

# Algorithm Design & Problem Solving: **Some new concepts!**



# Contents



1

Some simple algorithms

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# Factorial



$$n! = [1 * 2 * 3 * 4 * \dots * n]$$

$n!$  is "n factorial"

# Factorial



❖ Calculate the following:

- 6!
- 4!
- 3!

# Factorial



❖ Write an algorithm to calculate  $n!$

**Factorial (n)**

**fact=1**

**for i=1 to n**

**fact=fact\*i**

**return fact**

*-----function name*

*-----variable initialisation*

*-----loop declaration*

*-----factorial equation*

*-----send value from function*

# Factorial



❖ Let's test it with 4! ( $4*3*2*1=24$ )

**Factorial (n)**

**fact=1**

**for i=1 to n**

**fact=fact\*i**

**return fact**

Factorial n = 4			
i=1	i=2	i=3	i=4
fact=1*1	fact=1*2	fact=2*3	fact=6*4
fact=1	fact=2	fact=6	fact=24

1

2

3

4

# Factorial



❖ Let's test it with  $0!$  ( $=1$ )

Factorial (n)

fact=1

for i=1 to n

fact=fact\*i;

return fact

Factorial n =0
i=1
fact=1*?
fact=?

**PROBLEM!**  
How can we fix it?

# Factorial



## ❖ An altered algorithm ....

Factorial (n)

fact=1

if n=1 or n=0

return 1

else

for i=1 to n

fact=fact\*i;

return fact



$X^Y$



$2^n$

POWER OF TWO

$X^Y$



❖ Calculate the following:

- $2^4$
- $3^3$
- $4^2$

$$X^Y$$


❖ Write an algorithm to calculate  $X^Y$ :

Power (x, y)

-----function name

ans=1

-----variable initialisation

if y=1

-----if condition

return 1

-----send value from function

else

for i=1 to y

-----loop declaration

ans=ans \* x;

-----power equation

return ans

-----send value from function

$$X \wedge Y$$



❖ Let's test it with  $2^3$  ( $2 * 2 * 2 = 8$ ):

## Power (x, y)

**ans=1**

**if  $y=1$**

# return 1

**else**

**for i=1 to y**

```
ans=ans * x;
```

```
return ans
```

1	2	3
$2^3$		
$x=2, y=3$		
$ans = 2$	$ans = 4$	$ans = 8$

❖ Let's test it with  $2^1 (= 2)$ :

Power (x, y)

ans=1

if y=1

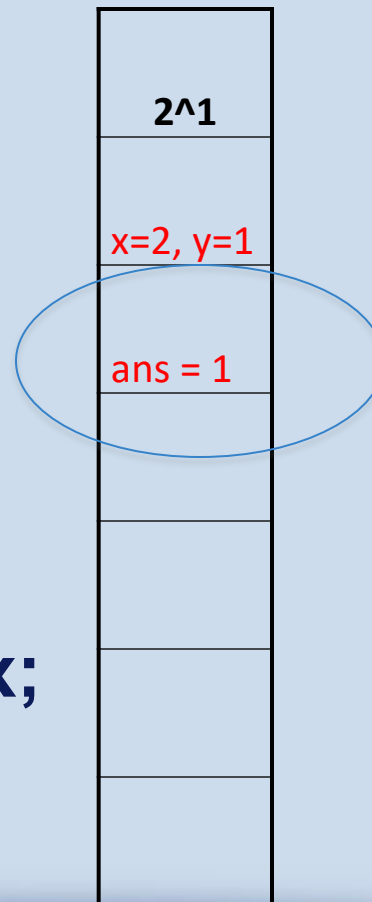
return 1

else

for i=1 to y

ans=ans \* x;

return ans



**PROBLEM!**  
How can we fix it?

$$X^Y$$


## ❖ An altered algorithm:

Power (x, y)

ans=1

if y=0

return 1

else

for i=1 to y

ans=ans \* x;

return ans

2 ^ 1 will now be catered  
for in the for loop

# Thank You !

