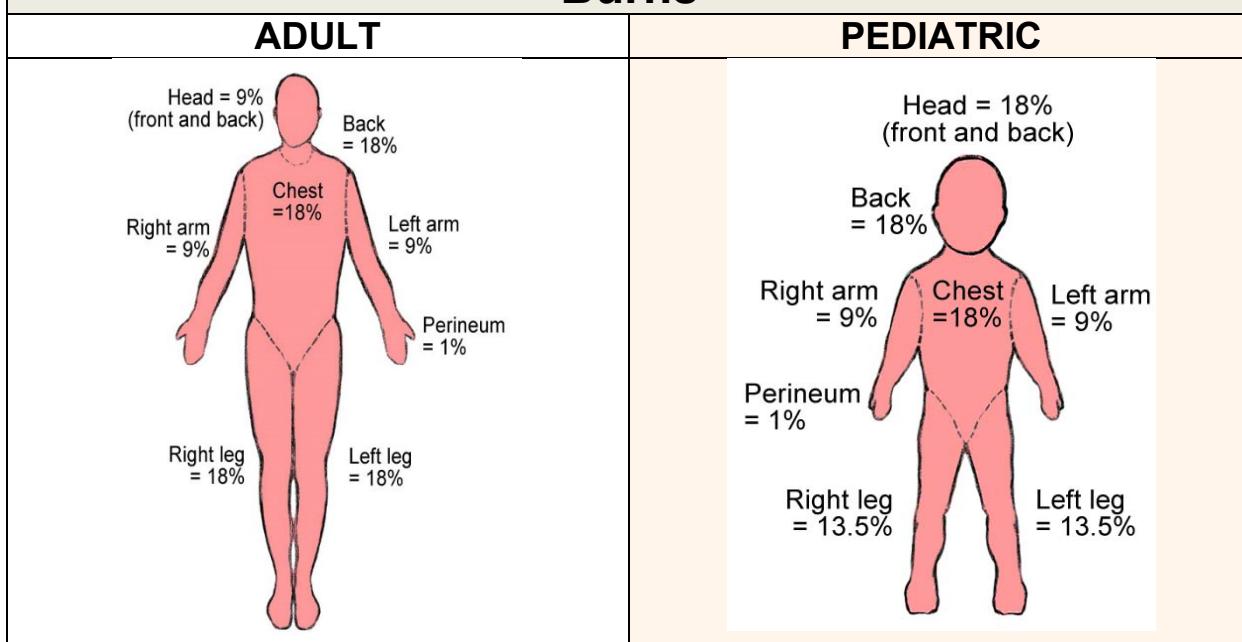


Burns



BLS Procedures

- Stop the burning process
 - Thermal
 - Put out fire using water or some other non-hazardous, non-flammable liquid. Fire extinguisher may be used.
 - Liquid Chemical
 - Flush area with water.
 - Powdered Chemical
 - Brush off as much as possible prior to flushing area with copious amounts of water.
 - Electrical
 - Turn off power source and safely remove victim from hazard area.
- Remove rings, constrictive clothing and garments made of synthetic material
- If less than 10% Total Body Surface Area (TBSA) is burned, cool with saline dressings.
- For TBSA greater than 10%, cover burned area with dry sterile dressings first, followed by a clean dry sheet.
- Once area is cooled, remove saline dressings and cover with dry, sterile burn sheets
- Elevate burned extremities if possible
- Maintain body heat at all times
- Administer oxygen as indicated

ALS Standing Orders

IV/IO access Pain Control – per Policy 705.19 If TBSA greater than 10% or hypotension is present: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal Saline <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ IV/IO bolus – 1 Liter 	IV/IO access Pain Control – per Policy 705.19 If TBSA greater than 10% or hypotension is present: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal Saline <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ IV/IO bolus – 20 mL/kg
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Base Hospital Orders Only

Consult with ED Physician for further treatment measures

Additional Information <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hypothermia is a concern in patients with large body surface area burns. As moist dressings increase the risk of hypothermia, medication is the preferred method of pain control in these patients.
