INTRO TO DATA SCIENCE LECTURE 1: DATA EXPLORATION

WELCOME

LOGISTICS

Course Website: https://www.schoology.com/

Producer: Emma Walker

Instructors: Peter Passaro, Doug McIlwrath

E-mail: peter@datai.st, douglas.mcilwrath@cantab.net

Teaching Assistants: Calvin Giles, Tom Halloran

Course Times: 10:00am-1:00pm, 1:30pm-4:30pm, Saturdays (Back Hill)

- Basic Statistics (Mean, Variance, Samples, etc.)
- > Maths
 - Algebra (Polynomials, Graphing, etc.)
 - Linear Algebra (Vectors, Matrices, etc.)
 - > Some Calculus
- Exposure to Programming

I. WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE?
II. THE DATA MINING WORKFLOW

LAB:

III. WORKING AT THE UNIX COMMAND LINE IV. VISUALIZING DATA WITH R & GGPLOT2

I. WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE?

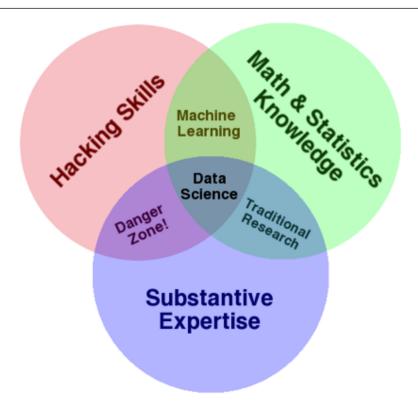
WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE?

• A set of tools and techniques used to extract useful information from data.

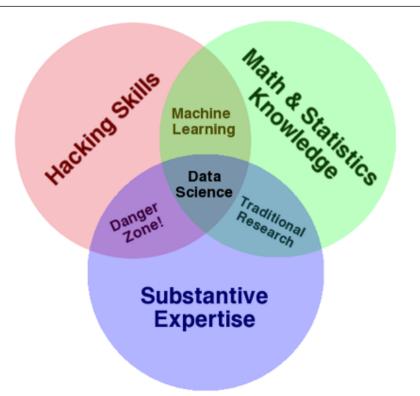
WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE?

- A set of tools and techniques used to extract useful information from data.
- An interdisciplinary, problem-oriented subject.

THE QUALITIES OF A DATA SCIENTIST



THE QUALITIES OF A DATA SCIENTIST



ONE MORE THING!

Communication skills

WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE?

- A set of tools and techniques used to extract useful information from data.
- An interdisciplinary, problem-solving oriented subject.
- The application of scientific techniques to practical problems.

WHAT IS DATA SCIENCE?

- A set of tools and techniques used to extract useful information from data.
- An interdisciplinary, problem-solving oriented subject.
- The application of scientific techniques to practical problems.
- A rapidly growing field.

























Michael E. Driscoll @medriscoll



Following

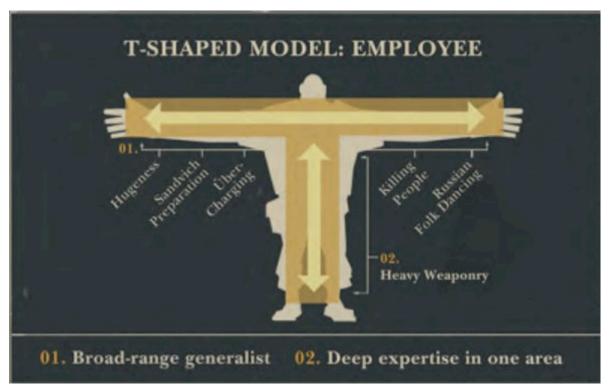
Data scientists: better statisticians than most programmers & better programmers than most statisticians bit.ly/NHmRqu @peteskomoroch





Reply Retweet * Favorite ••• More Pocket





(Valve Software)

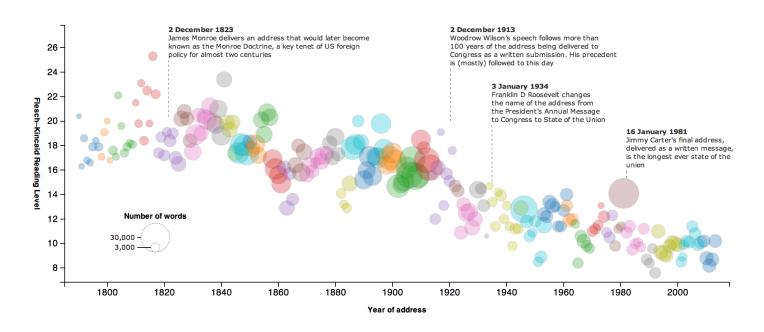
WHAT MAKES A GOOD DATA SCIENTIST?

- Statistical and machine learning knowledge
- Engineering experience
- Academic curiosity
- Product sense
- Storytelling
- Cleverness

The state of our union is ... dumber:

How the linguistic standard of the presidential address has declined

Using the Flesch-Kincaid readability test the Guardian has tracked the reading level of every state of the union



Music + Data: http://bit.ly/echonest

WHAT CAN YOU DO WITH DATA SCIENCE?

- Stack Overflow tag recommendation and response time prediction
- Locating ethnic food in ethnic neighborhoods
- Building optimal NBA teams
- Recommending new musical artists
- Prioritize emergency calls in Seattle
- Finding the right college for you

Dataists

- 1. Obtain
- 2. Scrub
- → 3. Explore
- 4. Model
- ▶ 5. Interpret

Jeff Hammerbacher

- ▶ 1. Identify problem
- 2. Instrument data sources
- 3. Collect data
- 4. Prepare data (integrate, transform, clean, impute, filter, aggregate)
- 5. Build model
- 6. Evaluate model
- 7. Communicate results

Ted Johnson

- ▶ 1. Assemble an accurate and relevant data set
- 2. Choose the appropriate algorithm

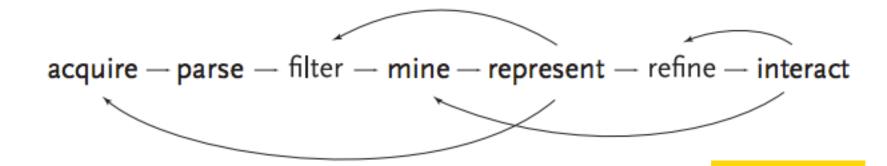
Ben Fry

- 1. Acquire
- 2. Parse
- → 3. Filter
- 4. Mine
- 5. Represent
- → 6. Refine
- 7. Interact



NOTE

This diagram illustrates the *iterative* nature of problem solving



source: http://benfry.com/phd/dissertation-110323c.pdf

IIL WORKING AT THE UNIX COMMAND LINE

EXERCISE - WORKING AT THE UNIX COMMAND LINE

Download this dataset:

http://bit.ly/pacedataset

EXERCISE – WORKING AT THE UNIX COMMAND LINE

KEY OBJECTIVES

- Navigate the filesystem
- Create, move, copy, and delete files & directories
- View & search files
- Edit & interact with files
- Combine steps
- Learn more

TOOLS

- Is, cd
- cat, touch, mv, cp, mkdir, rm, rmdir
- head, tail, less, cat, grep
- vim, tr, sort, uniq, wc
- pipe (|)
- man, apropos

NOTE

Being comfortable at the command line makes your life much easier!

IV. VISUALIZING DATA WITH R AND GGPLOT2

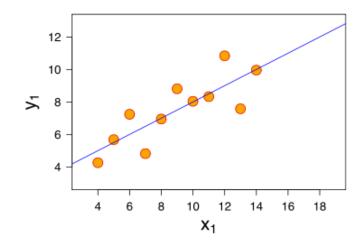
EXERCISE - VISUALIZING DATA WITH R AND GGPLOT2

KEY OBJECTIVES

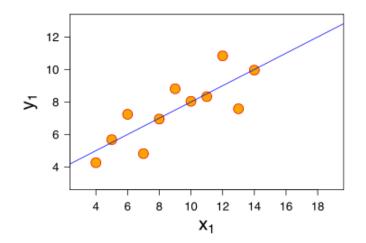
- Become familiar with the R environment
- Explore data in R
- Visualize data using ggplot2
- Mathematical bonus: power laws

IV. VISUALIZATIONS AS A MEDIUM FOR UNDERSTANDING

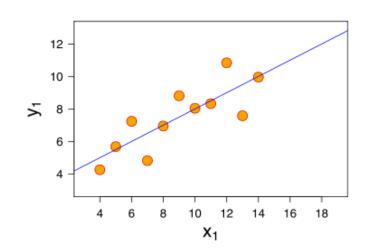
- eleven (x, y) points



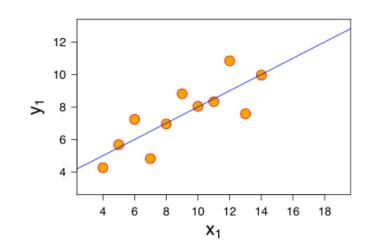
- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean of y = 7.5



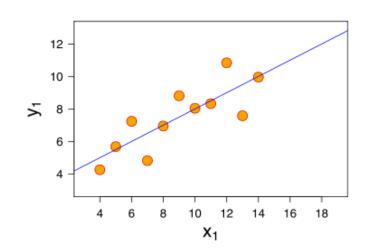
- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean
 of y = 7.5
- variance of x = 11, variance of y = 4.1



- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean of y = 7.5
- variance of x = 11, variance of y = 4.1
- correlation of x and y = 0.8

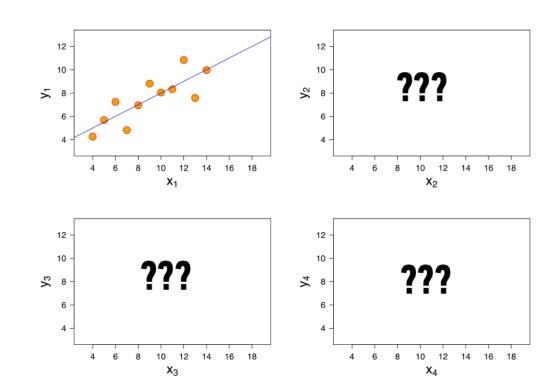


- eleven (x, y) points
- mean of x = 9, mean of y = 7.5
- variance of x = 11, varianceof y = 4.1
- correlation of x, y = 0.8
- line of best fit: y = 3.00 + 0.500x



Now, suppose I give you three more datasets with exactly the same characteristics...

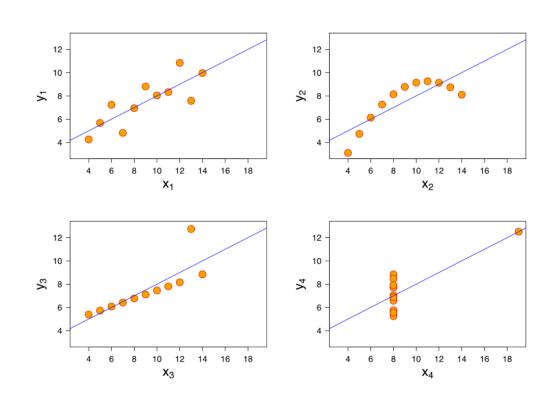
Q: how similar are these datasets?



Now, suppose I give you three more datasets with exactly the same characteristics.

Q: how similar are these datasets?

A: not very!



INTRO TO DATA SCIENCE

DISCUSSION