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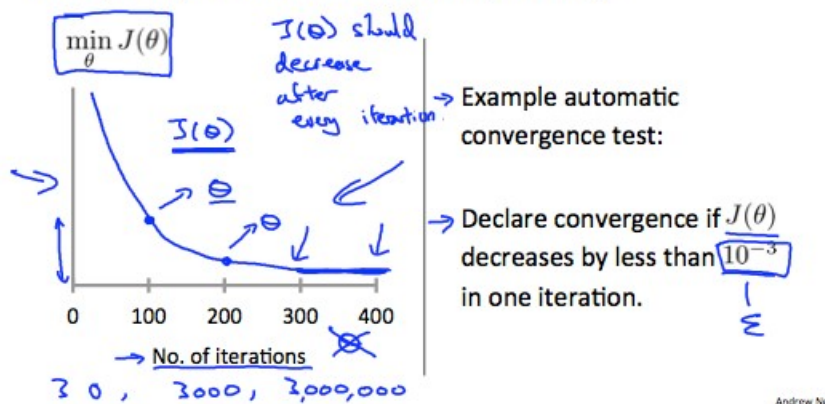
Gradient Descent in Practice II - Learning Rate

Note: [5:20 - the x-axis label in the right graph should be θ rather than No. of iterations]

Debugging gradient descent. Make a plot with number of iterations on the x-axis. Now plot the cost function, $J(\theta)$ over the number of iterations of gradient descent. If $J(\theta)$ ever increases, then you probably need to decrease α .

Automatic convergence test. Declare convergence if $J(\theta)$ decreases by less than E in one iteration, where E is some small value such as 10^{-3} . However in practice it's difficult to choose this threshold value.

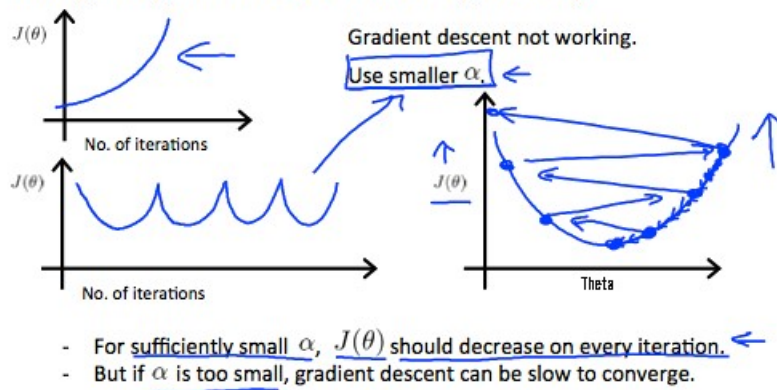
Making sure gradient descent is working correctly.



Andrew Ng

It has been proven that if learning rate α is sufficiently small, then $J(\theta)$ will decrease on every iteration.

Making sure gradient descent is working correctly.



To summarize:

If α is too small: slow convergence.

If α is too large: $J(\theta)$ may not decrease on every iteration and thus may not converge.