Occupancy Detection: The Ins And Outs

Arote, Uddhav uddhava@cse.iitb.ac.in

Nasir, Nabeel nabeeln@cse.iitb.ac.in

Palani, Kartik kartik@cse.iitb.ac.in

Chil Prakash, Vivek vivekcprakash@cse.iitb.ac.in

August 20, 2014

Abstract

Virtualization[1] is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

1 Background

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems[2] these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

2 x86 virtualization

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

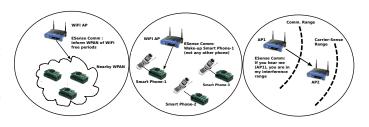


Figure 1: kvm: architecture

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

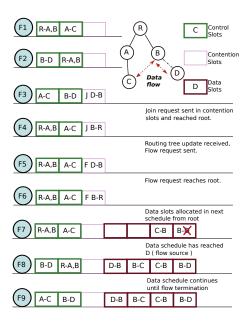


Figure 2: YAkvmA

3 MMU virtualization

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation¹, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

$$\int \frac{d\theta + \pi/2 + \sum_{i=2}^{10} i^2 + i\theta^2 + i/\pi}{1 + \theta^2} = \tan^{-1}\theta + C \quad (2)$$

The Kernel Virtual Machine², or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux. The architecture is show in fig.2

3.1 Shadow Paging

Virtualization is

the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

3.2 Direct Mapping

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution[3] is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

3.3 Hardware assisted Paging

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

$$\frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} = \binom{n}{k}$$

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor[4] (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

4 Types of Virtualization

- 1. Full Virtualization
 - x86

¹Consolidate all servers on one machine

²kvm, is a Linux subsystem

Hello	Hello	Hello							
AAAAA									
BBBBB									
AAAAA									
BBBBB									

Table 1: Table Name

- MMU
- NIC
- IO
- 2. Para Virtualization
- 3. Hardware Assisted Virtualization

Hardware	I	II	III
a	1	2	3
b	1	2	3
\mathbf{c}	1	2	3
d	1	2	3

Table 2: Virtualization I

5 x86 Hardware Virtualization Techniques

x86 hardware is difficult to virtualize because few instructions[5] do not trap when executed in different privilege level. Follow the table 2 on page 3 Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for

Linux enthusiasts who still $a+b*\pi+\theta+\sum_{i=2}^{10}\frac{n!}{k!}+\forall+\leq$ + \geq = 10 cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environments, and for Linux enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

The Kernel Virtual Machine, or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

The Kernel Virtual Machine [6], or **kvm** is a new Linux subsystem which leverages these virtualization extensions to add a virtual machine monitor (or hypervisor) capability to Linux.

Virtualization is the hot topic in the operating systems these days [7] [8] [9]. It is useful in many scenarios: server consolidation, virtual test environ-

ments, and for Linux³ enthusiasts who still cannot decide upon the which distribution is best.

Software	I	II	III	IV	V
a	1	2	3	test	hello
b	1	2	3	test	hello
\mathbf{c}	1	2	3	test	hello
d	1	2	3	test	hello

Table 3: Virtualization II

References

- [1] Theus Hossmann, Thrasyvoulos Spyropoulos, and Franck Legendre. Putting contacts into context: Mobility modeling beyond intercontact times. In Proceedings of the Twelfth ACM International Symposium on Mobile Ad Hoc Networking and Computing, MobiHoc '11, pages 18:1–18:11, New York, NY, USA, 2011. ACM.
- [2] Markus Weiss, Friedemann Mattern, Tobias Graml, Thorsten Staake, and Elgar Fleisch. Handy feedback: Connecting smart meters with mobile phones. In *Proceedings of the 8th International Conference on Mobile and Ubiquitous Multimedia*, MUM '09, pages 15:1–15:4, New York, NY, USA, 2009. ACM.

³Linux is best operating system ever

- [3] Saharon Shelah. On the number of non-almost isomorphic models of t in a power. *Pacific Journal of Mathematics*, 36:811–818, 1971.
- [4] Saharon Shelah. The number of non-isomorphic models of an unstable first-order theory. *Israel Journal of Mathematics*, 9:473–487, 1971.
- [5] Paul Erdos and Saharon Shelah. On problems of moser and hanson. In Graph theory and applications (Proc. Conf., Western Michigan Univ., Kalamazoo, Mich., 1972; dedicated to the memory of J. W. T. Youngs), volume 303 of Lecture Notes in Mathematics, pages 75–79. Springer, Berlin, 1972.
- [6] Saharon Shelah. Every two elementarily equivalent models have isomorphic ultrapowers. *Israel Journal of Mathematics*, 10:224–233, 1971.
- [7] Ingo Lütkebohle. BWorld Robot Control Software. https://www.google.com/, 2008. [Online; accessed 19-July-2008].
- [8] Ingo Lütkebohle. BWorld Robot Control Software. http://linux.com/, 2008. [Online; accessed 19-July-2008].
- [9] Ingo Lütkebohle. BWorld Robot Control Software. http://xenproject.org/, 2008. [Online; accessed 19-July-2008].