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基于多维协同注意力机制的航空碳纤维构件缺陷轻量化实时检测模型

Lightweight real-time defect detection model for aeronautical carbon fiber components driven by multi-dimensional collaborative attention mechanism

MA Xubeng 1, WU Xuanyu 2, HU Bingtao 2, LI Yaonan 1, SUN Zhenghao 3, FENG Yixiong 2, LI Chuanjiang 4

马徐蚌, 吴轩宇, 胡炳涛, 李耀楠, 孙征昊, 冯毅雄, 李传江

1. College of Mechanical Engineering. Guizhou University. Guiyang 550025. China

2. State Key Laboratory of Fluid Power and Mechatronic Systems, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310027, China

3. Shanghai Academy of Spaceflight Technology, Shanghai 200240, China

4. State Key Laboratory of Public Big Data, Guizhou University, Guiyang 550025. China

Ma Xubeng - 3146444194@qq.com (Corresponding Author: No)

Wu Xuanyu - xuanyuwu@zju.edu.cn (Corresponding Author: No)

Hu Bingtao - hubingtao@zju.edu.cn (Corresponding Author: Yes)

Li Yaonan - 1687374924@qq.com (Corresponding Author: No)

Sun Zhenghao - sunzh@163.com (Corresponding Author: No)

Feng Yixiong - fyxtv@zju.edu.cn (Corresponding Author: No)

Li Chuanjiang - licj@gzu.edu.cn (Corresponding Author: No)

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Abstract (English):

To address the challenges of high computational demands and resource constraints in real-time defect detection of aerospace carbon fiber components, a lightweight object detection framework was developed. An improved model based on the YOLOv11n framework was constructed by integrating Deformable Convolution (DCNv4) into the backbone network to enhance defect shape perception. A DualConv structure was employed to improve feature extraction efficiency, while the C3K2_MCA module incorporating a multi-dimensional collaborative attention mechanism was designed to strengthen multi-scale feature correlation and representation. Experimental results demonstrated that the improved model had achieved enhancements in both mAP and precision, along with a 20.6% increase in detection speed and a 23% reduction in computational resource consumption. This method effectively balanced detection accuracy, efficiency and computational cost, making it well-suited for real-time defect detection of carbon fiber components.

Keywords (English):

carbon fiber components; defect detection: YOLOv11n framework: multi-dimensional collaborative attention mechanism: lightweight model

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