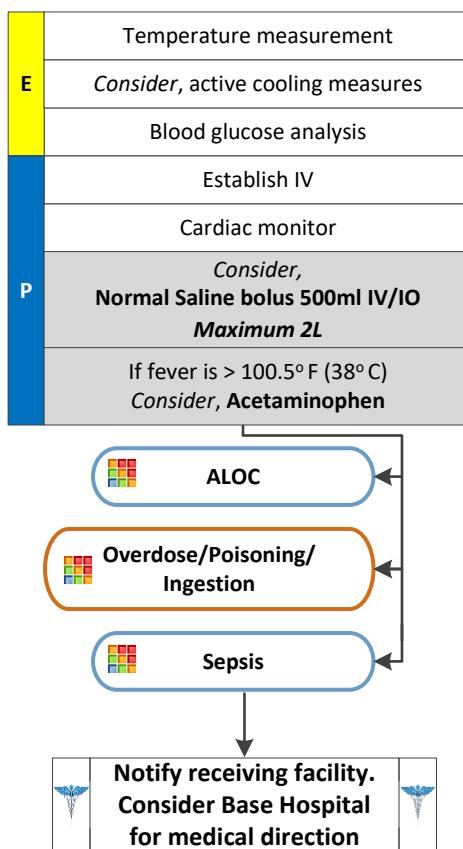


Fever

For reported or tactile fever that is NOT suspected sepsis. For sepsis, use primary impression Sepsis

History	Signs and Symptoms	Differential
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Age Duration of symptoms Maximum temperature Past medical history Medications Immunocompromised (e.g., transplant, HIV, diabetes, cancer) Environmental exposure Last acetaminophen/ibuprofen/aspirin Recent travel 	<p>Signs and Symptoms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Warm Flushed Sweaty Chills/rigors <p>Associated Symptoms (helpful to localize source)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Malaise, cough, chest pain, headache, dysuria, abdominal pain, mental status changes, rash 	<p>Differential</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Infection/sepsis Cancer/tumors/lymphomas Medication or drug reaction Connective tissue disease (e.g., arthritis or vasculitis) Hyperthyroidism Heat stroke Meningitis Overdose/toxic ingestion Travel illness (e.g., Malaria, Ebola)



Pearls

- Rehydration with fluids increases the patient's ability to sweat and facilitates natural heat loss.
- Consider Ebola and obtain recent travel history.
- When you have a concern for a contagious infectious disease (i.e., measles, SARS, Ebola), contact your supervisor.

