



Cisco Certified Network Associate (200-301 CCNA) Training Curriculum

STRUCTURE



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"Join our comprehensive CCNA (200-301) Certification Training Program to give new heights to your career like never before."

Course Objectives:

The focus of our CCNA certification training is to help you learn:

- Network layer addressing and subnetting, Configuring a Cisco Router, Ethernet operation, Switch configuration.
- VLAN operation and configuration, STP and Ethernet Channel operation and configuration
- TCP and UDP Operation, Building, Configuring, and Troubleshooting ACLs
- Network address translation operation and configuration, Wide area networking and VPN operation
- Implementing application layer protocols for Cisco networks
- Cisco Network basic security concepts, Cisco wireless basic operation and configuration
- Network troubleshooting, The basics for network automation and programmability.
- Attempt for the certification exam, clear it in the first attempt, and gain credentials that are valid worldwide.

Course Description:

CCNA certification program is for entry-level network engineers which teaches from basics to intermediate level in networking. It is a globally recognized certification and is One of the oldest and still most popular ones.

This certification will make you understand the ability to install, configure, operate, and troubleshoot medium-size Router and Switch networks. This newer version of CCNA course also includes security and automation programmability.

According to a recent survey, this certificate enhances career opportunities and also provides higher pay by 20%. Some organization mandatory CCNA is for IT network security position. This certification will allow you to enhance your knowledge horizons in the field of computer networks and proves that you are more knowledgeable than other non-certified professionals.

CCNA Certification provides you a thorough knowledge of LAN, VLAN, and IP addressing and routing, Security Fundamentals, automation, and programmability.

CCNA 200-301 Certification Exam Details:

The Cisco Certified Network Associate (CCNA 200-301) exam is a 120-minute exam associated with the CCNA certification. This exam tests a candidate's knowledge and skills related to network fundamentals, network access, IP connectivity, IP services, security fundamentals, and automation and programmability. The course, Implementing and Administering Cisco Solutions (CCNA), helps candidates prepare for this exam.

CCNA 200-301 Certification Exam Structure:

- Network Fundamentals – 20%
- Network Access – 20%
- IP connectivity – 20%
- IP Services – 10%
- Security fundamental – 15%
- Automation and Programmability – 10%

Course Content:

Module 1: Network Fundamentals

- Explain the role and function of network components
 - Routers
 - L2 and L3 switches
 - Next-generation firewalls and IPS
 - Access points
 - Controllers (Cisco DNA Center and WLC)
 - Endpoints
 - Servers
- Describe characteristics of network topology architectures
 - 2-tier architecture
 - 3-tier architecture
 - Spine-leaf
 - WAN
 - Small office/home office (SOHO)
 - On-premises and cloud
- Compare physical interface and cabling types
 - Single-mode fibre, multimode fibre, copper
 - Connections (Ethernet shared media and point-to-point)
 - Concepts of PoE
- Identify interface and cable issues (collisions, errors, mismatch duplex, and/or speed)
- Compare TCP to UDP
- Configure and verify IPv4 addressing and subnetting
- Describe the need for private IPv4 addressing
- Configure and verify IPv6 addressing and prefix
- Compare IPv6 address types
 - Global unicast
 - Unique local
 - Link local
 - Anycast
 - Multicast
 - Modified EUI 64
- Verify IP parameters for Client OS (Windows, Mac OS, Linux)
- Describe wireless principles

- Nonoverlapping Wi-Fi channels
- SSID
- RF
- Encryption
- Explain virtualization fundamentals (virtual machines)
- Describe switching concepts
 - MAC learning and aging
 - Frame switching
 - Frame flooding
 - MAC address table

Module 2: Network Access

- Configure and verify VLANs (normal range) spanning multiple switches
 - Access ports (data and voice)
 - Default VLAN
 - Connectivity
- Configure and verify Interswitch connectivity
 - Trunk ports
 - 802.1Q
 - Native VLAN
- Configure and verify Layer 2 discovery protocols (Cisco Discovery Protocol and LLDP)
- Configure and verify (Layer 2/Layer 3) EtherChannel (LACP)
- Describe the need for and basic operations of Rapid PVST+ Spanning Tree Protocol and identify basic operations
 - Root port, root bridge (primary/secondary), and other port names
 - Port states (forwarding/blocking)
 - PortFast benefits
- Compare Cisco Wireless Architectures and AP modes
- Describe physical infrastructure connections of WLAN components (AP, WLC, access/trunk ports, and LAG)
- Describe AP and WLC management access connections (Telnet, SSH, HTTP, HTTPS, console, and TACACS+/RADIUS)
- Configure the components of a wireless LAN access for client connectivity using GUI only such as WLAN creation, security settings, QoS profiles, and advanced WLAN settings

Module 3: IP Connectivity

- Interpret the components of routing table
 - Routing protocol code
 - Prefix
 - Network mask
 - Next hop
 - Administrative distance
 - Metric
 - Gateway of last resort
- Determine how a router makes a forwarding decision by default
 - Longest match

- Administrative distance
 - Routing protocol metric
- Configure and verify IPv4 and IPv6 static routing
 - Default route
 - Network route
 - 33Host route
 - Floating static
- Configure and verify single area OSPFv2
 - Neighbour adjacencies
 - Point-to-point
 - Broadcast (DR/BDR selection)
 - Router ID
- Describe the purpose of first hop redundancy protocol

Module 4: IP Services

- Configure and verify inside source NAT using static and pools
- Configure and verify NTP operating in a client and server mode
- Explain the role of DHCP and DNS within the network
- Explain the function of SNMP in network operations
- Describe the use of syslog features including facilities and levels
- Configure and verify DHCP client and relay
- Explain the forwarding per-hop behavior (PHB) for QoS such as classification, marking, queuing, congestion, policing, shaping
- Configure network devices for remote access using SSH
- Describe the capabilities and function of TFTP/FTP in the network

Module 5: Security Fundamentals

- Define key security concepts (threats, vulnerabilities, exploits, and mitigation techniques)
- Describe security program elements (user awareness, training, and physical access control)
- Configure device access control using local passwords
- Describe security password policies elements, such as management, complexity, and password alternatives (multifactor authentication, certificates, and biometrics)
- Describe remote access and site-to-site VPNs
- Configure and verify access control lists
- Configure Layer 2 security features (DHCP snooping, dynamic ARP inspection, and port security)
- Differentiate authentication, authorization, and accounting concepts
- Describe wireless security protocols (WPA, WPA2, and WPA3)
- Configure WLAN using WPA2 PSK using the GUI

Module 6: Automation and Programmability

- Explain how automation impacts network management
- Compare traditional networks with controller-based networking

- Describe controller-based and software defined architectures (overlay, underlay, and fabric)
 - Separation of control plane and data plane
 - North-bound and south-bound APIs
- Compare traditional campus device management with Cisco DNA Center enabled device management
- Describe characteristics of REST-based APIs (CRUD, HTTP verbs, and data encoding)
- Recognize the capabilities of configuration management mechanisms Puppet, Chef, and Ansible
- Interpret JSON encoded data

Module 7: Placement Guide

- Tips to clear an Interview
- Common Interview questions and answers
- CCNA (200-301) Interview Questions and Answers
- Resume Building Guide
- Attempt for Global Certification Exam
- Start applying for Jobs