Interactive Data Visualization with bokeh

4).Putting It all together-A Case Study

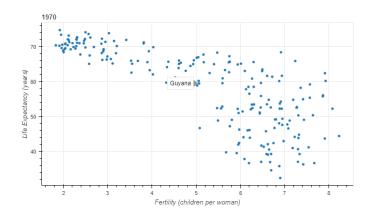
a). Some exploratory plots of the data# Perform necessary imports

from bokeh.io import show, output_file

from bokeh.plotting import figure

from bokeh.models import HoverTool, ColumnDataSource

```
# Make the ColumnDataSource: source
source = ColumnDataSource(data={
  'x'
        : data.loc[1970].fertility,
        : data.loc[1970].life,
  'country': data.loc[1970].Country,
})
# Create the figure: p
p = figure(title='1970', x_axis_label='Fertility (children per woman)', y_axis_label='Life Expectancy (years)',
      plot_height=400, plot_width=700,
      tools=[HoverTool(tooltips='@country')])
# Add a circle glyph to the figure p
p.circle(x='x', y='y', source=source)
# Output the file and show the figure
output_file('gapminder.html')
show(p)
```



```
b). Beginning with just a plot
# Import the necessary modules
from bokeh.io import curdoc
from bokeh.models import ColumnDataSource
from bokeh.plotting import figure
# Make the ColumnDataSource: source
source = ColumnDataSource(data={
  'x'
        : data.loc[1970].fertility,
  'v'
        : data.loc[1970].life,
              : data.loc[1970].Country,
  'country'
         : (data.loc[1970].population / 20000000) + 2,
  'pop'
  'region'
             : data.loc[1970].region,
})
# Save the minimum and maximum values of the fertility column: xmin, xmax
xmin, xmax = min(data.fertility), max(data.fertility)
# Save the minimum and maximum values of the life expectancy column: ymin, ymax
ymin, ymax = min(data.life), max(data.life)
# Create the figure: plot
plot = figure(title='Gapminder Data for 1970', plot_height=400, plot_width=700,
        x_range=(xmin, xmax), y_range=(ymin, ymax))
# Add circle glyphs to the plot
plot.circle(x='x', y='y', fill_alpha=0.8, source=source)
# Set the x-axis label
plot.xaxis.axis_label ='Fertility (children per woman)'
# Set the y-axis label
```

Interactive Data Visualization with bokeh

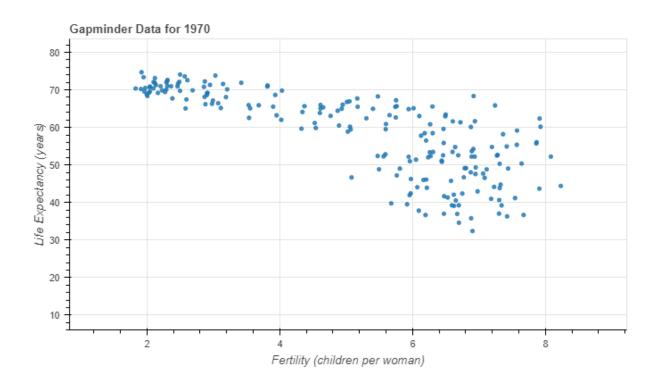
Chapter 4

plot.yaxis.axis_label = 'Life Expectancy (years)'

 $\ensuremath{\text{\#}} \xspace$ Add the plot to the current document and add a title

 $curdoc().add_root(plot)$

curdoc().title = 'Gapminder'



c). Enhancing the plpot with some shading

Make a list of the unique values from the region column: regions_list
regions_list = data.region.unique().tolist()

Import CategoricalColorMapper from bokeh.models and the Spectral6 palette from bokeh.palettes from bokeh.models import CategoricalColorMapper from bokeh.palettes import Spectral6

Make a color mapper: color_mapper

color_mapper = CategoricalColorMapper(factors=regions_list, palette=Spectral6)

Add the color mapper to the circle glyph

plot.circle(x='x', y='y', fill_alpha=0.8, source=source,

color=dict(field='region', transform=color_mapper), legend='region')

Set the legend.location attribute of the plot to 'top_right'
plot.legend.location = 'top_right'

Add the plot to the current document and add the title

curdoc().title = 'Gapminder'

 $curdoc().add_root(plot)$

Gapminder Data for 1970

South Asia
Europe & Central Asia
Middle East & North Africa
Sub-Saharan Africa
America
East Asia & Pacific

2

40

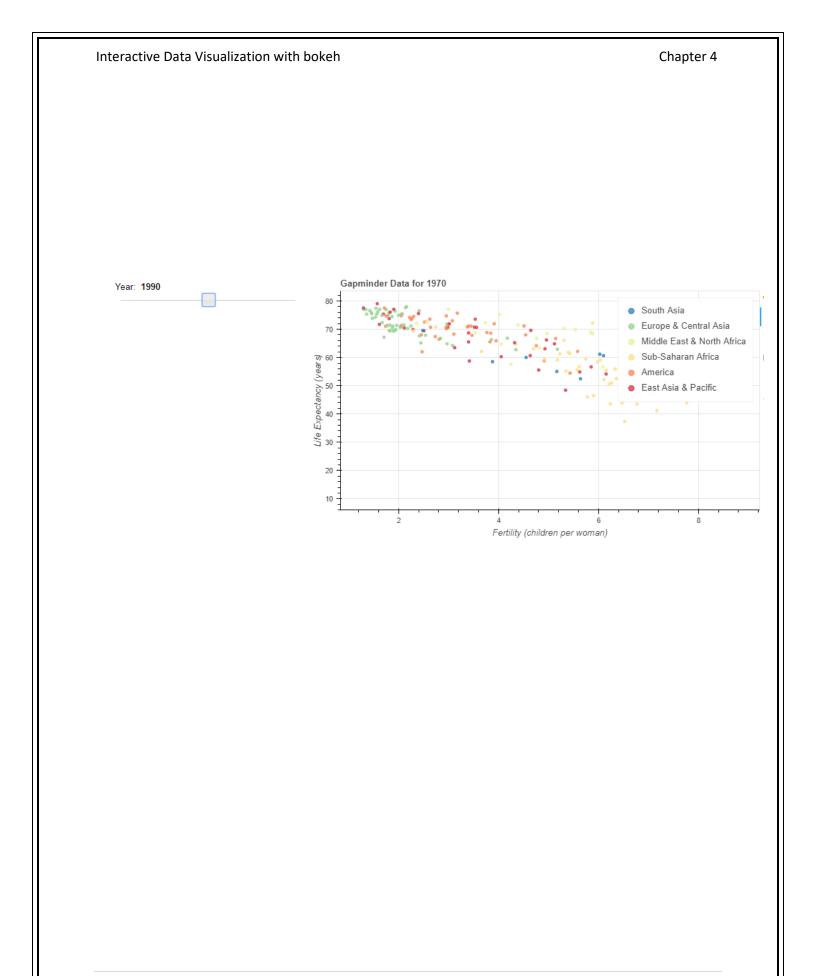
10

2

4 6

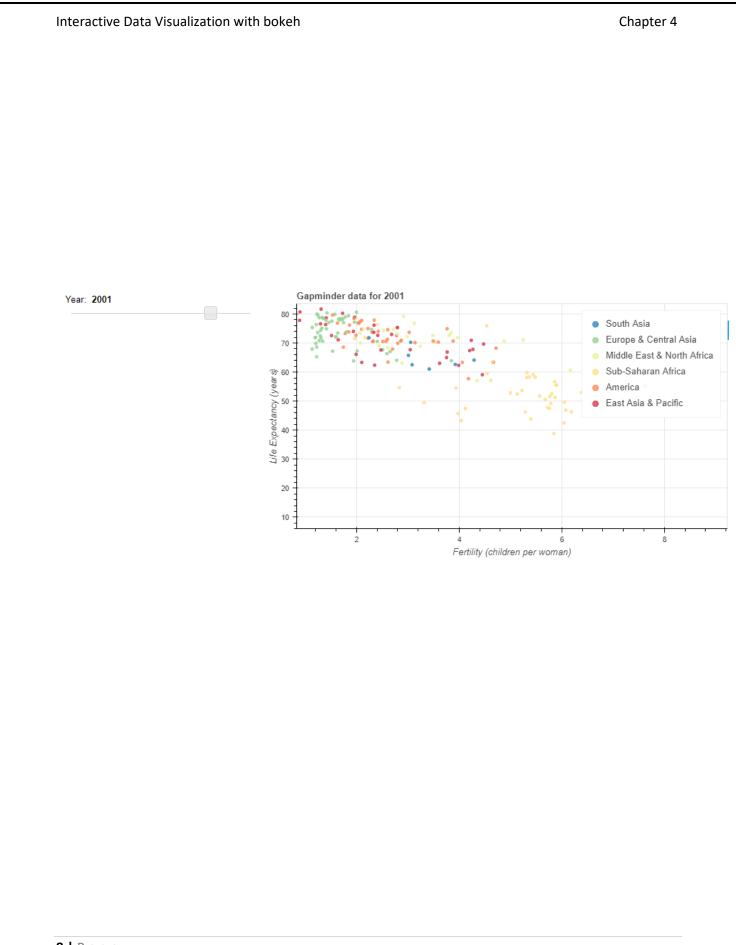
Fertility (children per woman)

```
d). Adding a Slider to vary the year
# Import the necessary modules
from bokeh.layouts import widgetbox, row
from bokeh.models import Slider
# Define the callback function: update_plot
def update_plot(attr, old, new):
  # set the `yr` name to `slider.value` and `source.data = new_data`
  yr = slider.value
  new_data = {
    'x'
           : data.loc[yr].fertility,
    'y'
           : data.loc[yr].life,
    'country': data.loc[yr].Country,
    'pop' : (data.loc[yr].population / 20000000) + 2,
    'region' : data.loc[yr].region,
  source.data = new_data
# Make a slider object: slider
slider = Slider(start=1970, end=2010, step=1, value=1970, title='Year')
# Attach the callback to the 'value' property of slider
slider.on_change('value', update_plot)
# Make a row layout of widgetbox(slider) and plot and add it to the current document
layout = row(widgetbox(slider), plot)
curdoc().add_root(layout)
```



e). Customizing Based on User Input

```
# Define the callback function: update_plot
def update_plot(attr, old, new):
  # Assign the value of the slider: yr
  yr = slider.value
  # Set new data
  new_data = {
    'x'
           : data.loc[yr].fertility,
    'y'
           : data.loc[yr].life,
    'country': data.loc[yr].Country,
    'pop' : (data.loc[yr].population / 20000000) + 2,
    'region' : data.loc[yr].region,
  # Assign new_data to: source.data
  source.data = new_data
  # Add title to figure: plot.title.text
  plot.title.text = 'Gapminder data for %d' % yr
# Make a slider object: slider
slider = Slider(start=1970, end=2010, step=1, value=1970, title='Year')
# Attach the callback to the 'value' property of slider
slider.on_change('value',update_plot)
# Make a row layout of widgetbox(slider) and plot and add it to the current document
layout = row(widgetbox(slider), plot)
curdoc().add_root(layout)
```



Interactive Data Visualization with bokeh

Chapter 4

f). Adding a Hover Tool

 ${\it \#}\ Import\ Hover Tool\ from\ bokeh.models$

from bokeh.models import HoverTool

Create a HoverTool: hover

hover = HoverTool(tooltips=[('Country', '@country')])

Add the HoverTool to the plot

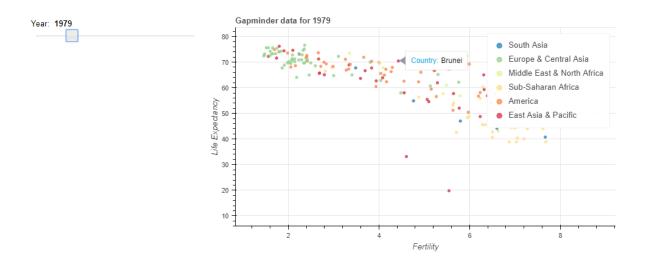
 $plot.add_tools(hover)$

Create layout: layout

layout = row(widgetbox(slider),plot)

Add layout to current document

curdoc().add_root(layout)



g). Adding Dropdown to the app

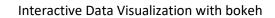
```
# Define the callback: update_plot
def update_plot(attr, old, new):
  # Read the current value off the slider and 2 dropdowns: yr, x, y
  yr = slider.value
  x = x_select.value
  y = y_select.value
  # Label axes of plot
  plot.xaxis.axis\_label = x
  plot.yaxis.axis_label = y
  # Set new_data
  new_data = {
           : data.loc[yr][x],
    'y'
           : data.loc[yr][y],
    'country': data.loc[yr].Country,
    'pop' : (data.loc[yr].population / 20000000) + 2,
    'region' : data.loc[yr].region,
  # Assign new_data to source.data
  source.data = new_data
  # Set the range of all axes
  plot.x_range.start = min(data[x])
  plot.x_range.end = max(data[x])
  plot.y\_range.start = min(data[y])
  plot.y_range.end = max(data[y])
  # Add title to plot
  plot.title.text = 'Gapminder data for %d' % yr
```

Create a dropdown slider widget: slider

```
Interactive Data Visualization with bokeh
```

Chapter 4

```
slider = Slider(start=1970, end=2010, step=1, value=1970, title='Year')
# Attach the callback to the 'value' property of slider
slider.on_change('value', update_plot)
# Create a dropdown Select widget for the x data: x_select
x_select = Select(
  options=['fertility', 'life', 'child_mortality', 'gdp'],
  value='fertility',
  title='x-axis data'
# Attach the update_plot callback to the 'value' property of x_select
x_select.on_change('value', update_plot)
# Create a dropdown Select widget for the y data: y_select
y_select = Select(
  options=['fertility', 'life', 'child_mortality', 'gdp'],
  value='life',
  title='y-axis data'
# Attach the update_plot callback to the 'value' property of y_select
y_select.on_change('value', update_plot)
# Create layout and add to current document
layout = row(widgetbox(slider, x_select, y_select), plot)
curdoc().add_root(layout)
```



Chapter 4

