Name:	Section:	Andrew Id:

15-112 Spring 2017 Quiz 1a

* Up to 25 minutes. No calculators, no notes, no books, no computers. * Show your work!

* No strings, lists, loops, or recursion

1. Code Tracing [30 pts]:Indicate what these print. Place your answers (and nothing else) in the boxes below the code.

```
def ct1(x, y, z):
    print(x + y ** 2 - z * 2)
    print(100*int(y/x) + y/x)
    print(100*math.ceil(y/x) + y//x)
    y %= x + z
    return y
print(ct1(2, 5, 7)) # hint: prints 4 values
```

```
def f(x): return 2*x-1
def g(x): return max(x%10, x//10%10)
def h(x):
    if (x > 0): return x + g(f(x))
    else: return f(min(3, g(abs(x))))
def ct2(x):
    print(h(x-5))
    print(h(x+5))
print(ct2(3)) # hint: prints 3 values
```

2. Reasoning Over Code [10 pts]:

Find an argument for the following function that makes it return True. Place your answers (and nothing else) in the boxes below the code:

```
def rc1(n):
    if ((not isinstance(n, int)) or (n < 100) or (n > 999)):
        return False
    a = n%10
    b = n%100
    c = n//100
    return ((a == b) and (a == c) and (abs(n - 600) == a))
```

3. Short Answers [20 pts]

- a. Very briefly, why does the linter disallow using round(x)?
- b. What is the smallest positive integer x such that $((x \ge 50))$ and (x % 20)//10 = 0)?
- c. Write one line of code that will produce a runtime error (and not a syntax error nor a logical error).
- d. If x is an int, and (x % 7 > x), what else must be true about x?

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4. Free Response 1: isTinyPal(n) [40 pts]

Background: we will say that an integer is a palindrome if it the same frontwards as backwards, ignoring its sign and ignoring leading 0's. So 12421 and -80008 are both palindromes. Further, we will say that an integer is a tiny palindrome, or a "tinyPal", if it is a palindrome and has no more than 3 total digits, again ignoring leading 0's. With this in mind, write the function isTinyPal(n) that takes any Python value and returns True if it is a tiny integer palindrome, and False otherwise. So isTinyPal(-808) returns True, but these all return False (without crashing):

```
isTinyPal(80009) returns False # not a palindrome
isTinyPal(80008) returns False # not tiny
isTinyPal(8000.8) returns False # not an int
isTinyPal("80008") returns False # not an int
```

Hint: since we cannot use loops or strings yet, there is no way to check if an arbitrary int is a palindrome. But we are heavily restricting ints here to be tiny, with 3 or fewer digits, and so we can do it just with what we've covered so far in this course.