{d})) = l \\ y_{a}(t) = l & when \ k(T_{s}+T_{d}) + T_{s} \leq t \leq (k+1)(T_{s}+T_{d}) \\ \dot{y}_{a}(k(T_{s}+T_{d}) + T_{s}) = 0 \\ z_{a}(k(T_{s}+T_{d})) = \bar{z}(k) \\ z_{a}(t) \geq 1.1h(k) & when \ k(T_{s}+T_{d}) + \varepsilon T_{s} \leq t \\ \leq k(T_{s}+T_{d}) + (1-\varepsilon)T_{s} \\ z_{a}(k(T_{s}+T_{d}) + T_{s}) = \tilde{z}(k) \\ z_{a}(k+1)(T_{s}+T_{d}) = -\tilde{z}(k+1) \end{cases}$$



Step-over gait – Advantages and Problems

Advantages:

- Avoiding small obstacles completely
- Vertical landing for easy compliance
- Adaptive foot height at the beginning of each step to avoid different sizes of obstacles

Problems:

- Not very energy-efficient
- Cannot achieve high speed
- Marginal stability



Experiment Video

..\Tutorial\IMG 0242.MOV





Proposed New Gaits for Rough Surface Walking

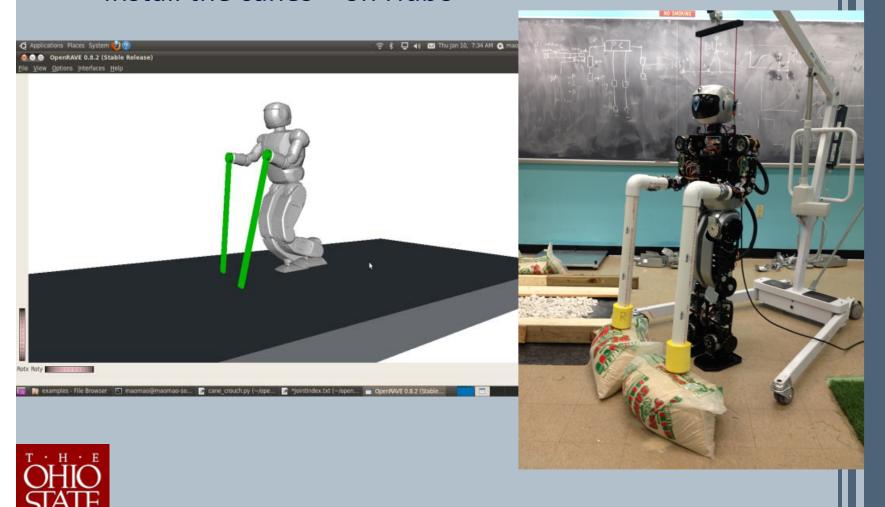
- Ski-type Quadruped Gait
 - Basic Idea: For really tough conditions, quadruped walking will be much more stable than biped walking
 - Unfortunately, Hubo has a limitation in the range of hip joints, which prevents the waist from fully bending to put the arm on the ground. Also arms are too short and weak.





Design Ski-Type Quadruped Gait Walking

- Design the canes openRAVE
- Install the canes on Hubo



Simulation Video

- A number of ski-type quadruped walking gaits developed
- The gaits have been simulated by Matlab
- OpenRAVE is difficult to simulate the ski gait.

test-0010.mpeg







Modifications Needed to Hubo

- Turn an originally designed biped robot to a quadruped robot is a challenge
- Strong shoulder and elbow joints so that the arms can support the weight of the body
- To lift the canes, the elbow and should joints need to be stronger
- Increase the compliance capability of the feet so that the feet can adapt to different kinds of rough surface
- Need vision system to find the best spot for foot holds.



Future Plan and Related Work to do

- Apply the Ski-type quadruped gait to Hubo
 - Understand and modify the control software
 - Implemented simulation-proved gaits on the Hubo robot
- Build a compliance control scheme in Hubo using sensory feedback and apply it to Stepover and Ski-type quadruped gaits





Thank you!

Questions Please

