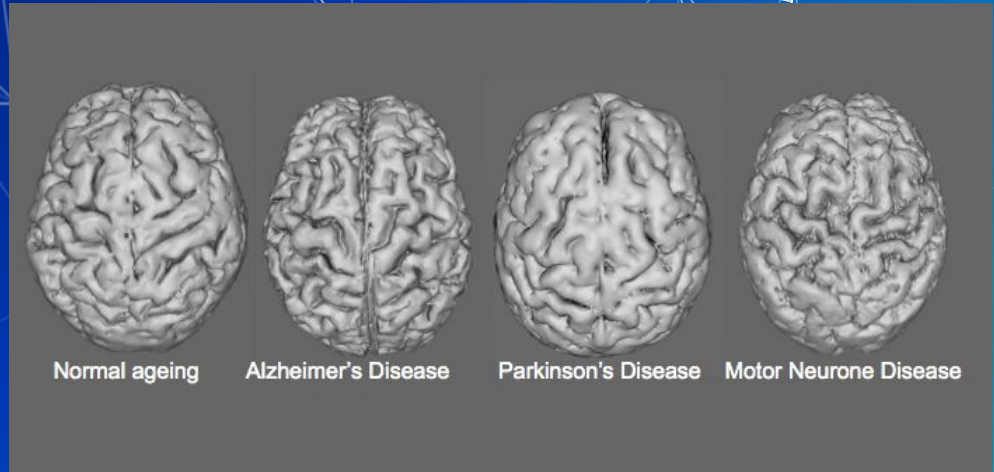
The background of the slide is a dark blue gradient with a complex, white, abstract network diagram. The diagram consists of numerous interconnected nodes and edges, forming a web-like structure that spans the entire frame. The nodes are represented by small white dots, and the edges are thin white lines. The overall effect is a sense of a large, interconnected system, likely representing a protein network.

Centrality in Protein Networks from Neurodegenerative Diseases

Daniel Firebanks
05/27/2019

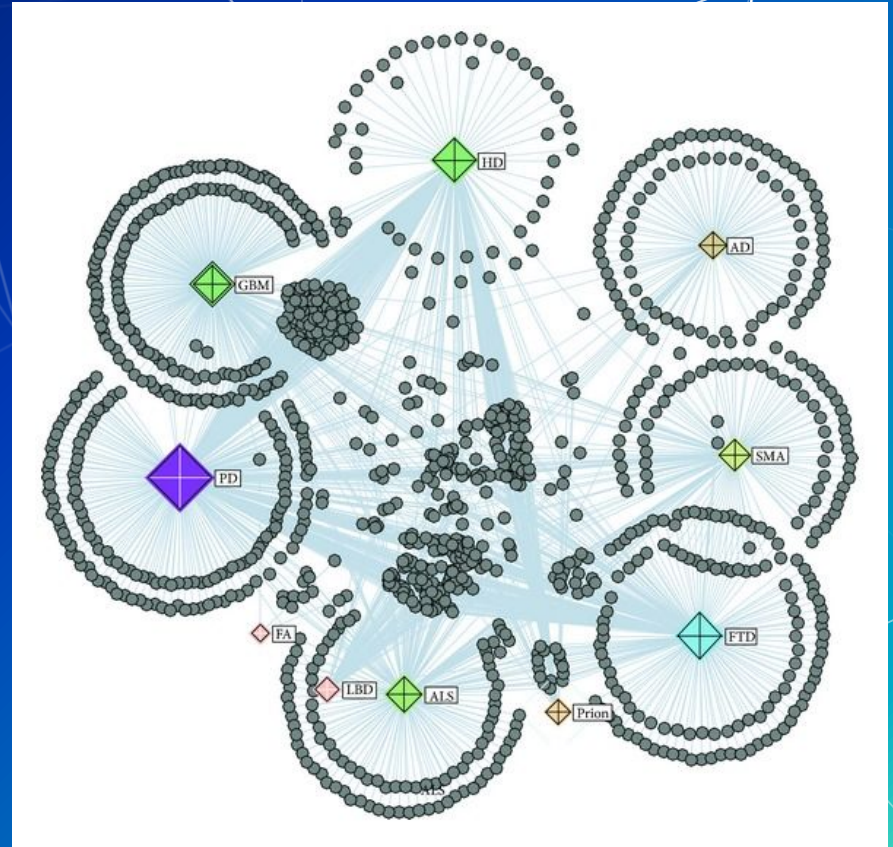
Background

- Protein-Protein Interaction Networks (**PPI**)
- Neurodegenerative diseases (**ND**)
- **Goal:** Find relatedness of NDs
- **Centrality** → Protein importance, generalizable system



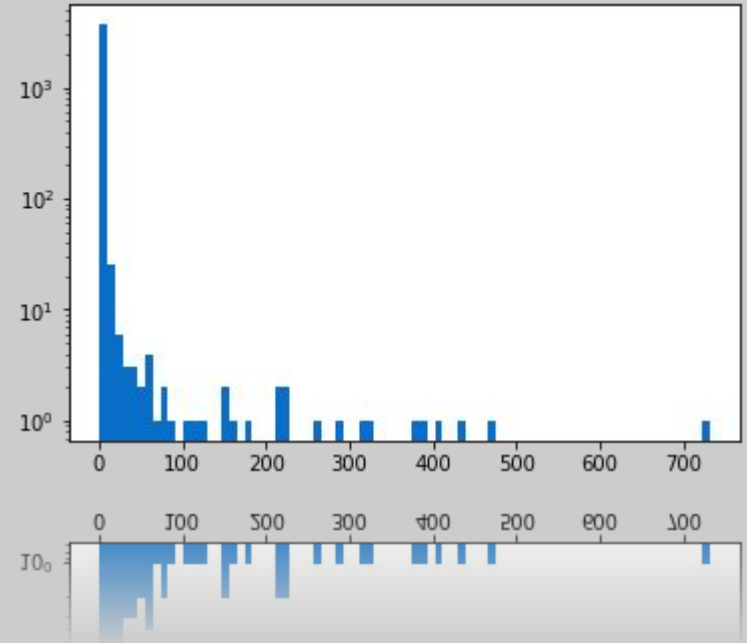
Steps

1. Build network from the list of disease proteins
2. Calculate centrality measures for every node
3. Analyze results



Network Properties

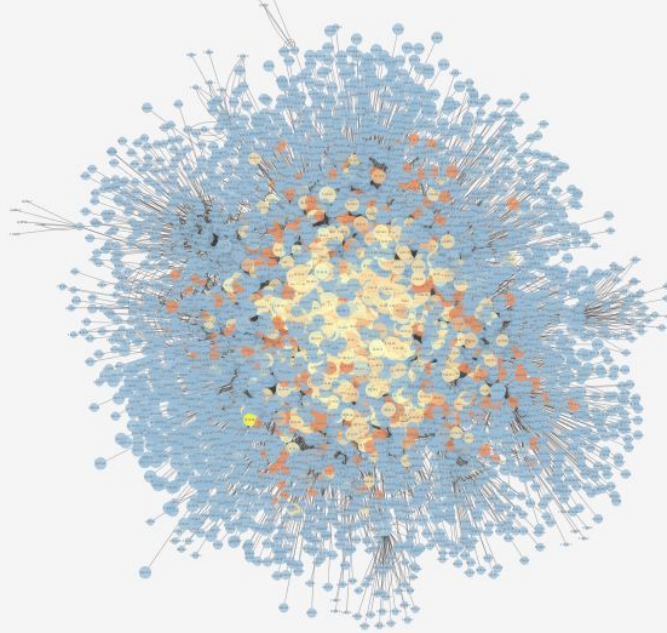
- Undirected
- First degree neighbors only
- Nodes, Edges = 3758, 6957
- Min degree: 1
- Max degree: 731
- Density: 0.0009854
- Avg. degree = 3-4



PPI Network



Reduced network



Centrality results

Closeness

1. 'POCG48': 0.480 | (None)
2. 'P55072': 0.435 | (FTD)
3. 'O60260': 0.423 | (PD)

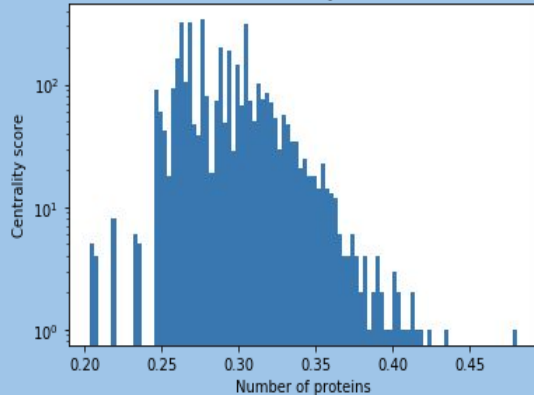
Betweenness

1. 'P55072': 0.243
2. 'Q5S007': 0.133 | (PD)
3. 'P42858': 0.130 | (HD)

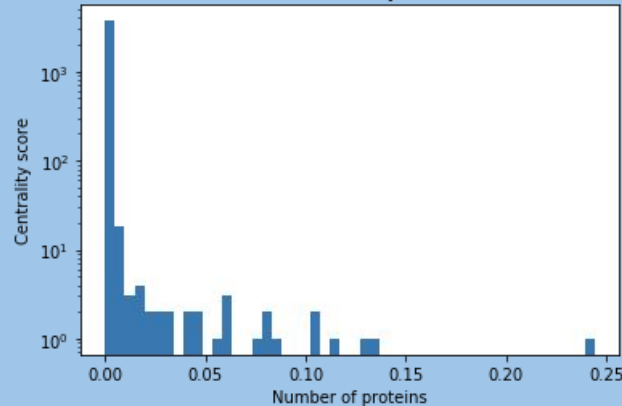
Eigenvector

1. 'P55072': 0.417
2. 'O60260': 0.244
3. 'P35637': 0.227 | (ALS)

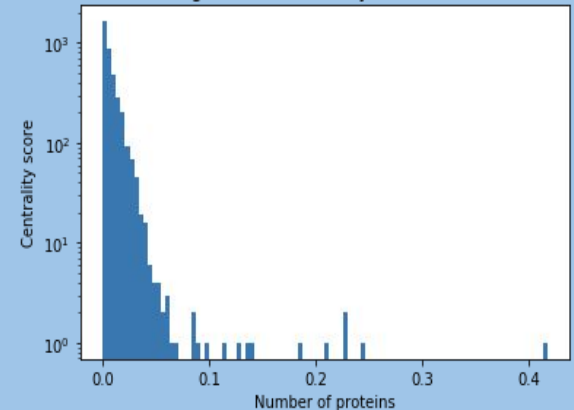
Closeness centrality distribution



Betweenness centrality distribution

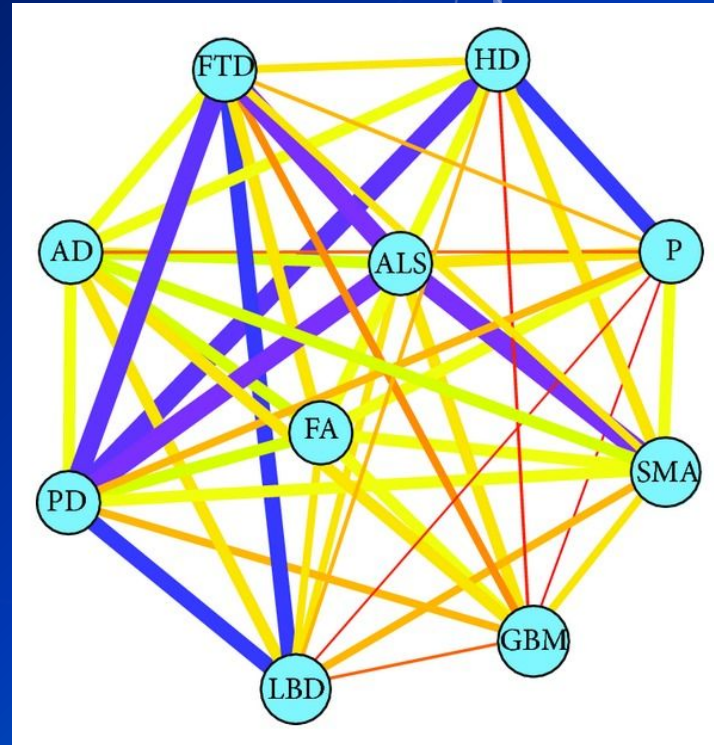


Eigenvector centrality distribution



Disease relations

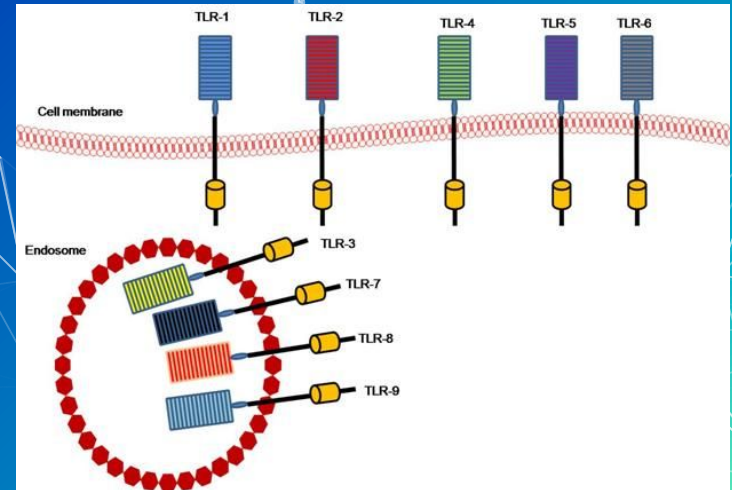
- $PD \rightarrow HD$
- $HD \rightarrow P$
- $FTD \rightarrow PD$
- $FTD \rightarrow ALS$
- $PD \rightarrow LBD$
- $FTD \rightarrow LBD$
- $ALS \rightarrow PD$
- $ALS \rightarrow SMA$



- ***Parkinson's disease (PD): 4***
- ***Frontotemporal dementia (FTD): 3***
- ***Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS): 3***
- ***Lewy body disease (LBD): 2***
- ***Huntington's disease (HD): 2***

Key point

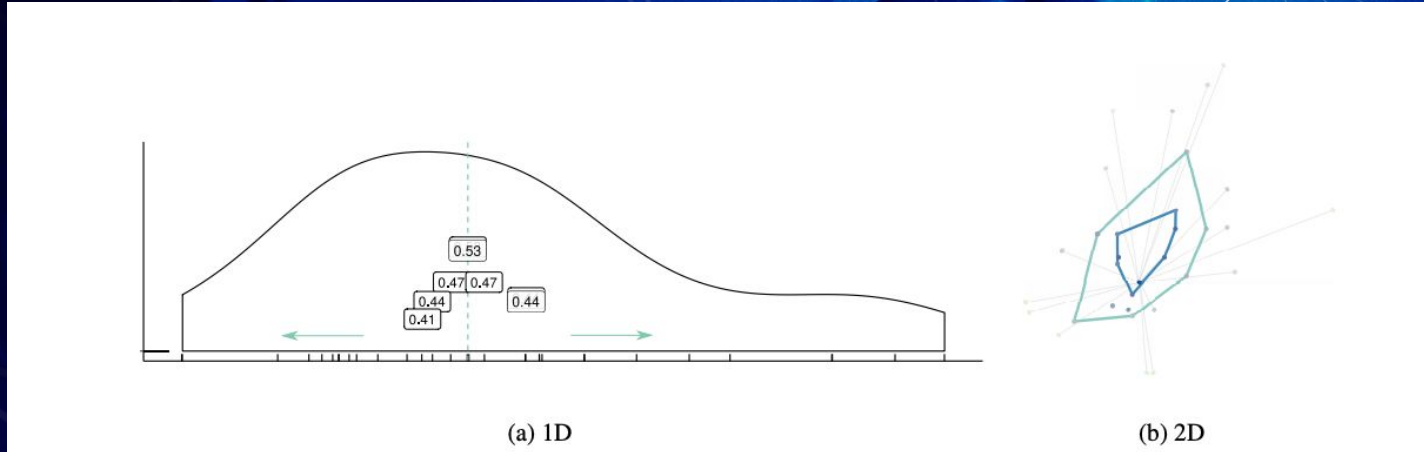
- What do all these proteins have in common?
 - ***Part of the toll-like receptor path***
- ...Toll-like receptor path?
 - **CRITICAL in "pathogen-associated molecular patterns and play a critical role in innate immune responses"**
- Hyperactive immune system → NDs



New centrality: Network Depth

- *Network embedding using Multidimensional Scaling*
- *Median of the graph*

BERTAGNOLLI et al., 2019.
arXiv:1904.05060v1



References

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- [https://www.cellsignal.com/contents/science-pathway-research-immunology-and-inflammation/toll-like-receptors-\(tlrs\)-pathway/pathways-tlr](https://www.cellsignal.com/contents/science-pathway-research-immunology-and-inflammation/toll-like-receptors-(tlrs)-pathway/pathways-tlr)