

Routing for Driving Pleasure

Aka “What's the most fun way to get some where?”

Dan “Ducky” Little
@theduckylittle
dan.little@dbspatial.com

<http://github.com/theduckylittle/routing-for-fun>

What do we do now?

- We route for speed!
- The idea seems to be to get people off the road as quickly as possible.
- Maximum speed with minimal distance.

Why is that so boring?

- Have you ever seen the look of an interstate?



What is a “rally”?

- There are two kinds of rally
- “Special Stage”, “Stage”, “Pro”, or “Performance” Rallies are speed competitions run off road.



The Other Kind of Rally

- “Tour” Rallies or “Time-Speed Distance” Rally
- The goal is to arrive at a specific place on a specific time.
- “Casual” timing is to the second.
- Highly competitive rallies are measured to the hundredth of a minute. That's 0.6 of a second.

That doesn't sound so hard

- Please, come try it!

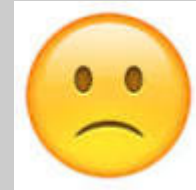
What about GIS?

- Right, back to GIS.
- Planning a rally can be hard.
- The goal is to find 'fun' roads to drive.

What makes a road fun?



- Turns! “Twistys”
- Speed!
- Turns with Speed!
- *Gravel!**



- Long Straight Roads
- Traffic
- People complaining when you drive past.

* This is subjective, I'm biased, and this is disclosure.

Time for Math!

- **Tortuosity** is a relative measure of curvy-ness.
- It is the ratio of the **length** of the curve over the **distance** between the starting and end point.

For Example...

- A Straight Line...

(0,0) _____ (1,0)

Length of the Line:

$$A^2 + B^2 = L^2$$

$$1^2 + 0^2 = L^2$$

$$\text{Sqrt}(1 + 0) = L$$

$$1 = L$$

Distance between Starting Points

$$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$$

$$1^2 + 0^2 = C^2$$

$$\text{Sqrt}(1 + 0) = C$$

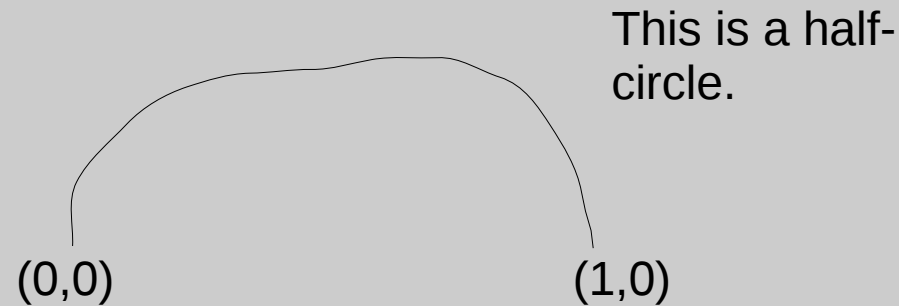
$$1 = C$$

Tortousity

$$T = L / C$$

$$T = 1.0$$

A Curvier Example



Length of the Line:

$$P = \pi * R$$

$$P = \pi * .5$$

$$P = 3.14159 * 1$$

$$P = 3.14159$$

Half of the circle..

$$L = P * .5$$

$$L = 1.57$$

Distance between Starting Points

$$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$$

$$1^1 + 0^2 = C^2$$

$$\text{Sqrt}(1 + 0) = C$$

$$1 = C$$

Tortousity

$$T = L / C$$

$$T = 1.57$$

How do we find these roads?

- OpenStreetMap Data for Minnesota
- Postgresql with PostGIS and pgRouting Installed

Loading up the Data

- Don't use the wrong tools!
- No seriously...

Osm2pgrouting

- This works well if you have a lot of the setup done ahead of time.

Osm2po

- Has some license/open-ness issues but WORKS

Loading up the data...

```
java -Xmx1g -jar osm2po-core-5.1.0-signed.jar prefix=hh  
tileSize=x ../minnesota-latest.osm.pbf  
postp.0.class=de.cm.osm2po.plugins.postp.PgRoutingWriter
```



Loading up the data...

```
./osm2po_minnesota.sh
```



Calculating Tortuosity

- With all the data loaded we can finally do math!

All you need to do is this...

```
-- Add the appropriate cost columns to the route-able dataset
--
alter table hh_2po_4pgr add column tortuosity float;
alter table hh_2po_4pgr add column tortuosity_cost float;
alter table hh_2po_4pgr add column speed_adjusted_cost float;

-- "zero" out the costs with null
--
update hh_2po_4pgr
  set speed_adjusted_cost = null, tortuosity_cost = null;

-- Calculate the tortuosity
--
update hh_2po_4pgr
  set tortuosity = (st_length(geom_way) / st_length(st_makeline(st_startpoint(geom_way), st_endpoint(geom_way))))
  where st_length(st_makeline(st_startpoint(geom_way), st_endpoint(geom_way))) != 0;

-- Convert that into a more routing friendly cost
update hh_2po_4pgr topo
  set tortuosity_cost = (
    case
      when tortuosity > 1.5 then 0
      when tortuosity > 1.0001 then .1
      else 1 end
    )
  where topo.tortuosity is not null;

-- clean up stragglers that had issues
update hh_2po_4pgr topo set tortuosity_cost = 1 where topo.tortuosity is null;

-- calculate a time-travel cost, this is used to find the "fast" route.
update hh_2po_4pgr
  set speed_adjusted_cost = km / kmh;
```

Or this...

```
routing-for-fun $ psql "dbname=gis user=gis password=gis15fun" -f calculate_fun.sql
```



And finally make a topology

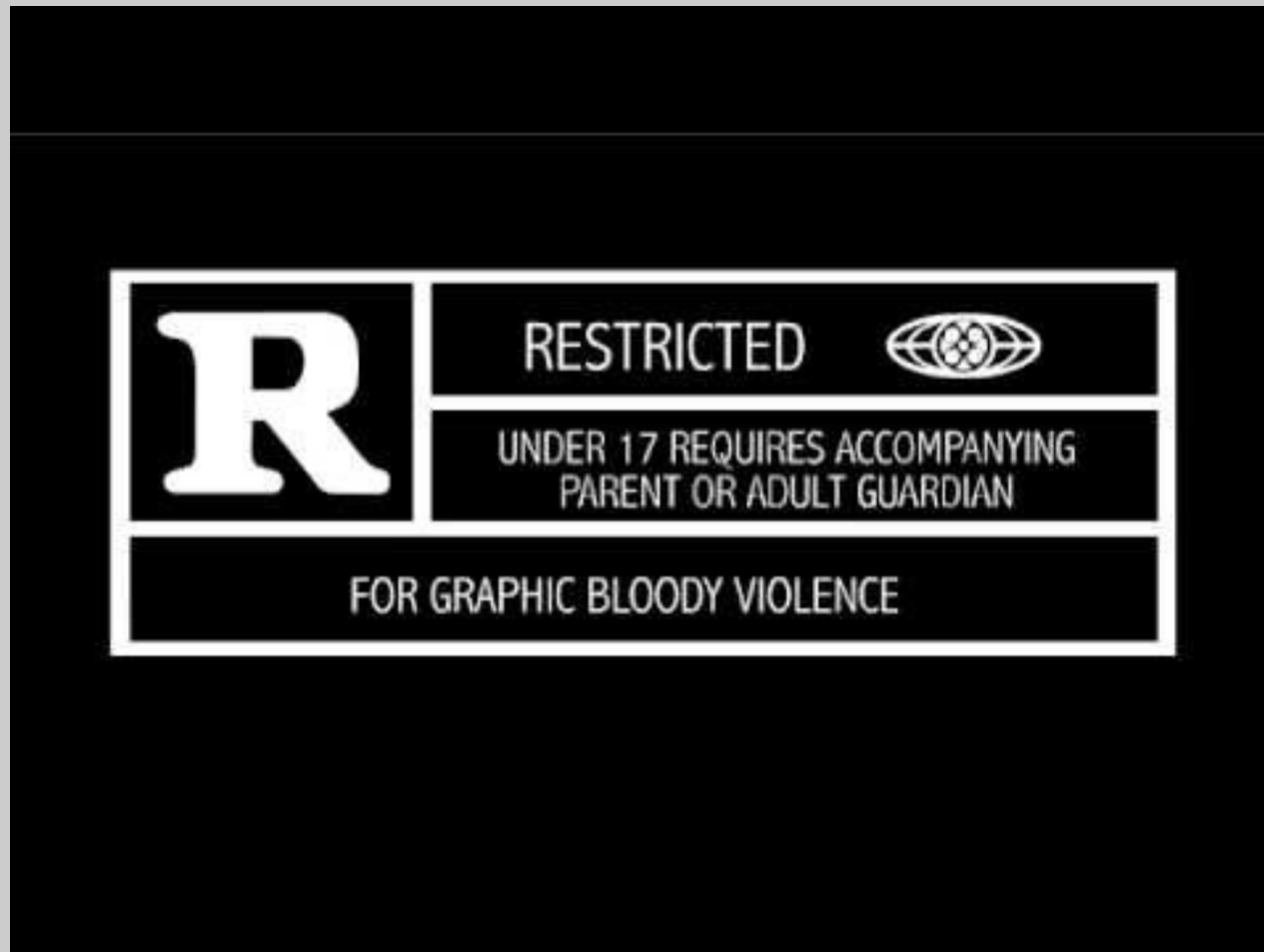
- Topologies are a network of “nodes” and “links” that form a “graph”. This collection of nodes and links can be used to find a path.

```
-- Creates a topology on the hh_2po_4pgr table  
select pgr_createtopology('hh_2po_4pgr', .0001, 'geom_way', 'id');
```

create_topology.sql

And this all builds to!!!

- A programmer using a Desktop GIS Package.



Routing Between Places

- Given two different points... find a route.
- The SQL gets pretty complicated. I have written a python script that does the dirty work...

```
./create_route.py -- "dbname=gis user=gis password=gis15fun  
host=localhost" -92.07286,46.816695 -91.865675,47.903252 duluth_to_ely
```

- There is also a script “create_example_routes.sh” that created the next examples

Classic Saturday Drive Problem

- Start with Coffee.
- End with Beer.
- Coffee.
- Beer.
- Fun?

Back to QGIS!

Results

- If you want to tackle a similar problem you'll find yourself facing the same obstacles. I hope this can save you time and effort.
- Try Rallying!
 - <https://www.facebook.com/TwinCityRallyClub/>
 - <https://www.facebook.com/groups/Rallye1/>
- Enjoy the source!
 - <https://github.com/theduckylittle/routing-for-fun>
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