

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14360 of November 14, 2025**

## **Modifying the Scope of the Reciprocal Tariffs With Respect to Certain Agricultural Products**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I found that conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, including the consequences of those deficits, constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and economy of the United States that has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States. I declared a national emergency with respect to that threat, and to deal with that threat, I imposed certain *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate. In Annex II to Executive Order 14257, I set forth a list of certain goods that, in my judgment, should not be subject to the *ad valorem* rates of duty imposed pursuant to that order.

In Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025 (Modifying the Scope of Reciprocal Tariffs and Establishing Procedures for Implementing Trade and Security Agreements), I modified the scope of products subject to the reciprocal tariff imposed under Executive Order 14257, as amended, and I issued an updated version of Annex II to Executive Order 14257.

I have received additional information and recommendations from various officials who, pursuant to my direction, have been monitoring the circumstances involving the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257. After considering the information and recommendations these officials have provided to me, the status of negotiations with various trading partners, current domestic demand for certain products, and current domestic capacity to produce certain products, among other things, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to further modify the scope of products subject to the reciprocal tariff imposed under Executive Order 14257, as amended. Specifically, I have determined that certain agricultural products shall not be subject to the reciprocal tariff imposed under Executive Order 14257, as amended. Accordingly, updated versions of Annex II to Executive Order 14257, as amended, and the Annex to Executive Order 14346 entitled, “Potential Tariff Adjustments for Aligned Partners,” are attached to this order and shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 13, 2025. In my judgment, these modifications are necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

**Sec. 2. Updating Scope of Duties Globally.** The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be modified as provided in Annex I to this order. The modifications shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 13, 2025. To the extent that implementation of this order requires a refund of duties collected,

refunds shall be processed pursuant to applicable law and the standard procedures of U.S. Customs and Border Protection for such refunds.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall continue to monitor the circumstances involving the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 and shall regularly consult on such circumstances with any senior official they deem appropriate. The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall inform me of any circumstance that, in their opinion, might indicate the need for further action by the President.

(b) Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative are directed and authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules, regulations, or guidance, and to employ all powers granted to the President, including those granted by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement and effectuate this order. The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, consistent with applicable law, may redelegate any of these functions within their respective department or agency. All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its other provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

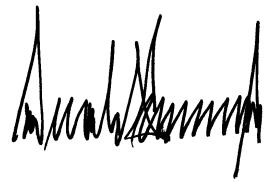
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the United States Trade Representative.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*November 14, 2025.*

Billing code 3290-F8-P

**ANNEX I**

1. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 eastern time on November 13, 2025, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified as follows:
  - a. Heading 9903.01.25 is modified by deleting “9903.02.77” and inserting “9903.02.78” in lieu thereof;
  - b. Heading 9903.01.32 is modified by deleting “subdivision (v)(iii)” and inserting “subdivision (v)(iii)(a)” in lieu thereof;
  - c. Headings 9903.02.02–9903.02.73 are modified by deleting “headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33” each place that it appears and inserting “headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33 and 9903.02.78” in lieu thereof;
  - d. The following new heading is inserted in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, Rates of Duty 1-General”, “Rates of Duty 1-Special” and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

<b>Heading/ Subheading</b>	<b>Article Description</b>	<b>Rates of Duty</b>		
		<b>1</b>		<b>2</b>
		<b>General</b>	<b>Special</b>	
“9903.02.78	Articles the product of any country, as provided for in subdivision (v)(iii)(b) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading”

- e. Subdivision (v)(i) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS is amended by deleting “headings 9903.02.74–9903.02.77” and inserting “headings 9903.02.74–9903.02.78” in lieu thereof.
- f. Subdivision (v)(iii) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS is amended:
  - i. by deleting “As provided for in heading 9903.01.32” and inserting “(a) As provided for in heading 9903.01.32” in lieu thereof, and by inserting in the new subdivision (v)(iii)(a) the following provisions of the HTSUS in numerical order:

0201.10.05	0702.00.40	0802.91.10	0902.20.90	0910.99.07	2008.20.00
0201.10.10	0702.00.60	0802.91.90	0902.30.00	0910.99.10	2008.91.00
0201.10.50	0709.99.05	0802.92.10	0902.40.00	0910.99.20	2008.99.13
0201.20.02	0709.99.10	0802.92.90	0903.00.00	0910.99.40	2008.99.15
0201.20.04	0710.80.15	0803.10.10	0904.11.00	0910.99.50	2008.99.40
0201.20.06	0711.90.30	0803.10.20	0904.12.00	0910.99.60	2008.99.45
0201.20.10	0712.32.00	0803.90.00	0904.21.20	1003.90.40	2008.99.91

0201.20.30	0712.34.10	0804.30.20	0904.21.40	1008.30.00	2009.11.00
0201.20.50	0712.34.20	0804.30.40	0904.21.60	1008.40.00	2009.12.25
0201.20.80	0713.34.20	0804.30.60	0904.21.80	1008.60.00	2009.12.45
0201.30.02	0713.34.40	0804.40.00	0904.22.20	1106.20.90	2009.19.00
0201.30.04	0714.10.10	0804.50.40	0904.22.40	1106.30.20	2009.39.20
0201.30.06	0714.10.20	0804.50.60	0904.22.73	1108.14.00	2009.49.40
0201.30.10	0714.40.10	0804.50.80	0904.22.76	1108.19.00	2101.11.29
0201.30.30	0714.40.20	0805.10.00	0904.22.80	1203.00.00	2101.12.90
0201.30.50	0714.40.50	0805.50.30	0905.10.00	1207.91.00	2101.20.20
0201.30.80	0714.40.60	0805.50.40	0905.20.00	1513.11.00	2106.90.48
0202.10.05	0714.50.10	0807.20.00	0906.11.00	1513.19.00	2202.99.30
0202.10.10	0714.50.20	0808.40.20	0906.19.00	1521.10.00	2202.99.35
0202.10.50	0714.50.60	0808.40.40	0906.20.00	1521.90.20	3101.00.00
0202.20.02	0714.90.42	0810.50.00	0907.10.00	1602.50.05	3102.10.00
0202.20.04	0714.90.44	0810.60.00	0907.20.00	1602.50.07	3102.21.00
0202.20.06	0714.90.46	0810.90.27	0908.11.00	1602.50.08	3102.29.00
0202.20.10	0714.90.48	0810.90.46	0908.12.00	1602.50.21	3102.30.00
0202.20.30	0714.90.61	0811.90.10	0908.21.00	1602.50.60	3102.40.00
0202.20.50	0801.11.00	0811.90.25	0908.22.20	1602.50.90	3102.50.00
0202.20.80	0801.12.00	0811.90.30	0908.22.40	1801.00.00	3102.60.00
0202.30.02	0801.19.01	0811.90.40	0908.31.00	1802.00.00	3102.80.00
0202.30.04	0801.21.00	0811.90.50	0908.32.00	1803.10.00	3102.90.01
0202.30.06	0801.22.00	0811.90.52	0909.21.00	1803.20.00	3103.11.00
0202.30.10	0801.31.00	0812.90.40	0909.22.00	1804.00.00	3103.19.00
0202.30.30	0801.32.00	0901.11.00	0909.31.00	1805.00.00	3103.90.01
0202.30.50	0802.41.00	0901.12.00	0909.32.00	1903.00.20	3105.30.00
0202.30.80	0802.42.00	0901.21.00	0909.61.00	1903.00.40	3105.40.00
0206.10.00	0802.61.00	0901.22.00	0909.62.00	2001.90.45	3105.51.00
0206.21.00	0802.62.00	0901.90.10	0910.11.00	2005.91.60	3105.59.00
0206.22.00	0802.70.10	0901.90.20	0910.12.00	2006.00.40	3105.90.00
0206.29.00	0802.70.20	0902.10.10	0910.20.00	2007.99.40	
0210.20.00	0802.80.10	0902.10.90	0910.30.00	2007.99.50	
0702.00.20	0802.80.20	0902.20.10	0910.91.00	2008.19.15	

ii. by inserting the following new subdivision (v)(iii)(b):

“(b) As provided in heading 9903.02.78, the additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39 and 9903.02.02–9903.02.73 shall not apply to the following particular articles the product of any country:

(1) Etrogs (classifiable in subheading 0805.90.01)

(2) Tropical fruit, nesoi, frozen, whether or not previously steamed or boiled (classifiable in subheading 0811.90.80)

- (3) Date palm branches, Myrtus branches or other vegetable material, for religious purposes only (classifiable in subheading 1404.90.90)
- (4) Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and similar baked products, nesoi, and puddings, whether or not containing chocolate, fruit, nuts or confectionery, for religious purposes only (classifiable in subheading 1905.90.10)
- (5) Bakers' wares, communion wafers, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products, nesoi, for religious purposes only (classifiable in subheading 1905.90.90)
- (6) Acai (classifiable in subheading 2008.99.21)
- (7) Citrus juice of any single citrus fruit (other than orange, grapefruit or lime), of a Brix value not exceeding 20, concentrated, unfermented, except for lemon juice (classifiable in subheading 2009.31.60)
- (8) Coconut water or juice of acai (classifiable in subheading 2009.89.70)
- (9) Coconut water juice blends, not from concentrate, packaged for retail sale (classifiable in subheading 2009.90.40)
- (10) Acai preparations for the manufacture of beverages (classifiable in subheading 2106.90.99)
- (11) Essential oils other than those of citrus fruit, nesoi, for religious purposes only (classifiable in subheading 3301.29.51)"

**ANNEX II**

Note: All products that are properly classified in the provisions of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) that are listed in this Annex are not covered by the duties imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended. The product descriptions that are contained in this Annex are provided for informational purposes only, and are not intended to delimit in any way the scope of the action. Only items that are properly classified in the listed provisions of the HTSUS are excluded from the tariff action imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended. Any questions regarding the scope of particular HTSUS provisions should be referred to U.S. Customs and Border Protection. In the product descriptions, the abbreviation “nesoi” means “not elsewhere specified or included”.

For certain HTSUS provisions, only a portion of the provision is covered in this Annex; specifically, a subheading marked with “Ex” in the “Notes” column is defined and limited by the product description.

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
0201.10.05	Bovine carcasses and halves, fresh or chilled, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.10.10	Bovine carcasses and halves, fresh or chilled, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.10.50	Bovine carcasses and halves, fresh or chilled, other than described in general note 15 or additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.20.02	High-quality beef cuts, with bone in, processed, fresh or chilled, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.20.04	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), with bone in, processed, fresh or chilled, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.20.06	Bovine meat cuts, with bone in, not processed, fresh or chilled, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.20.10	High-quality beef cuts, with bone in, processed, fresh or chilled, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.20.30	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), with bone in, processed, fresh or chilled, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.20.50	Bovine meat cuts, with bone in, not processed, fresh or chilled, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.20.80	Bovine meat cuts, with bone in, fresh or chilled, not described in general note 15 or additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
0201.30.02	High-quality beef cuts, boneless, processed, fresh or chilled, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.30.04	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), boneless, processed, fresh or chilled, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.30.06	Bovine meat cuts, boneless, not processed, fresh or chilled, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.30.10	High-quality beef cuts, boneless, processed, fresh or chilled, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.30.30	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), boneless, processed, fresh or chilled, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.30.50	Bovine meat cuts, boneless, not processed, fresh or chilled, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0201.30.80	Bovine meat cuts, boneless, fresh or chilled, not described in general note 15 or additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.10.05	Bovine carcasses and halves, frozen, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.10.10	Bovine carcasses and halves, frozen, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.10.50	Bovine carcasses and halves, frozen, other than described in general note 15 or additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.20.02	High-quality beef cuts, with bone in, processed, frozen, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.20.04	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), with bone in, processed, frozen, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.20.06	Bovine meat cuts, with bone in, not processed, frozen, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.20.10	High-quality beef cuts, with bone in, processed, frozen, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.20.30	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), with bone in, processed, frozen, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.20.50	Bovine meat cuts, with bone in, not processed, frozen, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.20.80	Bovine meat cuts, with bone in, frozen, not described in general note 15 or additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
0202.30.02	High-quality beef cuts, boneless, processed, frozen, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.30.04	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), boneless, processed, frozen, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.30.06	Bovine meat cuts, boneless, not processed, frozen, described in general note 15 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.30.10	High-quality beef cuts, boneless, processed, frozen, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.30.30	Bovine meat cuts (except high-quality beef cuts), boneless, processed, frozen, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.30.50	Bovine meat cuts, boneless, not processed, frozen, described in additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0202.30.80	Bovine meat cuts, boneless, frozen, not described in general note 15 or additional U.S. note 3 to chapter 2 of the HTSUS	Addition
0206.10.00	Edible offal of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	Addition
0206.21.00	Tongues of bovine animals, frozen	Addition
0206.22.00	Livers of bovine animals, frozen	Addition
0206.29.00	Edible offal of bovine animals, except tongues or livers, frozen	Addition
0210.20.00	Meat of bovine animals, salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Addition
0508.00.00	Coral, shells, cuttlebone and similar materials, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste thereof	
0702.00.20	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled, if entered during the period from March 1 to July 14, or the period from September 1 to November 14 in any year	Addition
0702.00.40	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled, entered during the period from July 15 to August 31 in any year	Addition
0702.00.60	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled, entered during the period from November 15, in any year, to the last day of February of the following year	Addition
0709.99.05	Jicamas and breadfruit, fresh or chilled	Addition
0709.99.10	Chayote ( <i>Sechium edule</i> ), fresh or chilled	Addition
0710.80.15	Bamboo shoots and water chestnuts (other than Chinese water chestnuts), uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling in water, frozen	Addition
0711.90.30	Capers, provisionally preserved but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Addition
0712.32.00	Dried wood ears ( <i>Auricularia</i> spp.), whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
0712.34.10	Air dried or sun dried shiitake	Addition
0712.34.20	Dried (other than air dried or sun dried) shiitake	Addition
0713.34.20	Dried Bambara beans, shelled, if entered for consumption during the period from May 1 through August 31, inclusive, in any year	Addition
0713.34.40	Dried Bambara beans, shelled, if entered for consumption outside the above period, or if withdrawn for consumption	Addition
0714.10.10	Cassava (manioc), frozen, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	Addition
0714.10.20	Cassava (manioc), fresh, chilled or dried, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	Addition
0714.40.10	Taro ( <i>Colocasia</i> spp.), fresh or chilled, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	Addition
0714.40.20	Taro ( <i>Colocasia</i> spp.), frozen	Addition
0714.40.50	Taro ( <i>Colocasia</i> spp.), dried, in the form of pellets	Addition
0714.40.60	Taro ( <i>Colocasia</i> spp.), dried, whether or not sliced but not in pellets	Addition
0714.50.10	Yautia ( <i>Xanthosoma</i> spp.), fresh or chilled, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	Addition
0714.50.20	Yautia ( <i>Xanthosoma</i> spp.), frozen	Addition
0714.50.60	Yautia ( <i>Xanthosoma</i> spp.), dried, whether or not sliced but not in pellets	Addition
0714.90.42	Other mixtures of Chinese water chestnuts, frozen	Addition
0714.90.44	Chinese water chestnuts, not mixed, frozen	Addition
0714.90.46	Frozen dasheens, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, and similar roots and tubers, nesoi	Addition
0714.90.48	Chinese water chestnuts, dried	Addition
0714.90.61	Dried dasheens, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, and similar roots and tubers nesoi, whether or not sliced but not in pellets	Addition
0801.11.00	Coconuts, desiccated	Addition
0801.12.00	Coconuts, fresh, in the inner shell (endocarp)	Addition
0801.19.01	Coconuts, fresh, not in the inner shell (endocarp)	Addition
0801.21.00	Brazil nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	Addition
0801.22.00	Brazil nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	Addition
0801.31.00	Cashew nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	Addition
0801.32.00	Cashew nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	Addition
0802.41.00	Chestnuts ( <i>Castanea</i> spp.), fresh or dried, in shell	Addition
0802.42.00	Chestnuts ( <i>Castanea</i> spp.), fresh or dried, shelled	Addition
0802.61.00	Macadamia nuts, in shell	Addition
0802.62.00	Macadamia nuts, shelled	Addition
0802.70.10	Kola nuts ( <i>Cola</i> spp.), fresh or dried, in shell	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
0802.70.20	Kola nuts ( <i>Cola spp.</i> ), fresh or dried, shelled	Addition
0802.80.10	Areca nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	Addition
0802.80.20	Areca nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	Addition
0802.91.10	Pignolia pine nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	Addition
0802.91.90	Pine nuts (other than Pignolia), fresh or dried, in shell	Addition
0802.92.10	Pignolia pine nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	Addition
0802.92.90	Pine nuts (other than Pignolia), fresh or dried, shelled	Addition
0803.10.10	Plantains, fresh	Addition
0803.10.20	Plantains, dried	Addition
0803.90.00	Bananas, fresh or dried	Addition
0804.30.20	Pineapples, fresh or dried, not reduced in size, in bulk	Addition
0804.30.40	Pineapples, fresh or dried, not reduced in size, in crates or other packages	Addition
0804.30.60	Pineapples, fresh or dried, reduced in size	Addition
0804.40.00	Avocados, fresh or dried	Addition
0804.50.40	Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh, if entered during the period September 1 through the following May 31, inclusive	Addition
0804.50.60	Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh, if entered during the period June 1 through August 31, inclusive	Addition
0804.50.80	Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, dried	Addition
0805.10.00	Oranges, fresh or dried	Addition
0805.50.30	Tahitian limes, Persian limes and other limes of the <i>Citrus latifolia</i> variety, fresh or dried	Addition
0805.50.40	Limes of the <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> variety, fresh or dried	Addition
0805.90.01	Etroggs	Addition (Ex)
0807.20.00	Papayas (pawpaws), fresh	Addition
0808.40.20	Quinces, fresh, if entered during the period from April 1 through June 30, inclusive	Addition
0808.40.40	Quinces, fresh, if entered during the period from July 1 through the following March 31, inclusive	Addition
0810.50.00	Kiwifruit, fresh	Addition
0810.60.00	Durians, fresh	Addition
0810.90.27	Other berries and tamarinds, fresh	Addition
0810.90.46	Fruit, nesoi, fresh	Addition
0811.90.10	Bananas and plantains, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	Addition
0811.90.25	Cashew apples, mameyes colorados, sapodillas, soursops and sweetsops, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	Addition
0811.90.30	Coconut meat, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
0811.90.40	Papayas, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	Addition
0811.90.50	Pineapples, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	Addition
0811.90.52	Mangoes, frozen, whether or not previously steamed or boiled	Addition
0811.90.80	Tropical fruit, nesoi, frozen, whether or not previously steamed or boiled	Addition (Ex)
0812.90.40	Pineapples, provisionally preserved, but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Addition
0901.11.00	Coffee, not roasted, not decaffeinated	Addition
0901.12.00	Coffee, not roasted, decaffeinated	Addition
0901.21.00	Coffee, roasted, not decaffeinated	Addition
0901.22.00	Coffee, roasted, decaffeinated	Addition
0901.90.10	Coffee husks and skins	Addition
0901.90.20	Coffee substitutes containing coffee	Addition
0902.10.10	Green tea in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg, flavored	Addition
0902.10.90	Green tea in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg, not flavored	Addition
0902.20.10	Green tea in immediate packings of a content exceeding 3 kg, flavored	Addition
0902.20.90	Green tea in immediate packings of a content exceeding 3 kg, not flavored	Addition
0902.30.00	Black tea (fermented) and partly fermented tea, in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg	Addition
0902.40.00	Black tea (fermented) and partly fermented tea, other than in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg	Addition
0903.00.00	Maté	Addition
0904.11.00	Pepper of the genus Piper, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0904.12.00	Pepper of the genus Piper, crushed or ground	Addition
0904.21.20	Paprika, dried, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0904.21.40	Anaheim and ancho pepper, dried, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0904.21.60	Fruits of the genus Capsicum, other than paprika or anaheim and ancho pepper, dried, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0904.21.80	Fruits of the genus Pimenta (including allspice), dried	Addition
0904.22.20	Paprika, crushed or ground	Addition
0904.22.40	Anaheim and ancho pepper, crushed or ground	Addition
0904.22.73	Mixtures of mashed or macerated hot red peppers and salt, nesoi	Addition
0904.22.76	Fruits of the genus Capsicum, crushed or ground, nesoi	Addition
0904.22.80	Fruits of the genus Pimenta (including allspice), crushed or ground	Addition
0905.10.00	Vanilla beans, neither crushed nor ground	Addition

HTSUS	Description	Notes
0905.20.00	Vanilla beans, crushed or ground	Addition
0906.11.00	Cinnamon ( <i>Cinnamomum zeylanicum</i> Blume), neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0906.19.00	Cinnamon and cinnamon-tree flowers, nesoi, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0906.20.00	Cinnamon and cinnamon-tree flowers, crushed or ground	Addition
0907.10.00	Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems), neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0907.20.00	Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems), crushed or ground	Addition
0908.11.00	Nutmeg, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0908.12.00	Nutmeg, crushed or ground	Addition
0908.21.00	Mace, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0908.22.20	Mace, ground, Bombay or wild	Addition
0908.22.40	Mace, crushed or ground, other than ground Bombay or wild mace	Addition
0908.31.00	Cardamoms, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0908.32.00	Cardamoms, crushed or ground	Addition
0909.21.00	Seeds of coriander, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0909.22.00	Seeds of coriander, crushed or ground	Addition
0909.31.00	Seeds of cumin, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0909.32.00	Seeds of cumin, crushed or ground	Addition
0909.61.00	Seeds of anise, badian, caraway or fennel; juniper berries; neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0909.62.00	Seeds of anise, badian, caraway or fennel; juniper berries; crushed or ground	Addition
0910.11.00	Ginger, neither crushed nor ground	Addition
0910.12.00	Ginger, crushed or ground	Addition
0910.20.00	Saffron	Addition
0910.30.00	Turmeric ( <i>curcuma</i> )	Addition
0910.91.00	Mixtures of spices referred to in note 1(b) to chapter 9 of the HTSUS	Addition
0910.99.07	Bay leaves, other than crude or not manufactured	Addition
0910.99.10	Curry	Addition
0910.99.20	Origanum, crude or not manufactured	Addition
0910.99.40	Origanum, other than crude or not manufactured	Addition
0910.99.50	Dill	Addition
0910.99.60	Spices, nesoi	Addition
1003.90.40	Barley, not seed, other than for malting purposes	Addition
1008.30.00	Canary seed	Addition
1008.40.00	Fonio ( <i>Digitaria</i> spp.)	Addition
1008.60.00	Triticale	Addition

HTSUS	Description	Notes
1106.20.90	Flour, meal and powder of sago, or of roots or tubers of heading 0714 (excluding Chinese water chestnuts)	Addition
1106.30.20	Flour, meal and powder of banana and plantain	Addition
1108.14.00	Cassava (manioc) starch	Addition
1108.19.00	Starches other than wheat, corn (maize), potato or cassava (manioc) starches	Addition
1203.00.00	Copra	Addition
1207.91.00	Poppy seeds, whether or not broken	Addition
1404.90.90	Date palm branches, Myrtus branches or other vegetable material, for religious purposes only	Addition (Ex)
1513.11.00	Coconut (copra) oil and its fractions, crude oil	Addition
1513.19.00	Coconut (copra) oil and its fractions, other	Addition
1521.10.00	Vegetable waxes (other than triglycerides), whether or not refined or colored	Addition
1521.90.20	Bleached beeswax	Addition
1602.50.05	Offal of bovine animals, prepared or preserved	Addition
1602.50.07	Corned beef in airtight containers	Addition
1602.50.08	Offal of bovine animals, cured or pickled, not corned beef, not in airtight containers	Addition
1602.50.21	Offal of bovine animals, other, in airtight containers	Addition
1602.50.60	Prepared or preserved meat of bovine animals, not containing cereals or vegetables, nesoi	Addition
1602.50.90	Prepared or preserved meat of bovine animals, containing cereals or vegetables	Addition
1801.00.00	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	Addition
1802.00.00	Cocoa shells, husks, skins and other cocoa waste	Addition
1803.10.00	Cocoa paste, not defatted	Addition
1803.20.00	Cocoa paste, wholly or partly defatted	Addition
1804.00.00	Cocoa butter, fat and oil	Addition
1805.00.00	Cocoa powder, not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	Addition
1903.00.20	Tapioca and substitutes prepared from starch, of arrowroot, cassava or sago, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or in similar forms	Addition
1903.00.40	Tapioca and substitutes, prepared from starch nesoi, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or in similar forms	Addition
1905.90.10	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and similar baked products, nesoi, and puddings, whether or not containing chocolate, fruit, nuts or confectionery, for religious purposes only	Addition (Ex)
1905.90.90	Bakers' wares, communion wafers, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products, nesoi, for religious purposes only	Addition (Ex)

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2001.90.45	Mangoes, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid	Addition
2005.91.60	Bamboo shoots in airtight containers, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, not frozen, not preserved by sugar	Addition
2006.00.40	Pineapples, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Addition
2007.99.40	Pineapple jam	Addition
2007.99.50	Guava and mango pastes and purees, being cooked preparations	Addition
2008.19.15	Coconuts, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	Addition
2008.20.00	Pineapples, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	Addition
2008.91.00	Palm hearts, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	Addition
2008.99.13	Banana pulp, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	Addition
2008.99.15	Bananas, other than pulp, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	Addition
2008.99.21	Acai	Addition (Ex)
2008.99.40	Mangoes, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	Addition
2008.99.45	Papaya pulp, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	Addition
2008.99.91	Bean cake, bean stick, miso, other fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants, prepared or preserved	Addition
2009.11.00	Orange juice, frozen, unfermented and not containing added spirit	Addition
2009.12.25	Orange juice, not frozen, of a Brix value not exceeding 20, not concentrated and not made from juice having a degree of concentration of 1.5 or more, unfermented	Addition
2009.12.45	Orange juice, not frozen, of a Brix value not exceeding 20, concentrated, unfermented	Addition
2009.19.00	Orange juice, not frozen, of a Brix value exceeding 20, unfermented	Addition
2009.31.60	Citrus juice of any single citrus fruit (other than orange, grapefruit or lime), of a Brix value not exceeding 20, concentrated, unfermented, except for lemon juice	Addition (Ex)
2009.39.20	Lime juice, of a Brix value exceeding 20, fit for beverage purposes, unfermented	Addition
2009.49.40	Pineapple juice, of a Brix value exceeding 20, concentrated (in degree of concentration greater than 3.5)	Addition
2009.89.70	Coconut water or juice of acai	Addition (Ex)
2009.90.40	Coconut water juice blends, not from concentrate, packaged for retail sale	Addition (Ex)
2101.11.29	Extracts, essences and concentrates of coffee other than unflavored instant coffee	Addition
2101.12.90	Preparations nesoi, with a basis of extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of coffee	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2101.20.20	Extracts, essences or concentrates of tea or mate	Addition
2106.90.48	Orange juice, fortified with vitamins or minerals	Addition
2106.90.99	Acai preparations for the manufacture of beverages	Addition (Ex)
2202.99.30	Orange juice, fortified with vitamins or minerals, not made from a juice having a degree of concentration of 1.5 or more	Addition
2202.99.35	Orange juice, fortified with vitamins or minerals, nesoi	Addition
2504.10.10	Natural graphite, in crystalline flakes (not including flake dust)	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2504.10.50	Natural graphite, in powder or flakes (other than crystalline flake)	
2504.90.00	Natural graphite, other than in powder or in flakes	
2510.10.00	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminum calcium phosphates, unground	
2510.20.00	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminum calcium phosphates, ground	
2511.10.10	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), ground	
2511.10.50	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), not ground	
2519.10.00	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	
2519.90.10	Fused magnesia; dead-burned (sintered) magnesia, whether or not containing small quantities of other oxides added before sintering	
2519.90.20	Caustic calcined magnesite	
2524.90.00	Asbestos other than Crocidolite (Blue)	
2529.21.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight 97 percent or less of calcium fluoride	
2529.22.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight more than 97 percent of calcium fluoride	
2530.20.10	Kieserite	
2530.20.20	Epsom salts (natural magnesium sulfates)	
2530.90.10	Natural cryolite; natural chiolite	
2530.90.20	Natural micaceous iron oxides	
2530.90.80	Other mineral substances, nesoi	
2602.00.00	Manganese ores and concentrates including ferruginous manganese ores and concentrates, with manganese content over 20 percent, calculated on dry weight	
2603.00.00	Copper ores and concentrates	
2604.00.00	Nickel ores and concentrates	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2605.00.00	Cobalt ores and concentrates	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2606.00.00	Aluminum ores and concentrates	
2608.00.00	Zinc ores and concentrates	
2609.00.00	Tin ores and concentrates	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2610.00.00	Chromium ores and concentrates	
2611.00.30	Tungsten ores	
2611.00.60	Tungsten concentrates	
2612.10.00	Uranium ores and concentrates	
2612.20.00	Thorium ores and concentrates	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2613.90.00	Molybdenum ores and concentrates, not roasted	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2614.00.30	Synthetic rutile	
2614.00.60	Titanium ores and concentrates, other than synthetic rutile	
2615.90.30	Synthetic tantalum-niobium concentrates	
2615.90.60	Niobium, tantalum or vanadium ores and concentrates, nesoi	
2616.10.00	Silver ores and concentrates	
2617.10.00	Antimony ores and concentrates	
2620.30.00	Ash and residues (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel), containing mainly copper	
2620.99.50	Slag (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel), containing by weight over 40 percent titanium, and which if containing over 2 percent by weight of copper, lead, or zinc is not to be treated for the recovery thereof	
2701.11.00	Coal, anthracite, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2701.12.00	Coal, bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2701.19.00	Coal, other than anthracite or bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2701.20.00	Coal, briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	
2702.10.00	Lignite (excluding jet), whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2702.20.00	Lignite (excluding jet), agglomerated	
2703.00.00	Peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2704.00.00	Coke and semicoke of coal, lignite or peat, whether or not agglomerated; retort carbon	
2705.00.00	Coal gas, water gas, producer gas and similar gases, other than petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	
2706.00.00	Tars (including reconstituted tars), distilled from coal, lignite or peat, and other mineral tars, whether dehydrated or partially distilled	
2707.10.00	Benzene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.20.00	Toluene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.30.00	Xylenes, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.40.00	Naphthalene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.50.00	Aromatic hydrocarbon mixtures (from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents), other than Benzene, Toluene, Xylenes, and Naphthalene, in which 65% or more by volume (including losses) distills at 250 C by the ISO 3405 method (equivalent to the ASTM D 86 method)	
2707.91.00	Creosote oils, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.99.10	Light oil, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.99.20	Picolines, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.99.40	Carbazole, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 65 percent or more by weight	
2707.99.51	Phenols, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of nonaromatic constituents, containing more than 50 percent by weight of hydroxybenzene	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2707.99.55	Metacresol, orthocresol, paracresol, and metaparacresol, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products where the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 75 percent or more by weight	
2707.99.59	Phenols, nesoi	
2707.99.90	Other products of the distillation of high-temperature coal tar and similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceed that of the nonaromatic constituents, nesoi	
2708.10.00	Pitch, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars	
2708.20.00	Pitch coke, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars	
2709.00.10	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.	
2709.00.20	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	
2710.12.15	Light oil motor fuel from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals (other than crude) and containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals	
2710.12.18	Light oil motor fuel blending stock from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals (other than crude) containing by weight 70 percent or more from petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals	
2710.12.25	Naphthas (except motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock)	
2710.12.45	Light oil mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi which contain by weight not over 50 percent of any single hydrocarbon compound	
2710.12.90	Light oils and preparations, from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.06	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), derived from petroleum or oils from bituminous minerals, testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.	
2710.19.11	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), derived from petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	
2710.19.16	Kerosene-type jet fuel, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.24	Kerosene motor fuel (except kerosene-type jet fuel), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
	crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.25	Kerosene motor fuel blending stock (except kerosene-type jet fuel), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.26	Kerosene (except kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene motor fuel, and kerosene motor fuel blending stock), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.30	Lubricating oils, with or without additives, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.35	Lubricating greases, containing not over 10 percent by weight of salts of fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.40	Lubricating greases, containing 10 percent or more by weight of salts of fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.45	Mixture of hydrocarbons nesoi, which contain by weight not over 50 percent of any single hydrocarbon compound, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.90	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.20.05	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing under 25 degrees A.P.I., from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, other than waste oils	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2710.20.10	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils	
2710.20.15	Kerosene-type jet fuel, motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils	
2710.20.25	Kerosene (except kerosene-type jet fuel, motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70 percent or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, other than waste oils	
2710.91.00	Waste oils containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs) or polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)	
2710.99.05	Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) derived from petroleum oil or bituminous minerals, testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.	
2710.99.10	Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) derived from petroleum oil or bituminous minerals, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	
2710.99.16	Waste motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock	
2710.99.21	Waste kerosene or naphthas	
2710.99.31	Waste lubricating oils, with or without additives	
2710.99.32	Waste lubricating greases, containing not over 10 percent by weight of fatty acids of animal (including marine animal) or vegetable origin	
2710.99.39	Other wastes of lubricating oils and greases	
2710.99.45	Waste oil mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi containing not over 50 percent of any single hydrocarbon compound	
2710.99.90	Other waste oils	
2711.11.00	Natural gas, liquefied	
2711.12.00	Propane, liquefied	
2711.13.00	Butanes, liquefied	
2711.14.00	Ethylene, propylene, butylene and butadiene, liquefied	
2711.19.00	Liquefied petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, nesoi	
2711.21.00	Natural gas, in gaseous state	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2711.29.00	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, except natural gas	
2712.10.00	Petroleum jelly	
2712.20.00	Paraffin wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process and less than 0.75 percent oil by weight	
2712.90.10	Montan wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process	
2712.90.20	Mineral waxes (i.e., paraffin wax with 0.75 percent or more oil by weight, microcrystalline wax, slack lignite and peat waxes, ozokerite), obtained by synthesis	
2713.11.00	Coke, petroleum, not calcined	
2713.12.00	Coke, petroleum coke, calcined	
2713.20.00	Petroleum bitumen	
2713.90.00	Residues (except petroleum coke or petroleum bitumen) of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials	
2714.10.00	Bituminous or oil shale and tar sands	
2714.90.00	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks	
2715.00.00	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, natural bitumen, petroleum bitumen, mineral tar or mineral tar pitch	
2716.00.00	Electrical energy	
2801.20.00	Iodine	
2804.29.00	Rare gases, other than argon	
2804.50.00	Boron; tellurium	
2804.61.00	Silicon containing by weight not less than 99.99 percent of silicon	
2804.80.00	Arsenic	
2804.90.00	Selenium	
2805.19.10	Strontium	
2805.19.20	Barium	
2805.19.90	Alkali metals, other than sodium	
2805.30.00	Rare-earth metals, scandium and yttrium, whether or not intermixed or interalloyed	
2811.11.00	Hydrogen fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)	
2811.19.10	Arsenic acid	
2811.29.10	Arsenic trioxide	
2811.29.20	Selenium dioxide	
2812.19.00	Other chlorides and chloride oxides	
2813.90.10	Arsenic sulfides	
2815.20.00	Potassium hydroxide (Caustic potash)	
2816.10.00	Hydroxide and peroxide of magnesium	
2816.40.10	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of strontium	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2816.40.20	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of barium	
2817.00.00	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide	
2818.10.10	Artificial corundum, crude	
2818.10.20	Artificial corundum, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2818.20.00	Aluminum oxide, other than artificial corundum	
2820.10.00	Manganese dioxide	
2821.10.00	Iron oxides and hydroxides	
2821.20.00	Earth colors containing 70 percent or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
2822.00.00	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides	
2823.00.00	Titanium oxides	
2825.20.00	Lithium oxide and hydroxide	
2825.40.00	Nickel oxides and hydroxides	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2825.50.30	Copper hydroxides	
2825.60.00	Germanium oxides and zirconium dioxide	
2825.80.00	Antimony oxides	
2825.90.15	Niobium oxide	
2825.90.30	Tungsten oxides	
2825.90.90	Other inorganic bases; other metal oxides, hydroxides and peroxides, nesoi	
2826.12.00	Fluorides of aluminum	
2826.30.00	Sodium hexafluoroaluminate (Synthetic cryolite)	
2826.90.90	Other complex fluorine salts, nesoi	
2827.31.00	Magnesium chloride	
2827.39.45	Barium chloride	
2827.39.60	Cobalt chlorides	
2827.39.90	Chlorides, nesoi	
2827.41.00	Chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides of copper	
2827.49.50	Chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides other than of copper or of vanadium	
2827.59.51	Other bromides and bromide oxides, other than ammonium, calcium or zinc	
2827.60.10	Iodide and iodide oxide of calcium or copper	
2827.60.51	Iodides and iodide oxides, other than of calcium, copper or potassium	
2833.21.00	Magnesium sulfate	
2833.24.00	Nickel sulfate	Executive Order 14346

HTSUS	Description	Notes
		of September 5, 2025
2833.25.00	Copper sulfate	
2833.27.00	Barium sulfate	
2833.29.10	Cobalt sulfate	
2833.29.45	Zinc sulfate	
2833.29.51	Other sulfates nesoi	
2834.21.00	Potassium nitrate	
2834.29.20	Strontium nitrate	
2834.29.51	Nitrates, nesoi	
2836.60.00	Barium carbonate	
2836.91.00	Lithium carbonates	
2836.92.00	Strontium carbonate	
2836.99.10	Cobalt carbonates	
2836.99.50	Carbonates nesoi, and peroxocarbonates (percarbonates)	
2841.80.00	Tungstates (wolframates)	
2841.90.20	Ammonium perrhenate	
2841.90.40	Aluminates	
2843.29.01	Silver compounds, other than silver nitrate	
2843.30.00	Gold compounds	
2843.90.00	Inorganic or organic compounds of precious metals, excluding those of silver and gold; amalgams of precious metals	
2844.10.10	Natural uranium metal	
2844.10.20	Natural uranium compounds	
2844.20.00	Uranium enriched in U235 and plutonium and their compounds; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures containing these products	
2844.30.20	Compounds of uranium depleted in U235	
2844.30.50	Uranium depleted in U235, thorium; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures of these products and their compounds	
2844.43.00	Other radioactive elements, isotopes, compounds, nesoi; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures thereof	
2845.90.01	Isotopes not in heading 2844 and their compounds other than boron, lithium and helium	
2846.10.00	Cerium compounds	
2846.90.20	Mixtures of rare-earth oxides or of rare-earth chlorides	
2846.90.40	Yttrium materials and compounds containing by weight more than 19 percent but less than 85 percent yttrium oxide equivalent	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2846.90.80	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of rare-earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium, or of mixtures of these metals, nesoi	
2849.20.10	Silicon carbide, crude	
2849.20.20	Silicon carbide, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2849.90.30	Tungsten carbide	
2853.90.10	Phosphor copper containing more than 15 percent by weight of phosphorus, excluding ferrosphosphorus	
2853.90.90	Other phosphides, excluding ferrophosphorous, nesoi	
2903.45.10	1,2,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) and 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134)	
2903.51.10	2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234yf), 1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234ze) and (Z)-1,1,1,4,4,4-hexafluoro-2-butene (HFO-1336mzz)	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2903.59.90	Other unsaturated fluorinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	
2903.69.90	Other brominated or iodinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	
2903.78.00	Other perhalogenated acyclic hydrocarbon derivatives, nesoi	
2903.79.90	Other halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons containing two or more different halogens, nesoi	
2903.89.15	Halogenated products derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbon, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2903.89.20	Halogenated derivatives derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbon, nesoi	
2903.89.70	Other halogenated derivatives of cyclanic etc hydrocarbons not deriv from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons	
2903.92.00	Hexachlorobenzene (ISO) and DDT (clofenatone (INN), (1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane))	
2904.99.40	Sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2905.29.90	Unsaturated monohydric alcohols, other than allyl alcohol or acyclic terpene alcohols	
2905.39.90	Dihydric alcohols (diols), nesoi	
2905.59.10	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of monohydric alcohols	
2905.59.90	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of acyclic alcohols, nesoi	
2906.19.50	Other cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2906.29.60	Other aromatic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	
2907.29.90	Other polyphenols, nesoi	
2908.19.60	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenol or phenol-alcohols	
2909.19.18	Ethers of acyclic monohydric alcohols and derivatives, nesoi	
2909.20.00	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	
2909.30.60	Other aromatic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	
2909.49.10	Other aromatic ether-alcohols, their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2909.49.15	Aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	
2909.49.20	Nonaromatic glycerol ethers	
2909.49.60	Other non-aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	
2909.50.40	Odoriferous or flavoring compounds of ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, nitrosated derivatives	
2909.50.45	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols & their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, nitrosated derivatives nesoi, in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2909.50.50	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	
2912.19.50	Acyclic aldehydes without other oxygen function, nesoi	
2912.49.26	Other aromatic aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and aldehydes with other oxygen function	
2914.19.00	Acyclic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	
2914.40.90	Nonaromatic ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes, nesoi	
2914.50.30	Aromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	
2914.50.50	Nonaromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	
2914.62.00	Coenzyme Q10 (ubidecarenone (INN))	
2914.69.21	Quinone drugs	
2914.69.90	Quinones, nesoi	
2914.79.40	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, etc derivatives of aromatic ketones and quinones, whether or not with other oxygen function	
2915.29.30	Cobalt acetates	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2915.39.31	Aromatic esters of acetic acid described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2915.39.35	Aromatic esters of acetic acid, nesoi	
2915.39.47	Acetates of polyhydric alcohols or of polyhydric alcohol ethers	
2915.39.90	Other non-aromatic esters of acetic acid	
2915.90.10	Fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, nesoi	
2915.90.14	Valproic acid	
2915.90.18	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	
2915.90.20	Aromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2915.90.50	Nonaromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2916.19.30	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	
2916.19.50	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acid anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, nesoi	
2916.20.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpnic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	
2916.31.50	Benzoic acid esters, nesoi	
2916.39.46	Aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2916.39.79	Other aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	
2917.13.00	Azelaic acid, sebacic acid, their salts and esters	
2917.19.10	Ferrous fumarate	
2917.19.70	Acyclic polycarboxylic acids and their derivatives (excluding plasticizers)	
2917.34.01	Esters of orthophthalic acid, nesoi	
2917.39.30	Aromatic polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives nesoi, in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2918.11.51	Salts and esters of lactic acid	
2918.13.50	Salts and esters of tartaric acid, nesoi	
2918.16.50	Salts and esters of gluconic acid	
2918.19.60	Malic acid	
2918.19.90	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2918.22.10	O-Acetylsalicylic acid (Aspirin)	
2918.22.50	Salts and esters of O-acetylsalicylic acid	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2918.23.30	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2918.23.50	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, nesoi	
2918.29.20	Gentisic acid; and hydroxycinnamic acid and its salts	
2918.29.65	Carboxylic acids with phenol function but without other oxygen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2918.29.75	Other carboxylic acids with phenol function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	
2918.30.25	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	
2918.30.30	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives, nesoi	
2918.30.90	Non-aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives	
2918.99.30	Aromatic drugs derived from carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their derivatives, nesoi	
2918.99.43	Aromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	
2918.99.47	Other aromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their derivatives (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	
2918.99.50	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2919.90.30	Aromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives, not used as plasticizers	
2919.90.50	Nonaromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives	
2920.90.51	Nonaromatic esters of inorganic acids of nonmetals and their salts and derivatives, excluding esters of hydrogen halides, nesoi	
2921.19.11	Mono- and triethylamines; mono-, di-, and tri(propyl- and butyl-) monoamines; salts of any of the foregoing	
2921.19.61	N,N-Dialkyl (methyl, ethyl, N-Propyl or Isopropyl)-2-Chloroethylamines and their protonated salts; Acyclic monoamines and their derivatives, nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2921.29.00	Acyclic polyamines, their derivatives and salts, other than ethylenediamine or hexamethylenediamine and their salts	
2921.30.10	Cyclanic, cyclenic, cycloterpnic mono- or polyamines, derivatives and salts, from any aromatic compound described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2921.30.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpnic mono- or polyamines, and their derivatives and salts, from any nonaromatic compounds	
2921.42.90	Other aniline derivatives and their salts	
2921.46.00	Amfetamine (INN), benzphetamine (INN), dexamphetamine (INN), etilamphetamine (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2921.49.38	Aromatic monoamine antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents, nesoi	
2921.49.43	Aromatic monoamine drugs, nesoi	
2921.49.45	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives nesoi; salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2921.49.50	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	
2921.59.80	Aromatic polyamines and their derivatives; salts thereof nesoi	
2922.11.00	Monoethanolamine and its salts	
2922.14.00	Dextropropoxyphene (INN) and its salts	
2922.19.09	Aromatic amino-alcohols drugs, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function; salts thereof; nesoi	
2922.19.20	4,4'-Bis(dimethylamino)benzhydrol (Michler's hydrol) and other specified aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters; salts thereof	
2922.19.33	N1-(2-Hydroxyethyl-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; N1,N4,N4-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; and other specified chemicals	
2922.19.60	Aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxygen function described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2922.19.70	Other aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxygen function (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	
2922.19.90	Salts of triethanolamine	
2922.19.96	Amino-alcohols, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, their ethers and esters and salts thereof, nesoi	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2922.29.27	Drugs of amino-naphthols and -phenols, their ethers and esters, except those containing more than one oxygen function; salts thereof, nesoi	
2922.29.61	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols and their derivatives of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2922.29.81	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols; their ethers, esters and salts (not containing more than one oxygen function) thereof nesoi	
2922.31.00	Amfepramone (INN), methadone (INN) and normethadone (INN); salts thereof	
2922.39.25	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function; salts; described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2922.39.45	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function; salts thereof; nesoi	
2922.39.50	Nonaromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one kind of oxygen function, salts thereof; nesoi	
2922.41.00	Lysine and its esters and salts thereof	
2922.42.50	Glutamic acid and its salts, other than monosodium glutamate	
2922.44.00	Tildine (INN) and its salts	
2922.49.10	m-Aminobenzoic acid, technical; and other specified aromatic amino-acids and their esters, except those with more than one oxygen function	
2922.49.26	Aromatic amino-acids drugs and their esters, not containing more than one kind of oxygen function, nesoi	
2922.49.30	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, excluding those with more than one oxygen function; salts; described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2922.49.37	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, not containing more than one kind of oxygen function (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI), nesoi	
2922.49.49	Nonaromatic amino-acids, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, other than glycine	
2922.49.80	Non-aromatic esters of amino-acids, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function; salts thereof	
2922.50.07	3,4-Diaminophenetole dihydrogen sulfate; 2-nitro-5-[(2,3-dihydroxy)propoxy]-N-methylaniline; and other specified aromatic chemicals	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2922.50.10	Specified aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.11	Salts of d(underscored)-(-)-p-Hydroxyphenylglycine	
2922.50.13	Isoetharine hydrochloride and other specified aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.14	Other aromatic cardiovascular drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.17	Aromatic dermatological agents and local anesthetics of amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.25	Aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	
2922.50.35	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2922.50.40	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	
2922.50.50	Nonaromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2923.10.00	Choline and its salts	
2923.20.20	Lecithins and other phosphoaminolipids, nesoi	
2923.90.01	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides, whether or not chemically defined, nesoi	
2924.11.00	Meprobamate (INN)	
2924.19.11	Acyclic amides (including acyclic carbamates)	
2924.19.80	Acyclic amide derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2924.21.16	Aromatic ureines and their derivatives pesticides, nesoi	
2924.21.50	Nonaromatic ureines and their derivatives; and salts thereof	
2924.29.01	p-Acetanisidine; p-Acetoacetotolidide; 4'-Amino-N-methylacetanilide; 2,5-Dimethoxyacetanilide; and N-(7-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl) acetamide	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2924.29.03	3,5-Dinitro-o-toluamide	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2924.29.10	Acetanilide; N-acetylsulfanilyl chloride; aspartame; and 2-methoxy-5-acetamino-N,N-bis(2-acetoxyethyl)aniline	
2924.29.23	4-Amino acetanilide; 2,2'-Oxamido bis [ethyl-3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; Aceto acetsulfanilic acid, potassium salt; and N-(2,3-Dihydroxy propyl)-5-N-(2,3-dihydroxy-propyl) acetamido-N'-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,4,6-triiodoisophthalamide	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2924.29.26	3-Amineomethoxybenzanilide	Executive Order 14346

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
		of September 5, 2025
2924.29.28	N-[[(4-Chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluorobenzamide; and 3,5-Dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- benzamide (Pronamide)	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2924.29.33	Naphthol AS and derivatives: 3-Hydroxy-2-naphthalenide; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-toluidide; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-anisidine; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-phenetidide; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-4-chloro-2,5- dimethoxyanilide; 3-Hydroxy-3'-nitro-2-naphthalenide; and N,N'-Bis(acetoacetyl-o-toluidine)	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2924.29.57	Diethylaminoacetoxylidide (Lidocaine)	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2924.29.62	Other aromatic cyclic amides and derivatives for use as drugs	
2924.29.71	Aromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	
2924.29.77	Aromatic cyclic amides (including cyclic carbamates) and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	
2924.29.80	2,2-Dimethylcyclopropylcarboxamide	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2924.29.95	Other nonaromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2925.12.00	Glutethimide (INN)	
2925.19.42	Other aromatic imides and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2925.19.91	Other non-aromatic imides and their derivatives	
2925.21.00	Chlordimeform (ISO)	
2925.29.20	Aromatic drugs of imines and their derivatives, nesoi	
2925.29.60	Aromatic imines and their derivatives; salts thereof (excluding drugs); nesoi	
2925.29.90	Non-aromatic imines and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2926.30.10	Fenproporex (INN) and its salts	
2926.40.00	alpha-Phenylacetone	
2926.90.14	p-Chlorobenzonitrile and verapamil hydrochloride	
2926.90.43	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2926.90.48	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds other than those products in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	
2926.90.50	Nonaromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2927.00.40	Diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2927.00.50	Other diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi	
2928.00.25	Aromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine	
2928.00.30	Nonaromatic drugs of organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, other than Methyl ethyl ketoxime	
2928.00.50	Nonaromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, nesoi	
2929.90.20	Aromatic compounds with other nitrogen functions, nesoi	
2929.90.50	Nonaromatic compounds with other nitrogen functions, except isocyanates	
2930.20.20	Aromatic compounds of thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates, excluding pesticides	
2930.20.90	Other non-aromatic thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates	
2930.30.60	Thiuram mono-, di- or tetrasulfides, other than tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	
2930.90.29	Other aromatic organo-sulfur compounds (excluding pesticides)	
2930.90.49	Nonaromatic organo-sulfur acids, nesoi	
2930.90.92	Other non-aromatic organo-sulfur compounds	
2931.49.00	Other non-halogenated organo-phosphorous derivatives	
2931.53.00	O-(3-chloropropyl) O-[4-nitro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methylphosphonothionate	
2931.90.22	Drugs of aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	
2931.90.90	Other non-aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	
2932.14.00	Sucralose	
2932.19.51	Nonaromatic compounds containing an unfused furan ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the ring	
2932.20.20	Aromatic drugs of lactones	
2932.20.30	Aromatic lactones, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2932.20.50	Nonaromatic lactones	
2932.99.61	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2932.99.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2932.99.90	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.11.00	Phenazone (Antipyrine) and its derivatives	
2933.19.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyrazole ring	
2933.19.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyrazole ring	
2933.19.90	Other compound (excluding aromatic, modified aromatic & drugs) containing unfused pyrazole ring (whether or n/hydrogenated) in the structure	
2933.21.00	Hydantoin and its derivatives	
2933.29.05	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods: 1-[1-((4-Chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)- imino)-2-propoxyethyl]-1H-imidazole (Triflumizole); and Ethylene thiourea	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2933.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused imidazole ring	
2933.29.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in structure	
2933.29.43	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods containing unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	
2933.29.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring, nesoi	
2933.29.60	Imidazole	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
2933.29.90	Other compounds (excluding drugs, aromatic and modified aromatic compounds) containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated)	
2933.33.01	Alfentanil (INN), anileridine (INN), bezitramide (INN), bromazepam (INN), difenoxin (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2933.34.00	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2933.35.00	3-Quinuclidinol	
2933.37.00	N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)	
2933.39.08	1-(3-Sulfapropyl)pyridinium hydroxide; N,N-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-1,6-hexanediamine; and 5 other specified chemicals	
2933.39.10	Collidines, lutidines and picolines	
2933.39.20	p-Chloro-2-benzylpyridine & other specified heterocyclic compounds, w nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.21	Fungicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.23	o-Paraquat dichloride	
2933.39.25	Herbicides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.27	Pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.31	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	
2933.39.41	Drugs containing an unfused pyridine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure, nesoi	
2933.39.61	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2933.39.92	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	
2933.41.00	Levorphenol (INN) and its salts	
2933.49.08	4,7-Dichloroquinoline	
2933.49.10	Ethoxyquin (1,2-Dihydro-6-ethoxy-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline)	
2933.49.15	8-Methylquinoline and Isoquinoline	
2933.49.17	Ethyl ethyl-6,7,8-trifluoro-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-3-quinoline carboxylate	
2933.49.20	5-Chloro-7-iodo-8-quinolinol (Iodochlorhydroxyquin); Decoquinate; Diiodohydroxyquin; and Oxyquinoline sulfate	
2933.49.26	Drugs containing a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated) not further fused, nesoi	
2933.49.30	Pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system, not further fused	
2933.49.60	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS containing quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2933.49.70	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a quinoline ring-system, not further fused, nesoi	
2933.52.10	Malonylurea (barbituric acid)	
2933.52.90	Salts of barbituric acid	
2933.53.00	Allobarbital (INN), amobarbital (INN), barbital (INN), butalbital (INN), butobarbital, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2933.54.00	Other derivatives of malonylurea (barbituric acid); salts thereof	
2933.59.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.18	Nonaromatic pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	
2933.59.21	Antihistamines, including those principally used as antinauseants	
2933.59.22	Nicarbazin and trimethoprim	
2933.59.36	Anti-infective agents nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.46	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	
2933.59.53	Other aromatic or modified aromatic drugs containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	
2933.59.59	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2933.59.80	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.85	2-Amino-4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidine; 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine; and 6-methyluracil	
2933.59.95	Other (excluding aromatic or mod aromatic) compounds containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2933.69.60	Other compounds containing an unfused triazine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	
2933.72.00	Clobazam (INN) and methyprylon (INN)	
2933.79.08	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2933.79.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams, nesoi	
2933.79.85	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, nesoi	
2933.91.00	Alprazolam (INN), camazepam (INN), chlordiazepoxide (INN), clonazepam (INN), clorazepate, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2933.99.01	Butyl (R)-2-[4-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate	
2933.99.02	2-[4-[(6-Chloro-2-quinoxaliny)oxy]phenoxy]propionic acid, ethyl ester; and 1 other specified aromatic chemical	
2933.99.05	Acridine and indole	
2933.99.06	alpha-Butyl-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile (Mycolbutanil); and one other specified aromatic chemical	
2933.99.08	Acetoacetyl-5-aminobenzimidazolone; 1,3,3-Trimethyl-2-methyleneindoline; and two other specified aromatic chemicals	
2933.99.11	Carbazole	
2933.99.12	6-Bromo-5-methyl-1H-imidazo-(4,5-b)pyridine; 2-sec-butyl-4-tert-butyl-6-(benzotriazol-2-yl)phenol; 2-methylindoline; and other specific	
2933.99.16	o-Diquat dibromide (1,1-Ethylene-2,2-dipyridylium dibromide)	
2933.99.17	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.22	Other heterocyclic aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.24	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	
2933.99.26	Aromatic or modified aromatic antihistamines of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	
2933.99.42	Acriflavin; Acriflavin hydrochloride; Carbadox; Pyrazinamide	
2933.99.46	Aromatic or modified aromatic anti-infective agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.51	Hydralazine hydrochloride	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2933.99.53	Aromatic or modified aromatic cardiovascular drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.55	Aromatic or modified aromatic analgesics and certain like affecting chemicals, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	
2933.99.58	Droperidol; and Imipramine hydrochloride	
2933.99.61	Aromatic or modified aromatic psychotherapeutic agents, affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.65	Aromatic or modified aromatic anticonvulsants, hypnotics and sedatives, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.70	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.75	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.79	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2933.99.82	Aromatic or mod. aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only other than products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	
2933.99.85	3-Amino-1,2,4-triazole	
2933.99.89	Hexamethyleneimine	
2933.99.90	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.97	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2934.10.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds containing an unfused thiazole ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2934.10.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds, nesoi, containing an unfused thiazole ring	
2934.10.90	Other compounds (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) containing an unfused thiazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	
2934.20.40	Heterocyclic compounds containing a benzothiazole ring system, not further fused, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2934.20.80	Other compounds containing a benzothiazole ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2934.30.23	Antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents containing a phenothiazine ring system, not further fused	
2934.30.27	Other drugs containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	
2934.30.43	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	
2934.30.50	Heterocyclic compounds containing a phenothiazine ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	
2934.91.00	Aminorex (INN), brotizolam (INN), clotiazepam (INN), cloxazolam (INN), dextromoramide (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2934.92.00	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused thiazole ring	
2934.99.01	Mycophenolate mofetil	
2934.99.03	2-Acetylbenzo(b)thiophene; and 2 other specified aromatic or modified aromatic compounds	
2934.99.05	5-Amino-3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazole(3-Phenyl-5-amino-1,2,4-thiadiazole); and 3 other specified aromatic/mod. aromatic heterocyclic compounds	
2934.99.06	7-Nitronaphth[1,2]oxadiazole-5-sulfonic acid and its salts	
2934.99.07	Ethyl 2-[4-[(6-chloro-2-benzoxazoyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate (Fenoxaprop- ethyl)	
2934.99.08	2,5-Diphenyloxazole	
2934.99.09	1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one	
2934.99.11	2-tert-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-5-isopropoxyphenyl)-delta(squared)-1,3,4-oxadiazolin-5-one; Bentazon; Phosalone	
2934.99.12	Aromatic or modified aromatic fungicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.16	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.18	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.30	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2934.99.39	Aromatic or modified aromatic other heterocyclic compounds described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2934.99.44	Aromatic or modified aromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.47	Nonaromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.70	Morpholinethyl chloride hydrochloride; 2-methyl-2,5-dioxo-1-oxa-2-phospholan; and 1 other specified nonaromatic chemical	
2934.99.90	Nonaromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2935.50.00	Other perfluorooctane sulfonamides	
2935.90.06	4-Amino-6-chloro-m-benzenedisulfonamide and Methyl-4-aminobenzenesulfonylcarbamate (Asulam)	
2935.90.10	2-Amino-N-Ethylbenzenesulfonanilide etc	
2935.90.13	(5-[2-Chloro-4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-(Methylsulfonyl)-2-Nitrobenzamide)(fomesafen); etc	
2935.90.15	ortho-Toluenesulfonamide	
2935.90.20	Sulfonamides used as fast color bases and fast color salts	
2935.90.30	Sulfamethazine	
2935.90.32	Acetylsulfisoxazole; Sulfacetamide, sodium; and Sulfamethazine, sodium	
2935.90.33	Sulfathiazole and Sulfathiazole, sodium	
2935.90.42	Salicylazosulfapyridine (Sulfasalazine); Sulfadiazine; Sulfaguanidine; Sulfamerizine; and Sulfapyridine	
2935.90.48	Other sulfonamides used as anti-infective agents	
2935.90.60	Other sulfonamide drugs (excluding anti-infective agents)	
2935.90.75	Other sulfonamides (excluding drugs, etc.) of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2935.90.95	Other sulfonamides, excluding drugs, excluding products described in additional U.S. note 4 to section VI of the HTSUS	
2936.21.00	Vitamins A and their derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.22.00	Vitamin B1 (Thiamine) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.23.00	Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.24.01	Vitamin B5 (D- or DL-Pantothenic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.25.00	Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine and related compounds with Vitamin B6 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2936.26.00	Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin and related compounds with Vitamin B12 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.27.00	Vitamin C (Ascorbic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.28.00	Vitamin E (Tocopherols and related compounds with Vitamin E activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.29.10	Folic acid and its derivatives, unmixed	
2936.29.16	Niacin and niacinamide	
2936.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	
2936.29.50	Other vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	
2936.90.01	Vitamins or provitamins (including natural concentrates) and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent	
2937.11.00	Somatotropin, its derivatives and structural analogues	
2937.12.00	Insulin and its salts	
2937.19.00	Polypeptide hormones, protein hormones and glycoprotein hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	
2937.21.00	Cortisone, hydrocortisone, prednisone (Dehydrocortisone) and prednisolone (Dehydrohydrocortisone)	
2937.22.00	Halogenated derivatives of corticosteroidal hormones	
2937.23.10	Estrogens and progestins obtained directly or indirectly from animal or vegetable materials	
2937.23.25	Estradiol benzoate; and Estradiol cyclopentylpropionate (estradiol cypionate)	
2937.23.50	Other estrogens and progestins not derived from animal or vegetable materials, nesoi	
2937.29.10	Desonide; and Nandrolone phenpropionate	
2937.29.90	Steroidal hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	
2937.50.00	Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, their derivatives and structural analogues	
2937.90.05	Epinephrine	
2937.90.10	Epinephrine hydrochloride	
2937.90.20	Catecholamine hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	
2937.90.40	l-Thyroxine(Levothyroxine), sodium	
2937.90.45	Amino-acid derivatives of hormones and their derivatives, nesoi	
2937.90.90	Other hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, other steroid derivatives and structural analogues used primarily as hormones, nesoi	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2938.10.00	Rutoside (Rutin) and its derivatives	
2938.90.00	Glycosides, natural or synthesized, and their salts, ethers, esters, and other derivatives other than rutoside and its derivatives	
2939.11.00	Concentrates of poppy straw; buprenorphine (INN), codeine, dihydrocodeine (INN), ethylmorphine, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2939.19.10	Papaverine and its salts	
2939.19.20	Synthetic alkaloids of opium and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2939.19.50	Nonsynthetic alkaloids of opium and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2939.20.00	Alkaloids of cinchona, and their derivatives; salts thereof, other than quinine and its salts	
2939.30.00	Caffeine and its salts	
2939.41.00	Ephedrine and its salts	
2939.42.00	Pseudoephedrine and its salts	
2939.44.00	Norephedrine & its salts	
2939.45.00	Levometamfetamine, metamfetamine (INN), metamfetamine racemate and their salts	
2939.49.03	Alkaloids of ephedra and their salts, other than ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, cathine, norephedrine, levometamfetamine and their salts	
2939.59.00	Theophylline aminophylline (Theophylline-ethylenediamine) and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2939.62.00	Ergotamine and its salts	
2939.63.00	Lysergic acid and its salts	
2939.69.00	Alkaloids of rye ergot and their derivatives, nesoi; salts thereof	
2939.72.00	Cocaine, ecgonine; salts, esters and other derivatives thereof	
2939.79.00	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, their salts and other derivatives, nesoi	
2939.80.00	Other alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis and their salts, ethers, esters & other derivatives, nesoi	
2940.00.60	Other sugars, nesoi excluding d-arabinose	
2941.10.10	Ampicillin and its salts	
2941.10.20	Penicillin G salts	
2941.10.30	Carfecillin, sodium; cloxacillin, sodium; dicloxacillin, sodium; flucloxacillin (Floxacillin); and oxacillin, sodium	
2941.10.50	Penicillins and their derivatives nesoi, with a penicillanic acid structure; salts thereof	
2941.20.10	Dihydrostreptomycins and its derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.20.50	Streptomycins and their derivatives; salts thereof, nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2941.30.00	Tetracyclines and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.40.00	Chloramphenicol and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.50.00	Erythromycin and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.90.10	Natural antibiotics, nesoi	
2941.90.30	Antibiotics, nesoi, aromatic or modified aromatic, other than natural	
2941.90.50	Antibiotics nesoi, other than aromatic or modified aromatic antibiotics	
2942.00.05	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other organic compounds, nesoi	
2942.00.35	Other aromatic or modified aromatic organic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	
2942.00.50	Nonaromatic organic compounds, nesoi	
3001.20.00	Extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions for organotherapeutic uses	
3001.90.01	Glands and other organs for organotherapeutic uses, dried, whether or not powdered	
3002.12.00	Antisera and other blood fractions including human blood and fetal bovine serum	
3002.13.00	Immunological products, unmixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	
3002.14.00	Immunological products, mixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	
3002.15.00	Immunological products, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	
3002.41.00	Vaccines for human medicine	
3002.42.00	Vaccines for veterinary medicine	
3002.49.00	Toxins or cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts)	
3002.51.00	Cell therapy products	
3002.59.00	Other cell cultures, other than cell therapy products	
3002.90.10	Ferments, excluding yeasts	
3002.90.52	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic, diagnostic uses; antisera; antiallergenic preparations nesoi and like products	
3003.10.00	Medicaments, containing penicillins or streptomycins, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, not dosage form and not packaged for retail	
3003.39.10	Medicaments containing artificial mixtures of natural hormones, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3003.39.50	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937, nesoi, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.90.01	Other medicaments excluding goods of headings 3002, 3005 and 3006 consisting of two or more constituents mixed together, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3004.10.10	Medicaments containing penicillin G salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.10.50	Medicaments containing penicillins or streptomycins, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.31.00	Medicaments containing insulin, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.32.00	Medicaments containing adrenal cortical hormones, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.39.00	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937 nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.10	Medicaments containing vitamin B2 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.20	Medicaments containing vitamin B12 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.30	Medicaments containing vitamin E synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.40	Medicaments containing vitamins nesoi, synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.50	Medicaments containing vitamins or other products of heading 2936, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
3004.60.00	Other medicaments containing antimalarial active principles described in subheading note 2 to chapter 30 of the HTSUS, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3004.90.10	Medicaments containing antigens or hyaluronic acid or its sodium salt, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.90.92	Medicaments nesoi, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3006.30.10	Opacifying preparations for X-ray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient; all containing antigens or antisera	
3006.30.50	Opacifying preparations for X-ray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient, nesoi	
3006.60.00	Chemical contraceptive preparations based on hormones or spermicides	
3006.70.00	Gel preparations designed to be used in human or veterinary medicine as a lubricant in surgical operation, physical exam or coupling agent between body and medical instrument	
3006.93.10	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, packaged with medicinal preparations	
3006.93.20	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing over 10 percent by dry weight of sugar	
3006.93.50	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing ingredients having nutritional value	
3006.93.60	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, in liquid form for oral intake	
3006.93.80	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing other chemicals other than medicaments	
3101.00.00	Animal or vegetable fertilizers; fertilizers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products	Addition
3102.10.00	Urea, whether or not in aqueous solution	Addition
3102.21.00	Ammonium sulfate	Addition
3102.29.00	Double salts and mixtures of ammonium sulfate and ammonium nitrate	Addition
3102.30.00	Ammonium nitrate, whether or not in aqueous solution	Addition
3102.40.00	Mixtures of ammonium nitrate with calcium carbonate or other inorganic nonfertilizing substances	Addition
3102.50.00	Sodium nitrate	Addition
3102.60.00	Double salts and mixtures of calcium nitrate and ammonium nitrate	Addition
3102.80.00	Mixtures of urea and ammonium nitrate in aqueous or ammoniacal solution	Addition
3102.90.01	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous, nesoi, including mixtures not specified elsewhere in heading 3102	Addition

HTSUS	Description	Notes
3103.11.00	Superphosphates containing by weight 35 percent or more of diphosphorous pentaoxide (P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> )	Addition
3103.19.00	Superphosphates nesoi	Addition
3103.90.01	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic	Addition
3104.20.00	Potassium chloride	
3104.30.00	Potassium sulfate	
3104.90.01	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic, nesoi	
3105.10.00	Fertilizers of chapter 31 in tablets or similar for	
3105.20.00	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containing three fertilizing elements	
3105.30.00	Diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate (Diammonium phosphate)	Addition
3105.40.00	Ammonium dihydrogenorthophosphate (Monoammonium phosphate), mixtures thereof with diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate (Diammonium phosphate)	Addition
3105.51.00	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containing nitrates and phosphates	Addition
3105.59.00	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containing the two fertilizing elements nitrogen and phosphorus	Addition
3105.60.00	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containing 2 fertilizing elements	
3105.90.00	Mineral or chemical fertilizers cont. two or three of the fertilizing elements nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium fertilizers, nesoi	Addition
3203.00.80	Coloring matter of vegetable or animal origin, nesoi	
3204.13.80	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon, nesoi	
3204.17.20	Copper phthalocyanine ([Phthalocyanato(2-)]copper) not ready for use as a pigment	
3204.18.00	Carotenoid coloring matters and preparations based thereon	
3206.11.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide containing 80 percent or more by weight of titanium dioxide calculated on the dry weight	
3206.19.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide, nesoi	
3301.29.51	Essential oils other than those of citrus fruit, nesoi, for religious purposes only	Addition (Ex)
3402.42.10	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, aromatic or modified aromatic	
3402.42.20	Fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin; non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than aromatic or modified aromatic	
3402.42.90	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin, other than aromatic or modified aromatic	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3606.90.30	Ferrocerium and other pyrophoric alloys in all forms	
3808.94.10	Disinfectants, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic disinfectant	
3808.94.50	Disinfectants not subject to subheading note 1 of chapter 38 of the HTSUS, nesoi	
3818.00.00	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers etc., chemical compounds doped for electronic use	
3824.91.00	Mixtures consisting mainly of methylphosphonate etc.	
3824.99.29	Mixtures containing 5 percent or more by weight of one or more aromatic or modified aromatic substance, nesoi	
3824.99.49	Mixtures that are in whole or in part of hydrocarbons derived in whole or in part from petroleum, shale oil or natural gas	
3824.99.55	Mixtures of halogenated hydrocarbons, nesoi	
3901.90.90	Polymers of ethylene, nesoi, in primary forms, other than elastomeric	
3902.90.00	Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, nesoi, in primary forms	
3904.61.00	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), in primary forms	
3905.91.10	Copolymers of vinyl esters or other vinyls, in primary forms, containing by weight 50 percent or more of derivatives of vinyl acetate	
3905.99.80	Polymers of vinyl esters or other vinyl polymers, in primary forms, nesoi	
3906.90.50	Acrylic polymers (except plastics or elastomers), in primary forms, nesoi	
3907.10.00	Polyacetals in primary forms	
3907.21.00	Bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate	
3907.70.00	Poly(lactic acid)	
3908.10.00	Polyamide-6, -11, -12, -6,6, -6,9, -6,10 or -6,12 in primary form	
3911.90.25	Thermoplastic polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39 of the HTSUS, containing aromatic monomer units or derived therefrom	
3911.90.91	Polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39 of the HTSUS, nesoi	
3912.31.00	Carboxymethylcellulose and its salts	
3912.39.00	Cellulose ethers, other than carboxymethylcellulose and its salts, in primary forms	
3912.90.00	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives nesoi, in primary forms	
3913.90.20	Polysaccharides and their derivatives, nesoi, in primary forms	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
3913.90.50	Natural polymers and modified natural polymers, nesoi, in primary forms	
3914.00.60	Ion-exchangers based on polymers of headings 3901 to 3913, in primary forms, nesoi	
4001.10.00	Natural rubber latex, whether or not prevulcanized	
4001.21.00	Natural rubber smoked sheets	
4001.22.00	Technically specified natural rubber (TSNR), in primary forms	
4001.29.00	Natural rubber in primary forms other than latex, smoked sheets or technically specified natural rubber (TSNR)	
4001.30.00	Balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle and similar natural rubber gums, in primary forms	
4403.42.00	Teak, in the rough or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4403.49.02	Tropical wood other than teak or meranti, in the rough or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4407.21.00	Mahogany, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	
4407.22.00	Virola, imbuia and balsa wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	
4407.23.01	Teak, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	
4407.25.00	Dark red meranti, light red meranti and meranti bakau wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	
4407.26.00	White lauan, white meranti, white seraya, yellow meranti, and alan wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	
4407.27.00	Sapelli wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	
4407.28.00	Iroko wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	
4407.29.02	Tropical wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
4408.31.01	Dark red meranti, light red meranti and meranti bakau wood, sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm	
4408.39.02	Tropical wood, other than meranti, sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm	
4703.11.00	Unbleached coniferous chemical woodpulp	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
4703.21.00	Semibleached or bleached coniferous chemical woodpulp	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
4703.29.00	Semibleached or bleached nonconiferous chemical woodpulp	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
4820.20.00	Exercise books of paper or paperboard	
4901.10.00	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter in single sheets, whether or not folded	
4901.91.00	Printed dictionaries and encyclopedias and serial installments thereof	
4901.99.00	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter, other than in single sheets	
4902.10.00	Newspapers, journals and periodicals, appearing at least four times a week	
4902.90.10	Newspaper supplements printed by a gravure process	
4902.90.20	Newspapers, journals and periodicals, except those appearing at least four times a week	
4903.00.00	Children's picture, drawing or coloring books	
4904.00.00	Music, printed or in manuscript, whether or not bound or illustrated	
4905.20.00	Maps and hydrographic or similar charts of all kinds, including atlases and topographical plans, printed in book form	
4905.90.20	Globes, printed	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4905.90.60	Other printed maps and hydrographic or similar charts, not globes and not in book form, nesoi	
4906.00.00	Hand-drawn original plans and drawings; hand-written texts; photo reproductions on sensitized paper and carbon copies of the foregoing	
4911.10.00	Printed trade advertising material, commercial catalogs and the like	
4911.99.60	Printed matter, nesoi, printed on paper in whole or in part by a lithographic process	
4911.99.80	Printed matter, nesoi	
7106.91.10	Silver bullion and dore	
7108.11.00	Gold, nonmonetary, powder	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7108.12.10	Gold, nonmonetary, bullion and dore	
7108.12.50	Gold, nonmonetary, other unwrought forms, other	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7108.13.10	Gold, nonmonetary, other semimanufactured forms, gold leaf	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7108.13.55	Gold, nonmonetary, other semimanufactured forms, rectangular or near rectangular shapes, containing 99.5 percent or more by weight of gold and not otherwise marked or decorated than with weight, purity, or other identifying information	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7108.13.70	Gold, nonmonetary, other semimanufactured forms, other	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7108.20.00	Gold, monetary	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7110.11.00	Platinum, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.19.00	Platinum, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.21.00	Palladium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.29.00	Palladium, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.31.00	Rhodium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.39.00	Rhodium, in semimanufactured forms	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
7110.41.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.49.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, in semimanufactured forms	
7112.92.01	Platinum waste and scrap, incl. metal clad with platinum, excluding sweepings containing other precious metals, other than goods of electrical and electronic waste covered under heading 8549	
7115.90.05	Articles of precious metal, in rectangular or near rectangular shapes, containing 99.5 percent or more by weight of a precious metal and not otherwise marked or decorated than with weight, purity, or other identifying information	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7115.90.30	Articles of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal, other articles of gold, including metal clad with gold	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7118.90.00	Coin, nesoi	
7202.11.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 2 percent but not more than 4 percent of carbon	
7202.11.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 4 percent of carbon	
7202.19.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight not more than 1 percent of carbon	
7202.19.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 1 percent but not more than 2 percent of carbon	
7202.30.00	Ferrosilicon manganese	
7202.41.00	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 4 percent of carbon	
7202.49.10	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 3 percent but not more than 4 percent of carbon	
7202.49.50	Ferrochromium containing by weight 3 percent or less of carbon	
7202.50.00	Ferrosilicon chromium	
7202.60.00	Ferronickel	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7202.80.00	Ferrotungsten and ferrosilicon tungsten	
7202.91.00	Ferrotitanium and ferrosilicon titanium	
7202.93.40	Ferroniobium containing by weight less than 0.02 percent of phosphorus or sulfur or less than 0.4 percent of silicon	
7202.93.80	Ferroniobium, nesoi	
7204.21.00	Stainless steel waste and scrap	
7401.00.00	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper)	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
7402.00.00	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining	
7403.11.00	Refined copper cathodes and sections of cathodes	
7403.12.00	Refined copper, wire bars	
7403.13.00	Refined copper, billets	
7403.19.00	Refined copper, unwrought articles nesoi	
7403.21.00	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), unwrought nesoi	
7403.22.00	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), unwrought nesoi	
7403.29.01	Copper alloys (other than copper-zinc, copper-tin alloys), unwrought nesoi	
7404.00.30	Copper spent anodes; copper waste and scrap containing less than 94 percent by weight of copper	
7404.00.60	Copper, waste and scrap containing 94 percent or more by weight of copper	
7405.00.10	Copper master alloys, containing 5 percent or more but not more than 15 percent by weight of phosphorus	
7405.00.60	Copper master alloys, not containing 5 percent or more but not more than 15 percent by weight of phosphorus	
7501.10.00	Nickel mattes	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7502.10.00	Nickel, not alloyed	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7502.20.00	Nickel alloys	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7503.00.00	Nickel waste and scrap	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7504.00.00	Nickel powders and flakes	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7508.90.50	Nickel, articles of nesoi	
7901.11.00	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, containing 99.99 percent or more by weight of zinc	
7901.12.10	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5 percent but less than 99.99 percent by weight of zinc	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
7901.12.50	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, other than casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5 percent but less than 99.99 percent by weight of zinc	
7901.20.00	Zinc alloy, unwrought	
7902.00.00	Zinc, waste and scrap	
7903.90.30	Zinc powder	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
7907.00.60	Zinc, articles (other than for household, table or kitchen use), nesoi	
8001.10.00	Tin (other than alloy), unwrought	
8001.20.00	Tin alloy, unwrought	
8002.00.00	Tin, waste and scrap	
8007.00.50	Tin, articles nesoi	
8101.10.00	Tungsten, powders	
8101.97.00	Tungsten, waste and scrap	
8103.20.00	Tantalum, unwrought (including bars and rods obtained simply by sintering); tantalum powders	
8103.30.00	Tantalum, waste and scrap	
8103.91.00	Tantalum, crucibles	
8103.99.00	Tantalum, articles other than crucibles, nesoi	
8104.11.00	Magnesium, unwrought, containing at least 99.8 percent by weight of magnesium	
8104.19.00	Magnesium, unwrought, nesoi	
8104.20.00	Magnesium, waste and scrap	
8104.30.00	Magnesium, raspings, turnings and granules graded according to size; magnesium powders	
8104.90.00	Magnesium, articles nesoi	
8105.20.30	Cobalt alloys, unwrought	
8105.20.60	Cobalt (other than alloys), unwrought	
8105.20.90	Cobalt, mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy; cobalt powders	
8105.30.00	Cobalt, waste and scrap	
8105.90.00	Cobalt, articles thereof nesoi	
8106.10.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing more than 99.99 percent of bismuth by weight	
8106.90.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing 99.99 percent of bismuth or less, nesoi	
8108.20.00	Titanium, unwrought; titanium powders	
8108.30.00	Titanium, waste and scrap	
8108.90.30	Titanium, articles nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
8108.90.60	Titanium, wrought nesoi	
8110.10.00	Antimony, unwrought; antimony powders	
8110.20.00	Antimony, waste and scrap	
8110.90.00	Articles of antimony, nesoi	
8111.00.47	Unwrought manganese flake containing at least 99.5 percent by weight manganese	
8111.00.49	Unwrought manganese, nesoi	
8112.21.00	Chromium, unwrought; chromium powders	
8112.22.00	Chromium, waste and scrap	
8112.29.00	Articles of chromium, nesoi	
8112.41.10	Rhenium, waste and scrap	
8112.41.50	Rhenium, unwrought; rhenium powders	
8112.49.00	Rhenium, articles, nesoi	
8112.59.00	Articles of thallium, nesoi	
8112.92.10	Gallium, unwrought; gallium powders	
8112.92.30	Indium, unwrought; indium powders	
8112.92.40	Niobium (columbium), unwrought; niobium powders	
8112.92.60	Germanium, unwrought	
8112.92.65	Germanium powder, wrought	
8112.99.10	Germanium nesoi and articles thereof	
8112.99.91	Articles of gallium, indium, or niobium, nesoi	
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form and machines for processing such data, nesoi	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8473.30	Parts and accessories for automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form and machines for processing such data, nesoi	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8486	Machines and apparatus of a kind used solely or principally for the manufacture of semiconductor boules or wafers, semiconductor devices, electronic integrated circuits or flat panel displays; machines and apparatus specified in note 11(C) to this chapter; parts and accessories	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8505.11.0070	Sintered neodymium-iron-boron magnets	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
8517.13.00	Smartphones for cellular networks or for other wireless of networks	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
8517.62.00	Machines for the reception, conversion and transmission or regeneration of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8523.51.00	Semiconductor media, solid state non-volatile storage devices	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8524	Flat panel display modules, whether or not incorporating touch-sensitive screens	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8528.52.00	Other monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8541.10.00	Diodes, other than photosensitive or light-emitting diodes	
8541.21.00	Transistors, other than photosensitive transistors, with a dissipation rating of less than 1 W	
8541.29.00	Transistors, other than photosensitive transistors, with a dissipation rating of 1 W or more	
8541.30.00	Thyristors, diacs and triacs, other than photosensitive devices	
8541.41.00	Light emitting diodes (LED)	Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025
8541.49.10	Other photosensitive semiconductor diodes, other than light-emitting	
8541.49.70	Other photosensitive semiconductor transistors	
8541.49.80	Optical coupled isolators	
8541.49.95	Other photosensitive semiconductor devices, other than diodes or transistors, nesoi	
8541.51.00	Other semiconductor-based transducers, other than photosensitive transducers	
8541.59.00	Other semiconductor devices, other than semiconductor-based transducers, other than photosensitive devices, nesoi	
8541.90.00	Parts of diodes, transistors, similar semiconductor devices, photosensitive semiconductor devices, LEDs and mounted piezoelectric crystals	
8542	Electronic integrated circuits; parts thereof	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025

HTSUS	Description	Notes
8542.31.00	Electronic integrated circuits: processors and controllers	
8542.32.00	Electronic integrated circuits: memories	
8542.33.00	Electronic integrated circuits: amplifiers	
8542.39.00	Electronic integrated circuits: other	
8542.90.00	Parts of electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies	

## Potential Tariff Adjustments for Aligned Partners

### Annex

Note: All products that are properly classified in the provisions of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) that are listed in this Annex are potentially eligible to be exempted from duties imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended, as determined by the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative for each trading partner that has concluded an agreement on reciprocal trade, based on the scope and nature of the trading partner's commitments under that agreement. The product descriptions that are contained in this Annex are provided for informational purposes only, do not supersede the text of the HTSUS, and are not intended to delimit in any way the scope of the action, except as specified below. Only items that are properly classified in the listed provisions of the HTSUS are potentially eligible to be exempted from the tariff action imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended. Any questions regarding the scope of particular HTSUS provisions should be referred to U.S. Customs and Border Protection. In the product descriptions, the abbreviation "nesoi" means "not elsewhere specified or included".

Notes on certain HTSUS provisions for which only a portion of the provision is covered in this Annex, as provided in the "Scope Limitations" column:

- A subheading marked with "Ex" is defined and limited by the product description.
- A subheading marked with "**Aircraft**" includes only articles of civil aircraft (all aircraft other than military aircraft); their engines, parts, and components; their other parts, components, and subassemblies; and ground flight simulators and their parts and components, that otherwise meet the criteria of General Note 6 of HTSUS, regardless of whether a product is entered under a provision for which the rate of duty "Free (C)" appears in the "Special" sub-column.
- A subheading marked with "**Pharma**" includes only non-patented articles for use in pharmaceutical applications.

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
0106.11.00	Live primates	
0106.12.01	Live whales, dolphins and porpoises; manatees and dugongs, seals, sea lions, and walruses	
0106.13.00	Live camels and other camelids	
0106.14.00	Live rabbits and hares	
0106.19.30	Live foxes	
0106.19.91	Live mammals, nesoi	
0106.20.00	Live reptiles (including snakes and turtles)	
0106.31.00	Live birds of prey	
0106.32.00	Live psittaciformes birds (including parrots, parakeets, macaws and cockatoos)	
0106.33.00	Ostriches; emus	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
0106.39.01	Live birds, other than poultry, birds of prey or psittaciformes birds	
0106.90.01	Live animals other than mammals, reptiles, insects, and birds	
0208.50.00	Meat and edible meat offal of reptiles, fresh, chilled or frozen	
0208.90.25	Frog legs, fresh, chilled or frozen	
0302.31.00	Albacore or longfinned tunas, fresh or chilled, excluding fillets, other meat portions, livers and roes	
0302.32.00	Yellowfin tunas, fresh or chilled, excluding fillets, other meat portions, livers and roes	
0304.87.00	Frozen tuna fillets	
0410.10.00	Edible insects	
0501.00.00	Human hair, unworked, whether or not washed or scoured; waste of human hair	
0510.00.40	Cantharides; bile; glands and other animal products nesoi used in pharmaceutical products	
0601.10.15	Tulip bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.30	Hyacinth bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.45	Lily bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.60	Narcissus bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.75	Crocus corms, dormant	
0601.10.90	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, nesoi, dormant	
0601.20.90	Bulbs nesoi, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots	
0602.10.00	Unrooted cuttings and slips of live plants	
0602.40.00	Roses, grafted or not	
0602.90.20	Live orchid plants	
0602.90.30	Live herbaceous perennials, other than orchid plants, with soil attached to roots	
0602.90.60	Other live plants nesoi, with soil attached to roots	
0603.11.00	Sweetheart, spray and other roses, fresh cut	
0603.12.30	Miniature (spray) carnations, fresh cut	
0603.12.70	Other Carnations, fresh cut	
0603.13.00	Orchids, fresh cut	
0603.14.00	Chrysanthemums, fresh cut	
0603.15.00	Fresh cut lilies ( <i>Lillium</i> spp.)	
0603.19.01	Fresh cut, anthuriums, alstroemeria, gypsophilia, lilies, snapdragons and other flowers nesoi	
0603.90.00	Cut flowers and flower buds, suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
0604.20.00	Fresh foliage, branches, and other parts of plants, without flowers or buds, suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes	
0604.90.10	Mosses and lichens suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes	
0604.90.30	Dried or bleached foliage, branches, and other parts of plants for bouquets or ornamental purposes, except mosses and lichens	
0604.90.60	Other than fresh, bleached or dried: Foliage, branches, parts of plants and grasses, suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes, except mosses and lichen	
0805.40.60	Grapefruit and pomelos, fresh or dried, if entered during the month of October	
1207.10.00	Palm nuts and kernels	
1211.30.00	Coca leaf, of a kind used in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes	
1211.60.00	Bark of African cherry ( <i>Prunus Africana</i> )	
1211.90.60	Tonka beans, of a kind used in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes	
1211.90.89	Psyllium seed husks	Ex
1212.21.00	Seaweeds and other algae, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not ground, fit for human consumption	
1212.29.00	Seaweeds and other algae, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not ground, other than for human consumption	
1212.94.00	Chicory roots	
1301.20.00	Gum Arabic	
1301.90.91	Boswellia	Ex
1302.19.21	Poppy straw extract	
1302.19.91	Aloe, Tasmanian pepper, coconut, centella	Ex
1302.31.00	Agar-agar	
1302.32.00	Mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from locust beans, locust bean seeds or guar seeds	
1401.10.00	Bamboos, of a kind used primarily for plaiting	
1401.20.20	Rattans, in the rough or cut transversely into sections, of a kind used primarily for plaiting	
1401.20.40	Rattans, other than those in the rough or cut transversely into sections, of a kind used primarily for plaiting	
1404.90.30	Istle of a kind used primarily in brooms or brushes	
1404.90.40	Piassava, couch-grass and other vegetable materials nesoi, of a kind used primarily in brooms or brushes	
1511.10.00	Palm oil, crude, and its fractions, whether or not refined, not chemically modified	
1511.90.00	Palm oil, other than crude, and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
1513.21.00	Palm kernel oil or babassu oil, crude, and their fractions, not chemically modified	
1513.29.00	Palm kernel oil or babassu oil, other than crude, and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	
1515.30.00	Castor oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	
1515.90.21	Nut oils, whether or not refined, not chemically modified	
1515.90.60	Jojoba oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, not chemically modified	
1515.90.81	Argan oil	Ex
1604.14.40	Tunas and skipjack, not in airtight containers, not in oil, in bulk or in immediate containers weighing with contents over 6.8 kg each	
2101.30.00	Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof	
2102.20.60	Single-cell micro-organisms, dead, excluding yeasts (but not including vaccines of heading 3002)	
2306.50.00	Oilcake and other solid residues, resulting from the extraction of vegetable fats or oils, of coconut or copra	
2504.10.10	Natural graphite, crystalline flake (not including flake dust)	
2504.10.50	Natural graphite in powder or flakes other than crystalline flake	
2504.90.00	Natural graphite, other than in powder or in flakes	
2511.10.10	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), ground	
2511.10.50	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), not ground	
2519.10.00	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	
2519.90.10	Fused magnesia; dead-burned (sintered) magnesia, whether or not containing small quantities of other oxides added before sintering	
2519.90.20	Caustic calcined magnesite	
2524.90.00	Asbestos other than crocidolite	
2529.21.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight 97 percent or less of calcium fluoride	
2529.22.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight more than 97 percent of calcium fluoride	
2530.20.10	Kieserite	
2530.20.20	Epsom salts (natural magnesium sulfates)	
2530.90.10	Natural cryolite; natural chiolite	
2530.90.20	Natural micaceous iron oxides	
2530.90.80	Other mineral substances, nesoi	
2602.00.00	Manganese ores and concentrates including ferruginous manganese ores and concentrates with manganese content over 20 percent calculated on the dry weight	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2604.00.00	Nickel ores and concentrates	
2605.00.00	Cobalt ores and concentrates	
2606.00.00	Aluminum ores and concentrates	
2608.00.00	Zinc ores and concentrates	
2609.00.00	Tin ores and concentrates	
2610.00.00	Chromium ores and concentrates	
2611.00.30	Tungsten ores	
2611.00.60	Tungsten concentrates	
2612.20.00	Thorium ores and concentrates	
2613.90.00	Molybdenum ores and concentrates, not roasted	
2614.00.30	Synthetic rutile	
2614.00.60	Titanium ores and concentrates, other than synthetic rutile	
2615.90.30	Synthetic tantalum-niobium concentrates	
2615.90.60	Niobium, tantalum or vanadium ores and concentrates, nesoi	
2616.10.00	Silver ores and concentrates	
2617.10.00	Antimony ores and concentrates	
2620.99.50	Slag (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel) containing over 40 percent titanium, and which if containing over 2 percent by weight of copper, lead, or zinc is not to be treated for the recovery thereof	
2801.20.00	Iodine	
2804.10.00	Hydrogen	Pharma
2804.29.00	Rare gases, other than argon	Pharma
2804.30.00	Nitrogen	Pharma
2804.50.00	Boron; tellurium	Pharma
2804.80.00	Arsenic	
2804.90.00	Selenium	
2805.19.10	Strontium	
2805.19.20	Barium	Pharma
2805.19.90	Alkali metals, other than strontium and barium	
2805.30.00	Rare-earth metals, scandium and yttrium, whether or not intermixed or interalloyed	
2806.10.00	Hydrogen chloride (Hydrochloric acid)	Pharma
2807.00.00	Sulfuric acid; oleum	Pharma
2809.20.00	Phosphoric acid and polyphosphoric acids	Pharma
2811.11.00	Hydrogen fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)	
2811.12.00	Hydrogen cyanide	Pharma
2811.19.10	Arsenic acid	
2811.22.50	Silicon dioxide, other than synthetic silica gel	Pharma
2811.29.10	Arsenic trioxide	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2811.29.20	Selenium dioxide	
2812.12.00	Phosphorus oxychloride	Pharma
2812.19.00	Other chlorides and chloride oxides	Pharma
2813.90.10	Arsenic sulfides	
2814.10.00	Anhydrous ammonia	Pharma
2814.20.00	Ammonia in aqueous solution	Pharma
2815.11.00	Sodium hydroxide (Caustic soda), solid	Pharma
2815.12.00	Sodium hydroxide (Caustic soda), in aqueous solution (Soda lye or liquid soda)	Pharma
2815.20.00	Potassium hydroxide (Caustic potash)	Pharma
2815.30.00	Peroxides of sodium or potassium	Pharma
2816.10.00	Hydroxide and peroxide of magnesium	
2816.40.10	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of strontium	
2816.40.20	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of barium	
2817.00.00	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide	
2818.10.10	Artificial corundum, crude	
2818.10.20	Artificial corundum, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2818.20.00	Aluminum oxide, other than artificial corundum	
2818.30.00	Aluminum hydroxide	Pharma
2820.10.00	Manganese dioxide	
2821.10.00	Iron oxides and hydroxides	
2821.20.00	Earth colors containing 70 percent or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
2822.00.00	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides	
2823.00.00	Titanium oxides	
2825.10.00	Hydrazine and hydroxylamine and their inorganic salts	Pharma
2825.20.00	Lithium oxide and hydroxide	Pharma
2825.40.00	Nickel oxides and hydroxides	
2825.60.00	Germanium oxides and zirconium dioxide	
2825.80.00	Antimony oxides	
2825.90.15	Niobium oxide	
2825.90.30	Tungsten oxides	
2825.90.90	Other inorganic bases; other metal oxides, hydroxides and peroxides, nesoi	
2826.12.00	Fluorides of aluminum	
2826.30.00	Sodium hexafluoroaluminate (Synthetic cryolite)	
2826.90.90	Other complex fluorine salts, nesoi	
2827.31.00	Magnesium chloride	
2827.39.45	Barium chloride	
2827.39.60	Cobalt chlorides	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2827.39.65	Zinc chloride	Pharma
2827.39.90	Chlorides, nesoi	Pharma
2827.59.51	Other bromides and bromide oxides, other than ammonium, calcium or zinc	
2827.60.20	Iodide and iodide oxide of potassium	Pharma
2827.60.51	Iodides and iodide oxides, other than of calcium, copper or potassium	Pharma
2832.10.00	Sodium sulfites	Pharma
2832.30.10	Sodium thiosulfate	Pharma
2833.11.50	Disodium sulfate, other than salt cake	Pharma
2833.19.00	Sodium sulfates, other than disodium sulfate	Pharma
2833.21.00	Magnesium sulfate	Pharma
2833.22.00	Aluminum sulfate	Pharma
2833.24.00	Nickel sulfate	
2833.27.00	Barium sulfate	
2833.29.10	Cobalt sulfate	
2833.29.45	Zinc sulfate	
2833.29.51	Other sulfates nesoi	
2834.10.10	Sodium nitrite	Pharma
2834.21.00	Potassium nitrate	
2834.29.20	Strontium nitrate	
2834.29.51	Nitrates, nesoi	
2835.22.00	Mono- or disodium phosphates	Pharma
2835.24.00	Potassium phosphate	Pharma
2836.20.00	Disodium carbonate	Pharma
2836.30.00	Sodium hydrogencarbonate (Sodium bicarbonate)	Pharma
2836.40.20	Potassium hydrogencarbonate (Potassium bicarbonate)	Pharma
2836.60.00	Barium carbonate	
2836.91.00	Lithium carbonates	
2836.92.00	Strontium carbonate	
2836.99.10	Cobalt carbonates	
2836.99.50	Carbonates nesoi, and peroxocarbonates (percarbonates)	
2837.20.51	Complex cyanides, excluding potassium ferricyanide	Pharma
2841.80.00	Tungstates (wolframates)	
2841.90.20	Ammonium perrhenate	
2841.90.40	Aluminates	Pharma
2842.10.00	Double or complex silicates	Pharma
2842.90.90	Salts of inorganic acids or peroxyacids nesoi, excluding azides	Pharma
2843.29.01	Silver compounds, other than silver nitrate	Pharma
2843.30.00	Gold compounds	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2843.90.00	Inorganic or organic compounds of precious metals, excluding those of silver and gold; amalgams of precious metals	Pharma
2844.41.00	Tritium and its compounds, alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures thereof	Pharma
2844.42.00	Actinium, californium, curium, einsteinium, gadolinium, polonium, radium, uranium and their compounds, alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures	Pharma
2844.43.00	Other radioactive elements, isotopes, compounds, nesoi; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures thereof	Pharma
2844.44.00	Radioactive residues	Pharma
2845.20.00	Boron enriched in boron-10 and its compounds	Pharma
2845.30.00	Lithium enriched in lithium-6 and its compounds	Pharma
2845.90.01	Isotopes not in heading 2844 and their compounds other than boron, lithium and helium	Pharma
2846.10.00	Cerium compounds	
2846.90.20	Mixtures of rare-earth oxides or of rare-earth chlorides	Pharma
2846.90.40	Yttrium bearing materials and compounds containing by weight more than 19 percent but less than 85 percent yttrium oxide equivalent	Pharma
2846.90.80	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of rare-earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium, or of mixtures of these metals, nesoi	
2847.00.00	Hydrogen peroxide, whether or not solidified with urea	Pharma
2849.20.10	Silicon carbide, crude	
2849.20.20	Silicon carbide, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2849.90.30	Tungsten carbide	
2850.00.50	Hydrides, nitrides, azides, silicides and borides other than of calcium, titanium, tungsten or vanadium	Pharma
2853.10.00	Cyanogen chloride (Chlorocyan )	Pharma
2853.90.10	Phosphor copper containing more than 15 percent by weight of phosphorus, excluding ferrophosphorus	Pharma
2853.90.50	Phosphides, whether or not chemically defined, excluding ferrophosphorus, of other metals or of nonmetals	Pharma
2853.90.90	Other phosphides, excluding ferrophosphorous, nesoi	Pharma
2901.10.40	Saturated acyclic hydrocarbon (not ethane, butane, n-pentane or isopentane), derived in whole or in part from petroleum, shale oil or natural gas	Pharma
2902.19.00	Cyclanic hydrocarbons (except cyclohexane), cyclenic hydrocarbons and cycloterpenes nesoi	Pharma
2902.90.30	Alkylbenzenes and polyalkylbenzenes	Pharma
2903.12.00	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	Pharma
2903.13.00	Chloroform (Trichloromethane)	Pharma
2903.22.00	Trichloroethylene	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2903.41.10	Trifluoromethane (HFC-23)	Pharma
2903.42.10	Difluoromethane (HFC-32)	Pharma
2903.43.10	Fluoromethane (HFC-41), 1,2-difluoroethane (HFC-152) and 1,1-difluoroethane (HFC-152-a)	Pharma
2903.44.10	Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125), 1,1,1-trifluoroethane (HFC-143a) and 1,1,2-trifluoroethane (HFC-143)	Pharma
2903.45.10	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) and 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134)	Pharma
2903.46.10	1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane (HFC-227ea), 1,1,1,2,2,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236cb), 1,1,1,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236ea) and 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236fa)	Pharma
2903.47.10	1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane (HFC-245fa) and 1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HFC-245ca)	Pharma
2903.48.00	1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluorobutane (HFC-365mfc) and 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane (HFC-4310mee)	Pharma
2903.49.00	Other saturated fluorinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma
2903.51.10	2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234yf), 1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234ze) and (Z)-1,1,1,4,4,4-hexafluoro-2-butene (HFO-1336mzz)	Pharma
2903.59.10	1,1,3,3,3-Pentafluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-prop-1-ene	Pharma
2903.59.90	Other unsaturated fluorinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2903.69.10	Acetylene tetrabromide; alkyl bromides, other than methyl bromide (bromomethane); methylene dibromide; and vinyl bromide	Pharma
2903.69.90	Other brominated or iodinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2903.71.01	Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)	Pharma
2903.77.00	Other acyclic hydrocarbon derivatives, perhalogenated only with fluorine and chlorine	Pharma
2903.78.00	Other perhalogenated acyclic hydrocarbon derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2903.79.90	Other halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons containing two or more different halogens, nesoi	Pharma
2903.81.00	1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH (ISO)), including lindane (ISO, INN)	Pharma
2903.89.15	Halogenated products derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2903.89.20	Halogenated derivatives derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2903.89.70	Other halogenated derivatives of cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic hydrocarbons not derived from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2903.92.00	Hexachlorobenzene (ISO) and DDT (clofenotane (INN), (1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane)	Pharma
2903.93.00	Halogenated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons, pentachlorobenzene	Pharma
2903.94.00	Halogenated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons, hexabromobiphenyls	Pharma
2903.99.20	Benzyl chloride ( $\alpha$ -Chlorotoluene); Benzotrichloride ( $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -Trichlorotoluene)	Pharma
2903.99.80	Other halogenated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma
2904.10.32	Aromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only sulfo groups, their salts and ethyl esters, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2904.10.50	Nonaromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only sulfo groups, their salts and ethyl esters, nesoi	Pharma
2904.20.10	p-Nitrotoluene	Pharma
2904.20.15	p-Nitro-o-xylene	Pharma
2904.20.20	Trinitrotoluene	Pharma
2904.20.30	5-tert-Butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene (Musk xylo) and other artificial musks	Pharma
2904.20.35	Nitrated benzene, nitrated toluene (except p-nitrotoluene) or nitrated naphthalene	Pharma
2904.20.40	Aromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only nitro or only nitroso groups, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2904.20.45	Aromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only nitro or only nitroso groups, nesoi	Pharma
2904.20.50	Nonaromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only nitro or only nitroso groups, nesoi	Pharma
2904.99.04	Monochloromononitrobenzenes; o-nitrochlorobenzene; p-nitrochlorobenzene	Pharma
2904.99.08	Monochloromononitrobenzenes nesoi	Pharma
2904.99.15	4-Chloro-3-nitro- $\alpha$ - $\alpha$ - $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene; 2-Chloro-5-nitro- $\alpha$ - $\alpha$ - $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene; and 4-Chloro-3,5-dinitro- $\alpha$ - $\alpha$ - $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene	Pharma
2904.99.20	Nitrotoluenesulfonic acids	Pharma
2904.99.30	1-Bromo-2-nitrobenzene; 1,2-Dichloro-4-nitrobenzene and o-Fluoronitrobenzene	Pharma
2904.99.35	4,4'-Dinitrostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2904.99.40	Sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2904.99.47	Other sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons excluding aromatic products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2904.99.50	Nonaromatic sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma
2905.11.20	Methanol (Methyl alcohol), other than imported only for use in producing synthetic natural gas (SNG) or for direct use as fuel	Pharma
2905.12.00	Propan-1-ol (Propyl alcohol) and Propan-2-ol (isopropyl alcohol)	Pharma
2905.13.00	Butan-1-ol (n-Butyl alcohol)	Pharma
2905.19.10	Pentanol (Amyl alcohol) and isomers thereof	Pharma
2905.19.90	Saturated monohydric alcohols, nesoi	Pharma
2905.22.10	Geraniol	Pharma
2905.22.20	Isophytol	Pharma
2905.22.50	Acyclic terpene alcohols, other than geraniol and isophytol	Pharma
2905.29.90	Unsaturated monohydric alcohols, other than allyl alcohol or acyclic terpene alcohols	Pharma
2905.31.00	Ethylene glycol (Ethanediol)	Pharma
2905.32.00	Propylene glycol (Propane-1,2-diol)	Pharma
2905.39.90	Dihydric alcohols (diols), nesoi	Pharma
2905.49.20	Esters of glycerol formed with the acids of heading 2904	Pharma
2905.49.50	Polyhydric alcohols, nesoi	Pharma
2905.51.00	Ethchlorvynol (INN)	Pharma
2905.59.10	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of monohydric alcohols	Pharma
2905.59.90	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of acyclic alcohols, nesoi	Pharma
2906.11.00	Menthol	Pharma
2906.19.50	Other cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2906.29.60	Other aromatic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2907.11.00	Phenol (Hydroxybenzene) and its salts	Pharma
2907.19.10	Alkylcresols	Pharma
2907.19.20	Alkylphenols	Pharma
2907.19.40	Thymol	Pharma
2907.19.80	Other monophenols	Pharma
2907.29.90	Other polyphenols, nesoi	Pharma
2908.19.10	6-Chloro-m-cresol [OH=1]; m-chlorophenol; and chlorothymol	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2908.19.35	Derivatives of phenols or phenol-alcohols containing only halogen substituents and their salts described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2908.19.60	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenol or phenol-alcohols	Pharma
2908.99.12	Derivatives nesoi, of phenols or phenol-alcohols containing only sulfo groups, their salts and esters, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2908.99.15	Derivatives of phenol or phenol-alcohols containing only sulfo groups, their salts and esters, nesoi	Pharma
2908.99.25	Nitrophenols, except p-nitrophenol	Pharma
2909.11.00	Diethyl ether	Pharma
2909.19.18	Ethers of acyclic monohydric alcohols and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.19.60	Ethers of polyhydric alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.20.00	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2909.30.40	Aromatic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2909.30.60	Other aromatic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.49.05	Guaifenesin	Pharma
2909.49.10	Other aromatic ether-alcohols, their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2909.49.15	Aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.49.20	Nonaromatic glycerol ethers	Pharma
2909.49.60	Other non-aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2909.50.20	Guaiacol and its derivatives	Pharma
2909.50.40	Odoriferous or flavoring compounds of ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2909.50.45	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2909.50.50	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2910.10.00	Oxirane (Ethylene oxide)	Pharma
2910.30.00	1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (Epichlorohydrin)	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2910.40.00	Dieldrin (ISO, INN)	Pharma
2910.50.00	Endrin	Pharma
2910.90.10	Butylene oxide	Pharma
2910.90.20	Aromatic epoxides, epoxyalcohols, epoxyphenols and epoxyethers, with a three-membered ring, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2910.90.91	Other nonaromatic epoxides, epoxyalcohols and epoxyethers, with a three-membered ring, and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2911.00.10	1,1-Bis(1-methylethoxy)cyclohexane	Pharma
2911.00.50	Acetals and hemiacetals, whether or not with other oxygen function, and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2912.19.50	Acyclic aldehydes without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2912.29.60	Other cyclic aldehydes without other oxygen function	Pharma
2912.49.26	Other aromatic aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and aldehydes with other oxygen function	Pharma
2912.60.00	Paraformaldehyde	Pharma
2914.11.10	Acetone, derived in whole or in part from cumene	Pharma
2914.19.00	Acyclic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2914.29.30	Natural camphor	Pharma
2914.29.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2914.39.90	Aromatic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2914.40.40	Aromatic ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes, nesoi	Pharma
2914.40.90	Nonaromatic ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes, nesoi	Pharma
2914.50.10	5-Benzoyl-4-hydroxy-2-methoxybenzene-sulfonic acid	Pharma
2914.50.30	Aromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	Pharma
2914.50.50	Nonaromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	Pharma
2914.62.00	Coenzyme Q10 (ubidecarenone (INN))	Pharma
2914.69.21	Quinone drugs	Pharma
2914.69.90	Quinones, nesoi	Pharma
2914.71.00	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: chlordcone (ISO)	Pharma
2914.79.10	2,3-dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone and other artificial musks	Pharma
2914.79.40	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic ketones and quinones whether or not with other oxygen function	Pharma
2914.79.60	1-Chloro-5-hexanone	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2914.79.90	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of nonaromatic ketones and quinones whether or not with other oxygen function	Pharma
2915.21.00	Acetic acid	Pharma
2915.24.00	Acetic anhydride	Pharma
2915.29.30	Cobalt acetates	Pharma
2915.29.50	Other salts of acetic acid	Pharma
2915.32.00	Vinyl acetate	Pharma
2915.36.00	Dinoseb (ISO) acetate	Pharma
2915.39.10	Benzyl acetate	Pharma
2915.39.31	Aromatic esters of acetic acid, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2915.39.35	Aromatic esters of acetic acid, nesoi	Pharma
2915.39.40	Linalyl acetate	Pharma
2915.39.45	Odoriferous or flavoring compounds of nonaromatic esters of acetic acid, nesoi	Pharma
2915.39.47	Acetates of polyhydric alcohols or of polyhydric alcohol ethers	Pharma
2915.39.70	Isobutyl acetate	Pharma
2915.39.90	Other non-aromatic esters of acetic acid	Pharma
2915.40.10	Chloroacetic acids	Pharma
2915.40.20	Aromatic salts and esters of chloroacetic acids, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2915.40.30	Aromatic salts and esters of chloroacetic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2915.40.50	Nonaromatic salts and esters of chloroacetic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2915.50.20	Aromatic salts and esters of propionic acid	Pharma
2915.90.10	Fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, nesoi	Pharma
2915.90.14	Valproic acid	Pharma
2915.90.18	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2915.90.20	Aromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2915.90.50	Nonaromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2916.16.00	Binapacryl (ISO)	Pharma
2916.19.30	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2916.19.50	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acid anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2916.20.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2916.31.30	Benzoic acid esters, except odoriferous or flavoring compounds, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2916.31.50	Benzoic acid esters, nesoi	Pharma
2916.39.15	Ibuprofen	Pharma
2916.39.17	2,2-Dichlorophenylacetic acid, ethyl ester and m-Toluic acid	Pharma
2916.39.46	Aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2916.39.79	Other aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	Pharma
2917.13.00	Azelaic acid, sebacic acid, their salts and esters	Pharma
2917.19.10	Ferrous fumarate	Pharma
2917.19.15	Fumaric acid, derived in whole or in part from aromatic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2917.19.17	Fumaric acid except derived in whole or in part from aromatic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2917.19.20	Specified acyclic polycarboxylic acids and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2917.19.23	Maleic acid	Pharma
2917.19.27	Succinic acid, glutaric acid, and their derivatives, and derivatives of adipic, fumaric and maleic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2917.19.30	Ethylene brassylate	Pharma
2917.19.35	Malonic acid	Pharma
2917.19.40	Acyclic polycarboxylic acids, derived from aromatic hydrocarbons, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2917.19.70	Acyclic polycarboxylic acids and their derivatives (excluding plasticizers)	Pharma
2917.20.00	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	Pharma
2917.34.01	Esters of orthophthalic acid, nesoi	Pharma
2917.37.00	Dimethyl terephthalate	Pharma
2917.39.30	Aromatic polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2918.11.51	Salts and esters of lactic acid	Pharma
2918.12.00	Tartaric acid	Pharma
2918.13.50	Salts and esters of tartaric acid, nesoi	Pharma
2918.14.00	Citric acid	Pharma
2918.16.50	Salts and esters of gluconic acid, nesoi	Pharma
2918.18.00	Chlorobenzilate (ISO)	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2918.19.15	Other Phenylglycolic (Mandelic) acid salts and esters	Pharma
2918.19.20	Aromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen functions, and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2918.19.31	Aromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen functions, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.19.60	Malic acid	Pharma
2918.19.90	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.21.10	Salicylic acid and its salts, suitable for medicinal use	Pharma
2918.22.10	O-Acetylsalicylic acid (Aspirin)	Pharma
2918.22.50	Salts and esters of O-acetylsalicylic acid	Pharma
2918.23.10	Salol (Phenyl salicylate) suitable for medicinal use	Pharma
2918.23.30	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2918.23.50	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, nesoi	Pharma
2918.29.20	Gentisic acid; and Hydroxycinnamic acid and its salts	Pharma
2918.29.22	p-Hydroxybenzoic acid	Pharma
2918.29.65	Carboxylic acids with phenol function but without other oxygen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2918.29.75	Other carboxylic acids with phenol function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives (excluding goods of additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	Pharma
2918.30.10	1-Formylphenylacetic acid, methyl ester	Pharma
2918.30.15	2-Chloro-4,5-difluoro-beta -oxobenzene propanoic acid, ethyl ester; and Ethyl 2-keto-4-phenylbutanoate	Pharma
2918.30.25	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	Pharma
2918.30.30	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.30.70	Dimethyl acetyl succinate; Oxalacetic acid diethyl ester, sodium salt; 4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-oxobutanoic acid, both ethyl and methyl ester versions	Pharma
2918.30.90	Non-aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	Pharma
2918.99.05	p-Anisic acid; clofibrate and 3-phenoxybenzoic acid	Pharma
2918.99.30	Aromatic drugs derived from carboxylic acids with out additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.99.43	Aromatic carboxylic acids with out additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
	derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	
2918.99.47	Other aromatic carboxylic acids without additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	Pharma
2918.99.50	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids without additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2919.10.00	Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl phosphate)	Pharma
2919.90.30	Aromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives, not used as plasticizers	Pharma
2919.90.50	Nonaromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives	Pharma
2920.19.40	Other aromatic thiophosphoric esters (phosphorothioates), their salts and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2920.19.50	Nonaromatic phosphorothioates, their salts and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2920.21.00	Dimethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.22.00	Diethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.23.00	Trimethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.24.00	Triethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.29.00	Other phosphite esters, their salts and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2920.30.00	Endosulfan (ISO)	Pharma
2920.90.20	Aromatic esters of other inorganic acids (excluding hydrogen halides), their salts and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2920.90.51	Nonaromatic esters of inorganic acids of nonmetals, their salts and derivatives, excluding esters of hydrogen halides, nesoi	Pharma
2921.11.00	Methylamine, di- or trimethylamine, and their salts	Pharma
2921.14.00	2-(N,N,-Diisopropylamino)ethyl chloride hydrochloride	Pharma
2921.19.11	Mono- and triethylamines; mono-, di-, and tri(propyl- and butyl-) monoamines; salts of any of the foregoing	Pharma
2921.19.61	N,N-Dialkyl (methyl, ethyl, n-Propyl or Isopropyl)-2-Chloroethylamines and their protonated salts; Acyclic monoamines and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2921.29.00	Acyclic polyamines, their derivatives and salts, other than ethylenediamine or hexamethylenediamine and their salts	Pharma
2921.30.10	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines, derivatives and salts, from any aromatic compound described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2921.30.30	Cyclanic, cyclenic, cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines and their derivatives and salts, derived from any aromatic	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
	compound (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	
2921.30.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic mono- or polyamines, and their derivatives and salts, derived from any nonaromatic compounds	Pharma
2921.41.10	Aniline	Pharma
2921.41.20	Aniline salts	Pharma
2921.42.65	Aniline derivatives and their salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2921.42.90	Other aniline derivatives and their salts	Pharma
2921.43.40	Toluidines and their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2921.45.60	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	Pharma
2921.45.90	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof nesoi	Pharma
2921.46.00	Amphetamine (INN), benzphetamine (INN), dexamphetamine (INN), etilamphetamine (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2921.49.38	Aromatic monoamine antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents,	Pharma
2921.49.43	Aromatic monoamine drugs, nesoi	Pharma
2921.49.45	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2921.49.50	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2921.59.40	Aromatic polyamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2921.59.80	Aromatic polyamines and their derivatives and salts thereof nesoi	Pharma
2922.11.00	Monoethanolamine and its salts	Pharma
2922.12.00	Diethanolamine and its salts	Pharma
2922.14.00	Dextropropoxyphene (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2922.15.00	Triethanolamine	Pharma
2922.16.00	Diethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	Pharma
2922.17.00	Methyldiethanolamine and ethyldiethanolamine	Pharma
2922.18.00	2-(N,N-Diisopropylamino)ethanol	Pharma
2922.19.09	Aromatic amino-alcohols drugs, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, and their salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2922.19.20	4,4'-Bis(dimethylamino)benzhydrol (Michler's hydrol) and other specified aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.19.33	N1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; N1,N4,N4-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; and other specified chemicals	Pharma
2922.19.60	Aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxygen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2922.19.70	Other aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxygen function (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	Pharma
2922.19.90	Salts of triethanolamine	Pharma
2922.19.96	Amino-alcohols, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, their ethers and esters and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.21.10	1-Amino-8-hydroxy-3,6-naphthalenedisulfonic acid; and other specified aminohydroxynaphthalenesulfonic acids and their salts	Pharma
2922.21.25	1-Amino-8-hydroxy-4,6-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, monosodium salts	Pharma
2922.21.40	Aminohydroxynaphthalene sulfonic acids and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2922.21.50	Aminohydroxynaphthalene sulfonic acids and their salts, nesoi	Pharma
2922.29.03	o-Anisidine; p-anisidine; and p-phenetidine	Pharma
2922.29.06	m-Nitro-p-anisidine and m-nitro-o-anisidine as fast color bases	Pharma
2922.29.08	m-Nitro-p-anisidine and m-nitro-o-anisidine, nesoi	Pharma
2922.29.10	2-Amino-6-chloro-4-nitrophenol and other specified amino-naphthols and amino-phenols, their ethers and esters; salts thereof	Pharma
2922.29.13	o-Aminophenol; and 2,2-bis-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]propane	Pharma
2922.29.15	m-Diethylaminophenol; m-dimethylaminophenol; 3-ethylamino-p-cresol; and 5-methoxy-m-phenylenediamine	Pharma
2922.29.20	4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyaniline; and 2,4-dimethoxyaniline	Pharma
2922.29.26	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols and their derivatives used as fast color bases	Pharma
2922.29.27	Drugs of amino-naphthols and -phenols, their ethers and esters, except those containing more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2922.29.29	Photographic chemicals of amino-naphthols and -phenols, their ethers and esters, except those containing more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.29.61	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2922.29.81	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols, their ethers and esters (not containing more than one oxygen function), and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.31.00	Amfepramone (INN), methadone (INN) and normethadone (INN), and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.39.05	1-Amino-2,4-dibromoanthraquinone and 2-Amino-5-chlorobenzophenone	Pharma
2922.39.10	2'-Amino aceto phenone and other specified aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function	Pharma
2922.39.14	2-Aminoanthraquinone	Pharma
2922.39.17	1-Aminoanthraquinone	Pharma
2922.39.25	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2922.39.45	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.39.50	Nonaromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one kind of oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.41.00	Lysine and its esters and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.42.10	Monosodium glutamate	Pharma
2922.42.50	Glutamic acid and its salts, other than monosodium glutamate	Pharma
2922.43.10	Anthranilic acid and its salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2922.43.50	Anthranilic acid and its salts, nesoi	Pharma
2922.44.00	Tildine (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2922.49.05	(R)- $\alpha$ -Aminobenzeneacetic acid; and 2-amino-3-chlorobenzoic acid, methyl ester	Pharma
2922.49.10	m-Aminobenzoic acid, technical; and other specified aromatic amino-acids and their esters, except those with more than one oxygen function	Pharma
2922.49.26	Aromatic amino-acids drugs and their esters, not containing more than one kind of oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2922.49.30	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, excluding those with more than one oxygen function, and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2922.49.37	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, not containing more than one oxygen function (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS), nesoi	Pharma
2922.49.43	Glycine (aminoacetic acid)	Pharma
2922.49.49	Nonaromatic amino-acids, other than those containing more than one oxygen function, other than glycine	Pharma
2922.49.60	3-Aminocrotonic acid, methyl ester; and (R)- $\alpha$ -amino-1,4-cyclohexadiene-1-acetic acid	Pharma
2922.49.80	Non-aromatic esters of amino-acids, other than those containing more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.50.07	3,4-Diaminophenetole dihydrogen sulfate, 2-nitro-5-[(2,3-dihydroxy)propoxy]-N-methylaniline and other specified aromatic chemicals	Pharma
2922.50.10	Specified aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.11	Salts of d(-)-p-Hydroxyphenylglycine ((R)- $\alpha$ -Amino-4-hydroxybenzeneacetic acid)	Pharma
2922.50.13	Isoetharine hydrochloride and other specified aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.14	Other aromatic cardiovascular drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.17	Aromatic dermatological agents and local anesthetics of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.19	Aromatic guaiacol derivatives of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.25	Aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2922.50.35	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2922.50.40	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2922.50.50	Nonaromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2923.10.00	Choline and its salts	Pharma
2923.20.10	Purified egg phospholipids, pharmaceutical grade meeting requirements of the U.S. FDA, for use in intravenous fat emulsion	Pharma
2923.20.20	Lecithins and other phosphoaminolipids, nesoi	Pharma
2923.30.00	Tetraethylammonium perfluoroctane sulfonate	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2923.40.00	Didecylmethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	Pharma
2923.90.01	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides, whether or not chemically defined, nesoi	Pharma
2924.11.00	Meprobamate (INN)	Pharma
2924.12.00	Fluoroacetamide (ISO), monocrotophos (ISO) and phosphamidon (ISO)	Pharma
2924.19.11	Acylic amides (including acyclic carbamates)	Pharma
2924.19.80	Acylic amide derivatives and salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma
2924.21.16	Aromatic ureines and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2924.21.20	Aromatic ureines, their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2924.21.45	Aromatic ureines, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2924.21.50	Nonaromatic ureines and their derivatives; and salts thereof	Pharma
2924.23.70	2-Acetamidobenzoic acid salts described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2924.23.75	2-Acetamidobenzoic acid salts, nesoi	Pharma
2924.24.00	Ethinamate (INN)	Pharma
2924.25.00	Alachlor (ISO)	Pharma
2924.29.01	p-Acetanisidine; p-acetoacetoluidide; 4'-amino-N-methylacetanilide; 2,5-dimethoxyacetanilide; and N-(7-hydroxy-1-naphthyl)acetamide	Pharma
2924.29.03	3,5-Dinitro-o-toluamide	Pharma
2924.29.05	Biligrafin acid; 3,5-diacetamido-2,4,6-triiodobenzoic acid; and metrizoic acid	Pharma
2924.29.10	Acetanilide; N-acetylsulfanilyl chloride; aspartame; and 2-methoxy-5-acetamino-N,N-bis(2-acetoxyethyl)aniline	Pharma
2924.29.23	4-Aminoacetanilide; 2-2-oxamidobis[ethyl-3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate]; and other specified cyclic amide chemicals	Pharma
2924.29.26	3-Aminomethoxybenzanilide	Pharma
2924.29.28	N-[(4-Chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]difluorobenzamide; and 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)benzamide (pronamide)	Pharma
2924.29.33	3-Hydroxy-2-naphthanilide; 3-hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-toluidide; 3-hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-anisidine; 3-hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-phenetidine; and other	Pharma
2924.29.57	Diethylaminoacetoxylidide (Lidocaine)	Pharma
2924.29.62	Other aromatic cyclic amides and derivatives for use as drugs	Pharma
2924.29.65	5-Bromoacetyl-2-salicylamide	Pharma
2924.29.71	Aromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2924.29.77	Aromatic cyclic amides (including cyclic carbamates), their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2924.29.80	2,2-Dimethylcyclopropylcarboxamide	Pharma
2924.29.95	Other nonaromatic cyclic amides, their derivatives and salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma
2925.12.00	Glutethimide (INN)	Pharma
2925.19.42	Other aromatic imides, their derivatives and salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma
2925.19.91	Other non-aromatic imides and their derivatives	Pharma
2925.21.00	Chlordimeform (ISO)	Pharma
2925.29.10	N'-(4-Chloro-o-tolyl)-N,N-dimethylformamidine; bunamidine hydrochloride; and pentamidine	Pharma
2925.29.18	N,N'-Diphenylguanidine; 3-Dimethyl amino methyleneiminophenol hydrochloride; 1,3-Di-o-tolylguanidine; and N,N-Dimethyl-N'-[3-[(methylamino) carbonyl]- oxy] phenyl] methanimidamide monohydro- chloride	Pharma
2925.29.20	Aromatic drugs of imines and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2925.29.60	Aromatic imines, their derivatives and salts thereof (excluding drugs), nesoi	Pharma
2925.29.70	Tetramethylguanidine	Pharma
2925.29.90	Non-aromatic imines, their derivatives and salts thereof	Pharma
2926.30.10	Fenproporex (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2926.40.00	alpha-Phenylacetoacetonitrile	Pharma
2926.90.14	p-Chlorobenzonitrile and verapamil hydrochloride	Pharma
2926.90.43	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2926.90.48	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds other than those products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	Pharma
2926.90.50	Nonaromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2927.00.40	Diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2927.00.50	Other diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2928.00.10	Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Pharma
2928.00.15	Phenylhydrazine	Pharma
2928.00.25	Aromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine	Pharma
2928.00.30	Nonaromatic drugs of organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, other than Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Pharma
2928.00.50	Nonaromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, nesoi	Pharma
2929.90.05	2,2-Bis(4-cyanatophenyl)-1,1,1,3,3,3,-hexafluoropropane; 2,2-bis(4-cyanatophenyl)propane; 1,1-ethylidenebis(phenyl-4-cyanate); and 2 others	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2929.90.15	Other aromatic compounds with other nitrogen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2929.90.20	Aromatic compounds with other nitrogen function, nesoi	Pharma
2929.90.50	Nonaromatic compounds with other nitrogen functions, except isocyanates	Pharma
2930.10.01	2-(N,N-Dimethylamino) ethanethiol	Pharma
2930.20.20	Aromatic compounds of thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates, excluding pesticides	Pharma
2930.20.90	Other non-aromatic thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates	Pharma
2930.30.60	Thiuram mono-, di- or tetrasulfides, other than tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	Pharma
2930.40.00	Methionine	Pharma
2930.60.00	2-(N,N-Diethylamino)ethanethiol	Pharma
2930.70.00	Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)sulfide (thiodiglycol (INN))	Pharma
2930.90.29	Other aromatic organo-sulfur compounds (excluding pesticides)	Pharma
2930.90.49	Nonaromatic organo-sulfur acids, nesoi	Pharma
2930.90.92	Other non-aromatic organo-sulfur compounds	Pharma
2931.41.00	Dimethyl methylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.42.00	Dimethyl propylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.43.00	Diethyl ethylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.44.00	Methylphosphonic acid	Pharma
2931.45.00	Salt of methylphosphonic acid and (aminoiminomethyl)urea (1:1)	Pharma
2931.46.00	2,4,6-Tripropyl-1,3,5,2,4,6-trioxatriphosphinane 2,4,6-trioxide	Pharma
2931.47.00	(5-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinan-5-yl) methyl methyl methylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.48.00	3,9-Dimethyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro [5.5] undecane 3,9-dioxide	Pharma
2931.49.00	Other non-halogenated organo-phosphorous derivatives	Pharma
2931.51.00	Methylphosphonic dichloride	Pharma
2931.52.00	Propylphosphonic dichloride	Pharma
2931.53.00	O-(3-chloropropyl) O-[4-nitro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methylphosphonothionate	Pharma
2931.54.00	Trichlorfon (ISO)	Pharma
2931.59.00	Other halogenated organo-phosphorous derivatives	Pharma
2931.90.22	Drugs of aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	Pharma
2931.90.30	Aromatic organo-inorganic compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2931.90.60	Other aromatic organo-inorganic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2931.90.90	Other non-aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	Pharma
2932.11.00	Tetrahydrofuran	Pharma
2932.14.00	Sucralose	Pharma
2932.19.10	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused furan ring, nesoi	Pharma
2932.19.51	Nonaromatic compounds containing an unfused furan ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the ring	Pharma
2932.20.05	Coumarin, methylcoumarins and ethylcoumarins	Pharma
2932.20.20	Aromatic drugs of lactones	Pharma
2932.20.25	4-Hydroxycoumarin	Pharma
2932.20.30	Aromatic lactones, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2932.20.45	Aromatic lactones, nesoi	Pharma
2932.20.50	Nonaromatic lactones	Pharma
2932.95.00	Tetrahydrocannabinols (all isomers)	Pharma
2932.99.04	2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl methylcarbamate (Bendiocarb)	Pharma
2932.99.08	2-Ethoxy-2,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-5-benzofuranylmethanesulfonate	Pharma
2932.99.21	Aromatic pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2932.99.32	Benzofuran (Coumarone); and Dibenzofuran (Diphenylene oxide)	Pharma
2932.99.35	2-Hydroxy-3-dibenzofurancarboxylic acid	Pharma
2932.99.39	Benzointetrahydropyranyl ester; and Xanthen-9-one	Pharma
2932.99.55	Bis-O-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]-D-glucitol (Dimethylbenzylidene sorbitol); and Rhodamine 2C base	Pharma
2932.99.61	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	Pharma
2932.99.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2932.99.90	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.11.00	Phenazone (Antipyrine) and its derivatives	Pharma
2933.19.08	3-(5-Amino-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonic acid; amino-J-pyrazolone; and another 12 specified chemicals	Pharma
2933.19.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	Pharma
2933.19.37	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, containing	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
	an unfused pyrazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	
2933.19.43	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS), containing an unfused pyrazole ring in the structure	Pharma
2933.19.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	Pharma
2933.19.90	Other compounds (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic compounds and drugs) containing an unfused pyrazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	Pharma
2933.21.00	Hydantoin and its derivatives	Pharma
2933.29.05	1-[1-((4-Chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)imino)-2-propoxyethyl]-1H-imidazole (triflumizole); and Ethylene thiourea	Pharma
2933.29.10	2-Phenylimidazole	Pharma
2933.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring	Pharma
2933.29.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in structure	Pharma
2933.29.43	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	Pharma
2933.29.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.29.60	Imidazole	Pharma
2933.29.90	Other compounds (excluding drugs, aromatic and modified aromatic compounds) containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated)	Pharma
2933.31.00	Pyridine and its salts	Pharma
2933.33.01	Alfentanil (INN), anileridine (INN), bezitramide (INN), bromazepam (INN), difenoxin (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2933.34.00	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	Pharma
2933.35.00	3-Quinuclidinol	Pharma
2933.36.00	4-Anilino-N-phenethylpiperidine (ANPP)	Pharma
2933.37.00	N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2933.39.08	1-(3-Sulfapropyl)pyridinium hydroxide; N,N-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-1,6-hexanediamine; and 5 other specified chemicals	Pharma
2933.39.10	Collidines, lutidines and picolines	Pharma
2933.39.20	p-Chloro-2-benzylpyridine and other specified heterocyclic compounds, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.21	Fungicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.23	o-Paraquat dichloride	Pharma
2933.39.25	Herbicides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.27	Pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.31	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.39.41	Drugs containing an unfused pyridine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure, nesoi	Pharma
2933.39.61	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2933.39.92	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.41.00	Levorphenol (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2933.49.20	5-Chloro-7-iodo-8-quinolinol (Iodochlorhydroxyquin); Decoquinate; Diiodohydroxyquin; and Oxyquinoline sulfate	Pharma
2933.49.26	Drugs containing a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	Pharma
2933.49.60	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS containing quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	Pharma
2933.49.70	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a quinoline ring-system, not further fused, nesoi	Pharma
2933.53.00	Allobarbital (INN), amobarbital (INN), barbital (INN), butalbital (INN), butobarbital, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2933.54.00	Other derivatives of malonylurea (barbituric acid); salts thereof	Pharma
2933.55.00	Loprazolam (INN), mecloqualone (INN), methaqualone (INN) and zipeprol (INN); salts thereof	Pharma
2933.59.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2933.59.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.18	Nonaromatic pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.59.21	Antihistamines, including those principally used as antinauseants	Pharma
2933.59.22	<u>Nicarbazin and trimethoprim</u>	Pharma
2933.59.36	Anti-infective agents nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.46	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.59.53	Other aromatic or modified aromatic drugs containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	Pharma
2933.59.59	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2933.59.80	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.85	2-Amino-4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidine; 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine; and 6-methyluracil	Pharma
2933.59.95	Other (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) compounds containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	Pharma
2933.69.50	Hexamethylenetetramine	Pharma
2933.69.60	Other compounds containing an unfused triazine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	Pharma
2933.72.00	Clobazam (INN) and methyprylon (INN)	Pharma
2933.79.04	2,4-Dihydro-3,6-diphenylpyrrolo-(3,4-C)pyrrole-1,4-dione	Pharma
2933.79.08	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2933.79.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams, nesoi	Pharma
2933.79.20	N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; and 2-pyrrolidone	Pharma
2933.79.30	N-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidone, monomer	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2933.79.40	12-Aminododecanoic acid lactam	Pharma
2933.79.85	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.91.00	Alprazolam (INN), camazepam (INN), chlordiazepoxide (INN), clonazepam (INN), clorazepate, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2933.99.01	Butyl (R)-2-[4-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl)phenoxy]propanoate	Pharma
2933.99.02	2-[4-[(6-Chloro-2-quinoxalinyl)oxy]phenoxy]propionic acid, ethyl ester; and 1 other specified aromatic chemical	Pharma
2933.99.05	Acridine and indole	Pharma
2933.99.06	α-Butyl-α-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile (Mycolbutanil); and one other specified aromatic chemical	Pharma
2933.99.08	Acetoacetyl-5-aminobenzimidazolone; 1,3,3-Trimethyl-2-methyleneindoline; and two other specified aromatic chemicals	Pharma
2933.99.11	Carbazole	Pharma
2933.99.12	6-Bromo-5-methyl-1H-imidazo-(4,5-b)pyridine; 2-sec-butyl-4-tert-butyl-6-(benzotriazol-2-yl)phenol; 2-methylindoline; and other chemicals specified	Pharma
2933.99.14	5-Amino-4-chloro-a-phenyl-3-pyridazinone	Pharma
2933.99.16	o-Diquat dibromide (1,1-Ethylene-2,2'-dipyridylum dibromide)	Pharma
2933.99.17	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.22	Other heterocyclic aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.24	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	Pharma
2933.99.26	Aromatic or modified aromatic antihistamines of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	Pharma
2933.99.42	Acriflavin; Acriflavin hydrochloride; Carbadox; Pyrazinamide	Pharma
2933.99.46	Aromatic or modified aromatic anti-infective agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.51	Hydralazine hydrochloride	Pharma
2933.99.53	Aromatic or modified aromatic cardiovascular drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.55	Aromatic or modified aromatic analgesics and certain like affecting chemicals, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	Pharma
2933.99.58	Droperidol; and Imipramine hydrochloride	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2933.99.61	Aromatic or modified aromatic psychotherapeutic agents, affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.65	Aromatic or modified aromatic anticonvulsants, hypnotics and sedatives, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.70	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.75	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.79	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2933.99.82	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.85	3-Amino-1,2,4-triazole	Pharma
2933.99.89	Hexamethyleneimine	Pharma
2933.99.90	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.97	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2934.10.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds containing an unfused thiazole ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2934.10.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds, nesoi, containing an unfused thiazole ring	Pharma
2934.10.70	4,5-Dichloro-2-n-octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one; thiothiamine hydrochloride; and 4 other specified chemicals	Pharma
2934.10.90	Other (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) compounds containing an unfused thiazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	Pharma
2934.20.40	Heterocyclic compounds containing a benzothiazole ring-system, not further fused, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2934.20.80	Other compounds containing a benzothiazole ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	Pharma
2934.30.18	Ethyl (1H-phenothiazin-2,4,1)carbamate	Pharma
2934.30.23	Antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents containing a phenothiazine ring-system, not further fused	Pharma
2934.30.27	Other drugs containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2934.30.43	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	Pharma
2934.30.50	Heterocyclic compounds containing a phenothiazine ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	Pharma
2934.91.00	Aminorex (INN), brotizolam (INN), clotiazepam (INN), cloxazolam (INN), dextromoramide (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2934.92.00	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused thiazole ring	Pharma
2934.99.01	Mycophenolate mofetil	Pharma
2934.99.03	2-Acetylbenzo(b)thiophene; and 2 other specified aromatic or modified aromatic compounds	Pharma
2934.99.05	5-Amino-3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazole(3-Phenyl-5-amino-1,2,4-thiadiazole); and 3 other specified aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds	Pharma
2934.99.06	7-Nitronaphth[1,2]oxadiazole-5-sulfonic acid and its salts	Pharma
2934.99.07	Ethyl 2-[4-[(6-chloro-2-benzoxazoyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate (Fenoxaprop- ethyl)	Pharma
2934.99.08	2,5-Diphenyloxazole	Pharma
2934.99.09	1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one	Pharma
2934.99.11	2-tert-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-5-isopropoxyphenyl)-Δ2-1,3,4-oxadiazolin-5-one; Bentazon; Phosalone	Pharma
2934.99.12	Aromatic or modified aromatic fungicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.16	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.18	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.30	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.39	Aromatic or modified aromatic, other heterocyclic compounds, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2934.99.44	Aromatic or modified aromatic, other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.47	Nonaromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.70	Morpholinoethyl chloride hydrochloride; 2-Methyl-2,5-dioxo-1-oxa-2-phospholan; and (6R-trans)-7-Amino-3-methyl-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]-oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2934.99.90	Nonaromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2935.90.06	4-Amino-6-chloro-m-benzenedisulfonamide and Methyl-4-aminobenzenesulfonylcarbamate (Asulam)	Pharma
2935.90.29	Acetylsulfaguanidine	Pharma
2935.90.30	Sulfamethazine	Pharma
2935.90.32	Acetylsulfisoxazole; Sulfacetamide, sodium; and Sulfamethazine, sodium	Pharma
2935.90.33	Sulfathiazole and Sulfathiazole, sodium	Pharma
2935.90.42	Salicylazosulfapyridine (Sulfasalazine); Sulfadiazine; Sulfaguanidine; Sulfamerizine; and Sulfapyridine	Pharma
2935.90.48	Other sulfonamides used as anti-infective agents	Pharma
2935.90.60	Other sulfonamide drugs (excluding anti-infective agents)	Pharma
2935.90.75	Other sulfonamides (excluding fast color bases, fast color salts, and drugs) of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2935.90.95	Other sulfonamides, excluding fast color bases, fast color salts, and drugs and products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
2936.21.00	Vitamins A and their derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.22.00	Vitamin B1 (Thiamine) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.23.00	Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.24.01	Vitamin B5 (D- or DL-Pantothenic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.25.00	Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine and related compounds with Vitamin B6 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.26.00	Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin and related compounds with Vitamin B12 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.27.00	Vitamin C (Ascorbic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.28.00	Vitamin E (Tocopherols and related compounds with Vitamin E activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.29.10	Folic acid and its derivatives, unmixed	Pharma
2936.29.16	Niacin and niacinamide	Pharma
2936.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2936.29.50	Other vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2936.90.01	Vitamins or provitamins (including natural concentrates) and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent	Pharma
2937.11.00	Somatotropin, its derivatives and structural analogues	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2937.12.00	Insulin and its salts	Pharma
2937.19.00	Polypeptide hormones, protein hormones and glycoprotein hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	Pharma
2937.21.00	Cortisone, hydrocortisone, prednisone (Dehydrocortisone) and prednisolone (Dehydrohydrocortisone)	Pharma
2937.22.00	Halogenated derivatives of adrenal cortical hormones	Pharma
2937.23.10	Estrogens and progestins obtained directly or indirectly from animal or vegetable materials	Pharma
2937.23.25	Estradiol benzoate; and Estradiol cyclopentylpropionate (estradiol cypionate)	Pharma
2937.23.50	Other estrogens and progestins not derived from animal or vegetable materials, nesoi	Pharma
2937.29.10	Desonide; and Nandrolone phenpropionate	Pharma
2937.29.90	Steroidal hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	Pharma
2937.50.00	Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, their derivatives and structural analogues	Pharma
2937.90.05	Epinephrine	Pharma
2937.90.10	Epinephrine hydrochloride	Pharma
2937.90.20	Catecholamine hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	Pharma
2937.90.40	I-Thyroxine(Levothyroxine), sodium	Pharma
2937.90.45	Amino-acid derivatives of hormones and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2937.90.90	Other hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, other steroid derivatives and structural analogue used primarily as hormones, nesoi	Pharma
2938.10.00	Rutoside (Rutin) and its derivatives	Pharma
2938.90.00	Glycosides, natural or synthesized, and their salts, ethers, esters, and other derivatives other than rutoside and its derivatives	Pharma
2939.11.00	Concentrates of poppy straw; buprenorphine (INN), codeine, dihydrocodeine (INN), ethylmorphine, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2939.19.10	Papaverine and its salts	Pharma
2939.19.20	Synthetic alkaloids of opium, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.19.50	Nonsynthetic alkaloids of opium, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.20.00	Alkaloids of cinchona, their derivatives and salts thereof, other than quinine and its salts	Pharma
2939.30.00	Caffeine and its salts	Pharma
2939.41.00	Ephedrine and its salts	Pharma
2939.42.00	Pseudoephedrine (INN) and its salts	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2939.43.00	Cathine (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2939.44.00	Norephedrine and its salts	Pharma
2939.45.00	Levometamfetamine, metamfetamine (INN), metamfetamine racemate and their salts	Pharma
2939.49.03	Alkaloids of ephedra, their derivatives and salts thereof, other than ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, cathine (INN), norephedrine, levometamfetamine and their salts	Pharma
2939.51.00	Fenetylline (INN) its salts	Pharma
2939.59.00	Theophylline and aminophylline (theophylline-ethylenediamine), their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.61.00	Ergometrine and its salts	Pharma
2939.62.00	Ergotamine and its salts	Pharma
2939.63.00	Lysergic acid and its salts	Pharma
2939.69.00	Alkaloids of rye ergot, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.72.00	Cocaine, ecgonine; salts, esters and other derivatives thereof	Pharma
2939.79.00	Vegetal alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, their salts and other derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2939.80.00	Other alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2940.00.60	Other sugars, nesoi, excluding d-arabinose	Pharma
2941.10.10	Ampicillin and its salts	Pharma
2941.10.20	Penicillin G salts	Pharma
2941.10.30	Carfecillin, sodium; cloxacillin, sodium; dicloxacillin, sodium; flucloxacillin (Floxacillin); and oxacillin, sodium	Pharma
2941.10.50	Penicillins and their derivatives nesoi, with a penicillanic acid structure; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.20.50	Streptomycins and their derivatives; salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2941.30.00	Tetracyclines and their derivatives; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.40.00	Chloramphenicol and its derivatives; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.50.00	Erythromycin and its derivatives; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.90.10	Natural antibiotics, nesoi	Pharma
2941.90.30	Antibiotics nesoi, aromatic or modified aromatic, other than natural	Pharma
2941.90.50	Antibiotics nesoi, other than aromatic or modified aromatic antibiotics	Pharma
2942.00.03	[2,2'-Thiobis(4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-n-butyl)phenolato)(2,1)]-O,O',S-(1-butanamine), nickel II	Pharma
2942.00.05	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other organic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2942.00.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic organic compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2942.00.35	Other aromatic or modified aromatic organic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS)	Pharma
2942.00.50	Nonaromatic organic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
3001.20.00	Extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions for organotherapeutic uses	Pharma
3001.90.01	Glands and other organs for organotherapeutic uses, dried, whether or not powdered	Pharma
3002.12.00	Antisera and other blood fractions including human blood plasma and fetal bovine serum (FBS)	Pharma
3002.13.00	Immunological products, unmixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	Pharma
3002.14.00	Immunological products, mixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	Pharma
3002.15.00	Immunological products, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	Pharma
3002.41.00	Vaccines for human medicine	Pharma
3002.42.00	Vaccines for veterinary medicine	Pharma
3002.49.00	Toxins or cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts)	Pharma
3002.51.00	Cell therapy products	Pharma
3002.59.00	Other cell cultures, other than cell therapy products	Pharma
3002.90.10	Ferments, excluding yeasts	Pharma
3002.90.52	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic uses; antisera; antiallergenic preparations, nesoi and like products	Pharma
3003.10.00	Medicaments, containing penicillins or streptomycins, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.31.00	Medicaments containing insulin, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.39.10	Medicaments containing artificial mixtures of natural hormones, but not antibiotics, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.39.50	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937, nesoi, but not antibiotics, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.43.00	Medicaments containing norephedrine or its salts, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3003.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.60.00	Other medicaments containing antimalarial active principles described in subheading note 2 to this chapter, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.90.01	Other medicaments (excluding goods of heading 3002, 3005 or 3006) consisting of two or more constituents mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, not in dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3004.10.10	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 3002, 3005, or 3006) containing penicillin G salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.10.50	Medicaments containing penicillins or streptomycins, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.31.00	Medicaments containing insulin, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.32.00	Medicaments containing corticosteroidhormones , in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.39.00	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937 nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.43.00	Medicaments containing norephedrine or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.10	Medicaments containing vitamin B2 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic industrial organic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.20	Medicaments containing vitamin B12 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic industrial organic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.30	Medicaments containing vitamin E synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic industrial organic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.40	Medicaments containing vitamins nesoi, synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic industrial organic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.50	Medicaments containing vitamins or other products of heading 2936, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3004.60.00	Other medicaments containing antimalarial active principles described in subheading note 2 to this chapter, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.90.10	Medicaments containing antigens or hyaluronic acid or its sodium salt, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.90.92	Medicaments nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3006.30.10	Opacifying preparation for X-ray examination; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient; containing antigens or antisera	Pharma
3006.30.50	Opacifying preparations for X-ray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient, nesoi	Pharma
3006.60.00	Chemical contraceptive preparations based on hormones or spermicides	Pharma
3006.70.00	Gel preparations designed to be used in human orveterinary medicine as a lubricant in surgical operation, physical examinations or as a coupling agent between body and medical instrument	Pharma
3006.92.00	Waste pharmaceuticals	Pharma
3006.93.10	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, packaged with medicinal preparations	Pharma
3006.93.20	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing over 10 percent by dry weight of sugar	Pharma
3006.93.50	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing ingredients having nutritional value	Pharma
3006.93.60	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, in liquid form for oral intake	Pharma
3006.93.80	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing other chemicals other than medicaments	Pharma
3203.00.80	Coloring matter of vegetable or animal origin, nesoi	Pharma
3204.13.60	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon, described in additional U.S note 3 to section VI of the HTSUS	Pharma
3204.13.80	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon, nesoi	Pharma
3204.18.00	Carotenoid coloring matters and preparations based thereon	Pharma
3204.90.00	Synthetic organic coloring matter or preparations based thereon, nesoi; synthetic organic products used as luminophores	Pharma
3206.11.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide, containing 80 percent or more by weight of titanium dioxide calculated on the dry matter	
3206.19.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide, nesoi	
3301.19.51	Essential oils of citrus fruit, other, nesoi	
3301.29.10	Essential oils of eucalyptus	
3301.30.00	Resinoids	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3401.30.10	Organic surface-active products for washing skin, in liquid or cream form, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic surface-active agent, put up for retail	Pharma
3402.42.10	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, aromatic or modified aromatic	Pharma
3402.42.20	Fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin; non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than aromatic or modified aromatic	Pharma
3402.42.90	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin, other than aromatic or modified aromatic	Pharma
3402.50.11	Preparations of organic surface-active agents, put up for retail sale, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic surface-active agent	Pharma
3507.90.70	Enzymes and prepared enzymes, nesoi	Pharma
3606.90.30	Ferrocerium and other pyrophoric alloys in all forms	
3802.10.00	Activated carbon	Pharma
3808.59.40	Disinfectants specified in subheading note 1 to chapter 38	Pharma
3808.59.50	Pesticides, nesoi, specified in subheading note 1 to chapter 38	Pharma
3808.61.50	Pesticides, nesoi, not exceeding 300g, specified in subheading note 2 to chapter 38	Pharma
3808.94.10	Disinfectants, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic disinfectant	Pharma
3808.94.50	Disinfectants not included in subheading note 1 of chapter 38, nesoi	Pharma
3812.31.00	Mixtures of oligomers of 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline (TMQ)	Pharma
3815.11.00	Supported catalysts with nickel or nickel compounds as the active substance	Pharma
3815.12.00	Supported catalysts with precious metal or precious metal compounds as the active substance	Pharma
3815.90.50	Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations, nesoi	Pharma
3823.11.00	Stearic acid	
3823.12.00	Oleic acid	
3823.19.20	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids or acid oils from refining derived from coconut, palm-kernel, or palm oil	
3823.70.40	Industrial fatty alcohols, other than oleyl, derived from fatty substances of animal or vegetable origin	
3824.81.00	Chemical mixtures containing oxirane (ethylene oxide)	Pharma
3824.82.10	Goods specified in subheading note 3 to chapter 38, containing PCBs, PCTs or PBBs, chlorinated but not otherwise halogenated, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3824.82.90	Goods specified in subheading note 3 to chapter 38, containing PCBs, PCTs or PBBs, other than chlorinated only, nesoi	Pharma
3824.83.00	Containing tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate	Pharma
3824.84.00	Other mixtures containing aldrin, camphechlor (toxaphene), chlordane, chlordanone, DDT (clofenatone), 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane), dieldrin, endosulfan, endrin, heptachlor or mirex	Pharma
3824.85.00	Mixtures containing 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH (ISO)), including lindane (ISO, INN)	Pharma
3824.86.00	Mixtures containing pentachlorobenzene (ISO) or hexachlorobenzene (ISO)	Pharma
3824.87.00	Mixtures containing perfluoroctane sulfonic acid, its salts, perfluoroctane sulfonamides, or perfluoroctane sulfonyl fluoride	Pharma
3824.88.00	Mixtures containing tetra-, penta-, hexa-, hepta-, or octabromodiphenyl ethers	Pharma
3824.89.00	Mixtures containing short-chain chlorinated paraffins	Pharma
3824.91.00	Mixtures consisting mainly of methylphosphonate etc.	Pharma
3824.92.00	Polyglycol esters mixtures of methylphosphonic acid	Pharma
3824.99.25	Mixtures of triphenyl sulfonium chloride, diphenyl (4-phenylthio)phenyl sulfonium chloride and (thiodi-4,1-phenylene)bis(diphenyl sulfonium) dichloride	Pharma
3824.99.29	Mixtures containing 5 percent or more by weight of one or more aromatic or modified aromatic substance, nesoi	Pharma
3824.99.49	Mixtures that are in whole or in part of hydrocarbons derived in whole or in part from petroleum, shale oil or natural gas	Pharma
3824.99.50	Mixtures chlorinated but not otherwise halogenated	Pharma
3824.99.55	Mixtures of halogenated hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma
3824.99.93	Chemical products and preparations and residual products of the chemical or allied industries, nesoi	Pharma
3826.00.30	Biodiesel containing less than 70 percent petroleum or bituminous oil	Pharma
3827.13.00	Mixtures containing carbon tetrachloride	Pharma
3827.14.00	Mixtures containing methyl chloroform	Pharma
3827.40.00	Mixtures containing bromomethane or bromochloromethane	Pharma
3901.90.90	Polymers of ethylene, nesoi, in primary forms, other than elastomeric	Pharma
3902.90.00	Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3904.61.00	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), in primary forms	Pharma
3905.91.10	Copolymers of vinyl esters or other vinyls, in primary forms, containing by weight 50 percent or more of derivatives of vinyl acetate	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3905.91.50	Copolymers of vinyl esters or other vinyls, in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3905.99.80	Polymers of vinyl esters or other vinyl polymers, in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3906.90.50	Acrylic polymers (except plastics or elastomers), in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3907.10.00	Polyacetals in primary forms	Pharma
3907.21.00	Bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate	Pharma
3907.29.00	Polyethers, other than polyacetals or bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate, in primary forms	Pharma
3907.30.00	Epoxide resins in primary forms	Pharma
3907.61.00	Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number of 78 ml/g or higher	Pharma
3907.69.00	Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number less than 78 ml/g	Pharma
3907.70.00	Poly(lactic acid)	Pharma
3907.99.50	Other polyesters nesoi, saturated, in primary forms	Pharma
3908.10.00	Polyamide-6, -11, -12, -6,6, -6,9, -6,10 or -6,12 in primary form	Pharma
3908.90.20	Bis(4-amino-3-methylcyclohexyl)methaneisophthalic acid-laurolactam copolymer	Pharma
3909.10.00	Urea resins; thiourea resins	Pharma
3909.40.00	Phenolic resins	Pharma
3910.00.00	Silicones in primary forms	Pharma
3911.20.00	Poly(1,3-phenylene methylphosphonate)	Pharma
3911.90.25	Thermoplastic polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, containing aromatic monomer units or derived therefrom	Pharma
3911.90.45	Thermosetting polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, containing aromatic monomer units or derived therefrom	Pharma
3911.90.91	Polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, nesoi	Pharma
3912.20.00	Cellulose nitrates (including collodions), in primary forms	Pharma
3912.31.00	Carboxymethylcellulose and its salts	Pharma
3912.39.00	Cellulose ethers, other than carboxymethylcellulose and its salts, in primary forms	Pharma
3912.90.00	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3913.90.20	Polysaccharides and their derivatives, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3913.90.50	Natural polymers and modified natural polymers, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3914.00.20	Cross-linked polyvinylbenzyltrimethylammonium chloride (Cholestyramine resin USP)	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3914.00.60	Ion-exchangers based on polymers of headings 3901 to 3913, in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3917.21.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of ethylene	Aircraft
3917.22.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of propylene	Aircraft
3917.23.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of vinyl chloride	Aircraft
3917.29.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of other plastics nesoi	Aircraft
3917.31.00	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, having a minimum burst pressure of 27.6 MPa	Aircraft
3917.33.00	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi, with fittings, not reinforced or otherwise combined with other materials	Aircraft
3917.39.00	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi	Aircraft
3917.40.00	Fittings of plastics, for plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi	Aircraft
3926.90.45	Gaskets, washers and other seals, of plastics	Aircraft
3926.90.94	Cards, not punched, suitable for use as, or in making, jacquard cards; Jacquard cards and jacquard heads for power-driven weaving machines, and parts thereof; and transparent sheeting of plastics containing 30 percent or more by weight of lead	Aircraft
3926.90.96	Casing for bicycle derailleur cables; and casing for cable or inner wire for caliper and cantilever brakes, whether or not cut to length; of plastic	Aircraft
3926.90.99	Other articles of plastic, nesoi	Aircraft
4001.10.00	Natural rubber latex, whether or not prevulcanized	
4001.21.00	Natural rubber smoked sheets	
4001.22.00	Technically specified natural rubber (TSNR), in primary forms	
4001.29.00	Natural rubber in primary forms other than latex, smoked sheets or technically specified natural rubber (TSNR)	
4001.30.00	Balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle and similar natural rubber gums, in primary forms	
4008.29.20	Rods and profile shapes of vulcanized, noncellular rubber, other than hard rubber	Aircraft
4009.12.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, not reinforced or combined with other materials, with fittings	Aircraft
4009.22.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined only with metal, with fittings	Aircraft
4009.32.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined only with textile materials, with fittings	Aircraft
4009.42.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined with other materials nesoi, with fittings	Aircraft
4011.30.00	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on aircraft	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4012.13.00	Retreaded pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on aircraft	Aircraft
4012.20.10	Used pneumatic tires of rubber, for aircraft	Aircraft
4016.10.00	Articles of vulcanized cellular rubber other than hard rubber	Aircraft
4016.93.50	Gaskets, washers and other seals, of noncellular vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, not for use in automotive goods of chapter 87	Aircraft
4016.99.35	Articles made of noncellular vulcanized natural rubber, not used as vibration control goods in vehicles of headings 8701 through 8705, nesoi	Aircraft
4016.99.60	Articles of noncellular vulcanized synthetic rubber other than hard rubber	Aircraft
4017.00.00	Hard rubber (for example, ebonite) in all forms, including waste and scrap; articles of hard rubber	Aircraft
4403.41.00	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti or Meranti Bakau, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4403.42.00	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of teak, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4403.49.02	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of tropical wood other than Teak or Meranti, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4407.21.00	Mahogany ( <i>Swietenia spp.</i> ), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.22.00	Virola, Imbuia and Balsa, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.23.01	Teak, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.25.00	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.26.00	White Lauan, White Meranti, White Seraya, Yellow Meranti and Alan wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.27.00	Sapelli wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.28.00	Iroko wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.29.02	Tropical wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4408.31.01	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau veneer sheets, for plywood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, not over 6 mm thick	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
4408.39.02	Other tropical wood veneer sheets, for plywood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, not over 6 mm thick	
4409.22.05	Nonconiferous tropical wood continuously shaped along any ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any edges or faces	
4409.22.10	Nonconiferous tropical wood siding, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.25	Nonconiferous tropical wood flooring, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.40	Nonconiferous tropical wood standard moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.50	Other nonconiferous tropical wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.60	Plain nonconiferous tropical wood dowel rods, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.65	Nonconiferous tropical wood dowel rods, sanded, grooved or otherwise advanced in condition, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.90	Other nonconiferous tropical wood, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4412.31.06	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, birch face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.26	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, Spanish cedar or walnut face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.42	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, with mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.45	Plywood sheets not over 3.6 mm thick, exceeding 1.2 m width and 2.2 m length, tropical wood outer ply, not mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.48	Plywood sheets not over 3.6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, not mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, nesoi	
4412.31.52	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood nesoi outer ply, with face ply nesoi, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.61	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, with certain specified tropical wood outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.92	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood nesoi at least one outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.41.00	Laminated veneered lumber with outer ply of tropical wood	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
4412.51.10	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.51.31	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of birch	
4412.51.41	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, surface covered other than clear or transparent	
4412.51.51	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard other than of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood	
4412.91.06	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, outer ply of tropical wood, containing particle board	
4412.91.10	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.91.31	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of birch	
4412.91.41	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.91.51	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, veneered panels and similar laminated wood with outer ply of tropical wood, nesoi	
4501.10.00	Natural cork, raw or simply prepared	
4501.90.20	Waste cork	
4501.90.40	Crushed, granulated or ground cork	
4502.00.00	Natural cork, debacked or roughly squared or in rectangular blocks, plates, sheets or strip (including sharp-edged blanks for corks or stoppers)	
4503.10.20	Corks and stoppers of natural cork, tapered and of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter, not over 19mm maximum diameter	
4503.10.30	Corks and stoppers wholly of natural cork, tapered and of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter, over 19mm maximum diameter	
4503.10.40	Corks and stoppers of natural cork, tapered and of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter, over 19mm maximum diameter, nesoi	
4503.10.60	Corks and stoppers of natural cork, of a thickness (or length) not greater than the maximum diameter	
4503.90.20	Disks, wafers and washers of natural cork	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4503.90.40	Natural cork wallcoverings, backed with paper or otherwise reinforced	
4503.90.60	Articles of natural cork, other than corks and stoppers	
4504.10.10	Vulcanized sheets and slabs wholly of agglomerated ground or pulverized cork and rubber	
4504.10.20	Insulation of compressed agglomerated cork, coated or not coated	
4504.10.30	Floor coverings of agglomerated cork	
4504.10.40	Agglomerated cork wallcoverings, backed with paper or otherwise reinforced	
4504.10.45	Agglomerated cork stoppers, not tapered, wholly of cork, of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter	
4504.10.47	Corks, stoppers, disks, wafers and washers of agglomerated cork, nesoi	
4504.10.50	Blocks, plates, sheets and strip; tiles of any shape; solid cylinder; all the foregoing of cork; all the foregoing, nesoi	
4504.90.00	Agglomerated cork and articles of cork, nesoi	
4601.22.40	Woven or partly assembled materials of rattan for mats, matting and screens	
4601.22.80	Rattan floor coverings	
4601.22.90	Mats, matting and screens of rattan, nesoi	
4601.29.40	Woven or partly assembled materials of willow for mats, matting and screens	
4601.93.01	Rattan webbing for mats, matting and screens	
4601.93.05	Plaits of rattan and similar products of such plaiting materials, whether or not assembled into strips	
4601.93.20	Products of rattan other than plaits and similar products such as plaiting materials.	
4602.12.05	Fishing baskets or creels made from rattan	
4602.12.14	Baskets and bags of rattan wickerwork	
4602.12.16	Baskets and bags of rattan other than wickerwork	
4602.12.23	Articles of a kind normally carried in the pocket or in the handbag, of rattan	
4602.12.25	Luggage, handbags and flat goods, whether or not lined, of rattan, nesoi	
4602.12.35	Articles of wickerwork, nesoi, of rattan	
4602.12.45	Basketwork and other articles, nesoi, of rattan	
4823.90.10	Articles of paper pulp, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.20	Articles of papier-mâché, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.31	Cards of paper or paperboard, nesoi, not punched, for punchcard machines, whether or not in strips	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4823.90.40	Frames or mounts for photographic slides of paper or paperboard	Aircraft
4823.90.50	Hand fans of paper or paperboard	Aircraft
4823.90.60	Gaskets, washers and other seals of coated paper or paperboard	Aircraft
4823.90.67	Coated paper or paperboard, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.70	Articles of cellulose wadding, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.80	Gaskets, washers and other seals of paper, paperboard and webs of cellulose fibers, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.86	Articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding or webs of cellulose fibers, nesoi	Aircraft
5001.00.00	Silkworm cocoons suitable for reeling	
5002.00.00	Raw silk (not thrown)	
5003.00.10	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), not carded or combed	
5003.00.90	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), carded or combed	
5004.00.00	Silk yarns (other than yarn spun from silk waste), not put up for retail sale	
5005.00.00	Yarn spun from silk waste, not put up for retail sale	
5006.00.10	Spun yarn, containing 85 percent or more by weight of silk, put up for retail sale; silkworm gut	
5006.00.90	Spun silk yarn, containing less than 85 percent by weight of silk, put up for retail sale	
5007.10.30	Woven fabrics of noil silk, containing 85 percent or more by weight of silk or silk waste	
5007.10.60	Woven fabrics of noil silk, containing less than 85 percent by weight of silk or silk waste	
5007.20.00	Woven fabrics containing 85 percent or more by weight of silk or silk waste, other than noil silk	
5007.90.30	Woven silk fabrics, containing 85 percent or more by weight of silk or silk waste, nesoi	
5102.11.90	Fine hair of Kashmir (cashmere) goats, processed beyond the degreased or carbonized condition, not carded or combed	
5102.19.20	Fine hair of the camel, not processed in any manner beyond the degreased or carbonized condition, not carded or combed	
6812.80.90	Articles or mixtures of crocidolite, nesoi	Aircraft
6812.99.10	Paper, millboard and felt of asbestos, other than crocidolite	Aircraft
6812.99.20	Compressed asbestos (other than crocidolite) fiber jointing, in sheets or rolls	Aircraft
6812.99.90	Articles of mixtures of or with a basis of asbestos, nesoi, other than crocidolite	Aircraft
6813.20.00	Friction material and articles thereof, containing asbestos	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
6813.81.00	Brake linings and pads not containing asbestos	Aircraft
6813.89.00	Friction material and articles thereof with a basis of mineral substances (other than asbestos) or of cellulose, nesoi	Aircraft
7007.21.11	Laminated safety glass windshields, of size and shape suitable for incorporation in vehicles (other than for goods of headings 8701 through 8705), aircraft, spacecraft or vessels	Aircraft
7101.10.30	Natural pearls, graded and temporarily strung for convenience of transport	
7101.10.60	Natural pearls, not strung, mounted or set	
7102.10.00	Diamonds, unsorted, whether or not worked	
7102.31.00	Nonindustrial diamonds, unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruted	
7102.39.00	Nonindustrial diamonds, worked, but not mounted or set	
7103.10.20	Precious stones (other than diamonds) and semiprecious stones, unworked	
7103.10.40	Precious stones (other than diamonds) and semiprecious stones, simply sawn or roughly shaped	
7103.91.00	Rubies, sapphires and emeralds, worked, whether or not graded, but not strung, mounted or set	
7103.99.10	Precious or semiprecious stones, nesoi, cut but not set, suitable for use in the manufacture of jewelry	
7103.99.50	Precious or semiprecious stones, nesoi, worked, whether or not graded, but not strung, mounted or set	
7110.11.00	Platinum, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.19.00	Platinum, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.21.00	Palladium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.29.00	Palladium, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.31.00	Rhodium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.39.00	Rhodium, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.41.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.49.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, in semimanufactured forms	
7112.92.01	Platinum waste and scrap, including metal clad with platinum, excluding sweepings containing other precious metals, other than goods of heading 8549	
7118.90.00	Coin, nesoi	
7201.10.00	Nonalloy pig iron containing by weight 0.5 percent or less of phosphorus	
7201.20.00	Nonalloy pig iron containing by weight more than 0.5 percent of phosphorus	
7201.50.30	Alloy pig iron in blocks or other primary forms	
7202.11.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 2 percent but not more than 4 percent of carbon	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7202.11.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 4 percent of carbon	
7202.19.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight not more than 1 percent of carbon	
7202.19.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 1 percent but not more than 2 percent of carbon	
7202.30.00	<u>Ferrosilicon manganese</u>	
7202.41.00	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 4 percent of carbon	
7202.49.10	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 3 percent but not more than 4 percent of carbon	
7202.49.50	Ferrochromium containing by weight 3 percent or less of carbon	
7202.50.00	Ferrosilicon chromium	
7202.60.00	Ferronickel	
7202.80.00	Ferrotungsten and ferrosilicon tungsten	
7202.91.00	Ferrotitanium and ferrosilicon titanium	
7202.93.40	Ferroniobium containing by weight less than 0.02 percent of phosphorus or sulfur or less than 0.4 percent of silicon	
7202.93.80	Ferroniobium, nesoi	
7204.21.00	Stainless steel waste and scrap	
7205.10.00	Pig iron, spiegeleisen, and iron or steel granules	
7304.31.30	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, hollow bars with circular cross section	Aircraft
7304.31.60	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.39.00	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.41.30	Stainless steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section and external diameter of less than 19mm	Aircraft
7304.41.60	Stainless steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section and external diameter of 19mm or more	Aircraft
7304.49.00	Stainless steel, seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section	Aircraft
7304.51.10	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for manufacture of ball or roller bearings	Aircraft

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
7304.51.50	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.59.10	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not old-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for manufacture of ball or roller bearings	Aircraft
7304.59.20	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for boilers, heaters, etc.	Aircraft
7304.59.60	Heat-resisting alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.59.80	Alloy steel (other than heat-resist or stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.90.10	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7304.90.30	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7304.90.50	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7304.90.70	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.30.10	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm	Aircraft
7306.30.30	Nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross-section and external diameter 406.4mm or less, tapered pipes and tubes, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm+, principally used as parts of illuminating articles	Aircraft
7306.30.50	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, pipes, tubes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.40.10	Stainless steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm	Aircraft
7306.40.50	Stainless steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more	Aircraft

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
7306.50.10	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm	Aircraft
7306.50.30	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter 406.4mm or less, tapered pipes and tubes, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more, principally used as parts of illuminating articles	Aircraft
7306.50.50	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.61.10	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.61.30	Alloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.61.50	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.61.70	Alloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.69.10	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.69.30	Alloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross-section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.69.50	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.69.70	Alloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7312.10.05	Stainless steel, stranded wire, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.10	Stainless steel, stranded wire, not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.20	Iron or steel (other than stainless), stranded wire, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.30	Iron or steel (other than stainless), stranded wire, not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7312.10.50	Stainless steel, ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.60	Stainless steel, ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.70	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.80	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage, of brass plated wire (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, without fittings or articles	Aircraft
7312.10.90	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage, other than of brass plate wire (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, without fittings or articles	Aircraft
7312.90.00	Iron or steel (other than stainless), plaited bands, slings and the like, not electrically insulated	Aircraft
7322.90.00	Iron or steel, non-electrically heated air heaters and hot air distributors with motor driven fan or blower and parts thereof	Aircraft
7324.10.00	Stainless steel, sinks and wash basins	Aircraft
7324.90.00	Iron or steel, sanitary ware (other than baths or stainless steel sinks and wash basins) and parts thereof	Aircraft
7326.20.00	Iron or steel, articles of wire, nesoi	Aircraft
7413.00.90	Copper, stranded wire, cables, plaited bands and the like, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7501.10.00	Nickel mattes	
7502.10.00	Nickel (other than alloy), unwrought	
7502.20.00	Nickel alloys, unwrought	
7503.00.00	Nickel, waste and scrap	
7504.00.00	Nickel, powders and flakes	
7508.90.50	Nickel, articles of nesoi	Pharma
7608.10.00	Aluminum (other than alloy), tubes and pipes	Aircraft
7608.20.00	Aluminum alloy, tubes and pipes	Aircraft
7901.11.00	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, containing 99.99 percent or more by weight of zinc	
7901.12.10	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5 percent but less than 99.99 percent by weight of zinc	
7901.12.50	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, other than casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5 percent but less than 99.99 percent by weight of zinc	
7901.20.00	Zinc alloy, unwrought	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7902.00.00	Zinc, waste and scrap	
7903.90.30	Zinc, powders	
7907.00.60	Zinc, articles (other than for household, table or kitchen use), nesoi	Pharma
8001.10.00	Tin (other than alloy), unwrought	
8001.20.00	Tin alloy, unwrought	
8002.00.00	Tin, waste and scrap	
8007.00.50	Tin, articles nesoi	Pharma
8101.10.00	Tungsten, powders	
8101.97.00	Tungsten waste and scrap	
8103.20.00	Tantalum, unwrought (including bars and rods obtained simply by sintering); tantalum powders	
8103.30.00	Tantalum waste and scrap	
8103.91.00	Tantalum, crucibles	
8104.11.00	Magnesium, unwrought, containing at least 99.8 percent by weight of magnesium	
8104.19.00	Magnesium, unwrought, nesoi	
8104.20.00	Magnesium, waste and scrap	
8104.30.00	Magnesium, raspings, turnings and granules graded according to size; magnesium powders	
8104.90.00	Magnesium, articles nesoi	
8105.20.30	Cobalt alloys, unwrought	
8105.20.60	Cobalt (other than alloys), unwrought	
8105.20.90	Cobalt, mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy; cobalt powders	
8105.30.00	Cobalt waste and scrap	
8106.10.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing more than 99.99 percent of bismuth by weight	
8106.90.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing 99.99 percent of bismuth or less, nesoi	
8108.20.00	Titanium, unwrought; titanium powders	
8108.30.00	Titanium waste and scrap	
8108.90.60	Wrought titanium, nesoi	Aircraft
8110.10.00	Antimony, unwrought; antimony powders	
8110.20.00	Antimony waste and scrap	
8110.90.00	Articles of antimony, nesoi	
8111.00.47	Unwrought manganese flake containing at least 99.5 percent by weight of manganese	
8111.00.49	Unwrought manganese, nesoi	
8112.21.00	Chromium, unwrought; chromium powders	
8112.22.00	Chromium waste and scrap	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8112.41.10	Rhenium, waste and scrap	
8112.41.50	Rhenium, unwrought; rhenium powders	
8112.59.00	Articles of thallium, nesoi	Pharma
8112.92.07	Waste and scrap of gallium, germanium, indium, niobium, or vanadium	
8112.92.10	Gallium, unwrought; gallium powders	
8112.92.30	Indium, unwrought; indium powders	
8112.92.40	Niobium (columbium), unwrought; niobium powders	
8112.92.60	Germanium, unwrought	
8112.92.65	Germanium powder, wrought	
8112.99.10	Germanium nesoi and articles thereof	
8112.99.91	Articles of gallium, indium, or niobium, nesoi	
8302.10.60	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc hinges and base metal parts thereof, not designed for motor vehicles	Aircraft
8302.10.90	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) hinges and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.20.00	Base metal castors and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.42.30	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc mountings, fittings and similar articles, suitable for furniture, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.42.60	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) mountings, fittings and similar articles, suitable for furniture, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.49.40	Base metal harness, saddlery or riding-bridle hardware, not coated or plated with precious metal, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.49.60	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc, mountings, fittings and similar articles nesoi, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.49.80	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) mountings, fittings and similar articles nesoi, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.60.30	Base metal automatic door closers	Aircraft
8307.10.30	Iron or steel flexible tubing, with fittings	Aircraft
8307.90.30	Base metal (other than iron or steel) flexible tubing, with fittings	Aircraft
8407.10.00	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines for use in aircraft	Aircraft
8408.90.90	Compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, for machinery or equipment, nesoi	Aircraft
8409.10.00	Parts for internal combustion aircraft engines	Aircraft
8411.11.40	Aircraft turbojets of a thrust not exceeding 25 kN	Aircraft
8411.11.80	Turbojets of a thrust not exceeding 25 kN, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.12.40	Aircraft turbojets of a thrust exceeding 25 kN	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8411.12.80	Turbojets of a thrust exceeding 25 kN, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.21.40	Aircraft turbopropellers of a power not exceeding 1,100 kW	Aircraft
8411.21.80	Turbopropellers of a power not exceeding 1,100 kW, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.22.40	Aircraft turbopropellers of a power exceeding 1,100 kW	Aircraft
8411.22.80	Turbopropellers of a power exceeding 1,100 kW, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.81.40	Aircraft gas turbines other than turbojets or turbopropellers, of a power not exceeding 5,000 kW	Aircraft
8411.82.40	Aircraft gas turbines other than turbojets or turbopropellers, of a power exceeding 5,000 kW	Aircraft
8411.91.10	Cast-iron parts of turbojets or turbopropellers, not advanced beyond cleaning, machined only for removal of fins, gates, sprues and risers, or to permit location in machinery	Aircraft
8411.91.90	Parts of turbojets or turbopropellers other than those of subheading 8411.91.10	Aircraft
8411.99.10	Cast-iron parts of gas turbines nesoi, not advanced beyond cleaning, and machined for removal of fins, gates, sprues and risers	Aircraft
8411.99.90	Parts of gas turbines nesoi , other than those of subheading 8411.99.10	Aircraft
8412.10.00	Reaction engines other than turbojets	Aircraft
8412.21.00	Hydraulic power engines and motors, linear acting (cylinders)	Aircraft
8412.29.40	Hydrojet engines for marine propulsion	Aircraft
8412.29.80	Hydraulic power engines and motors, nesoi	Aircraft
8412.31.00	Pneumatic power engines and motors, linear acting (cylinders)	Aircraft
8412.39.00	Pneumatic power engines and motors, other than linear acting	Aircraft
8412.80.10	Spring-operated and weight-operated motors	Aircraft
8412.80.90	Engines and motors, nesoi (excluding motors of heading 8501)	Aircraft
8412.90.90	Parts for engines of heading 8412 other than hydrojet engines for marine propulsion	Aircraft
8413.19.00	Pumps for liquids fitted or designed to be fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.20.00	Hand pumps other than those of subheading 8413.11 or 8413.19, not fitted with a measuring device	Aircraft
8413.30.10	Fuel-injection pumps for compression-ignition engines, not fitted with a measuring device	Aircraft
8413.30.90	Fuel, lubricating or cooling medium pumps for internal-combustion piston engines, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.50.00	Reciprocating positive displacement pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8413.60.00	Rotary positive displacement pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.70.10	Stock pumps imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard, not fitted with a measuring device	Aircraft
8413.70.20	Centrifugal pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.81.00	Pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.91.10	Parts of fuel-injection pumps for compression-ignition engines	Aircraft
8413.91.20	Parts of stock pumps imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8413.91.90	Parts of pumps, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.10.00	Vacuum pumps	Aircraft
8414.20.00	Hand-operated or foot-operated air pumps	Aircraft
8414.30.40	Compressors of a kind used in refrigerating equipment (including air conditioning) not exceeding 1/4 horsepower	Aircraft
8414.30.80	Compressors of a kind used in refrigerating equipment (including air conditioning) exceeding 1/4 horsepower	Aircraft
8414.51.30	Ceiling fans for permanent installation, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W	Aircraft
8414.51.90	Table, floor, wall, window or roof fans, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W	Aircraft
8414.59.30	Turbocharger and supercharger fans	Aircraft
8414.59.65	Other fans, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.80.05	Turbocharger and supercharger air compressors	Aircraft
8414.80.16	Air compressors, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.80.20	Gas compressors, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.80.90	Air or gas pumps, compressors and fans, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.90.10	Parts of fans (including blowers) and ventilating or recycling hoods	Aircraft
8414.90.30	Stators and rotors of goods of subheading 8414.30	Aircraft
8414.90.41	Parts of air or gas compressors, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.90.91	Parts of air or vacuum pumps, ventilating or recycling hoods, gas-tight biological safety cabinets	Aircraft
8415.10.60	Window or wall type air conditioning machines, split-system, incorporating a refrigerating unit and valve for reversal of cooling/heat cycle	Aircraft
8415.10.90	Window or wall type air conditioning machines, split-system, nesoi	Aircraft
8415.81.01	Air conditioning machines incorporating a refrigerating unit and valve for reversal of cooling/heat cycle, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8415.82.01	Air conditioning machines incorporating a refrigerating unit, nesoi	Aircraft
8415.83.00	Air conditioning machines not incorporating a refrigerating unit	Aircraft
8415.90.40	Chassis, chassis bases and other outer cabinets for air conditioning machines,	Aircraft
8415.90.80	Parts for air conditioning machines, nesoi	Aircraft
8418.10.00	Combined refrigerator-freezers, fitted with separate external doors, electric or other	Aircraft
8418.30.00	Freezers of the chest type, not exceeding 800 liters capacity, electric or other	Aircraft
8418.40.00	Freezers of the upright type, not exceeding 900 liters capacity, electric or other	Aircraft
8418.61.01	Heat pumps, other than the air-conditioning machines of heading 8415	Aircraft
8418.69.01	Refrigerating or freezing equipment nesoi	Aircraft
8419.50.10	Brazed aluminum plate-fin heat exchangers	Aircraft
8419.50.50	Heat exchange units, nesoi	Aircraft
8419.81.50	Cooking stoves, ranges and ovens, other than microwave, for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food, not used for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8419.81.90	Machinery and equipment nesoi, for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food, not used for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8419.90.10	Parts of instantaneous or storage water heaters	Aircraft
8419.90.20	Parts of machinery and plant, for making paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8419.90.30	Parts of heat exchange units	Aircraft
8419.90.50	Parts of molten-salt-cooled acrylic acid reactors, nesoi; parts of certain medical, surgical or laboratory sterilizers, nesoi	Aircraft
8419.90.85	Parts of electromechanical tools for work in the hand, with self-contained electric motor, for treatment of materials by change in temperature	Aircraft
8421.19.00	Centrifuges, other than cream separators or clothes dryers	Aircraft
8421.21.00	Machinery and apparatus for filtering or purifying water	Aircraft
8421.23.00	Oil or fuel filters for internal combustion engines	Aircraft
8421.29.00	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for liquids, nesoi	Aircraft
8421.31.00	Intake air filters for internal combustion engines	Aircraft
8421.32.00	Catalytic converters; particulate filters for internal combustion engines	Aircraft
8421.39.01	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for gases, other than intake air filters or catalytic converters, for internal combustion engines	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8424.10.00	Fire extinguishers, whether or not charged	Aircraft
8425.11.00	Pulley tackle and hoists other than skip hoists or hoists used for raising vehicles, powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.19.00	Pulley tackle and hoists other than skip hoists or hoists used for raising vehicles, not powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.31.01	Winches nesoi, and capstans, powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.39.01	Winches nesoi, and capstans, not powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.42.00	Hydraulic jacks and hoists, nesoi	Aircraft
8425.49.00	Jacks and hoists of a kind used for raising vehicles, other than hydraulic, nesoi	Aircraft
8426.99.00	Derricks, cranes and other lifting machinery nesoi	Aircraft
8428.10.00	Passenger or freight elevators other than continuous action; skip hoists	Aircraft
8428.20.00	Pneumatic elevators and conveyors	Aircraft
8428.33.00	Belt type continuous-action elevators and conveyors, for goods or materials	Aircraft
8428.39.00	Continuous-action elevators and conveyors, for goods or materials, nesoi	Aircraft
8428.90.03	Machinery for lifting, handling, loading or unloading, nesoi	Aircraft
8443.31.00	Multifunction units (machines which perform two or more of the functions of printing, copying or facsimile transmission, capable of connecting to an automatic data processing machine or to a network)	Aircraft
8443.32.10	Printer units, capable of connecting to an automatic data processing machine or to a network	Aircraft
8443.32.50	Single function units other than printer units (machines which perform only one of the functions of printing, copying or facsimile transmission)	Aircraft
8471.41.01	Automatic data processing machines, nonportable or over 10 kg, comprising in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit, whether or not combined	Aircraft
8471.49.00	Automatic data processing machines, nesoi, entered in the form of systems (consisting of at least a central processing unit, and an input and output unit)	Aircraft
8471.50.01	Processing units other than those of subheading 8471.41 and 8471.49, nesoi	Aircraft
8471.60.10	Combined input/output units for automatic data processing machines not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.60.20	Keyboards for automatic data processing machines not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.60.70	Input or output units suitable for physical incorporation into an automatic data processing machine or unit thereof, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8471.60.80	Optical scanners and magnetic ink recognition devices not entered with the rest of an automatic data processing system	Aircraft
8471.60.90	Other input or output units of digital automatic data processing machines, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.10	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, without read-write unit assembled therein; read-write units; all not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.20	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, for incorporation into automatic data processing machines or units, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.30	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.40	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter not exceeding 21 cm, not assembled in cabinets, without attached external power supply, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.50	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter not exceeding 21 cm, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.60	Automatic data processing storage units other than magnetic disk, not assembled in cabinets for placing on a table etc., not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.90	Automatic data processing storage units other than magnetic disk drive units, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8479.89.10	Air humidifiers or dehumidifiers with self-contained electric motor, other than for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8479.89.20	Floor polishers with self-contained electric motor, other than for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8479.89.65	Electromechanical appliances with self-contained electric motor, nesoi	Aircraft
8479.89.70	Carpet sweepers, not electromechanical with self-contained electric motor	Aircraft
8479.89.95	Other machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified or included elsewhere in chapter 84, nesoi	Aircraft
8479.90.41	Parts of floor polishers of subheading 8479.89.20; parts of carpet sweepers	Aircraft
8479.90.45	Parts of trash compactors, frame assemblies	Aircraft
8479.90.55	Parts of trash compactors, ram assemblies	Aircraft
8479.90.65	Parts of trash compactors, container assemblies	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8479.90.75	Parts of trash compactors, cabinets or cases	Aircraft
8479.90.85	Parts of trash compactors, nesoi	Aircraft
8479.90.95	Parts of machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified or included elsewhere in chapter 84, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.10.10	Camshafts and crankshafts for use solely or principally with spark-ignition internal-combustion piston or rotary engines	Aircraft
8483.10.30	Camshafts and crankshafts nesoi	Aircraft
8483.10.50	Transmission shafts and cranks other than camshafts and crankshafts	Aircraft
8483.30.40	Bearing housings of the flange, take-up, cartridge and hanger unit type	Aircraft
8483.30.80	Bearing housings nesoi; plain shaft bearings	Aircraft
8483.40.10	Torque converters	Aircraft
8483.40.30	Fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers, imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8483.40.50	Fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers, not imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8483.40.70	Speed changers other than fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers	Aircraft
8483.40.80	Ball or roller screws	Aircraft
8483.40.90	Gears and gearing, other than toothed wheels, chain sprockets and other transmission elements entered separately	Aircraft
8483.50.40	Gray-iron awning or tackle pulleys, not over 6.4 cm in wheel diameter	Aircraft
8483.50.60	Flywheels, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.50.90	Pulleys, including pulley blocks, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.60.40	Clutches and universal joints	Aircraft
8483.60.80	Shaft couplings (other than universal joints)	Aircraft
8483.90.10	Chain sprockets and parts thereof	Aircraft
8483.90.20	Parts of flange, take-up, cartridge and hanger units	Aircraft
8483.90.30	Parts of bearing housings and plain shaft bearings, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.90.50	Parts of gearing, gear boxes and other speed changers	Aircraft
8483.90.80	Parts of transmission equipment, nesoi	Aircraft
8484.10.00	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two or more layers of metal	Aircraft
8484.90.00	Sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings	Aircraft
8501.20.50	Universal AC/DC motors of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8501.20.60	Universal AC/DC motors of an output of 746 W or more	Aircraft
8501.31.50	DC motors, nesoi, of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft
8501.31.60	DC motors nesoi, of an output of 746 W but not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft
8501.31.81	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft
8501.32.20	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW	Aircraft
8501.32.55	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 14.92 kW but not exceeding 75 kW, nesoi	Aircraft
8501.32.61	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 75 kW	Aircraft
8501.33.20	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 75 kW but under 149.2 kW	Aircraft
8501.33.30	DC motors, nesoi, 149.2 kW or more but not exceeding 150 kW	Aircraft
8501.33.61	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.34.61	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.40.50	AC motors, nesoi, single-phase, exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft
8501.40.60	AC motors nesoi, single-phase, of 746 W or more	Aircraft
8501.51.50	AC motors, nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft
8501.51.60	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase of an output of 746 W but not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft
8501.52.40	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW	Aircraft
8501.52.80	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 14.92 kW but not exceeding 75 kW	Aircraft
8501.53.40	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 75 kW but under 149.2 kW	Aircraft
8501.53.60	AC motors, nesoi, multi-phase, 149.2 kW or more but not exceeding 150 kW	Aircraft
8501.61.01	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA	Aircraft
8501.62.01	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA	Aircraft
8501.63.01	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 375 kVA but not exceeding 750 kVA	Aircraft
8501.71.00	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output not exceeding 50 W	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8501.72.10	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 50 W but not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft
8501.72.20	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 75 kW	Aircraft
8501.72.30	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.72.90	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.80.10	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA	Aircraft
8501.80.20	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA	Aircraft
8501.80.30	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output exceeding 375 kVA but not exceeding 750 kVA	Aircraft
8502.11.00	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA	Aircraft
8502.12.00	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not over 375 kVA	Aircraft
8502.13.00	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, of an output exceeding 375 kVA	Aircraft
8502.20.00	Electric generating sets with spark-ignition internal-combustion piston engines	Aircraft
8502.31.00	Wind-powered electric generating sets	Aircraft
8502.39.00	Electric generating sets, nesoi	Aircraft
8502.40.00	Electric rotary converters	Aircraft
8504.10.00	Ballasts for discharge lamps or tubes	Aircraft
8504.31.20	Unrated electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity not exceeding 1 kVA	Aircraft
8504.31.40	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity less than 1 kVA	Aircraft
8504.31.60	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity of 1 kVA	Aircraft
8504.32.00	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity exceeding 1 kVA but not exceeding 16 kVA	Aircraft
8504.33.00	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity exceeding 16 kVA but not exceeding 500 kVA	Aircraft
8504.40.40	Electrical speed drive controllers for electric motors (static converters)	Aircraft
8504.40.60	Power supplies suitable for physical incorporation into automatic data processing machines or units thereof of heading 8471	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8504.40.70	Power supplies for automatic data processing machines or units thereof of heading 8471, nesoi	Aircraft
8504.40.85	Static converters (for example, rectifiers) for telecommunication apparatus	Aircraft
8504.40.95	Static converters (for example, rectifiers), nesoi	Aircraft
8504.50.40	Other inductors for power supplies for ADP machines and units of heading 8471 or for telecommunication apparatus	Aircraft
8504.50.80	Other inductors, nesoi	Aircraft
8507.10.00	Lead-acid storage batteries of a kind used for starting piston engines	Aircraft
8507.20.80	Lead-acid storage batteries other than of a kind used for starting piston engines or as the primary source of power for electric vehicles	Aircraft
8507.30.80	Nickel-cadmium storage batteries, other than of a kind used as the primary source of power for electric vehicles	Aircraft
8507.50.00	Nickel-metal hydride batteries	Aircraft
8507.60.00	Lithium-ion batteries	Aircraft
8507.80.82	Other storage batteries nesoi, other than of a kind used as the primary source of power for electric vehicles	Aircraft
8507.90.40	Parts of lead-acid storage batteries, including separators therefor	Aircraft
8507.90.80	Parts of storage batteries, including separators therefor, other than parts of lead-acid storage batteries	Aircraft
8511.10.00	Spark plugs	Aircraft
8511.20.00	Ignition magnetos, magneto-dynamos and magnetic flywheels	Aircraft
8511.30.00	Distributors and ignition coils	Aircraft
8511.40.00	Starter motors and dual purpose starter-generators	Aircraft
8511.50.00	Generators nesoi, of a kind used in conjunction with spark-ignition or compression-ignition internal-combustion engines	Aircraft
8511.80.20	Voltage and voltage-current regulators with cut-out relays designed for use on 6, 12 or 24 V systems	Aircraft
8511.80.40	Voltage and voltage-current regulators with cut-out relays other than those designed for use on 6, 12 or 24 V systems	Aircraft
8511.80.60	Electrical ignition or starting equipment of a kind used for spark-ignition internal-combustion or compression-ignition engines, nesoi	Aircraft
8514.20.40	Industrial or laboratory microwave ovens for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food	Aircraft
8516.80.40	Electric heating resistors assembled only with simple insulated former and electrical connectors, used for anti-icing or de-icing	Aircraft
8516.80.80	Electric heating resistors, nesoi	Aircraft
8517.13.00	Smartphones for cellular networks or for other wireless of networks	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8517.14.00	Other telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless of networks, other than smartphones	Aircraft
8517.61.00	Base stations	Aircraft
8517.62.00	Machines for the reception, conversion and transmission or regeneration of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus	Aircraft
8517.69.00	Other apparatus for transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, nesoi, but not apparatus of headings 8443, 8525, 8527 or 8528	Aircraft
8517.71.00	Aerials and aerial reflectors of all kinds; parts suitable for use therewith	Aircraft
8518.10.40	Microphones having a frequency range of 300Hz-3.4kHz with diameter not over 10 mm and height not exceeding 3 mm, for telecommunication	Aircraft
8518.10.80	Microphones and stands therefor, nesoi	Aircraft
8518.21.00	Single loudspeakers, mounted in their enclosures	Aircraft
8518.22.00	Multiple loudspeakers mounted in the same enclosure	Aircraft
8518.29.40	Loudspeakers not mounted in their enclosures, with frequency range of 300Hz to 3.4kHz, with a diameter of not exceeding 50 mm, for telecommunication	Aircraft
8518.29.80	Loudspeakers nesoi, not mounted in their enclosures, nesoi	Aircraft
8518.30.10	Line telephone handsets	Aircraft
8518.30.20	Headphones, earphones and combined microphone/speaker sets, other than telephone handsets	Aircraft
8518.40.10	Audio-frequency electric amplifiers for use as repeaters in line telephony	Aircraft
8518.40.20	Audio-frequency electric amplifiers, other than for use as repeaters in line telephony	Aircraft
8518.50.00	Electric sound amplifier sets	Aircraft
8519.81.10	Transcribing machines	Aircraft
8519.81.20	Cassette players (non-recording) designed exclusively for motor-vehicle installation	Aircraft
8519.81.25	Cassette players (non-recording), nesoi	Aircraft
8519.81.30	Sound reproducing apparatus nesoi, not incorporating a sound recording device	Aircraft
8519.81.41	Other sound recording and reproducing apparatus using magnetic tape, optical media, or semiconductor media	Aircraft
8519.89.10	Record players, other than coin- or token-operated, without loudspeaker	Aircraft
8519.89.20	Record players, other than coin- or token-operated, with loudspeakers	Aircraft
8519.89.30	Sound recording and reproducing apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8521.10.30	Color, cartridge or cassette magnetic tape-type video players, not capable of recording	Aircraft
8521.10.60	Color, cartridge or cassette magnetic tape-type video recording and reproducing apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8521.10.90	Magnetic tape-type video recording or reproducing apparatus, other than color, cartridge or cassette type	Aircraft
8522.90.25	Assemblies and subassemblies of articles of subheading 8519.81.41 , consisting of 2 or more pieces fastened together, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.36	Other assemblies and subassemblies of articles of subheading 8519.81.41 , consisting of 2 or more pieces fastened together, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.45	Other parts of telephone answering machines, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.58	Other parts of telephone answering machines, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.65	Parts and accessories of apparatus of headings 8519 or 8521 , nesoi, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.80	Parts and accessories of apparatus of headings 8519 or 8521 , nesoi, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8526.10.00	Radar apparatus	Aircraft
8526.91.00	Radio navigational aid apparatus, other than radar	Aircraft
8526.92.10	Radio remote control apparatus for video game consoles	Aircraft
8526.92.50	Radio remote control apparatus other than for video game consoles	Aircraft
8528.42.00	Cathode-ray tube monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Aircraft
8528.52.00	Other monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Aircraft
8528.62.00	Projectors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Aircraft
8529.10.21	Television antennas and antenna reflectors, and parts suitable for use therewith	Aircraft
8529.10.40	Radar, radio navigational aid and radio remote control antennas and antenna reflectors, and parts suitable for use therewith	Aircraft
8529.10.91	Other antennas and antenna reflectors of all kinds and parts, for use	Aircraft
8529.90.04	Tuners (printed circuit assemblies)	Aircraft
8529.90.05	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof, for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter	Aircraft

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
8529.90.06	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof, for color TV, not with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter	Aircraft
8529.90.09	Printed circuit assemblies for television cameras	Aircraft
8529.90.13	Printed circuit assemblies for television apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.16	Printed circuit assemblies which are subassemblies of radar, radio navigational aid or remote control apparatus, of 2 or more parts joined together	Aircraft
8529.90.19	Printed circuit assemblies, nesoi, for radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control apparatus	Aircraft
8529.90.21	Other printed circuit assemblies suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8524 to 8528, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.24	Transceiver assemblies for the apparatus of subheading 8526.10, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8529.90.29	Tuners for television apparatus, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8529.90.33	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, for color TV, entered with components in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter	Aircraft
8529.90.36	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, for color TV, other	Aircraft
8529.90.39	Parts of television receivers specified in U.S. note 9 to chapter 85, other than printed circuit assemblies, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.43	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85	Aircraft
8529.90.46	Combinations of printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85	Aircraft
8529.90.49	Combinations of parts of television receivers specified in U.S. note 10 to chapter 85, other than printed circuit assemblies, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.55	Flat panel screen assemblies for TV reception apparatus, color video monitors and video projectors	Aircraft
8529.90.63	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for television cameras	Aircraft
8529.90.68	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for television apparatus other than television cameras	Aircraft
8529.90.73	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control app.	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8529.90.77	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for other apparatus of headings 8524 to 8528, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.78	Mounted lenses for use in closed circuit television cameras, separately imported, with or without attached electrical connectors or motors	Aircraft
8529.90.81	Other parts of television cameras, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.83	Other parts of television apparatus (other than television cameras), nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.87	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of 8525 and 8527 (except television apparatus or cellular phones), nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.88	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, except tuners or convergence assemblies, for color TV, entered with components in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85	Aircraft
8529.90.89	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, except tuners or convergence assemblies, for color TV, other	Aircraft
8529.90.93	Parts of television apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.95	Assemblies and subassemblies of radar, radio navigational aid or remote control apparatus, of 2 or more parts joined together, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.97	Parts suitable for use solely or principally in radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.98	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8524 through 8528, nesoi	Aircraft
8531.10.00	Electric burglar or fire alarms and similar apparatus	Aircraft
8531.20.00	Indicator panels incorporating liquid crystal devices (LCD's) or light emitting diodes (LED's)	Aircraft
8531.80.15	Doorbells, chimes, buzzers, and similar apparatus	Aircraft
8531.80.90	Electric sound or visual signaling apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8536.70.00	Connectors for optical fibers, optical fiber bundles or cables	Aircraft
8539.10.00	Sealed beam lamp units	Aircraft
8539.51.00	Light-emitting diode (LED) modules	Aircraft
8543.70.42	Flight data recorders	Aircraft
8543.70.45	Other electric synchros and transducers; defrosters and demisters with electric resistors for aircraft	Aircraft
8543.70.60	Electrical machines and apparatus nesoi, designed for connection to telegraphic or telephonic apparatus, instruments or networks	Aircraft
8543.70.80	Microwave amplifiers	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8543.70.91	Digital signal processing apparatus capable of connecting to a wired or wireless network for sound mixing	Aircraft
8543.70.95	Touch screens without display capabilities for incorporation in apparatus having a display	Aircraft
8543.90.12	Parts of physical vapor deposition apparatus of subheading 8543.70	Aircraft
8543.90.15	Assemblies and subassemblies for flight data recorders, consisting of 2 or more parts pieces fastened together, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8543.90.35	Assemblies and subassemblies for flight data recorders, consisting of 2 or more parts pieces fastened together, not printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8543.90.65	Printed circuit assemblies of flat panel displays other than for reception apparatus for television of heading 8528, except for subheadings 8528.52 or 8528.62	Aircraft
8543.90.68	Printed circuit assemblies of electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions, nesoi	Aircraft
8543.90.85	Parts, nesoi, of flat panel displays other than for reception apparatus for television of heading 8528, except for subheadings 8528.52 or 8528.62	Aircraft
8543.90.88	Parts (other than printed circuit assemblies) of electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions, nesoi	Aircraft
8544.30.00	Insulated ignition wiring sets and other wiring sets of a kind used in vehicles, aircraft or ships	Aircraft
8801.00.00	Balloons, dirigibles and non-powered aircraft, gliders and hang gliders	Aircraft
8802.11.01	Helicopters (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), with an unladen weight not over 2,000 kg	Aircraft
8802.12.01	Helicopters (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), with an unladen weight over 2,000 kg	Aircraft
8802.20.01	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight not over 2,000 kg	Aircraft
8802.30.01	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight over 2,000 kg but not over 15,000 kg	Aircraft
8802.40.01	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight over 15,000 kg	Aircraft
8805.29.00	Ground flying trainers and parts thereof, other than air combat simulators	Aircraft
8806.10.00	Unmanned aircraft designed for the carriage of passengers	Aircraft
8806.21.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight not more than 250g	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8806.22.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 250g but less than 7kg	Aircraft
8806.23.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 7kg but less than 25kg	Aircraft
8806.24.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 25kg but less than 150 kg	Aircraft
8806.29.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 150 kg	Aircraft
8806.91.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight not more than 250g	Aircraft
8806.92.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more 250g less than 7kg	Aircraft
8806.93.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 7kg but less than 25kg	Aircraft
8806.94.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 25kg but less than 150 kg	Aircraft
8806.99.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 150 kg	Aircraft
8807.10.00	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 or 8806, propellers and rotors and parts thereof	Aircraft
8807.20.00	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 or 8806, undercarriages and parts thereof	Aircraft
8807.30.00	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 or 8806, for airplanes, helicopters, unmanned aircraft, other than propellers, rotors or undercarriages, nesoi	Aircraft
8807.90.90	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 or 8806, not for airplanes, helicopters or unmanned aircraft, nesoi	Aircraft
9001.90.40	Lenses nesoi, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.50	Prisms, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.60	Mirrors, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.80	Half-tone screens designed for use in engraving or photographic processes, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.90	Optical elements nesoi, unmounted	Aircraft
9002.90.20	Prisms, mounted, for optical uses	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9002.90.40	Mirrors, mounted, for optical uses	Aircraft
9002.90.70	Half-tone screens, mounted, designed for use in engraving or photographic processes	Aircraft
9002.90.85	Mounted lenses suitable for use in, and entered separately from, closed circuit television cameras, with or without attached electrical connectors or motors	Aircraft
9002.90.95	Mounted optical elements, nesoi; parts and accessories of mounted optical elements, nesoi	Aircraft
9014.10.10	Optical direction finding compasses	Aircraft
9014.10.60	Gyroscopic directing finding compasses, other than electrical	Aircraft
9014.10.70	Electrical direction finding compasses	Aircraft
9014.10.90	Direction finding compasses, other than optical instruments, gyroscopic compasses or electrical	Aircraft
9014.20.20	Optical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft
9014.20.40	Automatic pilots for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft
9014.20.60	Electrical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft
9014.20.80	Nonelectrical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft
9014.90.10	Parts and accessories of automatic pilots for aeronautical or space navigation of subheading 9014.20.40	Aircraft
9014.90.20	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical instruments and appliances for aeronautical or space navigation of subheading 9014.20.80	Aircraft
9014.90.40	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical navigational instruments and appliances nesoi of subheading 9014.80.50	Aircraft
9014.90.60	Parts and accessories of navigational instruments and appliances, nesoi	Aircraft
9020.00.40	Underwater breathing devices designed as a complete unit to be carried on the person and not requiring attendants, parts and accessories thereof	Aircraft
9020.00.60	Breathing appliances, nesoi, and gas masks, except protective masks having neither mechanical parts or replaceable filters, parts, accessories thereof	Aircraft
9025.11.20	Clinical thermometers, liquid-filled, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments	Aircraft
9025.11.40	Liquid-filled thermometers, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments, other than clinical thermometers	Aircraft
9025.19.40	Pyrometers, not combined with other instruments	Aircraft
9025.19.80	Thermometers, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments, other than liquid-filled thermometers	Aircraft

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
9025.80.10	Electrical hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychometers, and any combination	Aircraft
9025.80.15	Nonelectrical barometers, not combined with other instruments	Aircraft
9025.80.20	Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, whether or not incorporating a thermometer, non-recording, other than electrical	Aircraft
9025.80.35	Hygrometers and psychrometers, non-electrical, non-recording	Aircraft
9025.80.40	Thermographs, barographs, hygrographs and other recording instruments, other than electrical	Aircraft
9025.80.50	Combinations of thermometers, barometers and similar temperature and atmosphere measuring and recording instruments, nonelectrical	Aircraft
9025.90.06	Other parts and accessories of hydrometers and like floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychrometers and combinations	Aircraft
9026.10.20	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow or level of liquids	Aircraft
9026.10.40	Flow meters, other than electrical, for measuring or checking the flow of liquids	Aircraft
9026.10.60	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the level of liquids, other than flow meters, non-electrical	Aircraft
9026.20.40	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the pressure of liquids or gases	Aircraft
9026.20.80	Instruments and apparatus, other than electrical, for measuring or checking the pressure of liquids or gases	Aircraft
9026.80.20	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi	Aircraft
9026.80.40	Nonelectrical heat meters incorporating liquid supply meters, and anemometers	Aircraft
9026.80.60	Nonelectrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi	Aircraft
9026.90.20	Parts and accessories of electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases	Aircraft
9026.90.40	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical flow meters, heat meters incorporating liquid supply meters and anemometers	Aircraft
9026.90.60	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi	Aircraft
9029.10.80	Revolution counters, production counters, odometers, pedometers and the like, other than taximeters	Aircraft
9029.20.40	Speedometers and tachometers, other than bicycle speedometers	Aircraft

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
9029.90.80	Parts and accessories of revolution counters, production counters, odometers, pedometers and the like, of speedometers nesoi and tachometers	Aircraft
9030.10.00	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiations	Aircraft
9030.20.05	Oscilloscopes and oscillographs, specially designed for telecommunications	Aircraft
9030.20.10	Oscilloscopes and oscillographs, nesoi	Aircraft
9030.31.00	Multimeters for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, without a recording device	Aircraft
9030.32.00	Multimeters, with a recording device	Aircraft
9030.33.34	Resistance measuring instruments	Aircraft
9030.33.38	Other instruments and apparatus, nesoi, for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, without a recording device	Aircraft
9030.39.01	Instruments and apparatus, nesoi, for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, with a recording device	Aircraft
9030.40.00	Instruments and apparatus specially designed for telecommunications	Aircraft
9030.84.00	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or detecting electrical quantities or ionizing radiations, nesoi, with a recording device	Aircraft
9030.89.01	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or detecting electrical quantities or ionizing radiations, nesoi, without a recording device	Aircraft
9030.90.25	Printed circuit assemblies for instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiation	Aircraft
9030.90.46	Parts and accessories for instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiation, nesoi	Aircraft
9030.90.66	Printed circuit assemblies for subheadings and apparatus of subheadings 9030.40 or 9030.82	Aircraft
9030.90.68	Printed circuit assemblies, nesoi	Aircraft
9030.90.84	Parts and accessories for instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking semiconductor wafers or devices, nesoi	Aircraft
9030.90.89	Parts and accessories for articles of subheadings 9030.20 to 9030.84, nesoi	Aircraft
9031.80.40	Electron beam microscopes fitted with equipment specifically designed for the handling and transport of semiconductor devices or reticles	Aircraft
9031.80.80	Measuring and checking instruments, appliances and machines, nesoi	Aircraft
9031.90.21	Parts and accessories of profile projectors	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9031.90.45	Bases and frames for the optical coordinate-measuring machines of subheading 9031.49.40	Aircraft
9031.90.54	Parts and accessories of measuring and checking optical instruments and appliances of subheading 9031.41 or 9031.49.70	Aircraft
9031.90.59	Parts and accessories of measuring and checking optical instruments and appliances, other than test benches or profile projectors, nesoi	Aircraft
9031.90.70	Parts and accessories of articles of subheading 9031.80.40	Aircraft
9031.90.91	Parts and accessories of measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, nesoi	Aircraft
9032.10.00	Automatic thermostats	Aircraft
9032.20.00	Automatic manostats	Aircraft
9032.81.00	Hydraulic and pneumatic automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus	Aircraft
9032.89.20	Automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system	Aircraft
9032.89.40	Automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, not designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system	Aircraft
9032.89.60	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
9032.90.21	Parts and accessories of automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system, nesoi	Aircraft
9032.90.41	Parts and accessories of automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, not designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system, nesoi	Aircraft
9032.90.61	Parts and accessories for automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
9033.00.90	Other parts and accessories for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of chapter 90, nesoi	Aircraft
9104.00.05	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only, not over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.10	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, electric, not optoelectronic display, not over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.20	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, nonelectric, valued not over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.25	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only, over \$10 each	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9104.00.30	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, electric, not optoelectronic display, over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.40	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, non-electric, valued over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.45	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, watch or clock movement not over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only	Aircraft
9104.00.50	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft, vessels, watch or clock movement not over 50 mm wide, electric, not opto-electronic display	Aircraft
9104.00.60	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock or watch movement not over 50 mm wide, nonelectric	Aircraft
9109.10.50	Clock movements nesoi, complete and assembled, electrically operated, with opto-electronic display only	Aircraft
9109.10.60	Clock movements nesoi, complete and assembled, electrically operated, with display nesoi, measuring not over 50 mm in width or diameter	Aircraft
9109.90.20	Clock movements, complete and assembled, not electrically operated, measuring not over 50 mm in width or diameter	Aircraft
9401.10.40	Seats, of a kind used for aircraft, leather upholstered	Aircraft
9401.10.80	Seats, of a kind used for aircraft (other than leather upholstered)	Aircraft
9403.20.00	Furniture (other than seats) of metal nesoi, other than of a kind used in offices	Aircraft
9403.70.40	Furniture (other than seats and other than of heading 9402) of reinforced or laminated plastics nesoi	Aircraft
9403.70.80	Furniture (other than seats and other than of heading 9402) of plastics (other than reinforced or laminated) nesoi	Aircraft
9405.11.40	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fittings, of brass, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.11.60	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, of base metal (other than brass), designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.11.80	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, not of base metal, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.19.40	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fittings, of brass, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.19.60	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, of base metal (other than brass), not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.19.80	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, not of base metal, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9405.61.20	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of brass, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.61.40	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of base metal (other than brass), designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.61.60	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, not of base metal, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.69.20	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of brass, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.69.40	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of base metal (other than brass), not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.69.60	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, not of base metal, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.92.00	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, of plastics	Aircraft
9405.99.20	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, of brass	Aircraft
9405.99.40	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, not of glass, plastics or brass	Aircraft
9620.00.50	Monopods, bipods, tripods and similar articles of plastics, nesoi	Aircraft
9620.00.60	Monopods, bipods, tripods and similar articles of graphite and other carbon, nesoi	Aircraft
9802.00.40	Articles returned to the United States after having been exported for repairs or alterations made pursuant to a warranty	Aircraft
9802.00.50	Articles returned to the United States after having been exported for repairs or alterations, other	Aircraft
9802.00.60	Any article of metal (as defined in U.S. note 3(e) of this subchapter) manufactured in the United States or subjected to a process of manufacture in the United States, if exported for further processing, and if the exported article as processed outside the United States, or the article which results from the processing outside the United States, is returned to the United States for further processing	Aircraft
9802.00.80	Articles, except goods of heading 9802.00.91 and goods imported under provisions of subchapter XIX of this chapter and goods imported under provisions of subchapter XX, assembled abroad in whole or in part of fabricated components, the product of the United States, which (a) were exported in condition ready for assembly without further fabrication, (b) have not lost their physical identity in such articles by change in form, shape or otherwise, and (c) have not been advanced in value or improved in condition abroad except by being	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
	assembled and except by operations incidental to the assembly process such as cleaning, lubricating and painting	
9818.00.05	Spare parts necessarily installed before first entry into the United States, upon first entry into the United States of each such spare part purchased in, or imported from, a foreign country	Aircraft
9818.00.07	Other, upon first arrival in any port of the United States of any vessel described in U.S. note 1 to subchapter XVIII	Aircraft

[FR Doc. 2025-21203  
Filed 11-24-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 7020-02-C

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14359 of November 13, 2025**

## Fostering the Future for American Children and Families

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** My Administration is dedicated to empowering mothers and fathers to raise their children in safe and loving homes. When crises prevent such an arrangement, our Nation's foster care system must be ready to serve children in need. Today's foster care system must be improved in a number of important ways.

Children often stay in foster care for years, and those who transition out due to age frequently face uncertain futures without the support systems essential to educational, career, and relational success. Many caseworkers are overburdened. Information systems are often outdated. Some jurisdictions and organizations maintain policies that discourage or prohibit qualified families from serving children in need as foster and adoptive parents because of their sincerely-held religious beliefs or adherence to basic biological truths.

Our Nation's children and youth—and the families who care for them—deserve better. To that end, my Administration, with special leadership from the First Lady, will harness Federal support, technology, and strategic partnerships to provide young Americans in or transitioning out of the foster care system with the tools they need to become successful adults.

**Sec. 2. Modernizing the Child Welfare System.** (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, within 180 days of the date of this order, take appropriate action to:

- (i) update applicable regulations, policies, and practices to improve the collection, publication, utility, and transparency of State-level child-welfare data, including by improving collection of data and information indicative of child well-being and safety, eliminating duplicative or unnecessary high-cost and low-value reporting requirements, and expanding and expediting child-welfare data publication;
- (ii) promote modernization of State child-welfare information systems and use of the most effective foster care management and outcome-tracking platforms, including by incorporating such modernization efforts as part of information exchanged with or technical assistance provided to States;
- (iii) expand States' use of technological solutions, including predictive analytics and tools powered by artificial intelligence, to increase caregiver recruitment and retention rates, improve caregiver and child matching, and deploy Federal child-welfare funding to maximally effective purposes and recipients; and
- (iv) publish annually a scorecard that measures and is used to evaluate State-level achievement of key outcomes and metrics that reduce unnecessary entries into foster care, decrease the time between reports of child maltreatment and investigations, reduce child injuries and fatalities caused by caregiver neglect and abuse, increase caregiver recruitment and retention, improve caregiver and child matching, reduce placement disruptions, decrease the average time that children spend in foster care, accelerate permanent placement for children, and increase partnerships and collaboration with appropriate non-governmental entities, including faith-based organizations.

**Sec. 3. Fostering the Future.** The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in coordination with the Office of the First Lady and heads of other relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall, within 180 days of the date of this order:

(a) establish a “Fostering the Future” initiative to develop partnerships with agencies and leading private sector organizations, academic institutions, and non-profit entities to create new educational and employment opportunities for individuals who are in or are transitioning out of the foster care system;

(b) develop a plan to launch, in conjunction with the National Design Studio, a “Fostering the Future” online platform to help individuals who have been in foster care by assessing their current needs, providing guidance regarding accessing Federal, State, and local programs and services for which they are eligible, including housing, education, employment, healthcare, and mentoring services offering a searchable database of those and other available resources, and generating customized plans that support their self-sufficiency and success;

(c) develop a strategy to reallocate funds returned by States from Federal programs designed to assist individuals transitioning out of foster care so that such returned funds are used to promote educational success, occupational advancement, and financial literacy and self-sufficiency for individuals transitioning out of foster care;

(d) increase flexibility in Education and Training Vouchers to expand access for individuals transitioning out of foster care to short-term, career-focused, and credential-awarding programs; and

(e) facilitate, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Education, State use of educational scholarships created through tax-credited donations to scholarship-granting organizations for children in foster care.

**Sec. 4. Maximizing Partnerships with Americans of Faith.** The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in coordination with the Director of the White House Faith Office and the Director of the White House Office of Intergovernmental Affairs, shall:

(a) take appropriate action to address State and local policies and practices that inappropriately prohibit participation in federally-funded child-welfare programs by qualified individuals or organizations based upon their sincerely-held religious beliefs or moral convictions; and

(b) take appropriate action to increase partnerships between agencies and faith-based organizations and houses of worship to serve families whose children have been placed in foster care or are at risk of being placed in foster care.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

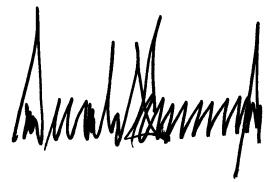
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Health and Human Services.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*November 13, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-20406  
Filed 11-18-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4150-28-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14358 of November 4, 2025

#### Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates Consistent With the Economic and Trade Arrangement Between the United States and the People's Republic of China

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I found that conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, including the consequences of those deficits, constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and economy of the United States that has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States. I declared a national emergency with respect to that threat, and to deal with that threat, I imposed additional *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate.

In Executive Order 14259 of April 8, 2025 (Amendment to Reciprocal Tariffs and Updated Duties as Applied to Low-Value Imports From the People's Republic of China), and Executive Order 14266 of April 9, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Trading Partner Retaliation and Alignment), I raised the applicable *ad valorem* duty rate for imports of the People's Republic of China (PRC) established in Executive Order 14257, in recognition of the PRC's retaliation against the United States in response to the actions taken to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

Subsequently, the United States entered into discussions with the PRC to address the lack of trade reciprocity in our economic relationship and the United States' resulting national and economic security concerns. Accordingly, in Executive Order 14298 of May 12, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Discussions With the People's Republic of China), and Executive Order 14334 of August 11, 2025 (Further Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Ongoing Discussions With the People's Republic of China), I determined that it was necessary and appropriate to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 by suspending application of the heightened *ad valorem* duties imposed on the PRC under Executive Order 14257, as amended, and to instead impose on articles of the PRC an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent. During the suspension, the United States continued to have discussions with the PRC to address the lack of trade reciprocity in the United States' economic relationship with the PRC and the United States' resulting national and economic security concerns.

Following my meeting with President Xi Jinping of the People's Republic of China on October 30, 2025, in the Republic of Korea, the United States and the PRC reached a historic and monumental deal on economic and trade relations (Kuala Lumpur Joint Arrangement or Arrangement). Under the Arrangement, the PRC has committed to, among other things, postpone and effectively eliminate the PRC's current and proposed coercive global export controls on rare earth elements and other critical minerals, and address

Chinese retaliation against United States semiconductor manufacturers and other major companies in the semiconductor supply chain. The PRC has also committed to purchase United States agricultural exports integral to the economy and general welfare of the United States, including soybeans, sorghum, and logs. And the PRC has committed to suspend or remove many retaliatory actions against the United States, including suspending tariffs on a vast swath of United States agricultural products until December 31, 2026, and extending the PRC's market-based tariff exclusion process for United States imports until November 10, 2026.

The United States, in turn, committed to, among other things, maintain the suspension of heightened reciprocal tariffs on imports of the PRC until 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 10, 2026.

In my judgment, the Arrangement will help remedy non-reciprocal trade arrangements and address the United States' economic and national security concerns. The Arrangement will reduce the United States' trade deficit, boost the economy of the United States, and address the consequences of the United States' trade deficit by, among other things, ensuring that the United States has access to materials vital to national defense, the energy sector, and other aspects of the United States' economy and national security; strengthening the agricultural infrastructure of the United States; and strengthening the manufacturing and defense industrial base of the United States.

Accordingly, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 by implementing the Arrangement between the United States and the PRC. Therefore, I determine that it is necessary and appropriate to continue the suspension of the heightened reciprocal tariffs on imports of the PRC until 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 10, 2026.

**Sec. 2. Implementation.** Heading 9903.01.63 and subdivision (v)(xvii)(10) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall continue to be suspended until 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 10, 2026.

**Sec. 3. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of State and any other officials they deem appropriate, shall continue to monitor the conditions underlying the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, including the United States' trade deficit, the lack of reciprocity in our bilateral trade relationships, disparate tariff rates and non-tariff barriers, United States trading partners' economic policies that suppress domestic wages and consumption imports, the strength of our domestic manufacturing base, the strength of our defense industrial base, and any other relevant factors. The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the United States Trade Representative shall, from time to time, update me on the status of these conditions. In particular, the Secretary of the Treasury and the United States Trade Representative shall update me on the status and progress of the PRC's implementation of its commitments under the Arrangement.

(b) Should the PRC fail to implement its commitments under the Arrangement, I may modify this order as necessary to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, shall continue to inform me of any circumstance that, in their opinion, might indicate the need for further action and shall continue to recommend to me additional action that, in their opinion, will more effectively deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

**Sec. 4. Delegation.** Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative are directed and authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules, regulations, or guidance, and to employ all powers granted to the President, including those granted by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement and effectuate this order. The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, consistent with applicable law, may redelegate any of these functions within their respective department or agency. All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 5. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision of this order to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

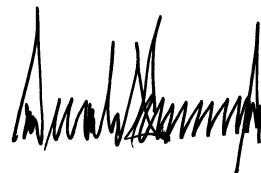
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Office of the United States Trade Representative.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
November 4, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14357 of November 4, 2025**

## **Modifying Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14195 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), I found that the failure of the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) to act to blunt the sustained influx of synthetic opioids, including fentanyl, flowing from the PRC to the United States constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States that has its source in substantial part outside the United States. I declared a national emergency with respect to that threat, and to deal with that threat, I imposed an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent on articles that are products of the PRC, as defined by the *Federal Register* notice described in section 2(d) of Executive Order 14195, as amended.

In Executive Order 14228 of March 3, 2025 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), I raised from 10 percent to 20 percent the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty established in Executive Order 14195, as amended, in response to the PRC's failure to take adequate steps to alleviate the illicit drug crisis described in Executive Order 14195.

After discussions between the United States and the PRC, among other things, the PRC has committed to take steps to alleviate the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14195. Specifically, the PRC has committed to take significant measures to end the flow of fentanyl to the United States, including stopping the shipment of certain designated chemicals to North America and strictly controlling exports of certain other chemicals to all destinations in the world. In light of the PRC's commitment, the United States committed to, among other things, reduce the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty applicable under Executive Order 14195, as amended, from 20 percent to 10 percent, effective November 10, 2025.

Accordingly, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14195 by reducing the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty applicable under Executive Order 14195, as amended, to 10 percent, effective November 10, 2025.

**Sec. 2. Implementation.** (a) All articles that are subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 20 percent under Executive Order 14195, as amended, shall instead be subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent. Accordingly, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) shall be modified as follows:

Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 10, 2025:

(i) heading 9903.01.24 is amended by deleting “20%” each place that it appears and inserting “10%” in lieu thereof and by deleting “or U.S. note 2(w) to this subchapter”; and

(ii) subdivision (u) of U.S. note 2 is modified by deleting “20%” and inserting “10%” in lieu thereof and by deleting “March 4, 2025” and inserting “November 10, 2025” in lieu thereof.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the United States International Trade Commission, shall determine whether any additional modifications to the HTSUS are necessary to effectuate this order and shall make such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*.

**Sec. 3. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and any other officials the Secretary of Homeland Security deems appropriate, shall continue to monitor the conditions underlying the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14195, including the status and progress of the PRC’s implementation of its commitments to alleviate the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14195, and any other relevant factors. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall, from time to time, update me on the status of these conditions. Should the PRC fail to implement its commitments as described in section 1 of this order, I may modify this order as necessary to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14195.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, shall continue to inform me of any circumstance that, in their opinion, might indicate the need for further action and shall continue to recommend to me additional action that, in their opinion, will effectively deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14195.

**Sec. 4. Delegation.** Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of Homeland Security is directed and authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules, regulations, or guidance, and to employ all powers granted to the President, including those granted by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement and effectuate this order. The Secretary of Homeland Security, consistent with applicable law, may redelegate any of these functions within the Department of Homeland Security. All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 5. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision of this order to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

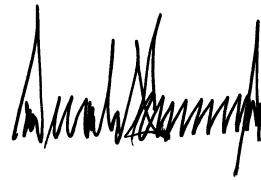
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Homeland Security.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*November 4, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-19825  
Filed 11-6-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4410-10-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14356 of October 15, 2025**

## Ensuring Continued Accountability in Federal Hiring

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** In just 8 months, my Administration has dramatically reduced the size of the Federal workforce, improving the efficient delivery of Government services while prioritizing hiring in national security, immigration enforcement, public safety, and other roles that further my Administration's priorities and benefit American taxpayers. The results of this approach have surpassed the ratio of four departures for each new hire set forth in Executive Order 14210 of February 11, 2025 (Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency" Workforce Optimization Initiative). To protect and expand upon these historic improvements, and to ensure that the Federal Government is optimally staffed to meet critical mission needs and implement the agenda that the American people elected me to pursue, Federal hiring shall be subject to the following policies and procedures going forward.

**Sec. 2. Policies and Procedures to Govern Federal Hiring.** No Federal civilian position that is vacant may be filled, and no new position may be created, except as provided for in this order or required by applicable law. Except as set forth in section 3 of this order, this policy applies to all executive departments and agencies (agencies) regardless of their sources of operational or programmatic funding.

(a) *Compliance with the Merit Hiring Plan.* Any Federal hiring shall be consistent with the Merit Hiring Plan issued by the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) on May 29, 2025, pursuant to Executive Order 14170 of January 20, 2025 (Reforming the Federal Hiring Process and Restoring Merit to Government Service).

(b) *Strategic Hiring Committees.* Within 30 days of the date of this order, each agency head shall establish a Strategic Hiring Committee to approve the creation or filling, as applicable, of each vacancy within their agency. The Strategic Hiring Committee shall include the deputy agency head and the chief of staff to the agency head, along with such other senior officials as the agency head may designate. The Strategic Hiring Committee shall ensure that agency hiring is consistent with the national interest, agency needs, and the priorities of my Administration. Agency Strategic Hiring Committees shall provide written notice of approved hires to OPM following the approval of such hires.

(c) *Annual Staffing Plans and Quarterly Updates.*

(i) Within 60 days of the date of this order, each agency shall prepare an Annual Staffing Plan, in coordination with OPM and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), to ensure that new career appointments in the upcoming fiscal year are in the highest-need areas and aligned with the priorities of my Administration. Agencies shall submit final Annual Staffing Plans to OPM and OMB. In these plans, agencies shall seek to improve operational efficiency; eliminate duplicative or unnecessary functions and positions; reduce unnecessary or low-value contractor positions; promote employee accountability; enhance delivery of essential services; appropriately prioritize hiring for national security, homeland

security, and public safety positions; and implement the recruitment initiatives described in the Merit Hiring Plan. Going forward, agencies shall prepare, in coordination with OPM and OMB, Annual Staffing Plans to implement at the start of each new fiscal year.

(ii) Agencies shall comply with the Annual Staffing Plans throughout the fiscal year, but agencies may update their plans during the course of the year based on enactment of relevant appropriations or authorizing legislation, or otherwise amend their plans in coordination with OPM and OMB.

(iii) Agencies shall submit updates to OPM and OMB at the beginning of each quarter, beginning with the second quarter of the 2026 fiscal year, showing progress in implementing their Annual Staffing Plans.

**Sec. 3. Exceptions.** (a) This order does not apply to:

(i) the Executive Office of the President or the components thereof;

(ii) non-career positions requiring Presidential appointment or Senate confirmation;

(iii) non-career positions in the Senior Executive Service;

(iv) Schedule C or Schedule G positions in the excepted service;

(v) military personnel of the Armed Forces;

(vi) positions related to immigration enforcement, national security, or public safety; or

(vii) appointment of officials through temporary organization hiring authority pursuant to section 3161 of title 5, United States Code.

(b) This order does not limit or prohibit the appointment or hiring of any other non-career employees or officials if approved by an agency head appointed by the President or another official appointed by the President.

(c) This order does not limit or prohibit any appointment or hiring specifically approved by the head of an executive department, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 101. OPM may also authorize the head of an independent establishment, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 104, to use this exception.

(d) This order does not limit or prohibit the hiring of personnel where such a limit or prohibition would conflict with applicable law.

(e) The Director of OPM may grant appropriate exemptions from this order. Exemptions previously granted by OPM under the Presidential Memoranda of January 20, 2025 (Hiring Freeze), and July 7, 2025 (Ensuring Accountability and Prioritizing Public Safety in Federal Hiring), shall remain in effect unless withdrawn by OPM.

**Sec. 4. Report.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Director of OMB and the Director of OPM shall submit a joint report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, regarding implementation of this order, including a recommendation as to whether any of its provisions should be modified or terminated.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of OMB relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) Contracting outside the Federal Government to circumvent the intent of this order is prohibited.

(d) This order does not prohibit making reallocations or reassignments to meet the highest priority needs; maintain essential services; and protect national security, homeland security, and public safety.

(e) This order shall not adversely impact the provision of Social Security, Medicare, or veterans' benefits.

(f) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(g) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

(h) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by OPM.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*October 15, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-19614  
Filed 10-17-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 6325-38-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14355 of September 30, 2025**

## Unlocking Cures for Pediatric Cancer With Artificial Intelligence

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** My Administration is committed to driving innovation to prevent and treat childhood diseases, including through the use of artificial intelligence (AI). Pediatric cancer remains the leading cause of disease-related death for children in the United States aged 1–19 years, and its incidence has increased by more than 40 percent since 1975.

As outlined in my joint address to the Congress in March, reversing this trend is one of the top priorities for the Make America Healthy Again (MAHA) Commission established in Executive Order 14212 of February 13, 2025 (Establishing the President's Make America Healthy Again Commission). AI presents an opportunity to more quickly achieve this aim.

In 2019, my Administration created the Childhood Cancer Data Initiative (CCDI), a Federal investment in childhood cancer research of \$50 million in funding every year for 10 years to address the critical need to collect, generate, and analyze childhood cancer data. The CCDI is building a foundational data infrastructure, aggregating and generating new data, and using this data to make new discoveries.

AI can be used to build upon this data initiative to produce meaningful solutions to pediatric, adolescent, and young adulthood cancer. This application of AI has the potential to transform the Nation's current care and research approach for pediatric cancer—as well as our healthcare and research infrastructure more broadly—through use of the rich and multimodal data, secured with appropriate individual privacy protections, to develop early and superior diagnostics, identify cures and optimize treatments, and advance medicine that will save lives.

For too long, we have watched our children and their families battle cancer and its long-term chronic effects while healthcare systems often rely on outdated technologies and can be slow to adopt certain innovations. We must prioritize investment in AI-enabled science, build world-class scientific datasets, and empower researchers and clinicians with the tools needed to translate data and AI capabilities into improved care.

**Sec. 2. Harnessing American AI Innovation.** The MAHA Commission, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services (Secretary), the Assistant to the President for Science and Technology (APST), and the Special Advisor for AI and Crypto, and in alignment with the implementation of America's AI Action Plan, shall work to develop innovative ways to utilize advanced technologies such as AI to unlock improved diagnoses, treatments, cures, and prevention strategies for pediatric cancer. The initial focus shall be on identifying opportunities to accelerate the progress of AI-driven solutions at the CCDI, including by making data platforms and tools available as part of the CCDI Data Ecosystem and funding research projects at National Cancer Institute-Designated Cancer Centers that prioritize:

- (a) improving data infrastructure by consolidating data from multiple sources for AI-ready analysis and utilizing AI to better select participants for clinical trials;

(b) enhancing data analysis of complex biologic systems with AI tools to radically improve predictive modeling of patient response, disease progression, and treatment toxicity and to turn multi-omics data and imaging data into novel diagnostic, prognostic, and therapeutic biomarkers; and

(c) improving clinical trial design, access, and outcomes for patients by incorporating multimodal data and using AI approaches to maximize utilization of the information from clinical trials and improve accessibility, recruitment, administration, conduct, and interpretation of clinical trial results.

**Sec. 3. Increasing Investment and Engagement in Pediatric Cancer Research and Care Infrastructure.** The MAHA Commission, in coordination with the Secretary, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Director of the National Institutes of Health, and the APST, shall prioritize expanding pediatric cancer research and advancements in care by identifying and implementing strategies for:

(a) increasing investment from existing Federal funds for the CCDI and other Federal Government initiatives that address pediatric cancer; and

(b) encouraging the private sector to make use of the most advanced technologies to unlock cures for pediatric cancer, including those based on AI, to the maximum possible extent.

**Sec. 4. Improving Data Sharing and Empowering Patients.** The Secretary, in consultation with the APST, shall work to ensure that AI innovation is appropriately integrated into current work on interoperability to maximize the potential for electronic health record and claims data to inform private sector and academic research and clinical trial design, while ensuring that patients and parents control their health information. In addition, the Secretary shall work to finalize interoperability standards for patient data to be used with AI that appropriately account for structured and unstructured data and enable safe and privacy-compliant exchanges of data.

**Sec. 5. Definition.** For the purposes of this order, “artificial intelligence” or “AI” has the meaning set forth in 15 U.S.C. 9401(3).

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

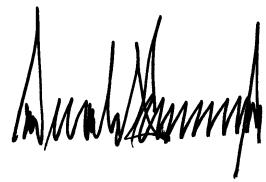
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Health and Human Services.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*September 30, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-19495  
Filed 10-6-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4150-28-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14353 of September 29, 2025

#### Assuring the Security of the State of Qatar

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in recognition of the enduring alliance between the United States and the State of Qatar, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** Over the years, the United States and the State of Qatar have been bound together by close cooperation, shared interests, and the close relationship between our armed forces. The State of Qatar has hosted United States forces, enabled critical security operations, and stood as a steadfast ally in pursuit of peace, stability, and prosperity, both in the Middle East and abroad, including as a mediator that has assisted the United States' attempts to resolve significant regional and global conflicts. In recognition of this history, and in light of the continuing threats to the State of Qatar posed by foreign aggression, it is the policy of the United States to guarantee the security and territorial integrity of the State of Qatar against external attack.

**Sec. 2. Commitment.** (a) The United States shall regard any armed attack on the territory, sovereignty, or critical infrastructure of the State of Qatar as a threat to the peace and security of the United States.

(b) In the event of such an attack, the United States shall take all lawful and appropriate measures—including diplomatic, economic, and, if necessary, military—to defend the interests of the United States and of the State of Qatar and to restore peace and stability.

(c) The Secretary of War, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Director of National Intelligence, shall maintain joint contingency planning with the State of Qatar to ensure a rapid and coordinated response to any foreign aggression against the State of Qatar.

(d) The Secretary of State shall reaffirm this assurance to the State of Qatar and coordinate with allies and partners to ensure complementary measures of support.

(e) The Secretary of State shall continue to partner with the State of Qatar as and when appropriate for conflict resolution and mediation in recognition of the State of Qatar's extensive diplomatic and mediation experience.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** All executive departments and agencies shall take appropriate steps, consistent with law, to implement this order.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

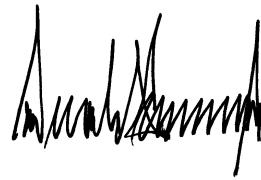
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of State.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*September 29, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-19483  
Filed 10-3-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4710-05-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14351 of September 19, 2025

#### The Gold Card

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** My Administration has worked relentlessly to undo the disastrous immigration policies of the prior administration. Those policies produced a deluge of immigrants, without serious consideration of how those immigrants would affect America's interests.

Most significantly, the prior administration permitted millions of aliens to enter the United States illegally, to the detriment of public safety, national security, and the rule of law. International cartels, transnational criminal organizations, terrorists, and foreign malign actors took advantage of those open borders policies. The prior administration also permitted abuse of the refugee process, swamping towns and cities with aliens and, in some cases, forcing them to declare emergencies to combat the crisis.

It is a priority of my Administration to realign Federal immigration policy with the Nation's interests by ending illegal immigration and prioritizing the admission of aliens who will affirmatively benefit the Nation, including successful entrepreneurs, investors, and businessmen and women.

To advance that policy, I hereby announce the Gold Card, a visa program overseen by the Secretary of Commerce that will facilitate the entry of aliens who have demonstrated their ability and desire to advance the interests of the United States by voluntarily providing a significant financial gift to the Nation.

**Sec. 2. The Gold Card.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall establish a "Gold Card" program authorizing an alien who makes an unrestricted gift to the Department of Commerce under 15 U.S.C. 1522 (or for whom a corporation or similar entity makes such a gift) to establish eligibility for an immigrant visa using an expedited process, to the extent consistent with law and public safety and national security concerns. The requisite gift amount shall be \$1 million for an individual donating on his or her own behalf and \$2 million for a corporation or similar entity donating on behalf of an individual.

(b) In adjudicating visa applications, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, consistent with applicable law, treat the gift specified in subsection (a) of this section as evidence of eligibility under 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(1)(A), of exceptional business ability and national benefit under 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(2)(A), and of eligibility for a national-interest waiver under 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(2)(B).

(c) The Secretary of Commerce shall deposit the gifts contributed under subsection (a) of this section in a separate fund in the Department of the Treasury and use them to promote commerce and American industry, consistent with the statutory authorities of the Department of Commerce, *see, e.g.*, 15 U.S.C. 1512.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, within 90 days of the date of this order, take all necessary and appropriate steps to implement the Gold Card program. Among other things, they shall, to the extent consistent

with applicable law and their respective statutory authorities, including the limits on the numbers of visas specified in 8 U.S.C. 1151 *et seq.*:

(a) Establish a process for application and expedited adjudication of Gold Card petitions, visa issuance, and adjustment of status.

(b) Specify the date on which applicants (or sponsors if applicable) may begin to submit gifts for consideration under the Gold Card program.

(c) Establish a process for a Gold Card holder sponsored by a corporation or similar entity to abandon his or her status and for the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security to consider the original gift as evidence of eligibility under 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(1)(A), of exceptional business ability and national benefit under 8 U.S.C. 1153 (b)(2)(A), and of eligibility for a national-interest waiver under 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(2)(B), for a different individual specified by the corporation or similar entity. The transferee shall otherwise be subject to the same procedures as an original visa applicant, including appropriate screening for public safety and national security.

(d) Establish administrative fees to cover the cost of expedited processing under subsection (a) of this section.

(e) Establish maintenance and transfer fees for corporations or similar entities sponsoring individuals under the Gold Card program.

(f) Consider expanding the Gold Card program to visa applicants under 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(5).

**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person, is held to be invalid, the remaining provisions and applications shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

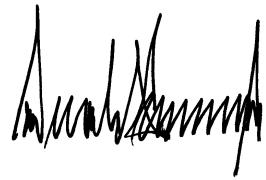
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Commerce.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*September 19, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-18602  
Filed 9-23-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3510-DT-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14349 of September 16, 2025**

## **Establishing an Emergency Board To Investigate Disputes Between the Long Island Rail Road Company and Certain of Its Employees Represented by Certain Labor Organizations**

Disputes exist between the Long Island Rail Road Company and certain of its employees represented by certain labor organizations. The labor organizations involved in these disputes are the Transportation Communications Union, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Trainmen, the Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen, the International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, and the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

The disputes have not heretofore been adjusted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended, 45 U.S.C. 151–188 (RLA).

Parties empowered by the RLA have requested that the President establish an emergency board pursuant to section 9A of the RLA (45 U.S.C. 159a).

Section 9A(c) of the RLA provides that the President, upon such request, shall appoint an emergency board to investigate and report on the disputes.

NOW, THEREFORE, by the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 9A of the RLA, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Establishment of Emergency Board (Board).** There is established, effective 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on September 18, 2025, a Board composed of a chair and two other members, all of whom shall be appointed by the President to investigate and report on these disputes. No member shall be pecuniarily or otherwise interested in any organization of railroad employees or any carrier. The Board shall perform its functions subject to the availability of funds.

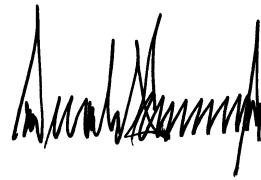
**Sec. 2. Report.** The Board shall report to the President with respect to the disputes within 30 days of its creation.

**Sec. 3. Maintaining Conditions.** As provided by section 9A(c) of the RLA, for 120 days from the date of the creation of the Board, no change in the conditions out of which the disputes arose shall be made by the parties to the controversy, except by agreement of the parties.

**Sec. 4. Records Maintenance.** The records and files of the Board are records of the Office of the President and upon the Board's termination shall be maintained in the physical custody of the National Mediation Board.

**Sec. 5. Expiration.** The Board shall terminate upon the submission of the report provided for in section 2 of this order.

**Sec. 6. Costs of Publication.** The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Transportation.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*September 16, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-18479  
Filed 9-22-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4910-9X-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14348 of September 5, 2025

### **Strengthening Efforts To Protect U.S. Nationals From Wrongful Detention Abroad**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741 *et seq.*) (Levinson Act), it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States must strengthen efforts to protect U.S. nationals from wrongful detention abroad. The United States Government is committed to using every tool available to curb this coercive tactic used by foreign adversaries and must hold such adversaries to account. No American should fear being taken as a political pawn by rogue states. Wrongful detentions are an affront to the rule of law and aim to undermine our leadership on the world stage. The United States will not tolerate these attacks on our sovereignty and U.S. nationals.

**Sec. 2. Designation.** The Secretary of State may designate any foreign country the government of which directly engages in or provides support for the wrongful detention of a U.S. national as a State Sponsor of Wrongful Detention based on one or more of the following criteria:

- (a) the wrongful detention of a U.S. national occurs in the foreign country;
- (b) the government of the foreign country has failed to release a wrongfully detained U.S. national after having been notified by the United States that the detention has been determined wrongful by the Secretary of State; or
- (c) actions taken by the government of the foreign country indicate, based on the totality of the circumstances:
  - (i) that the government is responsible for, complicit in, or materially supports the wrongful detention of a U.S. national; or
  - (ii) a pattern in which the government is responsible for, complicit in, or materially supports the unjust or unlawful detention of third country nationals in which cases the United States has a national interest, using criteria similar to those used by the Department of State in wrongful detention determinations.

**Sec. 3. Responses.** Upon designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Wrongful Detention under section 2 of this order, the Secretary of State shall review existing authorities to respond to and deter the actions of a government of a foreign country as outlined in section 2 of this order and take steps to implement the following actions, as appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, including the Levinson Act, including:

- (a) imposing sanctions available under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*);
- (b) making designations under section 7031(c) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024 (division F of Public Law 118-47; 8 U.S.C. 1182 note), as carried forward by the Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2025 (division A of Public Law 119-4), or similar provisions in subsequent acts;
- (c) applying inadmissibility available under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*) and, as appropriate, coordinating with the Department of Homeland Security on the enforcement thereof;

(d) imposing geographic travel restrictions prohibiting the use of a United States passport for travel to or through the designated country under 22 U.S.C. 211a, Executive Order 11295 of August 5, 1966 (Rules Governing the Granting, Issuing, and Verifying of United States Passports), and 22 CFR 51.63(a)(3);

(e) restricting assistance provided to the government of the country under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 *et seq.*) or any other Federal law; and

(f) restricting the export of certain goods to the country under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 *et seq.*), the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 *et seq.*), or any other Federal law.

**Sec. 4. Termination of Designation.** The Secretary of State may terminate the designation of a foreign country under section 2 of this order based on:

(a) a determination by the Secretary of State that the government of the foreign country:

(i) has released the U.S. nationals wrongfully detained within the territory of the foreign country;

(ii) has demonstrated changes in leadership or policies with respect to wrongful detention; and

(iii) has provided credible assurances that the government of the foreign country will not engage or be complicit in or support acts described in section 2 of this order; or

(b) the discretion and direction of the President.

**Sec. 5. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) the term “government” includes the government of a country; any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof; any person owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the foregoing; and any person who has acted or purported to act directly or indirectly for or on behalf of, any of the foregoing;

(b) the term “person” refers to an individual or entity;

(c) the term “entity” refers to a government or instrumentality of such government, partnership, association, trust, joint venture, corporation, group, subgroup, or other organization;

(d) the term “wrongful detention” refers to the detention of a U.S. national the Secretary of State has determined to be unlawful or wrongful pursuant to the Levinson Act; and

(e) the term “U.S. national” has the same meaning as “United States national” given in 22 U.S.C. 1741e(2).

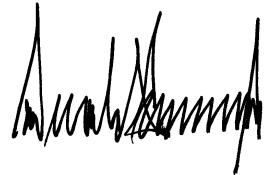
**Sec. 6. Other Detaining Entities.** To the extent permitted by applicable law, the provisions of this order referring to a foreign government shall also apply to an entity exercising control over most or all of the territory of a country, regardless of whether such entity has been recognized as the government of such country.

**Sec. 7. Rule of Construction.** This order shall not be construed to impair or otherwise affect any lawfully authorized investigative, protective, information security, or intelligence activity of an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or any person undertaking such activity or activities pursuant to a contract with the United States. Further, nothing in this order shall be construed to imply that every U.S. national detained in a foreign country designated under section 2 of this order should be or has been determined to be wrongfully detained under the Levinson Act.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.
- (d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of State.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*September 5, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-17509  
Filed 9-9-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4710-05-P

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14347 of September 5, 2025**

### **Restoring the United States Department of War**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** On August 7, 1789, 236 years ago, President George Washington signed into law a bill establishing the United States Department of War to oversee the operation and maintenance of military and naval affairs. It was under this name that the Department of War, along with the later formed Department of the Navy, won the War of 1812, World War I, and World War II, inspiring awe and confidence in our Nation's military, and ensuring freedom and prosperity for all Americans. The Founders chose this name to signal our strength and resolve to the world. The name "Department of War," more than the current "Department of Defense," ensures peace through strength, as it demonstrates our ability and willingness to fight and win wars on behalf of our Nation at a moment's notice, not just to defend. This name sharpens the Department's focus on our own national interest and our adversaries' focus on our willingness and availability to wage war to secure what is ours. I have therefore determined that this Department should once again be known as the Department of War and the Secretary should be known as the Secretary of War.

**Sec. 2. Implementation.** (a) The Secretary of Defense is authorized the use of this additional secondary title—the Secretary of War—and may be recognized by that title in official correspondence, public communications, ceremonial contexts, and non-statutory documents within the executive branch.

(b) The Department of Defense and the Office of the Secretary of Defense may be referred to as the Department of War and the Office of the Secretary of War, respectively, in the contexts described in subsection (a) of this section.

(c) The provisions of this section shall also apply, as appropriate, to subordinate officials within the Department of Defense, who may use corresponding secondary titles such as Deputy Secretary of War or Under Secretary of War in the contexts described in subsection (a) of this section.

(d) All executive departments and agencies shall recognize and accommodate the use of such secondary titles in internal and external communications, provided that the use of such titles does not create confusion with respect to legal, statutory, or international obligations.

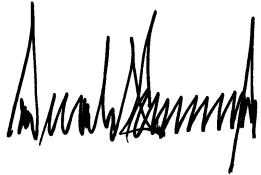
(e) Statutory references to the Department of Defense, Secretary of Defense, and subordinate officers and components shall remain controlling until changed subsequently by the law.

(f) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of War shall submit to the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, a notification for transmittal to the Congress of any office, executive department or agency, component, or command that begins using a secondary Department of War designation.

(g) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of War shall submit to the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, a recommendation on the actions required to permanently change the name of the Department of Defense to the Department of War. This recommendation shall include the proposed legislative and executive actions necessary to accomplish this renaming.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.
- (d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of War.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*September 5, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-17508  
Filed 9-9-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 6001-FR-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14346 of September 5, 2025**

## **Modifying the Scope of Reciprocal Tariffs and Establishing Procedures for Implementing Trade and Security Agreements**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862) (section 232), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I found that conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, including the consequences of those deficits, constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and economy of the United States that has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States. I declared a national emergency with respect to that threat, and to deal with that threat, I imposed certain *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate. In Annex II to Executive Order 14257, I set forth a list of certain goods that, in my judgment, should not be subject to the *ad valorem* rates of duty imposed pursuant to that order.

In section 4 of Executive Order 14257, section 5 of Executive Order 14326 of July 31, 2025 (Further Modifying the Reciprocal Tariff Rates), and other Executive Orders issued to address the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, I directed various officials to monitor the circumstances involving the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 and to recommend to me additional action that would more effectively deal with the emergency conditions described in Executive Order 14257. Based on this monitoring, among other things, I have received additional information and recommendations from these officials. After considering the information and recommendations these officials have provided to me, among other things, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to modify Annex II to Executive Order 14257 as shown in the updated version of Annex II that is attached to this order. In my judgment, these modifications are necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

Further, in section 4(c) of Executive Order 14257, I noted that I might further decrease or limit in scope the duties imposed under Executive Order 14257, as amended, if any trading partner takes significant steps to remedy non-reciprocal trade arrangements and align sufficiently with the United States on economic and national security matters. Accordingly, I later temporarily suspended the individual *ad valorem* rate of duty for certain trading partners to reflect the fact that some trading partners had signaled a willingness to undertake meaningful economic and national security commitments with the United States designed to combat the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257. In Executive Order 14326, I noted that certain foreign trading partners had agreed, or were on the verge of agreeing, to meaningful trade and security agreements with the United States, with the conclusion of the agreements to be completed in the future.

In my judgment, it is necessary and appropriate to take steps contemplated in certain current and forthcoming trade and security framework agreements (framework agreements) between a foreign trading partner and the United States. I determine that any modification of tariffs required to implement current and forthcoming framework agreements is necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 and to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security found in Proclamation 9704 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Aluminum Into the United States), as amended; Proclamation 9705 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Steel Into the United States), as amended; Proclamation 9888 of May 17, 2019 (Adjusting Imports of Automobiles and Automobile Parts Into the United States), as amended; and Proclamation 10962 of July 30, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Copper Into the United States). Except in rare circumstances, I will refrain from narrowing the scope of the reciprocal tariff or any relevant section 232 tariff before the conclusion of a final trade and security agreement (final agreement) between the foreign trading partner and the United States.

For example, the United States and the European Union recently announced a landmark “Framework on an Agreement on Reciprocal, Fair, and Balanced Trade” (Framework Agreement). In the joint statement announcing the Framework Agreement, the United States committed to reduce the reciprocal tariff imposed under Executive Order 14257, as amended, on certain products of the European Union to zero percent and to reduce tariffs imposed under section 232 for automobiles and automobile parts originating from the European Union if the European Union takes certain steps. In my judgment, it is necessary and appropriate to implement the tariff modifications described in the Framework Agreement. These modifications are necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 and to reduce or eliminate the threat to national security found in Proclamation 9888, as amended.

Similarly, I determine that it is necessary and appropriate to implement the terms of any final agreement between a foreign trading partner and the United States related to the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257. In my judgment, the modifications required to implement the terms of such a final agreement are necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 and to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security I have found pursuant to section 232.

Though I am generally unwilling for framework agreements to narrow the scope of the reciprocal tariffs or modify any relevant section 232 tariff before the conclusion of a final agreement, final agreements with the United States may include such modifications. My willingness to reduce the reciprocal tariff to zero percent for a given import or to modify tariffs imposed under section 232 will depend on numerous factors, including the scope and economic value of a trading partner’s commitments to the United States in its agreement on reciprocal trade, the national interests of the United States, the need to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, and the need to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security I have found pursuant to section 232. The list of imports for which I may be willing to provide a zero percent reciprocal tariff rate is set forth in the Annex to this order entitled “Potential Tariff Adjustments for Aligned Partners,” which contains products that cannot be grown, mined, or naturally produced in the United States or grown, mined, or naturally produced in sufficient quantities in the United States to satisfy domestic demand; certain agricultural products; aircraft and aircraft parts; and non-patented articles for use in pharmaceutical applications. Given the complex, fact-specific, and sensitive nature of negotiations and the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, among other relevant considerations, the imports that might receive a reciprocal tariff rate of zero percent may be different for each final agreement between a foreign trading partner and the United States.

**Sec. 2. Updating Scope of Duties Globally.** (a) The updated version of Annex II to Executive Order 14257 is attached to this order and shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 3 days after the date of this order.

(b) The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) shall be modified as provided in Annex I to this order. These modifications shall enter into effect on the date set forth in Annex I to this order.

**Sec. 3. Framework Agreements.** (a) Upon the conclusion of any framework agreement of a kind described in section 1 of this order, the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall determine whether the United States must take any action to implement such framework agreement. Doing so shall include determining whether any condition or conditions to an action by the United States has occurred or will occur before the relevant action by the United States.

(b) If the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative determine that an action must be taken to implement a framework agreement pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and that any condition or conditions to such action have occurred or will occur before the relevant action by the United States, the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall take the necessary and appropriate actions to implement such framework agreement in accordance with this order.

(c) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall act in a manner consistent with the national interests of the United States, the purpose of this order, the need to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, and the need to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security I have found pursuant to section 232.

**Sec. 4. Final Agreements.** (a) Upon the conclusion of any final agreement of a kind described in section 1 of this order, the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall take the necessary and appropriate actions to implement the final agreement in accordance with this order.

(b) In implementing any final agreement, the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall act in a manner consistent with the national interests of the United States, the purpose of this order, the need to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, and the need to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security I have found pursuant to section 232.

**Sec. 5. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with any officials they deem appropriate, shall continue to monitor the conditions underlying the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, including the U.S. trade deficit, the lack of reciprocity in our bilateral trade relationships, disparate tariff rates and non-tariff barriers, U.S. trading partners' economic policies that suppress domestic wages and consumption imports, the strength of our domestic manufacturing base, the strength of our defense industrial base, and any other relevant factors. The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall, from time to time, update me on the status of these conditions.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, shall continue to inform me of any circumstance that, in their opinion, might indicate the need for further action and shall continue to recommend to me additional action that, in their opinion, will more effectively deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

(c) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury,

the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, shall advise me of the conclusion of any agreement on reciprocal trade with a particular trading partner.

**Sec. 6. Delegation.** (a) Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative are directed and authorized to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order and any actions taken under section 3 or section 4 of this order—including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or through notices in the *Federal Register* and by adopting rules, regulations, or guidance—and to employ all powers granted to the President, including those granted by IEEPA and section 232, as may be necessary to implement and effectuate this order.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), the Chair of the United States International Trade Commission, and any other senior official they deem appropriate, shall determine whether modifications to the HTSUS are necessary to effectuate this order and any actions taken under section 3 or section 4 of this order and may direct such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*.

(c) If implementation of a framework agreement or final agreement of a kind described in section 1 of this order requires a refund of duties collected, CBP shall provide the refund to the extent consistent with law. Any refunds shall be processed pursuant to applicable law and CBP's standard procedures for such refunds.

(d) Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative may redelegate any of these functions within their respective department or agency.

(e) All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

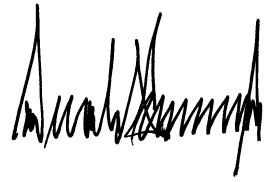
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Commerce.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, is positioned here.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*September 5, 2025.*

Billing code 3510-DT-P

**ANNEX I**

Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 3 days after the date of this order, subdivision (v)(iii) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by inserting in numerical order the following provisions of the HTSUS:

2504.10.10

2604.00.00

2609.00.00

2612.20.00

2613.90.00

2825.40.00

2833.24.00

2903.51.10

2924.29.01

2924.29.03

2924.29.23

2924.29.26

2924.29.28

2924.29.33

2924.29.57

2924.29.80

2926.90.50

2933.29.05

2933.29.60

4703.11.00

4703.21.00

4703.29.00

7108.11.00

7108.12.50

7108.13.10

7108.13.55

7108.13.70

7108.20.00

7115.90.05

7115.90.30

7202.60.00

7501.10.00

7502.10.00

7502.20.00  
7503.00.00  
7504.00.00  
7903.90.30  
8505.11.0070  
8541.41.00

Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 3 days after the date of this order, subdivision (v)(iii) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by removing the following provisions of the HTSUS:

2818.30.00  
3824.99.93  
3907.29.00  
3907.30.00  
3907.61.00  
3907.69.00  
3907.99.50  
3910.00.00

**ANNEX II**

Note: All products that are properly classified in the provisions of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) that are listed in this Annex are not covered by the duties imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended. The product descriptions that are contained in this Annex are provided for informational purposes only, and are not intended to delimit in any way the scope of the action. Only items that are properly classified in the listed provisions of the HTSUS are excluded from the tariff action imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended. Any questions regarding the scope of particular HTSUS provisions should be referred to U.S. Customs and Border Protection. In the product descriptions, the abbreviation “nesoi” means “not elsewhere specified or included”.

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
0508.00.00	Coral, shells, cuttlebone and similar materials, unworked or simply prepared, but not cut to shape; powder and waste thereof	
2504.10.10	Natural graphite, in crystalline flakes (not including flake dust)	Addition
2504.10.50	Natural graphite, in powder or flakes (other than crystalline flake)	
2504.90.00	Natural graphite, other than in powder or in flakes	
2510.10.00	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminum calcium phosphates, unground	
2510.20.00	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminum	
2511.10.10	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), ground	
2511.10.50	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), not ground	
2519.10.00	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	
2519.90.10	Fused magnesia; dead-burned (sintered) magnesia, whether or not containing small quantities of other oxides added before sintering	
2519.90.20	Caustic calcined magnesite	
2524.90.00	Asbestos other than Crocidolite	
2529.21.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight 97% or less of calcium fluoride	
2529.22.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight more than 97% of calcium fluoride	
2530.20.10	Kieserite	
2530.20.20	Epsom salts (natural magnesium sulfates)	
2530.90.10	Natural cryolite; natural chiolite	
2530.90.20	Natural micaceous iron oxides	
2530.90.80	Other mineral substances, not elsewhere specified or included	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2602.00.00	Manganese ores and concentrates including ferruginous manganese ores and concentrates, with manganese content over 20%, calculated on dry weight	
2603.00.00	Copper ores and concentrates	
2604.00.00	Nickel ores and concentrates	Addition
2605.00.00	Cobalt ores and concentrates	
2606.00.00	Aluminum ores and concentrates	
2608.00.00	Zinc ores and concentrates	
2609.00.00	Tin ores and concentrates	Addition
2610.00.00	Chromium ores and concentrates	
2611.00.30	Tungsten ores	
2611.00.60	Tungsten concentrates	
2612.10.00	Uranium ores and concentrates	
2612.20.00	Thorium ores and concentrates	Addition
2613.90.00	Molybdenum ores and concentrates, not roasted	Addition
2614.00.30	Synthetic rutile	
2614.00.60	Titanium ores and concentrates, other than synthetic rutile	
2615.90.30	Synthetic tantalum-niobium concentrates	
2615.90.60	Niobium, tantalum or vanadium ores and concentrates, nesoi	
2616.10.00	Silver ores and concentrates	
2617.10.00	Antimony ores and concentrates	
2620.30.00	Ash and residues (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel), containing mainly copper	
2620.99.50	Slag (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel), containing by weight over 40% titanium, and which if containing over 2% by weight of copper, lead, or zinc is not to be treated for the recovery thereof	
2701.11.00	Coal, anthracite, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2701.12.00	Coal, bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2701.19.00	Coal, other than anthracite or bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2701.20.00	Coal, briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	
2702.10.00	Lignite (excluding jet), whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated	
2702.20.00	Lignite (excluding jet), agglomerated	
2703.00.00	Peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2704.00.00	Coke and semicoke of coal, lignite or peat, whether or not agglomerated; retort carbon	
2705.00.00	Coal gas, water gas, producer gas and similar gases, other than petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	
2706.00.00	Tars (including reconstituted tars), distilled from coal, lignite or peat, and other mineral tars, whether dehydrated or partially distilled	
2707.10.00	Benzene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.20.00	Toluene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.30.00	Xylenes, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.40.00	Naphthalene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.50.00	Aromatic hydrocarbon mixtures (from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents), other than Benzene, Toluene, Xylenes, and Naphthalene, in which 65% or more by volume (including losses) distills at 250 C by the ISO 3405 method (equivalent to the ASTM D 86 method)	
2707.91.00	Creosote oils, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.99.10	Light oil, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.99.20	Picolines, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents	
2707.99.40	Carbazole, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
	aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 65% or more by weight	
2707.99.51	Phenols, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of nonaromatic constituents, containing more than 50% by weight of hydroxybenzene	
2707.99.55	Metacresol, orthocresol, paracresol, and metaparacresol, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products where the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 75% or more by weight	
2707.99.59	Phenols, nesoi	
2707.99.90	Other products of the distillation of high-temperature coal tar and similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceed that of the nonaromatic constituents, nesoi	
2708.10.00	Pitch, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars	
2708.20.00	Pitch coke, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars	
2709.00.10	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.	
2709.00.20	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	
2710.12.15	Light oil motor fuel from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals (other than crude) and containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals	
2710.12.18	Light oil motor fuel blending stock from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals (other than crude) containing by weight 70% or more from petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals	
2710.12.25	Naphthas (except motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock)	
2710.12.45	Light oil mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi which contain by weight not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound	
2710.12.90	Light oils and preparations, from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.06	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), derived from petroleum or oils from bituminous minerals, testing below 25 degrees A.P.I.	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2710.19.11	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), derived from petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	
2710.19.16	Kerosene-type jet fuel, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.24	Kerosene motor fuel (except kerosene-type jet fuel), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.25	Kerosene motor fuel blending stock (except kerosene-type jet fuel), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.26	Kerosene (except kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene motor fuel, and kerosene motor fuel blending stock), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.30	Lubricating oils, with or without additives, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.35	Lubricating greases, containing not over 10% by weight of salts of fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.40	Lubricating greases, containing 10% or more by weight of salts of fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.45	Mixture of hydrocarbons nesoi, which contain by weight not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
	(other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.19.90	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals	
2710.20.05	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing under 25 degrees A.P.I., from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, other than waste oils	
2710.20.10	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils	
2710.20.15	Kerosene-type jet fuel, motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils	
2710.20.25	Kerosene (except kerosene-type jet fuel, motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, other than waste oils	
2710.91.00	Waste oils containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs) or polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)	
2710.99.05	Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) derived from petroleum oil or bituminous minerals, testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.	
2710.99.10	Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) derived from petroleum oil or bituminous minerals, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more	
2710.99.16	Waste motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock	
2710.99.21	Waste kerosene or naphthas	
2710.99.31	Waste lubricating oils, with or without additives	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2710.99.32	Waste lubricating greases, containing not over 10% by weight of fatty acids of animal (including marine animal) or vegetable origin	
2710.99.39	Other wastes of lubricating oils and greases	
2710.99.45	Waste oil mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi containing not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound	
2710.99.90	Other waste oils	
2711.11.00	Natural gas, liquefied	
2711.12.00	Propane, liquefied	
2711.13.00	Butanes, liquefied	
2711.14.00	Ethylene, propylene, butylene and butadiene, liquefied	
2711.19.00	Liquefied petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, nesoi	
2711.21.00	Natural gas, in gaseous state	
2711.29.00	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, except natural gas	
2712.10.00	Petroleum jelly	
2712.20.00	Paraffin wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process and less than 0.75% oil by weight	
2712.90.10	Montan wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process	
2712.90.20	Mineral waxes (i.e., paraffin with 0.75%+ oil, microcrystalline wax, slack lignite and peat waxes, ozokerite), obtained by synthesis	
2713.11.00	Coke, petroleum, not calcined	
2713.12.00	Coke, petroleum coke, calcined	
2713.20.00	Petroleum bitumen	
2713.90.00	Residues (except petroleum coke or petroleum bitumen) of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials	
2714.10.00	Bituminous or oil shale and tar sands	
2714.90.00	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks	
2715.00.00	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, natural bitumen, petroleum bitumen, mineral tar or mineral tar pitch	
2716.00.00	Electrical energy	
2801.20.00	Iodine	
2804.29.00	Rare gases, other than argon	
2804.50.00	Boron; tellurium	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2804.61.00	Silicon containing by weight not less than 99.99% of silicon	
2804.80.00	Arsenic	
2804.90.00	Selenium	
2805.19.10	Strontium	
2805.19.20	Barium	
2805.19.90	Alkali metals, other than sodium	
2805.30.00	Rare-earth metals, scandium and yttrium, whether or not intermixed or interalloyed	
2811.11.00	Hydrogen fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)	
2811.19.10	Arsenic acid	
2811.29.10	Arsenic trioxide	
2811.29.20	Selenium dioxide	
2812.19.00	Other chlorides and chloride oxides	
2813.90.10	Arsenic sulfides	
2815.20.00	Potassium hydroxide (Caustic potash)	
2816.10.00	Hydroxide and peroxide of magnesium	
2816.40.10	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of strontium	
2816.40.20	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of barium	
2817.00.00	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide	
2818.10.10	Artificial corundum, crude	
2818.10.20	Artificial corundum, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2818.20.00	Aluminum oxide, other than artificial corundum	
2820.10.00	Manganese dioxide	
2821.10.00	Iron oxides and hydroxides	
2821.20.00	Earth colors containing 70% or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
2822.00.00	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides	
2823.00.00	Titanium oxides	
2825.20.00	Lithium oxide and hydroxide	
2825.40.00	Nickel oxides and hydroxides	Addition
2825.50.30	Copper hydroxides	
2825.60.00	Germanium oxides and zirconium dioxide	
2825.80.00	Antimony oxides	
2825.90.15	Niobium oxide	
2825.90.30	Tungsten oxides	
2825.90.90	Other inorganic bases; other metal oxides, hydroxides and peroxides, nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2826.12.00	Fluorides of aluminum	
2826.30.00	Sodium hexafluoroaluminate (Synthetic cryolite)	
2826.90.90	Other complex fluorine salts, nesoi	
2827.31.00	Magnesium chloride	
2827.39.45	Barium chloride	
2827.39.60	Cobalt chlorides	
2827.39.90	Chlorides, nesoi	
2827.41.00	Chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides of copper	
2827.49.50	Chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides other than of copper or of vanadium	
2827.59.51	Other bromides and bromide oxides, other than ammonium, calcium or zinc	
2827.60.10	Iodide and iodide oxide of calcium or copper	
2827.60.51	Iodides and iodide oxides, other than of calcium, copper or potassium	
2833.21.00	Magnesium sulfate	
2833.24.00	Nickel sulfate	Addition
2833.25.00	Copper sulfate	
2833.27.00	Barium sulfate	
2833.29.10	Cobalt sulfate	
2833.29.45	Zinc sulfate	
2833.29.51	Other sulfates nesoi	
2834.21.00	Potassium nitrate	
2834.29.20	Strontium nitrate	
2834.29.51	Nitrates, nesoi	
2836.60.00	Barium carbonate	
2836.91.00	Lithium carbonates	
2836.92.00	Strontium carbonate	
2836.99.10	Cobalt carbonates	
2836.99.50	Carbonates nesoi, and peroxocarbonates (percarbonates)	
2841.80.00	Tungstates (wolframates)	
2841.90.20	Ammonium perrhenate	
2841.90.40	Aluminates	
2843.29.01	Silver compounds, other than silver nitrate	
2843.30.00	Gold compounds	
2843.90.00	Inorganic or organic compounds of precious metals, excluding those of silver and gold; amalgams of precious metals	
2844.10.10	Natural uranium metal	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2844.10.20	Natural uranium compounds	
2844.20.00	Uranium enriched in U235 and plutonium and their compounds; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures containing these products	
2844.30.20	Compounds of uranium depleted in U235	
2844.30.50	Uranium depleted in U235, thorium; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures of these products and their compounds	
2844.43.00	Other radioactive elements, isotopes, compounds, nesoi; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures thereof	
2845.90.01	Isotopes not in heading 2844 and their compounds other than boron, lithium and helium	
2846.10.00	Cerium compounds	
2846.90.20	Mixtures of rare-earth oxides or of rare-earth chlorides	
2846.90.40	Yttrium materials and compounds containing by weight more than 19% but less than 85% yttrium oxide equivalent	
2846.90.80	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of rare-earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium, or of mixtures of these metals, nesoi	
2849.20.10	Silicon carbide, crude	
2849.20.20	Silicon carbide, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2849.90.30	Tungsten carbide	
2853.90.10	Phosphor copper containing more than 15% by weight of phosphorus, excluding ferrophosphorus	
2853.90.90	Other phosphides, excluding ferrophosphorous, nesoi	
2903.45.10	1,2,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) and 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134)	
2903.51.10	2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234yf), 1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234ze) and (Z)-1,1,1,4,4,4-hexafluoro-2-butene (HFO-1336mzz)	Addition
2903.59.90	Other unsaturated fluorinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	
2903.69.90	Other brominated or iodinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	
2903.78.00	Other perhalogenated acyclic hydrocarbon derivatives, nesoi	
2903.79.90	Other halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons containing two or more different halogens, nesoi	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2903.89.15	Halogenated products derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbon, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2903.89.20	Halogenated derivatives derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbon, nesoi	
2903.89.70	Other halogenated derivatives of cyclanic etc hydrocarbons not derived from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons	
2903.92.00	Hexachlorobenzene (ISO) and DDT (clofenatone (INN), (1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane))	
2904.99.40	Sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2905.29.90	Unsaturated monohydric alcohols, other than allyl alcohol or acyclic terpene alcohols	
2905.39.90	Dihydric alcohols (diols), nesoi	
2905.59.10	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of monohydric alcohols	
2905.59.90	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of acyclic alcohols, nesoi	
2906.19.50	Other cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	
2906.29.60	Other aromatic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	
2907.29.90	Other polyphenols, nesoi	
2908.19.60	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenol or phenol-alcohols	
2909.19.18	Ethers of acyclic monohydric alcohols and derivatives, nesoi	
2909.20.00	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	
2909.30.60	Other aromatic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	
2909.49.10	Other aromatic ether-alcohols, their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2909.49.15	Aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	
2909.49.20	Nonaromatic glycerol ethers	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2909.49.60	Other non-aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	
2909.50.40	Odoriferous or flavoring compounds of ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, nitrosated derivatives	
2909.50.45	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, nitrosated derivatives nesoi, in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2909.50.50	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	
2912.19.50	Acyclic aldehydes without other oxygen function, nesoi	
2912.49.26	Other aromatic aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and aldehydes with other oxygen function	
2914.19.00	Acyclic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	
2914.40.90	Nonaromatic ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes, nesoi	
2914.50.30	Aromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	
2914.50.50	Nonaromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	
2914.62.00	Coenzyme Q10 (ubidecarenone (INN))	
2914.69.21	Quinone drugs	
2914.69.90	Quinones, nesoi	
2914.79.40	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, etc derivatives of aromatic ketones and quinones whether or not with other oxygen function	
2915.29.30	Cobalt acetates	
2915.39.31	Aromatic esters of acetic acid described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2915.39.35	Aromatic esters of acetic acid, nesoi	
2915.39.47	Acetates of polyhydric alcohols or of polyhydric alcohol ethers	
2915.39.90	Other non-aromatic esters of acetic acid	
2915.90.10	Fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, nesoi	
2915.90.14	Valproic acid	
2915.90.18	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	
2915.90.20	Aromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2915.90.50	Nonaromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2916.19.30	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	
2916.19.50	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acid anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, nesoi	
2916.20.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	
2916.31.50	Benzoic acid esters, nesoi	
2916.39.46	Aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2916.39.79	Other aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	
2917.13.00	Azelaic acid, sebacic acid, their salts and esters	
2917.19.10	Ferrous fumarate	
2917.19.70	Acyclic polycarboxylic acids and their derivatives (excluding plasticizers)	
2917.34.01	Esters of orthophthalic acid, nesoi	
2917.39.30	Aromatic polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives nesoi, in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2918.11.51	Salts and esters of lactic acid	
2918.13.50	Salts and esters of tartaric acid, nesoi	
2918.16.50	Salts and esters of gluconic acid	
2918.19.60	Malic acid	
2918.19.90	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2918.22.10	O-Acetylsalicylic acid (Aspirin)	
2918.22.50	Salts and esters of O-acetylsalicylic acid	
2918.23.30	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2918.23.50	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, nesoi	
2918.29.20	Gentisic acid; and hydroxycinnamic acid and its salts	
2918.29.65	Carboxylic acids with phenol function but without other oxygen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2918.29.75	Other carboxylic acids w/phenol function but w/o other oxygen function and their derivatives (excluding goods of additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	
2918.30.25	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	
2918.30.30	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function, but without other oxygen function, and derivatives, nesoi	
2918.30.90	Non-aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	
2918.99.30	Aromatic drugs derived from carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2918.99.43	Aromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	
2918.99.47	Other aromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives (excluding goods in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	
2918.99.50	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	
2919.90.30	Aromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives, not used as plasticizers	
2919.90.50	Nonaromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives	
2920.90.51	Nonaromatic esters of inorganic acids of nonmetals and their salts and derivatives, excluding esters of hydrogen halides, nesoi	
2921.19.11	Mono- and triethylamines; mono-, di-, and tri(propyl- and butyl-) monoamines; salts of any of the foregoing	
2921.19.61	N,N-Dialkyl (methyl, ethyl, N-Propyl or Isopropyl)-2-Chloroethylamines and their protonated salts; Acyclic monoamines and their derivatives, nesoi	
2921.29.00	Acyclic polyamines, their derivatives and salts, other than ethylenediamine or hexamethylenediamine and their salts	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2921.30.10	Cyclanic, cyclenic, cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines, derivatives and salts, from any aromatic compound described in additional U.S. note 3, section VI	
2921.30.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines, and their derivatives and salts, from any nonaromatic compounds	
2921.42.90	Other aniline derivatives and their salts	
2921.46.00	Amfetamine (INN), benzphetamine (INN), dexamphetamine (INN), etilamphetamine (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2921.49.38	Aromatic monoamine antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents, nesoi	
2921.49.43	Aromatic monoamine drugs, nesoi	
2921.49.45	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives nesoi; salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2921.49.50	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	
2921.59.80	Aromatic polyamines and their derivatives; salts thereof nesoi	
2922.11.00	Monoethanolamine and its salts	
2922.14.00	Dextropropoxyphene (INN) and its salts	
2922.19.09	Aromatic amino-alcohols drugs, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function; salts thereof; nesoi	
2922.19.20	4,4'-Bis(dimethylamino)benzhydrol (Michler's hydrol) and other specified aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters; salts thereof	
2922.19.33	N1-(2-Hydroxyethyl-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; N1,N4,N4-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; and other specified chemicals	
2922.19.60	Aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxygen function described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2922.19.70	Other aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those contain more than one oxy func (excluding goods of additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	
2922.19.90	Salts of triethanolamine	
2922.19.96	Amino-alcohols, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, their ethers and esters and salts thereof, nesoi	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2922.29.27	Drugs of amino-naphthols and -phenols, their ethers and esters, except those containing more than one oxygen function; salts thereof, nesoi	
2922.29.61	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols and their derivatives of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2922.29.81	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols; their ethers, esters and salts (not containing more than one oxygen function) thereof nesoi	
2922.31.00	Amfepramone (INN), methadone (INN) and normethadone (INN); salts thereof	
2922.39.25	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function; salts; described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2922.39.45	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function; salts thereof; nesoi	
2922.39.50	Nonaromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one kind of oxygen function, salts thereof; nesoi	
2922.41.00	Lysine and its esters and salts thereof	
2922.42.50	Glutamic acid and its salts, other than monosodium glutamate	
2922.44.00	Tildine (INN) and its salts	
2922.49.10	m-Aminobenzoic acid, technical; and other specified aromatic amino-acids and their esters, except those with more than one oxygen function	
2922.49.26	Aromatic amino-acids drugs and their esters, not containing more than one kind of oxygen function, nesoi	
2922.49.30	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, excluding those with more than one oxygen function; salts; described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2922.49.37	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, not containing more than 1 kind of oxygen function (excluding goods in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI), nesoi	
2922.49.49	Nonaromatic amino-acids, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, other than glycine	
2922.49.80	Non-aromatic esters of amino-acids, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function; salts thereof	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2922.50.07	3,4-Diaminophenetole dihydrogen sulfate; 2-nitro-5-[(2,3-dihydroxy)propoxy]-N-methylaniline; and other specified aromatic chemicals	
2922.50.10	Specified aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.11	Salts of d(underscored)-(-)-p-Hydroxyphenylglycine	
2922.50.13	Isoetharine hydrochloride and other specified aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.14	Other aromatic cardiovascular drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.17	Aromatic dermatological agents and local anesthetics of amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2922.50.25	Aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	
2922.50.35	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2922.50.40	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	
2922.50.50	Nonaromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	
2923.10.00	Choline and its salts	
2923.20.20	Lecithins and other phosphoaminolipids, nesoi	
2923.90.01	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides, whether or not chemically defined, nesoi	
2924.11.00	Meprobamate (INN)	
2924.19.11	Acyclic amides (including acyclic carbamates)	
2924.19.80	Acyclic amide derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2924.21.16	Aromatic ureines and their derivatives pesticides, nesoi	
2924.21.50	Nonaromatic ureines and their derivatives; and salts thereof	
2924.29.01	p-Acetanisidine; p-Acetoacetotoluidide; 4'-Amino-N-methylacetanilide; 2,5-Dimethoxyacetanilide; and N-(7-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl) acetamide	Addition
2924.29.03	3,5-Dinitro-o-toluamide	Addition
2924.29.10	Acetanilide; N-acetylsulfanilyl chloride; aspartame; and 2-methoxy-5-acetamino-N,N-bis(2-acetoxyethyl)aniline	
2924.29.23	4-Amino acetanilide; 2,2'-Oxamido bis [ethyl-3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; Aceto	Addition

HTSUS	Description	Notes
	acetsulfanilic acid, potassium salt; and N-(2,3-Dihydroxy propyl)-5-N-(2,3-dihydroxy-propyl) acetamido-N'-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,4,6-triiodoisophthalamide	
2924.29.26	3-Amineomethoxybenzanilide	Addition
2924.29.28	N-[(4-Chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-difluorobenzamide; and 3,5-Dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)- benzamide (Pronamide)	Addition
2924.29.33	Naphthol AS and derivatives: 3-Hydroxy-2-naphthanilide; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-toluidide; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-anisidine; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-phenetidide; 3-Hydroxy-2-naphtho-4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyanilide; 3-Hydroxy-3'-nitro-2-naphthanilide; and N,N'-Bis(acetoacetyl-o-toluidine)	Addition
2924.29.57	Diethylaminoacetoxylide (Lidocaine)	Addition
2924.29.62	Other aromatic cyclic amides and derivatives for use as drugs	
2924.29.71	Aromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	
2924.29.77	Aromatic cyclic amides (incl cyclic carbamates) and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	
2924.29.80	2,2-Dimethylcyclopropylcarboxamide	Addition
2924.29.95	Other nonaromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2925.12.00	Glutethimide (INN)	
2925.19.42	Other aromatic imides and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2925.19.91	Other non-aromatic imides and their derivatives	
2925.21.00	Chlordimeform (ISO)	
2925.29.20	Aromatic drugs of imines and their derivatives, nesoi	
2925.29.60	Aromatic imines and their derivatives; salts thereof (excluding drugs); nesoi	
2925.29.90	Non-aromatic imines and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2926.30.10	Fenproporex (INN) and its salts	
2926.40.00	alpha-Phenylacetoacetonitrile	
2926.90.14	p-Chlorobenzonitrile and verapamil hydrochloride	
2926.90.43	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2926.90.48	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds other than those products in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	
2926.90.50	Nonaromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi	Addition

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2927.00.40	Diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2927.00.50	Other diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi	
2928.00.25	Aromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine	
2928.00.30	Nonaromatic drugs of organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, other than Methyl ethyl ketoxime	
2928.00.50	Nonaromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, nesoi	
2929.90.20	Aromatic compounds with other nitrogen function, nesoi	
2929.90.50	Nonaromatic compounds with other nitrogen functions, except isocyanates	
2930.20.20	Aromatic compounds of thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates, excluding pesticides	
2930.20.90	Other non-aromatic thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates	
2930.30.60	Thiuram mono-, di- or tetrasulfides, other than tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	
2930.90.29	Other aromatic organo-sulfur compounds (excluding pesticides)	
2930.90.49	Nonaromatic organo-sulfur acids, nesoi	
2930.90.92	Other non-aromatic organo-sulfur compounds	
2931.49.00	Other non-halogenated organo-phosphorous derivatives	
2931.53.00	O-(3-chloropropyl) O-[4-nitro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methylphosphonothionate	
2931.90.22	Drugs of aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	
2931.90.90	Other non-aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	
2932.14.00	Sucralose	
2932.19.51	Nonaromatic compounds containing an unfused furan ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the ring	
2932.20.20	Aromatic drugs of lactones	
2932.20.30	Aromatic lactones, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2932.20.50	Nonaromatic lactones	
2932.99.61	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	
2932.99.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2932.99.90	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2933.11.00	Phenazone (Antipyrine) and its derivatives	
2933.19.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyrazole ring	
2933.19.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyrazole ring	
2933.19.90	Other compound (excluding aromatic, modified aromatic and drugs) containing unfused pyrazole ring (whether or n/hydrogenated) in the structure	
2933.21.00	Hydantoin and its derivatives	
2933.29.05	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods: 1-[1-((4-Chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)- imino)-2-propoxyethyl]-1H-imidazole (Triflumizole); and Ethylene thiourea	Addition
2933.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused imidazole ring	
2933.29.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in structure	
2933.29.43	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods containing unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	
2933.29.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring, nesoi	
2933.29.60	Imidazole	Addition
2933.29.90	Other compounds (excluding drugs, aromatic and modified aromatic compounds) containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated)	
2933.33.01	Alfentanil (INN), anileridine (INN), bezitramide (INN), bromazepam (INN), difenoxin (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2933.34.00	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	
2933.35.00	3-Quinuclidinol	
2933.37.00	N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)	
2933.39.08	1-(3-Sulfo propyl) pyridinium hydroxide; N,N-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-1,6-hexanediamine; and 5 other specified chemicals	
2933.39.10	Collidines, lutidines and picolines	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2933.39.20	p-Chloro-2-benzylpyridine and other specified heterocyclic compounds, w nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.21	Fungicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.23	o-Paraquat dichloride	
2933.39.25	Herbicides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.27	Pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	
2933.39.31	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	
2933.39.41	Drugs containing an unfused pyridine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure, nesoi	
2933.39.61	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2933.39.92	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	
2933.41.00	Levorphenol (INN) and its salts	
2933.49.08	4,7-Dichloroquinoline	
2933.49.10	Ethoxyquin (1,2-Dihydro-6-ethoxy-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline)	
2933.49.15	8-Methylquinoline and Isoquinoline	
2933.49.17	Ethyl ethyl-6,7,8-trifluoro-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-3-quinoline carboxylate	
2933.49.20	5-Chloro-7-ido-8-quinolinol (Iodochlorhydroxyquin); Decoquinate; Diiodohydroxyquin; and Oxyquinoline sulfate	
2933.49.26	Drugs containing a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated) not further fused, nesoi	
2933.49.30	Pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system, not further fused	
2933.49.60	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI containing quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2933.49.70	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a quinoline ring-system, not further fused, nesoi	
2933.52.10	Malonylurea (barbituric acid)	
2933.52.90	Salts of barbituric acid	
2933.53.00	Allobarbital (INN), amobarbital (INN), barbital (INN), butalbital (INN), butobarbital, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2933.54.00	Other derivatives of malonylurea (barbituric acid); salts thereof	
2933.59.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.15	Aromatic or mod. aromatic pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.18	Nonaromatic pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	
2933.59.21	Antihistamines, including those principally used as antinauseants	
2933.59.22	Nicarbazin and trimethoprim	
2933.59.36	Anti-infective agents nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing pyrimidine, piperazine ring	
2933.59.46	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	
2933.59.53	Other aromatic or modified aromatic drugs containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	
2933.59.59	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing pyrimidine or piperazine ring, in additional U.S. note 3, section VI	
2933.59.80	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing pyrimidine or piperazine ring	
2933.59.85	2-Amino-4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidine; 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine; and 6-methyluracil	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2933.59.95	Other (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) compounds containing pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	
2933.69.60	Other compounds containing an unfused triazine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	
2933.72.00	Clobazam (INN) and methyprylon (INN)	
2933.79.08	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2933.79.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams, nesoi	
2933.79.85	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, nesoi	
2933.91.00	Alprazolam (INN), camazepam (INN), chlordiazepoxide (INN), clonazepam (INN), clorazepate, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2933.99.01	Butyl (R)-2-[4-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyloxy)phenoxy]propanoate	
2933.99.02	2-[4-[(6-Chloro-2-quinoxalinyloxy]phenoxy]propionic acid, ethyl ester; and 1 other specified aromatic chemical	
2933.99.05	Acridine and indole	
2933.99.06	alpha-Butyl-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile (Mycolbutanil); and one other specified aromatic chemical	
2933.99.08	Acetoacetyl-5-aminobenzimidazolone; 1,3,3-Trimethyl-2-methyleneindoline; and two other specified aromatic chemicals	
2933.99.11	Carbazole	
2933.99.12	6-Bromo-5-methyl-1H-imidazo-(4,5-b)pyridine; 2-sec-butyl-4-tert-butyl-6-(benzotriazol-2-yl)phenol; 2-methylindoline; and other specific	
2933.99.16	o-Diquat dibromide (1,1-Ethylene-2,2-dipyridylium dibromide)	
2933.99.17	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.22	Other heterocyclic aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.24	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	
2933.99.26	Aromatic or modified aromatic antihistamines of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2933.99.42	Acriflavin; Acriflavin hydrochloride; Carbadox; Pyrazinamide	
2933.99.46	Aromatic or modified aromatic anti-infective agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.51	Hydralazine hydrochloride	
2933.99.53	Aromatic or modified aromatic cardiovascular drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.55	Aromatic or modified aromatic analgesics and certain like affecting chemicals, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	
2933.99.58	Droperidol; and Imipramine hydrochloride	
2933.99.61	Aromatic/modified aromatic psychotherapeutic agents, affecting the CNS, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.65	Aromatic or modified aromatic anticonvulsants, hypnotics and sedatives, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.70	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.75	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.79	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2933.99.82	Aromatic or mod. aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only other than products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	
2933.99.85	3-Amino-1,2,4-triazole	
2933.99.89	Hexamethyleneimine	
2933.99.90	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2933.99.97	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	
2934.10.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds containing an unfused thiazole ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2934.10.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds, nesoi, containing an unfused thiazole ring	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2934.10.90	Other compounds (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) containing an unfused thiazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	
2934.20.40	Heterocyclic compounds containing a benzothiazole ring-system, not further fused, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2934.20.80	Other compounds containing a benzothiazole ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	
2934.30.23	Antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents containing a phenothiazine ring-system, not further fused	
2934.30.27	Other drugs containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	
2934.30.43	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	
2934.30.50	Heterocyclic compounds containing a phenothiazine ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	
2934.91.00	Aminorex (INN), brotizolam (INN), clotiazepam (INN), cloxazolam (INN), dextromoramide (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2934.92.00	Other fentanyls and their derivatives, containing an unfused thiazole ring	
2934.99.01	Mycophenolate mofetil	
2934.99.03	2-Acetylbenzo(b)thiophene; and 2 other specified aromatic or modified aromatic compounds	
2934.99.05	5-Amino-3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazole(3-Phenyl-5-amino-1,2,4-thiadiazole); and 3 other specified aromatic/modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds	
2934.99.06	7-Nitronaphth[1,2]oxadiazole-5-sulfonic acid and its salts	
2934.99.07	Ethyl 2-[4-[(6-chloro-2-benzoxazoyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate (Fenoxaprop-ethyl)	
2934.99.08	2,5-Diphenyloxazole	
2934.99.09	1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one	
2934.99.11	2-tert-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-5-isopropoxyphenyl)-delta(squared)-1,3,4-oxadiazolin-5-one; Bentazon; Phosalone	
2934.99.12	Aromatic or modified aromatic fungicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2934.99.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.16	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.18	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.30	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.39	Aromatic or modified aromatic other heterocyclic compounds described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	
2934.99.44	Aromatic or modified aromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.47	Nonaromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2934.99.70	Morpholinethyl chloride hydrochloride; 2-methyl-2,5-dioxo-1-oxa-2-phospholan; and 1 other specified nonaromatic chemical	
2934.99.90	Nonaromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	
2935.50.00	Other perfluorooctane sulfonamides	
2935.90.06	4-Amino-6-chloro-m-benzenedisulfonamide and Methyl-4-aminobenzenesulfonylcarbamate (Asulam)	
2935.90.10	2-Amino-N-Ethylbenzenesulfonanilide etc	
2935.90.13	(5-[2-Chloro-4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-(Methylsulfonyl)-2-Nitrobenzamide)(fomesafen); etc	
2935.90.15	ortho-Toluenesulfonamide	
2935.90.20	Sulfonamides used as fast color bases and fast color salts	
2935.90.30	Sulfamethazine	
2935.90.32	Acetylsulfisoxazole; Sulfacetamide, sodium; and Sulfamethazine, sodium	
2935.90.33	Sulfathiazole and Sulfathiazole, sodium	
2935.90.42	Salicylazosulfapyridine (Sulfasalazine); Sulfadiazine; Sulfaguanidine; Sulfamerizine; and Sulfapyridine	
2935.90.48	Other sulfonamides used as anti-infective agents	
2935.90.60	Other sulfonamide drugs (excluding anti-infective agents)	
2935.90.75	Other sulfonamides (excluding drugs, etc) of products described in U.S. note 3 to section VI	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2935.90.95	Other sulfonamides, excluding drugs, excluding products described in U.S. note 4 to section VI	
2936.21.00	Vitamins A and their derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.22.00	Vitamin B1 (Thiamine) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.23.00	Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.24.01	Vitamin B5 (D- or DL-Pantothenic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.25.00	Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine and related compounds with Vitamin B6 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.26.00	Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin and related compounds with Vitamin B12 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.27.00	Vitamin C (Ascorbic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.28.00	Vitamin E (Tocopherols and related compounds with Vitamin E activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	
2936.29.10	Folic acid and its derivatives, unmixed	
2936.29.16	Niacin and niacinamide	
2936.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	
2936.29.50	Other vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	
2936.90.01	Vitamins or provitamins (including natural concentrates) and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent	
2937.11.00	Somatotropin, its derivatives and structural analogues	
2937.12.00	Insulin and its salts	
2937.19.00	Polypeptide hormones, protein hormones and glycoprotein hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	
2937.21.00	Cortisone, hydrocortisone, prednisone (Dehydrocortisone) and prednisolone (Dehydrohydrocortisone)	
2937.22.00	Halogenated derivatives of corticosteroidal hormones	
2937.23.10	Estrogens and progestins obtained directly or indirectly from animal or vegetable materials	
2937.23.25	Estradiol benzoate; and Estradiol cyclopentylpropionate (estradiol cypionate)	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
2937.23.50	Other estrogens and progestins not derived from animal or vegetable materials, nesoi	
2937.29.10	Desonide; and Nandrolone phenpropionate	
2937.29.90	Steroidal hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	
2937.50.00	Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, their derivatives and structural analogues	
2937.90.05	Epinephrine	
2937.90.10	Epinephrine hydrochloride	
2937.90.20	Catecholamine hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	
2937.90.40	I-Thyroxine(Levothyroxine), sodium	
2937.90.45	Amino-acid derivatives of hormones and their derivatives, nesoi	
2937.90.90	Other hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, other steroid derivatives and structural analogue used primarily as hormones, nesoi	
2938.10.00	Rutoside (Rutin) and its derivatives	
2938.90.00	Glycosides, natural or synthesized, and their salts, ethers, esters, and other derivatives other than rutoside and its derivatives	
2939.11.00	Concentrates of poppy straw; buprenorphine (INN), codeine, dihydrocodeine (INN), ethylmorphine, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	
2939.19.10	Papaverine and its salts	
2939.19.20	Synthetic alkaloids of opium and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2939.19.50	Nonsynthetic alkaloids of opium and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2939.20.00	Alkaloids of cinchona, and their derivatives; salts thereof, other than quinine and its salts	
2939.30.00	Caffeine and its salts	
2939.41.00	Ephedrine and its salts	
2939.42.00	Pseudoephedrine and its salts	
2939.44.00	Norephedrine and its salts	
2939.45.00	Levometamfetamine, metamfetamine (INN), metamfetamine racemate and their salts	
2939.49.03	Alkaloids of ephedra and their salts, other than ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, cathine, norephedrine, levometamfetamine and their salts	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
2939.59.00	Theophylline aminophylline (Theophylline-ethylenediamine) and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi	
2939.62.00	Ergotamine and its salts	
2939.63.00	Lysergic acid and its salts	
2939.69.00	Alkaloids of rye ergot and their derivatives, nesoi; salts thereof	
2939.72.00	Cocaine, ecgonine; salts, esters and other derivatives thereof	
2939.79.00	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, their salts and other derivatives, nesoi	
2939.80.00	Other alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives, nesoi	
2940.00.60	Other sugars, nesoi excluding d-arabinose	
2941.10.10	Ampicillin and its salts	
2941.10.20	Penicillin G salts	
2941.10.30	Carfecillin, sodium; cloxacillin, sodium; dicloxacillin, sodium; flucloxacillin (Floxacillin); and oxacillin, sodium	
2941.10.50	Penicillins and their derivatives nesoi, with a penicillanic acid structure; salts thereof	
2941.20.10	Dihydrostreptomycins and its derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.20.50	Streptomycins and their derivatives; salts thereof, nesoi	
2941.30.00	Tetracyclines and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.40.00	Chloramphenicol and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.50.00	Erythromycin and their derivatives; salts thereof	
2941.90.10	Natural antibiotics, nesoi	
2941.90.30	Antibiotics, nesoi, aromatic or modified aromatic, other than natural	
2941.90.50	Antibiotics nesoi, other than aromatic or modified aromatic antibiotics	
2942.00.05	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other organic compounds, nesoi	
2942.00.35	Other aromatic or modified aromatic organic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	
2942.00.50	Nonaromatic organic compounds, nesoi	
3001.20.00	Extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions for organotherapeutic uses	
3001.90.01	Glands and other organs for organotherapeutic uses, dried, whether or not powdered	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3002.12.00	Antisera and other blood fractions including human blood and fetal bovine serum	
3002.13.00	Immunological products, unmixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	
3002.14.00	Immunological products, mixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	
3002.15.00	Immunological products, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	
3002.41.00	Vaccines for human medicine	
3002.42.00	Vaccines for veterinary medicine	
3002.49.00	Toxins or cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts)	
3002.51.00	Cell therapy products	
3002.59.00	Other cell cultures, other than cell therapy products	
3002.90.10	Ferments, excluding yeasts	
3002.90.52	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic, diagnostic uses; antisera; antiallergenic preparations nesoi and like products	
3003.10.00	Medicaments, containing penicillins or streptomycins, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, not dosage form and not packaged for retail	
3003.39.10	Medicaments containing artificial mixtures of natural hormones, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.39.50	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937, nesoi, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3003.90.01	Other medicaments excl goods of heading 3002, 3005, 3006 consist of two or more constituents mixed together, not dosage form and not packed for retail	
3004.10.10	Medicaments containing penicillin G salts, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3004.10.50	Medicaments containing penicillins or streptomycins, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
3004.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.31.00	Medicaments containing insulin, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.32.00	Medicaments, containing adrenal cortical hormones, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.39.00	Medicaments, containing products of heading 2937 nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3004.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3004.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3004.50.10	Medicaments containing vitamin B2 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.20	Medicaments containing vitamin B12 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.30	Medicaments containing vitamin E synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.40	Medicaments containing vitamins nesoi, synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.50.50	Medicaments containing vitamins or other products of heading 2936, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.60.00	Other medicaments containing antimalarial active principles described in subheading note 2 to this chapter, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3004.90.10	Medicaments containing antigens or hyaluronic acid or its sodium salt, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	
3004.90.92	Medicaments nesoi, in dosage form and packed for retail	
3006.30.10	Opacifying preparation for X-ray examination; diagnostic reagent designed to be administered to the patient; all containing antigens or antisera	
3006.30.50	Opacifying preparations for X-ray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient, nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3006.60.00	Chemical contraceptive preparations based on hormones or spermicides	
3006.70.00	Gel preparations designed to be used in human/veterinary medicine as a lubricant in surgical operation, physical exam or coupling agent between body and medical instrument	
3006.93.10	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, packaged with medicinal preparations	
3006.93.20	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing over 10% by dry weight of sugar	
3006.93.50	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing ingredients having nutritional value	
3006.93.60	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, in liquid form for oral intake	
3006.93.80	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing other chemicals other than medicaments	
3104.20.00	Potassium chloride	
3104.30.00	Potassium sulfate	
3104.90.01	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic, nesoi	
3105.10.00	Fertilizers of chapter 31 in tablets or similar forms	
3105.20.00	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containing 3 fertilizing elements	
3105.60.00	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containing 2 fertilizing elements	
3203.00.80	Coloring matter of vegetable or animal origin, nesoi	
3204.13.80	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon, nesoi	
3204.17.20	Copper phthalocyanine ([Phthalocyanato(2-)]copper) not ready for use as a pigment	
3204.18.00	Carotenoid coloring matters and preparations based thereon	
3206.11.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide containing 80% or more by weight off titanium dioxide calculated on the dry weight	
3206.19.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide, nesoi	
3402.42.10	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, aromatic or modified aromatic	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3402.42.20	Fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin; non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than aromatic or modified aromatic	
3402.42.90	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin, other than aromatic / modified aromatic	
3606.90.30	Ferrocerium and other pyrophoric alloys in all forms	
3808.94.10	Disinfectants, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic disinfectant	
3808.94.50	Disinfectants not subject to subheading note 1 of chapter 38, nesoi	
3818.00.00	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers etc., chemical compounds doped for electronic use	
3824.91.00	Mixtures consisting mainly of methylphosphonate etc.	
3824.99.29	Mixtures containing 5% or more by weight of one or more aromatic or modified aromatic substance, nesoi	
3824.99.49	Mixtures that are in whole or in part of hydrocarbons derived in whole or in part from petroleum, shale oil or natural gas	
3824.99.55	Mixtures of halogenated hydrocarbons, nesoi	
3901.90.90	Polymers of ethylene, nesoi, in primary forms, other than elastomeric	
3902.90.00	Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, nesoi, in primary forms	
3904.61.00	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), in primary forms	
3905.91.10	Copolymers of vinyl esters or other vinyls, in primary forms, containing by weight 50% or more of derivatives of vinyl acetate	
3905.99.80	Polymers of vinyl esters or other vinyl polymers, in primary forms, nesoi	
3906.90.50	Acrylic polymers (except plastics or elastomers), in primary forms, nesoi	
3907.10.00	Polyacetals in primary forms	
3907.21.00	Bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate	
3907.70.00	Poly(lactic acid)	
3908.10.00	Polyamide-6, -11, -12, -6,6, -6,9, -6,10 or -6,12 in primary form	
3911.90.25	Thermoplastic polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, containing aromatic monomer units or derived therefrom	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
3911.90.91	Polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, nesoi	
3912.31.00	Carboxymethylcellulose and its salts	
3912.39.00	Cellulose ethers, other than carboxymethylcellulose and its salts, in primary forms	
3912.90.00	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives nesoi, in primary forms	
3913.90.20	Polysaccharides and their derivatives, nesoi, in primary forms	
3913.90.50	Natural polymers and modified natural polymers, nesoi, in primary forms	
3914.00.60	Ion-exchangers based on polymers of headings 3901 to 3913, in primary forms, nesoi	
4001.10.00	Natural rubber latex, whether or not prevulcanized	
4001.21.00	Natural rubber smoked sheets	
4001.22.00	Technically specified natural rubber (TSNR), in primary forms	
4001.29.00	Natural rubber in primary forms other than latex, smoked sheets or technically specified natural rubber (TSNR)	
4001.30.00	Balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle and similar natural rubber gums, in primary forms	
4401.11.00	Coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or similar forms	
4401.12.00	Nonconiferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or similar forms	
4401.21.00	Coniferous wood in chips or particles	
4401.22.00	Nonconiferous wood in chips or particles	
4401.31.00	Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, pellets	
4401.32.00	Wood briquettes	
4401.39.42	Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, agglomerated, excluding wood pellets, wood briquettes and artificial fire logs	
4401.41.00	Sawdust, not agglomerated	
4401.49.00	Other wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated, other than sawdust	
4402.10.00	Wood charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated, of bamboo	
4402.20.00	Wood charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated, of shell or nut	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4402.90.01	Wood charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated, other than of bamboo or shell or nut	
4403.11.00	Coniferous wood in the rough whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, treated with preservatives	
4403.12.00	Nonconiferous wood in the rough whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, treated with preservatives	
4403.21.01	Pine wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.22.01	Pine wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.23.01	Fir and spruce wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.24.01	Fir and spruce wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.25.01	Other coniferous wood, except pine, fir and spruce, in the rough or roughly squared, greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.26.01	Other coniferous wood, except pine, fir and spruce, in the rough or roughly squared, less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.42.00	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of teak, not treated with preservatives	
4403.49.02	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of tropical wood other than Teak or Meranti, not treated with preservatives	
4403.91.00	Oak wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with preservatives	
4403.93.01	Beech wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.94.01	Beech wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4403.95.01	Birch wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.96.01	Birch wood in the rough or roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives	
4403.97.00	Poplar and aspen wood in the rough or roughly squared, not treated with preservatives	
4403.98.00	Eucalyptus wood in the rough or roughly squared, not treated with preservatives	
4403.99.01	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, not treated with preservatives, nesoi	
4404.10.00	Coniferous wood, roughly shaped into poles, pickets, stakes, sticks and other forms, to be finished into specific articles or products	
4404.20.00	Nonconiferous wood, roughly shaped into poles, pickets, stakes, sticks and other forms, to be finished into specific articles or products	
4405.00.00	Wood wool (excelsior); wood flour	
4406.11.00	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of coniferous wood, not impregnated	
4406.12.00	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of nonconiferous wood, not impregnated	
4406.91.00	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of coniferous wood, impregnated	
4406.92.00	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of nonconiferous wood, impregnated	
4407.11.00	Pine wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.12.00	Fir and spruce wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.13.00	Mixtures of spruce, pine and fir (S-P-F) wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.14.00	Mixtures of hemlock and fir (hem-fir) wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.19.00	Other coniferous wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.21.00	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and other specified tropical woods, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.22.00	Okoume, Obeche, Sapelli and other specified tropical woods, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
4407.23.01	Teak, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.25.00	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.26.00	White Lauan, White Meranti, White Seraya, Yellow Meranta and Alan wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.27.00	Sapelli wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.28.00	Iroko wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.29.02	Tropical wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.91.00	Oak wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.92.00	Beech wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.93.00	Maple wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.94.00	Cherry wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.95.00	Ash wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.96.00	Birch wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.97.00	Poplar and aspen wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.99.02	Nonconiferous wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4408.10.01	Coniferous veneer sheets and sheets for plywood and coniferous wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, not over 6 mm thick	
4408.31.01	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau veneer sheets and sheets for plywood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, not over 6 mm thick	
4408.39.02	Other tropical wood veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, and wood sawn/sliced/peeled, not over 6 mm thick	
4408.90.01	Nontropical nonconiferous veneer sheets and sheets for plywood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, not over 6 mm thick	

HTSUS	Description	Notes
4409.10.05	Coniferous wood continuously shaped along any of its ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces	
4409.10.10	Coniferous wood siding continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends	
4409.10.20	Coniferous wood flooring continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends	
4409.10.40	Standard wood moldings of pine ( <i>Pinus spp.</i> ) continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends	
4409.10.45	Standard coniferous wood moldings, other than of pine, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends	
4409.10.50	Coniferous wood moldings, other than standard type, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends	
4409.10.60	Coniferous wood dowel rods, plain, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends	
4409.10.65	Coniferous wood dowel rod, sanded/grooved/otherwise advanced in condition, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.10.90	Coniferous wood, other than siding, flooring, moldings or dowel rod, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends	
4409.21.05	Nonconiferous wood (bamboo) continuously shaped along any of its ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces	
4409.21.90	Bamboo, other than continuously shaped along any of its ends	
4409.22.05	Nonconiferous tropical wood continuously shaped along any ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any edges or faces	
4409.22.10	Nonconiferous tropical wood siding, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.25	Nonconiferous tropical wood flooring, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.40	Nonconiferous tropical wood standard moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4409.22.50	Other nonconiferous tropical wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.60	Plain nonconiferous tropical wood dowel rods, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.65	Nonconiferous tropical wood dowel rods, sanded/grooved/otherwise advanced in condition, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not ends	
4409.22.90	Other nonconiferous tropical wood, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.29.06	Other nonconiferous wood, continuously shaped along any ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any edges or faces	
4409.29.11	Other nonconiferous wood siding, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.29.26	Other nonconiferous wood flooring, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.29.41	Other nonconiferous standard wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.29.51	Other nonconiferous wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.29.61	Plain other nonconiferous wood dowel rods, whether or not continuously shaped along edges or faces but not ends	
4409.29.66	Other nonconiferous wood dowel rods, sanded/grooved/otherwise advanced in condition, whether or not continuously shaped along edges or faces but not ends	
4409.29.91	Other nonconiferous wood, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4410.11.00	Waferboard, including oriented strand board, of wood	
4410.12.00	Oriented strand board and waferboard, of wood, unworked or not further worked than sanded	
4410.19.00	Particle board and similar board of wood, other than waferboard	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4410.90.00	Particle board and similar board of ligneous materials other than wood	
4411.12.10	MDF, not exceeding 5mm thick, not mechanically worked or surface covered	
4411.12.20	MDF, not exceeding 5mm thick, for construction, laminated	
4411.12.30	MDF, not exceeding 5mm thick, for construction, not laminated, nesoi	
4411.12.60	MDF, not surface covered (except for oil treatment)	
4411.12.90	MDF, not exceeding 5mm thick, not for construction, nesoi	
4411.13.10	MDF, exceeding 5mm but not exceeding 9 mm thick, not mechanically worked or surface covered	
4411.13.20	MDF, exceeding 5mm but not exceeding 9 mm thick, for construction, laminated	
4411.13.30	MDF, exceeding 5mm but not exceeding 9 mm thick, for construction, not laminated, nesoi	
4411.13.60	MDF, not surface covered (except for oil treatment)	
4411.13.90	MDF, exceeding 5mm but not exceeding 9 mm thick, not for construction, nesoi	
4411.14.10	MDF, exceeding 9 mm thick, not mechanically worked or surface covered	
4411.14.20	MDF, exceeding 9 mm thick, edgeworked continuously, laminated, for construction uses	
4411.14.30	MDF, exceeding 9 mm thick, tongued, grooved or rabbeted continuously, for construction uses, nesoi	
4411.14.60	MDF, exceeding 9 mm thick, not mechanically worked or surface covered (except for oil treatment)	
4411.14.90	MDF, nesoi, exceeding 9 mm thick	
4411.92.10	Fiberboard of a density exceeding 0.8 g/cm3, not mechanically worked or surface covered	
4411.92.20	Fiberboard, of a density exceeding 0.8 g/cm3, mechanically worked, not surface covered (except for oil treatment)	
4411.92.30	Fiberboard, of a density exceeding 0.8 g/cm3, mechanically edged-worked, for construction uses	
4411.92.40	Fiberboard nesoi, density exceeding 0.8 g/cm3	
4411.93.10	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density exceeding 0.5 but not exceeding 0.8 g/cm3, not mechanically worked or surface covered	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4411.93.20	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density exceeding 0.5 but not exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , edgeworked continuously, laminated, for construction uses	
4411.93.30	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density exceeding 0.5 but not exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , tongued, grooved or rabbetted continuously, for construction, nesoi	
4411.93.60	Fiberboard of a density exceeding 0.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup> but not exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked surface covered (except for oil)	
4411.93.90	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density exceeding 0.5 but not exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , nesoi	
4411.94.00	Fiberboard of a density exceeding 0.35 g/cm <sup>3</sup> but not exceeding 0.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked or surface covered	
4412.10.05	Plywood, veneered panels and similar laminated wood, of bamboo	
4412.10.90	Veneered panels and similar laminated wood, of bamboo, other than plywood	
4412.31.06	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, birch face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.26	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, Spanish cedar or walnut face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.42	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, with mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.45	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, exceeding 1.2 m width and 2.2 m length, tropical wood outer ply, not mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.48	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, not mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, nesoi	
4412.31.52	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, tropical wood nesoi outer ply, with face ply nesoi, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.61	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, with certain specified tropical wood outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.92	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, tropical wood nesoi at least one outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4412.33.06	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, birch face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.33.26	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, walnut face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.33.32	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, outer ply of specified nonconiferous wood excluding walnut and birch, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.33.57	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, outer ply of specified nonconiferous wood including birch and walnut, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.34.26	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, outer ply of nonconiferous wood not in 4412.33, Spanish cedar face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.34.32	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, outer ply of nonconiferous wood not in 4412.33, face ply nesoi, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.34.57	Plywood sheets not over 6mm thick, outer ply of nonconiferous wood not in 4412.33, face ply nesoi, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.39.10	Plywood of wood sheets, not over 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, face ply of Parana pine, not or clear surface covered	
4412.39.30	Plywood of wood sheets, not over 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, European red pine face ply, not or clear surface covered	
4412.39.40	Plywood of wood sheets, not over 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, with face ply nesoi, not or clear surface covered	
4412.39.50	Plywood of wood sheets, not over 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, nesoi, surface covered, nesoi	
4412.41.00	Laminated veneered lumber with outer ply of tropical wood	
4412.42.00	Laminated veneered lumber with outer ply of nonconiferous wood	
4412.49.00	Laminated veneered lumber with both outer plies of coniferous wood	
4412.51.10	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.51.31	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of birch	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4412.51.41	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, surface covered other than clear or transparent	
4412.51.51	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, other than of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood	
4412.52.10	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of nonconiferous wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.52.31	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of coniferous wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of birch	
4412.52.41	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of nonconiferous wood, surface covered other than clear or transparent	
4412.52.51	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, other than of plywood nesoi, outer ply of nonconiferous wood	
4412.59.80	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of coniferous wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of Europe red pine or Parana pine	
4412.59.90	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, of plywood nesoi, outer ply of coniferous wood, surface covered other than clear or transparent	
4412.59.95	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard, other than of plywood nesoi, outer ply of coniferous wood	
4412.91.06	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, outer ply of tropical wood, containing particle board	
4412.91.10	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.91.31	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond transparent, not with face ply of birch	
4412.91.41	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, surface covered other than clear or transparent	
4412.91.51	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, veneered panels and similar laminated wood with outer ply of tropical wood, nesoi	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4412.92.07	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, outer ply of nonconiferous wood, containing particle board	
4412.92.11	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of nonconiferous wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.92.31	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of nonconiferous wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of birch	
4412.92.42	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of nonconiferous wood, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.92.52	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, veneered panels and similar laminated wood, not plywood, outer ply of nonconiferous wood, nesoi	
4412.99.58	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, outer plies of coniferous wood, containing particle board	
4412.99.61	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer plies of coniferous wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, face ply of Parana pine	
4412.99.71	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer plies of coniferous wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, face ply of European red pine	
4412.99.81	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer plies of coniferous wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, face ply nesoi	
4412.99.91	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer plies of coniferous wood, no particle board, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.99.97	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, veneered panels and similar laminated wood with outer plies of coniferous wood, nesoi	
4413.00.00	Densified wood, in blocks, plates, strips or profile shapes	
4703.11.00	Unbleached coniferous chemical woodpulp	Addition
4703.21.00	Semibleached or bleached coniferous chemical woodpulp	Addition
4703.29.00	Semibleached or bleached nonconiferous chemical woodpulp	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
4820.20.00	Exercise books of paper or paperboard	
4901.10.00	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter in single sheets, whether or not folded	
4901.91.00	Printed dictionaries and encyclopedias and serial installments thereof	
4901.99.00	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter, other than in single sheets	
4902.10.00	Newspapers, journals and periodicals, appearing at least four times a week	
4902.90.10	Newspaper supplements printed by a gravure process	
4902.90.20	Newspaper, journals and periodicals, except those appearing at least four times a week	
4903.00.00	Children's picture, drawing or coloring books	
4904.00.00	Music, printed or in manuscript, whether or not bound or illustrated	
4905.20.00	Maps and hydrographic or similar charts of all kinds, including atlases and topographical plans, printed in book form	
4905.90.20	Globes, printed	
4905.90.60	Other printed maps and hydrographic or similar charts, not globes and not in book form, nesoi	
4906.00.00	Hand-drawn original plans and drawings; hand-written texts; photo reproductions on sensitized paper and carbon copies of the foregoing	
4911.10.00	Printed trade advertising material, commercial catalogs and the like	
4911.99.60	Printed matter, nesoi, printed on paper in whole or in part by a lithographic process	
4911.99.80	Printed matter, nesoi	
7106.91.10	Silver bullion and dore	
7108.11.00	Gold, nonmonetary, powder	Addition
7108.12.10	Gold, nonmonetary, bullion and dore	
7108.12.50	Gold, nonmonetary, other unwrought forms, other	Addition
7108.13.10	Gold, nonmonetary, other semimanufactured forms, gold leaf	Addition
7108.13.55	Gold, nonmonetary, other semimanufactured forms, rectangular or near rectangular shapes, containing 99.5% or more by weight of gold and not otherwise marked or decorated than with weight, purity, or other identifying information	Addition

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
7108.13.70	Gold, nonmonetary, other semimanufactured forms, other	Addition
7108.20.00	Gold, monetary	Addition
7110.11.00	Platinum, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.19.00	Platinum, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.21.00	Palladium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.29.00	Palladium, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.31.00	Rhodium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.39.00	Rhodium, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.41.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.49.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, in semimanufactured forms	
7112.92.01	Platinum waste and scrap, incl. metal clad with platinum, excluding sweepings containing other precious metals, other than goods of e-waste heading 8549	
7115.90.05	Articles of precious metal, in rectangular or near rectangular shapes, containing 99.5% or more by weight of a precious metal and not otherwise marked or decorated than with weight, purity, or other identifying information	Addition
7115.90.30	Articles of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal, other articles of gold, including metal clad with gold	Addition
7118.90.00	Coin, nesoi	
7202.11.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 2% but not more than 4% of carbon	
7202.11.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 4% of carbon	
7202.19.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight not more than 1% of carbon	
7202.19.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 1% but not more than 2% of carbon	
7202.30.00	Ferrosilicon manganese	
7202.41.00	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 4% of carbon	
7202.49.10	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 3% but not more than 4% of carbon	
7202.49.50	Ferrochromium containing by weight 3% or less of carbon	
7202.50.00	Ferrosilicon chromium	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
7202.60.00	Ferronickel	Addition
7202.80.00	Ferrotungsten and ferrosilicon tungsten	
7202.91.00	Ferrotitanium and ferrosilicon titanium	
7202.93.40	Ferroniobium containing by weight less than 0.02% of phosphorus or sulfur or less than 0.4% of silicon	
7202.93.80	Ferroniobium, nesoi	
7204.21.00	Stainless steel waste and scrap	
7401.00.00	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper)	
7402.00.00	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining	
7403.11.00	Refined copper cathodes and sections of cathodes	
7403.12.00	Refined copper, wire bars	
7403.13.00	Refined copper, billets	
7403.19.00	Refined copper, unwrought articles nesoi	
7403.21.00	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), unwrought nesoi	
7403.22.00	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), unwrought nesoi	
7403.29.01	Copper alloys (other than copper-zinc, copper-tin alloys), unwrought nesoi	
7404.00.30	Copper spent anodes; copper waste and scrap containing less than 94% by weight of copper	
7404.00.60	Copper, waste and scrap containing 94% or more by weight of copper	
7405.00.10	Copper master alloys, containing 5% or more but n/more than 15% by weight of phosphorus	
7405.00.60	Copper master alloys, not containing 5% or more but n/more than 15% by weight of phosphorus	
7501.10.00	Nickel mattes	Addition
7502.10.00	Nickel, not alloyed	Addition
7502.20.00	Nickel alloys	Addition
7503.00.00	Nickel waste and scrap	Addition
7504.00.00	Nickel powders and flakes	Addition
7508.90.50	Nickel, articles of nesoi	
7901.11.00	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, containing 99.99% or more by weight of zinc	
7901.12.10	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5% but less than 99.99% by weight of zinc	
7901.12.50	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, other than casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5% but less than 99.99% by weight of zinc	
7901.20.00	Zinc alloy, unwrought	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
7902.00.00	Zinc, waste and scrap	
7903.90.30	Zinc powder	Addition
7907.00.60	Zinc, articles (other than for household, table or kitchen use), nesoi	
8001.10.00	Tin (other than alloy), unwrought	
8001.20.00	Tin alloy, unwrought	
8002.00.00	Tin, waste and scrap	
8007.00.50	Tin, articles nesoi	
8101.10.00	Tungsten, powders	
8101.97.00	Tungsten waste and scrap	
8103.20.00	Tantalum, unwrought (including bars and rods obtained simply by sintering); tantalum powders	
8103.30.00	Tantalum waste and scrap	
8103.91.00	Tantalum, crucibles	
8103.99.00	Tantalum, articles other than crucibles, nesoi	
8104.11.00	Magnesium, unwrought, containing at least 99.8% by weight of magnesium	
8104.19.00	Magnesium, unwrought, nesoi	
8104.20.00	Magnesium, waste and scrap	
8104.30.00	Magnesium, raspings, turnings and granules graded according to size; magnesium powders	
8104.90.00	Magnesium, articles nesoi	
8105.20.30	Cobalt alloys, unwrought	
8105.20.60	Cobalt (other than alloys), unwrought	
8105.20.90	Cobalt, mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy; cobalt powders	
8105.30.00	Cobalt waste and scrap	
8105.90.00	Cobalt, articles thereof nesoi	
8106.10.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing more than 99.99% of bismuth by weight	
8106.90.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing 99.99% of bismuth by weight or less, nesoi	
8108.20.00	Titanium, unwrought; titanium powders	
8108.30.00	Titanium waste and scrap	
8108.90.30	Titanium, articles nesoi	
8108.90.60	Titanium, wrought nesoi	
8110.10.00	Antimony, unwrought; antimony powders	
8110.20.00	Antimony waste and scrap	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
8110.90.00	Articles of antimony, nesoi	
8111.00.47	Unwrought manganese flake containing at least 99.5% by weight manganese	
8111.00.49	Unwrought manganese, nesoi	
8112.21.00	Chromium, unwrought; chromium powders	
8112.22.00	Chromium waste and scrap	
8112.29.00	Articles of chromium, nesoi	
8112.41.10	Rhenium, waste and scrap	
8112.41.50	Rhenium, unwrought; rhenium powders	
8112.49.00	Rhenium, articles, nesoi	
8112.59.00	Articles of thallium, nesoi	
8112.92.10	Gallium, unwrought; gallium powders	
8112.92.30	Indium, unwrought; indium powders	
8112.92.40	Niobium (columbium), unwrought; niobium powders	
8112.92.60	Germanium, unwrought	
8112.92.65	Germanium powder, wrought	
8112.99.10	Germanium nesoi and articles thereof	
8112.99.91	Articles of gallium, indium, or niobium, nesoi	
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form and machines for processing such data, not elsewhere specified or included	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8473.30	Parts and accessories for automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form and machines for processing such data, not elsewhere specified or included	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8486	Machines and apparatus of a kind used solely or principally for the manufacture of semiconductor boules or wafers, semiconductor devices, electronic integrated circuits or flat panel displays; machines and apparatus specified in note 11(C) to this chapter; parts and accessories	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8505.11.00.70	Sintered neodymium-iron-boron magnets	Addition
8517.13.00	Smartphones for cellular networks or for other wireless of networks	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Notes</b>
8517.62.00	Machines for the reception, conversion and transmission or regeneration of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8523.51.00	Semiconductor media, solid state non-volatile storage devices	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8524	Flat panel display modules, whether or not incorporating touch-sensitive screens	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8528.52.00	Other monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025
8541.10.00	Diodes, other than photosensitive or light-emitting diodes	
8541.21.00	Transistors, other than photosensitive transistors, with a dissipation rating of less than 1 W	
8541.29.00	Transistors, other than photosensitive transistors, with a dissipation rating of 1 W or more	
8541.30.00	Thyristors, diacs and triacs, other than photosensitive devices	
8541.41.00	Light emitting diodes (LED)	Addition
8541.49.10	Other photosensitive semiconductor diodes, other than light-emitting	
8541.49.70	Other photosensitive semiconductor transistors	
8541.49.80	Optical coupled isolators	
8541.49.95	Other photosensitive semiconductor devices, other than diodes or transistors, nesoi	
8541.51.00	Other semiconductor-based transducers, other than photosensitive transducers	
8541.59.00	Other semiconductor devices, other than semiconductor-based transducers, other than photosensitive devices, nesoi	
8541.90.00	Parts of diodes, transistors, similar semiconductor devices, photosensitive semiconductor devices, LED's and mounted piezoelectric crystals	
8542	Electronic integrated circuits; parts thereof	Presidential Memorandum

HTSUS	Description	Notes
		of April 11, 2025
8542.31.00	Electronic integrated circuits: processors and controllers	
8542.32.00	Electronic integrated circuits: memories	
8542.33.00	Electronic integrated circuits: amplifiers	
8542.39.00	Electronic integrated circuits: other	
8542.90.00	Parts of electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies	

**Potential Tariff Adjustments for Aligned Partners****Annex**

Note: All products that are properly classified in the provisions of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) that are listed in this Annex are potentially eligible to be exempted from duties imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended, as determined by the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative for each trading partner that has concluded an agreement on reciprocal trade, based on the scope and nature of the trading partner's commitments under that agreement. The product descriptions that are contained in this Annex are provided for informational purposes only, do not supersede the text of the HTSUS, and are not intended to delimit in any way the scope of the action, except as specified below. Only items that are properly classified in the listed provisions of the HTSUS are potentially eligible to be exempted from the tariff action imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended. Any questions regarding the scope of particular HTSUS provisions should be referred to U.S. Customs and Border Protection. In the product descriptions, the abbreviation "nesoi" means "not elsewhere specified or included".

Notes on certain HTSUS provisions for which only a portion of the provision is covered in this Annex, as provided in the "Scope Limitations" column:

- A subheading marked with "**Ex**" is defined and limited by the product description.
- A subheading marked with "**Aircraft**" includes only articles of civil aircraft (all aircraft other than military aircraft); their engines, parts, and components; their other parts, components, and subassemblies; and ground flight simulators and their parts and components, that otherwise meet the criteria of General Note 6 of HTSUS, regardless of whether a product is entered under a provision for which the rate of duty "Free (C)" appears in the "Special" sub-column.
- A subheading marked with "**Pharma**" includes only non-patented articles for use in pharmaceutical applications.

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
0106.11.00	Live primates	
0106.12.01	Live whales, dolphins and porpoises; manatees and dugongs, seals, sea lions, and walruses	
0106.13.00	Live camels and other camelids (Camelidae)	
0106.14.00	Live rabbits and hares	
0106.19.30	Live foxes	
0106.19.91	Live mammals, nesoi	
0106.20.00	Live reptiles (including snakes and turtles)	
0106.31.00	Live birds of prey	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
0106.32.00	Live psittaciform birds (including parrots, parakeets, macaws and cockatoos)	
0106.33.00	Ostriches; emus	
0106.39.01	Live birds, other than poultry, birds of prey or psittaciform birds	
0106.90.01	Live animals other than mammals, reptiles, insects, and birds	
0208.50.00	Meat and edible meat offal of reptiles, fresh, chilled or frozen	
0208.90.25	Frog legs, fresh, chilled or frozen	
0302.31.00	Albacore or longfinned tunas, fresh or chilled, excluding fillets, other meat portions, livers and roes	
0302.32.00	Yellowfin tunas, fresh or chilled, excluding fillets, other meat portions, livers and roes	
0304.87.00	Frozen tuna fillets	
0410.10.00	Edible insects	
0501.00.00	Human hair, unworked, whether or not washed or scoured; waste of human hair	
0510.00.40	Cantharides; bile; glands and other animal products nesoi used in pharmaceutical products	
0601.10.15	Tulip bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.30	Hyacinth bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.45	Lily bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.60	Narcissus bulbs, dormant	
0601.10.75	Crocus corms, dormant	
0601.10.90	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, nesoi, dormant	
0601.20.90	Bulbs nesoi, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots	
0602.10.00	Unrooted cuttings and slips of live plants	
0602.40.00	Rose plants, grafted or not	
0602.90.20	Live orchid plants	
0602.90.30	Live herbaceous perennials, other than orchid plants, with soil attached to roots	
0602.90.60	Other live plants nesoi, with soil attached to roots	
0603.11.00	Sweetheart, spray and other roses, fresh cut	
0603.12.30	Miniature (spray) carnations, fresh cut	
0603.12.70	Other Carnations, fresh cut	
0603.13.00	Orchids, fresh cut	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
0603.14.00	Chrysanthemums, fresh cut	
0603.15.00	Fresh cut lilies ( <i>Lillium spp.</i> )	
0603.19.01	Fresh cut, anthuriums, alstroemeria, gypsophilia, lilies, snapdragons and other flowers nesoi	
0603.90.00	Cut flowers and flower buds, suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared	
0604.20.00	Fresh foliage, branches, and other parts of plants, without flowers or buds, suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes	
0604.90.10	Mosses and lichens suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes	
0604.90.30	Dried or bleached foliage, branches, and other parts of plants for bouquets or ornamental purposes, except mosses and lichens	
0604.90.60	Other than fresh, bleached or dried: Foliage, branches, parts of plants and grasses, suitable for bouquets or ornamental purposes, except mosses and lichen	
0709.99.05	Jicamas and breadfruit, fresh or chilled	
0709.99.10	Chayote ( <i>Sechium edule</i> ), fresh or chilled	
0710.80.15	Bamboo shoots and water chestnuts (other than Chinese water chestnuts), uncooked or cooked by steaming or boiling in water, frozen	
0711.90.30	Capers, provisionally preserved but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	
0712.32.00	Dried wood ears ( <i>Auricularia spp.</i> ), whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	
0712.34.10	Air dried or sun dried shitake mushrooms	
0712.34.20	Dried (other than air dried or sun dried) shitake mushrooms	
0713.34.20	Dried Bambara beans, shelled, if entered for consumption from May 1 through August 31, inclusive, in any year	
0713.34.40	Dried Bambara beans, shelled, if entered for consumption other than during the above period, or withdrawn for consumption	
0714.10.10	Cassava (manioc), frozen, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	
0714.10.20	Cassava (manioc), fresh, chilled or dried, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	
0714.40.10	Fresh or chilled taro ( <i>Colocasia spp.</i> ), whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	
0714.40.20	Frozen taro ( <i>Colocasia spp.</i> )	
0714.40.50	Dried taro ( <i>Colocasia spp.</i> ), in the form of pellets	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
0714.40.60	Dried taro ( <i>Colocasia spp.</i> ), whether or not sliced but not in pellets	
0714.50.10	Fresh or chilled yautia ( <i>Xanthosoma spp.</i> ), whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets	
0714.50.20	Frozen yautia ( <i>Xanthosoma spp.</i> )	
0714.50.60	Dried yautia ( <i>Xanthosoma spp.</i> ), whether or not sliced but not in pellets	
0714.90.42	Other mixtures of Chinese water chestnuts, frozen	
0714.90.44	Chinese water chestnuts, not mixed, frozen	
0714.90.46	Frozen dasheens, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, and similar roots and tubers, nesoi	
0714.90.48	Chinese water chestnuts, dried	
0714.90.61	Dried dasheens, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, and similar roots and tubers nesoi, whether or not sliced but not in pellets	
0801.11.00	Coconuts, desiccated	
0801.12.00	Coconuts, fresh, in the inner shell (endocarp)	
0801.19.01	Coconuts, fresh, not in the inner shell (endocarp)	
0801.21.00	Brazil nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	
0801.22.00	Brazil nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	
0801.31.00	Cashew nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	
0801.32.00	Cashew nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	
0802.41.00	Chestnuts, fresh or dried, in shell	
0802.42.00	Chestnuts, fresh or dried, shelled	
0802.61.00	Macadamia nuts, in shell	
0802.62.00	Macadamia nuts, shelled	
0802.70.10	Kola nuts ( <i>Cola spp.</i> ), fresh or dried, in shell	
0802.70.20	Kola nuts ( <i>Cola spp.</i> ), fresh or dried, shelled	
0802.80.10	Areca nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	
0802.80.20	Areca nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	
0802.91.10	Pignolia pine nuts, fresh or dried, in shell	
0802.91.90	Pine nuts (other than Pignolia), fresh or dried, in shell	
0802.92.10	Pignolia pine nuts, fresh or dried, shelled	
0802.92.90	Pine nuts (other than Pignolia), fresh or dried, shelled	
0803.10.10	Plantains, fresh	
0803.10.20	Plantains, dried	
0803.90.00	Bananas, fresh or dried	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
0804.30.20	Pineapples, fresh or dried, not reduced in size, in bulk	
0804.30.40	Pineapples, fresh or dried, not reduced in size, in crates or other packages	
0804.30.60	Pineapples, fresh or dried, reduced in size	
0804.40.00	Avocados, fresh or dried	
0804.50.40	Guavas, mangoes, and mangosteens, fresh, if entered during the period September 1 through May 31, inclusive	
0804.50.60	Guavas, mangoes, and mangosteens, fresh, if entered during the period June 1 through August 31, inclusive	
0804.50.80	Guavas, mangoes, and mangosteens, dried	
0805.40.60	Grapefruit and pomelos, fresh or dried, if entered during the month of October	
0805.50.30	Tahitian limes, Persian limes and other limes of the <i>Citrus latifolia</i> variety, fresh or dried	
0805.50.40	Limes of the <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> variety, fresh or dried	
0805.90.01	Etrogs	Ex
0807.20.00	Papayas (pawpaws), fresh	
0808.40.20	Quinces, fresh, if entered during the period from April 1 through June 30, inclusive	
0808.40.40	Quinces, fresh, if entered during the period from July 1 through the following March 31, inclusive	
0810.50.00	Kiwi fruit, fresh	
0810.60.00	Durians, fresh	
0810.90.27	Other berries and tamarinds, fresh	
0810.90.46	Fruit, nesoi, fresh	
0811.90.10	Bananas and plantains, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	
0811.90.25	Cashew apples, mameyes colorados, sapodillas, soursops and sweetsops, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	
0811.90.30	Coconut meat, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	
0811.90.40	Papayas, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	
0811.90.50	Pineapples, frozen, in water or containing added sweetening	
0811.90.52	Mangoes, frozen, whether or not previously steamed or boiled	
0811.90.80	Tropical fruit, nesoi, frozen, whether or not previously steamed or boiled	Ex
0812.90.40	Pineapples, provisionally preserved, but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
0901.11.00	Coffee, not roasted, not decaffeinated	
0901.12.00	Coffee, not roasted, decaffeinated	
0901.21.00	Coffee, roasted, not decaffeinated	
0901.22.00	Coffee, roasted, decaffeinated	
0901.90.10	Coffee husks and skins	
0901.90.20	Coffee substitutes containing coffee	
0902.10.10	Green tea in packages not over 3 kg, flavored	
0902.10.90	Green tea in packages not over 3 kg, not flavored	
0902.20.10	Green tea in packages over 3 kg, flavored	
0902.20.90	Green tea in packages over 3 kg, not flavored	
	Black tea (fermented) and partly fermented tea, in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg	
0902.30.00	Black tea (fermented) and partly fermented tea, other than in immediate packings of a content not exceeding 3 kg	
0902.40.00	Maté	
0903.00.00	Pepper of the genus <i>Piper</i> , neither crushed nor ground	
0904.11.00	Pepper of the genus <i>Piper</i> , crushed or ground	
0904.12.00	Paprika, dried neither crushed nor ground	
0904.21.20	Anaheim and ancho pepper, dried, neither crushed nor ground	
0904.21.40	Fruits of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> , other than paprika or anaheim and ancho pepper, dried, not crushed or ground	
0904.21.60	Fruits of the genus <i>Pimenta</i> (including allspice), dried	
0904.22.20	Paprika, crushed or ground	
0904.22.40	Anaheim and ancho pepper, crushed or ground	
0904.22.73	Mixtures of mashed or macerated hot red peppers and salt, nesoi	
0904.22.76	Fruits of the genus <i>Capsicum</i> , crushed or ground, nesoi	
0904.22.80	Fruits of the genus <i>Pimenta</i> (including allspice), crushed or ground	
0905.10.00	Vanilla beans, neither crushed nor ground	
0905.20.00	Vanilla beans, crushed or ground	
0906.11.00	Cinnamon ( <i>Cinnamomum zeylanicum Blume</i> ), neither crushed nor ground	
0906.19.00	Cinnamon and cinnamon-tree flowers, nesoi, neither crushed nor ground	
0906.20.00	Cinnamon and cinnamon-tree flowers, crushed or ground	
0907.10.00	Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems), neither crushed nor ground	
0907.20.00	Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems), crushed or ground	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
0908.11.00	Nutmeg, neither crushed nor ground	
0908.12.00	Nutmeg, crushed or ground	
0908.21.00	Mace, neither crushed nor ground	
0908.22.20	Mace, crushed or ground, Bombay or wild	
0908.22.40	Mace, crushed or ground, other than Bombay or wild mace	
0908.31.00	Cardamoms, neither crushed nor ground	
0908.32.00	Cardamoms, crushed or ground	
0909.21.00	Seeds of coriander, neither crushed nor ground	
0909.22.00	Seeds of coriander, crushed or ground	
0909.31.00	Seeds of cumin, neither crushed nor ground	
0909.32.00	Seeds of cumin, crushed or ground	
0909.61.00	Seeds of anise, badian, caraway or fennel; juniper berries; neither crushed nor ground	
0909.62.00	Seeds of anise, badian, caraway or fennel; juniper berries; crushed or ground	
0910.11.00	Ginger, neither crushed nor ground	
0910.12.00	Ginger, crushed or ground	
0910.20.00	Saffron	
0910.30.00	Turmeric (curcuma)	
0910.91.00	Mixtures of spices	
0910.99.07	Bay leaves, other than crude or not manufactured	
0910.99.10	Curry	
0910.99.20	Origanum, crude or not manufactured	
0910.99.40	Origanum, other than crude or not manufactured	
0910.99.50	Dill	
0910.99.60	Spices, nesoi	
1003.90.40	Barley, not seed, other than for malting purposes	
1008.30.00	Canary seed	
1008.40.00	Fonio ( <i>Digitaria spp.</i> )	
1008.60.00	Triticale	
1106.20.90	Flour, meal and powder of sago, or of roots or tubers of heading 0714 (excluding Chinese water chestnuts)	
1106.30.20	Flour, meal and powder of banana and plantain	
1108.14.00	Cassava (manioc) starch	
1108.19.00	Starches other than wheat, corn (maize), potato or cassava (manioc) starches	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
1203.00.00	Copra	
1207.10.00	Palm nuts and kernels	
1207.91.00	Poppy seeds, whether or not broken	
1211.30.00	Coca leaf, of a kind used in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes	
1211.60.00	Bark of African cherry ( <i>Prunus Africana</i> )	
1211.90.60	Tonka beans, of a kind used in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes	
1211.90.89	Psyllium seed husks	Ex
1212.21.00	Seaweeds and other algae, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not ground, fit for human consumption	
1212.29.00	Seaweeds and other algae, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not ground, other than for human consumption	
1212.94.00	Chicory roots	
1301.20.00	Gum Arabic	
1301.90.91	Boswellia	Ex
1302.19.21	Poppy straw extract	
1302.19.91	Aloe, Tasmanian pepper, coconut, centella	Ex
1302.31.00	Agar-agar	
1302.32.00	Mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from locust beans, locust bean seeds or guar seeds	
1401.10.00	Bamboos, of a kind used primarily for plaiting	
1401.20.20	Rattans, in the rough or cut transversely into sections, of a kind used primarily for plaiting	
1401.20.40	Rattans, other than those in the rough or cut transversely into sections, of a kind used primarily for plaiting	
1404.90.30	Istle of a kind used primarily in brooms or brushes	
1404.90.40	Piassava, couch-grass and other vegetable materials nesoi, of a kind used primarily in brooms or brushes	
1404.90.90	Date palm branches, <i>Myrtus</i> branches, or other vegetable material for religious purposes only	Ex
1511.10.00	Palm oil, crude, and its fractions, whether or not refined, not chemically modified	
1511.90.00	Palm oil, other than crude, and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	
1513.11.00	Coconut (copra) oil, crude, and its fractions, not chemically modified	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
1513.19.00	Coconut (copra) oil, other than crude, and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	
1513.21.00	Palm kernel oil or babassu oil, crude, and their fractions, not chemically modified	
1513.29.00	Palm kernel oil or babassu oil, other than crude, and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	
1515.30.00	Castor oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	
1515.90.21	Nut oils, whether or not refined, not chemically modified	
1515.90.60	Jojoba oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, not chemically modified	
1515.90.81	Argan oil	Ex
1521.10.00	Vegetable waxes (other than triglycerides), whether or not refined or colored	
1521.90.20	Bleached beeswax	
1604.14.40	Tunas and skipjack, not in airtight containers, not in oil, in bulk or in immediate containers weighing with contents over 6.8 kg each	
1801.00.00	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	
1802.00.00	Cocoa shells, husks, skins and other cocoa waste	
1803.10.00	Cocoa paste, not defatted	
1803.20.00	Cocoa paste, wholly or partly defatted	
1804.00.00	Cocoa butter, fat and oil	
1805.00.00	Cocoa powder, not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	
1903.00.20	Tapioca and substitutes prepared from arrowroot, cassava or sago, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or in similar forms	
1903.00.40	Tapioca and substitutes, prepared from starch nesoi, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or in similar forms	
1905.90.10	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and similar baked products nesoi, and puddings, whether or not containing chocolate, fruit, nuts or confectionery, for religious purposes only	Ex
1905.90.90	Bakers' wares, communion wafers, empty capsules suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products, nesoi, for religious purposes only	Ex

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2001.90.45	Mangoes, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid	
2005.91.60	Bamboo shoots in airtight containers, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid, not frozen, not preserved by sugar	
2006.00.40	Pineapples, preserved by sugar (drained, glace or crystallized)	
2007.99.40	Pineapple jam	
2007.99.50	Guava and mango pastes and purees, being cooked preparations	
2008.19.15	Coconuts, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	
2008.20.00	Pineapples, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	
2008.91.00	Palm hearts, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	
2008.99.13	Banana pulp, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	
2008.99.15	Bananas, other than pulp, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	
2008.99.40	Mangoes, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	
2008.99.45	Papaya pulp, otherwise prepared or preserved, nesoi	
2008.99.91	Bean cake, bean stick, miso, other fruit, nuts and other edible parts of plants, prepared or preserved	
2009.31.60	Citrus juice of any single citrus fruit (other than orange, grapefruit or lime), of a Brix value not exceeding 20, concentrated, unfermented, except for lemon juice	Ex
2009.39.20	Lime juice, of a Brix value exceeding 20, fit for beverage purposes, unfermented	
2009.49.40	Pineapple juice, of a Brix value exceeding 20, concentrated (in degree of concentration greater than 3.5)	
2101.11.29	Extracts, essences and concentrates of coffee other than unflavored instant coffee	
2101.12.90	Preparations nesoi, with a basis of extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of coffee	
2101.20.20	Extracts, essences or concentrates of tea or mate	
2101.30.00	Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2102.20.60	Single-cell micro-organisms, dead, excluding yeasts (but not including vaccines of heading 3002)	
2106.90.99	Acai preparations for the manufacture of beverages	Ex
2306.50.00	Oilcake and other solid residues, resulting from the extraction of vegetable fats or oils, of coconut or copra	
2504.10.10	Natural graphite, crystalline flake (not including flake dust)	
2504.10.50	Natural graphite in powder or flakes (other than crystalline flake)	
2504.90.00	Natural graphite, other than in powder or in flakes	
2511.10.10	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), ground	
2511.10.50	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), not ground	
2519.10.00	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	
2519.90.10	Fused magnesia; dead-burned (sintered) magnesia, whether or not containing small quantities of other oxides added before sintering	
2519.90.20	Caustic calcined magnesite	
2524.90.00	Asbestos other than crocidolite	
2529.21.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight 97% or less of calcium fluoride	
2529.22.00	Fluorspar, containing by weight more than 97% of calcium fluoride	
2530.20.10	Kieserite	
2530.20.20	Epsom salts (natural magnesium sulfates)	
2530.90.10	Natural cryolite; natural chiolite	
2530.90.20	Natural micaceous iron oxides	
2530.90.80	Other mineral substances, nesoi	
2602.00.00	Manganese ores and concentrates including ferruginous manganese ores and concentrates with manganese content over 20% calculated on dry weight	
2604.00.00	Nickel ores and concentrates	
2605.00.00	Cobalt ores and concentrates	
2606.00.00	Aluminum ores and concentrates	
2608.00.00	Zinc ores and concentrates	
2609.00.00	Tin ores and concentrates	
2610.00.00	Chromium ores and concentrates	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2611.00.30	Tungsten ores	
2611.00.60	Tungsten concentrates	
2612.20.00	Thorium ores and concentrates	
2613.90.00	Molybdenum ores and concentrates, not roasted	
2614.00.30	Synthetic rutile	
2614.00.60	Titanium ores and concentrates, other than synthetic rutile	
2615.90.30	Synthetic tantalum-niobium concentrates	
2615.90.60	Niobium, tantalum or vanadium ores and concentrates, nesoi	
2616.10.00	Silver ores and concentrates	
2617.10.00	Antimony ores and concentrates	
2620.99.50	Slag (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel) containing over 40% titanium, and which if containing over 2% by weight of copper, lead, or zinc is not to be treated for the recovery thereof	
2801.20.00	Iodine	
2804.10.00	Hydrogen	Pharma
2804.29.00	Rare gases, other than argon	Pharma
2804.30.00	Nitrogen	Pharma
2804.50.00	Boron; tellurium	Pharma
2804.80.00	Arsenic	
2804.90.00	Selenium	
2805.19.10	Strontium	
2805.19.20	Barium	Pharma
2805.19.90	Alkali metals, other than sodium	
2805.30.00	Rare-earth metals, scandium and yttrium, whether or not intermixed or interalloyed	
2806.10.00	Hydrogen chloride (Hydrochloric acid)	Pharma
2807.00.00	Sulfuric acid; oleum	Pharma
2809.20.00	Phosphoric acid and polyphosphoric acids	Pharma
2811.11.00	Hydrogen fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)	
2811.12.00	Hydrogen cyanide	Pharma
2811.19.10	Arsenic acid	
2811.22.50	Silicon dioxide, other than synthetic silica gel	Pharma
2811.29.10	Arsenic trioxide	
2811.29.20	Selenium dioxide	
2812.12.00	Phosphorus oxychloride	Pharma
2812.19.00	Other chlorides and chloride oxides	Pharma
2813.90.10	Arsenic sulfides	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2814.10.00	Anhydrous ammonia	Pharma
2814.20.00	Ammonia in aqueous solution	Pharma
2815.11.00	Sodium hydroxide (Caustic soda), solid	Pharma
2815.12.00	Sodium hydroxide (Caustic soda), in aqueous solution (Soda lye or liquid soda)	Pharma
2815.20.00	Potassium hydroxide (Caustic potash)	Pharma
2815.30.00	Peroxides of sodium or potassium	Pharma
2816.10.00	Hydroxide and peroxide of magnesium	
2816.40.10	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of strontium	
2816.40.20	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of barium	
2817.00.00	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide	
2818.10.10	Artificial corundum, crude	
2818.10.20	Artificial corundum, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2818.20.00	Aluminum oxide, other than artificial corundum	
2818.30.00	Aluminum hydroxide	Pharma
2820.10.00	Manganese dioxide	
2821.10.00	Iron oxides and hydroxides	
2821.20.00	Earth colors containing 70% or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
2822.00.00	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides	
2823.00.00	Titanium oxides	
2825.10.00	Hydrazine and hydroxylamine and their inorganic salts	Pharma
2825.20.00	Lithium oxide and hydroxide	Pharma
2825.40.00	Nickel oxides and hydroxides	
2825.60.00	Germanium oxides and zirconium dioxide	
2825.80.00	Antimony oxides	
2825.90.15	Niobium oxide	
2825.90.30	Tungsten oxides	
2825.90.90	Other inorganic bases; other metal oxides, hydroxides and peroxides, nesoi	
2826.12.00	Fluorides of aluminum	
2826.30.00	Sodium hexafluoroaluminate (Synthetic cryolite)	
2826.90.90	Other complex fluorine salts, nesoi	
2827.31.00	Magnesium chloride	
2827.39.45	Barium chloride	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2827.39.60	Cobalt chlorides	
2827.39.65	Zinc chloride	Pharma
2827.39.90	Chlorides, nesoi	Pharma
2827.59.51	Other bromides and bromide oxides, other than ammonium, calcium or zinc	
2827.60.20	Iodide and iodide oxide of potassium	Pharma
2827.60.51	Iodides and iodide oxides, other than of calcium, copper or potassium	Pharma
2832.10.00	Sodium sulfites	Pharma
2832.30.10	Sodium thiosulfate	Pharma
2833.11.50	Disodium sulfate, other than crude	Pharma
2833.19.00	Sodium sulfates, other than disodium sulfate	Pharma
2833.21.00	Magnesium sulfate	Pharma
2833.22.00	Aluminum sulfate	Pharma
2833.24.00	Nickel sulfate	
2833.27.00	Barium sulfate	
2833.29.10	Cobalt sulfate	
2833.29.45	Zinc sulfate	
2833.29.51	Other sulfates nesoi	
2834.10.10	Sodium nitrite	Pharma
2834.21.00	Potassium nitrate	
2834.29.20	Strontium nitrate	
2834.29.51	Nitrates, nesoi	
2835.22.00	Mono- or disodium phosphates	Pharma
2835.24.00	Potassium phosphate	Pharma
2836.20.00	Disodium carbonate	Pharma
2836.30.00	Sodium hydrogencarbonate (Sodium bicarbonate)	Pharma
2836.40.20	Potassium hydrogencarbonate (Potassium bicarbonate)	Pharma
2836.60.00	Barium carbonate	
2836.91.00	Lithium carbonates	
2836.92.00	Strontium carbonate	
2836.99.10	Cobalt carbonates	
2836.99.50	Carbonates nesoi, and peroxocarbonates (percarbonates)	
2837.20.51	Complex cyanides, excluding potassium ferricyanide	Pharma
2841.80.00	Tungstates (wolframates)	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2841.90.20	Ammonium perrhenate	
2841.90.40	Aluminates	Pharma
2842.10.00	Double or complex silicates	Pharma
2842.90.90	Salts of inorganic acids or peroxyacids nesoi, excluding azides	Pharma
2843.29.01	Silver compounds, other than silver nitrate	Pharma
2843.30.00	Gold compounds	Pharma
2843.90.00	Inorganic or organic compounds of precious metals, excluding those of silver and gold; amalgams of precious metals	Pharma
2844.41.00	Tritium and its compounds, alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures thereof	Pharma
2844.42.00	Actinium, californium, curium, einsteinium, gadolinium, polonium, radium, uranium and their compounds, alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures	Pharma
2844.43.00	Other radioactive elements, isotopes, compounds, nesoi; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures thereof	Pharma
2844.44.00	Radioactive residues	Pharma
2845.20.00	Boron enriched in boron-10 and its compounds	Pharma
2845.30.00	Lithium enriched in lithium-6 and its compounds	Pharma
2845.90.01	Isotopes not in heading 2844 and their compounds other than boron, lithium and helium	Pharma
2846.10.00	Cerium compounds	
2846.90.20	Mixtures of rare-earth oxides or of rare-earth chlorides	Pharma
2846.90.40	Yttrium-bearing materials and compounds containing by weight more than 19% but less than 85% yttrium oxide equivalent	Pharma
2846.90.80	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of rare-earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium, or of mixtures of these metals, nesoi	
2847.00.00	Hydrogen peroxide, whether or not solidified with urea	Pharma
2849.20.10	Silicon carbide, crude	
2849.20.20	Silicon carbide, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined	
2849.90.30	Tungsten carbide	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2850.00.50	Hydrides, nitrides, azides, silicides and borides other than of calcium, titanium, tungsten or vanadium	Pharma
2853.10.00	Cyanogen chloride (Chlorocyan)	Pharma
2853.90.10	Phosphor copper containing more than 15% by weight of phosphorus, excluding ferrophosphorus	Pharma
2853.90.50	Phosphides, whether or not chemically defined, excluding ferrophosphorus, of other metals or of nonmetals	Pharma
2853.90.90	Other phosphides, excluding ferrophosphorous, nesoi	Pharma
2901.10.40	Saturated acyclic hydrocarbon (not ethane, butane, n-pentane or isopentane), derived in whole or in part from petroleum, shale oil or natural gas	Pharma
2902.19.00	Cyclanic hydrocarbons (except cyclohexane), cyclenic hydrocarbons and cycloterpenes	Pharma
2902.90.30	Alkylbenzenes and polyalkylbenzenes	Pharma
2903.12.00	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	Pharma
2903.13.00	Chloroform (Trichloromethane)	Pharma
2903.22.00	Trichloroethylene	Pharma
2903.41.10	Trifluoromethane (HFC-23)	Pharma
2903.42.10	Difluoromethane (HFC-32)	Pharma
2903.43.10	Fluoromethane (HFC-41), 1,2-difluoroethane (HFC-152) and 1,1-difluoroethane (HFC-152-a)	Pharma
2903.44.10	Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125), 1,1,1-trifluoroethane (HFC-142a) and 1,1,2-trifluoroethane (HFC-143)	Pharma
2903.45.10	1,2,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) and 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134)	Pharma
2903.46.10	HFC-227ea, HFC-236cb, HFC-236ea or HFC-236fa	Pharma
2903.47.10	1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane (HFC-245fa) and 1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HFC-245ca)	Pharma
2903.48.00	1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluorobutane (HFC-365mfc) and 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane (HFC-4310mee)	Pharma
2903.49.00	Other saturated fluorinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma
2903.51.10	2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234yf), 1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropene (HFO-1234ze) and (Z)-1,1,1,4,4,4-hexafluoro-2-butene (HFO-1336mzz)	Pharma
2903.59.10	1,1,3,3,3-Pentafluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-prop-1-ene	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2903.59.90	Other unsaturated fluorinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2903.69.10	Acetylene tetrabromide; alkyl bromides, other than methyl bromide (bromomethane); methylene dibromide; and vinyl bromide	Pharma
2903.69.90	Other brominated or iodinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2903.71.01	Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)	Pharma
2903.77.00	Other acyclic hydrocarbon derivatives, perhalogenated only with fluorine and chlorine	Pharma
2903.78.00	Other perhalogenated acyclic hydrocarbon derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2903.79.90	Other halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons containing two or more different halogens, nesoi	Pharma
2903.81.00	1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH (ISO)), including lindane (ISO, INN)	Pharma
2903.89.15	Halogenated products derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2903.89.20	Halogenated derivatives derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma
2903.89.70	Other halogenated derivatives of cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic hydrocarbons not derived from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2903.92.00	Hexachlorobenzene (ISO) and DDT (clofenotane (INN), (1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane)	Pharma
2903.93.00	Halogenated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons, pentachlorobenzene	Pharma
2903.94.00	Halogenated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons, hexabromobiphenyls	Pharma
2903.99.20	Benzyl chloride (a-Chlorotoluene); Benzotrichloride (a, a, a-Trichlorotoluene)	Pharma
2903.99.80	Other halogenated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2904.10.32	Aromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only sulfo groups, their salts and ethyl esters, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2904.10.50	Nonaromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only sulfo groups, their salts and ethyl esters, nesoi	Pharma
2904.20.10	p-Nitrotoluene	Pharma
2904.20.15	p-Nitro-o-xylene	Pharma
2904.20.20	Trinitrotoluene	Pharma
2904.20.30	5-tert-Butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene (Musk xylol) and other artificial musks	Pharma
2904.20.35	Nitrated benzene, nitrated toluene (except p-nitrotoluene) or nitrated naphthalene	Pharma
2904.20.40	Aromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only nitro or only nitroso groups, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2904.20.45	Aromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only nitro or only nitroso groups, nesoi	Pharma
2904.20.50	Nonaromatic derivatives of hydrocarbons containing only nitro or only nitroso groups, nesoi	Pharma
2904.99.04	Monochloromononitrobenzenes; o-nitrochlorobenzene; p-nitrochlorobenzene	Pharma
2904.99.08	Monochloromononitrobenzenes nesoi	Pharma
2904.99.15	4-Chloro-3-nitro-a,a,a, trifluorotoluene; 2-Chloro-5-nitro-a,a,a, trifluorotoluene; and 4-Chloro-3,5-dinitro-a,a,a, trifluorotoluene	Pharma
2904.99.20	Nitrotoluenesulfonic acids	Pharma
2904.99.30	1-Bromo-2-nitrobenzene; 1,2-Dichloro-4-nitrobenzene and o-Fluoronitrobenzene	Pharma
2904.99.35	4,4'-Dinitrostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid	Pharma
2904.99.40	Sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2904.99.47	Other sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic hydrocarbons excluding aromatic products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2904.99.50	Nonaromatic sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2905.11.20	Methanol (Methyl alcohol), other than imported only for use in producing synthetic natural gas (SNG) or for direct use as fuel	Pharma
2905.12.00	Propan-1-ol (Propyl alcohol) and Propan-2-ol (isopropyl alcohol)	Pharma
2905.13.00	Butan-1-ol (n-Butyl alcohol)	Pharma
2905.19.10	Pentanol (Amyl alcohol) and isomers thereof	Pharma
2905.19.90	Saturated monohydric alcohols, nesoi	Pharma
2905.22.10	Geraniol	Pharma
2905.22.20	Isophytol	Pharma
2905.22.50	Acyclic terpene alcohols, other than geraniol and isophytol	Pharma
2905.29.90	Unsaturated monohydric alcohols, other than allyl alcohol or acyclic terpene alcohols	Pharma
2905.31.00	Ethylene glycol (Ethanediol)	Pharma
2905.32.00	Propylene glycol (Propane-1,2-diol)	Pharma
2905.39.90	Dihydric alcohols (diols), nesoi	Pharma
2905.49.20	Esters of glycerol formed with the acids of heading 2904	Pharma
2905.49.50	Polyhydric alcohols, nesoi	Pharma
2905.51.00	Ethchlorvynol (INN)	Pharma
2905.59.10	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of monohydric alcohols	Pharma
2905.59.90	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of acyclic alcohols, nesoi	Pharma
2906.11.00	Menthol	Pharma
2906.19.50	Other cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2906.29.60	Other aromatic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2907.11.00	Phenol (Hydroxybenzene) and its salts	Pharma
2907.19.10	Alkylcresols	Pharma
2907.19.20	Alkylphenols	Pharma
2907.19.40	Thymol	Pharma
2907.19.80	Other monophenols	Pharma
2907.29.90	Other polyphenols, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2908.19.10	6-Chloro-m-cresol [OH=1]; m-chlorophenol; and chlorothymol	Pharma
2908.19.35	Derivatives of phenols or phenol-alcohols containing only halogen substituents and their salts described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2908.19.60	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenol or phenol-alcohols	Pharma
2908.99.12	Derivatives nesoi, of phenols or phenol-alcohols containing only sulfo groups, their salts and esters, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2908.99.15	Derivatives of phenol or phenol-alcohols containing only sulfo groups, their salts and esters, nesoi	Pharma
2908.99.25	Nitrophenols, except p-nitrophenol	Pharma
2909.11.00	Diethyl ether	Pharma
2909.19.18	Ethers of acyclic monohydric alcohols and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.19.60	Ethers of polyhydric alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.20.00	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2909.30.40	Aromatic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2909.30.60	Other aromatic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.49.05	Guaifenesin	Pharma
2909.49.10	Other aromatic ether-alcohols, their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2909.49.15	Aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2909.49.20	Nonaromatic glycerol ethers	Pharma
2909.49.60	Other non-aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2909.50.20	Guaiacol and its derivatives	Pharma
2909.50.40	Odoriferous or flavoring compounds of ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2909.50.45	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2909.50.50	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2910.10.00	Oxirane (Ethylene oxide)	Pharma
2910.30.00	1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (Epichlorohydrin)	Pharma
2910.40.00	Dieldrin	Pharma
2910.50.00	Endrin	Pharma
2910.90.10	Butylene oxide	Pharma
2910.90.20	Aromatic epoxides, epoxyalcohols, epoxyphenols and epoxyethers, with a three-membered ring, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2910.90.91	Other nonaromatic epoxides, epoxyalcohols and epoxyethers, with a three-membered ring, and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2911.00.10	1,1-Bis(1-methylethoxy)cyclohexane	Pharma
2911.00.50	Acetals and hemiacetals, whether or not with other oxygen function, and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2912.19.50	Acyclic aldehydes without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2912.29.60	Other cyclic aldehydes without other oxygen function	Pharma
2912.49.26	Other aromatic aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and aldehydes with other oxygen function	Pharma
2912.60.00	Paraformaldehyde	Pharma
2914.11.10	Acetone, derived in whole or in part from cumene	Pharma
2914.19.00	Acyclic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2914.29.30	Natural camphor	Pharma
2914.29.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpinic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2914.39.90	Aromatic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2914.40.40	Aromatic ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes, nesoi	Pharma
2914.40.90	Nonaromatic ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2914.50.10	5-Benzoyl-4-hydroxy-2-methoxy-benzenesulfonic acid	Pharma
2914.50.30	Aromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	Pharma
2914.50.50	Nonaromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function	Pharma
2914.62.00	Coenzyme Q10 (ubidecarenone (INN))	Pharma
2914.69.21	Quinone drugs	Pharma
2914.69.90	Quinones, nesoi	Pharma
2914.71.00	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: chlорdecone (ISO)	Pharma
2914.79.10	2,3-dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone and other artificial musks	Pharma
2914.79.40	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic ketones and quinones whether or not with other oxygen function	Pharma
2914.79.60	1-Chloro-5-hexanone	Pharma
2914.79.90	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of nonaromatic ketones and quinones whether or not with other oxygen function	Pharma
2915.21.00	Acetic acid	Pharma
2915.24.00	Acetic anhydride	Pharma
2915.29.30	Cobalt acetates	Pharma
2915.29.50	Other salts of acetic acid	Pharma
2915.32.00	Vinyl acetate	Pharma
2915.36.00	Dinoseb (ISO) acetate	Pharma
2915.39.10	Benzyl acetate	Pharma
2915.39.31	Aromatic esters of acetic acid, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2915.39.35	Aromatic esters of acetic acid, nesoi	Pharma
2915.39.40	Linalyl acetate	Pharma
2915.39.45	Odoriferous or flavoring compounds of nonaromatic esters of acetic acid, nesoi	Pharma
2915.39.47	Acetates of polyhydric alcohols or of polyhydric alcohol ethers	Pharma
2915.39.70	Isobutyl acetate	Pharma
2915.39.90	Other non-aromatic esters of acetic acid	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2915.40.10	Chloroacetic acids	Pharma
2915.40.20	Aromatic salts and esters of chlorocetic acids, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2915.40.30	Aromatic salts and esters of chlorocetic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2915.40.50	Nonaromatic salts and esters of chlorocetic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2915.50.20	Aromatic salts and esters of propionic acid	Pharma
2915.90.10	Fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, nesoi	Pharma
2915.90.14	Valproic acid	Pharma
2915.90.18	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2915.90.20	Aromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2915.90.50	Nonaromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2916.16.00	Binapacryl (ISO)	Pharma
2916.19.30	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2916.19.50	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acid anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2916.20.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	Pharma
2916.31.30	Benzoic acid esters, except odoriferous or flavoring compounds, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2916.31.50	Benzoic acid esters, nesoi	Pharma
2916.39.15	Ibuprofen	Pharma
2916.39.17	2,2-Dichlorophenylacetic acid ethyl ester and m-toluic acid	Pharma
2916.39.46	Aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2916.39.79	Other aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	Pharma
2917.13.00	Azelaic acid, sebacic acid, their salts and esters	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2917.19.10	Ferrous fumarate	Pharma
2917.19.15	Fumaric acid, derived in whole or in part from aromatic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2917.19.17	Fumaric acid except derived in whole or in part from aromatic hydrocarbons	Pharma
2917.19.20	Specified acyclic polycarboxylic acids and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2917.19.23	Maleic acid	Pharma
2917.19.27	Succinic acid, glutaric acid, and their derivatives, and derivatives of adipic, fumaric and maleic acids, nesoi	Pharma
2917.19.30	Ethylene brassylate	Pharma
2917.19.35	Malonic acid	Pharma
2917.19.40	Acyclic polycarboxylic acids, derived from aromatic hydrocarbons, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2917.19.70	Acyclic polycarboxylic acids and their derivatives (excluding plasticizers)	Pharma
2917.20.00	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpnic polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	Pharma
2917.34.01	Esters of orthophthalic acid, nesoi	Pharma
2917.37.00	Dimethyl terephthalate	Pharma
2917.39.30	Aromatic polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2918.11.51	Salts and esters of lactic acid	Pharma
2918.12.00	Tartaric acid	Pharma
2918.13.50	Salts and esters of tartaric acid, nesoi	Pharma
2918.14.00	Citric acid	Pharma
2918.16.50	Salts and esters of gluconic acid	Pharma
2918.18.00	Chlorobenzilate (ISO)	Pharma
2918.19.15	Phenylglycolic (Mandelic) acid salts and esters	Pharma
2918.19.20	Aromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen functions, and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2918.19.31	Aromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen functions, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.19.60	Malic acid	Pharma
2918.19.90	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.21.10	Salicylic acid and its salts, suitable for medicinal use	Pharma
2918.22.10	O-Acetylsalicylic acid (Aspirin)	Pharma
2918.22.50	Salts and esters of O-acetylsalicylic acid	Pharma
2918.23.10	Salol (Phenyl salicylate) suitable for medicinal use	Pharma
2918.23.30	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2918.23.50	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, nesoi	Pharma
2918.29.20	Gentisic acid; and Hydroxycinnamic acid and its salts	Pharma
2918.29.22	p-Hydroxybenzoic acid	Pharma
2918.29.65	Carboxylic acids with phenol function but without other oxygen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2918.29.75	Other carboxylic acids with phenol function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives (excluding goods of additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	Pharma
2918.30.10	1-Formylphenylacetic acid, methyl ester	Pharma
2918.30.15	2-Chloro-4,5-difluoro-beta-oxobenzenepropanoic acid, ethyl ester; and Ethyl 2-keto-4-phenylbutanoate	Pharma
2918.30.25	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function and their derivatives described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	Pharma
2918.30.30	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.30.70	Dimethyl acetyl succinate; Oxalacetic acid diethyl ester, sodium salt; 4,4,4-Trifluoro-3-oxobutanoic acid, both ethyl and methyl ester versions	Pharma
2918.30.90	Non-aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function but without other oxygen function, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2918.99.05	p-Anisic acid; clofibrate and 3-phenoxybenzoic acid	Pharma
2918.99.30	Aromatic drugs derived from carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2918.99.43	Aromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	Pharma
2918.99.47	Other aromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	Pharma
2918.99.50	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2919.10.00	Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl phosphate)	Pharma
2919.90.30	Aromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives, not used as plasticizers	Pharma
2919.90.50	Nonaromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives	Pharma
2920.19.40	Other aromatic thiophosphoric esters (phosphorothioates), their salts and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2920.19.50	Nonaromatic phosphorothioates, their salts and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2920.21.00	Dimethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.22.00	Diethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.23.00	Trimethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.24.00	Triethyl phosphite	Pharma
2920.29.00	Other phosphite esters, their salts and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives	Pharma
2920.30.00	Endosulfan (ISO)	Pharma
2920.90.20	Aromatic esters of other inorganic acids (excluding hydrogen halides), their salts and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2920.90.51	Nonaromatic esters of inorganic acids of nonmetals, their salts and derivatives, excluding esters of hydrogen halides, nesoi	Pharma
2921.11.00	Methylamine, di- or trimethylamine, and their salts	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2921.14.00	2-(N,N,-Diisopropylamino)ethyl chloride hydrochloride	Pharma
2921.19.11	Mono- and triethylamines; mono-, di-, and tri(propyl- and butyl-) monoamines; salts of any of the foregoing	Pharma
2921.19.61	N,N-Dialkyl (methyl, ethyl, N-Propyl or Isopropyl)-2-Chloroethylamines and their protonated salts; Acyclic monoamines and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2921.29.00	Acyclic polyamines, their derivatives and salts, other than ethylenediamine or hexamethylenediamine and their salts	Pharma
2921.30.10	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines, derivatives and salts, from any aromatic compound described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2921.30.30	Cyclanic, cyclenic, cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines and their derivatives and salts, derived from any aromatic compound (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	Pharma
2921.30.50	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines, and their derivatives and salts, derived from any nonaromatic compounds	Pharma
2921.41.10	Aniline	Pharma
2921.41.20	Aniline salts	Pharma
2921.42.65	Aniline derivatives and their salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2921.42.90	Other aniline derivatives and their salts	Pharma
2921.43.40	Toluidines and their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2921.45.60	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	Pharma
2921.45.90	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof nesoi	Pharma
2921.46.00	Amfetamine (INN), benzphetamine (INN), dexamphetamine (INN), etilamphetamine (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2921.49.38	Aromatic monoamine antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents, nesoi	Pharma
2921.49.43	Aromatic monoamine drugs, nesoi	Pharma
2921.49.45	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2921.49.50	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2921.59.40	Aromatic polyamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2921.59.80	Aromatic polyamines and their derivatives and salts thereof nesoi	Pharma
2922.11.00	Monoethanolamine and its salts	Pharma
2922.12.00	Diethanolamine and its salts	Pharma
2922.14.00	Dextropropoxyphene (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2922.15.00	Triethanolamine	Pharma
2922.16.00	Diethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	Pharma
2922.17.00	Methyldiethanolamine and ethyldiethanolamine	Pharma
2922.18.00	2-(N,N-Diisopropylamino)ethanol	Pharma
2922.19.09	Aromatic amino-alcohols drugs, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, and their salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma
2922.19.20	4,4'-Bis(dimethylamino)benzhydrol (Michler's hydrol) and other specified aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.19.33	N1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; N1,N4,N4-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; and other specified chemicals	Pharma
2922.19.60	Aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxygen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2922.19.70	Other aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxygen function (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	Pharma
2922.19.90	Salts of triethanolamine	Pharma
2922.19.96	Amino-alcohols, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, their ethers and esters and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.21.10	1-Amino-8-hydroxy-3,6-naphthalenedisulfonic acid; and other specified aminohydroxynaphthalenesulfonic acids and their salts	Pharma
2922.21.25	1-Amino-8-hydroxy-4,6-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, monosodium salts	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2922.21.40	Aminohydroxynaphthalene sulfonic acids and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2922.21.50	Aminohydroxynaphthalene sulfonic acids and their salts, nesoi	Pharma
2922.29.03	o-Anisidine; p-anisidine; and p-phenetidine	Pharma
2922.29.06	m-Nitro-p-anisidine and m-nitro-o-anisidine as fast color bases	Pharma
2922.29.08	m-Nitro-p-anisidine and m-nitro-o-anisidine, nesoi	Pharma
2922.29.10	2-Amino-6-chloro-4-nitrophenol and other specified amino-naphthols and amino-phenols, their ethers and esters; salts thereof	Pharma
2922.29.13	o-Aminophenol; and 2,2-bis-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]propane	Pharma
2922.29.15	m-Diethylaminophenol; m-dimethylaminophenol; 3-ethylamino-p-cresol; and 5-methoxy-m-phenylenediamine	Pharma
2922.29.20	4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyaniline; and 2,4-dimethoxyaniline	Pharma
2922.29.26	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols and their derivatives used as fast color bases	Pharma
2922.29.27	Drugs of amino-naphthols and -phenols, their ethers and esters, except those containing more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.29.29	Photographic chemicals of amino-naphthols and -phenols, their ethers and esters, except those containing more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.29.61	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2922.29.81	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols, their ethers and esters (not containing more than one oxygen function), and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.31.00	Amfepramone (INN), methadone (INN) and normethadone (INN), and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.39.05	1-Amino-2,4-dibromoanthraquinone and 2-Amino-5-chlorobenzophenone	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2922.39.10	2'-Aminoacetophenone and other specified aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function	Pharma
2922.39.14	2-Aminoanthraquinone	Pharma
2922.39.17	1-Aminoanthraquinone	Pharma
2922.39.25	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2922.39.45	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.39.50	Nonaromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one kind of oxygen function, and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2922.41.00	Lysine and its esters and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.42.10	Monosodium glutamate	Pharma
2922.42.50	Glutamic acid and its salts, other than monosodium glutamate	Pharma
2922.43.10	Anthrаниlic acid and its salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2922.43.50	Anthrаниlic acid and its salts, nesoi	Pharma
2922.44.00	Tildine (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2922.49.05	(R)-a-Aminobenzeneacetic acid; and 2-amino-3-chlorobenzoic acid, methyl ester	Pharma
2922.49.10	m-Aminobenzoic acid, technical; and other specified aromatic amino-acids and their esters, except those with more than one oxygen function	Pharma
2922.49.26	Aromatic amino-acids drugs and their esters, not containing more than one kind of oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2922.49.30	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, excluding those with more than one oxygen function, and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2922.49.37	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, not containing more than one oxygen function (excluding goods described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI), nesoi	Pharma
2922.49.43	Glycine (aminoacetic acid)	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2922.49.49	Nonaromatic amino-acids, other than those containing more than one oxygen function, other than glycine	Pharma
2922.49.60	3-Aminocrotonic acid, methyl ester; and (R)-a-amino-1,4-cyclohexadiene-1-acetic acid	Pharma
2922.49.80	Non-aromatic esters of amino-acids, other than those containing more than one oxygen function, and salts thereof	Pharma
2922.50.07	3,4-Diaminophenetole dihydrogen sulfate, 2-nitro-5-[(2,3-dihydroxy)propoxy]-N-methylaniline and other specified aromatic chemicals	Pharma
2922.50.10	Specified aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.11	Salts of d(underscored)-(-)-p-Hydroxyphenylglycine	Pharma
2922.50.13	Isoetharine hydrochloride and other specified aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.14	Other aromatic cardiovascular drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.17	Aromatic dermatological agents and local anesthetics of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.19	Aromatic guaiacol derivatives of amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2922.50.25	Aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2922.50.35	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2922.50.40	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi	Pharma
2922.50.50	Nonaromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function	Pharma
2923.10.00	Choline and its salts	Pharma
2923.20.10	Purified egg phospholipids, pharmaceutical grade meeting requirements of the U.S. FDA, for use in intravenous fat emulsion	Pharma
2923.20.20	Lecithins and other phosphoaminolipids, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2923.30.00	Tetraethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	Pharma
2923.40.00	Didecylmethylammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate	Pharma
2923.90.01	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides, whether or not chemically defined, nesoi	Pharma
2924.11.00	Meprobamate (INN)	Pharma
2924.12.00	Fluoroacetamide (ISO), monocrotophos (ISO) and phosphamidon (ISO)	Pharma
2924.19.11	Acylic amides (including acyclic carbamates)	Pharma
2924.19.80	Acylic amide derivatives and salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma
2924.21.16	Aromatic ureines and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2924.21.20	Aromatic ureines, their derivatives and salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2924.21.45	Aromatic ureines, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2924.21.50	Nonaromatic ureines and their derivatives; and salts thereof	Pharma
2924.23.70	2-Acetamidobenzoic acid salts described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2924.23.75	2-Acetamidobenzoic acid salts, nesoi	Pharma
2924.24.00	Ethinamate (INN)	Pharma
2924.25.00	Alachlor (ISO)	Pharma
2924.29.01	p-Acetanisidine; p-acetoacetanilide; 4'-amino-N-methylacetanilide; 2,5-dimethoxyacetanilide; and N-(7-hydroxy-1-naphthyl)acetamide	Pharma
2924.29.03	3,5-Dinitro-o-toluamide	Pharma
2924.29.05	Biligrafin acid; 3,5-diacetamido-2,4,6-triiodobenzoic acid; and metrizoic acid	Pharma
2924.29.10	Acetanilide; N-acetylsulfanilyl chloride; aspartame; and 2-methoxy-5-acetamino-N,N-bis(2-acetoxyethyl)aniline	Pharma
2924.29.23	4-Aminoacetanilide; 2-2-oxamidobis[ethyl-3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate]; and other specified cyclic amide chemicals	Pharma
2924.29.26	3-Aminomethoxybenzanilide	Pharma
2924.29.28	N-[(4-Chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]difluorobenzamide; and 3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)benzamide (pronamide)	Pharma
2924.29.33	3-Hydroxy-2-naphthalenilide; 3-hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-toluidide; 3-hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-anisidine; 3-hydroxy-2-naphtho-o-phenetidide; and other	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2924.29.57	Diethylaminoacetoxylidide (Lidocaine)	Pharma
2924.29.62	Other aromatic cyclic amides and derivatives for use as drugs	Pharma
2924.29.65	5-Bromoacetyl-2-salicylamide	Pharma
2924.29.71	Aromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	Pharma
2924.29.77	Aromatic cyclic amides (including cyclic carbamates), their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2924.29.80	2,2-Dimethylcyclopropylcarboxamide	Pharma
2924.29.95	Other nonaromatic cyclic amides, their derivatives and salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma
2925.12.00	Glutethimide (INN)	Pharma
2925.19.42	Other aromatic imides, their derivatives and salts thereof; nesoi	Pharma
2925.19.91	Other non-aromatic imides and their derivatives	Pharma
2925.21.00	Chlordimeform (ISO)	Pharma
2925.29.10	N'-(4-Chloro-o-tolyl)-N,N-dimethylformamidine; bunamidine hydrochloride; and pentamidine	Pharma
2925.29.18	N,N'-Diphenylguanidine; 3-Dimethyl amino methyleneiminophenol hydrochloride; 1,3-Di-o-tolylguanidine; and N,N-Dimethyl-N'-[3-[(methylamino) carbonyl]- oxy] phenyl] methanimidamide monohydro- chloride	Pharma
2925.29.20	Aromatic drugs of imines and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2925.29.60	Aromatic imines, their derivatives and salts thereof (excluding drugs), nesoi	Pharma
2925.29.70	Tetramethylguanidine	Pharma
2925.29.90	Non-aromatic imines, their derivatives and salts thereof	Pharma
2926.30.10	Fenproporex (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2926.40.00	a-Phenylacetooctonitrile	Pharma
2926.90.14	p-Chlorobenzonitrile and verapamil hydrochloride	Pharma
2926.90.43	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2926.90.48	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds other than those products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	Pharma
2926.90.50	Nonaromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2927.00.40	Diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2927.00.50	Other diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2928.00.10	Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Pharma
2928.00.15	Phenylhydrazine	Pharma
2928.00.25	Aromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine	Pharma
2928.00.30	Nonaromatic drugs of organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, other than Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Pharma
2928.00.50	Nonaromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, nesoi	Pharma
2929.90.05	2,2-Bis(4-cyanatophenyl)-1,1,1,3,3,3,-hexafluoropropane; 2,2-bis(4-cyanatophenyl)propane; 1,1-ethylidenebis(phenyl-4-cyanate); and 2 others	Pharma
2929.90.15	Other aromatic compounds with other nitrogen function, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2929.90.20	Aromatic compounds with other nitrogen function, nesoi	Pharma
2929.90.50	Nonaromatic compounds with other nitrogen functions, except isocyanates	Pharma
2930.10.01	2-(N,N-Dimethylamino) ethanethiol	Pharma
2930.20.20	Aromatic compounds of thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates, excluding pesticides	Pharma
2930.20.90	Other non-aromatic thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates	Pharma
2930.30.60	Thiuram mono-, di- or tetrasulfides, other than tetramethylthiuram monosulfide	Pharma
2930.40.00	Methionine	Pharma
2930.60.00	2-(N,N-Diethylamino)ethanethiol	Pharma
2930.70.00	Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)sulfide (thiodiglycol (INN))	Pharma
2930.90.29	Other aromatic organo-sulfur compounds (excluding pesticides)	Pharma
2930.90.49	Nonaromatic organo-sulfur acids, nesoi	Pharma
2930.90.92	Other non-aromatic organo-sulfur compounds	Pharma
2931.41.00	Dimethyl methylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.42.00	Dimethyl propylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.43.00	Diethyl ethylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.44.00	Methylphosphonic acid	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2931.45.00	Salt of methylphosphonic acid and (aminoiminomethyl)urea (1:1)	Pharma
2931.46.00	2,4,6-Tripropyl-1,3,5,2,4,6-trioxatriphosphinane 2,4,6-trioxide	Pharma
2931.47.00	(5-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinan-5-yl) methyl methyl methylphosphonate	Pharma
2931.48.00	3,9-Dimethyl-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro [5.5] undecane 3,9-dioxide	Pharma
2931.49.00	Other non-halogenated organo-phosphorous derivatives	Pharma
2931.51.00	Methylphosphonic dichloride	Pharma
2931.52.00	Propylphosphonic dichloride	Pharma
2931.53.00	O-(3-chloropropyl) O-[4-nitro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methylphosphonothionate	Pharma
2931.54.00	Trichlorfon (ISO)	Pharma
2931.59.00	Other halogenated organo-phosphorous derivatives	Pharma
2931.90.22	Drugs of aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	Pharma
2931.90.30	Aromatic organo-inorganic compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2931.90.60	Other aromatic organo-inorganic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	Pharma
2931.90.90	Other non-aromatic organo-inorganic compounds	Pharma
2932.11.00	Tetrahydrofuran	Pharma
2932.14.00	Sucralose	Pharma
2932.19.10	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused furan ring, nesoi	Pharma
2932.19.51	Nonaromatic compounds containing an unfused furan ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the ring	Pharma
2932.20.05	Coumarin, methylcoumarins and ethylcoumarins	Pharma
2932.20.20	Aromatic drugs of lactones	Pharma
2932.20.25	4-Hydroxycoumarin	Pharma
2932.20.30	Aromatic lactones, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2932.20.45	Aromatic lactones, nesoi	Pharma
2932.20.50	Nonaromatic lactones	Pharma
2932.95.00	Tetrahydrocannabinols (all isomers)	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2932.99.04	2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl methylcarbamate (Bendiocarb)	Pharma
2932.99.08	2-Ethoxy-2,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-5-benzofuranylmethanesulfonate	Pharma
2932.99.21	Aromatic pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2932.99.32	Benzofuran (Coumarone); and Dibenzofuran (Diphenylene oxide)	Pharma
2932.99.35	2-Hydroxy-3-dibenzofurancarboxylic acid	Pharma
2932.99.39	Benzointetrahydropyranyl ester; and Xanthen-9-one	Pharma
2932.99.55	Bis-O-[(4-methylphenyl)methylene]-D-glucitol (Dimethylbenzylidene sorbitol); and Rhodamine 2C base	Pharma
2932.99.61	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	Pharma
2932.99.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2932.99.90	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.11.00	Phenazone (Antipyrine) and its derivatives	Pharma
2933.19.08	3-(5-Amino-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonic acid; amino-J-pyrazolone; and another 12 specified chemicals	Pharma
2933.19.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	Pharma
2933.19.37	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, containing an unfused pyrazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	Pharma
2933.19.43	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI), containing an unfused pyrazole ring in the structure	Pharma
2933.19.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2933.19.90	Other compounds (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic compounds and drugs) containing an unfused pyrazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	Pharma
2933.21.00	Hydantoin and its derivatives	Pharma
2933.29.05	1-[1-((4-Chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)imino)-2-propoxyethyl]-1H-imidazole (triflumizole); and ethylene thiourea	Pharma
2933.29.10	2-Phenylimidazole	Pharma
2933.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring	Pharma
2933.29.35	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in structure	Pharma
2933.29.43	Aromatic or modified aromatic goods containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	Pharma
2933.29.45	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.29.60	Imidazole	Pharma
2933.29.90	Other compounds (excluding drugs, aromatic and modified aromatic compounds) containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated)	Pharma
2933.31.00	Pyridine and its salts	Pharma
2933.33.01	Alfentanil (INN), anileridine (INN), bezitramide (INN), bromazepam (INN), difenoxin (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2933.34.00	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused pyrazole ring	Pharma
2933.35.00	3-Quinuclidinol	Pharma
2933.36.00	4-Anilino-N-phenethylpiperidine (ANPP)	Pharma
2933.37.00	N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)	Pharma
2933.39.08	1-(3-Sulfapropyl)pyridinium hydroxide; N,N-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-1,6-hexanediamine; and 5 other specified chemicals	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2933.39.10	Collidines, lutidines and picolines	Pharma
2933.39.20	p-Chloro-2-benzylpyridine and other specified heterocyclic compounds, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.21	Fungicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.23	o-Paraquat dichloride	Pharma
2933.39.25	Herbicides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.27	Pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring	Pharma
2933.39.31	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.39.41	Drugs containing an unfused pyridine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure, nesoi	Pharma
2933.39.61	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2933.39.92	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.41.00	Levorphenol (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2933.49.20	5-Chloro-7-iodo-8-quinolinol (Iodochlorhydroxyquin); Decoquinate; Diiodohydroxyquin; and Oxyquinoline sulfate	Pharma
2933.49.26	Drugs containing a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	Pharma
2933.49.60	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI containing quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	Pharma
2933.49.70	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a quinoline ring-system, not further fused, nesoi	Pharma

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
2933.53.00	Allobarbital (INN), amobarbital (INN), barbital (INN), butalbital (INN), butobarbital, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2933.54.00	Other derivatives of malonylurea (barbituric acid); salts thereof	Pharma
2933.55.00	Loprazolam (INN), mectoqualone (INN), methaqualone (INN) and zipeprol (INN); salts thereof	Pharma
2933.59.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.18	Nonaromatic pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.59.21	Antihistamines, including those principally used as antinauseants	Pharma
2933.59.22	Nicarbazin and trimethoprim	Pharma
2933.59.36	Anti-infective agents nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.46	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi	Pharma
2933.59.53	Other aromatic or modified aromatic drugs containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	Pharma
2933.59.59	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma
2933.59.70	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2933.59.80	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a pyrimidine or piperazine ring	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2933.59.85	2-Amino-4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidine; 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine; and 6-methyluracil	Pharma
2933.59.95	Other (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) compounds containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure	Pharma
2933.69.50	Hexamethylenetetramine	Pharma
2933.69.60	Other compounds containing an unfused triazine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	Pharma
2933.72.00	Clobazam (INN) and methyprylon (INN)	Pharma
2933.79.04	2,4-Dihydro-3,6-diphenylpyrrolo-(3,4-C)pyrrole-1,4-dione	Pharma
2933.79.08	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2933.79.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams, nesoi	Pharma
2933.79.20	N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; and 2-pyrrolidone	Pharma
2933.79.30	N-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidone, monomer	Pharma
2933.79.40	12-Aminododecanoic acid lactam	Pharma
2933.79.85	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.91.00	Alprazolam (INN), camazepam (INN), chlordiazepoxide (INN), clonazepam (INN), clorazepate, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2933.99.01	Butyl (R)-2-[4-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyloxy)phenoxy]propanoate	Pharma
2933.99.02	2-[4-[(6-Chloro-2-quinoxalinyloxy)oxy]phenoxy]propionic acid, ethyl ester; and 1 other specified aromatic chemical	Pharma
2933.99.05	Acridine and indole	Pharma
2933.99.06	a-Butyl-a-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile (Mycolbutanil); and one other specified aromatic chemical	Pharma
2933.99.08	Acetoacetyl-5-aminobenzimidazolone; 1,3,3-Trimethyl-2-methyleneindoline; and two other specified aromatic chemicals	Pharma
2933.99.11	Carbazole	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2933.99.12	6-Bromo-5-methyl-1H-imidazo-(4,5-b)pyridine; 2-sec-butyl-4-tert-butyl-6-(benzotriazol-2-yl)phenol; 2-methylindoline; and other specific	Pharma
2933.99.14	5-Amino-4-chloro-a-phenyl-3-pyridazinone	Pharma
2933.99.16	o-Diquat dibromide (1,1-Ethylene-2,2-dipyridylum dibromide)	Pharma
2933.99.17	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.22	Other heterocyclic aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.24	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	Pharma
2933.99.26	Aromatic or modified aromatic antihistamines of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	Pharma
2933.99.42	Acriflavin; Acriflavin hydrochloride; Carbadox; Pyrazinamide	Pharma
2933.99.46	Aromatic or modified aromatic anti-infective agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.51	Hydralazine hydrochloride	Pharma
2933.99.53	Aromatic or modified aromatic cardiovascular drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.55	Aromatic or modified aromatic analgesics and certain like affecting chemicals, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	Pharma
2933.99.58	Droperidol; and Imipramine hydrochloride	Pharma
2933.99.61	Aromatic or modified aromatic psychotherapeutic agents, affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.65	Aromatic or modified aromatic anticonvulsants, hypnotics and sedatives, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.70	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2933.99.75	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.79	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2933.99.82	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.85	3-Amino-1,2,4-triazole	Pharma
2933.99.89	Hexamethyleneimine	Pharma
2933.99.90	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2933.99.97	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi	Pharma
2934.10.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds containing an unfused thiazole ring, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2934.10.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds, nesoi, containing an unfused thiazole ring	Pharma
2934.10.70	4,5-Dichloro-2-n-octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one; thiothiamine hydrochloride; and 4 other specified chemicals	Pharma
2934.10.90	Other (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) compounds containing an unfused thiazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure	Pharma
2934.20.40	Heterocyclic compounds containing a benzothiazole ring-system, not further fused, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2934.20.80	Other compounds containing a benzothiazole ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	Pharma
2934.30.18	Ethyl (1H-phenothiazin-2,4,1)carbamate	Pharma
2934.30.23	Antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents containing a phenothiazine ring-system, not further fused	Pharma
2934.30.27	Other drugs containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2934.30.43	Products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused	Pharma
2934.30.50	Heterocyclic compounds containing a phenothiazine ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi	Pharma
2934.91.00	Aminorex (INN), brotizolam (INN), clotiazepam (INN), cloxazolam (INN), dextromoramide (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2934.92.00	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused thiazole ring	Pharma
2934.99.01	Mycophenolate mofetil	Pharma
2934.99.03	2-Acetylbenzo(b)thiophene; and 2 other specified aromatic or modified aromatic compounds	Pharma
2934.99.05	5-Amino-3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazole(3-Phenyl-5-amino-1,2,4-thiadiazole); and 3 other specified aromatic/mod. aromatic heterocyclic compounds	Pharma
2934.99.06	7-Nitronaphth[1,2]oxadiazole-5-sulfonic acid and its salts	Pharma
2934.99.07	Ethyl 2-[4-[(6-chloro-2-benzoxazoyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate (Fenoxaprop- ethyl)	Pharma
2934.99.08	2,5-Diphenyloxazole	Pharma
2934.99.09	1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one	Pharma
2934.99.11	2-tert-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-5-isopropoxyphenyl)-delta(squared)-1,3,4-oxadiazolin-5-one; Bentazon; Phosalone	Pharma
2934.99.12	Aromatic or modified aromatic fungicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.15	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.16	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.18	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2934.99.30	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.39	Aromatic or modified aromatic, other heterocyclic compounds, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2934.99.44	Aromatic or modified aromatic, other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.47	Nonaromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2934.99.70	Morpholinoethyl chloride hydrochloride; 2-Methyl-2,5-dioxo-1-oxa-2-phospholan; and (6R-trans)-7-Amino-3-methyl-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]-oct-2-ene-2- carboxylic acid	Pharma
2934.99.90	Nonaromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
2935.90.06	4-Amino-6-chloro-m-benzenedisulfonamide and Methyl-4-aminobenzenesulfonylcarbamate (Asulam)	Pharma
2935.90.29	Acetlysulfaguanidine	Pharma
2935.90.30	Sulfamethazine	Pharma
2935.90.32	Acetylulfisoxazole; Sulfacetamide, sodium; and Sulfamethazine, sodium	Pharma
2935.90.33	Sulfathiazole and Sulfathiazole, sodium	Pharma
2935.90.42	Salicylazosulfapyridine (Sulfasalazine); Sulfadiazine; Sulfaguanidine; Sulfamerizine; and Sulfapyridine	Pharma
2935.90.48	Other sulfonamides used as anti-infective agents	Pharma
2935.90.60	Other sulfonamide drugs (excluding anti-infective agents)	Pharma
2935.90.75	Other sulfonamides (excluding fast color bases, fast color salts, and drugs) of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2935.90.95	Other sulfonamides, excluding fast color bases, fast color salts, and drugs and products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2936.21.00	Vitamins A and their derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.22.00	Vitamin B1 (Thiamine) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.23.00	Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.24.01	Vitamin B5 (D- or DL-Pantothenic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2936.25.00	Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine and related compounds with Vitamin B6 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.26.00	Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin and related compounds with Vitamin B12 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.27.00	Vitamin C (Ascorbic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.28.00	Vitamin E (Tocopherols and related compounds with Vitamin E activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized	Pharma
2936.29.10	Folic acid and its derivatives, unmixed	Pharma
2936.29.16	Niacin and niacinamide	Pharma
2936.29.20	Aromatic or modified aromatic vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2936.29.50	Other vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2936.90.01	Vitamins or provitamins (including natural concentrates) and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent	Pharma
2937.11.00	Somatotropin, its derivatives and structural analogues	Pharma
2937.12.00	Insulin and its salts	Pharma
2937.19.00	Polypeptide hormones, protein hormones and glycoprotein hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	Pharma
2937.21.00	Cortisone, hydrocortisone, prednisone (Dehydrocortisone) and prednisolone (Dehydrohydrocortisone)	Pharma
2937.22.00	Halogenated derivatives of corticosteroidal hormones	Pharma
2937.23.10	Estrogens and progestins obtained directly or indirectly from animal or vegetable materials	Pharma
2937.23.25	Estradiol benzoate; and Estradiol cyclopentylpropionate (estradiol cypionate)	Pharma
2937.23.50	Other estrogens and progestins not derived from animal or vegetable materials, nesoi	Pharma
2937.29.10	Desonide; and Nandrolone phenpropionate	Pharma
2937.29.90	Steroidal hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2937.50.00	Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, their derivatives and structural analogues	Pharma
2937.90.05	Epinephrine	Pharma
2937.90.10	Epinephrine hydrochloride	Pharma
2937.90.20	Catecholamine hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi	Pharma
2937.90.40	I-Thyroxine(Levothyroxine), sodium	Pharma
2937.90.45	Amino-acid derivatives of hormones and their derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2937.90.90	Other hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, other steroid derivatives and structural analogue used primarily as hormones, nesoi	Pharma
2938.10.00	Rutoside (Rutin) and its derivatives	Pharma
2938.90.00	Glycosides, natural or synthesized, and their salts, ethers, esters, and other derivatives other than rutoside and its derivatives	Pharma
2939.11.00	Concentrates of poppy straw; buprenorphine (INN), codeine, dihydrocodeine (INN), ethylmorphine, and other specified INNs; salts thereof	Pharma
2939.19.10	Papaverine and its salts	Pharma
2939.19.20	Synthetic alkaloids of opium, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.19.50	Nonsynthetic alkaloids of opium, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.20.00	Alkaloids of cinchona, their derivatives and salts thereof, other than quinine and its salts	Pharma
2939.30.00	Caffeine and its salts	Pharma
2939.41.00	Ephedrine and its salts	Pharma
2939.42.00	Pseudoephedrine and its salts	Pharma
2939.43.00	Cathine (INN) and its salts	Pharma
2939.44.00	Norephedrine and its salts	Pharma
2939.45.00	Levometamfetamine, metamfetamine (INN), metamfetamine racemate and their salts	Pharma
2939.49.03	Alkaloids of ephedra and their salts, other than ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, cathine, norephedrine, levometamfetamine and their salts	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2939.51.00	Fenetylline (INN) its salts	Pharma
2939.59.00	Theophylline aminophylline (Theophylline-ethylenediamine), their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.61.00	Ergometrine and its salts	Pharma
2939.62.00	Ergotamine and its salts	Pharma
2939.63.00	Lysergic acid and its salts	Pharma
2939.69.00	Alkaloids of rye ergot, their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2939.72.00	Cocaine, ecgonine; salts, esters and other derivatives thereof	Pharma
2939.79.00	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, their salts and other derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2939.80.00	Other alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives, nesoi	Pharma
2940.00.60	Other sugars, nesoi, excluding d-arabinose	Pharma
2941.10.10	Ampicillin and its salts	Pharma
2941.10.20	Penicillin G salts	Pharma
2941.10.30	Carfecillin, sodium; cloxacillin, sodium; dicloxacillin, sodium; flucloxacillin (Floxacillin); and oxacillin, sodium	Pharma
2941.10.50	Penicillins and their derivatives nesoi, with a penicillanic acid structure; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.20.50	Streptomycins and their derivatives; salts thereof, nesoi	Pharma
2941.30.00	Tetracyclines and their derivatives; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.40.00	Chloramphenicol and their derivatives; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.50.00	Erythromycin and their derivatives; salts thereof	Pharma
2941.90.10	Natural antibiotics, nesoi	Pharma
2941.90.30	Antibiotics nesoi, aromatic or modified aromatic, other than natural	Pharma
2941.90.50	Antibiotics nesoi, other than aromatic or modified aromatic antibiotics	Pharma
2942.00.03	[2,2'-Thiobis(4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-n-butyl)phenolato)(2,1)]-O,O',S-s(1-butanamine), nickel II	Pharma
2942.00.05	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other organic compounds, nesoi	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
2942.00.10	Aromatic or modified aromatic organic compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI	Pharma
2942.00.35	Other aromatic or modified aromatic organic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)	Pharma
2942.00.50	Nonaromatic organic compounds, nesoi	Pharma
3001.20.00	Extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions for organotherapeutic uses	Pharma
3001.90.01	Glands and other organs for organotherapeutic uses, dried, whether or not powdered	Pharma
3002.12.00	Antisera and other blood fractions including human blood and fetal bovine serum	Pharma
3002.13.00	Immunological products, unmixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	Pharma
3002.14.00	Immunological products, mixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	Pharma
3002.15.00	Immunological products, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale	Pharma
3002.41.00	Vaccines for human medicine	Pharma
3002.42.00	Vaccines for veterinary medicine	Pharma
3002.49.00	Toxins or cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts)	Pharma
3002.51.00	Cell therapy products	Pharma
3002.59.00	Other cell cultures, other than cell therapy products	Pharma
3002.90.10	Ferments, excluding yeasts	Pharma
3002.90.52	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic, diagnostic uses; antisera; antiallergenic preparations nesoi and like products	Pharma
3003.10.00	Medicaments, containing penicillins or streptomycins, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.31.00	Medicaments containing insulin, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.39.10	Medicaments containing artificial mixtures of natural hormones, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3003.39.50	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937, nesoi, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.43.00	Medicaments containing norephedrine or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.60.00	Other medicaments containing antimalarial active principles described in subheading note 2 to this chapter, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3003.90.01	Other medicaments (excluding goods of heading 3002, 3005 or 3006) consisting of two or more constituents mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, not dosage form and not packed for retail	Pharma
3004.10.10	Medicaments containing penicillin G salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.10.50	Medicaments containing penicillins or streptomycins, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.20.00	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.31.00	Medicaments containing insulin, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.32.00	Medicaments containing adrenal cortical hormones, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.39.00	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937 nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.41.00	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.42.00	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.43.00	Medicaments containing norephedrine or its salts, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3004.49.00	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.10	Medicaments containing vitamin B2 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.20	Medicaments containing vitamin B12 synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.30	Medicaments containing vitamin E synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.40	Medicaments containing vitamins nesoi, synthesized from aromatic or modified aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.50.50	Medicaments containing vitamins or other products of heading 2936, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.60.00	Other medicaments containing antimalarial active principles described in subheading note 2 to this chapter, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.90.10	Medicaments containing antigens or hyaluronic acid or its sodium salt, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3004.90.92	Medicaments nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail	Pharma
3006.30.10	Opacifying preparation for X-ray examination; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient; all containing antigens or antisera	Pharma
3006.30.50	Opacifying preparations for X-ray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient, nesoi	Pharma
3006.60.00	Chemical contraceptive preparations based on hormones or spermicides	Pharma
3006.70.00	Gel preparations designed to be used in human/veterinary medicine as a lubricant in surgical operation, physical exam or coupling agent between body and medical instrument	Pharma
3006.92.00	Waste pharmaceuticals	Pharma
3006.93.10	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, packaged with medicinal preparations	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3006.93.20	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing over 10% by dry weight of sugar	Pharma
3006.93.50	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing ingredients having nutritional value	Pharma
3006.93.60	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, in liquid form for oral intake	Pharma
3006.93.80	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing other chemicals other than medicaments	Pharma
3104.20.00	Potassium chloride	
3104.30.00	Potassium sulfate	
3104.90.01	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic, nesoi	
3203.00.80	Coloring matter of vegetable or animal origin, nesoi	Pharma
3204.13.60	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon, described in additional U.S note 3 to section VI	Pharma
3204.13.80	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon, nesoi	Pharma
3204.18.00	Carotenoid coloring matters and preparations based thereon	Pharma
3204.90.00	Synthetic organic coloring matter or preparations based thereon, nesoi; synthetic organic products used as luminophores	Pharma
3206.11.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide, containing 80 percent or more by weight of titanium dioxide calculated on the dry weight	
3206.19.00	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide, nesoi	
3301.19.51	Essential oils of citrus fruit, other, nesoi	
3301.29.10	Essential oils of eucalyptus	
3301.29.51	Essential oils other than those of citrus fruit, other, nesoi, for religious purposes only	Ex
3301.30.00	Resinoids	
3401.30.10	Organic surface-active products for washing skin, in liquid or cream form, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic surface-active agent, put up for retail	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3402.42.10	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, aromatic or modified aromatic	Pharma
3402.42.20	Fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin; non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than aromatic or modified aromatic	Pharma
3402.42.90	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin, other than aromatic or modified aromatic	Pharma
3402.50.11	Preparations of organic surface-active agents, put up for retail sale, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic surface-active agent	Pharma
3507.90.70	Enzymes and prepared enzymes, nesoi	Pharma
3606.90.30	Ferrocerium and other pyrophoric alloys in all forms	
3802.10.00	Activated carbon	Pharma
3808.59.40	Disinfectants specified in subheading note 1 to chapter 38	Pharma
3808.59.50	Pesticides, nesoi, specified in subheading note 1 to chapter 38	Pharma
3808.61.50	Pesticides, nesoi, not exceeding 300g, specified in subheading note 2 to chapter 38	Pharma
3808.94.10	Disinfectants, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic disinfectant	Pharma
3808.94.50	Disinfectants not included in subheading note 1 of chapter 38, nesoi	Pharma
3812.31.00	Mixtures of oligomers of 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline (TMQ)	Pharma
3815.11.00	Supported catalysts with nickel or nickel compounds as the active substance	Pharma
3815.12.00	Supported catalysts with precious metal or precious metal compounds as the active substance	Pharma
3815.90.50	Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations, nesoi	Pharma
3823.11.00	Stearic acid	
3823.12.00	Oleic acid	
3823.19.20	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids or acid oils from refining derived from coconut, palm-kernel, or palm oil	
3823.70.40	Industrial fatty alcohols, other than oleyl, derived from fatty substances of animal or vegetable origin	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3824.81.00	Chemical mixtures containing oxirane (ethylene oxide)	Pharma
3824.82.10	Goods specified in subheading note 3 to chapter 38, containing PCBs, PCTs or PBBs, chlorinated but not otherwise halogenated, nesoi	Pharma
3824.82.90	Goods specified in subheading note 3 to chapter 38, containing PCBs, PCTs or PBBs, other than chlorinated only, nesoi	Pharma
3824.83.00	Containing tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate	Pharma
3824.84.00	Other mixtures containing aldrin, camphechlor (toxaphene), chlordane, chlordecone, DDT (clofenatone), 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane), dieldrin, endosulfan, endrin, heptachlor or mirex	Pharma
3824.85.00	Mixtures containing 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH (ISO)), including lindane (ISO,INN)	Pharma
3824.86.00	Mixtures containing pentachlorobenzene (ISO) or hexachlorobenzene (ISO)	Pharma
3824.87.00	Mixtures containing perfluorooctane sulfonic acid, its salts, perfluorooctane sulfonamides, or perfluorooctane sulfonyl fluoride	Pharma
3824.88.00	Mixtures containing tetra-, penta-, hexa-, hepta-, or octabromodiphenyl ethers	Pharma
3824.89.00	Mixtures containing short-chain chlorinated paraffins	Pharma
3824.91.00	Mixtures consisting mainly of methylphosphonate etc.	Pharma
3824.92.00	Polyglycol esters mixtures of methylphosphonic acid	Pharma
3824.99.25	Mixtures of triphenyl sulfonium chloride, diphenyl (4-phenylthio)phenyl sulfonium chloride and (thiodi-4,1-phenylene)bis(diphenyl sulfonium) dichloride	Pharma
3824.99.29	Mixtures containing 5% or more by weight of one or more aromatic or modified aromatic substance, nesoi	Pharma
3824.99.49	Mixtures that are in whole or in part of hydrocarbons derived in whole or in part from petroleum, shale oil or natural gas	Pharma
3824.99.50	Mixtures chlorinated but not otherwise halogenated	Pharma
3824.99.55	Mixtures of halogenated hydrocarbons, nesoi	Pharma
3824.99.93	Chemical products and preparations and residual products of the chemical or allied industries, nesoi	Pharma
3826.00.30	Biodiesel containing less than 70% petroleum or bituminous oil	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3827.13.00	Mixtures containing carbon tetrachloride	Pharma
3827.14.00	Mixtures containing methyl chloroform	Pharma
3827.40.00	Mixtures containing bromomethane or bromochloromethane	Pharma
3901.90.90	Polymers of ethylene, nesoi, in primary forms, other than elastomeric	Pharma
3902.90.00	Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3904.61.00	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), in primary forms	Pharma
3905.91.10	Copolymers of vinyl esters or other vinyls, in primary forms, containing by weight 50% or more of derivatives of vinyl acetate	Pharma
3905.91.50	Copolymers of vinyl esters or other vinyls, in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3905.99.80	Polymers of vinyl esters or other vinyl polymers, in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3906.90.50	Acrylic polymers (except plastics or elastomers), in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3907.10.00	Polyacetals in primary forms	Pharma
3907.21.00	Bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate	Pharma
3907.29.00	Polyethers, other than polyacetals or bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate, in primary forms	Pharma
3907.30.00	Epoxide resins in primary forms	Pharma
3907.61.00	Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number of 78 ml/g or higher	Pharma
3907.69.00	Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number less than 78 ml/g	Pharma
3907.70.00	Poly(lactic acid)	Pharma
3907.99.50	Other polyesters nesoi, saturated, in primary forms	Pharma
3908.10.00	Polyamide-6, -11, -12, -6,6, -6,9, -6,10 or -6,12 in primary form	Pharma
3908.90.20	Bis(4-amino-3-methylcyclohexyl)methaneisophthalic acid-laurolactam copolymer	Pharma
3909.10.00	Urea resins; thiourea resins	Pharma
3909.40.00	Phenolic resins	Pharma

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3910.00.00	Silicones in primary forms	Pharma
3911.20.00	Poly(1,3-phenylene methylphosphonate)	Pharma
3911.90.25	Thermoplastic polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, containing aromatic monomer units or derived therefrom	Pharma
3911.90.45	Thermosetting polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, containing aromatic monomer units or derived therefrom	Pharma
3911.90.91	Polysulfides, polysulfones and other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, nesoi	Pharma
3912.20.00	Cellulose nitrates (including collodions), in primary forms	Pharma
3912.31.00	Carboxymethylcellulose and its salts	Pharma
3912.39.00	Cellulose ethers, other than carboxymethylcellulose and its salts, in primary forms	Pharma
3912.90.00	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3913.90.20	Polysaccharides and their derivatives, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3913.90.50	Natural polymers and modified natural polymers, nesoi, in primary forms	Pharma
3914.00.20	Cross-linked polyvinylbenzyltrimethylammonium chloride (Cholestyramine resin USP)	Pharma
3914.00.60	Ion-exchangers based on polymers of headings 3901 to 3913, in primary forms, nesoi	Pharma
3917.21.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of ethylene	Aircraft
3917.22.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of propylene	Aircraft
3917.23.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of vinyl chloride	Aircraft
3917.29.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of other plastics nesoi	Aircraft
3917.31.00	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, having a minimum burst pressure of 27.6 MPa	Aircraft
3917.33.00	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi, with fittings, not reinforced or otherwise combined with other materials	Aircraft
3917.39.00	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
3917.40.00	Fittings of plastics, for plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi	Aircraft
3926.90.45	Gaskets, washers and other seals, of plastics	Aircraft
3926.90.94	Cards, not punched, suitable for use as, or in making, jacquard cards; Jacquard cards and jacquard heads for power-driven weaving machines, and parts thereof; and transparent sheeting of plastics containing 30% or more by weight of lead	Aircraft
3926.90.96	Casing for bicycle derailleur cables; and casing for cable or inner wire for caliper and cantilever brakes, whether or not cut to length; of plastic	Aircraft
3926.90.99	Other articles of plastic, nesoi	Aircraft
4001.10.00	Natural rubber latex, whether or not prevulcanized	
4001.21.00	Natural rubber smoked sheets	
4001.22.00	Technically specified natural rubber (TSNR), in primary forms	
4001.29.00	Natural rubber in primary forms other than latex, smoked sheets or technically specified natural rubber (TSNR)	
4001.30.00	Balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle and similar natural rubber gums, in primary forms	
4008.29.20	Rods and profile shapes of vulcanized, noncellular rubber, other than hard rubber	Aircraft
4009.12.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, not reinforced or combined with other materials, with fittings	Aircraft
4009.22.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined only with metal, with fittings	Aircraft
4009.32.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined only with textile materials, with fittings	Aircraft
4009.42.00	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined with other materials nesoi, with fittings	Aircraft
4011.30.00	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on aircraft	Aircraft
4012.13.00	Retreaded pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on aircraft	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4012.20.10	Used pneumatic tires of rubber, for aircraft	Aircraft
4016.10.00	Articles of vulcanized cellular rubber other than hard rubber	Aircraft
4016.93.50	Gaskets, washers and other seals, of noncellular vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, not for use in automotive goods of chapter 87	Aircraft
4016.99.35	Articles made of noncellular vulcanized natural rubber, not used as vibration control goods in vehicles of headings 8701 through 8705, nesoi	Aircraft
4016.99.60	Articles of noncellular vulcanized synthetic rubber other than hard rubber	Aircraft
4017.00.00	Hard rubber (for example, ebonite) in all forms, including waste and scrap; articles of hard rubber	Aircraft
4403.41.00	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti or Meranti Bakau, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4403.42.00	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of teak, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4403.49.02	Wood in the rough or roughly squared, of tropical wood other than Teak or Meranti, not treated with paint, stain, creosote, or other preservatives	
4407.21.00	Mahogany ( <i>Swietenia spp.</i> ), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.22.00	Virola, Imbuia and Balsa, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.23.01	Teak, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.25.00	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.26.00	White Lauan, White Meranti, White Seraya, Yellow Meranti and Alan wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.27.00	Sapelli wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4407.28.00	Iroko wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4407.29.02	Tropical wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick	
4408.31.01	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau veneer sheets, for plywood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, not over 6 mm thick	
4408.39.02	Other tropical wood veneer sheets, for plywood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, not over 6 mm thick	
4409.22.05	Nonconiferous tropical wood continuously shaped along any ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any edges or faces	
4409.22.10	Nonconiferous tropical wood siding, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.25	Nonconiferous tropical wood flooring, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.40	Nonconiferous tropical wood standard moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.50	Other nonconiferous tropical wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.60	Plain nonconiferous tropical wood dowel rods, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.65	Nonconiferous tropical wood dowel rods, sanded, grooved or otherwise advanced in condition, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4409.22.90	Other nonconiferous tropical wood, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends	
4412.31.06	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, birch face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
4412.31.26	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, Spanish cedar or walnut face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.42	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, with mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.45	Plywood sheets not over 3.6 mm thick, exceeding 1.2 m width and 2.2 m length, tropical wood outer ply, not mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.48	Plywood sheets not over 3.6 mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, not mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, nesoi	
4412.31.52	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood nesoi outer ply, with face ply nesoi, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.61	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, with certain specified tropical wood outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.31.92	Plywood sheets not over 6 mm thick, tropical wood nesoi at least one outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.41.00	Laminated veneered lumber with outer ply of tropical wood	
4412.51.10	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.51.31	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of birch	
4412.51.41	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood, surface covered other than clear or transparent	
4412.51.51	Blockboard, laminboard and battenboard other than of plywood nesoi, outer ply of tropical wood	
4412.91.06	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, outer ply of tropical wood, containing particle board	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4412.91.10	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, with face ply of birch	
4412.91.31	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface covered beyond clear or transparent, not with face ply of birch	
4412.91.41	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, plywood with outer ply of tropical wood, surface covered beyond clear or transparent	
4412.91.51	Not blockboard, laminboard or battenboard, veneered panels and similar laminated wood with outer ply of tropical wood, nesoi	
4501.10.00	Natural cork, raw or simply prepared	
4501.90.20	Waste cork	
4501.90.40	Crushed, granulated or ground cork	
4502.00.00	Natural cork, debacked or roughly squared or in rectangular blocks, plates, sheets or strip (including sharp-edged blanks for corks or stoppers)	
4503.10.20	Corks and stoppers of natural cork, tapered and of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter, not over 19mm maximum diameter	
4503.10.30	Corks and stoppers wholly of natural cork, tapered and of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter, over 19mm maximum diameter	
4503.10.40	Corks and stoppers of natural cork, tapered and of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter, over 19mm maximum diameter, nesoi	
4503.10.60	Corks and stoppers of natural cork, of a thickness (or length) not greater than the maximum diameter	
4503.90.20	Disks, wafers and washers of natural cork	
4503.90.40	Natural cork wallcoverings, backed with paper or otherwise reinforced	
4503.90.60	Articles of natural cork, other than corks and stoppers	
4504.10.10	Vulcanized sheets and slabs wholly of agglomerated ground or pulverized cork and rubber	
4504.10.20	Insulation of compressed agglomerated cork, coated or not coated	
4504.10.30	Floor coverings of agglomerated cork	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4504.10.40	Agglomerated cork wallcoverings, backed with paper or otherwise reinforced	
4504.10.45	Agglomerated cork stoppers, not tapered, wholly of cork, of a thickness (or length) greater than the maximum diameter	
4504.10.47	Corks, stoppers, disks, wafers and washers of agglomerated cork, nesoi	
4504.10.50	Blocks, plates, sheets and strip; tiles of any shape; solid cylinder; all the foregoing of cork; all the foregoing, nesoi	
4504.90.00	Agglomerated cork and articles of cork, nesoi	
4601.22.40	Woven or partly assembled materials of rattan for mats, matting and screens	
4601.22.80	Rattan floor coverings	
4601.22.90	Mats, matting and screens of rattan, nesoi	
4601.29.40	Woven or partly assembled materials of willow for mats, matting and screens	
4601.93.01	Rattan webbing for mats, matting and screens	
4601.93.05	Plaits of rattan and similar products of such plaiting materials, whether or not assembled into strips	
4601.93.20	Products of rattan other than plaits and similar products such as plaiting materials.	
4602.12.05	Fishing baskets or creels made from rattan	
4602.12.14	Baskets and bags of rattan wickerwork	
4602.12.16	Baskets and bags of rattan other than wickerwork	
4602.12.23	Articles of a kind normally carried in the pocket or in the handbag, of rattan	
4602.12.25	Luggage, handbags and flat goods, whether or not lined, of rattan, nesoi	
4602.12.35	Articles of wickerwork, nesoi, of rattan	
4602.12.45	Basketwork and other articles, nesoi, of rattan	
4823.90.10	Articles of paper pulp, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.20	Articles of papier-mâché, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.31	Cards of paper or paperboard, nesoi, not punched, for punchcard machines, whether or not in strips	Aircraft
4823.90.40	Frames or mounts for photographic slides of paper or paperboard	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
4823.90.50	Hand fans of paper or paperboard	Aircraft
4823.90.60	Gaskets, washers and other seals of coated paper or paperboard	Aircraft
4823.90.67	Coated paper or paperboard, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.70	Articles of cellulose wadding, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.80	Gaskets, washers and other seals of paper, paperboard and webs of cellulose fibers, nesoi	Aircraft
4823.90.86	Articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding or webs of cellulose fibers, nesoi	Aircraft
5001.00.00	Silkworm cocoons suitable for reeling	
5002.00.00	Raw silk (not thrown)	
5003.00.10	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), not carded or combed	
5003.00.90	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), carded or combed	
5004.00.00	Silk yarns (other than yarn spun from silk waste), not put up for retail sale	
5005.00.00	Yarn spun from silk waste, not put up for retail sale	
5006.00.10	Spun yarn, containing 85% or more by weight of silk, put up for retail sale; silkworm gut	
5006.00.90	Spun silk yarn, containing less than 85% by weight of silk, put up for retail sale	
5007.10.30	Woven fabrics of noil silk, containing 85% or more by weight of silk or silk waste	
5007.10.60	Woven fabrics of noil silk, containing less than 85% by weight of silk or silk waste	
5007.20.00	Woven fabrics containing 85% or more by weight of silk or silk waste, other than noil silk	
5007.90.30	Woven silk fabrics, containing 85% or more by weight of silk or silk waste, nesoi	
5102.11.90	Fine hair of Kashmir (cashmere) goats, processed beyond the degreased or carbonized condition, not carded or combed	
5102.19.20	Fine hair of the camel, not processed in any manner beyond the degreased or carbonized condition, not carded or combed	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
6812.80.90	Articles or mixtures of crocidolite, nesoi	Aircraft
6812.99.10	Paper, millboard and felt of asbestos, other than crocidolite	Aircraft
6812.99.20	Compressed asbestos (other than crocidolite) fiber jointing, in sheets or rolls	Aircraft
6812.99.90	Articles of mixtures of or with a basis of asbestos, nesoi, other than crocidolite	Aircraft
6813.20.00	Friction material and articles thereof, containing asbestos	Aircraft
6813.81.00	Brake linings and pads not containing asbestos	Aircraft
6813.89.00	Friction material and articles thereof with a basis of mineral substances (other than asbestos) or of cellulose, nesoi	Aircraft
7007.21.11	Laminated safety glass windshields, of size and shape suitable for incorporation in vehicles (other than for goods of headings 8701 through 8705), aircraft, spacecraft or vessels	Aircraft
7101.10.30	Natural pearls, graded and temporarily strung for convenience of transport	
7101.10.60	Natural pearls, not strung, mounted or set	
7102.10.00	Diamonds, unsorted, whether or not worked	
7102.31.00	Nonindustrial diamonds, unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruted	
7102.39.00	Nonindustrial diamonds, worked, but not mounted or set	
7103.10.20	Precious stones (other than diamonds) and semiprecious stones, unworked	
7103.10.40	Precious stones (other than diamonds) and semiprecious stones, simply sawn or roughly shaped	
7103.91.00	Rubies, sapphires and emeralds, worked, whether or not graded, but not strung, mounted or set	
7103.99.10	Precious or semiprecious stones, nesoi, cut but not set, suitable for use in the manufacture of jewelry	
7103.99.50	Precious or semiprecious stones, nesoi, worked, whether or not graded, but not strung, mounted or set	
7110.11.00	Platinum, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.19.00	Platinum, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.21.00	Palladium, unwrought or in powder form	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7110.29.00	Palladium, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.31.00	Rhodium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.39.00	Rhodium, in semimanufactured forms	
7110.41.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, unwrought or in powder form	
7110.49.00	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, in semimanufactured forms	
	Platinum waste and scrap, including metal clad with platinum, excluding sweepings containing other precious metals, other than goods of heading 8549	
7112.92.01		
7118.90.00	Coins, nesoi	
7201.10.00	Nonalloy pig iron containing by weight 0.5% or less of phosphorus	
7201.20.00	Nonalloy pig iron containing by weight more than 0.5% of phosphorus	
7201.50.30	Alloy pig iron in blocks or other primary forms	
7202.11.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 2% but not more than 4% of carbon	
7202.11.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 4% of carbon	
7202.19.10	Ferromanganese containing by weight not more than 1% of carbon	
7202.19.50	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 1% but not more than 2% of carbon	
7202.30.00	Ferrosilicon manganese	
7202.41.00	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 4% of carbon	
7202.49.10	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 3% but not more than 4% of carbon	
7202.49.50	Ferrochromium containing by weight 3% or less of carbon	
7202.50.00	Ferrosilicon chromium	
7202.60.00	Ferronickel	
7202.80.00	Ferrotungsten and ferrosilicon tungsten	
7202.91.00	Ferrotitanium and ferrosilicon titanium	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7202.93.40	Ferroniobium containing by weight less than 0.02% of phosphorus or sulfur or less than 0.4% of silicon	
7202.93.80	Ferroniobium, nesoi	
7204.21.00	Stainless steel waste and scrap	
7205.10.00	Pig iron, spiegeleisen, and iron or steel granules	
7304.31.30	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, hollow bars with circular cross section	Aircraft
7304.31.60	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.39.00	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.41.30	Stainless steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section and external diameter of less than 19mm	Aircraft
7304.41.60	Stainless steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section and external diameter of 19mm or more	Aircraft
7304.49.00	Stainless steel, seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section	Aircraft
7304.51.10	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for manufacture of ball or roller bearings	Aircraft
7304.51.50	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.59.10	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for manufacture of ball or roller bearings	Aircraft
7304.59.20	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for boilers, heaters, etc.	Aircraft
7304.59.60	Heat-resisting alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7304.59.80	Alloy steel (other than heat-resist or stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi	Aircraft
7304.90.10	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7304.90.30	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7304.90.50	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7304.90.70	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.30.10	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm	Aircraft
7306.30.30	Nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross-section and external diameter 406.4mm or less, tapered pipes and tubes, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm+, principally used as parts of illuminating articles	Aircraft
7306.30.50	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, pipes, tubes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.40.10	Stainless steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm	Aircraft
7306.40.50	Stainless steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.50.10	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm	Aircraft
7306.50.30	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter 406.4mm or less, tapered pipes and tubes, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more, principally used as parts of illuminating articles	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7306.50.50	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.61.10	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.61.30	Alloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.61.50	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.61.70	Alloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.69.10	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.69.30	Alloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross-section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more	Aircraft
7306.69.50	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7306.69.70	Alloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm	Aircraft
7312.10.05	Stainless steel, stranded wire, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.10	Stainless steel, stranded wire, not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.20	Iron or steel (other than stainless), stranded wire, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.30	Iron or steel (other than stainless), stranded wire, not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7312.10.50	Stainless steel, ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.60	Stainless steel, ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.70	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7312.10.80	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage, of brass plated wire (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, without fittings or articles	Aircraft
7312.10.90	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage, other than of brass plate wire (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, without fittings or articles	Aircraft
7312.90.00	Iron or steel (other than stainless), plaited bands, slings and the like, not electrically insulated	Aircraft
7322.90.00	Iron or steel, non-electrically heated air heaters and hot air distributors with motor driven fan or blower and parts thereof	Aircraft
7324.10.00	Stainless steel, sinks and wash basins	Aircraft
7324.90.00	Iron or steel, sanitary ware (other than baths or stainless steel sinks and wash basins) and parts thereof	Aircraft
7326.20.00	Iron or steel, articles of wire, nesoi	Aircraft
7413.00.90	Copper, stranded wire, cables, plaited bands and the like, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles	Aircraft
7501.10.00	Nickel mattes	
7502.10.00	Nickel (other than alloy), unwrought	
7502.20.00	Nickel alloys, unwrought	
7503.00.00	Nickel, waste and scrap	
7504.00.00	Nickel, powders and flakes	
7508.90.50	Nickel, articles of nesoi	Pharma
7608.10.00	Aluminum (other than alloy), tubes and pipes	Aircraft
7608.20.00	Aluminum alloy, tubes and pipes	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
7901.11.00	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, containing 99.99% or more by weight of zinc	
7901.12.10	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5% but less than 99.99% by weight of zinc	
7901.12.50	Zinc (other than alloy), unwrought, other than casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5% but less than 99.99% by weight of zinc	
7901.20.00	Zinc alloy, unwrought	
7902.00.00	Zinc, waste and scrap	
7903.90.30	Zinc, powders	
7907.00.60	Zinc, articles (other than for household, table or kitchen use), nesoi	Pharma
8001.10.00	Tin (other than alloy), unwrought	
8001.20.00	Tin alloy, unwrought	
8002.00.00	Tin, waste and scrap	
8007.00.50	Tin, articles nesoi	Pharma
8101.10.00	Tungsten, powders	
8101.97.00	Tungsten waste and scrap	
8103.20.00	Tantalum, unwrought (including bars and rods obtained simply by sintering); tantalum powders	
8103.30.00	Tantalum waste and scrap	
8103.91.00	Tantalum, crucibles	
8104.11.00	Magnesium, unwrought, containing at least 99.8% by weight of magnesium	
8104.19.00	Magnesium, unwrought, nesoi	
8104.20.00	Magnesium, waste and scrap	
8104.30.00	Magnesium, raspings, turnings and granules graded according to size; magnesium powders	
8104.90.00	Magnesium, articles nesoi	
8105.20.30	Cobalt alloys, unwrought	
8105.20.60	Cobalt (other than alloys), unwrought	
8105.20.90	Cobalt, mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy; cobalt powders	
8105.30.00	Cobalt waste and scrap	

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8106.10.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing more than 99.99% of bismuth by weight	
8106.90.00	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing 99.99% of bismuth or less, nesoi	
8108.20.00	Titanium, unwrought; titanium powders	
8108.30.00	Titanium waste and scrap	
8108.90.60	Wrought titanium, nesoi	Aircraft
8110.10.00	Antimony, unwrought; antimony powders	
8110.20.00	Antimony waste and scrap	
8110.90.00	Articles of antimony, nesoi	
8111.00.47	Unwrought manganese flake containing at least 99.5% by weight of manganese	
8111.00.49	Unwrought manganese, nesoi	
8112.21.00	Chromium, unwrought; chromium powders	
8112.22.00	Chromium waste and scrap	
8112.41.10	Rhenium, waste and scrap	
8112.41.50	Rhenium, unwrought; rhenium powders	
8112.59.00	Articles of thallium, nesoi	Pharma
8112.92.07	Waste and scrap of gallium, germanium, indium, niobium, or vanadium	
8112.92.10	Gallium, unwrought; gallium powders	
8112.92.30	Indium, unwrought; indium powders	
8112.92.40	Niobium (columbium), unwrought; niobium powders	
8112.92.60	Germanium, unwrought	
8112.92.65	Germanium powder, wrought	
8112.99.10	Germanium nesoi and articles thereof	
8112.99.91	Articles of gallium, indium, or niobium, nesoi	
8302.10.60	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc hinges and base metal parts thereof, not designed for motor vehicles	Aircraft
8302.10.90	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) hinges and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.20.00	Base metal castors and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.42.30	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc mountings, fittings and similar articles, suitable for furniture, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8302.42.60	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) mountings, fittings and similar articles, suitable for furniture, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.49.40	Base metal harness, saddlery or riding-bridle hardware, not coated or plated with precious metal, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.49.60	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc, mountings, fittings and similar articles nesoi, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.49.80	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) mountings, fittings and similar articles nesoi, and base metal parts thereof	Aircraft
8302.60.30	Base metal automatic door closers	Aircraft
8307.10.30	Iron or steel flexible tubing, with fittings	Aircraft
8307.90.30	Base metal (other than iron or steel) flexible tubing, with fittings	Aircraft
8407.10.00	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines for use in aircraft	Aircraft
8408.90.90	Compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, for machinery or equipment, nesoi	Aircraft
8409.10.00	Parts for internal combustion aircraft engines	Aircraft
8411.11.40	Aircraft turbojets of a thrust not exceeding 25 kN	Aircraft
8411.11.80	Turbojets of a thrust not exceeding 25 kN, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.12.40	Aircraft turbojets of a thrust exceeding 25 kN	Aircraft
8411.12.80	Turbojets of a thrust exceeding 25 kN, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.21.40	Aircraft turbopropellers of a power not exceeding 1,100 kW	Aircraft
8411.21.80	Turbopropellers of a power not exceeding 1,100 kW, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.22.40	Aircraft turbopropellers of a power exceeding 1,100 kW	Aircraft
8411.22.80	Turbopropellers of a power exceeding 1,100 kW, other than aircraft	Aircraft
8411.81.40	Aircraft gas turbines other than turbojets or turbopropellers, of a power not exceeding 5,000 kW	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8411.82.40	Aircraft gas turbines other than turbojets or turbopropellers, of a power exceeding 5,000 kW	Aircraft
8411.91.10	Cast-iron parts of turbojets or turbopropellers, not advanced beyond cleaning, machined only for removal of fins, gates, sprues and risers, or to permit location in machinery	Aircraft
8411.91.90	Parts of turbojets or turbopropellers other than those of subheading 8411.91.10	Aircraft
8411.99.10	Cast-iron parts of gas turbines nesoi, not advanced beyond cleaning, and machined for removal of fins, gates, sprues and risers	Aircraft
8411.99.90	Parts of gas turbines nesoi, other than those of subheading 8411.99.10	Aircraft
8412.10.00	Reaction engines other than turbojets	Aircraft
8412.21.00	Hydraulic power engines and motors, linear acting (cylinders)	Aircraft
8412.29.40	Hydrojet engines for marine propulsion	Aircraft
8412.29.80	Hydraulic power engines and motors, nesoi	Aircraft
8412.31.00	Pneumatic power engines and motors, linear acting (cylinders)	Aircraft
8412.39.00	Pneumatic power engines and motors, other than linear acting	Aircraft
8412.80.10	Spring-operated and weight-operated motors	Aircraft
8412.80.90	Engines and motors, nesoi (excluding motors of heading 8501)	Aircraft
8412.90.90	Parts for engines of heading 8412 other than hydrojet engines for marine propulsion	Aircraft
8413.19.00	Pumps for liquids fitted or designed to be fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.20.00	Hand pumps other than those of subheading 8413.11 or 8413.19, not fitted with a measuring device	Aircraft
8413.30.10	Fuel-injection pumps for compression-ignition engines, not fitted with a measuring device	Aircraft
8413.30.90	Fuel, lubricating or cooling medium pumps for internal-combustion piston engines, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.50.00	Reciprocating positive displacement pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8413.60.00	Rotary positive displacement pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.70.10	Stock pumps imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard, not fitted with a measuring device	Aircraft
8413.70.20	Centrifugal pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.81.00	Pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi	Aircraft
8413.91.10	Parts of fuel-injection pumps for compression-ignition engines	Aircraft
8413.91.20	Parts of stock pumps imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8413.91.90	Parts of pumps, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.10.00	Vacuum pumps	Aircraft
8414.20.00	Hand-operated or foot-operated air pumps	Aircraft
8414.30.40	Compressors of a kind used in refrigerating equipment (including air conditioning) not exceeding 1/4 horsepower	Aircraft
8414.30.80	Compressors of a kind used in refrigerating equipment (including air conditioning) exceeding 1/4 horsepower	Aircraft
8414.51.30	Ceiling fans for permanent installation, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W	Aircraft
8414.51.90	Table, floor, wall, window or roof fans, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W	Aircraft
8414.59.30	Turbocharger and supercharger fans	Aircraft
8414.59.65	Other fans, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.80.05	Turbocharger and supercharger air compressors	Aircraft
8414.80.16	Air compressors, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.80.20	Gas compressors, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.80.90	Air or gas pumps, compressors and fans, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.90.10	Parts of fans (including blowers) and ventilating or recycling hoods	Aircraft
8414.90.30	Stators and rotors of goods of subheading 8414.30	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8414.90.41	Parts of air or gas compressors, nesoi	Aircraft
8414.90.91	Parts of air or vacuum pumps, ventilating or recycling hoods, gas-tight biological safety cabinets	Aircraft
8415.10.60	Window or wall type air conditioning machines, split-system, incorporating a refrigerating unit and valve for reversal of cooling/heat cycle	Aircraft
8415.10.90	Window or wall type air conditioning machines, split-system, nesoi	Aircraft
8415.81.01	Air conditioning machines incorporating a refrigerating unit and valve for reversal of cooling/heat cycle, nesoi	Aircraft
8415.82.01	Air conditioning machines incorporating a refrigerating unit, nesoi	Aircraft
8415.83.00	Air conditioning machines not incorporating a refrigerating unit	Aircraft
8415.90.40	Chassis, chassis bases and other outer cabinets for air conditioning machines,	Aircraft
8415.90.80	Parts for air conditioning machines, nesoi	Aircraft
8418.10.00	Combined refrigerator-freezers, fitted with separate external doors, electric or other	Aircraft
8418.30.00	Freezers of the chest type, not exceeding 800 liters capacity, electric or other	Aircraft
8418.40.00	Freezers of the upright type, not exceeding 900 liters capacity, electric or other	Aircraft
8418.61.01	Heat pumps, other than the air-conditioning machines of heading 8415	Aircraft
8418.69.01	Refrigerating or freezing equipment nesoi	Aircraft
8419.50.10	Brazed aluminum plate-fin heat exchangers	Aircraft
8419.50.50	Heat exchange units, nesoi	Aircraft
8419.81.50	Cooking stoves, ranges and ovens, other than microwave, for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food, not used for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8419.81.90	Machinery and equipment nesoi, for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food, not used for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8419.90.10	Parts of instantaneous or storage water heaters	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8419.90.20	Parts of machinery and plant, for making paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8419.90.30	Parts of heat exchange units	Aircraft
8419.90.50	Parts of molten-salt-cooled acrylic acid reactors, nesoi; parts of certain medical, surgical or laboratory sterilizers, nesoi	Aircraft
8419.90.85	Parts of electromechanical tools for work in the hand, with self-contained electric motor, for treatment of materials by change in temperature	Aircraft
8421.19.00	Centrifuges, other than cream separators or clothes dryers	Aircraft
8421.21.00	Machinery and apparatus for filtering or purifying water	Aircraft
8421.23.00	Oil or fuel filters for internal combustion engines	Aircraft
8421.29.00	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for liquids, nesoi	Aircraft
8421.31.00	Intake air filters for internal combustion engines	Aircraft
8421.32.00	Catalytic converters; particulate filters for internal combustion engines	Aircraft
8421.39.01	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for gases, other than intake air filters or catalytic converters, for internal combustion engines	Aircraft
8424.10.00	Fire extinguishers, whether or not charged	Aircraft
8425.11.00	Pulley tackle and hoists other than skip hoists or hoists used for raising vehicles, powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.19.00	Pulley tackle and hoists other than skip hoists or hoists used for raising vehicles, not powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.31.01	Winches nesoi, and capstans, powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.39.01	Winches nesoi, and capstans, not powered by electric motor	Aircraft
8425.42.00	Hydraulic jacks and hoists, nesoi	Aircraft
8425.49.00	Jacks and hoists of a kind used for raising vehicles, other than hydraulic, nesoi	Aircraft
8426.99.00	Derricks, cranes and other lifting machinery nesoi	Aircraft
8428.10.00	Passenger or freight elevators other than continuous action; skip hoists	Aircraft
8428.20.00	Pneumatic elevators and conveyors	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8428.33.00	Belt type continuous-action elevators and conveyors, for goods or materials	Aircraft
8428.39.00	Continuous-action elevators and conveyors, for goods or materials, nesoi	Aircraft
8428.90.03	Machinery for lifting, handling, loading or unloading, nesoi	Aircraft
8443.31.00	Multifunction units (machines which perform two or more of the functions of printing, copying or facsimile transmission, capable of connecting to an automatic data processing machine or to a network)	Aircraft
8443.32.10	Printer units, capable of connecting to an automatic data processing machine or to a network	Aircraft
8443.32.50	Single function units other than printer units (machines which perform only one of the functions of printing, copying or facsimile transmission)	Aircraft
8471.41.01	Automatic data processing machines, nonportable or over 10 kg, comprising in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit, whether or not combined	Aircraft
8471.49.00	Automatic data processing machines, nesoi, entered in the form of systems (consisting of at least a central processing unit, and an input and output unit)	Aircraft
8471.50.01	Processing units other than those of subheading 8471.41 and 8471.49, nesoi	Aircraft
8471.60.10	Combined input/output units for automatic data processing machines not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.60.20	Keyboards for automatic data processing machines not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.60.70	Input or output units suitable for physical incorporation into an automatic data processing machine or unit thereof, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.60.80	Optical scanners and magnetic ink recognition devices not entered with the rest of an automatic data processing system	Aircraft
8471.60.90	Other input or output units of digital automatic data processing machines, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8471.70.10	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, without read-write unit assembled therein; read-write units; all not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.20	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, for incorporation into automatic data processing machines or units, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.30	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.40	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter not exceeding 21 cm, not assembled in cabinets, without attached external power supply, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.50	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter not exceeding 21 cm, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.60	Automatic data processing storage units other than magnetic disk, not assembled in cabinets for placing on a table etc., not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8471.70.90	Automatic data processing storage units other than magnetic disk drive units, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system	Aircraft
8479.89.10	Air humidifiers or dehumidifiers with self-contained electric motor, other than for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8479.89.20	Floor polishers with self-contained electric motor, other than for domestic purposes	Aircraft
8479.89.65	Electromechanical appliances with self-contained electric motor, nesoi	Aircraft
8479.89.70	Carpet sweepers, not electromechanical with self-contained electric motor	Aircraft
8479.89.95	Other machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified or included elsewhere in chapter 84, nesoi	Aircraft
8479.90.41	Parts of floor polishers of subheading 8479.89.20; parts of carpet sweepers	Aircraft
8479.90.45	Parts of trash compactors, frame assemblies	Aircraft
8479.90.55	Parts of trash compactors, ram assemblies	Aircraft
8479.90.65	Parts of trash compactors, container assemblies	Aircraft
8479.90.75	Parts of trash compactors, cabinets or cases	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8479.90.85	Parts of trash compactors, nesoi	Aircraft
8479.90.95	Parts of machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified or included elsewhere in chapter 84, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.10.10	Camshafts and crankshafts for use solely or principally with spark-ignition internal-combustion piston or rotary engines	Aircraft
8483.10.30	Camshafts and crankshafts nesoi	Aircraft
8483.10.50	Transmission shafts and cranks other than camshafts and crankshafts	Aircraft
8483.30.40	Bearing housings of the flange, take-up, cartridge and hanger unit type	Aircraft
8483.30.80	Bearing housings nesoi; plain shaft bearings	Aircraft
8483.40.10	Torque converters	Aircraft
8483.40.30	Fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers, imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8483.40.50	Fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers, not imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Aircraft
8483.40.70	Speed changers other than fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers	Aircraft
8483.40.80	Ball or roller screws	Aircraft
8483.40.90	Gears and gearing, other than toothed wheels, chain sprockets and other transmission elements entered separately	Aircraft
8483.50.40	Gray-iron awning or tackle pulleys, not over 6.4 cm in wheel diameter	Aircraft
8483.50.60	Flywheels, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.50.90	Pulleys, including pulley blocks, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.60.40	Clutches and universal joints	Aircraft
8483.60.80	Shaft couplings (other than universal joints)	Aircraft
8483.90.10	Chain sprockets and parts thereof	Aircraft
8483.90.20	Parts of flange, take-up, cartridge and hanger units	Aircraft
8483.90.30	Parts of bearing housings and plain shaft bearings, nesoi	Aircraft
8483.90.50	Parts of gearing, gear boxes and other speed changers	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8483.90.80	Parts of transmission equipment, nesoi	Aircraft
8484.10.00	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two or more layers of metal	Aircraft
8484.90.00	Sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings	Aircraft
8501.20.50	Universal AC/DC motors of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft
8501.20.60	Universal AC/DC motors of an output of 746 W or more	Aircraft
8501.31.50	DC motors, nesoi, of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft
8501.31.60	DC motors nesoi, of an output of 746 W but not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft
8501.31.81	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft
8501.32.20	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW	Aircraft
8501.32.55	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 14.92 kW but not exceeding 75 kW, nesoi	Aircraft
8501.32.61	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 75 kW	Aircraft
8501.33.20	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 75 kW but under 149.2 kW	Aircraft
8501.33.30	DC motors, nesoi, 149.2 kW or more but not exceeding 150 kW	Aircraft
8501.33.61	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.34.61	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.40.50	AC motors, nesoi, single-phase, exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft
8501.40.60	AC motors nesoi, single-phase, of 746 W or more	Aircraft
8501.51.50	AC motors, nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W	Aircraft
8501.51.60	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase of an output of 746 W but not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8501.52.40	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW	Aircraft
8501.52.80	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 14.92 kW but not exceeding 75 kW	Aircraft
8501.53.40	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 75 kW but under 149.2 kW	Aircraft
8501.53.60	AC motors, nesoi, multi-phase, 149.2 kW or more but not exceeding 150 kW	Aircraft
8501.61.01	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA	Aircraft
8501.62.01	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA	Aircraft
8501.63.01	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 375 kVA but not exceeding 750 kVA	Aircraft
8501.71.00	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output not exceeding 50 W	Aircraft
8501.72.10	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 50 W but not exceeding 750 W	Aircraft
8501.72.20	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 75 kW	Aircraft
8501.72.30	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.72.90	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 375 kW	Aircraft
8501.80.10	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA	Aircraft
8501.80.20	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA	Aircraft
8501.80.30	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output exceeding 375 kVA but not exceeding 750 kVA	Aircraft
8502.11.00	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8502.12.00	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not over 375 kVA	Aircraft
8502.13.00	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal-combustion piston engines, of an output exceeding 375 kVA	Aircraft
8502.20.00	Electric generating sets with spark-ignition internal-combustion piston engines	Aircraft
8502.31.00	Wind-powered electric generating sets	Aircraft
8502.39.00	Electric generating sets, nesoi	Aircraft
8502.40.00	Electric rotary converters	Aircraft
8504.10.00	Ballasts for discharge lamps or tubes	Aircraft
8504.31.20	Unrated electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity not exceeding 1 kVA	Aircraft
8504.31.40	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity less than 1 kVA	Aircraft
8504.31.60	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity of 1 kVA	Aircraft
8504.32.00	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity exceeding 1 kVA but not exceeding 16 kVA	Aircraft
8504.33.00	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity exceeding 16 kVA but not exceeding 500 kVA	Aircraft
8504.40.40	Electrical speed drive controllers for electric motors (static converters)	Aircraft
8504.40.60	Power supplies suitable for physical incorporation into automatic data processing machines or units thereof of heading 8471	Aircraft
8504.40.70	Power supplies for automatic data processing machines or units thereof of heading 8471, nesoi	Aircraft
8504.40.85	Static converters (for example, rectifiers) for telecommunication apparatus	Aircraft
8504.40.95	Static converters (for example, rectifiers), nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8504.50.40	Other inductors for power supplies for ADP machines and units of heading 8471 or for telecommunication apparatus	Aircraft
8504.50.80	Other inductors, nesoi	Aircraft
8507.10.00	Lead-acid storage batteries of a kind used for starting piston engines	Aircraft
8507.20.80	Lead-acid storage batteries other than of a kind used for starting piston engines or as the primary source of power for electric vehicles	Aircraft
8507.30.80	Nickel-cadmium storage batteries, other than of a kind used as the primary source of power for electric vehicles	Aircraft
8507.50.00	Nickel-metal hydride batteries	Aircraft
8507.60.00	Lithium-ion batteries	Aircraft
8507.80.82	Other storage batteries nesoi, other than of a kind used as the primary source of power for electric vehicles	Aircraft
8507.90.40	Parts of lead-acid storage batteries, including separators therefor	Aircraft
8507.90.80	Parts of storage batteries, including separators therefor, other than parts of lead-acid storage batteries	Aircraft
8511.10.00	Spark plugs	Aircraft
8511.20.00	Ignition magnetos, magneto-dynamos and magnetic flywheels	Aircraft
8511.30.00	Distributors and ignition coils	Aircraft
8511.40.00	Starter motors and dual purpose starter-generators	Aircraft
8511.50.00	Generators nesoi, of a kind used in conjunction with spark-ignition or compression-ignition internal-combustion engines	Aircraft
8511.80.20	Voltage and voltage-current regulators with cut-out relays designed for use on 6, 12 or 24 V systems	Aircraft
8511.80.40	Voltage and voltage-current regulators with cut-out relays other than those designed for use on 6, 12 or 24 V systems	Aircraft
8511.80.60	Electrical ignition or starting equipment of a kind used for spark-ignition internal-combustion or compression-ignition engines, nesoi	Aircraft
8514.20.40	Industrial or laboratory microwave ovens for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8516.80.40	Electric heating resistors assembled only with simple insulated former and electrical connectors, used for anti-icing or de-icing	Aircraft
8516.80.80	Electric heating resistors, nesoi	Aircraft
8517.13.00	Smartphones for cellular networks or for other wireless of networks	Aircraft
8517.14.00	Other telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless of networks, other than smartphones	Aircraft
8517.61.00	Base stations	Aircraft
8517.62.00	Machines for the reception, conversion and transmission or regeneration of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus	Aircraft
8517.69.00	Other apparatus for transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, nesoi, but not apparatus of headings 8443, 8525, 8527 or 8528	Aircraft
8517.71.00	Aerials and aerial reflectors of all kinds; parts suitable for use therewith	Aircraft
8518.10.40	Microphones having a frequency range of 300Hz-3.4kHz with diameter not over 10 mm and height not over 3 mm, for telecommunication	Aircraft
8518.10.80	Microphones and stands therefor, nesoi	Aircraft
8518.21.00	Single loudspeakers mounted in their enclosures	Aircraft
8518.22.00	Multiple loudspeakers mounted in the same enclosure	Aircraft
8518.29.40	Loudspeakers not mounted in their enclosures, with frequency range of 300Hz to 3.4kHz, with a diameter not over 50 mm, for telecommunication	Aircraft
8518.29.80	Loudspeakers nesoi, not mounted in their enclosures, nesoi	Aircraft
8518.30.10	Line telephone handsets	Aircraft
8518.30.20	Headphones, earphones and combined microphone/speaker sets, other than telephone handsets	Aircraft
8518.40.10	Audio-frequency electric amplifiers for use as repeaters in line telephony	Aircraft
8518.40.20	Audio-frequency electric amplifiers, other than for use as repeaters in line telephony	Aircraft
8518.50.00	Electric sound amplifier sets	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8519.81.10	Transcribing machines	Aircraft
8519.81.20	Cassette players (non-recording) designed exclusively for motor-vehicle installation	Aircraft
8519.81.25	Cassette players (non-recording), nesoi	Aircraft
8519.81.30	Sound reproducing apparatus nesoi, not incorporating a sound recording device	Aircraft
8519.81.41	Other sound recording and reproducing apparatus using magnetic tape, optical media, or semiconductor media	Aircraft
8519.89.10	Record players, other than coin- or token-operated, without loudspeaker	Aircraft
8519.89.20	Record players, other than coin- or token-operated, with loudspeakers	Aircraft
8519.89.30	Sound recording and reproducing apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8521.10.30	Color, cartridge or cassette magnetic tape-type video players	Aircraft
8521.10.60	Color, cartridge or cassette magnetic tape-type video recording and reproducing apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8521.10.90	Magnetic tape-type video recording or reproducing apparatus, other than color, cartridge or cassette type	Aircraft
8522.90.25	Assemblies and subassemblies of articles of subheading 8520.90, consisting of 2 or more pieces fastened together, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.36	Other assemblies and subassemblies of articles of subheading 8520.90, consisting of 2 or more pieces fastened together, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
85229045	Other parts of telephone answering machines, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.58	Other parts of telephone answering machines, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.65	Parts and accessories of apparatus of headings 8519 through 8521, nesoi, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8522.90.80	Parts and accessories of apparatus of headings 8519 through 8521, nesoi, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8526.10.00	Radar apparatus	Aircraft
8526.91.00	Radio navigational aid apparatus, other than radar	Aircraft
8526.92.10	Radio remote control apparatus for video game consoles	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8526.92.50	Radio remote control apparatus other than for video game consoles	Aircraft
8528.42.00	Cathode-ray tube monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Aircraft
8528.52.00	Other monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Aircraft
8528.62.00	Projectors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471	Aircraft
8529.10.21	Television antennas and antenna reflectors, and parts suitable for use therewith	Aircraft
8529.10.40	Radar, radio navigational aid and radio remote control antennas and antenna reflectors, and parts suitable for use therewith	Aircraft
8529.10.91	Other antennas and antenna reflectors of all kinds and parts, for use	Aircraft
8529.90.04	Tuners (printed circuit assemblies)	Aircraft
8529.90.05	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof, for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter	Aircraft
8529.90.06	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof, for color TV, not with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter	Aircraft
8529.90.09	Printed circuit assemblies for television cameras	Aircraft
8529.90.13	Printed circuit assemblies for television apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.16	Printed circuit assemblies which are subassemblies of radar, radio navigational aid or remote control apparatus, of 2 or more parts joined together	Aircraft
8529.90.19	Printed circuit assemblies, nesoi, for radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control apparatus	Aircraft
8529.90.21	Other printed circuit assemblies suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8524 to 8528, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.24	Transceiver assemblies for the apparatus of subheading 8526.10, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8529.90.29	Tuners for television apparatus, other than printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8529.90.33	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, for color TV, entered with components in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter	Aircraft
8529.90.36	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, for color TV, other	Aircraft
8529.90.39	Parts of television receivers specified in U.S. note 9 to chapter 85, other than printed circuit assemblies, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.43	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85	Aircraft
8529.90.46	Combinations of printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85	Aircraft
8529.90.49	Combinations of parts of television receivers specified in U.S. note 10 to chapter 85, other than printed circuit assemblies, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.55	Flat panel screen assemblies for TV reception apparatus, color video monitors and video projectors	Aircraft
8529.90.63	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for television cameras	Aircraft
8529.90.68	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for television apparatus other than television cameras	Aircraft
8529.90.73	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control app.	Aircraft
8529.90.77	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for other apparatus of headings 8524 to 8528, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.78	Mounted lenses for use in closed circuit television cameras, separately imported, with or without attached electrical connectors or motors	Aircraft
8529.90.81	Other parts of television cameras, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8529.90.83	Other parts of television apparatus (other than television cameras), nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.87	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of 8524 and 8527 (except television apparatus or cellular phones), nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.88	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, except tuners or convergence assemblies, for color TV, entered with components in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85	Aircraft
8529.90.89	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, except tuners or convergence assemblies, for color TV, other	Aircraft
8529.90.93	Parts of television apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.95	Assemblies and subassemblies of radar, radio navigational aid or remote control apparatus, of 2 or more parts joined together, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.97	Parts suitable for use solely or principally in radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8529.90.98	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8524 through 8528, nesoi	Aircraft
8531.10.00	Electric burglar or fire alarms and similar apparatus	Aircraft
8531.20.00	Indicator panels incorporating liquid crystal devices (LCD's) or light emitting diodes (LED's)	Aircraft
8531.80.15	Doorbells, chimes, buzzers, and similar apparatus	Aircraft
8531.80.90	Electric sound or visual signaling apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
8536.70.00	Connectors for optical fibers, optical fiber bundles or cables	Aircraft
8539.10.00	Sealed beam lamp units	Aircraft
8539.51.00	Light-emitting diode (LED) modules	Aircraft
8543.70.42	Flight data recorders	Aircraft
8543.70.45	Other electric synchros and transducers; defrosters and demisters with electric resistors for aircraft	Aircraft
8543.70.60	Electrical machines and apparatus nesoi, designed for connection to telegraphic or telephonic apparatus, instruments or networks	Aircraft
8543.70.80	Microwave amplifiers	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8543.70.91	Digital signal processing apparatus capable of connecting to a wired or wireless network for sound mixing	Aircraft
8543.70.95	Touch screens without display capabilities for incorporation in apparatus having a display	Aircraft
8543.90.12	Parts of physical vapor deposition apparatus of subheading 8543.70	Aircraft
8543.90.15	Assemblies and subassemblies for flight data recorders, consisting of 2 or more parts pieces fastened together, printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8543.90.35	Assemblies and subassemblies for flight data recorders, consisting of 2 or more parts pieces fastened together, not printed circuit assemblies	Aircraft
8543.90.65	Printed circuit assemblies of flat panel displays other than for reception apparatus for television of heading 8528	Aircraft
8543.90.68	Printed circuit assemblies of electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions, nesoi	Aircraft
8543.90.85	Parts, nesoi, of flat panel displays other than for reception apparatus for television of heading 8528	Aircraft
8543.90.88	Parts (other than printed circuit assemblies) of electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions, nesoi	Aircraft
8544.30.00	Insulated ignition wiring sets and other wiring sets of a kind used in vehicles, aircraft or ships	Aircraft
8801.00.00	Balloons, dirigibles and non-powered aircraft, gliders and hang gliders	Aircraft
8802.11.01	Helicopters (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), with an unladen weight not over 2,000 kg	Aircraft
8802.12.01	Helicopters (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), with an unladen weight over 2,000 kg	Aircraft
8802.20.01	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight not over 2,000 kg	Aircraft
8802.30.01	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight over 2,000 kg but not over 15,000 kg	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8802.40.01	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight over 15,000 kg	Aircraft
8805.29.00	Ground flying trainers and parts thereof, other than air combat simulators	Aircraft
8806.10.00	Unmanned aircraft designed for the carriage of passengers	Aircraft
8806.21.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight not more than 250g	Aircraft
8806.22.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 250g but less than 7kg	Aircraft
8806.23.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 7kg but less than 25kg	Aircraft
8806.24.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 25kg but less than 150 kg	Aircraft
8806.29.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 150 kg	Aircraft
8806.91.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight not more than 250g	Aircraft
8806.92.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more 250g less than 7kg	Aircraft
8806.93.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 7kg but less than 25kg	Aircraft
8806.94.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 25kg but less than 150 kg	Aircraft
8806.99.00	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 150 kg	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
8807.10.00	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 and 8806, propellers and rotors and parts thereof	Aircraft
8807.20.00	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 and 8806, undercarriages and parts thereof	Aircraft
8807.30.00	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 and 8806, for airplanes, helicopters, unmanned aircraft, other than propellers, rotors or undercarriages, nesoi	Aircraft
8807.90.90	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802 and 8806, not for airplanes, helicopters or unmanned aircraft, nesoi	Aircraft
9001.90.40	Lenses nesoi, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.50	Prisms, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.60	Mirrors, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.80	Half-tone screens designed for use in engraving or photographic processes, unmounted	Aircraft
9001.90.90	Optical elements nesoi, unmounted	Aircraft
9002.90.20	Prisms, mounted, for optical uses	Aircraft
9002.90.40	Mirrors, mounted, for optical uses	Aircraft
9002.90.70	Half-tone screens, mounted, designed for use in engraving or photographic processes	Aircraft
9002.90.85	Mounted lenses suitable for use in, and entered separately from, closed circuit television cameras, with or without attached electrical connectors or motors	Aircraft
9002.90.95	Mounted optical elements, nesoi; parts and accessories of mounted optical elements, nesoi	Aircraft
9014.10.10	Optical direction finding compasses	Aircraft
9014.10.60	Gyroscopic directing finding compasses, other than electrical	Aircraft
9014.10.70	Electrical direction finding compasses	Aircraft
9014.10.90	Direction finding compasses, other than optical instruments, gyroscopic compasses or electrical	Aircraft
9014.20.20	Optical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft
9014.20.40	Automatic pilots for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft
9014.20.60	Electrical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9014.20.80	Nonelectrical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation	Aircraft
9014.90.10	Parts and accessories of automatic pilots for aeronautical or space navigation of subheading 9014.20.40	Aircraft
9014.90.20	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical instruments and appliances for aeronautical or space navigation of subheading 9014.20.80	Aircraft
9014.90.40	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical navigational instruments and appliances nesoi of subheading 9014.80.50	Aircraft
9014.90.60	Parts and accessories of navigational instruments and appliances, nesoi	Aircraft
9020.00.40	Underwater breathing devices designed as a complete unit to be carried on the person and not requiring attendants, parts and accessories thereof	Aircraft
9020.00.60	Breathing appliances, nesoi, and gas masks, except protective masks having neither mechanical parts or replaceable filters, parts, accessories thereof	Aircraft
9025.11.20	Clinical thermometers, liquid-filled, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments	Aircraft
9025.11.40	Liquid-filled thermometers, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments, other than clinical thermometers	Aircraft
9025.19.40	Pyrometers, not combined with other instruments	Aircraft
9025.19.80	Thermometers, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments, other than liquid-filled thermometers	Aircraft
9025.80.10	Electrical hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychometers, and any combination	Aircraft
9025.80.15	Nonelectrical barometers, not combined with other instruments	Aircraft
9025.80.20	Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, whether or not incorporating a thermometer, non-recording, other than electrical	Aircraft
9025.80.35	Hygrometers and psychrometers, non-electrical, non-recording	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9025.80.40	Thermographs, barographs, hygrographs and other recording instruments, other than electrical	Aircraft
9025.80.50	Combinations of thermometers, barometers and similar temperature and atmosphere measuring and recording instruments, nonelectrical	Aircraft
9025.90.06	Other parts and accessories of hydrometers and like floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychrometers and combinations	Aircraft
9026.10.20	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow or level of liquids	Aircraft
9026.10.40	Flow meters, other than electrical, for measuring or checking the flow of liquids	Aircraft
9026.10.60	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the level of liquids, other than flow meters, non-electrical	Aircraft
9026.20.40	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the pressure of liquids or gases	Aircraft
9026.20.80	Instruments and apparatus, other than electrical, for measuring or checking the pressure of liquids or gases	Aircraft
9026.80.20	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi	Aircraft
9026.80.40	Nonelectrical heat meters incorporating liquid supply meters, and anemometers	Aircraft
9026.80.60	Nonelectrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi	Aircraft
9026.90.20	Parts and accessories of electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases	Aircraft
9026.90.40	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical flow meters, heat meters incorporating liquid supply meters and anemometers	Aircraft
9026.90.60	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi	Aircraft
9029.10.80	Revolution counters, production counters, odometers, pedometers and the like, other than taximeters	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9029.20.40	Speedometers and tachometers, other than bicycle speedometers	Aircraft
9029.90.80	Parts and accessories of revolution counters, production counters, odometers, pedometers and the like, of speedometers nesoi and tachometers	Aircraft
9030.10.00	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiations	Aircraft
9030.20.05	Oscilloscopes and oscillographs, specially designed for telecommunications	Aircraft
9030.20.10	Oscilloscopes and oscillographs, nesoi	Aircraft
9030.31.00	Multimeters for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, without a recording device	Aircraft
9030.32.00	Multimeters, with a recording device	Aircraft
9030.33.34	Resistance measuring instruments	Aircraft
9030.33.38	Other instruments and apparatus, nesoi, for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, without a recording device	Aircraft
9030.39.01	Instruments and apparatus, nesoi, for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, with a recording device	Aircraft
9030.40.00	Instruments and apparatus specially designed for telecommunications	Aircraft
9030.84.00	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or detecting electrical quantities or ionizing radiations, nesoi, with a recording device	Aircraft
9030.89.01	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or detecting electrical quantities or ionizing radiations, nesoi, without a recording device	Aircraft
9030.90.25	Printed circuit assemblies for instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiation	Aircraft
9030.90.46	Parts and accessories for instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiation, nesoi	Aircraft
9030.90.66	Printed circuit assemblies for subheadings and apparatus of subheadings 9030.40 and 9030.82	Aircraft
9030.90.68	Printed circuit assemblies, nesoi	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9030.90.84	Parts and accessories for instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking semiconductor wafers or devices, nesoi	Aircraft
9030.90.89	Parts and accessories for articles of subheadings 9030.20 to 9030.40, 9030.83 and 9030.89, nesoi	Aircraft
9031.80.40	Electron beam microscopes fitted with equipment specifically designed for the handling and transport of semiconductor devices or reticles	Aircraft
9031.80.80	Measuring and checking instruments, appliances and machines, nesoi	Aircraft
9031.90.21	Parts and accessories of profile projectors	Aircraft
9031.90.45	Bases and frames for the optical coordinate-measuring machines of subheading 9031.49.40	Aircraft
9031.90.54	Parts and accessories of measuring and checking optical instruments and appliances of subheading 9031.41 or 9031.49.70	Aircraft
9031.90.59	Parts and accessories of measuring and checking optical instruments and appliances, other than test benches or profile projectors, nesoi	Aircraft
9031.90.70	Parts and accessories of articles of subheading 9031.80.40	Aircraft
9031.90.91	Parts and accessories of measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, nesoi	Aircraft
9032.10.00	Automatic thermostats	Aircraft
9032.20.00	Automatic manostats	Aircraft
9032.81.00	Hydraulic and pneumatic automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus	Aircraft
9032.89.20	Automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system	Aircraft
9032.89.40	Automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, not designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system	Aircraft
9032.89.60	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
9032.90.21	Parts and accessories of automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system, nesoi	Aircraft

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
9032.90.41	Parts and accessories of automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, not designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system, nesoi	Aircraft
9032.90.61	Parts and accessories for automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus, nesoi	Aircraft
9033.00.90	Other parts and accessories for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of chapter 90, nesoi	Aircraft
9104.00.05	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only, not over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.10	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, electric, not optoelectronic display, not over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.20	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, nonelectric, valued not over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.25	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only, over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.30	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, electric, not optoelectronic display, over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.40	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, non-electric, valued over \$10 each	Aircraft
9104.00.45	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, watch or clock movement not over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only	Aircraft
9104.00.50	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft, vessels, watch or clock movement not over 50 mm wide, electric, not opto-electronic display	Aircraft
9104.00.60	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock or watch movement not over 50 mm wide, nonelectric	Aircraft
9109.10.50	Clock movements nesoi, complete and assembled, electrically operated, with opto-electronic display only	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9109.10.60	Clock movements nesoi, complete and assembled, electrically operated, with display nesoi, measuring not over 50 mm in width or diameter	Aircraft
9109.90.20	Clock movements, complete and assembled, not electrically operated, measuring not over 50 mm in width or diameter	Aircraft
9401.10.40	Seats, of a kind used for aircraft, leather upholstered	Aircraft
9401.10.80	Seats, of a kind used for aircraft (other than leather upholstered)	Aircraft
9403.20.00	Furniture (other than seats) of metal nesoi, other than of a kind used in offices	Aircraft
9403.70.40	Furniture (other than seats and other than of heading 9402) of reinforced or laminated plastics nesoi	Aircraft
9403.70.80	Furniture (other than seats and other than of heading 9402) of plastics (other than reinforced or laminated) nesoi	Aircraft
9405.11.40	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fittings, of brass, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.11.60	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, of base metal (other than brass), designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.11.80	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, not of base metal, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.19.40	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fittings, of brass, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.19.60	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, of base metal (other than brass), not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.19.80	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, not of base metal, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.61.20	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of brass, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Scope Limitations</b>
9405.61.40	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of base metal (other than brass), designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.61.60	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, not of base metal, designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.69.20	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of brass, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.69.40	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of base metal (other than brass), not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.69.60	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, not of base metal, not designed for use solely with LED sources	Aircraft
9405.92.00	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, of plastics	Aircraft
9405.99.20	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, of brass	Aircraft
9405.99.40	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, not of glass, plastics or brass	Aircraft
9620.00.50	Monopods, bipods, tripods and similar articles of plastics, nesoi	Aircraft
9620.00.60	Monopods, bipods, tripods and similar articles of graphite and other carbon, nesoi	Aircraft
9802.00.40	Articles returned to the United States after having been exported for repairs or alterations made pursuant to a warranty	Aircraft
9802.00.50	Articles returned to the United States after having been exported for repairs or alterations, other	Aircraft

HTSUS	Description	Scope Limitations
9802.00.60	Any article of metal (as defined in U.S. note 3(e) of this subchapter) manufactured in the United States or subjected to a process of manufacture in the United States, if exported for further processing, and if the exported article as processed outside the United States, or the article which results from the processing outside the United States, is returned to the United States for further processing	Aircraft
9802.00.80	Articles, except goods of heading 9802.00.91 and goods imported under provisions of subchapter XIX of this chapter and goods imported under provisions of subchapter XX, assembled abroad in whole or in part of fabricated components, the product of the United States, which (a) were exported in condition ready for assembly without further fabrication, (b) have not lost their physical identity in such articles by change in form, shape or otherwise, and (c) have not been advanced in value or improved in condition abroad except by being assembled and except by operations incidental to the assembly process such as cleaning, lubricating and painting	Aircraft
9818.00.05	Spare parts necessarily installed before first entry into the United States, upon first entry into the United States of each such spare part purchased in, or imported from, a foreign country	Aircraft
9818.00.07	Other, upon first arrival in any port of the United States of any vessel described in U.S. note 1 to this subchapter	Aircraft

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14345 of September 4, 2025**

**Implementing the United States–Japan Agreement**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862) (section 232), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** On July 22, 2025, I announced a framework agreement between the United States and Japan (Agreement), which lays the foundation for a new era of United States–Japan trade relations grounded in principles of reciprocity and our shared national interests. The Agreement establishes a tariff framework that levels the playing field for American producers and accounts for American national security needs. In my judgment, the Agreement is necessary and appropriate to address the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), as amended, and to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security found in Proclamation 9704 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Aluminum Into the United States), as amended; Proclamation 9705 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Steel Into the United States), as amended; Proclamation 9888 of May 17, 2019 (Adjusting Imports of Automobiles and Automobile Parts Into the United States), as amended; and Proclamation 10962 of July 30, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Copper Into the United States). The Agreement will reduce the United States trade deficit, boost the economy of the United States, and address the consequences of the United States trade deficit, including by strengthening the manufacturing and defense industrial base of the United States.

Under the Agreement, the United States will apply a baseline 15 percent tariff on nearly all Japanese imports entering the United States, alongside separate sector-specific treatment for automobiles and automobile parts; aerospace products; generic pharmaceuticals; and natural resources that are not naturally available or produced in the United States. This new tariff framework, combined with expanded United States exports and investment-driven production, will help reduce the trade deficit with Japan and restore greater balance to the overall United States trade position.

Japan, meanwhile, will provide American manufacturing, aerospace, agriculture, food, energy, automobile, and industrial goods producers with breakthrough openings in market access across key sectors. Specifically, the Government of Japan is working toward an expedited implementation of a 75 percent increase of United States rice procurements within the Minimum Access rice scheme and purchases of United States agricultural goods, including corn, soybeans, fertilizer, bioethanol (including for sustainable aviation fuel), as well as other United States products, in amounts totaling \$8 billion per year. The Government of Japan is also working to accept for sale in Japan United States-manufactured and United States-safety-certified passenger vehicles without additional testing. Separately, Japan will purchase United States-made commercial aircraft, as well as United States defense equipment.

Critically, unlike any other agreement in American history, the Government of Japan has agreed to invest \$550 billion in the United States. These investments—which will be selected by the United States Government—will generate hundreds of thousands of United States jobs, expand domestic manufacturing, and secure American prosperity for generations.

In my judgment, I determine that the following actions are consistent with the national interest of the United States and are necessary and appropriate to address the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, as amended, and to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security found in Proclamation 9704, as amended; Proclamation 9705, as amended; Proclamation 9888, as amended; and Proclamation 10962.

**Sec. 2. General Tariffs.** (a) The additional *ad valorem* rate of duty applicable to products of Japan shall be determined by a product's current *ad valorem* (or *ad valorem* equivalent) rate of duty under column 1 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) ("Column 1 Duty Rate"). For a product of Japan with a Column 1 Duty Rate in the HTSUS that is less than 15 percent, the sum of its Column 1 Duty Rate and the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty pursuant to this order shall be 15 percent. For a product of Japan with a Column 1 Duty Rate that is at least 15 percent, the additional rate of duty pursuant to this order shall be zero percent. Treatment of specific or compound duty rates shall be identical to the treatment provided to products of the European Union as outlined in Executive Order 14326 of July 31, 2025 (Further Modifying the Reciprocal Tariff Rates). The duties described in this subsection shall apply in lieu of the additional *ad valorem* duties previously imposed on products of Japan under Executive Order 14257, as amended.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, the terms of Executive Order 14257, as amended, shall continue to apply to products of Japan.

(c) The Secretary of Commerce (Secretary), in consultation with the United States Trade Representative; the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP); and the Chair of the United States International Trade Commission (ITC), shall determine whether modifications to the HTSUS are necessary or appropriate to effectuate this order and may make such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*.

(d) The tariffs set forth in subsection (a) of this section shall apply retroactively to products of Japan entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025. Any refunds shall be processed pursuant to applicable laws and CBP's standard procedures for such refunds.

(e) The Secretary may issue rules, regulations, guidance, and procedures to carry out the provisions of this section, including rules for determining what are "products of Japan" for purposes of this section.

**Sec. 3. Aerospace.** (a) With respect to products of Japan that fall under the World Trade Organization Agreement on Trade in Civil Aircraft, except for unmanned aircraft, the tariffs imposed through the following Presidential actions and subsequent amendments to those actions shall no longer apply, as of the date of publication of the *Federal Register* notice described in subsection (b) of this section:

- (i) Executive Order 14257, as amended;
- (ii) Proclamation 9704, as amended;
- (iii) Proclamation 9705, as amended; and
- (iv) Proclamation 10962.

(b) Within 7 days of the date of publication of this order in the *Federal Register*, the Secretary, in consultation with the Chair of the ITC and the Commissioner of CBP, shall publish a notice in the *Federal Register* modifying the HTSUS consistent with this section.

(c) The Secretary may issue rules, regulations, guidance, and procedures to carry out the provisions of this section, including rules for determining what are “products of Japan” for purposes of this section.

**Sec. 4. Automobiles and Automobile Parts.** (a) As of the date of publication of the *Federal Register* notice described in subsection (b) of this section, in lieu of the additional section 232 *ad valorem* duties imposed on products of Japan in Proclamation 10908 of March 26, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Automobiles and Automobile Parts Into the United States), as amended, the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty applicable to an automobile or automobile part that is a product of Japan and subject to duties under Proclamation 10908, as amended, shall be determined by the product’s Column 1 Duty Rate. For a product of Japan with a Column 1 Duty Rate that is less than 15 percent, the sum of its Column 1 Duty Rate and the additional automobile or automobile part section 232 *ad valorem* rate of duty pursuant to this order shall be 15 percent. For a product of Japan with a Column 1 Duty Rate that is at least 15 percent, the additional automobile or automobile part section 232 *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed shall be zero percent.

(b) Within 7 days of the date of publication of this order in the *Federal Register*, the Secretary, in consultation with the Chair of the ITC and the Commissioner of CBP, shall publish a notice in the *Federal Register* modifying the HTSUS consistent with this section.

(c) The Secretary may issue rules, regulations, guidance, and procedures to carry out the provisions of this section, including rules for determining whether automobiles and automobile parts are “products of Japan” for purposes of this section.

**Sec. 5. Products Not Subject to Reciprocal Tariffs.** (a) To implement the terms of the Agreement, the Secretary is authorized to modify the reciprocal tariff rate imposed under Executive Order 14257, as amended, to zero percent for products of Japan that are natural resources unavailable (or unavailable at sufficient scale to satisfy domestic demand) in the United States, generic pharmaceuticals, generic pharmaceutical ingredients, and generic pharmaceutical chemical precursors.

(b) In determining when and for which products to modify the reciprocal tariff rate to zero percent, the Secretary shall act in a manner consistent with the national interests of the United States; the purposes of this order; the need to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, as amended; and the need to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security that I found pursuant to section 232. The Secretary shall also consider factors he deems appropriate, including the scope and nature of the commitments of the Government of Japan under the Agreement; the scope and nature of the commitments of the United States under the Agreement; the actions taken by the Government of Japan to implement its commitments under the Agreement; and the actions taken by the United States to implement its commitments under the Agreement.

**Sec. 6. Monitoring and Modifications.** (a) The Secretary shall monitor the progress of Japan’s implementation of its commitments under the Agreement and shall, from time to time, update me on the status of Japan’s implementation.

(b) Should Japan fail to implement its commitments under the Agreement, I may modify this order as necessary to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, as amended, and to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security found in Proclamation 9704, as amended; Proclamation 9705, as amended; Proclamation 9888, as amended; and Proclamation 10962.

**Sec. 7. Delegation.** (a) Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary and the Secretary of Homeland Security are directed and authorized to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order—including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or through notices in the *Federal Register* and by adopting rules, regulations, or guidance—and to employ all powers granted to the President, including those granted

by IEEPA and section 232, as may be necessary to implement and effectuate this order.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Chair of the ITC, shall determine whether additional modifications to the HTSUS are necessary to effectuate this order and may make such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall consult with any senior officials she deems appropriate.

(c) Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary and the Secretary of Homeland Security may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within their respective department or agency.

(d) All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 8. Interaction With Other Presidential Actions.** Any provision of previous proclamations and Executive Orders that is inconsistent with the actions directed in this order is superseded to the extent of such inconsistency.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

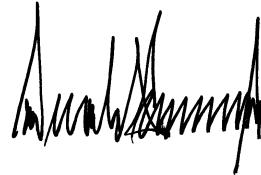
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Commerce.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
September 4, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14344 of August 28, 2025

### Making Federal Architecture Beautiful Again

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The Founders, in line with great societies before them, attached great importance to Federal civic architecture. They wanted America's public buildings to inspire the American people and encourage civic virtue. President George Washington and Secretary of State Thomas Jefferson consciously modeled the most important buildings in Washington, DC, on the classical architecture of ancient Athens and Rome. They sought to use classical architecture to visually connect our contemporary Republic with the antecedents of democracy in classical antiquity, reminding citizens not only of their rights but also their responsibilities in maintaining and perpetuating its institutions.

Washington and Jefferson personally oversaw the competitions to design the Capitol Building and the White House. Under the direction and following the vision of these two Founders, Pierre Charles L'Enfant designed the Nation's capital as a classical city. For approximately a century and a half following America's founding, America's Federal architecture continued to be characterized by beautiful and beloved buildings of largely, though not exclusively, classical design. In the 1960s, the Federal Government largely replaced traditional designs for new construction with modernist and brutalist ones. The Federal architecture that ensued, overseen by the General Services Administration (GSA), was often unpopular with Americans. The new buildings ranged from the undistinguished to designs even GSA now admits many in the public found unappealing.

In 1994, GSA responded to this widespread criticism by establishing the Design Excellence Program. The GSA intended that program to "provide visual testimony to the dignity, enterprise, vigor, and stability of the American Government." Unfortunately, the program has not met this goal. Under the Design Excellence Program, GSA has often selected designs by prominent architects with little regard for local input or regional aesthetic preferences. The resulting Federal architecture sometimes impresses the architectural elite, but not the American people who the buildings are meant to serve. Many of these new Federal buildings are not even visibly identifiable as civic buildings.

It is time to update the policies guiding Federal architecture to address these problems and ensure that architects designing Federal buildings serve their clients, the American people.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** (a) Applicable Federal public buildings should uplift and beautify public spaces, inspire the human spirit, ennable the United States, and command respect from the general public. They should also be visually identifiable as civic buildings and, as appropriate, respect regional architectural heritage. Architecture—particularly traditional and classical architecture—that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection is the preferred architecture for applicable Federal public buildings. In the District of Columbia, classical architecture shall be the preferred and default architecture for Federal public buildings absent exceptional factors necessitating another kind of architecture.

(b) Where the architecture of applicable Federal public buildings diverges from the preferred architecture set forth in subsection (a) of this section,

great care and consideration must be taken to choose a design that commands respect from the general public and clearly conveys to the general public the dignity, enterprise, vigor, and stability of America's system of self-government.

(c) When renovating, reducing, or expanding applicable Federal public buildings that do not meet the criteria set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the feasibility and potential expense of building redesign to meet those criteria should be examined. Where feasible and economical, such redesign should be given substantial consideration, especially with regard to the building's exterior.

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) "Applicable Federal public building" means:

(i) all Federal courthouses and agency headquarters;

(ii) all Federal public buildings in the National Capital Region; and

(iii) all other Federal public buildings that cost or are expected to cost more than \$50 million in 2025 dollars to design, build, and finish, but does not include infrastructure projects or land ports of entry.

(b) "Brutalist architecture" means the style of architecture that grew out of the early 20th-century modernist movement that is characterized by a massive and block-like appearance with a rigid geometric style and large-scale use of exposed poured concrete.

(c) "Classical architecture" means the architectural tradition derived from the forms, principles, and vocabulary of the architecture of Greek and Roman antiquity, and as later developed and expanded upon by such Renaissance architects as Alberti, Brunelleschi, Michelangelo, and Palladio; such Enlightenment masters as Robert Adam, John Soane, and Christopher Wren; such 19th-century architects as Benjamin Henry Latrobe, Robert Mills, and Thomas U. Walter; and such 20th-century practitioners as Julian Abele, Daniel Burnham, Rafael Carmoega, Charles F. McKim, John Russell Pope, Julia Morgan, and the firm of Delano and Aldrich. Classical architecture encompasses such styles as Neoclassical, Georgian, Federal, Greek Revival, Beaux-Arts, and Art Deco.

(d) "Deconstructivist architecture" means the style of architecture generally known as "deconstructivism" that emerged during the late 1980s and that features fragmentation, disorder, discontinuity, distortion, skewed geometry, and the appearance of instability.

(e) "General public" means members of the public who are not:

(i) artists, architects, engineers, art or architecture critics, instructors or professors of art or architecture, or members of the building industry; or

(ii) affiliated with any interest group, trade association, or any other organization, whose membership is financially affected by decisions involving the design, construction, or remodeling of public buildings.

(f) "Public building" has the meaning given that term in section 3301(a)(5) of title 40, United States Code.

(g) "Traditional architecture" includes classical architecture, as defined herein, and also includes the historic humanistic architecture such as Gothic, Romanesque, Second Empire, Pueblo Revival, Spanish Colonial, and other Mediterranean styles of architecture historically rooted in various regions of America.

(h) "2025 dollars" means dollars adjusted for inflation using the Bureau of Economic Analysis's Gross Domestic Product price deflator and using 2025 as the base year.

**Sec. 4. Guiding Principles for Federal Architecture.** (a) Executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall to the extent practicable adhere to the following Guiding Principles for Federal Architecture:

(i) The policy shall be to provide requisite and adequate facilities in an architectural style and form that is distinguished and that will reflect

the dignity, enterprise, vigor, and stability of the American Government. Because of their proven ability to meet these requirements, classical and traditional architecture are preferred modes of architectural design. This preference does not exclude the possibility of alternative styles in appropriate circumstances. Major emphasis should be placed on the choice of designs that embody architectural excellence. Specific attention should be paid to the possibilities of incorporating into such designs qualities that reflect the regional architectural traditions of that part of the Nation in which buildings are located. Where appropriate, fine art should be incorporated in the designs, with emphasis on the work of living American artists. Designs shall adhere to sound construction practice and utilize materials, methods, and equipment of proven dependability. Buildings shall be economical to build, operate, and maintain, and should be accessible to the handicapped.

(ii) Design must flow from the needs of the Government and the aspirations and preferences of the American people to the architectural profession, and not vice versa. Competitions for the design of Federal buildings should be held where appropriate. The advice of distinguished architects practiced in classical or traditional architecture should, as a rule, be sought prior to the award of important design contracts.

(iii) The choice and development of the building site should be considered the first step of the design process. This choice should be made in cooperation with local agencies. Special attention should be paid to the general ensemble of streets and public places of which Federal buildings will form a part. Where possible, buildings should be located so as to permit a generous development of landscape.

**Sec. 5. GSA Actions.** (a) The Administrator of General Services (Administrator) shall adhere to the policies and principles set forth in sections 2 and 4 of this order, and shall expeditiously update GSA policies and procedures to incorporate such policies and principles and advance the purposes of this order.

(b) The Administrator shall:

(i) ensure that GSA architects whose duties include reviewing, assisting with, or approving the selection of architects or designs for applicable Federal public buildings have formal training in, or substantial and significant experience with, classical or traditional architecture;

(ii) create the position of senior advisor for architectural design, for an individual with specialized experience in classical architecture, to help develop GSA procedures, advise on architectural standards, and provide guidance during design evaluations or design juries;

(iii) where the design of an applicable Federal public building is selected pursuant to a design-build competition under section 3309 of title 41, United States Code, list experience with classical or traditional architecture as specialized experience and technical competence in the phase-one solicitation, and give substantive weight to these factors when evaluating which offerors will be advanced to phase two; and

(iv) consistent with sections 4302 and 4312 of title 5, United States Code, make advancing the purposes and implementing the policies of this order a critical performance element in the individual performance plans of the Chief Architect of GSA and appropriate subordinate employees in the GSA Public Buildings Service involved in selecting designs for applicable Federal public buildings.

(c) Where GSA intends to select a building design pursuant to a design competition, the Administrator shall actively recruit architectural firms and, as applicable, designers with experience in classical and traditional architecture to enter such competition and shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that multiple designs in such modes are advanced to the final evaluation round.

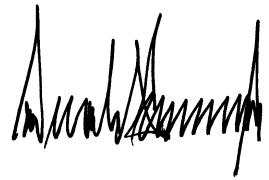
(d) In the event the Administrator proposes to approve a design for a new applicable Federal public building that diverges from the preferred architecture set forth in subsection 2(a) of this order, including Brutalist or Deconstructivist architecture or any design derived from or related to these types of architecture, the Administrator shall notify the President through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy not less than 30 days before GSA could reject such design without incurring substantial expenditures. Such notification shall set forth the reasons the Administrator proposes to approve such design, including:

- (i) a detailed explanation of why the Administrator believes selecting such design is justified, with particular focus on whether such design is as beautiful and reflective of the dignity, enterprise, vigor, and stability of the American system of self-government as alternative designs using preferred architecture;
- (ii) the total expected cost of adopting the proposed design, including estimated maintenance and replacement costs throughout its expected lifecycle; and
- (iii) a description of the designs using preferred architecture seriously considered for such project and the total expected cost of adopting such designs, including estimated maintenance and replacement costs throughout their expected lifecycles.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the General Services Administration.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 28, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-16928  
Filed 9-2-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 6820-61-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14343 of August 28, 2025

### **Further Exclusions From the Federal Labor-Management Relations Program**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 7103(b)(1) of title 5, United States Code, to enhance the national security of the United States, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Determinations.** The agencies and agency subdivisions set forth in section 2 of this order are hereby determined to have as a primary function intelligence, counterintelligence, investigative, or national security work. It is also hereby determined that Chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, cannot be applied to these agencies and agency subdivisions in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations.

**Sec. 2. National Security Exclusions.** Executive Order 12171 of November 19, 1979, as amended, is further amended by:

- (a) In section 1–408, adding at the end:  
“(e) Units in the Bureau of Reclamation with primary responsibility for operating, managing, or maintaining hydropower facilities.”;
- (b) Revising section 1–411 to read:  
“1–411. Agencies or subdivisions of the Department of Commerce:
  - (a) The International Trade Administration.
  - (b) Office of the Commissioner for Patents and subordinate units, Patent and Trademark Office.
  - (c) The following subdivisions of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:
    - (1) National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service.
    - (2) National Weather Service.”; and
  - (c) Adding the following after section 1–419:  
“1–420. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration.  
1–421. The United States Agency for Global Media.”.

**Sec. 3. Extension of Deadline.** Any order published by the Secretaries of Defense and Veterans Affairs pursuant to section 4 of Executive Order 14251 of March 27, 2025 (Exclusions from Federal Labor-Management Relations Programs), shall have full force and effect if it is issued prior to the date that is 15 days from the date of this order, notwithstanding section 4(b)(ii) of Executive Order 14251.

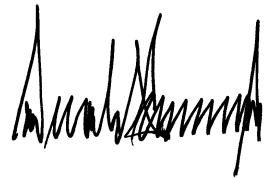
**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 28, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-16924  
Filed 9-2-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14342 of August 25, 2025

### Taking Steps To End Cashless Bail To Protect Americans

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Maintaining order and public safety requires incarcerating individuals whose pending criminal charges or criminal history demonstrate a clear ongoing risk to society. When these individuals are released without bail under city or State policies, they are permitted—even encouraged—to further endanger law-abiding, hard-working Americans because they know our laws will not be enforced. Our great law enforcement officers risk their lives to arrest potentially violent criminals, only to be forced to arrest the same individuals, sometimes for the same crimes, while they await trial on the previous charges. This is a waste of public resources and a threat to public safety.

As President, I will require commonsense policies that protect Americans' safety and well-being by incarcerating individuals who are known threats. It is therefore the policy of my Administration that Federal policies and resources should not be used to support jurisdictions with cashless bail policies, to the maximum extent permitted by law.

**Sec. 2. Consequences for Cashless Bail Jurisdictions.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General shall submit to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, a list of States and local jurisdictions that have, in the Attorney General's opinion, substantially eliminated cash bail as a potential condition of pretrial release from custody for crimes that pose a clear threat to public safety and order, including offenses involving violent, sexual, or indecent acts, or burglary, looting, or vandalism. The Attorney General shall update this list as necessary.

(b) The head of each executive department and agency, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall identify Federal funds, including grants and contracts, currently provided to cashless bail jurisdictions identified pursuant to subsection (a) of this section that may be suspended or terminated, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

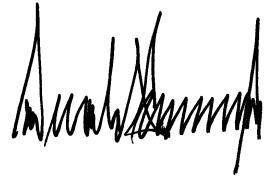
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Justice.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 25, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-16618  
Filed 8-27-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4410-CW-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14341 of August 25, 2025

#### Prosecuting Burning of the American Flag

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Our great American Flag is the most sacred and cherished symbol of the United States of America, and of American freedom, identity, and strength. Over nearly two-and-a-half centuries, many thousands of American patriots have fought, bled, and died to keep the Stars and Stripes waving proudly. The American Flag is a special symbol in our national life that should unite and represent all Americans of every background and walk of life. Desecrating it is uniquely offensive and provocative. It is a statement of contempt, hostility, and violence against our Nation—the clearest possible expression of opposition to the political union that preserves our rights, liberty, and security. Burning this representation of America may incite violence and riot. American Flag burning is also used by groups of foreign nationals as a calculated act to intimidate and threaten violence against Americans because of their nationality and place of birth.

Notwithstanding the Supreme Court’s rulings on First Amendment protections, the Court has never held that American Flag desecration conducted in a manner that is likely to incite imminent lawless action or that is an action amounting to “fighting words” is constitutionally protected. See *Texas v. Johnson*, 491 U.S. 397, 408–10 (1989).

My Administration will act to restore respect and sanctity to the American Flag and prosecute those who incite violence or otherwise violate our laws while desecrating this symbol of our country, to the fullest extent permissible under any available authority.

**Sec. 2. Measures to Combat Desecration of the American Flag.** (a) The Attorney General shall prioritize the enforcement to the fullest extent possible of our Nation’s criminal and civil laws against acts of American Flag desecration that violate applicable, content-neutral laws, while causing harm unrelated to expression, consistent with the First Amendment. This may include, but is not limited to, violent crimes; hate crimes, illegal discrimination against American citizens, or other violations of Americans’ civil rights; and crimes against property and the peace, as well as conspiracies and attempts to violate, and aiding and abetting others to violate, such laws.

(b) In cases where the Department of Justice or another executive department or agency (agency) determines that an instance of American Flag desecration may violate an applicable State or local law, such as open burning restrictions, disorderly conduct laws, or destruction of property laws, the agency shall refer the matter to the appropriate State or local authority for potential action.

(c) To the maximum extent permitted by the Constitution, the Attorney General shall vigorously prosecute those who violate our laws in ways that involve desecrating the American Flag, and may pursue litigation to clarify the scope of the First Amendment exceptions in this area.

(d) The Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting within their respective authorities, shall deny, prohibit, terminate, or revoke visas, residence permits, naturalization proceedings, and other immigration benefits, or seek removal from the United States, pursuant to Federal law, including 8 U.S.C. 1182(a), 8 U.S.C. 1424,

8 U.S.C. 1427, 8 U.S.C. 1451(c), and 8 U.S.C. 1227(a), whenever there has been an appropriate determination that foreign nationals have engaged in American Flag-desecration activity under circumstances that permit the exercise of such remedies pursuant to Federal law.

**Sec. 3. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

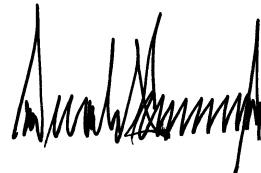
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Justice.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
August 25, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14340 of August 25, 2025

### Measures To End Cashless Bail and Enforce the Law in the District of Columbia

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** As stated in Executive Order 14333 of August 11, 2025 (Declaring a Crime Emergency in the District of Columbia), there is a crime emergency in Washington, D.C., that is impeding the operations and responsibilities of the Federal Government. The District of Columbia government's pretrial release policies, which include prohibiting cash bail, contribute to the disgraceful conditions referenced in the aforementioned Executive Order, as law enforcement must arrest the same individuals multiple times, and dangerous criminals are sometimes rapidly released. This leaves such criminals free to endanger American citizens visiting our Nation's capital, Federal workers discharging their duties to our Nation, and citizens of the District of Columbia trying to live their lives safely. It is therefore the policy of my Administration that all necessary and lawful measures be taken to end cashless bail policies and ensure the pretrial detention of any criminal suspect who threatens public safety.

**Sec. 2. Ending Unwarranted Pretrial Release in the District of Columbia.** (a) To prevent the release of dangerous suspects based on cashless bail policies, relevant Federal law enforcement agencies and officials who are members of the D.C. Safe and Beautiful Task Force established in Executive Order 14252 of March 27, 2025 (Making the District of Columbia Safe and Beautiful), shall work to ensure that arrestees in the District of Columbia are held in Federal custody to the fullest extent permissible under applicable law, and shall pursue Federal charges and pretrial detention for such arrestees whenever possible, consistent with applicable law, to ensure that criminal defendants who pose a threat to public safety are not released from custody prior to trial.

(b) Further, the Attorney General shall review the Metropolitan Police Department (MPD) General Orders and other policies and practices of the MPD to identify those that may result in pretrial release of criminal defendants who pose a threat to public safety and, consistent with section 740 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act (Public Law 93–198), shall request that the Mayor of the District of Columbia make such updates and modifications to such orders and policies as the Attorney General determines would be necessary to address the crime emergency and help to ensure public order and safety.

**Sec. 3. Measures to End Cashless Bail in the District of Columbia.** (a) The Attorney General shall determine whether the District of Columbia continues to maintain a policy or practice of prohibiting cash bail as a potential condition of pretrial release from jail for crimes prosecuted under the Code of the District of Columbia in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia where the arrestee poses a clear threat to public safety and order. Such cases include violent or sexual offenses such as rape, murder, carjacking, and assault, as well as property offenses such as burglary, looting, and vandalism. The Attorney General shall update her determination if the District of Columbia changes its cashless bail policies or practices.

(b) If the Attorney General determines that the District of Columbia continues to maintain a policy or practice of prohibiting cash bail, the head of each executive department or agency (agency), in coordination with the

Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall identify appropriate actions to press the District of Columbia to change its policies with respect to cashless bail. Such actions may include Federal funding decisions or the provision of Federal services or approvals by agency heads, as well as actions the Attorney General identifies as necessary and appropriate because of the emergency conditions based upon which section 740 of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act has been invoked. The head of each agency shall undertake any such actions he or she deems appropriate, consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

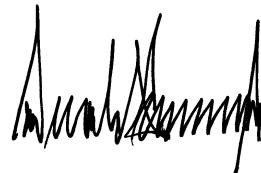
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Justice.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
August 25, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14339 of August 25, 2025

#### Additional Measures To Address the Crime Emergency in the District of Columbia

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Crime Emergency.** Two weeks ago, I declared a crime emergency in the District of Columbia to address the rampant violence and disorder that have undermined the proper and safe functioning of the Federal Government, and therefore, the Nation, and that have led to disgraceful conditions in our Nation's capital. In furtherance of Executive Order 14333 of August 11, 2025 (Declaring a Crime Emergency in the District of Columbia), I am now ordering further actions to address the conditions described in that Executive Order.

**Sec. 2. Operational Actions.** (a) The Director of the National Park Service shall, subject to the availability of appropriations and applicable law, hire additional members of the United States Park Police in the District of Columbia to support the policy goals described in Executive Order 14333. The United States Park Police shall ensure enforcement of all applicable laws within their jurisdiction, including the Code of the District of Columbia, to help maintain public safety and proper order.

(b) The United States Attorney for the District of Columbia shall, subject to the availability of appropriations and applicable law, hire additional prosecutors to focus on prosecuting violent and property crimes.

(c) The D.C. Safe and Beautiful Task Force established in Executive Order 14252 of March 27, 2025 (Making the District of Columbia Safe and Beautiful), shall establish an online portal for Americans with law enforcement or other relevant backgrounds and experience to apply to join Federal law enforcement entities to support the policy goals described in Executive Order 14333. Each law enforcement agency that is a member of the D.C. Safe and Beautiful Task Force, as well as other relevant components of the Department of Justice as the Attorney General determines, shall further, subject to the availability of appropriations and applicable law, immediately create and begin training, manning, hiring, and equipping a specialized unit that is dedicated to ensuring public safety and order in the Nation's capital that can be deployed whenever the circumstances necessitate, and that could be deployed, subject to applicable law, in other cities where public safety and order has been lost.

(d)(i) The Secretary of Defense shall, subject to the availability of appropriations and applicable law, immediately create and begin training, manning, hiring, and equipping a specialized unit within the District of Columbia National Guard, subject to activation under Title 32 of the United States Code, that is dedicated to ensuring public safety and order in the Nation's capital. As appropriate and consistent with applicable law, the Attorney General, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall each deputize the members of this unit to enforce Federal law.

(ii) The Secretary of Defense shall immediately begin ensuring that each State's Army National Guard and Air National Guard are resourced, trained, organized, and available to assist Federal, State, and local law enforcement in quelling civil disturbances and ensuring the public safety and order

whenever the circumstances necessitate, as appropriate under law. In coordination with the respective adjutants general, the Secretary of Defense shall designate an appropriate number of each State's trained National Guard members to be reasonably available for rapid mobilization for such purposes. In addition, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure the availability of a standing National Guard quick reaction force that shall be resourced, trained, and available for rapid nationwide deployment.

(e) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) shall investigate any non-compliance with the crime-prevention and safety requirements of HUD agreements by the District of Columbia Housing Authority or any landlord in the District of Columbia. These investigations shall include consideration of the provisions of such agreements that require housing providers to maintain safe, decent, and sanitary conditions or to restrict tenants who engage in criminal activity that threatens health, safety, and the right to peaceful enjoyment for other tenants, including engaging in drug distribution, violent criminal activity, and domestic violence. The Secretary of HUD shall refer any findings of non-compliance to the Attorney General, Federal law enforcement authorities, the District of Columbia Housing Authority Police Department, and the Metropolitan Police Department, as appropriate.

(f) The Secretary of Transportation shall conduct additional inspections, audits, and examinations to determine whether conditions exist in federally-funded transit services in the District of Columbia that endanger transit workers, and take appropriate remedial action that is within the Department of Transportation's authority.

**Sec. 3. Potential Amendments to Metropolitan Police Department General Orders.** (a) The Attorney General shall review the Metropolitan Police Department General Orders and shall request that the Mayor of the District of Columbia make such updates and modifications to such orders as the Attorney General determines are necessary to address the crime emergency and ensure public order and safety.

**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its other provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

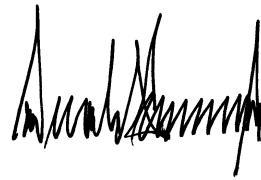
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Justice.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 25, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-16614  
Filed 8-27-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4410-CW-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14338 of August 21, 2025**

## Improving Our Nation Through Better Design

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** America has long led the world in innovation, technological advancement, and design. But with a sprawling ecosystem of digital services offered to Americans, the Government has lagged behind in usability and aesthetics. There is a high financial cost to maintaining legacy systems, to say nothing of the cost in time lost by the American public trying to navigate them. It is time to fill the digital potholes across our Nation.

With this order, I am announcing “America by Design,” a national initiative to improve experiences for Americans, starting by breathing new life into the design of sites where people interface with their Government. It is time to update the Government’s design language to be both usable and beautiful. This effort will be facilitated by a new National Design Studio and by a new Chief Design Officer. The Chief Design Officer will help recruit top creative talent, coordinate with executive departments and agencies (agencies), and devise innovative solutions.

It is the policy of my Administration to deliver digital and physical experiences that are both beautiful and efficient, improving the quality of life for our Nation. Towards that end, the National Design Studio will advise agencies on how to reduce duplicative design costs, use standardized design to enhance the public’s trust in high-impact service providers, and dramatically improve the quality of experiences offered to the American public.

**Sec. 2. Establishing America by Design and the National Design Studio.** (a) There is established a national initiative, America by Design, to improve comprehensively the visual presentation and usability of Federal services provided to the public in both digital and physical spaces, creating first-class online and offline experiences for Americans.

(b) To help facilitate the America by Design initiative, there is established within the White House Office of the Executive Office of the President the National Design Studio (NDS) and, within the NDS, a new position entitled the Chief Design Officer. The NDS shall be led by an Administrator, who shall report to the Office of the White House Chief of Staff. There is further established within the NDS, in accordance with section 3161 of title 5, United States Code, a temporary organization headed by the NDS Administrator and dedicated to helping advance the America by Design initiative. The temporary organization shall terminate 3 years from the date of this order, but that termination shall not be interpreted to imply the termination, attenuation, or amendment of any other authority or provision of this order.

**Sec. 3. Implementing America by Design.** (a) Heads of agencies shall consult with the Chief Design Officer to implement the America by Design initiative at their respective agencies and shall produce initial results by July 4, 2026.

(i) Heads of agencies shall prioritize improving websites and physical sites that have a major impact on Americans’ everyday lives.

(ii) The Administrator of General Services shall consult with the Chief Design Officer to update the United States Web Design System consistent with the policies set forth in this order.

(iii) Heads of agencies shall consult with the Chief Design Officer to ensure Government-wide compliance with the 21st Century Integrated Digital Experience Act, Public Law 115–336.

(b) The Chief Design Officer shall consult with thought leaders and research and design firms on how best to implement the America by Design initiative. In order to employ the most talented designers of our generation to serve their country, the Chief Design Officer shall help recruit designers and other experts from the private sector as well as other sources of expertise. Heads of agencies shall use all relevant hiring authorities to facilitate this effort, including title IV of the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970, Public Law 91–648, 5 U.S.C. 3371 *et seq.*

(c) The Chief Design Officer shall consult with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, as appropriate, in carrying out his or her obligations under this order.

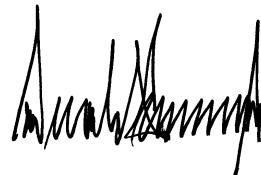
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
August 21, 2025.

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14337 of August 13, 2025**

#### **Revocation of Executive Order on Competition**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

*Section 1. Revocation.* Executive Order 14036 of July 9, 2021 (Promoting Competition in the American Economy), is hereby revoked.

*Sec. 2. General Provisions.* (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Justice.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN", is written over a series of vertical, wavy lines that resemble a stylized waveform or a series of tick marks.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 13, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14336 of August 13, 2025

#### Ensuring American Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Resilience by Filling the Strategic Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients Reserve

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** During my first term, my Administration acted to protect the health and security of the American people by restoring capacity for domestic production of essential pharmaceutical products. Executive Order 13944 of August 6, 2020 (Combatting Public Health Emergencies and Strengthening National Security by Ensuring Essential Medicines, Medical Countermeasures, and Critical Inputs Are Made in the United States), directed certain executive departments and agencies (agencies) to consider a variety of actions to increase their domestic procurement of Essential Medicines, Medical Countermeasures, and Critical Inputs, as defined in section 7 of that order, and to identify supply chain vulnerabilities. The Food and Drug Administration published a list of Essential Medicines, Medical Countermeasures, and Critical Inputs in October 2020. The Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR) within the Department of Health and Human Services later reduced the list to 86 essential medicines.

Nearly two in five prescription finished drug products are made in the United States, including many of the essential medicines. However, when it comes to Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs), the biologically active components of finished drug products, only about 10 percent of the APIs by volume for the finished drug products used in the United States are made here.

During my first term, my first Administration created a Strategic Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients Reserve (SAPIR) to stockpile APIs. Stockpiling APIs is advantageous as APIs are generally lower-cost and have longer shelf lives than the finished drug products they make. Filling the SAPIR will also insulate the United States from the concentration of foreign, sometimes adversary, nations in the world-wide supply of the Key Starting Materials used to make APIs. Moreover, Government purchases of APIs to fill the SAPIR can encourage more domestic production of APIs.

Unfortunately, the Biden Administration failed to advance the goal of ensuring domestic sources for essential medicines and their precursors despite spending billions of dollars on efforts to secure supply chains. Domestic production and procurement did not increase and the SAPIR is nearly empty.

**Sec. 2. Filling the SAPIR with APIs for the Most Critical Medicines.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the ASPR shall develop a list, in consultation with agencies with scientific expertise, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy (AEEP), and the Assistant to the President and Homeland Security Advisor (APHSA), of approximately 26 drugs that are especially critical to the health and security interests of the Nation (the critical drugs) and an accounting of existing, available funds that can be utilized, consistent with statutory authorities, to finance the preparation and opening of the SAPIR repository and to obtain and maintain the 6-month supply of APIs for the critical drugs referenced in subsection (c) of this section shall be provided to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The OMB shall provide assistance to the Secretary

of Health and Human Services to facilitate the repurposing of available funds, consistent with law.

(b) Within 120 days of the date of this order and subject to the availability of funds identified pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the ASPR shall, in coordination with such other agencies as are necessary, take all measures to ready the existing SAPIR repository so that it can begin receiving and maintaining APIs.

(c) Subject to the availability of funds identified pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the ASPR shall obtain a 6-month supply of the APIs needed to make the critical drugs to fill the SAPIR, with a preference for obtaining domestically manufactured APIs if possible. The ASPR shall place such APIs within the SAPIR repository no later than 30 days after the repository is certified by the ASPR as ready to receive and maintain APIs.

**Sec. 3. Ensuring SAPIR Resilience.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the ASPR shall provide the APHSA, the APEP, and the OMB with an update to the ASPR's 2022 list of 86 essential medicines and medical countermeasures, along with a plan to:

(i) obtain from domestic manufacturers, where possible;

(ii) store; and

(iii) maintain a 6-month supply of APIs for drugs on the updated essential medicines list if they have not already been addressed in the list of critical drugs identified pursuant to section 2(a) of this order.

(b) The plan provided pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall include a proposal and cost estimate for opening a second SAPIR repository in the United States within 1 year of the date of this order.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

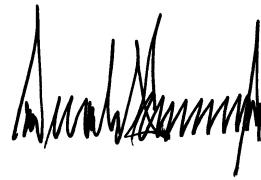
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Health and Human Services.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 13, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15823  
Filed 8-18-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 4150-28-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14335 of August 13, 2025**

**Enabling Competition in the Commercial Space Industry**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

*Section 1. Purpose.* In 1969, the United States landed the first humans on the Moon. In the years since, premier space companies from around the world have been drawn to launch rockets and satellites from the United States, incentivized by its infrastructure and support for commercial space activities. Americans are more prosperous because of the space research and development occurring here.

It is imperative that we build on the far-reaching actions taken by my Administration during my first term to ensure that new space-based industries, space exploration capabilities, and cutting-edge defense systems are pioneered in America rather than by our adversaries. Ensuring that United States operators can efficiently launch, conduct missions in space, and reenter United States airspace is critical to economic growth, national security, and accomplishing Federal space exploration objectives.

*Sec. 2. Policy.* It is the policy of the United States to enhance American greatness in space by enabling a competitive launch marketplace and substantially increasing commercial space launch cadence and novel space activities by 2030. To accomplish this, the Federal Government will streamline commercial license and permit approvals for United States-based operators.

*Sec. 3. Reforming Regulatory Barriers to Commercial Launch and Reentry.* (a) The Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, shall, consistent with applicable law, use all available authorities to eliminate or expedite the Department of Transportation's environmental reviews for, and other obstacles to the granting of, launch and reentry licenses and permits. Such measures shall include the exercise of authority by the Secretary of Transportation under 51 U.S.C. 50905(b)(2)(C) as applicable; determining which Department of Transportation functions are not subject to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA); and, as appropriate, establishing categorical exclusions under NEPA (or relying on existing categorical exclusions) for launch and reentry licenses and permits within certain parameters.

(b) The Secretary of Transportation shall reevaluate, amend, or rescind, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, the regulations at Part 450 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations. The Secretary's evaluation, amendment, or rescission shall specifically address:

- (i) what regulatory requirements should be inapplicable for a launch or reentry vehicle that possesses a flight termination system or automated flight safety system;
- (ii) what regulatory requirements should be inapplicable or waived for hybrid launch or reentry vehicles that hold valid Federal Aviation Administration airworthiness certificates;
- (iii) whether to expand the conditions that demonstrate reliability for a reentry vehicle, sufficient to protect against a high-consequence event on reentry; and
- (iv) whether other existing requirements are too attenuated to a vehicle's actual launch or reentry to warrant retention in Part 450.

(c) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation shall report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy a description of the actions that have been or will be taken pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

*Sec. 4. Reforming Regulatory Barriers to Next Generation Spaceport Infrastructure.* (a) The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), shall, within 180 days of the date of this order, conduct an evaluation of relevant States' compliance under the Coastal Zone Management Act pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 1458, the effect of any lack of compliance on the development of spaceport infrastructure, and whether State approvals under that Act should be revoked. The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Administrator of NASA shall also notify the Department of Justice of any State or local limitations on spaceport development on Federal lands that may be inconsistent with Federal law.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Administrator of NASA shall execute a memorandum of understanding that aligns review processes for spaceport development across agencies, eliminates those that are duplicative, and preserves required Federal space-exploration and National Security Space Launch capacity.

(c) The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Administrator of NASA shall, consistent with applicable law, use all available authorities to expedite their respective environmental and administrative reviews for authorizations, permits, approval, real property leases, and any other activity relevant to spaceport infrastructure development. The Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality shall coordinate with relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies) on the establishment of new categorical exclusions under NEPA for actions related to spaceport development that normally do not have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment. Agencies shall, for purposes of establishing these categorical exclusions, rely on any sufficient basis to do so as each such agency determines.

(d) The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Administrator of NASA shall, mindful of the significant national security imperatives inherent in commercial space advancement, consider for all spaceport development projects whether to submit an application to the Endangered Species Committee pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 1536(e).

*Sec. 5. Reforming Novel Space Activity Authorization.* Within 150 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall propose a process for individualized mission authorizations for activities that are covered by Article VI of the Outer Space Treaty of 1967, but not clearly or straightforwardly governed by existing regulatory frameworks, with the goal of expediting and streamlining authorizations to enable American space competitiveness and superiority. This proposal must solicit and consider affected agencies' feedback on the authorization process, contain a definitive timeline for the grant or denial of authorization for proposed activities, and include clear and consistent requirements for applicants. The Secretary of Commerce shall transmit the proposal to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Science and Technology. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to human spaceflight.

*Sec. 6. Reforming Regulatory Leadership and Accountability.* (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation shall establish a position in the Office of the Secretary with the responsibility of advising the Secretary of Transportation on fostering innovation and deregulation in the commercial space transportation industry. The Secretary of Transportation shall further direct the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to take all necessary steps to appoint a senior executive

noncareer employee to be the Associate Administrator for Commercial Space Transportation.

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall elevate the Office of Space Commerce into the Office of the Secretary.

*Sec. 7. Administrative Note.* Where applicable, the functions assigned to the Secretary of Transportation in sections 1 through 5 of this order shall be carried out by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration under the direction of the Secretary of Transportation.

*Sec. 8. General Provisions.* (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

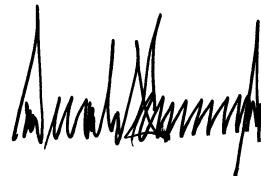
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Transportation.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 13, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15822]

Filed 8-18-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 4910-9X-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14334 of August 11, 2025

#### Further Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Ongoing Discussions With the People's Republic of China

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff to Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I found that conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, including the consequences of those exploding trade deficits, constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and economy of the United States that has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States. I declared a national emergency with respect to that threat, and to deal with that threat, I imposed certain *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate.

In Executive Order 14259 of April 8, 2025 (Amendment to Reciprocal Tariffs and Updated Duties as Applied to Low-Value Imports From the People's Republic of China), and Executive Order 14266 of April 9, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates to Reflect Trading Partner Retaliation and Alignment), I ordered modifications of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) to raise the applicable *ad valorem* duty rate for imports from the People's Republic of China (PRC) established in Executive Order 14257, in recognition of the fact that the State Council Tariff Commission of the PRC announced that it would retaliate against the United States in response to Executive Order 14257 and Executive Order 14259.

Subsequently, the United States entered into discussions with the PRC to address the lack of trade reciprocity in our economic relationship and our resulting national and economic security concerns. Therefore, in Executive Order 14298 of May 12, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates to Reflect Discussions With the People's Republic of China), I determined that it was necessary and appropriate to address the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 by modifying the HTSUS to suspend for a period of 90 days application of the additional *ad valorem* duties imposed on the PRC listed in Annex I to Executive Order 14257, as amended, and to instead impose on articles of the PRC an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty as set forth in Executive Order 14298, pursuant to the terms of, and except as otherwise provided in, Executive Order 14257, as amended. This 90-day suspension expires at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 12, 2025.

The United States continues to have discussions with the PRC to address the lack of trade reciprocity in our economic relationship and our resulting national and economic security concerns. Through these discussions, the PRC continues to take significant steps toward remedying non-reciprocal trade arrangements and addressing the concerns of the United States relating to economic and national security matters. Based on this additional information and recommendations from various senior officials, among other things, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to continue the

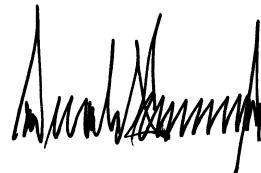
suspension effectuated by Executive Order 14298 until 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 10, 2025.

**Sec. 2. Continued Suspension of Country-Specific Ad Valorem Rate of Duty.** Heading 9903.01.63 and subdivision (v)(xiv)(10) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall continue to be suspended until 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on November 10, 2025.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, as applicable, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor to the President for Trade and Manufacturing, the Chair of the United States International Trade Commission, and the Postmaster General, are directed to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order, consistent with applicable law, including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or notices in the *Federal Register* and adopting rules and regulations, and are authorized to take such actions, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement this order. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.
- (d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Office of the United States Trade Representative.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN B. KLINE".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
August 11, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14333 of August 11, 2025**

## Declaring a Crime Emergency in the District of Columbia

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 740 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act (Public Law 93–198), as amended (section 740 of the Home Rule Act), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1.** Crime is out of control in the District of Columbia. Washington, District of Columbia, is our Nation's capital and home to the central institutions of American governance. Yet rising violence in the capital now urgently endangers public servants, citizens, and tourists, disrupts safe and secure transportation and the proper functioning of the Federal Government, and forces the diversion of critical public resources toward emergency response and security measures. The city government's failure to maintain public order and safety has had a dire impact on the Federal Government's ability to operate efficiently to address the Nation's broader interests without fear of our workers being subjected to rampant violence.

The increase in violent crime in the heart of our Republic has consequences beyond the individual tragedies that have dominated media coverage. Such lawlessness also poses intolerable risks to the vital Federal functions that take place in the District of Columbia. Violence and crime hamper the recruitment and retention of essential Federal employees, undermine critical functions of Government and thus the well-being of the entire Nation, and erode confidence in the strength of the United States. These conditions are disgraceful anywhere, but particularly in the capital of our Nation and the seat of the Federal Government. Citizens, tourists, and Federal workers deserve peace and security, not fear and violence. The smooth functioning of executive departments and agencies, courts, diplomatic missions, and the Federal Government demands an effective law-enforcement mechanism capable of halting the precipitous rise in violent crime, not one that permits Government workers to be violently attacked by mobs or fatally shot close to the Federal buildings where they work.

The magnitude of the violent crime crisis places the District of Columbia among the most violent jurisdictions in the United States. In 2024, the District of Columbia averaged one of the highest robbery and murder rates of large cities nationwide. Indeed, the District of Columbia now has a higher violent crime, murder, and robbery rate than all 50 States, recording a homicide rate in 2024 of 27.54 per 100,000 residents. It also experienced the Nation's highest vehicle theft rate with 842.4 thefts per 100,000 residents—over three times the national average of 250.2 thefts per 100,000 residents. The District of Columbia is, by some measures, among the top 20 percent of the most dangerous cities in the world.

As President, I have a solemn duty to take care that our laws are faithfully executed, and a sacred responsibility to protect the safety and security of United States citizens who live in and visit our Nation's capital, including Federal workers who live or commute into the District of Columbia. These conditions cannot persist. We will make the District of Columbia one of the safest cities in the world, not the most dangerous.

**Sec. 2. Services of the Metropolitan Police Department of the District of Columbia.** I determine that special conditions of an emergency nature exist that require the use of the Metropolitan Police Department of the District

of Columbia (Metropolitan Police force) for Federal purposes, including maintaining law and order in the Nation's seat of Government; protecting Federal buildings, national monuments, and other Federal property; and ensuring conditions necessary for the orderly functioning of the Federal Government. Effective immediately, the Mayor of the District of Columbia (Mayor) shall provide the services of the Metropolitan Police force for Federal purposes for the maximum period permitted under section 740 of the Home Rule Act.

**Sec. 3. Operational Control of the Metropolitan Police Department of the District of Columbia.** (a) The authority of the President conferred by section 740(a) of the Home Rule Act to direct the Mayor with respect to the current special conditions of an emergency nature is delegated to the Attorney General.

(b) In accordance with section 740(a) of the Home Rule Act, the Mayor shall provide such services of the Metropolitan Police force as the Attorney General may deem necessary and appropriate.

**Sec. 4. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Attorney General shall monitor and regularly consult with any senior official the Attorney General deems appropriate on the special conditions of an emergency nature that exist in the District of Columbia that require the use of the Metropolitan Police force for Federal purposes.

(b) The Attorney General shall regularly update me on the status of the special conditions of an emergency nature that exist in the District of Columbia that require the use of the Metropolitan Police force for Federal purposes.

(c) The Attorney General shall inform me of any circumstances that, in the Attorney General's opinion, might indicate the need for further action by the President or that the action in this order is no longer necessary.

**Sec. 5. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its other provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

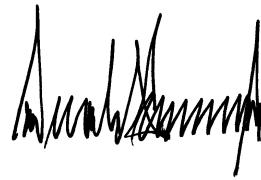
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Justice.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 11, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15550  
Filed 8-13-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4410-CW-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14332 of August 7, 2025

### Improving Oversight of Federal Grantmaking

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to improve the process of Federal grantmaking while ending offensive waste of tax dollars, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Every tax dollar the Government spends should improve American lives or advance American interests. This often does not happen. Federal grants have funded drag shows in Ecuador, trained doctoral candidates in critical race theory, and developed transgender-sexual-education programs. In 2024, one study claimed that more than one-quarter of new National Science Foundation (NSF) grants went to diversity, equity, and inclusion and other far-left initiatives. These NSF grants included those to educators that promoted Marxism, class warfare propaganda, and other anti-American ideologies in the classroom, masked as rigorous and thoughtful investigation.

The harm imposed by problematic Federal grants does not stop at propagating absurd ideologies. An unsafe lab in Wuhan, China—likely the source of the COVID–19 pandemic—engaged in gain-of-function research funded by the National Institutes of Health. The NSF gave millions to develop AI-powered social media censorship tools—a direct assault on free speech. Taxpayer-funded grants have also gone to non-governmental organizations that provided free services to illegal immigrants, worsening the border crisis and compromising our safety, and to organizations that actively worked against American interests abroad.

Even for projects receiving Federal funds that serve an ostensibly beneficial purpose, the Government has paid insufficient attention to their efficacy. For example, a significant proportion of the results of federally funded scientific research projects cannot be reproduced by external researchers. Even at Harvard and Stanford, once considered among America’s most prestigious universities, senior researchers have resigned following accusations of data falsification. A substantial portion of many Federal grants for university-led research goes not to scientific project applicants or groundbreaking research, but to university facilities and administrative costs.

The grant review process itself also undermines the interests of American taxpayers. Writing effective grant applications is notoriously complex, and grant applicants that can afford legal and technical experts are more likely to receive funds—which can then further support these non-mission functions. In addition, there is insufficient interagency coordination and review by relevant subject matter experts to reduce duplication. As a result, the best proposals do not always receive funding, and there is too much unfocused research of marginal social utility.

In short, there is a strong need to strengthen oversight and coordination of, and to streamline, agency grantmaking to address these problems, prevent them from recurring, and ensure greater accountability for use of public funds more broadly. The Government holds tax revenue in trust for the American people, and agencies should treat it accordingly.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

- (a) The term “agency” has the meaning given to it in section 551 of title 5, United States Code, except that such term includes only agencies that have the statutory authority to award, offer, or manage Federal grants

and does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.

(b) The term “agency head” means the highest-ranking official or officials of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, Director, Commissioners, or Board of Directors, unless otherwise specified in this order.

(c) The term “Director” means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

(d) The term “discretionary award” or “discretionary grant” means a grant that is a “discretionary award” as that term is defined in 2 CFR 200.1. It does not include programs where legislation establishes an entitlement to the funds on the part of the recipient, such as block grants; those awarded based on a statutory formula; or disaster recovery grants.

(e) The term “funding opportunity announcement” means a “notice of funding opportunity” as defined in 2 CFR 200.1, as it pertains to a discretionary award.

(f) The term “grant” means any “grant agreement or grant” as defined in 2 CFR 200.1, “cooperative agreement” as defined in 2 CFR 200.1, or similar award of financial assistance, including foreign assistance awards.

(g) The term “regulation” means an agency statement of general or particular applicability and future effect designed to implement, interpret, or prescribe law or policy or describing the procedure or practice requirements of an agency, including, without limitation, regulations, interpretative rules, and statements of policy.

(h) The term “senior appointee” means an individual appointed by the President, a non-career member of the Senior Executive Service, or an employee encumbering a Senior Level, Scientific and Professional, or Grade 15 position in Schedule C of the excepted service.

**Sec. 3. Strengthening Accountability for Agency Grantmaking.** (a) Each agency head shall promptly designate a senior appointee who shall be responsible for creating a process to review new funding opportunity announcements and to review discretionary grants to ensure that they are consistent with agency priorities and the national interest. For the avoidance of doubt, this process shall not guarantee any particular level of review or consideration to funding applicants except as consistent with applicable law. As consistent with applicable law, this review process shall incorporate, at a minimum:

(i) review and approval of agency funding opportunity announcements by one or more senior appointees or their designees;

(ii) continuation of existing coordination with OMB;

(iii) to the extent appropriate to the subject matter of the announcements, review by designated subject-matter experts as identified by the agency head or the agency head’s designee;

(iv) review of funding opportunity announcements and related forms to ensure that they include only such requirements as are necessary for an adequate evaluation of the application and are written in plain language with a goal of minimizing the need for legal or technical expertise in drafting an application;

(v) interagency coordination to determine whether the subject matter of a particular funding opportunity announcement has already been addressed by another agency announcement and, if so, whether one of the announcements should be modified or withdrawn to promote consistency and eliminate redundancy;

(vi) for scientific research discretionary grants, review by at least one subject matter expert in the field of the application, who may be a member of the grant review panel, the program officer, or an outside expert; and

(vii) pre-issuance review of discretionary awards to ensure that the awards are consistent with applicable law, agency priorities, and the national

interest, which shall involve in-person or virtual discussion of applications by grant review panels or program offices with a senior appointee or that appointee's designee.

(b) Agency heads shall designate one or more senior appointees to review discretionary awards on an annual basis for consistency with agency priorities and substantial progress. Such review shall include an accountability mechanism for officials responsible for selection and granting of the awards.

(c) Until such time as the process specified in subsection (a) of this section is in place, agencies shall not issue any new funding opportunity announcements without prior approval from the senior appointee designated under subsection (a) of this section, except as required by law.

**Sec. 4. Considerations for Discretionary Awards.** (a) Senior appointees and their designees shall not ministerially ratify or routinely defer to the recommendations of others in reviewing funding opportunity announcements or discretionary awards, but shall instead use their independent judgment.

(b) In reviewing and approving funding opportunity announcements and discretionary awards, as well as in designing the review process described in section 3(a) of this order, senior appointees and their designees shall, as relevant and to the extent consistent with applicable law, apply the following principles, including in any scoring rubrics used to assess grant proposals:

(i) Discretionary awards must, where applicable, demonstrably advance the President's policy priorities.

(ii) Discretionary awards shall not be used to fund, promote, encourage, subsidize, or facilitate:

(A) racial preferences or other forms of racial discrimination by the grant recipient, including activities where race or intentional proxies for race will be used as a selection criterion for employment or program participation;

(B) denial by the grant recipient of the sex binary in humans or the notion that sex is a chosen or mutable characteristic;

(C) illegal immigration; or

(D) any other initiatives that compromise public safety or promote anti-American values.

(iii) All else being equal, preference for discretionary awards should be given to institutions with lower indirect cost rates.

(iv) Discretionary grants should be given to a broad range of recipients rather than to a select group of repeat players. Research grants should be awarded to a mix of recipients likely to produce immediately demonstrable results and recipients with the potential for potentially longer-term, breakthrough results, in a manner consistent with the funding opportunity announcement.

(v) Applicants should commit to complying with administration policies, procedures, and guidance respecting Gold Standard Science.

(vi) Discretionary awards should include clear benchmarks for measuring success and progress towards relevant goals and, as relevant for awards pertaining to scientific research, a commitment to achieving Gold Standard Science.

(vii) To the extent institutional affiliation is considered in making discretionary awards, agencies should prioritize an institution's commitment to rigorous, reproducible scholarship over its historical reputation or perceived prestige. As to science grants, agencies should prioritize institutions that have demonstrated success in implementing Gold Standard Science.

(c) Nothing in this order shall be construed to discourage or prevent the use of peer review methods to evaluate proposals for discretionary awards or otherwise inform agency decision making, provided that peer review recommendations remain advisory and are not ministerially ratified,

routinely deferred to, or otherwise treated as de facto binding by senior appointees or their designees. Further, nothing in this order shall be construed to create any rights to any particular level of review or consideration for any funding applicant except as consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 5. Revisions to the Uniform Guidance.** (a) The Director shall revise the Uniform Guidance and other relevant guidance to streamline application requirements and to further clarify and require all discretionary grants to permit termination for convenience, including when the award no longer advances agency priorities or the national interest, but subject to appropriate exceptions, including agreements entered into in furtherance of international trade agreements or those awarded by the Department of Commerce under title XCIX of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), the CHIPS Act of 2022 (Public Law 117–167), or division F of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117–58).

(b) The Director shall further revise the Uniform Guidance and other relevant guidance to appropriately limit the use of discretionary grant funds for costs related to facilities and administration.

**Sec. 6. Implementation and Termination Clauses.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, each agency head shall review the agency's standard grant terms and conditions and submit a report to the Director detailing:

(i) whether the agency's standard terms and conditions for discretionary awards permit termination for convenience and include the termination provisions described in 2 CFR 200.340(a), including the provisions that an award may be terminated by the agency "if an award no longer effectuates the program goals or agency priorities" or, in the case of a partial termination by the recipient, if the agency "determines that the remaining portion of the Federal award will not accomplish the purposes for which the Federal award was made";

(ii) whether the agency's standard terms and conditions for discretionary foreign assistance awards permit termination based on the national interest; and

(iii) the approximate number of active discretionary awards at the agency, as well as the approximate percentage of funding obligated under those awards that contains termination provisions allowing for termination under the circumstances described in subsection (i) of this section.

(b) Each agency head shall, to the maximum extent permitted by law and consistent with relevant Executive Orders or other Presidential directives, take steps to revise the terms and conditions of existing discretionary grants to permit immediate termination for convenience, or clarify that such termination is permitted, including if the award no longer advances agency priorities or the national interest. Each agency head shall ensure that such terms are included in all future discretionary grants and likewise shall take steps to revise all applicable regulations binding on or incorporated in discretionary grant terms and conditions to require such terms. Agency heads shall take action to incorporate these new terms and conditions into all future amendments to grant awards.

(c) To the extent practicable and consistent with applicable law, agency heads shall insert in future discretionary grant agreements terms and conditions that:

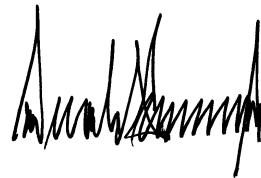
(i) prohibit recipients from directly drawing down general grant funds for specific projects without the affirmative authorization of the agency; and

(ii) require grantees to provide written explanations or support, with specificity, for requests for each drawdown.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.
- (d) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- (e) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Office of Management and Budget.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 7, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15344  
Filed 8-11-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3110-01-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14331 of August 7, 2025

### Guaranteeing Fair Banking for All Americans

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Financial institutions have engaged in unacceptable practices to restrict law-abiding individuals' and businesses' access to financial services on the basis of political or religious beliefs or lawful business activities. Some financial institutions participated in Government-directed surveillance programs targeting persons participating in activities and causes commonly associated with conservatism and the political right following the events that occurred at or near the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021. The Federal Government suggested that such institutions flag individuals who made transactions related to companies like "Cabela's" and "Bass Pro Shop" or who made peer-to-peer payments that involved terms like "Trump" or "MAGA," even though there was no specific evidence tying those individuals to criminal conduct.

Bank regulators have used supervisory scrutiny and other influence over regulated banks to direct or otherwise encourage politicized or unlawful debanking activities. "Operation Chokepoint," for example, was a well-documented and systemic means by which Federal regulators pushed banks to minimize their involvement with individuals and companies engaged in lawful activities and industries disfavored by regulators based on factors other than individualized, objective, risk-based standards.

As a result, individuals, their businesses, and their families have been subjected to debanking on the basis of their political affiliations, religious beliefs or lawful business activities, and have suffered frozen payrolls, debt and crushing interest, and other significant harms to their livelihoods, reputations, and financial well-being. Such practices are incompatible with a free society and the principle that the provision of banking services should be based on material, measurable, and justifiable risks. Such practices, when wielded to discriminate against customers and businesses in credit transactions due to their religion, are also unlawful under the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691 *et seq.*). They further undermine public trust in banking institutions and their regulators, discriminate against political beliefs and free expression of those beliefs, and weaponize a politicized regulatory state.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that no American should be denied access to financial services because of their constitutionally or statutorily protected beliefs, affiliations, or political views, and to ensure that politicized or unlawful debanking is not used as a tool to inhibit such beliefs, affiliations, or political views. Banking decisions must instead be made on the basis of individualized, objective, and risk-based analyses.

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** (a) The term "politicized or unlawful debanking" refers to an act by a bank, savings association, credit union, or other financial services provider to directly or indirectly adversely restrict access to, or adversely modify the conditions of, accounts, loans, or other banking products or financial services of any customer or potential customer on the basis of the customer's or potential customer's political or religious beliefs, or on the basis of the customer's or potential customer's lawful business activities that the financial service provider disagrees with or disfavors for political reasons.

(b) The term “Federal banking regulators” refers to the Small Business Administration (SBA) and the Federal member agencies of the Financial Stability Oversight Council with supervisory and regulatory authority over banks, savings associations, or credit unions.

**Sec. 4. Removing Reputation Risk and Politicized or Unlawful Debanking.**

(a) Within 180 days of the date of this order, each appropriate Federal banking regulator shall, to the greatest extent permitted by law, remove the use of reputation risk or equivalent concepts that could result in politicized or unlawful debanking, as well as any other considerations that could be used to engage in such debanking, from their guidance documents, manuals, and other materials (other than existing regulations or other materials requiring notice-and-comment rulemaking) used to regulate or examine financial institutions over which they have jurisdiction. The removal of such concepts shall be made clear by each appropriate Federal banking regulator through formal guidance to their examiners. The Federal banking regulators shall also consider rescinding or amending existing regulations, consistent with applicable law, to eliminate or amend any regulations that could result in politicized or unlawful debanking and to ensure that any regulated firm’s or individual’s reputation is considered for regulatory, supervisory, banking, or enforcement purposes solely to the extent necessary to reach a reasonable and apolitical risk-based assessment.

(b) The SBA shall, within 60 days of the date of this order, give notice to all financial institutions with which it guarantees loans under its lending programs, requiring that each financial institution that is subject to the SBA’s jurisdiction and supervision:

(i) within 120 days of the date of this order, makes reasonable efforts to identify and reinstate any previous clients of the institution or any subsidiaries denied service through a politicized or unlawful debanking action in violation of a statutory or regulatory requirement under section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636) or any requirement in a Standard Operating Procedures Manual or Policy Notice related to a program or function of the Office of Capital Access, with notice of the reinstatement sent to the victim;

(ii) within 120 days of the date of this order, identifies all potential clients denied access to financial services provided by the financial institution or any subsidiaries through a politicized or unlawful debanking action in violation of a statutory or regulatory requirement under section 7(a) of the Small Business Act or any requirement in a Standard Operating Procedures Manual or Policy Notice related to a program or function of the Office of Capital Access, and provides notice to each victim advising of the denied access and the renewed option to engage in such services previously denied; and

(iii) within 120 days of the date of this order, identifies all potential clients denied access to payment processing services provided by the financial institution or any subsidiaries through a politicized or unlawful debanking action in violation of a statutory or regulatory requirement under section 7(a) of the Small Business Act or any requirement in a Standard Operating Procedures Manual or Policy Notice related to a program or function of the Office of Capital Access, and provides notice to each victim advising of the denied access and the renewed option to engage in such services previously denied.

**Sec. 5. Scrutinizing Politicized or Unlawful Debanking.** (a) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, shall develop a comprehensive strategy for further measures to combat politicized or unlawful debanking activities of financial regulators and financial institutions across the Federal Government, including consideration of legislative or regulatory options to eliminate such debanking.

(b) Within 120 days of the date of this order, each Federal banking regulator shall conduct a review to identify financial institutions subject to its jurisdiction that have had any past or current, formal or informal, policies or

practices that require, encourage, or otherwise influence such financial institution to engage in politicized or unlawful debanking and to take appropriate remedial action, to the extent authorized and consistent with applicable law, including levying fines, issuing consent decrees, or imposing other disciplinary measures against any financial institution subject to the jurisdiction of such Federal banking regulator that such Federal banking regulator finds has engaged in politicized or unlawful debanking that violates applicable law (including section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45), section 1031 of the Consumer Financial Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5531), and the Equal Credit Opportunity Act).

(c) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Federal banking regulators shall review their current supervisory and complaint data to identify any financial institution that has engaged in unlawful debanking on the basis of religion and, if such financial institution is unable to obtain compliance within the meaning of 15 U.S.C. 1691 and 1691e(g), refer such matters to the Attorney General for an appropriate civil action, as appropriate.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

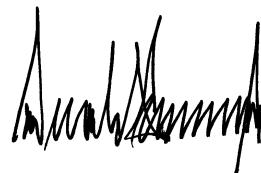
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Small Business Administration.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
August 7, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14330 of August 7, 2025

#### Democratizing Access to Alternative Assets for 401(k) Investors

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Many wealthy Americans, and Government workers who participate in public pension plans, can invest in, or are the beneficiaries of investment in, a number of alternative assets. Yet, while more than 90 million Americans participate in employer-sponsored defined-contribution plans, the vast majority of these investors do not have the opportunity to participate, either directly or through their retirement plans, in the potential growth and diversification opportunities associated with alternative asset investments.

Fiduciaries of 401(k) and other defined-contribution retirement plans must carefully vet and consider all aspects of private offerings, including investment managers' capabilities, experiences, and effectiveness managing alternative asset investments. They do so to protect the Americans whose retirement accounts they administer and for whom they have fiduciary duties to invest safely and prudently.

During my first term, my Administration issued a 2020 information letter, recognizing that prudent Federal action could encourage the proliferation of investment strategies under which a portion of retirement plan participants' interests are allocated to alternative assets, as is the case for institutional investors.

Burdensome lawsuits that seek to challenge reasonable decisions by loyal, regulated fiduciaries, and stifling Department of Labor guidance issued since my first term, however, have denied millions of Americans opportunities to benefit from investment in alternative assets. Such assets are an increasingly large portion of the portfolios of public pension and defined-benefit retirement plans and offer competitive returns along with diversification opportunities.

A combination of regulatory overreach and encouragement of lawsuits filed by opportunistic trial lawyers has stifled investment innovation and largely relegated 401(k) and other defined-contribution retirement plan participants to asset classes whose returns lack the very same long-term net benefits allowed for and achieved by public pension plans and other institutional investors.

My Administration will relieve the regulatory burdens and litigation risk that impede American workers' retirement accounts from achieving the competitive returns and asset diversification necessary to secure a dignified, comfortable retirement.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that every American preparing for retirement should have access to funds that include investments in alternative assets when the relevant plan fiduciary determines that such access provides an appropriate opportunity for plan participants and beneficiaries to enhance the net risk-adjusted returns on their retirement assets.

**Sec. 3. Democratizing Access to Alternative Assets.** (a) For purposes of this order, the term "alternative assets" means:

(i) private market investments, including direct and indirect interests in equity, debt, or other financial instruments that are not traded on public exchanges, including those where the managers of such investments, if applicable, seek to take an active role in the management of such companies;

(ii) direct and indirect interests in real estate, including debt instruments secured by direct or indirect interests in real estate;

(iii) holdings in actively managed investment vehicles that are investing in digital assets;

(iv) direct and indirect investments in commodities;

(v) direct and indirect interests in projects financing infrastructure development; and

(vi) lifetime income investment strategies including longevity risk-sharing pools.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) shall reexamine the Department of Labor's past and present guidance regarding a fiduciary's duties under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA) (29 U.S.C. 1104), in connection with making available to participants an asset allocation fund that includes investments in alternative assets. When conducting this reexamination, the Secretary shall consider whether to rescind the Department of Labor's December 21, 2021, Supplemental Private Equity Statement.

(c) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary shall further, as the Secretary deems appropriate and consistent with applicable law, seek to clarify the Department of Labor's position on alternative assets and the appropriate fiduciary process associated with offering asset allocation funds containing investments in alternative assets under ERISA. Such clarification must aim to identify the criteria that fiduciaries should use to prudently balance potentially higher expenses against the objectives of seeking greater long-term net returns and broader diversification of investments. The Secretary shall also propose rules, regulations, or guidance, as the Secretary deems appropriate, that clarify the duties that a fiduciary owes to plan participants under ERISA when deciding whether to make available to plan participants an asset allocation fund that includes investments in alternative assets, which rules, regulations, and guidance may include appropriately calibrated safe harbors. In carrying out the directives in this section to further the policy set forth in this order, the Secretary shall prioritize actions that may curb ERISA litigation that constrains fiduciaries' ability to apply their best judgment in offering investment opportunities to relevant plan participants.

(d) In carrying out the directives in this section, the Secretary shall, as appropriate, consult with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and other Federal regulators as necessary to carry out the policy objectives of this order, including as to parallel regulatory changes that may be incorporated by such other Federal regulators.

(e) The SEC shall, in consultation with the Secretary, consider ways to facilitate access to investments in alternative assets by participants in participant-directed defined-contribution retirement savings plans. Such facilitation may include, but not be limited to, consideration of revisions to existing SEC regulations and guidance relating to accredited investor and qualified purchaser status, to accomplish the policy objectives of this order.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

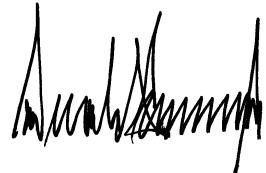
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Labor.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 7, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15340  
Filed 8-11-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4510-FN-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14329 of August 6, 2025**

## **Addressing Threats to the United States by the Government of the Russian Federation**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** Executive Order 14066 of March 8, 2022 (Prohibiting Certain Imports and New Investments With Respect to Continued Russian Federation Efforts To Undermine the Sovereignty and Territorial Integrity of Ukraine), expanded the scope of the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14024 of April 15, 2021 (Blocking Property With Respect To Specified Harmful Foreign Activities of the Government of the Russian Federation), to include the actions taken against Ukraine by the Government of the Russian Federation. To address that unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States, Executive Order 14066 prohibited, among other things, the importation into the United States of certain products of Russian Federation origin, including crude oil; petroleum; and petroleum fuels, oils, and products of their distillation.

I have received additional information from various senior officials on, among other things, the actions of the Government of the Russian Federation with respect to the situation in Ukraine. After considering this additional information, among other things, I find that the national emergency described in Executive Order 14066 continues and that the actions and policies of the Government of the Russian Federation continue to pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States.

To deal with the national emergency described in Executive Order 14066, I determine that it is necessary and appropriate to impose an additional *ad valorem* duty on imports of articles of India, which is directly or indirectly importing Russian Federation oil. In my judgment, imposing tariffs, as described below, in addition to maintaining the other measures taken to address the national emergency described in Executive Order 14066, will more effectively deal with the national emergency described in Executive Order 14066.

**Sec. 2. Imposition of Tariffs.** (a) I find that the Government of India is currently directly or indirectly importing Russian Federation oil.

(b) Accordingly, and as consistent with applicable law, articles of India imported into the customs territory of the United States shall be subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 25 percent. Subject to section 3 of this order, this rate of duty shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 21 days after the date of this order, except for goods that (1) were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit prior to entry into the United States before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 21 days after the date of this order; and (2) are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on September 17, 2025.

**Sec. 3. Scope of Duties and Stacking.** (a) The *ad valorem* duty imposed in section 2 of this order shall be in addition to any other duties, fees, taxes, exactions, and charges applicable to such imports, unless subject to existing or future actions under section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, in which case the *ad valorem* duty imposed in this order shall not apply.

(b) The *ad valorem* duty imposed in section 2 of this order shall not apply to articles that are excepted by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b).

(c) The *ad valorem* duty imposed in section 2 of this order shall not apply to articles that are set forth in Annex II to Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), as amended.

(d) The *ad valorem* duty imposed in Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025, as amended, shall apply in addition to the *ad valorem* duty imposed in section 2 of this order, when applicable pursuant to the terms of Executive Order 14257.

(e) Except for those articles that are eligible for admission under “domestic status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.43, articles that are subject to the duty imposed in section 2 of this order and are admitted into a foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 21 days after the date of this order must be admitted as “privileged foreign status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.41.

**Sec. 4. Modification Authority.** (a) To ensure that the emergency described in section 1 of this order is dealt with, I may modify this order, including in light of additional information, recommendations from senior officials, or changed circumstances.

(b) Should a foreign country retaliate against the United States in response to this action, I may modify this order to ensure the efficacy of the actions herein ordered.

(c) Should the Government of the Russian Federation or a foreign country impacted by this order take significant steps to address the national emergency described in section 1 of this order and align sufficiently with the United States on national security, foreign policy, and economic matters, I may further modify this order.

**Sec. 5. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and any other senior official the Secretary of Commerce deems appropriate, shall determine whether any other country is directly or indirectly importing Russian Federation oil. If the Secretary of Commerce finds that a country is directly or indirectly importing Russian Federation oil, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President and Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, shall recommend whether and to what extent I should take action as to that country, including whether I should impose an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 25 percent on imports of articles of that country.

(b) The Secretary of State shall monitor and regularly consult with any senior official the Secretary of State deems appropriate on the emergency described in section 1 of this order.

(c) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President and Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, shall recommend to me additional action, if necessary, if the actions in this order are not effective in resolving the emergency described in

section 1 of this order or should the Government of the Russian Federation or another foreign country retaliate against the United States in response to the actions taken in this order or any subsequent order issued to address the emergency described in section 1 of this order.

**Sec. 6. Delegation.** (a) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President and Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, is hereby authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order. The Secretary of State may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within the Department of State. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to carry out this order.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the United States International Trade Commission, shall determine whether modifications to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States are necessary to effectuate this order and may make such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*.

(c) U.S. Customs and Border Protection may take any necessary or appropriate measure to administer a duty imposed by this order or any action taken pursuant to this order.

**Sec. 7. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) The term “Russian Federation oil” means crude oil or petroleum products extracted, refined, or exported from the Russian Federation, regardless of the nationality of the entity involved in the production or sale of such crude oil or petroleum products.

(b) The term “indirectly importing” includes purchasing Russian Federation oil through intermediaries or third countries where the origin of the oil can reasonably be traced to Russia, as determined by the Secretary of Commerce in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury.

**Sec. 8. Severability.** If any provision of this order or the application of any provision of this order to any individual or circumstance is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

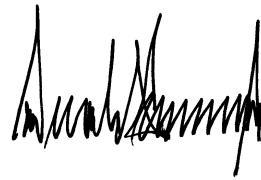
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of State.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 6, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15267  
Filed 8-8-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4710-05-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14328 of August 5, 2025**

## **Establishing the White House Task Force on the 2028 Summer Olympics**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in anticipation of the 2028 Summer Olympics, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States will host the 2028 Summer Olympics, one of the most prominent international sports events of the 21st century. This extraordinary occasion offers a powerful opportunity to showcase American strength, pride, and patriotism while welcoming the world to our shores. The Federal Government will lead a unified effort to ensure maximum safety, secure borders, and world-class transportation for millions of visitors throughout the 2028 Summer Olympic and Paralympic Games (Games).

**Sec. 2. Establishing the White House Task Force on the 2028 Summer Olympics.** (a) There is hereby established the White House Task Force on the 2028 Summer Olympics (Task Force).

(b) The President shall serve as Chair of the Task Force, and the Vice President shall serve as Vice Chair.

(c) The Chair shall designate an Executive Director, who shall administer and execute the day-to-day operations of the Task Force, and who shall report to the Chair through the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Strategic Implementation. The Chair, the Vice Chair, or a member of the Task Force designated by the Chair, shall convene regular meetings of the Task Force, determine its agenda, and direct its work, consistent with this order. The Executive Director and the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Strategic Implementation shall assist in the performance of these duties. The Chair may designate any member of the Task Force to preside over meetings of the Task Force.

(d) In addition to the Chair and Vice Chair, the Task Force shall consist of the following members:

- (i) the Secretary of State;
- (ii) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (iii) the Secretary of Defense;
- (iv) the Attorney General;
- (v) the Secretary of Commerce;
- (vi) the Secretary of Transportation;
- (vii) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
- (viii) the Assistant to the President and Chief of Staff;
- (ix) the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs;
- (x) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff;
- (xi) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and Homeland Security Advisor;
- (xii) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Legislative, Political and Public Affairs;
- (xiii) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Communications and Cabinet Secretary;

(xiv) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Strategic Implementation;

(xv) the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

(xvi) the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission; and

(xvii) the heads of such other executive departments, agencies, and offices that the Chair or the Vice Chair may, from time to time, designate or invite to participate.

(e) The Task Force shall coordinate with executive departments and agencies (agencies) to assist in the planning, organization, and execution of the events surrounding the Games. Agencies shall provide information and assistance useful and necessary to the Task Force.

(f) For administrative purposes, the Task Force shall be housed in the Department of Homeland Security, which shall provide funding and administrative support for the Task Force.

(g) Agency heads serving as members of the Task Force shall each provide a report to the Task Force regarding their agency's respective planning and activities concerning the Games. These reports shall be submitted to the Executive Director of the Task Force no later than October 1, 2025.

(h) The Task Force shall terminate on December 31, 2028, unless extended by the President.

**Sec. 3. Functions.** The Task Force shall:

(a) coordinate Federal planning and response related to the security, transportation, and entry/exit processes for the Games;

(b) support interagency cooperation and information-sharing with State and local partners;

(c) identify legal, logistical, or regulatory barriers that could impede effective Federal support for the Games and recommend timely solutions;

(d) assist in the planning and implementation of visa processing and credentialing programs for foreign athletes, coaches, officials, and media personnel; and

(e) ensure operational readiness across law enforcement, counterterrorism, transportation, and emergency response functions.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

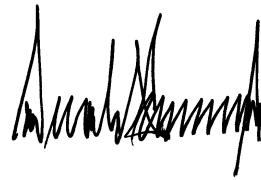
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Homeland Security.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*August 5, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15193]

Filed 8-7-25; 11:15 am]

Billing code 4410-10-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14327 of July 31, 2025

### **President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition, and the Reestablishment of the Presidential Fitness Test**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to promote the economic, academic, and social benefits of youth sports, fitness, and nutrition, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Revocation.** Executive Order 13824 of February 26, 2018 (President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition), is hereby revoked.

**Sec. 2. Amendment.** Executive Order 13265 of June 6, 2002 (President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports), is hereby amended as follows:

(a) The title is revised to read as follows: "President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition, and the Reestablishment of the Presidential Fitness Test".

(b) The preamble is revised to read as follows: "By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to establish the President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition, and to reestablish the Presidential Fitness Test, it is hereby ordered:".

(c) Sections 1 through 5 are revised to read as follows:

**"Section 1. Purpose.** As the United States prepares to celebrate its semiquincentennial anniversary in 2026, we must address the threat to the vitality and longevity of our country that is posed by America's declining health and physical fitness. For far too long, the physical and mental health of the American people has been neglected. Rates of obesity, chronic disease, inactivity, and poor nutrition are at crisis levels, particularly among our children. These trends weaken our economy, military readiness, academic performance, and national morale. President Eisenhower recognized this issue when he created the President's Council on Youth Fitness in response to reports on the poor state of youth fitness in America. As President-elect, John F. Kennedy famously published an essay titled "The Soft American," which outlined the imperative for improved health in order to maintain a strong and vital America. During my first term, I renamed the council the "President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition" and directed the development of a National Youth Sports Strategy, among other activities.

My Administration has taken decisive action to reverse this health crisis. In the first month of my second term, I created the President's Make America Healthy Again Commission to restore the urgency of improving the health of Americans. Now, we build further. To advance this commitment, I hereby reestablish the Presidential Fitness Test, which shall be administered by the Secretary of Health and Human Services with the support of the Secretary of Education.

With this order, I revitalize the President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition as a cornerstone of our national health renewal. In 2026, we will celebrate the 250th anniversary of our great Nation, honor the 70th anniversary of the original President's Council on Youth Fitness, and showcase America's continued global dominance in sports. Over the next 3 years, America will host the Ryder Cup, the President's Cup, the FIFA World Cup, and the Olympic Games—the world's premiere sporting competitions. These events will provide inspiration for all generations of Americans.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration to:

(a) prioritize and expand children's participation in youth sports and active play;

(b) promote the physical, mental, and civic benefits of daily movement, exercise, and good nutrition; and

(c) engage every sector—public and private, civilian and military—in creating a national culture of strength, vitality, and excellence.

**Sec. 3. President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition.** (a) There is hereby established the President's Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition (Council).

(b) The Council shall consist of up to 30 members appointed by the President. Members shall serve for a term of 2 years, shall be eligible for reappointment, and may continue to serve after the expiration of their terms until the appointment of a successor. The President may designate one or more of the members as Chair or Vice Chair.

(c) The President shall designate an Executive Director of the Council who shall manage day-to-day operations; serve as a liaison to the President on matters and activities pertaining to the Council; and oversee engagement with executive departments and agencies, athletic institutions, and community partners.

**Sec. 4. Functions of the Council.** (a) The Council shall advise the President concerning progress made in carrying out the provisions of this order and shall recommend to the President actions to accelerate such progress.

(b) In advising the President pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Council shall recommend:

(i) strategies for reestablishing the Presidential Fitness Test, with any appropriate improvements, as the main assessment tool for a Presidential Fitness Award;

(ii) strategies for the development and promotion of Presidential challenges and school-based programs that reward excellence in physical education;

(iii) actions to expand opportunities at the global, national, State, and local levels for participation in sports and engagement in physical fitness;

(iv) bold and innovative fitness goals for American youth with the aim of fostering a new generation of healthy, active citizens;

(v) campaigns and events that elevate American sports, military readiness, and health traditions;

(vi) opportunities at the global, national, State, and local levels that expand participation in sports and emphasize the importance of an active lifestyle and good nutrition, which should include partnerships with professional athletes, sports organizations, player's associations, influential figures, non-profit organizations, and community groups to inspire all Americans, among other initiatives; and

(vii) strategies to address the growing national security threat posed by the increasing rates of childhood obesity, chronic diseases, and sedentary lifestyles, which threaten the future readiness of the United States workforce and military.

**Sec. 5. Administration.** (a) Each executive department and agency shall, to the extent permitted by law and subject to the availability of funds, furnish such information and assistance to the Council as it may request.

(b) Members of the Council shall serve without compensation but may receive travel reimbursement, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as allowed under applicable law (5 U.S.C. 5701–5707), consistent with the availability of funds.

(c) The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide such funding and administrative and technical support as the Council may require, to the extent permitted by law and as authorized by existing appropriations.

(d) The Council may, with the approval of the President, establish subcommittees as appropriate to aid in its work.

(e) The seal prescribed by Executive Order 10830 of July 24, 1959 (Establishing a Seal for the President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports), as amended, shall be modified to reflect the name of the Council as established by this order.

(f) Insofar as the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1001 *et seq.*) (the "Act"), may apply to the administration of any portion of this order, any functions of the President under the Act, except that of reporting to the Congress, shall be performed by the Secretary of Health and Human Services in accordance with the guidelines and procedures issued by the Administrator of General Services.

(g) In accordance with the Act, the Council shall terminate 2 years from the date of this order, unless extended by the President.

(h) Executive Order 12345 of February 2, 1982 (Physical Fitness and Sports), as amended, is revoked.".

(d) A new section 6 is added to read as follows:

**“Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.”.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

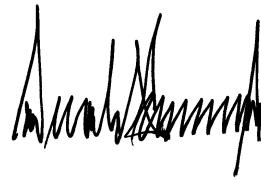
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Education.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 31, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-15011  
Filed 8-5-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4000-01-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14326 of July 31, 2025

#### Further Modifying the Reciprocal Tariff Rates

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I found that conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and economy of the United States that has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States. I declared a national emergency with respect to that threat, and to deal with that threat, I imposed additional *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate.

I have received additional information and recommendations from various senior officials on, among other things, the continued lack of reciprocity in our bilateral trade relationships and the impact of foreign trading partners' disparate tariff rates and non-tariff barriers on U.S. exports, the domestic manufacturing base, critical supply chains, and the defense industrial base. I also have received additional information and recommendations on foreign relations, economic, and national security matters, including the status of trade negotiations, efforts to retaliate against the United States for its actions to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, and efforts to align with the United States on economic and national security matters.

For example, some trading partners have agreed to, or are on the verge of agreeing to, meaningful trade and security commitments with the United States, thus signaling their sincere intentions to permanently remedy the trade barriers that have contributed to the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, and to align with the United States on economic and national security matters. Other trading partners, despite having engaged in negotiations, have offered terms that, in my judgment, do not sufficiently address imbalances in our trading relationship or have failed to align sufficiently with the United States on economic and national-security matters. There are also some trading partners that have failed to engage in negotiations with the United States or to take adequate steps to align sufficiently with the United States on economic and national security matters.

After considering the information and recommendations that I have recently received, among other things, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 by imposing additional *ad valorem* duties on goods of certain trading partners at the rates set forth in Annex I to this order, subject to all applicable exceptions set forth in Executive Order 14257, as amended, in lieu of the additional *ad valorem* duties previously imposed on goods of such trading partners in Executive Order 14257, as amended.

**Sec. 2. Tariff Modifications.** (a) The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) shall be modified as provided in Annex II to this order. These modifications shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or

after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of this order, except that goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of this order, and entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, shall not be subject to such additional duty and shall instead remain subject to the additional *ad valorem* duties previously imposed in Executive Order 14257, as amended.

(b) Certain foreign trading partners identified in Annex I to this order have agreed to, or are on the verge of concluding, meaningful trade and security agreements with the United States. Goods of those trading partners will remain subject to the additional *ad valorem* duties provided in Annex I to this order until such time as those agreements are concluded, and I issue subsequent orders memorializing the terms of those agreements.

(c) As provided in Annex I to this order, the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty applicable to any good of the European Union is determined by the good's current *ad valorem* (or *ad valorem* equivalent) rate of duty under column 1 (General) of the HTSUS ("Column 1 Duty Rate"). For a good of the European Union with a Column 1 Duty Rate that is less than 15 percent, the sum of its Column 1 Duty Rate and the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty pursuant to this order shall be 15 percent. For a good of the European Union with a Column 1 Duty Rate that is at least 15 percent, the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty pursuant to this order shall be zero.

(d) Goods of any foreign trading partner that is not listed in Annex I to this order will be subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent pursuant to the terms of Executive Order 14257, as amended, unless otherwise expressly provided. This rate shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of this order.

(e) The HTSUS shall also be modified by continuing to suspend headings 9903.01.43 through 9903.01.62 and 9903.01.64 through 9903.01.76, and subdivisions (v)(xiii)(1)–(9) and (11)–(57) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS, until the effective date of the modifications provided in Annex II to this order. Upon the effective date of the modifications provided in Annex II to this order, to facilitate implementation of the rates of duty provided in Annex I to this order, headings 9903.01.43 through 9903.01.62 and 9903.01.64 through 9903.01.76, which are organized by rate of duty, and subdivisions (v)(xiii) (1)–(9) and (11)–(57) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be terminated as to future entries and replaced by the new trading partner-specific headings provided in Annex II to this order.

(f) Excluding the changes set forth in subsections (a) through (d) of this section, the terms of Executive Order 14257, as amended, shall continue to apply.

(g) Nothing in this order shall be construed to alter or otherwise affect Executive Order 14298 of May 12, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Discussions With the People's Republic of China).

(h) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), and the Chair of the United States International Trade Commission, shall determine whether any additional modifications to the HTSUS are necessary to effectuate this order and may make such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*.

**Sec. 3. Transshipment.** (a) An article determined by CBP to have been transshipped to evade applicable duties under section 2 of this order shall be subject to (i) an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 40 percent, in

lieu of the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty applicable under section 2 of this order to goods of the country of origin, (ii) any other applicable or appropriate fine or penalty, including those assessed under 19 U.S.C. 1592, and (iii) any other United States duties, fees, taxes, exactions, or charges applicable to goods of the country of origin. CBP shall not allow, consistent with applicable law, for mitigation or remission of the penalties assessed on imports found to be transshipped to evade applicable duties.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Commissioner of CBP, in consultation with the United States Trade Representative, shall publish every 6 months a list of countries and specific facilities used in circumvention schemes, to inform public procurement, national security reviews, and commercial due diligence.

**Sec. 4. Implementation.** The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, as applicable, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Assistant to the President and Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Chair of the International Trade Commission, are directed and authorized to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order, consistent with applicable law, including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or notices in the *Federal Register* and by adopting rules, regulations, or guidance, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement this order. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 5. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall monitor the circumstances involving the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 and shall regularly consult on such circumstances with any senior official they deem appropriate. The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall inform me of any circumstance that, in their opinion, might indicate the need for further action by the President. The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall also inform me of any circumstance that, in their opinion, might indicate that a foreign trading partner has taken adequate steps to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with any senior official they deem appropriate, shall recommend to me any necessary additional action if this action is not effective in resolving the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257.

(c) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in coordination with the appropriate senior officials, shall recommend additional action, if necessary, should a foreign trading partner fail to take adequate steps to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 or should a foreign trading partner retaliate against the United States in response to the actions taken to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 or any subsequent order issued to address that emergency.

**Sec. 6. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision of this order to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

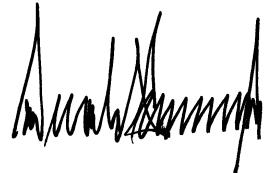
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Office of the United States Trade Representative.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 31, 2025.*

Billing code 3290-F8-P

**ANNEX I**

<b>Countries and Territories</b>	<b>Reciprocal Tariff, Adjusted</b>
Afghanistan	15%
Algeria	30%
Angola	15%
Bangladesh	20%
Bolivia	15%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	30%
Botswana	15%
Brazil	10%
Brunei	25%
Cambodia	19%
Cameroon	15%
Chad	15%
Costa Rica	15%
Côte d'Ivoire	15%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	15%
Ecuador	15%
Equatorial Guinea	15%
European Union: Goods with Column 1 Duty Rate <sup>1</sup> $\geq$ 15%	0%
European Union: Goods with Column 1 Duty Rate < 15%	15% minus Column 1 Duty Rate
Falkland Islands	10%
Fiji	15%
Ghana	15%
Guyana	15%
Iceland	15%
India	25%
Indonesia	19%
Iraq	35%
Israel	15%

<sup>1</sup> For purposes of this Executive Order and its Annexes, “Column 1 Duty Rate” means the *ad valorem* (or *ad valorem* equivalent) rate of duty under column 1-General of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS).

Countries and Territories	Reciprocal Tariff, Adjusted
Japan	15%
Jordan	15%
Kazakhstan	25%
Laos	40%
Lesotho	15%
Libya	30%
Liechtenstein	15%
Madagascar	15%
Malawi	15%
Malaysia	19%
Mauritius	15%
Moldova	25%
Mozambique	15%
Myanmar (Burma)	40%
Namibia	15%
Nauru	15%
New Zealand	15%
Nicaragua	18%
Nigeria	15%
North Macedonia	15%
Norway	15%
Pakistan	19%
Papua New Guinea	15%
Philippines	19%
Serbia	35%
South Africa	30%
South Korea	15%
Sri Lanka	20%
Switzerland	39%
Syria	41%
Taiwan	20%
Thailand	19%
Trinidad and Tobago	15%
Tunisia	25%
Turkey	15%

<b>Countries and Territories</b>	<b>Reciprocal Tariff, Adjusted</b>
Uganda	15%
United Kingdom	10%
Vanuatu	15%
Venezuela	15%
Vietnam	20%
Zambia	15%
Zimbabwe	15%

## ANNEX II

1. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of the executive order, excluding the day the executive order is signed, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified as follows:
  - a. Heading 9903.01.25 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting the article description and by inserting “Articles the product of any country, except for products described in headings 9903.01.26–9903.01.33, 9903.02.02–9903.02.71, and 9903.96.01, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .” in lieu thereof; and
  - b. Headings 9903.01.43–9903.01.62 and 9903.01.64–9903.01.76 and corresponding subdivisions (v)(xiii)(1)–(9) and (11)–(57) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS are hereby terminated as to any future entries.
  - c. Subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by:
    - i. Deleting “and 9903.01.43–9903.01.76” each place that it appears and inserting “9903.01.63, and 9903.02.01–9903.02.71” in lieu thereof;
    - ii. Inserting the following new subdivision in numerical sequence at the end of subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2:
  - d. The following new headings shall be inserted in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, “Rates of Duty 1-General”, “Rates of Duty 1-Special”, and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

“As provided in headings 9903.02.19 and 9903.02.20, for any good of the European Union subject to a specific or compound rate of duty under column 1-General, the *ad valorem* equivalent rate of duty of such good shall be determined by dividing the amount of duty payable under column 1-General by the customs value of the good. For example, if a good were subject to a specific duty of 50 cents per kilogram, and one kilogram of the good were entered with a customs value of \$10, then the *ad valorem* equivalent rate of duty would be obtained by dividing 50 cents by \$10, yielding 5 percent.”

Heading / Subheading	Article Description	Rates of Duty		
		1		2
		General	Special	
9903.02.01	Articles the product of any country determined by U.S. Customs and Border Protection to have been transshipped to	The duty provided in the	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the

	evade applicable duties under section 2 of Executive Order [Insert EO number], as amended. . . . .	applicable subheading + 40%	subheading + 40%	applicable subheading
9903.02.02	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Afghanistan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.03	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Algeria, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.04	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Angola, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.02.05	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Bangladesh, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.06	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Bolivia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.07	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.08	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Botswana, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	subheading + 15%	subheading + 15%	
9903.02.09	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Brazil, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.10	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Brunei, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.11	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Cambodia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.12	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Cameroon, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.13	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Chad, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.14	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Costa Rica, as provided for in	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.15	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Côte d'Ivoire, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.16	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of the Democratic Republic of the Congo, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.17	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Ecuador, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.18	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final	The duty provided in	The duty provided in	The duty provided in the

	mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Equatorial Guinea, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	the applicable subheading + 15%	the applicable subheading + 15%	applicable subheading
9903.02.19	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of the European Union, with an ad valorem (or ad valorem equivalent) rate of duty under column 1-General equal to or greater than 15 percent, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.20	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of the European Union, with an ad valorem (or ad valorem equivalent) rate of duty under column 1-General less than 15 percent, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	15%	15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.02.21	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of the Falkland Islands, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.22	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Fiji, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.23	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Ghana, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.24	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Guyana, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	subheading + 15%	subheading + 15%	
9903.02.25	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Iceland, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.26	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of India, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.27	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Indonesia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.28	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Iraq, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 35%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 35%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.29	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Israel, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.30	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Japan, as provided for in	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.31	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Jordan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.32	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Kazakhstan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.33	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Laos, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.34	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final	The duty provided in	The duty provided in	The duty provided in the

	mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Lesotho, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	the applicable subheading + 15%	the applicable subheading + 15%	applicable subheading
9903.02.35	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Libya, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.36	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Liechtenstein, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.37	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Madagascar, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.38	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Malawi, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.39	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Malaysia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.40	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Mauritius, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.41	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Moldova, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.42	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Mozambique, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.43	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Myanmar (Burma), as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.02.44	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Namibia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.45	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Nauru, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.46	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of New Zealand, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.47	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Nicaragua, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	subheading + 18%	subheading + 18%	
9903.02.48	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Nigeria, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.49	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of North Macedonia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.50	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Norway, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.51	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Pakistan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.52	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Papua New Guinea, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.53	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of the Philippines, as provided for in	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.54	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Serbia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 35%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 35%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.55	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of South Africa, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.56	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of South Korea, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.57	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final	The duty provided in	The duty provided in	The duty provided in the

	mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Sri Lanka, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	the applicable subheading + 20%	the applicable subheading + 20%	applicable subheading
9903.02.58	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Switzerland, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 39%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 39%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.59	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Syria, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 41%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 41%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.60	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Taiwan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.61	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Thailand, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 19%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.62	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Trinidad and Tobago, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.63	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Tunisia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.02.64	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Turkey, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.65	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Uganda, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.66	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34, 9903.02.01, and 9903.96.01, articles the product of the United Kingdom, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.02.67	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Vanuatu, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.68	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Venezuela, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.69	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Vietnam, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.02.70	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Zambia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	subheading + 15%	subheading + 15%	
9903.02.71	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 7, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.30–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in headings 9903.01.34 and 9903.02.01, articles the product of Zimbabwe, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14325 of July 31, 2025**

## **Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), I declared a national emergency arising from certain conditions, including the public health crisis caused by fentanyl and other illicit drugs, and the failure of Canada to do more to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept drug trafficking organizations, other drug or human traffickers, criminals at large, and illicit drugs. In that order, I found that those conditions constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States.

To deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14193, I imposed an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 25 percent on certain articles that are products of Canada and an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent on certain energy or energy resources that are products of Canada. In Executive Order 14231 of March 6, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), I provided that the additional *ad valorem* rates of duties under Executive Order 14193 do not apply to articles that are products of Canada that qualify for duty-free entry under the Agreement between the United States of America, United Mexican States, and Canada (USMCA), and I reduced the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty on potash from 25 percent to 10 percent.

Section 2(d) of Executive Order 14193 provides that “[s]hould Canada retaliate against the United States . . . through import duties on United States exports to Canada or similar measures,” I “may increase or expand in scope the duties imposed . . . to ensure the efficacy of th[e] action” taken in Executive Order 14193. Section 3(b) of Executive Order 14193 provides that the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with other senior officials, “shall recommend additional action, if necessary, should the Government of Canada fail to take adequate steps to alleviate the illegal migration and illicit drug crises through cooperative enforcement actions.”

I have received additional information and recommendations from various senior officials regarding, among other things, Canada’s lack of cooperation in stemming the flood of fentanyl and other illicit drugs across our northern border—including its failure to devote satisfactory resources to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept drug trafficking organizations, other drug or human traffickers, criminals at large, and illicit drugs—and Canada’s efforts to retaliate against the United States in response to Executive Order 14193, as amended. After considering the additional information and recommendations that I have received, among other things, I have determined that, for the products of Canada that are subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 25 percent, the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty shall increase from 25 percent to 35 percent. In my judgment, this action is

necessary and appropriate to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14193.

**Sec. 2. Implementation.** (a) All articles that are subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 25 percent under Executive Order 14193, as amended, shall instead be subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 35 percent. Accordingly, the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) shall be modified as provided in the Annex to this order.

(b) The changes set forth herein shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 1, 2025.

(c) Nothing in this order shall be construed to alter or otherwise affect section 2(b) of Executive Order 14193 or section 2(a) or section 2(b) of Executive Order 14231.

(d) The stacking rules set out in Executive Order 14289 of April 29, 2025 (Addressing Certain Tariffs on Imported Articles), and any subsequent order or proclamation addressing stacking of tariffs imposed under IEEPA, shall continue to apply to goods that are subject to subsection (a) of this section.

(e) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the United States International Trade Commission, shall determine whether any additional modifications to the HTSUS are necessary to effectuate this order and may make such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*.

**Sec. 3. Transshipment.** (a) All articles of Canada that do not qualify as originating under USMCA and are determined by U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to have been transshipped to evade applicable duties under section 2 of this order shall be subject to (i) an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 40 percent, in lieu of the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty applicable under section 2 of this order to goods of the country of origin; (ii) any other applicable or appropriate fine or penalty, including those assessed under 19 U.S.C. 1592; and (iii) any other United States duties, fees, taxes, exactions, or charges applicable to goods of the country of origin. CBP shall not allow, consistent with applicable law, for mitigation or remission of the penalties assessed on imports found to be transshipped to evade applicable duties.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Commissioner of CBP, in consultation with the United States Trade Representative, shall publish every 6 months a list of countries and specific facilities used in circumvention schemes, to inform public procurement, national security reviews, and commercial due diligence.

**Sec. 4. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall continue to monitor, and regularly consult with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, on the situation at our northern border. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall inform the President of any circumstances that, in her opinion, might indicate the need for further action by the President. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall also inform the President of any circumstance that, in her opinion, might indicate that the Government of Canada has taken adequate steps to alleviate the emergency declared in Executive Order 14193.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, shall recommend additional action, if necessary, should the Government of Canada fail to take adequate steps to alleviate the illicit drug crisis or should the Government of Canada retaliate against the United States in response to the actions taken in Executive Order 14193 or any subsequent order issued to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14193.

**Sec. 5. Delegation.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, and the Secretary

of Commerce, is hereby authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order. The Secretary of Homeland Security may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within the Department of Homeland Security. All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 6. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision of this order to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

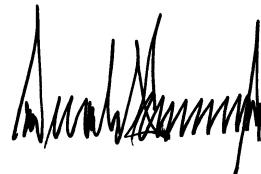
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Homeland Security.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,

*July 31, 2025.*

## Annex

Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 1, 2025, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified as follows:

- (a) Heading 9903.01.10 of the HTSUS is amended by deleting “25%” each place that it appears and by inserting “35%” in lieu thereof; and
- (b) Subdivision (j) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS is amended by:
  - (i) deleting “25%” and inserting “35%” in lieu thereof, and
  - (ii) deleting “described in headings 9903.01.11, 9903.01.12, 9903.01.13, 9903.01.14, and 9903.01.15” and inserting “described in headings 9903.01.11, 9903.01.12, 9903.01.13, 9903.01.14, 9903.01.15 and 9903.01.16” in lieu thereof.
- (c) Note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS is modified by inserting new subdivision (m) in alphabetical order:

“(m) For the purposes of heading 9903.01.16, products of Canada that do not qualify as originating under the United States-Canada-Mexico Free Trade Agreement (USMCA) and are determined by U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”) to have been transshipped to evade applicable duties provided for by headings 9903.01.10, 9903.01.13, or 9903.01.15 shall be subject to an additional 40% ad valorem rate of duty in lieu of the additional rate of duty provided for in headings 9903.01.10, 9903.01.13, or 9903.01.15. Heading 9903.01.16 does not apply to products described in headings 9903.01.11, 9903.01.12, and 9903.01.14, or products for personal use included in accompanied baggage of persons arriving in the United States. Notwithstanding U.S. note 1 to this subchapter, all products of Canada that are subject to the additional ad valorem rate of duty imposed by heading 9903.01.16 shall also be subject to the general rates of duty imposed on products of Canada entered under subheadings in chapters 1 to 97 of the tariff schedule.

The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.16 apply to products of Canada including both goods of Canada under the rules set forth in part 102, title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as applicable, as well as goods for which Canada was the last country of substantial transformation prior to importation into the United States.

Products of Canada that are eligible for temporary duty exemptions or reductions under subchapter II to chapter 99, shall be subject to the additional ad valorem rate of duty imposed by heading 9903.01.16.

The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.16 shall not apply to goods for which entry is properly claimed under a provision of chapter 98 of the tariff schedule pursuant to applicable regulations of CBP, and whenever CBP agrees that entry under such a provision is appropriate, except for goods entered under heading 9802.00.80; and subheadings 9802.00.40, 9802.00.50, and 9802.00.60. For subheadings 9802.00.40, 9802.00.50, and 9802.00.60, the additional duties apply to the value of repairs, alterations, or processing performed (in Canada), as described in the applicable subheading. For heading 9802.00.80, the additional duties apply to the value of the article assembled abroad (in Canada), less the cost or value of such products of the United States, as described.

Products of Canada that are provided for in heading 9903.01.16 shall continue to be subject to antidumping, countervailing, or other duties, taxes, fees, exactions and charges that apply to such products.

Products of Canada that are provided for in heading 9903.01.16 that are otherwise eligible for the administrative exemption from duty and certain taxes at 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) — known as the “de minimis” exemption – may continue to qualify for the exemption, but the de minimis exemption shall cease to be available for such articles upon notification by the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, to the President that adequate systems are in place to fully and expediently process and collect tariff revenue applicable for covered articles otherwise eligible for the de minimis exemption.

- (d) The HTSUS is modified as follows, to implement this provision: (i) by inserting the following new heading 9903.01.16 in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, “Rates of Duty 1—General”, “Rates of Duty 1—Special” and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

Heading/ Subheading Article Description	Rates of Duty	
	1	2
	General	Special

“9903.01.16	Except for products described in 9903.01.11, 9903.01.12, and 9903.01.14, articles the product of Canada as provided for in subdivision (m) to note 2 to this subchapter and determined by CBP to have been transshipped to evade applicable duties.	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading”

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Filed 8-5-25; 11:15 am]

Billing code 7020-02-C

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14324 of July 30, 2025

#### Suspending Duty-Free De Minimis Treatment for All Countries

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), I declared a national emergency regarding the unusual and extraordinary threat to the safety and security of Americans, including the public health crisis caused by fentanyl and other illicit drugs and the failure of Canada to do more to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept drug trafficking organizations, other drug and human traffickers, criminals at large, and illicit drugs. In that order, I determined that it was necessary and appropriate to, among other things, suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) for articles described in section 2(a) and section 2(b) of that order. In Executive Order 14226 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), I paused the suspension of duty-free *de minimis* treatment on such articles until I received a notification from the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary) that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect duties for such articles that would otherwise be eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment.

In Executive Order 14194 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), I declared a national emergency regarding the unusual and extraordinary threat to the safety and security of Americans, including the public health crisis caused by fentanyl and other illicit drugs and the failure of Mexico to do more to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept drug trafficking organizations, other drug and human traffickers, criminals at large, and illicit drugs. In that order, I determined that it was necessary and appropriate to, among other things, suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) for articles described in section 2(a) of that order. In Executive Order 14227 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), I paused the suspension of duty-free *de minimis* treatment on such articles until I received a notification from the Secretary that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect duties for such articles that would otherwise be eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment.

In Executive Order 14195 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), I declared a national emergency regarding the unusual and extraordinary threat from the failure of the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept chemical precursor suppliers, money launderers, other transnational criminal organizations, criminals at large, and illicit drugs. In that order, I determined that it was necessary and appropriate to, among other things, suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) for articles described

in section 2(a) of that order. In Executive Order 14200 of February 5, 2025 (Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), I paused the suspension of duty-free *de minimis* treatment for articles described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195 until I received a notification from the Secretary that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect duties for such articles that would otherwise be eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment.

I subsequently received notification from the Secretary that adequate systems have been established to process and collect duties for articles of the PRC and Hong Kong that would otherwise be eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment, and in Executive Order 14256 of April 2, 2025 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China as Applied to Low-Value Imports), I suspended duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) for products of the PRC and Hong Kong described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195, as amended by Executive Order 14228 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China). In addition, I instructed the Secretary to submit a report regarding the impact of Executive Order 14256 on American industries, consumers, and supply chains and to make recommendations for further action as he deems necessary.

In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I declared a national emergency with respect to underlying conditions indicated by the large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits. I also provided that duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) would remain available for products described in section 3(a) of that order until I received a notification by the Secretary that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect duties applicable for articles otherwise eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment.

The Secretary has notified me that adequate systems are now in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect duties for articles otherwise eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment on a global basis, including for products described in section 2(a) and section 2(b) of Executive Order 14193, section 2(a) of Executive Order 14194, and section 3(a) of Executive Order 14257.

In my judgment, I determine that it is still necessary and appropriate to suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) in the manner and for the articles described below to deal with the unusual and extraordinary threats, which have their source in whole or substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States.

I determine that it is necessary and appropriate to suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) for certain Canadian goods to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14193, as amended. In my judgment, this suspension is necessary and appropriate to ensure that the tariffs imposed by Executive Order 14193, as amended, are effective in addressing the emergency declared in Executive Order 14193 and that the purpose of this action and other actions to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14193 is not undermined. For example, many shippers go to great lengths to evade law enforcement and hide illicit substances in imports that go through international commerce. These shippers conceal the true contents of shipments sent to the United States through deceptive shipping practices. Some of the techniques employed by these shippers to conceal the true contents of the shipments, the identity of the distributors, and the country of origin of the imports include the use of re-shippers in the United States, false invoices, fraudulent postage, and

deceptive packaging. The risks of evasion, deception, and illicit-drug importation are particularly high for low-value articles that have been eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment.

Independently, I determine that it is necessary and appropriate to suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) for certain Mexican goods to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14194, as amended. In my judgment, and for substantially similar reasons as above, this suspension is necessary and appropriate to ensure that the tariffs imposed by Executive Order 14194, as amended, are effective in addressing the emergency declared in Executive Order 14194 and that the purpose of this action and other actions to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14194 is not undermined.

Independently, and after considering information newly provided by the Secretary, among other things, I determine that it is still necessary and appropriate to continue to suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) for certain goods of the PRC and Hong Kong to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14195, as amended. In my judgment, and for substantially similar reasons as above, this suspension is still necessary and appropriate to ensure that the tariffs imposed by Executive Order 14195, as amended, are effective in addressing the emergency declared in Executive Order 14195 and that the purpose of this action and other actions to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14195 is not undermined.

Also independently, I determine that it is necessary and appropriate to suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) on a global basis to deal with the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, as amended. In my judgment, this suspension is necessary and appropriate to ensure that the tariffs imposed by Executive Order 14257, as amended, are not evaded and are effective in addressing the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 and that the purpose of this action and other actions to address the emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 is not undermined.

Each of my determinations to suspend or continue to suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) are independent from the other. And each determination is made only for the purpose to deal with the respective emergency and not for the purpose of dealing with another emergency.

**Sec. 2. Suspension of Duty-Free *de minimis* Treatment.** (a) The duty-free *de minimis* exemption provided under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall no longer apply to any shipment of articles not covered by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b), regardless of value, country of origin, mode of transportation, or method of entry. Accordingly, all such shipments, except those sent through the international postal network, shall be subject to all applicable duties, taxes, fees, exactions, and charges. International postal shipments not covered by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b) shall be subject to the duty rates described in section 3 of this order. Entry for all shipments that—prior to the effective date of this order—qualified for the *de minimis* exemption, except for shipments sent through the international postal network, shall be filed using an appropriate entry type in the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) by a party qualified to make such entry.

(b) Shipments sent through the international postal network that would otherwise qualify for the *de minimis* exemption under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall pass free of any duties except those specified in section 3 of this order, and without the preparation of an entry by U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), until such time as CBP establishes a new entry process and publishes that process in the *Federal Register*.

**Sec. 3. Duty Rates for International Postal Shipments.** (a) Transportation carriers delivering shipments to the United States through the international postal network, or other parties if qualified in lieu of such transportation

carriers, must collect and remit duties to CBP using the methodology described in either subsection (b) or (c) of this section. Each transportation carrier shall apply the same methodology across all covered shipments during any given period but may change its methodology no more than once per calendar month, or on another schedule determined to be appropriate by CBP, upon providing at least 24 hours' notice to CBP.

(b) A duty equal to the effective IEEPA tariff rate applicable to the country of origin of the product shall be assessed on the value of each dutiable postal item (package) containing goods entered for consumption.

(c) A specific duty shall be assessed on each package containing goods entered for consumption, based on the effective IEEPA tariff rate applicable to the country of origin of the product as follows:

(i) Countries with an effective IEEPA tariff rate of less than 16 percent: \$80 per item;

(ii) Countries with an effective IEEPA tariff rate between 16 and 25 percent (inclusive): \$160 per item; and

(iii) Countries with an effective IEEPA rate above 25 percent: \$200 per item.

(d) For all international postal shipments subject to the methodologies described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the country of origin of the article must be declared to CBP.

(e) The specific duty methodology provided for in subsection (c) of this section shall be available for transportation carriers to select for a period of 6 months from the effective date of this order. After such time all shipments to the United States through the international postal network must comply with the *ad valorem* duty methodology in subsection (b) of this section.

(f) Shipments sent through the international postal network that are subject to antidumping and countervailing duties or a quota must continue to be entered under an appropriate entry type in ACE to the extent required by all applicable regulations.

**Sec. 4. Implementation.** (a) The requirements and procedures established by sections 2 and 3 of this order shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 29, 2025.

(b) The provisions of this order supersede section 2 of Executive Order 14256, as amended, with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 29, 2025.

(c) Consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of Homeland Security is directed and authorized to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order—including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or through notices in the *Federal Register* and by adopting rules, regulations, or guidance—and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement and effectuate this order. The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the United States International Trade Commission (ITC), shall determine whether modifications to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States are necessary to effectuate this order and may make such modifications through notice in the *Federal Register*. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall consult with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce, the United States Trade Representative, the ITC, and the Postmaster General, where appropriate. The Secretary of Homeland Security may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within the Department of Homeland Security. All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

(d) To ensure remittance of duties in accordance with this order, and to assure compliance with other legal requirements, CBP is authorized to

require a basic importation and entry bond as described in 19 CFR 113.62 for informal entries valued at or less than \$2,500. Any carrier that transports international postal shipments to the United States, by any mode of transportation, must have an international carrier bond as described in 19 CFR 113.64 to ensure payment of the duties described in section 3 of this order. CBP is authorized to ensure that the international carrier bonds required by this subsection are sufficient to account for the duties described in section 3 of this order.

**Sec. 5. Definition.** As used in this order, the term “effective IEEPA tariff rate” means the total duty rate imposed on articles to address a national emergency declared under IEEPA, including Executive Order 14257, as amended; Executive Order 14193; as amended, Executive Order 14194, as amended; and Executive Order 14195, as amended, in accordance with the stacking rules set out in Executive Order 14289 of April 29, 2025 (Addressing Certain Tariffs on Imported Articles), and any subsequent order or proclamation addressing stacking or the applicability of tariffs imposed under IEEPA.

**Sec. 6. Severability.** (a) If any provision of this order or the application of any provision of this order to any individual or circumstance is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected.

(b)(i) If the additional duties imposed under Executive Order 14193, as amended, Executive Order 14194, as amended, Executive Order 14195, as amended, or Executive Order 14257, as amended, are held to be invalid, the suspension of, or continued suspension of, duty-free *de minimis* treatment, as detailed in this order, shall not be affected. Duty-free *de minimis* treatment would still be suspended, whether pursuant to my authority under 50 U.S.C. 1702(a)(1)(B) to “regulate . . . importation” or my authority under that provision to “nullify” or “void” “exercising any right . . . or privilege with respect to . . . any property,” in the way and to the extent explained in this order, to deal with the emergencies declared in Executive Order 14193, as amended, Executive Order 14194, as amended, Executive Order 14195, as amended, or Executive Order 14257, as amended. Such suspensions are still necessary and appropriate to address the unusual and extraordinary threats to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. Each determination to suspend or continue to suspend duty-free *de minimis* treatment is still independent from the other determination and made only with the purpose to deal with the respective emergency and not for the purpose of dealing with another emergency. CBP is directed and authorized to take all necessary actions consistent with applicable law to implement and effectuate this order in line with this section—including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or through notices in the *Federal Register* and by adopting rules, regulations, or guidance—and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement and effectuate this order in line with this section.

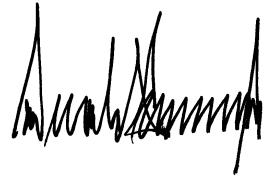
(ii) Duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall remain available for postal shipments until notification by the Secretary to the President that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect duties applicable for postal shipments otherwise eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment. After such notification, duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall not be available for postal shipments.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Homeland Security.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "JOHN BOLTON".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 30, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-14897  
Filed 8-4-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4410-10-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14323 of July 30, 2025

#### Addressing Threats to the United States by the Government of Brazil

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) (NEA), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby order:

**Section 1. National Emergency.** As President of the United States, my highest duty is protecting the national security, foreign policy, and economy of this country. Recent policies, practices, and actions of the Government of Brazil threaten the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. Members of the Government of Brazil have taken actions that interfere with the economy of the United States, infringe the free expression rights of United States persons, violate human rights, and undermine the interest the United States has in protecting its citizens and companies. Members of the Government of Brazil are also politically persecuting a former President of Brazil, which is contributing to the deliberate breakdown in the rule of law in Brazil, to politically motivated intimidation in that country, and to human rights abuses.

Recently, members of the Government of Brazil have taken unprecedented actions that harm and are a threat to the economy of the United States, conflict with and threaten the policy of the United States to promote free speech and free and fair elections at home and abroad, and violate fundamental human rights. Indeed, certain Brazilian officials have issued orders to compel United States online platforms to censor the accounts or content of United States persons, where such accounts or content are protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution within the United States; block the ability of United States persons to raise money on their platforms; change their content moderation policies, enforcement practices, or algorithms in ways that may result in the censorship of the content and accounts of United States persons; and provide the user data of accounts belonging to United States persons, facilitating the targeting of political critics in the United States.

For example, Brazilian Supreme Court Justice Alexandre de Moraes has abused his judicial authority to target political opponents, shield corrupt allies, and suppress dissent, often in coordination with other Brazilian officials. Justice de Moraes has authorized politically motivated police raids, arrests, and bank account freezes. He has also authorized the confiscation of passports, jailed individuals without trial for social media posts, opened unprecedented criminal investigations, including into United States citizens for their constitutionally protected speech in the United States, and issued secret orders to United States social media companies to censor thousands of posts and de-platform dozens of political critics, including United States persons, for lawful speech on United States soil. When United States and United States-headquartered companies have refused to comply with his unlawful censorship demands, Justice de Moraes has imposed substantial fines on United States and United States-headquartered companies, ordered the suspension of United States and United States-headquartered companies in Brazil, and threatened United States and United States-headquartered

company executives with criminal prosecution. In fact, Justice de Moraes is currently overseeing the Government of Brazil's criminal prosecution of a United States resident for speech he made on United States soil.

These judicial actions, taken under the pretext of combatting "disinformation," "fake news," or "anti-democratic" or "hateful" content, endanger the economy of the United States by tyrannically and arbitrarily coercing United States companies to censor political speech, turn over sensitive United States user data, or change their content moderation policies on pain of extraordinary fines, criminal prosecution, asset freezes, or complete exclusion from the Brazilian market. These actions also chill and limit expression in the United States, violate human rights, and undermine the interest that the United States has in protecting its citizens and companies at home and abroad.

Brazilian officials are also persecuting former President of Brazil Jair Bolsonaro. The Government of Brazil has unjustly charged Bolsonaro with multiple crimes related to Bolsonaro's 2022 runoff election, and the Supreme Court of Brazil has misguidedly ruled that Bolsonaro must stand trial for these unjustified criminal charges. Political persecution, through drummed up prosecutions, threatens the orderly development of Brazil's political, administrative, and economic institutions, including undermining the ability of Brazil to hold a free and fair election of the presidency in 2026. The Government of Brazil's treatment of former President Bolsonaro also contributes to the deliberate breakdown in the rule of law in Brazil, to politically motivated intimidation in that country, and to human rights abuses.

I find that the unprecedented actions taken by the Government of Brazil have violated the free expression rights of United States persons, interfered with the economy of the United States by coercing United States and United States-headquartered companies to censor United States persons for speech protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution on pain of extraordinary fines, criminal prosecution, asset freezes, or complete exclusion from the Brazilian market, subverted the interest of the United States in protecting its citizens and companies, undermined the rule of law in Brazil, and jeopardized the orderly development of Brazil's political, administrative, and economic institutions. The policies, practices, and actions of the Government of Brazil are repugnant to the moral and political values of democratic and free societies and conflict with the policy of the United States to promote democratic governments throughout the world, the principle of free expression and free and fair elections, the rule of law, and respect for human rights.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, find that the scope and gravity of the recent policies, practices, and actions of the Government of Brazil constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States and hereby declare a national emergency with respect to that threat.

To deal with the national emergency declared in this order, I determine that it is necessary and appropriate to impose an additional *ad valorem* duty rate of 40 percent on certain products of Brazil, as detailed below. In my judgment, this action is necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in this order. I am taking the action in this order only for the purpose of addressing the national emergency declared in this order and not for any other purpose.

**Sec. 2. Tariff Modifications.** (a) Articles of Brazil imported into the customs territory of the United States shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 40 percent. This rate of duty shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of this order, except those goods encompassed by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b) or set forth in Annex I to this order, and except

for goods that (1) were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit prior to entry into the United States, before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of this order; and (2) are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025. The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be modified as provided in Annex II to this order.

(b) U.S. Customs and Border Protection may take any necessary or appropriate measure to administer the duty imposed by this order.

**Sec. 3. Scope of Duties and Stacking.** (a) The *ad valorem* duty imposed in this order is in addition to any other duties, fees, taxes, exactions, and charges applicable to such imports, unless subject to existing or future actions under section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, in which case the *ad valorem* duty imposed in this order shall not apply.

(b) The *ad valorem* duty imposed in this order shall not apply to articles that are excepted by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b) or set forth in Annex I to this order, including certain silicon metal, pig iron, civil aircraft and parts and components thereof, metallurgical grade alumina, tin ore, wood pulp, precious metals, energy and energy products, and fertilizers.

(c) The *ad valorem* duty imposed in Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), as amended, shall apply in addition to the *ad valorem* duty imposed in this order, when applicable pursuant to the terms of Executive Order 14257.

(d) Subject articles, except those eligible for admission under “domestic status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.43, which are subject to the duty specified in section 2 of this order and are admitted into a foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of this order, must be admitted as “privileged foreign status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.41.

**Sec. 4. Modification Authority.** (a) To ensure that the emergency declared in this order is dealt with, I may modify this order, including in light of additional information, recommendations from senior officials, or changed circumstances.

(b) Should the Government of Brazil retaliate against the United States in response to this action, I will modify this order to ensure the efficacy of the actions herein ordered. For example, if the Government of Brazil retaliates by raising tariff rates on United States exports, I will increase the *ad valorem* duty rate set forth in this order by a corresponding amount.

(c) Should the Government of Brazil take significant steps to address the national emergency declared in this order and align sufficiently with the United States on national security, economic, and foreign policy matters described in this order, I may further modify this order.

**Sec. 5. Monitoring and Recommendations.** (a) The Secretary of State shall monitor, and regularly consult with any senior official the Secretary of State deems appropriate on, the situation involving the Government of Brazil.

(b) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President and Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing shall recommend to me additional action, if necessary, if this action is not effective in resolving the emergency declared in this order or should the Government of Brazil retaliate against the United States in response to the actions taken in this order or any subsequent order issued to address this emergency.

**Sec. 6. Delegation.** The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic

Policy, the Assistant to the President and Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, and the Chair of the United States International Trade Commission, is hereby authorized to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this order. The Secretary of State may, consistent with law, redelegate the authority set forth in this order within the Department of State. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to carry out this order.

**Sec. 7. Reporting Directives.** The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President and Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, is hereby authorized and directed to submit recurring and final reports to the Congress on the national emergency declared in, and authorities exercised by, this order, consistent with section 401 of the NEA (50 U.S.C. 1641) and section 204(c) of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1703(c)).

**Sec. 8. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its other provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

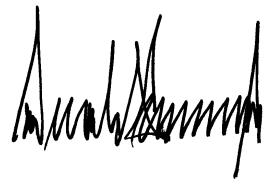
**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of State.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,

*July 30, 2025.*

Billing code 4710-05-P

## ANNEX I

Note: All products that are classified in the 8-digit subheadings of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) that are listed in this Annex are not covered by the action. The product descriptions that are contained in this Annex are provided for informational purposes only, and are not intended to delimit in any way the scope of the action. In all cases, the formal language in Annex II governs the tariff treatment of products covered by the action. Any questions regarding the scope of particular HTSUS subheadings should be referred to U.S. Customs and Border Protection. In the product descriptions, the abbreviation “nesoi” means “not elsewhere specified or included”.

A subheading marked with “\*” includes only articles of civil aircraft (all aircraft other than military aircraft); their engines, parts, and components; their other parts, components, and subassemblies; and ground flight simulators and their parts and components of Brazil, that otherwise meet the criteria of General Note 6 of HTSUS, regardless of whether a product is entered under a provision for which the rate of duty “Free (C)” appears in the “Special” subcolumn.

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
0801.21.00		Brazil nuts in shell, fresh or dried
2008.30.35		Orange pulp
2009.11.00		Orange juice, frozen
2009.12.25		Orange juice, not frozen, Brix value <20, not concentrated
2009.12.45		Orange juice, not frozen, Brix value <20, other
2525.10.00		Crude mica
2601.11.00		Iron ore, non-agglomerated
2601.12.00		Iron ore, agglomerated
2609.00.00		Tin ores and concentrates
2701.11.00		Coal, anthracite, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
2701.12.00		Coal, bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
2701.19.00		Coal, other than anthracite or bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
2701.20.00		Coal, briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal
2702.10.00		Lignite (excluding jet), whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
2702.20.00		Lignite (excluding jet), agglomerated
2703.00.00		Peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated
2704.00.00		Coke and semicoke of coal, lignite or peat, whether or not agglomerated; retort carbon
2705.00.00		Coal gas, water gas, producer gas and similar gases, other than petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons
2706.00.00		Tars (including reconstituted tars), distilled from coal, lignite or peat, and other mineral tars, whether or not dehydrated or partially distilled
2707.10.00		Benzene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
2707.20.00		Toluene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
2707.30.00		Xylenes, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
2707.40.00		Naphthalene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
2707.50.00		Aromatic hydrocarbon mixtures (from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents), other than Benzene, Toluene, Xylenes, and Naphthalene, in which 65% or more by volume (including losses) distills at 250 C by the ISO 3405 method (equivalent to the ASTM D 86 method)
2707.91.00		Creosote oils, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
2707.99.10		Light oil, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
2707.99.20		Picolines, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
2707.99.40		Carbazole, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 65% or more by weight
2707.99.51		Phenols, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of nonaromatic constituents, containing more than 50% by weight of hydroxybenzene
2707.99.55		Metacresol, orthocresol, paracresol, and metaparacresol, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products where the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 75% or more by weight
2707.99.59		Phenols, nesoi
2707.99.90		Other products of the distillation of high-temperature coal tar and similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceed that of the nonaromatic constituents, nesoi
2708.10.00		Pitch, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars
2708.20.00		Pitch coke, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars
2709.00.10		Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.
2709.00.20		Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more
2710.12.15		Light oil motor fuel from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.12.18		Light oil motor fuel blending stock from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.12.25		Naphthas (except motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock) from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.12.45		Other light oil mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi, containing by weight not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.12.90		Other light oils and preparations from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.06		Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing under 25 degrees A.P.I., from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
		containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.11		Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.16		Kerosene-type jet fuel from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.24		Kerosene motor fuel (except kerosene-type jet fuel) from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.25		Kerosene motor fuel blending stock (except kerosene-type jet fuel) from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.26		Kerosene (except kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene motor fuel, and kerosene motor fuel blending stock) from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.30		Lubricating oils, with or without additives, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.35		Lubricating greases, containing not over 10% by weight of salts of fatty acids of animal (including marine animal) or vegetable origin, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.40		Other lubricating greases from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than those containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.19.45		Mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi, which contain by weight not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
2710.19.90		Other petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
2710.20.05		Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing under 25 degrees A.P.I., from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.20.10		Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils
2710.20.15		Kerosene-type jet fuel, motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, and other than waste oils

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
2710.20.25		Kerosene (except kerosene-type jet fuel, motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, other than waste oils
2710.91.00		Waste oils containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs) or polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)
2710.99.05		Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.
2710.99.10		Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more
2710.99.16		Waste motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock
2710.99.21		Waste kerosene or naphthas
2710.99.31		Waste lubricating oils, with or without additives
2710.99.32		Waste lubricating greases, containing not over 10% by weight of fatty acids of animal (including marine animal) or vegetable origin
2710.99.39		Other wastes of lubricating oils and greases
2710.99.45		Waste oil mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi containing not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound
2710.99.90		Other waste oils
2711.11.00		Natural gas, liquefied
2711.12.00		Propane, liquefied
2711.13.00		Butanes, liquefied
2711.14.00		Ethylene, propylene, butylene and butadiene, liquefied
2711.19.00		Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, liquefied, nesoi
2711.21.00		Natural gas, in gaseous state
2711.29.00		Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, except natural gas
2712.10.00		Petroleum jelly
2712.20.00		Paraffin wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process and less than 0.75% oil by weight
2712.90.10		Montan wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process
2712.90.20		Mineral waxes (i.e., paraffin with 0.75%+ oil, microcrystalline wax, slack lignite and peat waxes, ozokerite), obtained by synthesis
2713.11.00		Petroleum coke, not calcined
2713.12.00		Petroleum coke, calcined
2713.20.00		Petroleum bitumen
2713.90.00		Residues (except petroleum coke or petroleum bitumen) of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials
2714.10.00		Bituminous or oil shale and tar sands
2714.90.00		Bitumen and asphalt, natural; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks
2715.00.00		Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, natural bitumen, petroleum bitumen, mineral tar or mineral tar pitch
2716.00.00		Electrical energy
2804.69.10		Silicon, containing by weight less than 99.99% but not less than 99% of silicon
2804.69.50		Silicon, containing by weight less than 99% of silicon
2815.20.00		Potassium hydroxide (Caustic potash)
2818.20.00		Aluminum oxide, other than artificial corundum
2825.90.20		Tin oxides
2827.39.25		Tin chlorides

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
2903.19.05		1,2-dichloropropane (propylene dichloride) and dichlorobutanes
2903.19.10		Hexachloroethane and tetrachloroethane
2903.19.30		Sec-butyl chloride
2903.19.60		Other saturated chlorinated hydrocarbons, other
3105.10.00		Fertilizers of chapter 31 in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg
3105.20.00		Mineral or chemical fertilizers containing the three fertilizing elements nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium
3105.60.00		Mineral or chemical fertilizers containing the two fertilizing elements phosphorous and potassium
3917.21.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of ethylene
3917.22.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of propylene
3917.23.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of polymers of vinyl chloride
3917.29.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses, rigid, of other plastics, nesoi
3917.31.00	*	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, having a minimum burst pressure of 27.6 MPa
3917.33.00	*	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi, with fittings, not reinforced or otherwise combined with other materials, with fittings
3917.39.00	*	Flexible plastic tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi
3917.40.00	*	Fittings of plastics for other tubes, pipes and hoses, nesoi
3926.90.45	*	Gaskets, washers and other seals of plastics
3926.90.94	*	Cards, not punched, suitable for use as, or in making, jacquard cards; Jacquard cards and jacquard heads for power-driven weaving machines, and parts thereof; and Transparent sheeting of plastics containing 30% or more by weight of lead
3926.90.96	*	Casing for bicycle derailleur cables and casing for cable or inner wire for caliper and cantilever brakes, whether or not cut to length, of plastic
3926.90.99	*	Other articles of plastic, nesoi
4008.29.20	*	Profile shapes of noncellular, vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber
4009.12.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, not reinforced or combined with other materials, with fittings
4009.22.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined only with metal, with fittings
4009.32.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined only with textile materials, with fittings
4009.42.00	*	Tubes, pipes and hoses of vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, reinforced or combined with other materials, nesoi, with fittings
4011.30.00	*	New pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on aircraft
4012.13.00	*	Retreaded pneumatic tires, of rubber, of a kind used on aircraft
4012.20.10	*	Used pneumatic tires of rubber, for aircraft
4016.10.00	*	Articles of cellular vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber
4016.93.50	*	Gaskets, washers and other seals, of noncellular vulcanized rubber other than hard rubber, not for use in the automotive goods of chapter 87
4016.99.35	*	Articles made of noncellular vulcanized natural rubber other than hard rubber, not used as vibration control goods in the vehicles of headings 8701 through 8705, nesoi
4016.99.60	*	Articles of noncellular vulcanized synthetic rubber other than hard rubber
4017.00.00	*	Hard rubber (for example, ebonite) in all forms, including waste and scrap; articles of hard rubber
4407.29.02		Tropical wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
4504.90.00	*	Agglomerated cork and articles of agglomerated cork, nesoi
4702.00.00		Chemical woodpulp, dissolving grades
4703.11.00		Chemical woodpulp, soda or sulfate, other than dissolving grades, of unbleached coniferous wood
4703.19.00		Chemical woodpulp, soda or sulfate, other than dissolving grades, of unbleached nonconiferous wood
4703.21.00		Chemical woodpulp, soda or sulfate, other than dissolving grades, of semibleached or bleached coniferous wood
4703.29.00		Chemical woodpulp, soda or sulfate, other than dissolving grades, of semibleached or bleached nonconiferous wood
4704.11.00		Chemical woodpulp, sulfite, other than dissolving grades, of unbleached coniferous wood
4704.19.00		Chemical woodpulp, sulfite, other than dissolving grades, of unbleached nonconiferous wood
4704.21.00		Chemical woodpulp, sulfite, other than dissolving grades, of semibleached or bleached coniferous wood
4704.29.00		Chemical woodpulp, sulfite, other than dissolving grades, of semibleached or bleached nonconiferous wood
4705.00.00		Semichemical woodpulp
4706.10.00		Cotton linters pulp
4706.20.00		Pulps of fibers derived from recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard
4706.30.00		Pulps of fibrous cellulosic material, of bamboo
4706.91.00		Pulps of fibrous cellulosic material, mechanical
4706.92.01		Pulps of fibrous cellulosic material, chemical
4706.93.01		Pulps of fibrous cellulosic material, semichemical
4823.90.10	*	Articles of paper pulp, nesoi
4823.90.20	*	Articles of papier-mâché, nesoi
4823.90.31	*	Cards of paper or paperboard, nesoi, not punched, for punchcard machines, whether or not in strips
4823.90.40	*	Frames or mounts for photographic slides of paper or paperboard
4823.90.50	*	Hand fans of paper or paperboard
4823.90.60	*	Gaskets, washers and other seals of coated paper or paperboard
4823.90.67	*	Coated paper or paperboard, nesoi
4823.90.70	*	Articles of cellulose wadding, nesoi
4823.90.80	*	Gaskets, washers and other seals of paper, paperboard and webs of cellulose fibers, nesoi
4823.90.86	*	Articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding or webs of cellulose fibers, nesoi
5607.21.00		Binder or baler twine of sisal or other textile fibers of the genus Agave
6802.99.00		Worked monumental or building stone, nesoi
6812.80.90	*	Articles or mixtures of crocidolite, nesoi
6812.99.10	*	Paper, millboard and felt of asbestos, other than crocidolite
6812.99.20	*	Compressed asbestos (other than crocidolite) fiber jointing, in sheets or rolls
6812.99.90	*	Articles of mixtures of or with a basis of asbestos, nesoi, other than crocidolite
6813.20.00	*	Friction material and articles thereof, not mounted, containing asbestos
6813.81.00	*	Brake linings and pads, not containing asbestos
6813.89.00	*	Friction material and articles thereof, not mounted, not containing asbestos, nesoi
7007.21.11	*	Laminated safety glass windshields, of size and shape suitable for incorporation in vehicles, aircraft, spacecraft or vessels

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
7106.91.10		Silver bullion and dore
7108.12.10		Gold, nonmonetary, bullion and dore
7201.10.00		Nonalloy pig iron containing by weight 0.5% or less of phosphorus
7201.20.00		Nonalloy pig iron containing by weight more than 0.5% of phosphorus
7201.50.30		Alloy pig iron in pigs, blocks or other primary forms
7201.50.60		Spiegeleisen in pigs, blocks or other primary forms
7202.60.00		Ferronickel
7202.93.40		Ferroniobium, containing by weight less than 0.02% of phosphorus or sulfur or less than 0.4% of silicon
7202.93.80		Ferroniobium, other
7203.10.00		Ferrous products obtained by direct reduction of iron ore
7203.90.00		Spongy ferrous products, in lumps, pellets or like forms; iron of a minimum purity by weight of 99.94% in lumps, pellets or like forms
7304.31.30	*	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, hollow bars with circular cross section
7304.31.60	*	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi
7304.39.00	*	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi
7304.41.30	*	Stainless steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section and external diameter of less than 19mm
7304.41.60	*	Stainless steel, seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section and external diameter of 19mm or more
7304.49.00	*	Stainless steel, seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section
7304.51.10	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for manufacture of ball or roller bearings
7304.51.50	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi
7304.59.10	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for manufacture of ball or roller bearings
7304.59.20	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, for boilers, heaters, etc.
7304.59.60	*	Heat-resisting alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi
7304.59.80	*	Alloy steel (other than heat-resist or stainless), seamless, not cold-drawn or cold-rolled, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with circular cross section, nesoi
7304.90.10	*	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more
7304.90.30	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more
7304.90.50	*	Iron (other than cast) or nonalloy steel, seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm
7304.90.70	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), seamless, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, other than circular cross section, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm
7306.30.10	*	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm
7306.30.30	*	Nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross-section and external diameter 406.4mm or less, tapered pipes and tubes, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm+, principally used as parts of illuminating articles

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
7306.30.50	*	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, pipes, tubes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more
7306.40.10	*	Stainless steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm
7306.40.50	*	Stainless steel, welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm or more
7306.50.10	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 1.65 mm
7306.50.30	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter 406.4mm or less, tapered pipes and tubes, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm+, principally used as parts of illuminating articles
7306.50.50	*	Alloy steel (other than stainless), welded, with circular cross section and external diameter of 406.4mm or less, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 1.65 mm+
7306.61.10	*	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more
7306.61.30	*	Alloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more
7306.61.50	*	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm
7306.61.70	*	Alloy steel, welded, with square or rectangular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm
7306.69.10	*	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more
7306.69.30	*	Alloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross-section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of 4 mm or more
7306.69.50	*	Iron or nonalloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm
7306.69.70	*	Alloy steel, welded, with other non-circular cross section, tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, with wall thickness of less than 4 mm
7312.10.05	*	Stainless steel, stranded wire, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7312.10.10	*	Stainless steel, stranded wire, not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7312.10.20	*	Iron or steel (other than stainless), stranded wire, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7312.10.30	*	Iron or steel (other than stainless), stranded wire, not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7312.10.50	*	Stainless steel, ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7312.10.60	*	Stainless steel, ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7312.10.70	*	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7312.10.80	*	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage, of brass plated wire (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, without fittings or arts.
7312.10.90	*	Iron or steel (other than stainless), ropes, cables and cordage, other than of brass plate wire (other than stranded wire), not electrically insulated, without fittings etc.
7312.90.00	*	Iron or steel (other than stainless), plaited bands, slings and the like, not electrically insulated
7322.90.00	*	Iron or steel, non-electrically heated air heaters and hot air distributors with motor driven fan or blower and parts thereof
7324.10.00	*	Stainless steel, sinks and wash basins

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
7324.90.00	*	Iron or steel, sanitary ware (other than baths or stainless steel sinks and wash basins) and parts thereof
7326.20.00	*	Iron or steel, articles of wire, nesoi
7413.00.90	*	Copper, stranded wire, cables, plaited bands and the like, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles
7608.10.00	*	Tubes and pipes, aluminum, not alloyed
7608.20.00	*	Tubes and pipes, of aluminum alloys
8002.00.00		Tin waste and scrap
8108.90.60	*	Wrought titanium, nesoi
8302.10.60	*	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc hinges and base metal parts thereof, not designed for motor vehicles
8302.10.90	*	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) hinges and base metal parts thereof
8302.20.00	*	Base metal castors and base metal parts thereof
8302.42.30	*	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc mountings, fittings and similar articles, suitable for furniture, and base metal parts thereof
8302.42.60	*	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) mountings, fittings and similar articles, suitable for furniture, and base metal parts thereof
8302.49.40	*	Base metal harness, saddlery or riding-bridle hardware, not coated or plated with precious metal, and base metal parts thereof
8302.49.60	*	Iron or steel, aluminum, or zinc, mountings, fittings and similar articles nesoi, and base metal parts thereof
8302.49.80	*	Base metal (other than iron or steel or aluminum or zinc) mountings, fittings and similar articles nesoi, and base metal parts thereof
8302.60.30	*	Base metal automatic door closers
8307.10.30	*	Iron or steel flexible tubing, with fittings
8307.90.30	*	Base metal (other than iron or steel) flexible tubing, with fittings
8407.10.00	*	Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines for use in aircraft
8408.90.90	*	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines, for machinery or equipment, nesoi
8409.10.00	*	Parts for internal combustion aircraft engines
8411.11.40	*	Aircraft turbojets of a thrust not exceeding 25 kN
8411.11.80	*	Turbojets of a thrust not exceeding 25 kN, other than aircraft
8411.12.40	*	Aircraft turbojets of a thrust exceeding 25 kN
8411.12.80	*	Turbojets of a thrust exceeding 25 kN, other than aircraft
8411.21.40	*	Aircraft turbopropellers of a power not exceeding 1,100 kW
8411.21.80	*	Turbopropellers of a power not exceeding 1,100 kW, other than aircraft
8411.22.40	*	Aircraft turbopropellers of a power exceeding 1,100 kW
8411.22.80	*	Turbopropellers of a power exceeding 1,100 kW, other than aircraft
8411.81.40	*	Aircraft gas turbines other than turbojets or turbopropellers, of a power not exceeding 5,000 kW
8411.82.40	*	Aircraft gas turbines other than turbojets or turbopropellers, of a power exceeding 5,000 kW
8411.91.10	*	Cast-iron parts of turbojets or turbopropellers, not advanced beyond cleaning, machined only for removal of fins, gates, sprues and risers, or to permit location in machinery
8411.91.90	*	Parts of turbojets or turbopropellers other than those of subheading 8411.91.10
8411.99.10	*	Cast-iron parts of gas turbines nesoi, not advanced beyond cleaning, and machined only for removal of fins, gates, sprues and risers
8411.99.90	*	Parts of gas turbines nesoi, other than those of subheading 8411.99.10
8412.10.00	*	Reaction engines other than turbojets

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8412.21.00	*	Hydraulic power engines and motors, linear acting (cylinders)
8412.29.40	*	Hydrojet engines for marine propulsion
8412.29.80	*	Hydraulic power engines and motors, nesoi
8412.31.00	*	Pneumatic power engines and motors, linear acting (cylinders)
8412.39.00	*	Pneumatic power engines and motors, other than linear acting
8412.80.10	*	Spring-operated and weight-operated motors
8412.80.90	*	Engines and motors, nesoi (excluding motors of heading 8501)
8412.90.90	*	Parts for engines of heading 8412 other than hydrojet engines for marine propulsion
8413.19.00	*	Pumps for liquids fitted or designed to be fitted with a measuring device, nesoi
8413.20.00	*	Hand pumps other than those of subheading 8413.11 or 8413.19, not fitted with a measuring device
8413.30.10	*	Fuel-injection pumps for compression-ignition engines, not fitted with a measuring device
8413.30.90	*	Fuel, lubricating or cooling medium pumps for internal combustion piston engines, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi
8413.50.00	*	Reciprocating positive displacement pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi
8413.60.00	*	Rotary positive displacement pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi
8413.70.10	*	Stock centrifugal pumps imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard, not fitted with a measuring device
8413.70.20	*	Centrifugal pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi
8413.81.00	*	Pumps for liquids, not fitted with a measuring device, nesoi
8413.91.10	*	Parts of fuel-injection pumps for compression-ignition engines
8413.91.20	*	Parts of stock pumps imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard
8413.91.90	*	Parts of pumps, nesoi
8414.10.00	*	Vacuum pumps
8414.20.00	*	Hand-operated or foot-operated air pumps
8414.30.40	*	Compressors of a kind used in refrigerating equipment (including air conditioning) not exceeding 1/4 horsepower
8414.30.80	*	Compressors of a kind used in refrigerating equipment (including air conditioning) exceeding 1/4 horsepower
8414.51.30	*	Ceiling fans for permanent installation, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W
8414.51.90	*	Table, floor, wall, window or roof fans, with a self-contained electric motor of an output not exceeding 125 W
8414.59.30	*	Turbocharger and supercharger fans
8414.59.65	*	Other fans, nesoi
8414.80.05	*	Turbocharger and supercharger air compressors
8414.80.16	*	Air compressors, nesoi
8414.80.20	*	Gas compressors, nesoi
8414.80.90	*	Air or gas pumps, compressors and fans, nesoi
8414.90.10	*	Parts of fans (including blowers) and ventilating or recycling hoods
8414.90.30	*	Stators and rotors of goods of subheading 8414.30
8414.90.41	*	Parts of air or gas compressors, nesoi
8414.90.91	*	Parts of air or vacuum pumps, ventilating or recycling hoods, gas-tight biological safety cabinets

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8415.10.60	*	Window or wall type air conditioning machines, split-system, incorporating a refrigerating unit and valve for reversal of cooling/heat cycle
8415.10.90	*	Window or wall type air conditioning machines, split-system, nesoi
8415.81.01	*	Air conditioning machines incorporating a refrigerating unit and valve for reversal of cooling/heat cycle, nesoi
8415.82.01	*	Air conditioning machines incorporating a refrigerating unit, nesoi
8415.83.00	*	Air conditioning machines not incorporating a refrigerating unit
8415.90.40	*	Chassis, chassis bases and outer cabinets for air conditioning machines
8415.90.80	*	Parts for air conditioning machines, nesoi
8418.10.00	*	Combined refrigerator-freezers, fitted with separate external doors or drawers, electric or other
8418.30.00	*	Freezers of the chest type, not exceeding 800 liters capacity, electric or other
8418.40.00	*	Freezers of the upright type, not exceeding 900 liters capacity, electric or other
8418.61.01	*	Heat pumps other than the air conditioning machines of heading 8415
8418.69.01	*	Refrigerating or freezing equipment, nesoi
8419.50.10	*	Brazed aluminum plate-fin heat exchangers
8419.50.50	*	Heat exchange units, nesoi
8419.81.50	*	Cooking stoves, ranges and ovens, other than microwaves, for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food, not used for domestic purposes
8419.81.90	*	Machinery and equipment nesoi, for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food, not used for domestic purposes
8419.90.10	*	Parts of instantaneous or storage water heaters
8419.90.20	*	Parts of machinery and plant, for making paper pulp, paper or paperboard
8419.90.30	*	Parts of heat exchange units
8419.90.50	*	Parts of molten-salt-cooled acrylic acid reactors, nesoi; parts of medical, surgical or laboratory sterilizers, nesoi
8419.90.85	*	Parts of electromechanical tools for working in the hand, with self-contained electric motor
8421.19.00	*	Centrifuges, other than cream separators or clothes dryers
8421.21.00	*	Machinery and apparatus for filtering or purifying water
8421.23.00	*	Oil or fuel filters for internal combustion engines
8421.29.00	*	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for liquids, nesoi
8421.31.00	*	Intake air filters for internal combustion engines
8421.32.00	*	Catalytic converters or particulate filters, whether or not combined, for purifying or filtering exhaust gases from internal combustion engines
8421.39.01	*	Filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus for exhaust gases, other than intake air filters or catalytic converters, for internal combustion engines
8424.10.00	*	Fire extinguishers, whether or not charged
8425.11.00	*	Pulley tackle and hoists other than skip hoists or hoists used for raising vehicles, powered by electric motor
8425.19.00	*	Pulley tackle and hoists other than skip hoists or hoists used for raising vehicles, not powered by electric motor
8425.31.01	*	Winches and capstans, powered by electric motor
8425.39.01	*	Winches and capstans, not powered by electric motor
8425.42.00	*	Hydraulic jacks and hoists, nesoi
8425.49.00	*	Jacks and hoists of a kind used for raising vehicles, other than hydraulic, nesoi
8426.99.00	*	Ships' derricks, cranes and other lifting machinery, nesoi

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8428.10.00	*	Passenger or freight elevators other than continuous action; skip hoists
8428.20.00	*	Pneumatic elevators and conveyors
8428.33.00	*	Belt type continuous-action elevators and conveyors, for goods or materials
8428.39.00	*	Continuous-action elevators and conveyors, for goods or materials, nesoi
8428.90.03	*	Machinery for lifting, handling, loading or unloading, nesoi
8443.31.00	*	Multifunction units (machines which perform two or more of the functions of printing, copying or facsimile transmission, capable of connecting to an automatic data processing machine or to a network)
8443.32.10	*	Printer units, capable of connecting to an automatic data processing machine or to a network
8443.32.50	*	Single function units other than printer units (machines which perform only one of the functions of printing, copying or facsimile transmission)
8471.41.01	*	Automatic data processing machines, nonportable or over 10 kg, comprising in the same housing at least a central processing unit and an input and output unit, whether or not combined
8471.49.00	*	Automatic data processing machines, nesoi, entered in the form of systems (consisting of at least a central processing unit, and an input and output unit)
8471.50.01	*	Processing units other than those of subheading 8471.41 and 8471.49, nesoi
8471.60.10	*	Combined input/output units for automatic data processing machines not entered with the rest of a system
8471.60.20	*	Keyboards for automatic data processing machines not entered with the rest of a system
8471.60.70	*	Input or output units suitable for physical incorporation into an automatic data processing machine or unit thereof, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system
8471.60.80	*	Optical scanners and magnetic ink recognition devices not entered with the rest of an automatic data processing system
8471.60.90	*	Other input or output units of digital automatic data processing machines, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system
8471.70.10	*	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, without read-write unit assembled therein; read-write units; all not entered with the rest of a system
8471.70.20	*	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, for incorporation into automatic data processing machines or units, not entered with the rest of a system
8471.70.30	*	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter exceeding 21 cm, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system
8471.70.40	*	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter not exceeding 21 cm, not assembled in cabinets, without attached external power supply, not entered with the rest of a system
8471.70.50	*	Automatic data processing magnetic disk drive storage units, disk diameter not exceeding 21 cm, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system
8471.70.60	*	Automatic data processing storage units other than magnetic disk, not assembled in cabinets for placing on a table etc., not entered with the rest of a system
8471.70.90	*	Automatic data processing storage units other than magnetic disk drive units, nesoi, not entered with the rest of a system
8479.89.10	*	Air humidifiers or dehumidifiers with self-contained electric motor, other than for domestic purposes
8479.89.20	*	Floor polishers with self-contained electric motor, other than for domestic purposes
8479.89.65	*	Electromechanical appliances with self-contained electric motor, nesoi
8479.89.70	*	Carpet sweepers, not electromechanical appliances with self-contained electric motor
8479.89.95	*	Other machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified or included elsewhere in chapter 84, nesoi

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8479.90.41	*	Parts of air humidifiers or dehumidifiers of subheading 8479.89.10; parts of carpet sweepers of subheading 8479.89.70
8479.90.45	*	Parts of trash compactors, frame assemblies
8479.90.55	*	Parts of trash compactors, ram assemblies
8479.90.65	*	Parts of trash compactors, container assemblies
8479.90.75	*	Parts of trash compactors, cabinets or cases
8479.90.85	*	Parts of trash compactors, nesoi
8479.90.95	*	Parts of machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified or included elsewhere in chapter 84, nesoi
8483.10.10	*	Camshafts and crankshafts for use solely or principally with spark-ignition internal combustion piston or rotary engines
8483.10.30	*	Camshafts and crankshafts, nesoi
8483.10.50	*	Transmission shafts and cranks other than camshafts and crankshafts
8483.30.40	*	Bearing housings of the flange, take-up, cartridge and hanger unit type
8483.30.80	*	Bearing housings nesoi; plain shaft bearings
8483.40.10	*	Torque converters
8483.40.30	*	Fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers, imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard
8483.40.50	*	Fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers, not imported for use with machines for making cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard
8483.40.70	*	Speed changers other than fixed, multiple and variable ratio speed changers
8483.40.80	*	Ball or roller screws
8483.40.90	*	Gears and gearing, other than toothed wheels, chain sprockets and other transmission elements entered separately
8483.50.40	*	Gray-iron awning or tackle pulleys, not over 6.4 cm in wheel diameter
8483.50.60	*	Flywheels
8483.50.90	*	Pulleys, including pulley blocks, nesoi
8483.60.40	*	Clutches and universal joints
8483.60.80	*	Shaft couplings (other than universal joints)
8483.90.10	*	Chain sprockets and parts thereof
8483.90.20	*	Parts of flange, take-up, cartridge and hanger units
8483.90.30	*	Parts of bearing housings and plain shaft bearings, nesoi
8483.90.50	*	Parts of gearing, gear boxes and other speed changers
8483.90.80	*	Parts of transmission equipment, nesoi
8484.10.00	*	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two or more layers of metal
8484.90.00	*	Sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings
8501.20.50	*	Universal AC/DC motors of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W
8501.20.60	*	Universal AC/DC motors of an output of 746 W or more
8501.31.50	*	DC motors, nesoi, of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W
8501.31.60	*	DC motors nesoi, of an output of 746 W or more but not exceeding 750 W
8501.31.81	*	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output not exceeding 750 W
8501.32.20	*	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW
8501.32.55	*	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 14.92 kW but not exceeding 75 kW

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8501.32.61	*	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 75 kW
8501.33.20	*	DC motors nesoi, of an output exceeding 75 kW but under 149.2 kW
8501.33.30	*	DC motors nesoi, of an output of 149.2 kW or more but not exceeding 150 kW
8501.33.61	*	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW
8501.34.61	*	DC generators, other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 375 kW
8501.40.50	*	AC motors nesoi, single-phase, of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W
8501.40.60	*	AC motors nesoi, single-phase, of an output of 746 W or more
8501.51.50	*	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 735 W but under 746 W
8501.51.60	*	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output of 746 W or more but not exceeding 750 W
8501.52.40	*	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 14.92 kW
8501.52.80	*	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 14.92 kW but not exceeding 75 kW
8501.53.40	*	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output exceeding 75 kW but under 149.2 kW
8501.53.60	*	AC motors nesoi, multi-phase, of an output of 149.2 kW or more but not exceeding 150 kW
8501.61.01	*	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA
8501.62.01	*	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA
8501.63.01	*	AC generators (alternators), other than photovoltaic generators, of an output exceeding 375 kVA but not exceeding 750 kVA
8501.71.00	*	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output not exceeding 50 W
8501.72.10	*	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 50 W but not exceeding 750 W
8501.72.20	*	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 750 W but not exceeding 75 kW
8501.72.30	*	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW
8501.72.90	*	Photovoltaic DC generators, of an output exceeding 375 kW
8501.80.10	*	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA
8501.80.20	*	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA
8501.80.30	*	Photovoltaic AC generators, of an output exceeding 375 kVA but not exceeding 750 kVA
8502.11.00	*	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines, of an output not exceeding 75 kVA
8502.12.00	*	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines, of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA
8502.13.00	*	Electric generating sets with compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines, of an output exceeding 375 kVA
8502.20.00	*	Electric generating sets with spark-ignition internal combustion piston engines
8502.31.00	*	Wind-powered electric generating sets
8502.39.00	*	Electric generating sets, nesoi
8502.40.00	*	Electric rotary converters
8504.10.00	*	Ballasts for discharge lamps or tubes
8504.31.20	*	Unrated electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity not exceeding 1 kVA
8504.31.40	*	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity less than 1 kVA, other than unrated
8504.31.60	*	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity of 1 kVA, other than unrated

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8504.32.00	*	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity exceeding 1 kVA but not exceeding 16 kVA
8504.33.00	*	Electrical transformers other than liquid dielectric, having a power handling capacity exceeding 16 kVA but not exceeding 500 kVA
8504.40.40	*	Electrical speed drive controllers for electric motors (static converters)
8504.40.60	*	Power supplies suitable for physical incorporation into automatic data processing machines or units thereof of heading 8471
8504.40.70	*	Power supplies for automatic data processing machines or units thereof of heading 8471, nesoi
8504.40.85	*	Static converters (for example, rectifiers) for telecommunication apparatus
8504.40.95	*	Static converters (for example, rectifiers), nesoi
8504.50.40	*	Other inductors for power supplies for automatic data processing machines or units of heading 8471 or for telecommunication apparatus
8504.50.80	*	Other inductors, nesoi
8507.10.00	*	Lead-acid storage batteries, of a kind used for starting piston engines
8507.20.80	*	Lead-acid storage batteries, other than of a kind used for starting piston engines or as the primary source of power for electric vehicles
8507.30.80	*	Nickel-cadmium storage batteries, other than of a kind used as the primary source of power for electric vehicles
8507.50.00	*	Nickel-metal hydride batteries
8507.60.00	*	Lithium-ion batteries
8507.80.82	*	Other storage batteries nesoi, other than of a kind used as the primary source of power for electric vehicles
8507.90.40	*	Parts of lead-acid storage batteries, including separators therefor
8507.90.80	*	Parts of storage batteries, including separators therefor, other than parts of lead-acid storage batteries
8511.10.00	*	Spark plugs
8511.20.00	*	Ignition magnetos, magneto-dynamos and magnetic flywheels
8511.30.00	*	Distributors and ignition coils
8511.40.00	*	Starter motors and dual purpose starter-generators
8511.50.00	*	Generators nesoi, of a kind used in conjunction with spark-ignition or compression-ignition internal combustion engines
8511.80.20	*	Voltage and voltage-current regulators with cut-out relays designed for use on 6, 12 or 24 V systems
8511.80.40	*	Voltage and voltage-current regulators with cut-out relays other than those designed for use on 6, 12 or 24 V systems
8511.80.60	*	Electrical ignition or starting equipment of a kind used for spark-ignition internal combustion or compression-ignition engines, nesoi
8514.20.40	*	Industrial or laboratory microwave ovens for making hot drinks or for cooking or heating food
8516.80.40	*	Electric heating resistors assembled only with simple insulated former and electrical connections, used for anti-icing or de-icing
8516.80.80	*	Electric heating resistors, nesoi
8517.13.00	*	Smartphones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks
8517.14.00	*	Other telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks, other than smartphones
8517.61.00	*	Base stations
8517.62.00	*	Machines for the reception, conversion and transmission or regeneration of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8517.69.00	*	Other apparatus for transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, nesoi, but not apparatus of headings 8443, 8525, 8527 or 8528
8517.71.00	*	Aerials and aerial reflectors of all kinds; parts suitable for use therewith
8518.10.40	*	Microphones having a frequency range of 300Hz to 3.4kHz with a diameter not over 10 mm and a height not over 3 mm, for telecommunication
8518.10.80	*	Microphones and stands therefor, nesoi
8518.21.00	*	Single loudspeakers mounted in their enclosures
8518.22.00	*	Multiple loudspeakers mounted in the same enclosure
8518.29.40	*	Loudspeakers not mounted in their enclosures, with a frequency range of 300Hz to 3.4kHz, with a diameter not over 50 mm, for telecommunication
8518.29.80	*	Loudspeakers not mounted in their enclosures, nesoi
8518.30.10	*	Line telephone handsets
8518.30.20	*	Headphones, earphones and combined microphone/speaker sets, other than telephone handsets
8518.40.10	*	Audio-frequency electric amplifiers for use as repeaters in line telephony
8518.40.20	*	Audio-frequency electric amplifiers, other than for use as repeaters in line telephony
8518.50.00	*	Electric sound amplifier sets
8519.81.10	*	Transcribing machines
8519.81.20	*	Cassette players (non-recording) designed exclusively for motor-vehicle installation
8519.81.25	*	Cassette players (non-recording), nesoi
8519.81.30	*	Sound reproducing apparatus nesoi, not incorporating a sound recording device
8519.81.41	*	Other sound recording and reproducing apparatus using magnetic tape, optical media, or semiconductor media
8519.89.10	*	Record players, other than coin- or token-operated, without loudspeaker
8519.89.20	*	Record players, other than coin- or token-operated, with loudspeakers
8519.89.30	*	Sound recording and reproducing apparatus, nesoi
8521.10.30	*	Color, cartridge or cassette magnetic tape-type video players
8521.10.60	*	Color, cartridge or cassette magnetic tape-type video recording and reproducing apparatus, nesoi
8521.10.90	*	Magnetic tape-type video recording or reproducing apparatus, other than color, cartridge or cassette type
8522.90.25	*	Printed circuit assemblies of articles of subheading 8519.81.41, consisting of 2 or more pieces fastened or joined together
8522.90.36	*	Other assemblies and subassemblies of articles of 8519.81.41, consisting of 2 or more pieces fastened together, other than printed circuit assemblies
8522.90.45	*	Other parts of telephone answering machines, printed circuit assemblies
8522.90.58	*	Other parts of telephone answering machines, other than printed circuit assemblies
8522.90.65	*	Parts and accessories of apparatus of headings 8519 to 8521, nesoi, printed circuit assemblies
8522.90.80	*	Parts and accessories of apparatus of headings 8519 to 8521, nesoi, other than printed circuit assemblies
8526.10.00	*	Radar apparatus
8526.91.00	*	Radio navigational aid apparatus, other than radar
8526.92.10	*	Radio remote control apparatus for video game consoles
8526.92.50	*	Radio remote control apparatus other than for video game consoles
8528.42.00	*	Cathode-ray tube monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8528.52.00	*	Other monitors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471
8528.62.00	*	Projectors capable of directly connecting to and designed for use with an automatic data processing machine of heading 8471
8529.10.21	*	Television antennas and antenna reflectors, and parts suitable for use therewith
8529.10.40	*	Radar, radio navigational aid and radio remote control antennas and antenna reflectors, and parts suitable for use therewith
8529.10.91	*	Other antennas and antenna reflectors of all kinds, and parts suitable for use therewith
8529.90.04	*	Tuners (printed circuit assemblies)
8529.90.05	*	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof, for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter
8529.90.06	*	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof, for color TV, not with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter
8529.90.09	*	Printed circuit assemblies for television cameras
8529.90.13	*	Printed circuit assemblies for television apparatus, nesoi
8529.90.16	*	Printed circuit assemblies which are subassemblies of radar, radio nav. aid or remote control apparatus, of 2 or more parts joined together
8529.90.19	*	Printed circuit assemblies, nesoi, for radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control apparatus
8529.90.21	*	Other printed circuit assemblies suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8524 to 8528, nesoi
8529.90.24	*	Transceiver assemblies for the apparatus of subheading 8526.10, other than printed circuit assemblies
8529.90.29	*	Tuners for television apparatus, other than printed circuit assemblies
8529.90.33	*	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, for color TV, entered with components in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter
8529.90.36	*	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, for color TV, other
8529.90.39	*	Parts of television receivers specified in U.S. note 9 to chapter 85, other than printed circuit assemblies, nesoi
8529.90.43	*	Printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85
8529.90.46	*	Combinations of printed circuit boards and ceramic substrates and subassemblies thereof for color TV, with components listed in additional U.S. note 4 to chapter 85
8529.90.49	*	Combinations of parts of television receivers specified in U.S. note 10 to chapter 85, other than printed circuit assemblies, nesoi
8529.90.55	*	Flat panel screen assemblies for TV reception apparatus, color video monitors and video projectors
8529.90.63	*	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for television cameras
8529.90.68	*	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for television apparatus other than television cameras
8529.90.73	*	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control apparatus
8529.90.77	*	Parts of printed circuit assemblies (including face plates and lock latches) for other apparatus of headings 8524 to 8528, nesoi
8529.90.78	*	Mounted lenses for use in closed circuit television cameras, separately imported, with or without attached electrical connectors or motors
8529.90.81	*	Other parts of television cameras, nesoi
8529.90.83	*	Other parts of television apparatus (other than television cameras), nesoi

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8529.90.87	*	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of 8524 and 8527 (except television apparatus or cellular phones), nesoi
8529.90.88	*	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, except tuners or convergence assemblies, for color TV, entered with components in additional U.S. note 4 to this chapter
8529.90.89	*	Subassemblies with 2 or more printed circuit boards or ceramic substrates, except tuners or convergence assemblies, for color TV, other
8529.90.93	*	Parts of television apparatus, nesoi
8529.90.95	*	Assemblies and subassemblies of radar, radio navigational aid or remote control apparatus, of 2 or more parts joined together, nesoi
8529.90.97	*	Parts suitable for use solely or principally in radar, radio navigational aid or radio remote control apparatus, nesoi
8529.90.98	*	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8524 to 8528, nesoi
8531.10.00	*	Electric burglar or fire alarms and similar apparatus
8531.20.00	*	Indicator panels incorporating liquid crystal devices (LCD's) or light emitting diodes (LED's)
8531.80.15	*	Doorbells, chimes, buzzers, and similar apparatus
8531.80.90	*	Electric sound or visual signaling apparatus, nesoi
8536.70.00	*	Connectors for optical fibers, optical fiber bundles or cables
8539.10.00	*	Sealed beam lamp units
8539.51.00	*	Light-emitting diode (LED) modules
8543.70.42	*	Flight data recorders
8543.70.45	*	Other electric synchros and transducers; defrosters and demisters with electric resistors for aircraft
8543.70.60	*	Electrical machines and apparatus nesoi, designed for connection to telegraphic or telephonic apparatus, instruments or networks
8543.70.80	*	Microwave amplifiers
8543.70.91	*	Digital signal processing apparatus capable of connecting to a wired or wireless network for sound mixing
8543.70.95	*	Touch screens without display capabilities for incorporation in apparatus having a display
8543.90.12	*	Parts of physical vapor deposition apparatus of subheading 8543.70
8543.90.15	*	Assemblies and subassemblies for flight data recorders, consisting of 2 or more parts pieces fastened together, printed circuit assemblies
8543.90.35	*	Assemblies and subassemblies for flight data recorders, consisting of 2 or more parts pieces fastened together, not printed circuit assys.
8543.90.65	*	Printed circuit assemblies of flat panel displays other than for reception apparatus for television of heading 8528
8543.90.68	*	Printed circuit assemblies of electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions, nesoi
8543.90.85	*	Parts, nesoi, of flat panel displays other than for reception apparatus for television of heading 8528
8543.90.88	*	Parts (other than printed circuit assemblies) of electrical machines and apparatus, having individual functions, nesoi
8544.30.00	*	Insulated ignition wiring sets and other wiring sets of a kind used in vehicles, aircraft or ships
8801.00.00	*	Balloons, dirigibles and non-powered aircraft, gliders and hang gliders
8802.11.01	*	Helicopters (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), with an unladen weight not over 2,000 kg
8802.12.01	*	Helicopters (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), with an unladen weight over 2,000 kg

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
8802.20.01	*	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight not over 2,000 kg
8802.30.01	*	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight over 2,000 kg but not over 15,000 kg
8802.40.01	*	Airplanes and other powered aircraft (except unmanned aircraft of heading 8806), nesoi, with an unladen weight over 15,000 kg
8805.29.00	*	Ground flying trainers and parts thereof, other than air combat simulators
8806.10.00	*	Unmanned aircraft designed for the carriage of passengers
8806.21.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight not more than 250g
8806.22.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 250g but not more than 7kg
8806.23.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 7kg but not more than 25kg
8806.24.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 25kg but not more than 150 kg
8806.29.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, for remote-controlled flight only, max take-off weight more than 150 kg
8806.91.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight not more than 250g
8806.92.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 250g but not more than 7kg
8806.93.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 7kg but not more than 25kg
8806.94.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 25kg but not more than 150 kg
8806.99.00	*	Unmanned aircraft, not for the carriage of passengers, not for remote-controlled flight only, nesoi, max take-off weight more than 150 kg
8807.10.00	*	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802, 8806, propellers and rotors and parts thereof
8807.20.00	*	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802, 8806, undercarriages and parts thereof
8807.30.00	*	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802, 8806, for airplanes, helicopters, unmanned aircraft, other than propellers or rotors or undercarriages, nesoi
8807.90.90	*	Parts of aircraft of headings 8801, 8802, 8806, not for airplanes, helicopters, unmanned aircraft, nesoi
9001.90.40	*	Lenses nesoi, unmounted
9001.90.50	*	Prisms, unmounted
9001.90.60	*	Mirrors, unmounted
9001.90.80	*	Half-tone screens designed for use in engraving or photographic processes, unmounted
9001.90.90	*	Optical elements nesoi, unmounted
9002.90.20	*	Prisms, mounted, for optical uses
9002.90.40	*	Mirrors, mounted, for optical uses
9002.90.70	*	Half-tone screens, mounted, designed for use in engraving or photographic processes
9002.90.85	*	Mounted lenses suitable for use in, and entered separately from, closed-circuit television cameras, with or without attached electrical connectors or motors
9002.90.95	*	Mounted optical elements, nesoi; parts and accessories of mounted optical elements, nesoi
9014.10.10	*	Optical direction finding compasses
9014.10.60	*	Gyroscopic direction finding compasses, other than electrical
9014.10.70	*	Electrical direction finding compasses

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
9014.10.90	*	Direction finding compasses, other than optical instruments, gyroscopic compasses or electrical
9014.20.20	*	Optical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation
9014.20.40	*	Automatic pilots for aeronautical or space navigation
9014.20.60	*	Electrical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation
9014.20.80	*	Nonelectrical instruments and appliances (other than compasses) for aeronautical or space navigation
9014.90.10	*	Parts and accessories of automatic pilots for aeronautical or space navigation of subheading 9014.20.40
9014.90.20	*	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical instruments and appliances for aeronautical or space navigation of subheading 9014.20.80
9014.90.40	*	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical navigational instruments and appliances nesoi of subheading 9014.80.50
9014.90.60	*	Parts and accessories of navigational instruments and appliances, nesoi
9020.00.40	*	Underwater breathing devices designed as a complete unit to be carried on the person and not requiring attendants, parts and accessories thereof
9020.00.60	*	Breathing appliances, nesoi, and gas masks, except protective masks having neither mechanical parts or replaceable filters, parts, accessories thereof
9025.11.20	*	Clinical thermometers, liquid-filled, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments
9025.11.40	*	Liquid-filled thermometers, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments, other than clinical thermometers
9025.19.40	*	Pyrometers, not combined with other instruments
9025.19.80	*	Thermometers, for direct reading, not combined with other instruments, other than liquid-filled thermometers
9025.80.10	*	Electrical hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychometers, and any combination
9025.80.15	*	Nonelectrical barometers, not combined with other instruments
9025.80.20	*	Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, whether or not incorporating a thermometer, non-recording, other than electrical
9025.80.35	*	Hygrometers and psychrometers, non-electrical, non-recording
9025.80.40	*	Thermographs, barographs, hygrographs and other recording instruments, other than electrical
9025.80.50	*	Combinations of thermometers, barometers and similar temperature and atmosphere measuring and recording instruments, nonelectrical
9025.90.06	*	Other parts and accessories of hydrometers and like floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers, psychrometers and combinations
9026.10.20	*	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow or level of liquids
9026.10.40	*	Flow meters, other than electrical, for measuring or checking the flow of liquids
9026.10.60	*	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the level of liquids, other than flow meters, non-electrical
9026.20.40	*	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the pressure of liquids or gases
9026.20.80	*	Instruments and apparatus, other than electrical, for measuring or checking the pressure of liquids or gases
9026.80.20	*	Electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi
9026.80.40	*	Nonelectrical heat meters incorporating liquid supply meters, and anemometers

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
9026.80.60	*	Nonelectrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi
9026.90.20	*	Parts and accessories of electrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases
9026.90.40	*	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical flow meters, heat meters incorporating liquid supply meters and anemometers
9026.90.60	*	Parts and accessories of nonelectrical instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking variables of liquids or gases, nesoi
9029.10.80	*	Revolution counters, production counters, odometers, pedometers and the like, other than taximeters
9029.20.40	*	Speedometers and tachometers, other than bicycle speedometers
9029.90.80	*	Parts and accessories of revolution counters, production counters, odometers, pedometers and the like, of speedometers nesoi and tachometers
9030.10.00	*	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiations
9030.20.05	*	Oscilloscopes and oscillographs, specially designed for telecommunications
9030.20.10	*	Oscilloscopes and oscillographs, NESOI
9030.31.00	*	Multimeters for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, without a recording device
9030.32.00	*	Multimeters, with a recording device
9030.33.34	*	Resistance measuring instruments
9030.33.38	*	Other instruments and apparatus, nesoi, for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, without a recording device
9030.39.01	*	Instruments and apparatus, nesoi, for measuring or checking electrical voltage, current, resistance or power, with a recording device
9030.40.00	*	Instruments and apparatus specially designed for telecommunications
9030.84.00	*	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or detecting electrical quantities or ionizing radiations, nesoi, with a recording device
9030.89.01	*	Instruments and apparatus for measuring, checking or detecting electrical quantities or ionizing radiations, nesoi, without a recording device
9030.90.25	*	Printed circuit assemblies for instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiation
9030.90.46	*	Parts and accessories for instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting ionizing radiation, nesoi
9030.90.66	*	Printed circuit assemblies for subheadings and apparatus of subheading 9030.40 and 9030.82
9030.90.68	*	Printed circuit assemblies, nesoi
9030.90.84	*	Parts and accessories for instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking semiconductor wafers or devices, nesoi
9030.90.89	*	Parts and accessories for articles of subheadings 9030.20 to 9030.40, and 9030.84, nesoi
9031.80.40	*	Electron beam microscopes fitted with equipment specifically designed for the handling and transport of semiconductor devices or reticles
9031.80.80	*	Measuring and checking instruments, appliances and machines, nesoi
9031.90.21	*	Parts and accessories of profile projectors
9031.90.45	*	Bases and frames for the optical coordinate-measuring machines of subheading 9031.49.40
9031.90.54	*	Parts and accessories of measuring and checking optical instruments and appliances of subheading 9031.41 or 9031.49.70
9031.90.59	*	Parts and accessories of measuring and checking optical instruments and appliances, other than test benches or profile projectors, nesoi
9031.90.70	*	Parts and accessories of articles of subheading 9031.80.40
9031.90.91	*	Parts and accessories of measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, nesoi

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
9032.10.00	*	Automatic thermostats
9032.20.00	*	Automatic manostats
9032.81.00	*	Hydraulic and pneumatic automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus
9032.89.20	*	Automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system
9032.89.40	*	Automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, not designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system
9032.89.60	*	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus, nesoi
9032.90.21	*	Parts and accessories of automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system, nesoi
9032.90.41	*	Parts and accessories of automatic voltage and voltage-current regulators, not designed for use in a 6, 12, or 24 V system, nesoi
9032.90.61	*	Parts and accessories for automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus, nesoi
9033.00.90	*	Other parts and accessories for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of chapter 90, nesoi
9104.00.05	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft, vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only, not over \$10 each
9104.00.10	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, clock movement over 50 mm wide, electric, not optoelectronic display, not over \$10 each
9104.00.20	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, with clock movement over 50 mm wide, valued not over \$10 each, nonelectric
9104.00.25	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, with clock movement over 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only, over \$10 each
9104.00.30	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, with clock movement over 50 mm wide, electric, not optoelectronic display, over \$10 each
9104.00.40	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, with clock movement over 50 mm wide, valued over \$10 each, non-electric
9104.00.45	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, with watch or clock movement under 50 mm wide, opto-electronic display only
9104.00.50	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, with watch or clock movement under 50 mm wide, electric, not opto-electronic display
9104.00.60	*	Instrument panel clocks for vehicles, air/spacecraft or vessels, with clock or watch movement under 50 mm wide, nonelectric
9109.10.50	*	Clock movements nesoi, complete and assembled, electrically operated, with opto-electronic display only
9109.10.60	*	Clock movements nesoi, complete and assembled, electrically operated, with display nesoi, measuring not over 50 mm in width or diameter
9109.90.20	*	Clock movements, complete and assembled, not electrically operated, measuring not over 50 mm in width or diameter
9401.10.40	*	Seats, of a kind used for aircraft, leather upholstered
9401.10.80	*	Seats, of a kind used for aircraft (other than leather upholstered)
9403.20.00	*	Furniture (other than seats) of metal nesoi, other than of a kind used in offices
9403.70.40	*	Furniture (other than seats and other than of heading 9402) of reinforced or laminated plastics nesoi
9403.70.80	*	Furniture (other than seats and other than of heading 9402) of plastics (other than reinforced or laminated) nesoi
9405.11.40	*	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fittings, of brass, designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.11.60	*	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, of base metal (other than brass), designed for use solely with LED sources

HTSUS	Articles of Civil Aircraft only	Description
9405.11.80	*	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, not of base metal, designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.19.40	*	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fittings, of brass, not designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.19.60	*	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, of base metal (other than brass), not designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.19.80	*	Chandeliers and other electric ceiling or wall lighting fixtures, not of base metal, not designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.61.20	*	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of brass, designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.61.40	*	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of base metal (other than brass), designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.61.60	*	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, not of base metal, designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.69.20	*	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of brass, not designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.69.40	*	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, of base metal (other than brass), not designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.69.60	*	Illuminated signs, illuminated name plates and the like, not of base metal, not designed for use solely with LED sources
9405.92.00	*	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, of plastics
9405.99.20	*	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, of brass
9405.99.40	*	Parts of lamps, lighting fixtures, illuminated signs and the like, not of glass, plastics or brass
9620.00.50	*	Monopods, bipods, tripods and similar articles of plastics, nesoi
9620.00.60	*	Monopods, bipods, tripods and similar articles of graphite and other carbon, nesoi
9802.00.40	*	Articles returned to the United States after having been exported for repairs or alterations made pursuant to a warranty
9802.00.50	*	Articles returned to the United States after having been exported for repairs or alterations, other
9802.00.60	*	Any article of metal (as defined in U.S. note 3(e) to this subchapter) manufactured in the United States or subjected to a process of manufacture in the United States, if exported for further processing, and if the exported article as processed outside the United States, or the article which results from the processing outside the United States, is returned to the United States for further processing
9802.00.80	*	Articles, except goods of heading 9802.00.91 and goods imported under provisions of subchapter XIX of this chapter and goods imported under provisions of subchapter XX, assembled abroad in whole or in part of fabricated components, the product of the United States, which (a) were exported in condition ready for assembly without further fabrication, (b) have not lost their physical identity in such articles by change in form, shape or otherwise, and (c) have not been advanced in value or improved in condition abroad except by being assembled and except by operations incidental to the assembly process such as cleaning, lubricating and painting
9818.00.05	*	Spare parts necessarily installed before first entry into the United States, upon first entry into the United States of each such spare part purchased in, or imported from, a foreign country
9818.00.07	*	Other, upon first arrival in any port of the United States of any vessel described in U.S. note 1 to this subchapter

**ANNEX II**

1. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of the executive order, excluding the day the executive order is signed, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified by inserting the following new headings in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, “Rates of Duty 1-General”, “Rates of Duty 1-Special” and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

<b>Heading/ Subheading</b>	<b>Article Description</b>	<b>Rates of Duty</b>		
		<b>1</b>		<b>2</b>
		<b>General</b>	<b>Special</b>	
“9903.01.77	Except for products described in headings 9903.01.78-9903.01.83, articles the product of Brazil that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of the executive order, excluding the day the executive order is signed, as provided for in subdivision (x) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.78	Articles the product of Brazil that (1) were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit prior to entry into the United States, before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of the executive order, excluding the day the executive order is signed; and (2) are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on October 5, 2025 . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.79	Articles the product of Brazil that are donations, by persons subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, such as food, clothing, and medicine, intended to be used to relieve human suffering, as provided for in	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	subdivision (x)(ii) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
9903.01.80	Articles the product of Brazil that are informational materials, including but not limited to, publications, films, posters, phonograph records, photographs, microfilms, microfiche, tapes, compact disks, CD ROMs, artworks, and news wire feeds . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.81	Articles the product of Brazil, classified in the subheadings enumerated in subdivision (x)(iii) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.82	Articles of civil aircraft (all aircraft other than military aircraft); their engines, parts, and components; their other parts, components, and subassemblies; and ground flight simulators and their parts and components of Brazil, classified in the subheadings enumerated in subdivision (x)(iv) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.83	Articles of iron or steel, derivative articles of iron or steel, articles of aluminum, derivative articles of aluminum, passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and light trucks and parts of passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and light trucks, and semi-finished copper and intensive copper derivative products, of Brazil, as provided in subdivision (x)(v) through (x)(xi) of note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading”

2. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time 7 days after the date of the executive order, excluding the day the executive order is signed, subchapter III of chapter

99 of the HTSUS is modified by inserting the following new subdivision (x) to U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS in numerical sequence:

“(x) (i) Except as provided in headings 9903.01.78-9903.01.83, and in subdivisions (x)(ii) through (x)(xi) of this note, and other than products for personal use included in accompanied baggage of persons arriving in the United States, heading 9903.01.77 imposes an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty on imports of all products of Brazil. Notwithstanding U.S. note 1 to this subchapter, all products that are subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed by this heading shall also be subject to the general rates of duty imposed under subheadings in chapters 1 to 97 of the tariff schedule. Except as provided in subdivisions (x)(ii) through (x)(xi) of this note, all products that are subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed by this heading shall also be subject to any additional duty provided for in this subchapter or subchapter IV of chapter 99. Products that are eligible for special tariff treatment under general note 3(c)(i) to the tariff schedule, with the exception of products covered by the World Trade Organization Agreement on Trade in Civil Aircraft, or that are eligible for temporary duty exemptions or reductions under subchapter II to chapter 99, shall be subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed by this heading.

The additional duty imposed by this heading shall not apply to goods for which entry is properly claimed under a provision of chapter 98 of the tariff schedule pursuant to applicable regulations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”), and whenever CBP agrees that entry under such a provision is appropriate, except for goods entered under heading 9802.00.80; and subheadings 9802.00.40, 9802.00.50, and 9802.00.60. For subheadings 9802.00.40, 9802.00.50, and 9802.00.60, the additional duties apply to the value of repairs, alterations, or processing performed, as described in the applicable subheading. For heading 9802.00.80, the additional duties apply to the value of the article assembled abroad, less the cost or value of such products of the United States, as described.

Products that are provided for in heading 9903.01.77 shall continue to be subject to antidumping, countervailing, or other duties, taxes, fees, exactions and charges that apply to such products, as well as to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed by this heading.

(ii) Heading 9903.01.79 covers only products that are donations, by persons subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, of articles, such as food, clothing, and medicine, intended to be used to relieve human suffering, except to the extent that the President determines that such donations (A) would seriously impair his ability to deal with any national emergency declared under section 1701 of title 19 of the U.S. Code, (B) are in response to coercion against the proposed recipient or donor, or (C) would endanger Armed Forces of the United States which are engaged in hostilities or are in a situation where imminent involvement in hostilities is clearly indicated by the circumstances.

(iii) As provided in heading 9903.01.81, the additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to products classified in the following provisions of the HTSUS:

0801.21.00 2707.99.20 2710.20.05 2713.12.00 4704.11.00  
2008.30.35 2707.99.40 2710.20.10 2713.20.00 4704.19.00

2009.11.00	2707.99.51	2710.20.15	2713.90.00	4704.21.00
2009.12.25	2707.99.55	2710.20.25	2714.10.00	4704.29.00
2009.12.45	2707.99.59	2710.91.00	2714.90.00	4705.00.00
2525.10.00	2707.99.90	2710.99.05	2715.00.00	4706.10.00
2601.11.00	2708.10.00	2710.99.10	2716.00.00	4706.20.00
2601.12.00	2708.20.00	2710.99.16	2804.69.10	4706.30.00
2609.00.00	2709.00.10	2710.99.21	2804.69.50	4706.91.00
2701.11.00	2709.00.20	2710.99.31	2815.20.00	4706.92.01
2701.12.00	2710.12.15	2710.99.32	2818.20.00	4706.93.01
2701.19.00	2710.12.18	2710.99.39	2825.90.20	5607.21.00
2701.20.00	2710.12.25	2710.99.45	2827.39.25	6802.99.00
2702.10.00	2710.12.45	2710.99.90	2903.19.05	7106.91.10
2702.20.00	2710.12.90	2711.11.00	2903.19.10	7108.12.10
2703.00.00	2710.19.06	2711.12.00	2903.19.30	7201.10.00
2704.00.00	2710.19.11	2711.13.00	2903.19.60	7201.20.00
2705.00.00	2710.19.16	2711.14.00	3105.10.00	7201.50.30
2706.00.00	2710.19.24	2711.19.00	3105.20.00	7201.50.60
2707.10.00	2710.19.25	2711.21.00	3105.60.00	7202.60.00
2707.20.00	2710.19.26	2711.29.00	4407.29.02	7202.93.40
2707.30.00	2710.19.30	2712.10.00	4702.00.00	7202.93.80
2707.40.00	2710.19.35	2712.20.00	4703.11.00	7203.10.00
2707.50.00	2710.19.40	2712.90.10	4703.19.00	7203.90.00
2707.91.00	2710.19.45	2712.90.20	4703.21.00	8002.00.00
2707.99.10	2710.19.90	2713.11.00	4703.29.00	

(iv) As provided in heading 9903.01.82, the additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to articles of civil aircraft (all aircraft other than military aircraft); their engines, parts, and components; their other parts, components, and subassemblies; and ground flight simulators and their parts and components of Brazil, that otherwise meet the criteria of general note 6 to the tariff schedule, and classifiable in the following provisions of the HTSUS, but regardless of whether a product is entered under a provision for which the rate of duty “Free (C)” appears in the “Special” subcolumn:

3917.21.00	8411.21.80	8479.90.65	8518.50.00	9014.10.60
3917.22.00	8411.22.40	8479.90.75	8519.81.10	9014.10.70
3917.23.00	8411.22.80	8479.90.85	8519.81.20	9014.10.90
3917.29.00	8411.81.40	8479.90.95	8519.81.25	9014.20.20
3917.31.00	8411.82.40	8483.10.10	8519.81.30	9014.20.40
3917.33.00	8411.91.10	8483.10.30	8519.81.41	9014.20.60
3917.39.00	8411.91.90	8483.10.50	8519.89.10	9014.20.80
3917.40.00	8411.99.10	8483.30.40	8519.89.20	9014.90.10
3926.90.45	8411.99.90	8483.30.80	8519.89.30	9014.90.20

3926.90.94	8412.10.00	8483.40.10	8521.10.30	9014.90.40
3926.90.96	8412.21.00	8483.40.30	8521.10.60	9014.90.60
3926.90.99	8412.29.40	8483.40.50	8521.10.90	9020.00.40
4008.29.20	8412.29.80	8483.40.70	8522.90.25	9020.00.60
4009.12.00	8412.31.00	8483.40.80	8522.90.36	9025.11.20
4009.22.00	8412.39.00	8483.40.90	8522.90.45	9025.11.40
4009.32.00	8412.80.10	8483.50.40	8522.90.58	9025.19.40
4009.42.00	8412.80.90	8483.50.60	8522.90.65	9025.19.80
4011.30.00	8412.90.90	8483.50.90	8522.90.80	9025.80.10
4012.13.00	8413.19.00	8483.60.40	8526.10.00	9025.80.15
4012.20.10	8413.20.00	8483.60.80	8526.91.00	9025.80.20
4016.10.00	8413.30.10	8483.90.10	8526.92.10	9025.80.35
4016.93.50	8413.30.90	8483.90.20	8526.92.50	9025.80.40
4016.99.35	8413.50.00	8483.90.30	8528.42.00	9025.80.50
4016.99.60	8413.60.00	8483.90.50	8528.52.00	9025.90.06
4017.00.00	8413.70.10	8483.90.80	8528.62.00	9026.10.20
4504.90.00	8413.70.20	8484.10.00	8529.10.21	9026.10.40
4823.90.10	8413.81.00	8484.90.00	8529.10.40	9026.10.60
4823.90.20	8413.91.10	8501.20.50	8529.10.91	9026.20.40
4823.90.31	8413.91.20	8501.20.60	8529.90.04	9026.20.80
4823.90.40	8413.91.90	8501.31.50	8529.90.05	9026.80.20
4823.90.50	8414.10.00	8501.31.60	8529.90.06	9026.80.40
4823.90.60	8414.20.00	8501.31.81	8529.90.09	9026.80.60
4823.90.67	8414.30.40	8501.32.20	8529.90.13	9026.90.20
4823.90.70	8414.30.80	8501.32.55	8529.90.16	9026.90.40
4823.90.80	8414.51.30	8501.32.61	8529.90.19	9026.90.60
4823.90.86	8414.51.90	8501.33.20	8529.90.21	9029.10.80
6812.80.90	8414.59.30	8501.33.30	8529.90.24	9029.20.40
6812.99.10	8414.59.65	8501.33.61	8529.90.29	9029.90.80
6812.99.20	8414.80.05	8501.34.61	8529.90.33	9030.10.00
6812.99.90	8414.80.16	8501.40.50	8529.90.36	9030.20.05
6813.20.00	8414.80.20	8501.40.60	8529.90.39	9030.20.10
6813.81.00	8414.80.90	8501.51.50	8529.90.43	9030.31.00
6813.89.00	8414.90.10	8501.51.60	8529.90.46	9030.32.00
7007.21.11	8414.90.30	8501.52.40	8529.90.49	9030.33.34
7304.31.30	8414.90.41	8501.52.80	8529.90.55	9030.33.38
7304.31.60	8414.90.91	8501.53.40	8529.90.63	9030.39.01
7304.39.00	8415.10.60	8501.53.60	8529.90.68	9030.40.00
7304.41.30	8415.10.90	8501.61.01	8529.90.73	9030.84.00
7304.41.60	8415.81.01	8501.62.01	8529.90.77	9030.89.01
7304.49.00	8415.82.01	8501.63.01	8529.90.78	9030.90.25
7304.51.10	8415.83.00	8501.71.00	8529.90.81	9030.90.46
7304.51.50	8415.90.40	8501.72.10	8529.90.83	9030.90.66

7304.59.10	8415.90.80	8501.72.20	8529.90.87	9030.90.68
7304.59.20	8418.10.00	8501.72.30	8529.90.88	9030.90.84
7304.59.60	8418.30.00	8501.72.90	8529.90.89	9030.90.89
7304.59.80	8418.40.00	8501.80.10	8529.90.93	9031.80.40
7304.90.10	8418.61.01	8501.80.20	8529.90.95	9031.80.80
7304.90.30	8418.69.01	8501.80.30	8529.90.97	9031.90.21
7304.90.50	8419.50.10	8502.11.00	8529.90.98	9031.90.45
7304.90.70	8419.50.50	8502.12.00	8531.10.00	9031.90.54
7306.30.10	8419.81.50	8502.13.00	8531.20.00	9031.90.59
7306.30.30	8419.81.90	8502.20.00	8531.80.15	9031.90.70
7306.30.50	8419.90.10	8502.31.00	8531.80.90	9031.90.91
7306.40.10	8419.90.20	8502.39.00	8536.70.00	9032.10.00
7306.40.50	8419.90.30	8502.40.00	8539.10.00	9032.20.00
7306.50.10	8419.90.50	8504.10.00	8539.51.00	9032.81.00
7306.50.30	8419.90.85	8504.31.20	8543.70.42	9032.89.20
7306.50.50	8421.19.00	8504.31.40	8543.70.45	9032.89.40
7306.61.10	8421.21.00	8504.31.60	8543.70.60	9032.89.60
7306.61.30	8421.23.00	8504.32.00	8543.70.80	9032.90.21
7306.61.50	8421.29.00	8504.33.00	8543.70.91	9032.90.41
7306.61.70	8421.31.00	8504.40.40	8543.70.95	9032.90.61
7306.69.10	8421.32.00	8504.40.60	8543.90.12	9033.00.90
7306.69.30	8421.39.01	8504.40.70	8543.90.15	9104.00.05
7306.69.50	8424.10.00	8504.40.85	8543.90.35	9104.00.10
7306.69.70	8425.11.00	8504.40.95	8543.90.65	9104.00.20
7312.10.05	8425.19.00	8504.50.40	8543.90.68	9104.00.25
7312.10.10	8425.31.01	8504.50.80	8543.90.85	9104.00.30
7312.10.20	8425.39.01	8507.10.00	8543.90.88	9104.00.40
7312.10.30	8425.42.00	8507.20.80	8544.30.00	9104.00.45
7312.10.50	8425.49.00	8507.30.80	8801.00.00	9104.00.50
7312.10.60	8426.99.00	8507.50.00	8802.11.01	9104.00.60
7312.10.70	8428.10.00	8507.60.00	8802.12.01	9109.10.50
7312.10.80	8428.20.00	8507.80.82	8802.20.01	9109.10.60
7312.10.90	8428.33.00	8507.90.40	8802.30.01	9109.90.20
7312.90.00	8428.39.00	8507.90.80	8802.40.01	9401.10.40
7322.90.00	8428.90.03	8511.10.00	8805.29.00	9401.10.80
7324.10.00	8443.31.00	8511.20.00	8806.10.00	9403.20.00
7324.90.00	8443.32.10	8511.30.00	8806.21.00	9403.70.40
7326.20.00	8443.32.50	8511.40.00	8806.22.00	9403.70.80
7413.00.90	8471.41.01	8511.50.00	8806.23.00	9405.11.40
7608.10.00	8471.49.00	8511.80.20	8806.24.00	9405.11.60
7608.20.00	8471.50.01	8511.80.40	8806.29.00	9405.11.80
8108.90.60	8471.60.10	8511.80.60	8806.91.00	9405.19.40
8302.10.60	8471.60.20	8514.20.40	8806.92.00	9405.19.60

8302.10.90	8471.60.70	8516.80.40	8806.93.00	9405.19.80
8302.20.00	8471.60.80	8516.80.80	8806.94.00	9405.61.20
8302.42.30	8471.60.90	8517.13.00	8806.99.00	9405.61.40
8302.42.60	8471.70.10	8517.14.00	8807.10.00	9405.61.60
8302.49.40	8471.70.20	8517.61.00	8807.20.00	9405.69.20
8302.49.60	8471.70.30	8517.62.00	8807.30.00	9405.69.40
8302.49.80	8471.70.40	8517.69.00	8807.90.90	9405.69.60
8302.60.30	8471.70.50	8517.71.00	9001.90.40	9405.92.00
8307.10.30	8471.70.60	8518.10.40	9001.90.50	9405.99.20
8307.90.30	8471.70.90	8518.10.80	9001.90.60	9405.99.40
8407.10.00	8479.89.10	8518.21.00	9001.90.80	9620.00.50
8408.90.90	8479.89.20	8518.22.00	9001.90.90	9620.00.60
8409.10.00	8479.89.65	8518.29.40	9002.90.20	9802.00.40
8411.11.40	8479.89.70	8518.29.80	9002.90.40	9802.00.50
8411.11.80	8479.89.95	8518.30.10	9002.90.70	9802.00.60
8411.12.40	8479.90.41	8518.30.20	9002.90.85	9802.00.80
8411.12.80	8479.90.45	8518.40.10	9002.90.95	9818.00.05
8411.21.40	8479.90.55	8518.40.20	9014.10.10	9818.00.07

- (v) The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to products of iron or steel provided for in headings 9903.81.87 and 9903.81.88.
- (vi) The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to derivative iron or steel products provided for in headings 9903.81.89, 9903.81.90, 9903.81.91, 9903.81.92 and 9903.81.93.
- (vii) The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to products of aluminum provided for in heading 9903.85.02.
- (viii) The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to derivative aluminum products provided for in headings 9903.85.04, 9903.85.07, 9903.85.08 and 9903.85.09.
- (ix) The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and light trucks provided for in headings 9903.94.01 and 9903.94.03.
- (x) The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to parts of passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and parts of light trucks provided for in heading 9903.94.05.
- (xi) The additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.77 shall not apply to semi-finished copper and intensive copper derivative products provided for in heading 9903.78.01.”

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14322 of July 24, 2025

#### Saving College Sports

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** College sports are a uniquely American institution that provide life-changing educational and leadership-development opportunities to more than 500,000 student-athletes through almost \$4 billion in scholarships each year. College athletics also provide substantial support to local economies and form an indelible part of family activities, pastimes, and culture in many communities.

While major college football games can draw tens of millions of television viewers and attendees, they feature only a very small sample of the many athletes who benefit from the transformational opportunities that college athletics provide. Sixty-five percent of the 2024 United States Olympic Team members were current or former National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) varsity athletes, and approximately seventy-five percent were collegiate athletes. The 2024 United States Olympic Team earned 126 total medals, leading the overall medal count for the eighth consecutive Summer Olympic Games.

Beyond driving our unrivaled success in international competition, college athletes are more likely to report better outcomes in important respects during college and after graduation. A substantial majority of female executives at the largest American companies participated in sports during adolescence, many at the high school or collegiate level, and examples of business leaders and former Presidents who played college sports are legion. It is no exaggeration to say that America's system of collegiate athletics plays an integral role in forging the leaders that drive our Nation's success.

Yet the future of college sports is under unprecedented threat. Waves of recent litigation against collegiate athletics governing rules have eliminated limits on athlete compensation, pay-for-play recruiting inducements, and transfers between universities, unleashing a sea change that threatens the viability of college sports. While changes providing some increased benefits and flexibility to student-athletes were overdue and should be maintained, the inability to maintain reasonable rules and guardrails is a mortal threat to most college sports.

To illustrate, following a 2021 antitrust ruling from the United States Supreme Court striking down NCAA restrictions, the NCAA changed its rules to permit players to receive compensation for their name, image, and likeness (NIL) from third parties. But guardrails designed to ensure that these were legitimate, market-value NIL payments for endorsements or similar services, rather than simply pay-for-play inducements, were eliminated through litigation. Other limits on player transfers among schools were also taken down through litigation.

This has created an out-of-control, rudderless system in which competing university donors engage in bidding wars for the best players, who can change teams each season. Meanwhile, more than 30 States have passed their own NIL laws in a chaotic race to the bottom, sometimes to gain temporary competitive advantages for their major collegiate teams. As a result, players at some universities will receive more than \$50 million per year, mostly for the revenue-generating sports like football. Entering the 2024 season, players on the eventual college football national champion

team were being paid around \$20 million annually. By the 2025 season, football players at one university will reportedly be paid \$35–40 million, with revenue-sharing included.

This not only reduces competition and parity by creating an oligarchy of teams that can simply buy the best players—including the best players from less-wealthy programs at the end of each season—but the imperative that university donors must devote ever-escalating resources to compete in the revenue-generating sports like football and basketball siphons away the resources necessary to support the panoply of non-revenue sports. Absent guardrails to stop the madness and ensure a reasonable, balanced use of resources across collegiate athletic programs that preserves their educational and developmental benefits, many college sports will soon cease to exist.

A national solution is urgently needed to prevent this situation from deteriorating beyond repair and to protect non-revenue sports, including many women's sports, that comprise the backbone of intercollegiate athletics, drive American superiority at the Olympics and other international competitions, and catalyze hundreds of thousands of student-athletes to fuel American success in myriad ways.

Attempting to create some guardrails and shelter from litigation, colleges have adopted a new regime, deciding to pay athletes directly and simultaneously limit the total number of athletes on their campuses. Given that the new roster limits, by exceeding the scholarship limits they replace, will increase the potential number of scholarships available in many sports, this opportunity must be utilized to strengthen and expand non-revenue sports. Simultaneously, the third-party market of pay-for-play inducements must be eliminated before its insatiable demand for resources dries up support for non-revenue sports. Otherwise, a crucial American asset will be lost.

It is the policy of my Administration that all college sports should be preserved and, where possible, expanded. My Administration will therefore provide the stability, fairness, and balance necessary to protect student-athletes, collegiate athletic scholarships and opportunities, and the special American institution of college sports. It is common sense that college sports are not, and should not be, professional sports, and my Administration will take action accordingly.

**Sec. 2. Protecting and Expanding Women's and Non-Revenue Sports and Prohibiting Third-Party Pay-for-Play Payments.** (a) It is the policy of the executive branch that opportunities for scholarships and collegiate athletic competition in women's and non-revenue sports must be preserved and, where possible, expanded, including specifically as follows with respect to the 2025–2026 athletic season and future athletic seasons:

(i) collegiate athletic departments with greater than \$125,000,000 in revenue during the 2024–2025 athletic season should provide more scholarship opportunities in non-revenue sports than during the 2024–2025 athletic season and should provide the maximum number of roster spots for non-revenue sports permitted under the applicable collegiate athletic rules;

(ii) college athletic departments with greater than \$50,000,000 in revenue during the 2024–2025 athletic season should provide at least as many scholarship opportunities in non-revenue sports as provided during the 2024–2025 athletic season and should provide the maximum number of roster spots for non-revenue sports permitted under the applicable collegiate athletic rules; and

(iii) college athletic departments with \$50,000,000 or less in revenue during the 2024–2025 athletic season or that do not have any revenue-generating sports should not disproportionately reduce scholarship opportunities or roster spots for sports based on the revenue that the sport generates.

(b) It is the policy of the executive branch that any revenue-sharing permitted between universities and collegiate athletes should be designed and

implemented in a manner that preserves or expands scholarships and collegiate athletic opportunities in women's and non-revenue sports.

(c) To preserve the critical educational and developmental benefits of collegiate athletics for our Nation, it is the policy of the executive branch that third-party, pay-for-play payments to collegiate athletes are improper and should not be permitted by universities. This policy does not apply to compensation provided to an athlete for the fair market value that the athlete provides to a third party, such as for a brand endorsement.

(d) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Education, and the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, shall develop a plan to advance the policies set forth in subsections (a)–(c) of this section through all available and appropriate regulatory, enforcement, and litigation mechanisms, including Federal funding decisions, enforcement of Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, prohibiting unconstitutional actions by States to regulate interstate commerce, and enforcement of other constitutional and statutory protections, and by working with the Congress and State governments, as appropriate.

**Sec. 3. Student-Athlete Status.** The Secretary of Labor and the National Labor Relations Board shall determine and implement the appropriate measures with respect to clarifying the status of collegiate athletes, including through guidance, rules, or other appropriate actions, that will maximize the educational benefits and opportunities provided by higher education institutions through athletics.

**Sec. 4. Legal Protections for College Athletics from Lawsuits.** (a) The Attorney General and the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission shall work to stabilize and preserve college athletics through litigation, guidelines, policies, or other actions, as appropriate, by protecting the rights and interests of student-athletes and the long-term availability of collegiate athletic scholarships and opportunities when such elements are unreasonably challenged under antitrust or other legal theories.

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, to advance the purposes of subsection (a) of this section, the Attorney General and the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission shall:

(i) review, and as necessary revise, litigation positions, guidelines, policies, or other actions; and

(ii) develop a plan to implement appropriate future litigation positions, guidelines, policies, or other actions.

**Sec. 5. Protecting Development of the United States Olympic Team.** The Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and the Director of the White House Office of Public Liaison shall consult the United States Olympic and Paralympic Committee and other appropriate organizations of American athletes about safeguarding the integral role and competitive advantage that American collegiate athletics provide in developing athletes to represent our Nation in international athletic competitions.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

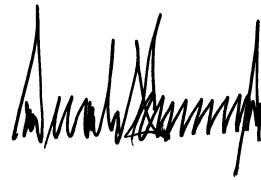
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Education.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 24, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-14392  
Filed 7-28-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4000-01-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14321 of July 24, 2025**

**Ending Crime and Disorder on America's Streets**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Endemic vagrancy, disorderly behavior, sudden confrontations, and violent attacks have made our cities unsafe. The number of individuals living on the streets in the United States on a single night during the last year of the previous administration—274,224—was the highest ever recorded. The overwhelming majority of these individuals are addicted to drugs, have a mental health condition, or both. Nearly two-thirds of homeless individuals report having regularly used hard drugs like methamphetamines, cocaine, or opioids in their lifetimes. An equally large share of homeless individuals reported suffering from mental health conditions. The Federal Government and the States have spent tens of billions of dollars on failed programs that address homelessness but not its root causes, leaving other citizens vulnerable to public safety threats.

Shifting homeless individuals into long-term institutional settings for humane treatment through the appropriate use of civil commitment will restore public order. Surrendering our cities and citizens to disorder and fear is neither compassionate to the homeless nor other citizens. My Administration will take a new approach focused on protecting public safety.

**Sec. 2. Restoring Civil Commitment.** (a) The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall take appropriate action to:

(i) seek, in appropriate cases, the reversal of Federal or State judicial precedents and the termination of consent decrees that impede the United States' policy of encouraging civil commitment of individuals with mental illness who pose risks to themselves or the public or are living on the streets and cannot care for themselves in appropriate facilities for appropriate periods of time; and

(ii) provide assistance to State and local governments, through technical guidance, grants, or other legally available means, for the identification, adoption, and implementation of maximally flexible civil commitment, institutional treatment, and “step-down” treatment standards that allow for the appropriate commitment and treatment of individuals with mental illness who pose a danger to others or are living on the streets and cannot care for themselves.

**Sec. 3. Fighting Vagrancy on America's Streets.** (a) The Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, and the Secretary of Transportation shall take immediate steps to assess their discretionary grant programs and determine whether priority for those grants may be given to grantees in States and municipalities that actively meet the below criteria, to the maximum extent permitted by law:

(i) enforce prohibitions on open illicit drug use;

(ii) enforce prohibitions on urban camping and loitering;

(iii) enforce prohibitions on urban squatting;

(iv) enforce, and where necessary, adopt, standards that address individuals who are a danger to themselves or others and suffer from serious mental illness or substance use disorder, or who are living on the streets and

cannot care for themselves, through assisted outpatient treatment or by moving them into treatment centers or other appropriate facilities via civil commitment or other available means, to the maximum extent permitted by law; or

(v) substantially implement and comply with, to the extent required, the registration and notification obligations of the Sex Offender Registry and Notification Act, particularly in the case of registered sex offenders with no fixed address, including by adequately mapping and checking the location of homeless sex offenders.

(b) The Attorney General shall:

(i) ensure that homeless individuals arrested for Federal crimes are evaluated, consistent with 18 U.S.C. 4248, to determine whether they are sexually dangerous persons and certified accordingly for civil commitment;

(ii) take all necessary steps to ensure the availability of funds under the Emergency Federal Law Enforcement Assistance program to support, as consistent with 34 U.S.C. 50101 *et seq.*, encampment removal efforts in areas for which public safety is at risk and State and local resources are inadequate;

(iii) assess Federal resources to determine whether they may be directed toward ensuring, to the extent permitted by law, that detainees with serious mental illness are not released into the public because of a lack of forensic bed capacity at appropriate local, State, and Federal jails or hospitals; and

(iv) enhance requirements that prisons and residential reentry centers that are under the authority of the Attorney General or receive funding from the Attorney General require in-custody housing release plans and, to the maximum extent practicable, require individuals to comply.

**Sec. 4. Redirecting Federal Resources Toward Effective Methods of Addressing Homelessness.** (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall take appropriate action to:

(i) ensure that discretionary grants issued by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration for substance use disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery fund evidence-based programs and do not fund programs that fail to achieve adequate outcomes, including so-called “harm reduction” or “safe consumption” efforts that only facilitate illegal drug use and its attendant harm;

(ii) provide technical assistance to assisted outpatient treatment programs for individuals with serious mental illness or addiction during and after the civil commitment process focused on shifting such individuals off of the streets and public programs and into private housing and support networks; and

(iii) ensure that Federal funds for Federally Qualified Health Centers and Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinics reduce rather than promote homelessness by supporting, to the maximum extent permitted by law, comprehensive services for individuals with serious mental illness and substance use disorder, including crisis intervention services.

(b) The Attorney General shall prioritize available funding to support the expansion of drug courts and mental health courts for individuals for which such diversion serves public safety.

**Sec. 5. Increasing Accountability and Safety in America’s Homelessness Programs.** (a) The Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall take appropriate actions to increase accountability in their provision of, and grants awarded for, homelessness assistance and transitional living programs. These actions shall include, to the extent permitted by law, ending support for “housing first” policies that deprioritize accountability and fail to promote treatment, recovery, and self-sufficiency; increasing competition among grantees through broadening the applicant pool; and holding grantees to higher standards of effectiveness in reducing homelessness and increasing public safety.

(b) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall, as appropriate, take steps to require recipients of Federal housing and homelessness assistance to increase requirements that persons participating in the recipients' programs who suffer from substance use disorder or serious mental illness use substance abuse treatment or mental health services as a condition of participation.

(c) With respect to recipients of Federal housing and homelessness assistance that operate drug injection sites or "safe consumption sites," knowingly distribute drug paraphernalia, or permit the use or distribution of illicit drugs on property under their control:

(i) the Attorney General shall review whether such recipients are in violation of Federal law, including 21 U.S.C. 856, and bring civil or criminal actions in appropriate cases; and

(ii) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall review whether such recipients are in violation of the terms of the programs pursuant to which they receive Federal housing and homelessness assistance and freeze their assistance as appropriate.

(d) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall take appropriate measures and revise regulations as necessary to allow, where permissible under applicable law, federally funded programs to exclusively house women and children and to stop sex offenders who receive homelessness assistance through such programs from being housed with unrelated children.

(e) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall, as appropriate and to the extent permitted by law:

(i) allow or require the recipients of Federal funding for homelessness assistance to collect health-related information that the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development identifies as necessary to the effective and efficient operation of the funding program from all persons to whom such assistance is provided; and

(ii) require those funding recipients to share such data with law enforcement authorities in circumstances permitted by law and to use the collected health data to provide appropriate medical care to individuals with mental health diagnoses or to connect individuals to public health resources.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

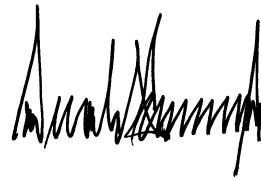
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 24, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-14391  
Filed 7-28-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4210-67-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14320 of July 23, 2025

### Promoting the Export of the American AI Technology Stack

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Artificial intelligence (AI) is a foundational technology that will define the future of economic growth, national security, and global competitiveness for decades to come. The United States must not only lead in developing general-purpose and frontier AI capabilities, but also ensure that American AI technologies, standards, and governance models are adopted worldwide to strengthen relationships with our allies and secure our continued technological dominance. This order establishes a coordinated national effort to support the American AI industry by promoting the export of full-stack American AI technology packages.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to preserve and extend American leadership in AI and decrease international dependence on AI technologies developed by our adversaries by supporting the global deployment of United States-origin AI technologies.

**Sec. 3. Establishment of the American AI Exports Program.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP), establish and implement the American AI Exports Program (Program) to support the development and deployment of United States full-stack AI export packages.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce shall issue a public call for proposals from industry-led consortia for inclusion in the Program. The public call shall require that each proposal must:

(i) include a full-stack AI technology package, which encompasses:

(A) AI-optimized computer hardware (e.g., chips, servers, and accelerators), data center storage, cloud services, and networking, as well as a description of whether and to what extent such items are manufactured in the United States;

(B) data pipelines and labeling systems;

(C) AI models and systems;

(D) measures to ensure the security and cybersecurity of AI models and systems; and

(E) AI applications for specific use cases (e.g., software engineering, education, healthcare, agriculture, or transportation);

(ii) identify specific target countries or regional blocs for export engagement;

(iii) describe a business and operational model to explain, at a high level, which entities will build, own, and operate data centers and associated infrastructure;

(iv) detail requested Federal incentives and support mechanisms; and

(v) comply with all relevant United States export control regimes, outbound investment regulations, and end-user policies, including chapter 58 of title 50, United States Code, and relevant guidance from the Bureau of Industry and Security within the Department of Commerce.

(c) The Department of Commerce shall require proposals to be submitted no later than 90 days after the public call for proposals is issued, and shall consider proposals on a rolling basis for inclusion in the Program.

(d) The Secretary of Commerce shall, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Director of OSTP, evaluate submitted proposals for inclusion under the Program. Proposals selected by the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Director of OSTP, will be designated as priority AI export packages and will be supported through priority access to the tools identified in section 4 of this order, as consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 4. Mobilization of Federal Financing Tools.** (a) The Economic Diplomacy Action Group (EDAG), established in the Presidential Memorandum of June 21, 2024, chaired by the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, and as described in section 708 of the Championing American Business Through Diplomacy Act of 2019 (Title VII of Division J of Public Law 116–94) (CABDA), shall coordinate mobilization of Federal financing tools in support of priority AI export packages.

(b) I delegate to the Administrator of the Small Business Administration and the Director of OSTP the authority under section 708(c)(3) of CABDA to appoint senior officials from their respective executive departments and agencies to serve as members of the EDAG.

(c) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the EDAG, shall be responsible for:

(i) developing and executing a unified Federal Government strategy to promote the export of American AI technologies and standards;

(ii) aligning technical, financial, and diplomatic resources to accelerate deployment of priority AI export packages under the Program;

(iii) coordinating United States participation in multilateral initiatives and country-specific partnerships for AI deployment and export promotion;

(iv) supporting partner countries in fostering pro-innovation regulatory, data, and infrastructure environments conducive to the deployment of American AI systems;

(v) analyzing market access, including technical barriers to trade and regulatory measures that may impede the competitiveness of United States offerings; and

(vi) coordinating with the Small Business Administration's Office of Investment and Innovation to facilitate, to the extent permitted under applicable law, investment in United States small businesses to the development of American AI technologies and the manufacture of AI infrastructure, hardware, and systems.

(d) Members of the EDAG shall deploy, to the maximum extent permitted by law, available Federal tools to support the priority export packages selected for participation in the Program, including direct loans and loan guarantees (12 U.S.C.635); equity investments, co-financing, political risk insurance, and credit guarantees (22 U.S.C.9621); and technical assistance and feasibility studies (22 U.S.C. 2421(b)).

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof, or

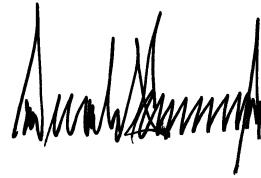
(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Commerce.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-14218]

Filed 7-25-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3510-DT-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14319 of July 23, 2025

### Preventing Woke AI in the Federal Government

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Artificial intelligence (AI) will play a critical role in how Americans of all ages learn new skills, consume information, and navigate their daily lives. Americans will require reliable outputs from AI, but when ideological biases or social agendas are built into AI models, they can distort the quality and accuracy of the output.

One of the most pervasive and destructive of these ideologies is so-called “diversity, equity, and inclusion” (DEI). In the AI context, DEI includes the suppression or distortion of factual information about race or sex; manipulation of racial or sexual representation in model outputs; incorporation of concepts like critical race theory, transgenderism, unconscious bias, intersectionality, and systemic racism; and discrimination on the basis of race or sex. DEI displaces the commitment to truth in favor of preferred outcomes and, as recent history illustrates, poses an existential threat to reliable AI.

For example, one major AI model changed the race or sex of historical figures—including the Pope, the Founding Fathers, and Vikings—when prompted for images because it was trained to prioritize DEI requirements at the cost of accuracy. Another AI model refused to produce images celebrating the achievements of white people, even while complying with the same request for people of other races. In yet another case, an AI model asserted that a user should not “misgender” another person even if necessary to stop a nuclear apocalypse.

While the Federal Government should be hesitant to regulate the functionality of AI models in the private marketplace, in the context of Federal procurement, it has the obligation not to procure models that sacrifice truthfulness and accuracy to ideological agendas. Building on Executive Order 13960 of December 3, 2020 (Promoting the Use of Trustworthy Artificial Intelligence in the Federal Government), this order helps fulfill that obligation in the context of large language models.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

(a) The term “agency” means an executive department, a military department, or any independent establishment within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 101, 102, and 104(1), respectively, and any wholly owned Government corporation within the meaning of 31 U.S.C. 9101.

(b) The term “agency head” means the highest-ranking official or officials of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, Director, Commissioners, or Board of Directors.

(c) The term “LLM” means a large language model, which is a generative AI model trained on vast, diverse datasets that enable the model to generate natural-language responses to user prompts.

(d) The term “national security system” has the same meaning as in 44 U.S.C. 3552(b)(6).

**Sec. 3. Unbiased AI Principles.** It is the policy of the United States to promote the innovation and use of trustworthy AI. To advance that policy, agency heads shall, consistent with applicable law and in consideration

of guidance issued pursuant to section 4 of this order, procure only those LLMs developed in accordance with the following two principles (Unbiased AI Principles):

(a) **Truth-seeking.** LLMs shall be truthful in responding to user prompts seeking factual information or analysis. LLMs shall prioritize historical accuracy, scientific inquiry, and objectivity, and shall acknowledge uncertainty where reliable information is incomplete or contradictory.

(b) **Ideological Neutrality.** LLMs shall be neutral, nonpartisan tools that do not manipulate responses in favor of ideological dogmas such as DEI. Developers shall not intentionally encode partisan or ideological judgments into an LLM's outputs unless those judgments are prompted by or otherwise readily accessible to the end user.

**Sec. 4. Implementation.** (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), in consultation with the Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy, the Administrator of General Services, and the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall issue guidance to agencies to implement section 3 of this order. That guidance shall:

- (i) account for technical limitations in complying with this order;
- (ii) permit vendors to comply with the requirement in the second Unbiased AI Principle to be transparent about ideological judgments through disclosure of the LLM's system prompt, specifications, evaluations, or other relevant documentation, and avoid requiring disclosure of specific model weights or other sensitive technical data where practicable;
- (iii) avoid over-prescription and afford latitude for vendors to comply with the Unbiased AI Principles and take different approaches to innovation;
- (iv) specify factors for agency heads to consider in determining whether to apply the Unbiased AI Principles to LLMs developed by the agencies and to AI models other than LLMs; and
- (v) make exceptions as appropriate for the use of LLMs in national security systems.

(b) Each agency head shall, to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law:

- (i) include in each Federal contract for an LLM entered into following the date of the OMB guidance issued under subsection (a) of this section terms requiring that the procured LLM comply with the Unbiased AI Principles and providing that decommissioning costs shall be charged to the vendor in the event of termination by the agency for the vendor's noncompliance with the contract following a reasonable period to cure;
- (ii) to the extent practicable and consistent with contract terms, revise existing contracts for LLMs to include the terms specified in subsection (b)(i) of this section; and
- (iii) within 90 days of the OMB guidance issued under subsection (a) of this section, adopt procedures to ensure that LLMs procured by the agency comply with the Unbiased AI Principles.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

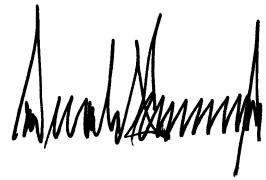
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the General Services Administration.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-14217  
Filed 7-25-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 6820-61-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14318 of July 23, 2025**

## Accelerating Federal Permitting of Data Center Infrastructure

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** My Administration has inaugurated a golden age for American manufacturing and technological dominance. We will pursue bold, large-scale industrial plans to vault the United States further into the lead on critical manufacturing processes and technologies that are essential to national security, economic prosperity, and scientific leadership. These plans include artificial intelligence (AI) data centers and infrastructure that powers them, including high-voltage transmission lines and other equipment. It will be a priority of my Administration to facilitate the rapid and efficient buildout of this infrastructure by easing Federal regulatory burdens.

In addition, my Administration will utilize federally owned land and resources for the expeditious and orderly development of data centers. This usage will be done in a manner consistent with the land's intended purpose—to be used in service of the prosperity and security of the American people.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

(a) “Data Center Project” means a facility that requires greater than 100 megawatts (MW) of new load dedicated to AI inference, training, simulation, or synthetic data generation.

(b) “Covered Components” means materials, products, and infrastructure that are required to build Data Center Projects or otherwise upon which Data Center Projects depend, including:

(i) energy infrastructure, such as transmission lines, natural gas pipelines or laterals, substations, switchyards, transformers, switchgear, and system protective facilities;

(ii) natural gas turbines, coal power equipment, nuclear power equipment, geothermal power equipment, and any other dispatchable baseload energy sources, including electrical infrastructure (including backup power supply) constructed or otherwise used principally to serve a Data Center Project;

(iii) semiconductors and semiconductor materials, such as wafers, dies, and packaged integrated circuits;

(iv) networking equipment, such as switches and routers; and

(v) data storage, such as hardware storage systems, software for data management and protection, and integrated services that work with public cloud providers.

(c) “Covered Component Project” means infrastructure comprising Covered Components, or a facility with the primary purposes of manufacturing or otherwise producing Covered Components.

(d) “Qualifying Project” means:

(i) a Data Center Project or Covered Component Project for which the Project Sponsor has committed at least \$500 million in capital expenditures as determined by the Secretary of Commerce;

(ii) a Data Center Project or Covered Component Project involving an incremental electric load addition of greater than 100 MW;

(iii) a Data Center Project or Covered Component Project that protects national security; or

(iv) a Data Center Project or Covered Component Project that has otherwise been designated by the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce, or the Secretary of Energy as a “Qualifying Project”.

(e) “Project Sponsor” means the lead sponsor providing financial and other support for a Data Center Project or Covered Component Project, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce, or the Secretary of Energy, as appropriate.

(f) “Superfund Site” means any site where action is being taken pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 9604, 9606, or 9620.

(g) “Brownfield Site” means a site as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601(39).

**Sec. 3. Encouraging Qualifying Projects.** The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) and other relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies), shall launch an initiative to provide financial support for Qualifying Projects, which could include loans and loan guarantees, grants, tax incentives, and offtake agreements. All relevant agencies shall identify and submit to the Director of OSTP any such relevant existing financial support that can be used to assist Qualifying Projects, consistent with the protection of national security.

**Sec. 4. Revocation of Executive Order 14141.** Executive Order 14141 of January 14, 2025 (Advancing United States Leadership in Artificial Intelligence Infrastructure), is hereby revoked.

**Sec. 5. Efficient Environmental Reviews.** (a) Within 10 days of the date of this order, each relevant agency shall identify to the Council on Environmental Quality any categorical exclusions already established or adopted by such agency pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), reliance on and adoption of which by agencies (pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 4336 and 4336c) could facilitate the construction of Qualifying Projects.

(b) The Council on Environmental Quality shall coordinate with relevant agencies on the establishment of new categorical exclusions to cover actions related to Qualifying Projects that normally do not have a significant effect on the human environment. Agencies shall, for purposes of establishing these categorical exclusions, rely on any sufficient basis to do so as each such agency determines.

(c) Consistent with 42 U.S.C. 4336e(10)(B)(iii), loans, loan guarantees, grants, tax incentives, or other forms of Federal financial assistance for which an agency lacks substantial project-specific control and responsibility over the subsequent use of such financial assistance shall not be considered a “major Federal action” under NEPA. For purposes of this order, Federal financial assistance representing less than 50 percent of total project costs shall be presumed not to constitute substantial Federal control and responsibility.

**Sec. 6. Efficiency and Transparency Through FAST-41.** (a) The Executive Director (Executive Director) of the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council (FPISC) may, within 30 days of the date that a project is identified to FPISC by a relevant agency, designate a Qualifying Project as a transparency project pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 4370m-2(b)(2)(A)(iii) and section 41003 of the Fixing America’s Surface Transportation Act (Public Law 114-94, 129 Stat. 1312, 1747) (FAST-41). Within 30 days of receiving such agency notification, the Executive Director may publish Qualifying Projects on the Permitting Dashboard established under section 41003(b) of FAST-41, including schedules for expedited review.

(b) In consultation with Project Sponsors, the Executive Director shall expedite the transition of eligible Qualifying Projects from transparency projects to FAST-41 “covered projects” as defined by 42 U.S.C. 4370m(6)(A). To the extent that a Qualifying Project does not meet the criteria set forth

in 42 U.S.C. 4370m(6)(A)(i) or (iii), FPISC may consider all other available options to designate the project a covered project under 42 U.S.C. 4370m(6)(A)(iv).

**Sec. 7. Streamlining of Permitting Review.** (a) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall assist in expediting permitting on Federal and non-Federal lands by developing or modifying regulations promulgated under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*); the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*); the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (42 U.S.C. 9601 *et seq.*); the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 *et seq.*); and other relevant applicable laws, in each case, that impact the development of Qualifying Projects.

(b) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall, consistent with the Environmental Protection Agency's statutory authorities, expeditiously identify Brownfield Sites and Superfund Sites for use by Qualifying Projects. As part of this effort, within 180 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall develop guidance to help expedite environmental reviews for qualified reuse and assist State governments and private parties to return such Brownfield Sites and Superfund Sites to productive use as expeditiously as possible.

**Sec. 8. Biological and Water Permitting Efficiencies.** (a) Upon identification of sites by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Energy as described in section 9 of this order, the action agency, as identified through the process described in the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531–1544) (ESA), shall initiate consultation under section 7 of the ESA with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce, or both with respect to common construction activities for Qualifying Projects that will occur over the next 10 years at a programmatic level. The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce shall utilize programmatic consultation to ensure timely and efficient completion of such consultation.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, shall review the nationwide permits issued under section 404 of the Clean Water Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1344) and section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Appropriation Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403) to determine whether an activity-specific nationwide permit is needed to facilitate the efficient permitting of activities related to Qualifying Projects.

**Sec. 9. Federal Lands Availability.** (a) The Department of the Interior and the Department of Energy shall, after consultation with industry and further in consultation with the Department of Commerce as to the Project Sponsors to which relevant authorizations shall be granted, offer appropriate authorizations for sites identified by the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Energy, as applicable and appropriate for the relevant uses, consistent with 42 U.S.C. 2201, 42 U.S.C. 7256, 43 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*, and all other applicable law.

(b) The Secretary of Defense shall, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2667 or other applicable law and as and when the Secretary of Defense deems it necessary or desirable, identify suitable sites on military installations for Covered Component infrastructure uses and competitively lease available lands for Qualifying Projects to support the Department of Defense's energy, workforce, and mission needs, subject to security and force protection considerations.

**Sec. 10. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

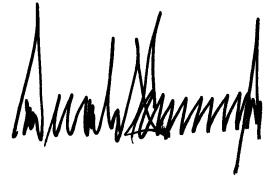
(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Energy.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-14212

Filed 7-25-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 6450-01-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14317 of July 17, 2025

### Creating Schedule G in the Excepted Service

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including sections 3301, 3302, and 7511 of title 5, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The Congress has recognized that effective Government administration requires excepting some positions from the competitive service based on their confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character. Existing excepted service schedules make partial use of this authority. Schedule C of the excepted service authorizes appointments to noncareer excepted service positions of a confidential or policy-determining character. Schedule Policy/Career of the excepted service authorizes appointments to career positions of a confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character.

There is, however, no excepted service schedule for noncareer positions of a policy-making or policy-advocating character. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3302(1), conditions of good administration, including eliminating this gap in excepted service schedules and improving the operations of the Department of Veterans Affairs, make necessary creating a new Schedule G in the excepted service for noncareer positions of a policy-making or policy-advocating character.

**Sec. 2. Definition.** The phrase “normally subject to change as a result of a Presidential transition” refers to positions whose occupants are, as a matter of practice, expected to resign upon a Presidential transition and includes all positions whose appointment requires the assent of the White House Office of Presidential Personnel.

**Sec. 3. Excepted Service.** Appointments of individuals to positions of a policy-making or policy-advocating character normally subject to change as a result of a Presidential transition shall be made under Schedule G of the excepted service, as established by section 4 of this order.

**Sec. 4. Schedule G.** Civil Service Rule VI is amended as follows:

(a) 5 CFR 6.2 is amended to read:

“OPM shall list positions that it excepts from the competitive service in Schedules A, B, C, D, E, Policy/Career, and G, which schedules shall constitute parts of this rule, as follows:

Schedule A. Positions other than those of a confidential or policy-determining character for which it is not practicable to examine shall be listed in Schedule A.

Schedule B. Positions other than those of a confidential or policy-determining character for which it is not practicable to hold a competitive examination shall be listed in Schedule B. Appointments to these positions shall be subject to such noncompetitive examination as may be prescribed by OPM.

Schedule C. Positions of a confidential or policy-determining character normally subject to change as a result of a Presidential transition shall be listed in Schedule C.

Schedule D. Positions other than those of a confidential or policy-determining character for which the competitive service requirements make impracticable the adequate recruitment of sufficient numbers of students attending qualifying educational institutions or individuals who have recently completed

qualifying educational programs. These positions, which are temporarily placed in the excepted service to enable more effective recruitment from all segments of society by using means of recruiting and assessing candidates that diverge from the rules generally applicable to the competitive service, shall be listed in Schedule D.

Schedule E. Positions of administrative law judge appointed under 5 U.S.C. 3105 shall be listed in Schedule E. Conditions of good administration warrant that the position of administrative law judge be placed in the excepted service and that appointment to this position not be subject to the requirements of 5 CFR, part 302, including examination and rating requirements, though each agency shall follow the principle of veteran preference as far as administratively feasible.

Schedule Policy/Career. Career positions of a confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character not normally subject to change as a result of a Presidential transition shall be listed in Schedule Policy/Career. In appointing an individual to a position in Schedule Policy/Career, each agency shall follow the principle of veteran preference as far as administratively feasible.

Schedule G. Positions of a policy-making or policy-advocating character normally subject to change as a result of a Presidential transition shall be listed in Schedule G.”

(b) 5 CFR 6.4 is amended to read:

“Except as required by statute, the Civil Service Rules and Regulations shall not apply to removals from positions listed in Schedules A, C, D, E, Policy/Career, or G, or from positions excepted from the competitive service by statute. The Civil Service Rules and Regulations shall apply to removals from positions listed in Schedule B of persons who have competitive status.”

**Sec. 5. Implementation.** (a) The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall adopt such regulations as the Director determines may be necessary to implement this order, giving particular attention to appropriate amendments to 5 CFR, part 213.

(b) In making appointments to positions in Schedule G of the excepted service, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs:

- (i) shall consider whether prospective appointees would be suitable exponents of the President’s policies; and
- (ii) shall not take into account prospective appointees’ political affiliation or political activity.

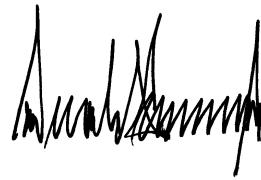
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Office of Personnel Management.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 17, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-13925  
Filed 7-22-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 6325-38-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14316 of July 7, 2025

### Extending the Modification of the Reciprocal Tariff Rates

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I found that conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and economy of the United States that has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States. I declared a national emergency with respect to that threat, and to deal with that threat I imposed additional *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate.

Section 4(c) of Executive Order 14257 provides that, “[s]hould any trading partner take significant steps to remedy non-reciprocal trade arrangements and align sufficiently with the United States on economic and national security matters, I may further modify the [Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States] to decrease or limit in scope the duties imposed under this order.”

In Executive Order 14266 of April 9, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Trading Partner Retaliation and Alignment), I determined that it was necessary and appropriate to temporarily suspend, for a period of 90 days, application of the additional *ad valorem* rate of duties for products of the foreign trading partners listed in Annex I to Executive Order 14257, except with respect to the People’s Republic of China (PRC), and to instead impose on articles of all such trading partners an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent, subject to the terms of Executive Order 14257, as amended. I made this determination in light of the “sincere intentions” and willingness of these trading partners to address the national and economic security concerns of the United States. This 90-day suspension expires at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 9, 2025.

I have determined, based on additional information and recommendations from various senior officials, including information on the status of discussions with trading partners, that it is necessary and appropriate to extend the suspension effectuated by Executive Order 14266 until 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 1, 2025. With respect to the PRC, the separate tariff suspension effectuated by Executive Order 14298 of May 12, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Discussions With the People’s Republic of China), remains in effect and is unaltered by this order.

**Sec. 2. Tariff Modifications.** The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) shall be modified, effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 9, 2025, by suspending headings 9903.01.43 through 9903.01.62 and 9903.01.64 through 9903.01.76, and subdivisions (v)(xiii)(1)–(9) and (11)–(57) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS, until 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on August 1, 2025.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, as applicable, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Chair of the International Trade Commission, are directed and authorized to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order, consistent with applicable law, including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or notices in the *Federal Register* and by adopting rules, regulations, or guidance, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement this order. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Office of the United States Trade Representative.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
July 7, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14315 of July 7, 2025**

## **Ending Market Distorting Subsidies for Unreliable, Foreign-Controlled Energy Sources**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** For too long, the Federal Government has forced American taxpayers to subsidize expensive and unreliable energy sources like wind and solar. The proliferation of these projects displaces affordable, reliable, dispatchable domestic energy sources, compromises our electric grid, and denigrates the beauty of our Nation's natural landscape. Moreover, reliance on so-called "green" subsidies threatens national security by making the United States dependent on supply chains controlled by foreign adversaries. Ending the massive cost of taxpayer handouts to unreliable energy sources is vital to energy dominance, national security, economic growth, and the fiscal health of the Nation.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to:

- (a) rapidly eliminate the market distortions and costs imposed on taxpayers by so-called "green" energy subsidies;
- (b) build upon and strengthen the repeal of, and modifications to, wind, solar, and other "green" energy tax credits in the One Big Beautiful Bill Act; and
- (c) end taxpayer support for unaffordable and unreliable "green" energy sources and supply chains built in, and controlled by, foreign adversaries.

**Sec. 3. Tax Credits and One Big Beautiful Bill Act Implementation by the Department of the Treasury.** (a) Within 45 days following enactment of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall take all action as the Secretary of the Treasury deems necessary and appropriate to strictly enforce the termination of the clean electricity production and investment tax credits under sections 45Y and 48E of the Internal Revenue Code for wind and solar facilities. This includes issuing new and revised guidance as the Secretary of the Treasury deems appropriate and consistent with applicable law to ensure that policies concerning the "beginning of construction" are not circumvented, including by preventing the artificial acceleration or manipulation of eligibility and by restricting the use of broad safe harbors unless a substantial portion of a subject facility has been built.

(b) Within 45 days following enactment of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall take prompt action as the Secretary of the Treasury deems appropriate and consistent with applicable law to implement the enhanced Foreign Entity of Concern restrictions in the One Big Beautiful Bill Act.

**Sec. 4. One Big Beautiful Bill Act Implementation by the Department of the Interior.** (a) Within 45 days following enactment of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall conduct a review of regulations, guidance, policies, and practices under the Department of the Interior's jurisdiction to determine whether any provide preferential treatment to wind and solar facilities in comparison to dispatchable energy sources. The Secretary of the Interior shall then revise any identified regulations, guidance, policies, and practices as appropriate and consistent with applicable law to eliminate any such preferences for wind and solar facilities.

**Sec. 5.** *Reports.* Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of the Interior shall submit a report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the findings made under, and actions taken and planned to be taken to implement, this order.

**Sec. 6.** *General Provisions.* (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

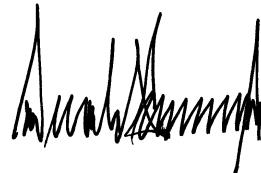
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of the Treasury.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 7, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-12961]

Filed 7-9-25; 11:15 am]

Billing code 4810-25-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14314 of July 3, 2025

#### Making America Beautiful Again by Improving Our National Parks

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** From the awe-inspiring Grand Canyon to the tranquility of the Great Smoky Mountains, America's national parks have provided generations of American families with unforgettable memories. It is the policy of my Administration to preserve these opportunities for American families in future generations by increasing entry fees for foreign tourists, improving affordability for United States residents, and expanding opportunities to enjoy America's splendid national treasures.

**Sec. 2. Making America Beautiful Again by Improving Our National Parks.** (a) The Secretary of the Interior shall develop a strategy to increase revenue and improve the recreational experience at national parks by appropriately increasing entrance fees and recreation pass fees for nonresidents in areas of the National Park System that charge entrance fees or recreation pass fees as defined in 16 U.S.C. 6801. Additionally, to the extent consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of the Interior, working with the Secretary of Agriculture as appropriate, shall take steps to increase the prices at which the America the Beautiful Pass—the National Parks and Federal Recreational Lands Pass—and any site-specific agency or regional multi-entity passes are sold to nonresidents.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior shall use any increased fee revenue generated pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to improve the infrastructure of, or otherwise enhance enjoyment of or access to, America's Federal recreational areas, consistent with 16 U.S.C. 6807.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior, working with the Secretary of Agriculture as appropriate, shall take steps to improve services and affordability for United States residents visiting national parks, as consistent with applicable law.

(d) The Secretary of the Interior, working with the Secretary of State, shall work to encourage international tourism to America's national parks and outdoor recreation areas, and especially wider utilization of America's many such areas that may be underutilized.

(e) The Secretary of the Interior shall review the maintenance backlog within the National Park Service and take all appropriate action to fully implement the National Parks and Public Land Legacy Restoration Fund established in the Great American Outdoors Act (Public Law 116–152), invest in the infrastructure of national parks, and increase visitor capacity to allow more Americans to visit national parks.

(f) The Secretary of the Interior shall review all of the Department of the Interior's rules and policies related to public use of national parks and take actions consistent with applicable law to ensure that the National Park Service manages national parks consistent with the policy of this order. The Secretary of the Interior shall review all of the Department's recreational access rules and take steps to rescind any that unnecessarily restrict recreation in national parks. In conducting this review, the Secretary of the Interior shall especially scrutinize all recreational access rules or other restrictions promulgated or enacted during the prior administration. The Secretary of

the Interior shall take appropriate actions to grant American residents preferential treatment with respect to any remaining recreational access rules, including permitting or lottery rules, consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 3. Revocation.** The Presidential Memorandum of January 12, 2017 (Promoting Diversity and Inclusion in Our National Parks, National Forests, and Other Public Lands and Waters), is hereby revoked.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of the Interior.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 3, 2025.*

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14313 of July 3, 2025**

## **Establishing the President's Make America Beautiful Again Commission**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States is blessed with vast beautiful landscapes, abundant natural resources, and a rich heritage of discovery by travelers and outdoorsmen. America's national parks, forests, waterways, and public lands have inspired generations and kindled our Nation's spirit of exploration. To ensure that the next generation of Americans inherits this same sense of duty and adventure, my Administration will prioritize conserving our great American national parks and outdoor recreation areas.

Years of mismanagement, regulatory overreach, and neglect of routine maintenance require action. Land-use restrictions have stripped hunters, fishers, hikers, and outdoorsmen of access to public lands that belong to them. These bureaucratic restrictions have undermined outdoor traditions and threatened conservation funding. The National Park Service and the United States Forest Service face more than \$23 billion and \$10.8 billion in deferred maintenance, respectively, leaving roads, trails, and historic landmarks in disrepair. Despite these challenges, our Nation has proven that conservation and economic growth go hand in hand. Since the signing of the Great American Outdoors Act (Public Law 116–152), the outdoor recreation economy has grown to \$1.2 trillion in economic output, and, in 2023, comprised 3.1 percent of employees in the United States and supported 5 million jobs.

Through both innovation and commonsense policies, America can preserve its natural beauty and expand outdoor recreation opportunities for future generations. It is the policy of my Administration to prioritize responsible conservation, restore our lands and waters, and protect our Nation's outdoor heritage for the enjoyment of the American people.

**Sec. 2. General Policies.** All Federal land management agencies, as defined by 16 U.S.C. 6801(3), shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that their policies:

- (a) promote responsible stewardship of natural resources while driving economic growth;
- (b) expand access to public lands and waters for recreation, hunting, and fishing;
- (c) encourage responsible, voluntary conservation efforts;
- (d) cut bureaucratic delays that hinder effective environmental management; and
- (e) recover America's fish and wildlife populations through proactive, voluntary, on-the-ground collaborative conservation efforts.

**Sec. 3. Establishment and Composition of the President's Make America Beautiful Again Commission.** (a) There is hereby established the President's Make America Beautiful Again Commission (Commission), which shall be chaired by the Secretary of the Interior (Chair), with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy serving as Executive Director (Executive Director).

- (b) In addition to the Chair and the Executive Director, the Commission shall include the following officials or their designees:
- (i) the Secretary of Defense;
  - (ii) the Secretary of Agriculture;
  - (iii) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency;
  - (iv) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget;
  - (v) the Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers;
  - (vi) the Assistant to the President and Chief of Staff;
  - (vii) the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy;
  - (viii) the Chairman of the Council on Environmental Quality; and
  - (ix) other members of my Administration invited to participate, at the discretion of the Chair and the Executive Director.

**Sec. 4. Conserving Our National Treasures.** The Commission shall advise and assist the President regarding how best to responsibly conserve America's national treasures and natural resources, including by:

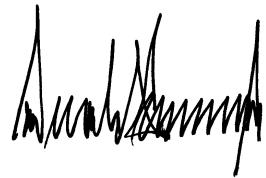
- (a) monitoring the implementation of this order and facilitating interagency coordination on conservation efforts;
- (b) providing to the President actionable recommendations for improving conservation efforts;
- (c) developing policies to recover fish and wildlife populations through collaboration rather than regulation, including policies involving coordination with State wildlife agencies;
- (d) recommending to the President solutions to expand access to clean drinking water and restore aquatic ecosystems to improve water quality and availability; and
- (e) developing policies to expand access to public lands, national parks, national forests, and wildlife refuges while promoting a wide range of outdoor recreation opportunities like hunting, fishing, hiking, biking, skiing, climbing, boating, off-roading, and wildlife viewing.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of the Interior.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. B. R.", is positioned here.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*July 3, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-12774  
Filed 7-8-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 4310-10-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14312 of June 30, 2025

### Providing for the Revocation of Syria Sanctions

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) (NEA), the Syria Accountability and Lebanese Sovereignty Restoration Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–175) (Syria Accountability Act), the Chemical and Biological Weapons Control and Warfare Elimination Act of 1991 (Public Law 102–182, title III) (CBW Act), the Caesar Syria Civilian Protection Act of 2019, as amended (22 U.S.C. 8791 note) (Caesar Act), the Illicit Captagon Trafficking Suppression Act of 2023 (Public Law 118–50, div. P), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** The United States is committed to supporting a Syria that is stable, unified, and at peace with itself and its neighbors. A united Syria that does not offer a safe haven for terrorist organizations and ensures the security of its religious and ethnic minorities will support regional security and prosperity. The Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury have taken initial steps towards this goal through the issuance on May 23, 2025, of General License 25 and a waiver of sanctions under the Caesar Act.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to recognize that circumstances that gave rise to the actions taken in the Executive Orders described in section 3(a) of this order, related to the policies and actions of the former regime of Bashar al-Assad, have been transformed by developments over the past 6 months, including the positive actions taken by the new Syrian government under President Ahmed al-Sharaa. This order supports United States national security and foreign policy goals by directing additional actions, including the removal of sanctions on Syria, the issuance of waivers that permit the relaxation of export controls and other restrictions on Syria, and other actions to be taken by the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of Commerce, as well as by other executive departments and agencies (agencies) of the United States, without providing relief to ISIS or other terrorist organizations, human rights abusers, those linked to chemical weapons or proliferation-related activities, or other persons that threaten the peace, security, or stability of the United States, Syria, and its neighbors.

**Sec. 3. Revocation of Syria Sanctions.** (a) Effective July 1, 2025, I hereby terminate the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13338 of May 11, 2004 (Blocking Property of Certain Persons and Prohibiting the Export of Certain Goods to Syria), and revoke that order, as well as Executive Order 13399 of April 25, 2006 (Blocking Property of Additional Persons in Connection With the National Emergency With Respect to Syria), Executive Order 13460 of February 13, 2008 (Blocking Property of Additional Persons in Connection With the National Emergency With Respect to Syria), Executive Order 13572 of April 29, 2011 (Blocking Property of Certain Persons with Respect to Human Rights Abuses in Syria), Executive Order 13573 of May 18, 2011 (Blocking Property of Senior Officials of the Government of Syria), and Executive Order 13582 of August 17, 2011 (Blocking Property of the Government of Syria and Prohibiting Certain Transactions with Respect to Syria).

(b) Pursuant to section 202(a) of the NEA (50 U.S.C. 1622(a)), termination of the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13338, as modified in scope and relied upon for additional steps taken in Executive Order 13399, Executive Order 13460, Executive Order 13572, Executive Order 13573, and Executive Order 13582 shall not affect any action taken or pending proceeding not finally concluded or determined as of July 1, 2025, any action or proceeding based on any act committed prior to July 1, 2025, or any rights or duties that matured or penalties that were incurred prior to July 1, 2025.

**Sec. 4. Accountability for the Former Regime of Bashar al-Assad.** I find that additional steps must be taken to ensure meaningful accountability for perpetrators of war crimes, human rights violations and abuses, and the proliferation of narcotics trafficking networks in and in relation to Syria during the former regime of Bashar al-Assad and by those associated with it. Perpetrators of such actions threaten to undermine peace, security, and stability in the region, and thereby constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States.

(a) I hereby expand the scope of the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13894 of October 14, 2019 (Blocking Property and Suspending Entry of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Syria), as amended in and relied on for additional steps taken in Executive Order 14142 of January 15, 2025 (Taking Additional Steps With Respect to the Situation in Syria), to deal with that threat, and accordingly further amend Executive Order 13894 by:

(i) striking section 1(a) and inserting, in lieu thereof, the following:

**“Section 1.** (a) All property and interests in property that are in the United States, that hereafter come within the United States, or that are or hereafter come within the possession or control of any United States person of the following persons are blocked and may not be transferred, paid, exported, withdrawn, or otherwise dealt in:

(i) any person determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State:

(A) to be responsible for or complicit in, or to have directly or indirectly engaged in, or attempted to engage in, any of the following in or in relation to Syria:

(1) actions or policies that further threaten the peace, security, stability, or territorial integrity of Syria; or

(2) the commission of serious human rights abuse;

(B) to be a former government official of the former regime of Bashar al-Assad or a person who acted for or on behalf of such an official;

(C) to have engaged in, or attempted to engage in, activities or transactions that have materially contributed to, or pose a significant risk of materially contributing to, the illicit production and international illicit proliferation of captagon;

(D) to be responsible for or complicit in, to have directly or indirectly engaged in, or to be responsible for ordering, controlling, or otherwise directing, instances in which a United States national ((i) as defined in 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22) or 8 U.S.C. 1408, or (ii) a lawful permanent resident with significant ties to the United States) went missing in Syria during the former regime of Bashar al-Assad;

(E) to have materially assisted, sponsored, or provided financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services to or in support of:

(1) the former regime of Bashar al-Assad;

(2) any activity described in subsections (a)(i)(A)–(a)(i)(D) of this section; or

(3) any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this order;

(F) to be owned or controlled by, or to have acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this order; or

(G) to be an adult family member of a person designated under subsections (a)(i)(A)–(a)(i)(D) of this section.”; and

(ii) striking section 2(a) and inserting, in lieu thereof, the following:

**“Sec. 2.** (a) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and other officials of the United States Government as appropriate, is hereby authorized to impose on a foreign person any of the sanctions described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, upon determining that the person, on or after the date of this order:

(i) is responsible for or complicit in, has directly or indirectly engaged in, or attempted to engage in, or financed the obstruction, disruption, or prevention of efforts to promote a Syria that is stable, unified, and at peace with itself and its neighbors, including:

(A) the convening and conduct of a credible and inclusive Syrian-led constitutional process;

(B) the preparation for and conduct of supervised elections, pursuant to the new constitution, that are free and fair and to the highest international standards of transparency and accountability; or

(C) the development of a Syrian government that is representative and reflects the will of the Syrian people;

(ii) is an adult family member of a person designated under subsection (a)(i) of this section; or

(iii) is responsible for or complicit in, or has directly or indirectly engaged in, or attempted to engage in, the expropriation of property, including real property, for personal gain or political purposes in Syria.”

(b) I additionally amend Executive Order 13606 of April 22, 2012 (Blocking the Property and Suspending Entry into the United States of Certain Persons With Respect to Grave Human Rights Abuses by the Governments of Iran and Syria Via Information Technology), by removing the following text from the preamble: “Executive Order 13338 of May 11, 2004, as modified in scope and relied upon for additional steps in subsequent Executive Orders” and replacing it with: “Executive Order 13894 of October 14, 2019, and relied upon for additional steps and further amended in subsequent Executive Orders.”

**Sec. 5. Caesar Act.** The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall examine whether the criteria set forth in section 7431(a) of the Caesar Act have been met, and on the basis of that examination may, pursuant to the Presidential Memorandum of March 31, 2020 (Delegation of Certain Functions and Authorities Under the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020), suspend in whole or in part the imposition of sanctions otherwise required under the Caesar Act. If the Secretary of State determines to suspend in whole or in part the imposition of such sanctions, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall provide the briefing to the appropriate congressional committees required by section 7431(b) of the Caesar Act within 30 days of such determination. Further, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall continue to review the situation in Syria, and if the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, determines that the criteria set forth in section 7431(a) are no longer met, the Secretary of State shall reimpose sanctions.

**Sec. 6. Syria Accountability Act.** I hereby determine pursuant to section 5(b) of the Syria Accountability Act that it is in the national security interest of the United States to waive the application of subsection (a)(1), with respect to items on the Commerce Control List (supp. No. 1 to 15 C.F.R. part 774) only, and subsection (a)(2)(A) of the Syria Accountability Act only. The Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees the report required under section 5(b) of that Act.

**Sec. 7. CBW Act.** (a) Pursuant to section 307(d)(1)(B) of the CBW Act, I hereby determine and certify that there has been a fundamental change

in the leadership and policies of the Government of the Syrian Arab Republic. Accordingly, I hereby waive the following sanctions imposed on Syria for the prior use of chemical weapons under the former regime of Bashar al-Assad:

- (i) the restriction on foreign assistance under section 307(a)(1) of the CBW Act;
- (ii) the restriction on United States Government credit, credit guarantees, or other financial assistance under section 307(a)(4) of the CBW Act;
- (iii) the restrictions on the export of national security-sensitive goods and technology under section 307(a)(5) of the CBW Act and on all other goods and technology under section 307(b)(2)(C) of the CBW Act; and
- (iv) the restriction on United States banks from making any loan or providing any credit to the Government of Syria under section 307(b)(2)(B) of the CBW Act.

(b) The Secretary of State shall transmit this waiver determination and report as required by sections 307(d)(1)(B) and (d)(2) of the CBW Act to the appropriate congressional committees. This waiver shall be effective 20 days after it has been so transmitted.

**Sec. 8. Counterterrorism Designations.** (a) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Attorney General, shall take all appropriate action with respect to the designation of al-Nusrah Front, also known as Hay'at Tahrir al-Sham and other aliases, as a Foreign Terrorist Organization under 8 U.S.C. 1189 and as a Specially Designated Global Terrorist under 50 U.S.C. 1702 and Executive Order 13224, as well as the designation of Abu Muhammad al-Jawlani, commonly known as Ahmed al-Sharaa, as a Specially Designated Global Terrorist.

(b) The Secretary of State shall take all appropriate action to review the designation of Syria as a State Sponsor of Terrorism consistent with section 1754(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 50 U.S.C. 4813(c)), section 40 of the Arms Export Control Act (Public Law 90–629, as amended; 22 U.S.C. 2780), and section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (Public Law 87–195, as amended; 22 U.S.C. 2371).

**Sec. 9. United Nations.** The Secretary of State shall take appropriate steps to advance United States policy objectives at the United Nations to support a Syria that is stable and at peace and to support Syrian efforts to counter terrorism and comply with its responsibilities and obligations concerning weapons of mass destruction, including chemical and biological weapons. The Secretary of State is further directed to explore avenues at the United Nations to provide sanctions relief in support of these objectives.

**Sec. 10. Implementation.** The Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of Commerce, as appropriate, are hereby authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, as may be necessary to implement this order. The Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of Commerce may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within their respective agencies. The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Transportation, as appropriate, is authorized to exercise the functions and authorities conferred upon the President in section 5 of the Syria Accountability Act and to redelegate these functions and authorities consistent with applicable law. All agencies of the United States shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order, consistent with applicable law.

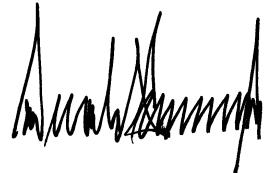
**Sec. 11. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of State.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*June 30, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-12506  
Filed 7-2-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 4710-10-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14311 of June 30, 2025**

## Establishing a White House Office for Special Peace Missions

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1.** *White House Office for Special Peace Missions.* In order to assist in bringing about the end of conflict and strife around the world, the Office for Special Peace Missions is hereby established within the White House Office. The Office for Special Peace Missions shall be headed by a Special Envoy for Peace Missions, who shall be appointed by the President. The Special Envoy for Peace Missions shall advance efforts aimed at ending ongoing conflicts abroad, and shall work towards these ends in coordination with the Department of State, the Department of Defense, and all other relevant executive departments and agencies.

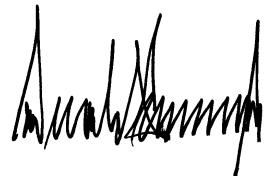
**Sec. 2. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
June 30, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14309 of June 16, 2025**

## **Implementing the General Terms of the United States of America-United Kingdom Economic Prosperity Deal**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862) (section 232), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** On May 8, 2025, United Kingdom Prime Minister Keir Starmer and I announced the General Terms for the United States of America and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland Economic Prosperity Deal (General Terms). The General Terms outline a historic trade deal that provides American companies unprecedented access to British markets while bolstering the national security and economy of the United States. The deal includes billions of dollars of increased market access for American exports, especially for beef, ethanol, and certain other American agricultural exports. In addition, the United Kingdom will reduce or eliminate numerous non-tariff barriers that unfairly discriminate against American products, hurt the United States' manufacturing base, and threaten the national security of the United States.

The General Terms provide, among other things, that the United States intends to create an annual quota of 100,000 vehicles for United Kingdom automotive imports at a 10 percent tariff rate. In the General Terms, the United Kingdom also committed to working to meet American requirements on the security of the supply chains of steel and aluminum products intended for export to the United States and on the nature of ownership of relevant production facilities. Provided the United Kingdom meets these requirements, the United States intends to promptly construct a quota at most-favored-nation rates for steel and aluminum articles and certain derivative steel and aluminum articles that are products of the United Kingdom in the context of implementing the General Terms.

Furthermore, in the General Terms, the United States and the United Kingdom committed to negotiate significantly preferential treatment outcomes on pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical ingredients that are products of the United Kingdom, contingent on the findings of an investigation regarding pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical ingredients under section 232, and provided that the United Kingdom complies with certain supply chain security standards. Finally, in the General Terms, the United States and the United Kingdom committed to adopt a structured, negotiated approach to addressing United States national security concerns regarding sectors that may be subject to future section 232 investigations. To that end, the United States and the United Kingdom further committed to strengthen aerospace and aircraft manufacturing supply chains by establishing tariff-free bilateral trade in certain aerospace products.

In my judgment, I determine that the following actions are consistent with the national interests of the United States and are necessary and appropriate to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States

Goods Trade Deficits), as amended, and to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security found in Proclamation 9704 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Aluminum Into the United States), as amended; Proclamation 9705 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Steel Into the United States), as amended; and Proclamation 9888 of May 17, 2019 (Adjusting Imports of Automobiles and Automobile Parts Into the United States), as amended.

**Sec. 2. Automobiles and Automobile Parts.** (a) I hereby establish an annual tariff-rate quota of 100,000 automobiles as classified in heading 8703 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) and as further specified in note 33(b) to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS for automobiles that are products of the United Kingdom. Imports of automobiles within the tariff-rate quota that would otherwise be subject to a 25 percent tariff under Proclamation 10908 of March 26, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Automobiles and Automobile Parts Into the United States), shall instead be subject to a 7.5 percent tariff, in addition to the most-favored-nation rate for automobiles of 2.5 percent, for a combined tariff of 10 percent. Imports of automobiles in excess of the tariff-rate quota shall remain subject to the full duties imposed by Proclamation 10908. The tariff-rate quota shall be adjusted for calendar year 2025 to reflect the General Terms' operative date of May 8, 2025. The quota shall be effective 7 days after the publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.

(b) Automotive parts specified in note 33(g) to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS that would otherwise be subject to a 25 percent tariff under Proclamation 10908 shall instead be subject to a total tariff of 10 percent (including any most-favored-nation tariffs), provided that they are products of the United Kingdom and are for use in automobiles that are products of the United Kingdom. This change shall be effective as of the date of the publication of the *Federal Register* notice described in subsection (c) of this section.

(c) Within 7 days of the date of publication of this order in the *Federal Register*, the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary), in consultation with the United States International Trade Commission (ITC) and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), shall publish a notice in the *Federal Register* modifying the HTSUS consistent with this section, if necessary.

(d) The Secretary may issue rules, regulations, guidance, and procedures to carry out the provisions of this section.

**Sec. 3. Aerospace.** (a) With respect to products of the United Kingdom that fall under the World Trade Organization Agreement on Trade in Civil Aircraft, the tariffs imposed through the following Presidential actions and subsequent amendments to those actions shall no longer apply, as of the date of publication of the *Federal Register* notice described in subsection (b) of this section:

- (i) Executive Order 14257, as amended;
- (ii) Proclamation 9704, as amended; and
- (iii) Proclamation 9705, as amended.

(b) Within 7 days of the date of publication of this order in the *Federal Register*, the Secretary, in consultation with ITC and CBP, shall publish a notice in the *Federal Register* modifying the HTSUS consistent with this section, if necessary.

(c) The Secretary may issue rules, regulations, guidance, and procedures to carry out the provisions of this section.

**Sec. 4. Aluminum and Steel Articles and Their Derivative Articles.** (a) At a future time that the Secretary, in consultation with the United States Trade Representative, deems appropriate, the Secretary shall design and establish a tariff-rate quota for aluminum articles and derivative aluminum articles that are products of the United Kingdom, consistent with the General Terms and the purpose of this order. Imports of aluminum articles or derivative aluminum articles that are products of the United Kingdom in excess

of the tariff-rate quota established by the Secretary shall remain subject to the duties set forth in Proclamation 9704, as amended.

(b) At a future time that the Secretary, in consultation with the United States Trade Representative, deems appropriate, the Secretary shall design and establish a tariff-rate quota for steel articles and derivative steel articles that are products of the United Kingdom, consistent with the General Terms and the purpose of this order. Imports of steel articles or derivative steel articles that are products of the United Kingdom in excess of the tariff-rate quota established by the Secretary shall remain subject to the duties set forth in Proclamation 9705, as amended.

(c) In determining when to establish, whether to establish, and the design of a tariff-rate quota for aluminum and steel articles and their derivatives, the Secretary shall act in a manner consistent with the national interests of the United States and the purpose of this order and shall consider factors he deems appropriate, such as actions taken by the United Kingdom to implement the General Terms and any final agreement entered by the United States and the United Kingdom subsequent to the General Terms; the need to deal with the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, as amended; and the need to reduce or eliminate the threats to national security found in Proclamation 9704, as amended, and Proclamation 9705, as amended.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

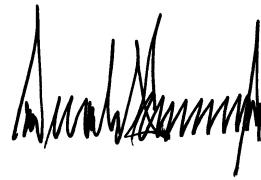
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Commerce.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*June 16, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-11473  
Filed 6-20-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3510-DT-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14308 of June 12, 2025

### **Empowering Commonsense Wildfire Prevention and Response**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The devastation of the January 2025 Los Angeles wildfires shocked the American people and highlighted the catastrophic consequences when State and local governments are unable to quickly respond to such disasters. In too many cases, including in California, a slow and inadequate response to wildfires is a direct result of reckless mismanagement and lack of preparedness. Wildfires threaten every region, yet many local government entities continue to disregard commonsense preventative measures. Fire-fighters across the country are forced to rely on outdated technology and face challenges in quickly responding to wildfires because of unnecessary regulation and bureaucracy.

The Federal Government can empower State and local leaders by streamlining Federal wildfire capabilities to improve their effectiveness and promoting commonsense, technology-enabled local strategies for land management and wildfire response and mitigation.

**Sec. 2. Streamlining Federal Wildland Fire Governance.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall, to the maximum degree practicable and consistent with applicable law, consolidate their wildland fire programs to achieve the most efficient and effective use of wildland fire offices, coordinating bodies, programs, budgets, procurement processes, and research and, as necessary, recommend additional measures to advance this objective.

**Sec. 3. Encouraging Local Wildfire Preparedness and Response.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall:

(i) expand and strengthen the use of partnerships, agreements, compacts, and mutual aid capabilities that empower Federal, State, local, tribal, and community-driven land management that reduces wildfire risk and improves wildfire response, including on public lands; and

(ii) develop and expand the use of other measures to incentivize responsible land management and wildfire prevention, mitigation, and response measures at the State and local levels.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and the heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) represented at the National Interagency Fire Center, shall:

(i) develop a comprehensive technology roadmap, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP), to increase wildfire firefighting capabilities at the State and local levels, including through artificial intelligence, data sharing, innovative modeling and mapping capabilities, and technology to identify wildland fire ignitions and weather forecasts to inform response and evacuation; and

(ii) promote the use of a risk-informed approach, as consistent with Executive Order 14239 of March 18, 2025 (Achieving Efficiency Through State and Local Preparedness), to develop new policies that remove barriers to preventing and responding to wildfires, including through year-round

response readiness, better forest health, and activities outlined in Executive Order 14225 of March 1, 2025 (Immediate Expansion of American Timber Production).

**Sec. 4. Strengthening Wildfire Mitigation.** Within 90 days of the date of this order:

(a) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall consider modifying or rescinding, as consistent with applicable law, Federal rules or policies that impede the use of appropriate, preventative prescribed fires.

(b) The Secretary of Agriculture and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall consider modifying or rescinding, as consistent with applicable law, Federal rules or policies hindering the appropriate use of fire retardant to fight wildfires.

(c) The Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall consider promoting, assisting, and facilitating, as consistent with applicable law, innovative uses of woody biomass and forest products to reduce fuel loads in areas at risk of wildfires.

(d) The Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Energy, and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall consider initiating rulemaking proceedings to establish, as consistent with applicable law, best practices to reduce the risk of wildfire ignition from the bulk-power system without increasing costs for electric-power end users, including through methods such as vegetation management, the removal of forest-hazardous fuels along transmission lines, improved engineering approaches, and safer operational practices.

(e) The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior, shall review pending and proposed wildfire-related litigation involving electrical utility companies to ensure the Department's positions and proposed resolutions in such matters advance the wildfire prevention and mitigation efforts identified in this order.

**Sec. 5. Modernizing Wildfire Prevention and Response.** (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of OSTP, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the heads of relevant agencies, shall, as appropriate, identify, declassify, and make publicly available historical satellite datasets that will advance wildfire prevention and response and improve wildfire prediction and evaluation models.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and the heads of agencies represented at the National Interagency Fire Center, shall:

(i) Identify rules that impede wildfire prevention, detection, or response and consider eliminating or revising those rules, as consistent with applicable law. This consideration and any resulting rulemaking proceedings shall be reflected in the Fall 2025 Unified Regulatory Agenda.

(ii) Develop performance metrics for wildfire response, including metrics related to average response times, annual fuels treatments, safety and cost effectiveness, and other subjects, as appropriate for inclusion in strategic and annual performance plans.

(c) Within 210 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall evaluate and, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, prioritize the sale of excess aircraft and aircraft parts to support wildfire mitigation and response.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.
- (d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior in equal shares.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*June 12, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-11358  
Filed 6-17-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3410-18-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14307 of June 6, 2025

### Unleashing American Drone Dominance

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Unmanned aircraft systems (UAS), otherwise known as drones, enhance United States productivity, create high-skilled jobs, and are reshaping the future of aviation. Drones are already transforming industries from logistics and infrastructure inspection to precision agriculture, emergency response, and public safety. Emerging technologies such as electric Vertical Takeoff and Landing (eVTOL) aircraft promise to modernize methods for cargo delivery, passenger transport, and other advanced air mobility capabilities.

The United States must accelerate the safe commercialization of drone technologies and fully integrate UAS into the National Airspace System. The time has come to accelerate testing and to enable routine drone operations, scale up domestic production, and expand the export of trusted, American-manufactured drone technologies to global markets. Building a strong and secure domestic drone sector is vital to reducing reliance on foreign sources, strengthening critical supply chains, and ensuring that the benefits of this technology are delivered to the American people.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) The term “agency” has the meaning given to the term in 44 U.S.C. 3502(1).

(b) The terms “unmanned aircraft system” and “drone” have the meaning given to the term “unmanned aircraft system” in 49 U.S.C. 44801(12).

**Sec. 3. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure continued American leadership in the development, commercialization, and export of UAS by:

(a) accelerating the safe integration of UAS into the National Airspace System through timely, risk-based rulemaking that enables routine advanced operations;

(b) advancing the domestic commercialization of UAS technologies at scale, including their safe and secure manufacturing, production, and integration, by supporting industry-led innovation, reducing regulatory uncertainty, and streamlining approvals and certification processes, including for consumer goods delivery and environmental reviews; and

(c) strengthening the domestic drone industrial base and promoting the export of trusted, American-manufactured UAS through updated economic policies and regulation, coordinated trade, financing, and foreign engagement tools.

**Sec. 4. Expanding Commercial Unmanned Aircraft Systems Operations.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), shall issue a proposed rule enabling routine Beyond Visual Line of Sight (BVLOS) operations for UAS for commercial and public safety purposes. A final rule shall be published within 240 days of the date of this order, as appropriate.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall establish clear metrics for assessing the performance and safety of BVLOS operations, and within

180 days of the date of this order, shall identify and describe additional regulatory barriers and challenges to BVLOS implementation, with recommendations to the President through the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) for addressing such issues expeditiously and informing future rulemaking or legislative actions.

(c) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall initiate the deployment of artificial intelligence (AI) tools to assist in and expedite the review of UAS waiver applications under 14 CFR part 107. These AI tools shall:

- (i) support performance- and risk-based evaluation of proposed operations;
- (ii) identify materially similar precedents and recommend consistent mitigation measures;
- (iii) assist the FAA in identifying categories of operations with sufficient safety data or recurring approval patterns that may warrant further rulemaking to eliminate the need for individualized waivers; and
- (iv) be used in accordance with guidance on Federal use of AI as detailed in Office of Management and Budget Memorandum M-25-21.

(d) The Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall immediately explore options to ensure that UAS flights beginning and ending in United States airspace, or United States-owned facilities in the high seas, can operate without being subject to the onerous requirements applicable to manned aircraft engaging in international navigation as referenced in the Convention on International Civil Aviation.

**Sec. 5. Furthering Unmanned Aircraft Systems Integration into the National Airspace System.** (a) Within 240 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall publish an updated roadmap for the integration of civil UAS into the National Airspace System.

(b) The Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall ensure all FAA UAS Test Ranges are fully utilized to support the development, testing, and scaling of American drone technologies, with a focus on BVLOS operations, increasingly autonomous operations, advanced air mobility, and other advanced operations. The Secretary shall prioritize the generation of safety and performance data at UAS Test Ranges to inform FAA rulemaking, identify regulatory gaps and operational challenges, and support the integration of emerging UAS capabilities into the National Airspace System.

**Sec. 6. Establishment of an Electric Vertical Takeoff and Landing Pilot Program.** (a) The Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, and in coordination with the Director of OSTP, shall establish the eVTOL Integration Pilot Program (eIPP) as an extension of the BEYOND program to accelerate the deployment of safe and lawful eVTOL operations in the United States.

(i) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall issue a public request for proposals to State, local, tribal, and territorial governments. Proposals must be submitted within 90 days of the request and include a private sector partner with demonstrated experience in eVTOL aircraft development, manufacturing, and operations.

(ii) Within 180 days of the request, the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall select at least five pilot projects that plan to begin eVTOL operations within 90 days after the date on which any agreement for a pilot project is established. Selection criteria shall include, at a minimum, the use of eVTOL aircraft and technologies developed or offered by a United States-based entity; overall representation of economic and geographic operations and proposed models of public-private partnership; and overall representation of the operations to be conducted, including advanced air mobility, medical response, cargo transport, and rural access.

(iii) The Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, shall execute agreements with selected applicants, outlining project goals, regulatory needs, timelines, information sharing and data exchange mechanisms, and responsibilities. The Secretary of Transportation shall use all available authorities to the fullest extent to support safe and timely operations under the eIPP.

(iv) Within 180 days after the selection of pilot program participants, the Secretary of Transportation shall submit an initial implementation report to the President through the Director of OSTP, summarizing early-stage planning, interagency coordination, and any immediate regulatory or legislative challenges identified. The Secretary of Transportation shall submit an annual report thereafter and, upon program completion, shall submit a final report to the President, through the Director of OSTP, that includes, at a minimum, an evaluation of program goals and outcomes; recommendations for the permanent integration of eVTOL operations into the national airspace; and any proposed future initiatives to maintain United States leadership in eVTOL flight.

(v) The eIPP shall conclude 3 years after the date the first pilot project becomes operational, unless the Secretary of Transportation determines that an extension is warranted in the national interest.

(vi) Before and after the conclusion of the eIPP, the Secretary of Transportation shall use the information and experience yielded by the eIPP to inform the development of regulations, initiatives, and plans to enable safe eVTOL operations, and shall, as appropriate, share information with the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the heads of other relevant agencies.

(vii) The Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Director of OSTP, may expand this pilot program to other advanced aviation aircraft as warranted.

**Sec. 7. Strengthening the American Drone Industrial Base.** (a) All agencies shall prioritize the integration of UAS manufactured in the United States over those made abroad to the maximum extent permitted by law.

(b) In order to protect the integrity of America's drone supply chain and ensure our technology remains secure from undue foreign influence and exploitation, within 30 days of the date of this order, the Federal Acquisition Security Council shall publish a Covered Foreign Entity List, as defined in section 1822(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31), identifying companies that pose supply chain risks.

(c) To ensure that vital components remain under American control and free from national security risks, within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall take actions, including proposing rulemaking and conducting investigations, to secure the United States drone supply chain against foreign control or exploitation.

**Sec. 8. Promoting the Export of American-Made Civil Unmanned Aircraft Systems.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary of Energy, shall review and, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, amend export control regulations within 90 days of the date of this order to enable the expedited export of United States-manufactured civil UAS to foreign partners, provided such end-users and recipient countries are not identified as foreign adversaries and the export does not pose a risk of diversion to programs of concern, or are otherwise restricted under applicable statutes or regulations.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce shall designate the export of United States-manufactured civil UAS as a priority area within the Department of Commerce's export promotion efforts and shall coordinate interagency initiatives to expand market access, reduce foreign trade barriers, and promote international interoperability.

(c) The Secretary of Defense, the President of the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, and the Director of the Trade and Development Agency shall, to the maximum extent permitted by law, prioritize and support the export of United States-manufactured civil UAS and related systems through the use of, as appropriate:

- (i) direct loans and loan guarantees;
- (ii) equity investments and co-financing;
- (iii) political risk insurance and credit guarantees;
- (iv) technical assistance, feasibility studies, and grant mechanisms;
- (v) market access facilitation; and
- (vi) any other incentive mechanisms authorized by law.

**Sec. 9. Delivering Drones to Our Warfighters.** (a) The Department of Defense must be able to procure, integrate, and train using low-cost, high-performing drones manufactured in the United States. The Secretary of Defense shall:

- (i) ensure all platforms on the Defense Innovation Unit's (DIU) Blue UAS List can, as soon as possible and to the fullest extent practicable, operate on all military installations or ranges without requiring an exception to policy;
- (ii) within 90 days of the date of this order, expand DIU's Blue UAS List to include all drones and critical drone components compliant with section 848 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 ("FY 2020 NDAA") (Public Law 116-92) to the fullest extent practicable;
- (iii) update the Blue UAS List on a monthly basis;
- (iv) ensure the procurement of drones compliant with section 848 of the FY 2020 NDAA and made by United States companies is prioritized over the procurement of drones made by all other companies to the maximum extent practicable and that exemptions and waivers to section 848 of the FY 2020 NDAA are used only when absolutely necessary to accomplish the mission; and
- (v) ensure that compliance with section 848 of the FY 2020 NDAA does not inhibit the rapid adoption of drone technology required to exceed the capabilities of our foreign adversaries.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall coordinate with the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA to streamline the approval processes to expand access to airspace for conducting UAS training. Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information, and the Federal Communications Commission, submit a report to the President through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs (APNSA) describing any unnecessary barriers to accessing electromagnetic spectrum for conducting UAS training.

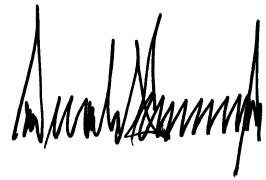
(c) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall task the Secretary of each military department to identify programs that would be more cost efficient or lethal if replaced by UAS and shall submit a report to the President through the APNSA.

**Sec. 10. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Transportation.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, is positioned here.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*June 6, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-10814  
Filed 6-10-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4910-9X-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14305 of June 6, 2025

### Restoring American Airspace Sovereignty

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Unmanned aircraft systems (UAS), otherwise known as drones, offer the potential to enhance public safety as well as cement America's leadership in global innovation. But criminals, terrorists, and hostile foreign actors have intensified their weaponization of these technologies, creating new and serious threats to our homeland. Drug cartels use UAS to smuggle fentanyl across our borders, deliver contraband into prisons, surveil law enforcement, and otherwise endanger the public. Mass gatherings are vulnerable to disruptions and threats by unauthorized UAS flights. Critical infrastructure, including military bases, is subject to frequent—and often unidentified—UAS incursions. Immediate action is needed to ensure American sovereignty over its skies and that its airspace remains safe and secure.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) the term "unmanned aircraft systems" or "UAS" has the meaning given in 49 U.S.C. 44801;

(b) the term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning given in 42 U.S.C. 5195c(e), and includes systems and assets in all of the designated critical infrastructure sectors identified in National Security Memorandum 22 of April 30, 2024 (Critical Infrastructure Security and Resilience) (NSM-22); and

(c) the term Sector Risk Management Agency or "SRMA" has the same meaning given in 6 U.S.C. 650 and as further described in NSM-22.

**Sec. 3. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure control over our national airspace and to protect the public, critical infrastructure, mass gathering events, and military and sensitive government installations and operations from threats posed by the careless or unlawful use of UAS.

**Sec. 4. Task Force to Restore American Airspace Sovereignty.** To assist in ensuring control over our national airspace, there is hereby established the Federal Task Force to Restore American Airspace Sovereignty (Task Force). The Task Force shall be chaired by the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs (APNSA) or a designee, and include principals, or their designees, from appropriate executive departments and agencies as identified by the APNSA. The Task Force shall review relevant operational, technical, and regulatory frameworks and develop and propose solutions to UAS threats, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, and shall make recommendations on the implementation of all actions identified in this order.

**Sec. 5. Airspace Regulations to Protect the Public.** The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) shall:

(a) with respect to the rulemaking required by section 2209(f) of the FAA Extension, Safety, and Security Act of 2016, as amended:

(i) promptly submit a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the Task Force establishing the statutorily required process for restricting drone flights over fixed site facilities, and interpreting, to the extent appropriate, critical infrastructure consistent with the definition of that term in this order; and

(ii) promulgate a final rule as soon as practicable after publication of the NPRM;

(b) make national security and homeland security assessments under section 2209 in coordination with Sector Risk Management Agencies (SRMAs), the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Security, or the Attorney General, as appropriate, and whenever military installations or operations are implicated, with the Secretary of Defense; and

(c) within 180 days of the date of this order, make freely available online Notices to Airmen (NOTAMs) and Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFRs) in an open format easily accepted for drone geofencing and Aircraft Navigation and Guidance system purposes. This online availability should supplement, but not replace, existing NOTAMs and TFR promulgation methods.

**Sec. 6. Enhancing Airspace Sovereignty.** (a) the Attorney General, in coordination with the Administrator of the FAA, shall take appropriate steps to ensure full enforcement of applicable civil and criminal laws when drone operators endanger the public, violate established airspace restrictions, or operate a drone in furtherance of an element of another crime;

(b) on a recurring basis, the Attorney General shall submit to the President, through the APNSA, legislative proposals that would revise criminal penalties for violations of restricted airspace; and

(c) within 30 days of the date of this order, and to the extent allowed by law, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that their respective departments' grant programs permit otherwise eligible State, local, tribal, and territorial (SLTT) agencies to receive grants to purchase UAS or equipment or services for the detection, tracking, or identification of drones and drone signals, consistent with the legal authorities of those SLTTs.

**Sec. 7. Detection, Tracking, and Identification of Drones and Drone Signals.** (a) To the extent permitted by law and consistent with the Fourth Amendment, executive departments and agencies shall use all available existing authorities to employ equipment to detect, track, and identify drones and drone signals.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission shall revise the August 2020 "Advisory on the Application of Federal Laws to the Acquisition and Use of Technology to Detect and Mitigate Unmanned Aircraft Systems" to reflect relevant developments in Federal law and regulations addressing drones.

(c) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the FAA shall provide, to the extent permitted by law, including the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), automated real-time access to personal identifying information associated with UAS remote identification signals to appropriate executive departments and agencies and SLTT agencies for the purposes of enforcing applicable Federal or State law, with appropriate national security and privacy safeguards.

(d) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Administrator of the FAA, in coordination with the heads of other SRMAs as appropriate, shall publish guidance to aid private critical infrastructure owners or operators in employing technologies to detect, track, and identify drones and drone signals.

**Sec. 8. Enhancing General Protections.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Transportation, shall submit a recommendation to the President, through the APNSA, using risk-based assessment as defined in 6 U.S.C. 124n(k)(8), on whether the northern and southern land borders; large airports; Federal facilities; critical infrastructure; and military installations, facilities, and assets should be designated as covered facilities or assets under 6 U.S.C. 124n and 10

U.S.C. 130i and whether any changes to law would be necessary relating to such designation.

**Sec. 9. Building Counter-UAS Capacity.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall explore integrating counter-UAS operational responses as part of Joint Terrorism Task Forces for the purpose of protecting mass gathering events.

(b) The Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense; the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA; the Secretary of Homeland Security; the Director of OMB; and the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, shall promptly take all appropriate steps to implement the recommendations of the March 2022 Feasibility Report to Congress with regard to the creation of the National Training Center for Counter-Unmanned Aircraft Systems (Center), and, upon establishment of the Center, focus initial training provided by the Center on development of Federal and SLTT capabilities to secure major upcoming national and international sporting events held in the United States, such as the FIFA World Cup 2026 and the 2028 Summer Olympics.

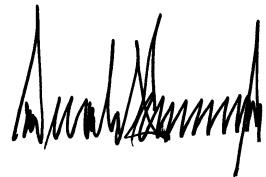
**Sec. 10. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Transportation.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
June 6, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14304 of June 6, 2025

### Leading the World in Supersonic Flight

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States stands at the threshold of a bold new chapter in aerospace innovation. For more than 50 years, outdated and overly restrictive regulations have grounded the promise of supersonic flight over land, stifling American ingenuity, weakening our global competitiveness, and ceding leadership to foreign adversaries. Advances in aerospace engineering, materials science, and noise reduction now make supersonic flight not just possible, but safe, sustainable, and commercially viable. This order begins a historic national effort to reestablish the United States as the undisputed leader in high-speed aviation. By updating obsolete standards and embracing the technologies of today and tomorrow, we will empower our engineers, entrepreneurs, and visionaries to deliver the next generation of air travel, which will be faster, quieter, safer, and more efficient than ever before.

**Sec. 2. Regulatory Reform for Supersonic Flight.** (a) The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) shall take the necessary steps, including through rulemaking, to repeal the prohibition on overland supersonic flight in 14 CFR 91.817 within 180 days of the date of this order and establish an interim noise-based certification standard, making any modifications to 14 CFR 91.818 as necessary, as consistent with applicable law. The Administrator of the FAA shall also take immediate steps to repeal 14 CFR 91.819 and 91.821, which will remove additional regulatory barriers that hinder the advancement of supersonic aviation technology in the United States.

(b) Within 18 months of the date of this order, the Administrator of the FAA shall issue a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) to establish a standard for supersonic aircraft noise certification under 14 CFR Part 36 and amend 14 CFR 91.817. The proposed rule shall define acceptable noise thresholds for takeoff, landing, and en-route supersonic operation based on operational testing and research, development, testing, and evaluation (RDT&E) data as identified in subsection 3(a) of this order, and considering community acceptability, economic reasonableness, and technological feasibility. The proposed rule shall further specify a process for periodic review and update of the rule to reflect future advances in aircraft noise reduction technology. Any final rule in connection with the NPRM shall be issued within 24 months of the date of this order.

**Sec. 3. Advancing Supersonic Research and Development.** (a) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP) shall, in consultation with the heads of relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies), including the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, coordinate supersonic research and development through the National Science and Technology Council, with the goal of:

- (i) identifying RDT&E needs for regulatory development, commercial viability, and operational integration of supersonic aircraft into the National Airspace System;
- (ii) coordinating federally funded RDT&E and industry-led testing of supersonic technologies at Federal test sites; and

(iii) collecting and sharing the results of such RDT&E in a manner suitable for informing domestic regulatory development and international science and technology engagement on civil supersonic matters.

(b) The Director of OSTP shall provide the results of the coordinated efforts in subsection (a) of this section to the Administrator of the FAA to inform the development of future procedures, regulations, and policies, including those related to the certification of civil supersonic aircraft and noise and environmental standards called for in this section 3.

**Sec. 4. Promoting International Engagement on Civil Supersonic Flight Regulations.** (a) The Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the FAA, and in consultation with the Director of OSTP and the heads of other agencies as considered appropriate by the Director of OSTP, shall engage the International Civil Aviation Organization and key foreign partners to seek global alignment regarding supersonic regulatory approaches.

(b) The Administrator of the FAA, under the supervision of the Secretary of Transportation and in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall seek to secure bilateral aviation safety agreements with foreign aviation authorities as necessary for the safe international operation of supersonic aircraft.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Federal Aviation Administration.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
June 6, 2025.

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14303 of May 23, 2025**

#### **Restoring Gold Standard Science**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 7301 of title 5, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** Over the last 5 years, confidence that scientists act in the best interests of the public has fallen significantly. A majority of researchers in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics believe science is facing a reproducibility crisis. The falsification of data by leading researchers has led to high-profile retractions of federally funded research.

Unfortunately, the Federal Government has contributed to this loss of trust. In several notable cases, executive departments and agencies (agencies) have used or promoted scientific information in a highly misleading manner. For example, under the prior Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention issued COVID-19 guidance on reopening schools that incorporated edits by the American Federation of Teachers and was understood to discourage in-person learning. This guidance's restrictive and burdensome reopening conditions led many schools to remain at least partially closed, resulting in substantial negative effects on educational outcomes—even though the best available scientific evidence showed that children were unlikely to transmit or suffer serious illness or death from the virus, and that opening schools with reasonable mitigation measures would have only minor effects on transmission.

The National Marine Fisheries Service justified a biological opinion by adopting an admitted “worst-case scenario” projection of the North Atlantic right whale population that it believed was “very likely” wrong. The agency’s proposed actions could have destroyed the historic Maine lobster fishery. The D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals subsequently overturned that opinion because the agency’s decision to seek out the worst-case scenario skewed its approach to the evidence.

Similarly, agencies have used Representative Concentration Pathway (RCP) scenario 8.5 to assess the potential effects of climate change in a “higher” warming scenario. RCP 8.5 is a worst-case scenario based on highly unlikely assumptions like end-of-century coal use exceeding estimates of recoverable coal reserves. Scientists have warned that presenting RCP 8.5 as a likely outcome is misleading.

Actions taken by the prior Administration further politicized science, for example, by encouraging agencies to incorporate diversity, equity, and inclusion considerations into all aspects of science planning, execution, and communication. Scientific integrity in the production and use of science by the Federal Government is critical to maintaining the trust of the American people and ensuring confidence in government decisions informed by science.

My Administration is committed to restoring a gold standard for science to ensure that federally funded research is transparent, rigorous, and impactful, and that Federal decisions are informed by the most credible, reliable, and impartial scientific evidence available. We must restore the American people’s faith in the scientific enterprise and institutions that create and apply scientific knowledge in service of the public good. Reproducibility, rigor, and unbiased peer review must be maintained. This order restores the scientific integrity policies of my first Administration and ensures

that agencies practice data transparency, acknowledge relevant scientific uncertainties, are transparent about the assumptions and likelihood of scenarios used, approach scientific findings objectively, and communicate scientific data accurately. Agency use of Gold Standard Science, as set forth in this order, will spur innovation, translate discovery to success, and ensure continued American strength and global leadership in technology.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) “Employee” has the meaning given that term in 5 U.S.C. 2105.

(b) “Scientific information” means factual inputs, data, models, analyses, technical information, or scientific assessments related to such disciplines as the behavioral and social sciences, public health and medical sciences, life and earth sciences, engineering, physical sciences, or probability and statistics. This includes any communication or representation of knowledge such as facts or data, in any medium or form, including textual, numerical, graphic, cartographic, narrative, or audiovisual forms.

(c) “Scientific misconduct” means fabrication, falsification, or plagiarism in proposing, performing, reviewing, or reporting the results of scientific research, but does not include honest error or differences of opinion. For the purposes of this definition:

(i) “fabrication” is making up data or results and recording or reporting them;

(ii) “falsification” is manipulating research materials, equipment, or processes, or changing or omitting data or results such that the research is not accurately represented in the research record; and

(iii) “plagiarism” is the appropriation of another person’s ideas, processes, results, or words without giving appropriate credit.

(d) “Senior appointee” means an individual appointed by the President (or an individual performing the functions and duties of an individual appointed by the President) or a non-career member of the Senior Executive Service.

(e) “Weight of scientific evidence” means an approach to scientific evaluation in which each piece of relevant information is considered based on its quality and relevance, and then transparently integrated with other relevant information to inform the scientific evaluation prior to making a judgment about the scientific evaluation. Quality and relevance determinations, at a minimum, should include consideration of study design, fitness for purpose, replicability, peer review, and transparency and reliability of data.

**Sec. 3. Restoring Gold Standard Science.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP Director) shall, in consultation with the heads of relevant agencies, issue guidance for agencies on implementation of “Gold Standard Science” in the conduct and management of their respective scientific activities. For the purposes of this order, Gold Standard Science means science conducted in a manner that is:

(i) reproducible;

(ii) transparent;

(iii) communicative of error and uncertainty;

(iv) collaborative and interdisciplinary;

(v) skeptical of its findings and assumptions;

(vi) structured for falsifiability of hypotheses;

(vii) subject to unbiased peer review;

(viii) accepting of negative results as positive outcomes; and

(ix) without conflicts of interest.

(b) Upon publication of the guidance prescribed in subsection (a), each agency head, as necessary and appropriate and in consultation with the

Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director) and the OSTP Director, shall promptly update applicable agency policies governing the production and use of scientific information, including scientific integrity policies, to implement the OSTP Director's guidance on Gold Standard Science and ensure that agency scientific activities are conducted in accordance with this order.

(c) Each agency head shall, to the extent practicable, incorporate the OSTP Director's guidance on Gold Standard Science and the requirements of this order into the processes by which their agency conducts, manages, interprets, communicates, and uses scientific or technological information prior to the finalization of the updated policies under this section.

(d) Within 60 days of the publication of the guidance prescribed in section 3(a), agency heads shall report to the OSTP Director on the actions taken to implement Gold Standard Science at their agency.

**Sec. 4. Improving the Use, Interpretation, and Communication of Scientific Data.** No later than 30 days after the date of this order, agency heads and employees shall adhere to the following rules governing the use, interpretation, and communication of scientific data, unless otherwise provided by law:

(a) Employees shall not engage in scientific misconduct nor knowingly rely on information resulting from scientific misconduct.

(b) Except as prohibited by law, and consistent with relevant policies that protect national security or sensitive personal or confidential business information, agency heads shall in a timely manner and, to the extent practicable and within the agency's authority:

(i) subject to paragraph (ii), make publicly available the following information within the agency's possession:

(A) the data, analyses, and conclusions associated with scientific and technological information produced or used by the agency that the agency reasonably assesses will have a clear and substantial effect on important public policies or important private sector decisions (influential scientific information), including data cited in peer-reviewed literature; and

(B) the models and analyses (including, as applicable, the source code for such models) the agency used to generate such influential scientific information. Employees may not invoke exemption 5 to the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(5)) to prevent disclosure of such models unless authorized in writing to do so by the agency head following prior notice to the OSTP Director.

(ii) risk models used to guide agency enforcement actions or select enforcement targets are not information that must be disclosed under this subsection.

(c) When using scientific information in agency decision-making, employees shall transparently acknowledge and document uncertainties, including how uncertainty propagates throughout any models used in the analysis.

(d) Where employees produce or use scientific information to inform policy or legal determinations they must use science that comports with the legal standards applicable to those determinations, including when agencies evaluate the realistic or reasonably foreseeable effects of an action.

(e) Employees shall be transparent about the likelihood of the assumptions and scenarios used. Highly unlikely and overly precautionary assumptions and scenarios should only be relied upon in agency decision-making where required by law or otherwise pertinent to the agency's action.

(f) When scientific or technological information is used to inform agency evaluations and subsequent decision-making, employees shall apply a "weight of scientific evidence" approach.

(g) Employees' communication of scientific information shall be consistent with the results of the relevant analysis and evaluation and, to the extent

that uncertainty is present, the degree of uncertainty should be communicated. Communications involving a scientific model or information derived from a scientific model should include reference to any material assumptions that inform the model's outputs.

(h) Once the guidance on Gold Standard Science is established and promulgated pursuant to section 3 of this order, it shall, among other things, form the basis for employees' evaluation of all scientific and technological information called for in this order except where otherwise required by law.

**Sec. 5. Interim Scientific Integrity Policies.** (a) Until the issuance of updated agency scientific integrity policies pursuant to section 3 of this order, and except where required by law:

(i) scientific integrity policies in each agency shall be governed by the scientific integrity policies that existed within the executive branch on January 19, 2021, except that in the event of a conflict between such policies and the policies and requirements of this order, the policies and requirements of this order control; and

(ii) agency heads shall take all necessary actions to reevaluate and, where necessary, revise or rescind scientific integrity policies or procedures, or amendments to such policies or procedures, issued between January 20, 2021, and January 20, 2025.

(iii) each agency head shall promptly revoke any organizational or operational changes, designations, or documents that were issued or enacted pursuant to the Presidential Memorandum of January 27, 2021 (Restoring Trust in Government Through Scientific Integrity and Evidence-Based Policymaking), which was revoked pursuant to Executive Order 14154 and shall conduct applicable agency operations in the manner and revert applicable agency organization to the same form as would have existed in the absence of such changes, designations, or documents.

(b) In updating applicable scientific integrity policies pursuant to section 3 of this order, agencies should ensure they:

(i) encourage the open exchange of ideas;

(ii) provide for consideration of different or dissenting viewpoints; and

(iii) protect employees from efforts to prevent or deter consideration of alternative scientific opinions.

(c) Agencies, unless prohibited by law, shall review agency actions taken between January 20, 2021, and January 20, 2025, including regulations, guidance documents, policies, and scientific evaluations and take all appropriate steps, consistent with law, to ensure alignment with the policies and requirements of this order.

**Sec. 6. Scope and Applicability.** (a) The policies and rules set forth in this order apply to all employees involved in the generation, use, interpretation, or communication of scientific information, regardless of job classification, and to all agency decision-making, except where precluded by law.

(b) Agency heads and employees shall, to the extent practicable and consistent with applicable law, require agency contractors to adhere to these policies and rules as though they were agency employees.

(c) The policies and rules set forth in this order govern the use of science that informs agency decisions but they are not applicable to non-scientific aspects of agency decision-making.

**Sec. 7. Enforcement and Oversight.** (a) Each agency head shall establish internal processes to evaluate alleged violations of the requirements of this order and other applicable agency policies governing the generation, use, interpretation, and communication of scientific information. Such processes shall be the responsibility, and administered under the direction, of a senior appointee designated by the agency head and shall provide for taking appropriate measures to correct scientific information in response to violations, consistent with the requirements and procedures of section 515 of the statute

commonly known as the Information Quality Act, Public Law 106–554, appendix C (114 Stat. 2763A–153). The designated senior appointee may also forward potential violations to the relevant human resources officials for discipline to the extent the potential violation also violates applicable agency policies and procedures. The designated senior appointee may consult appropriate officials with scientific expertise when establishing such processes.

(b) The processes created under this section are, unless otherwise required by applicable law, the sole and exclusive means of evaluating and, as applicable, addressing alleged violations of this order and other agency policies governing the use, interpretation, and communication of scientific information.

**Sec. 8. Waivers.** (a) An agency head may request in writing that the OMB Director, in consultation with the OSTP Director, waive any of the requirements of this order for good cause shown. Such request must explain how the requested waiver is consistent with the policies and purposes of this order.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this order, the policies and requirements of this order shall apply to agency actions that pertain to foreign or military affairs, or to a national security or homeland security function of the United States, only to the extent that the applicable agency head, in his or her sole and exclusive discretion, determines they should apply.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

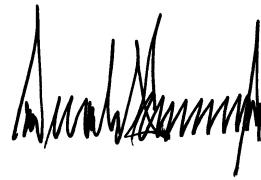
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Office of Management and Budget shall provide funding for publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-09802  
Filed 5-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3110-01-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14302 of May 23, 2025

#### Reinvigorating the Nuclear Industrial Base

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States originally pioneered nuclear energy technology during a time of great peril. We now face a new set of challenges, including a global race to dominate in artificial intelligence, a growing need for energy independence, and access to uninterrupted power supplies for national security.

It took nearly 40 years for the United States to add the same amount of nuclear capacity as another developed nation added in 10 years. Further, as American deployment of advanced reactor designs has waned, 87 percent of nuclear reactors installed worldwide since 2017 are based on designs from two foreign countries. At the same time, the Nation's nuclear fuel cycle infrastructure has severely atrophied, leaving the United States heavily dependent on foreign sources of uranium as well as uranium enrichment and conversion services. These trends cannot continue.

Swift and decisive action is required to jumpstart America's nuclear energy industrial base and ensure our national and economic security by increasing fuel availability and production, securing civil nuclear supply chains, improving the efficiency with which advanced nuclear reactors are licensed, and preparing our workforce to establish America's energy dominance and accelerate our path towards a more secure and independent energy future.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to expedite and promote to the fullest possible extent the production and operation of nuclear energy to provide affordable, reliable, safe, and secure energy to the American people, to power advanced nuclear reactor technologies, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 16271(b)(1)(A), and to build associated supply chains that secure our global industrial and digital dominance, achieve our energy independence, protect our national security, and maximize the efficiency and effectiveness of nuclear fuel through recycling, reprocessing, and reinvigorating the commercial sector.

**Sec. 3. Strengthening the Domestic Nuclear Fuel Cycle.** (a) Within 240 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), shall prepare and submit to the President, through the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council and the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, a report that includes:

- (i) a recommended national policy to support the management of spent nuclear fuel and high-level waste and the development and deployment of advanced fuel cycle capabilities to establish a safe, secure, and sustainable long-term fuel cycle;
- (ii) a review of relevant statutory authorities to identify any legislative changes necessary or desirable to achieve the national policy recommended under subsection (a)(i) of this section;
- (iii) an evaluation of the reprocessing and recycling of spent nuclear fuel from the operation of Department of Defense and Department of Energy reactors and other spent nuclear fuel managed by the Department of Energy, along with a discussion of steps the Department of Defense

and the Department of Energy are taking or must take to improve such reprocessing and recycling processes;

(iv) an analysis of legal, budgetary, and policy considerations relevant to efficiently transferring spent nuclear fuel from reactors to a government-owned, privately operated reprocessing and recycling facility;

(v) recommendations for the efficient use of the uranium, plutonium, and other products recovered through recycling and reprocessing;

(vi) recommendations for the efficient disposal of the wastes generated by recycling or reprocessing through a permanent disposal pathway;

(vii) a recommended process for evaluating, prior to disposal, nuclear waste materials for isotopes of value to national security, or medical, industrial, and scientific sectors;

(viii) a reevaluation of historic and current nuclear reprocessing, separation, and storage facilities slated for decommissioning and that are identified as having valuable materials, isotopes, equipment, licenses, operations, or experienced workers, and that may have potential fuel cycle or national security benefits if operations are continued or increased; and

(ix) a program to develop methods and technologies to transport, domestically and overseas, used and unused advanced nuclear fuels and advanced nuclear reactors containing such fuels in a safe, secure, and environmentally sound manner, including any legislation required to support this initiative.

(b) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Chair of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the Director of OMB, shall develop a plan to expand domestic uranium conversion capacity and expand enrichment capabilities sufficient to meet projected civilian and defense reactor needs for low enriched uranium (LEU), high enriched uranium (HEU) and high assay, low enriched uranium (HALEU), subject to retention of such stockpiles as are necessary for tritium production, naval propulsion, and nuclear weapons. The plan shall be implemented based on the timeframes set forth in the plan.

(c) The Secretary of Energy shall halt the surplus plutonium dilute and dispose program except with respect to the Department of Energy's legal obligations to the State of South Carolina. In place of this program, the Secretary of Energy shall establish a program to dispose of surplus plutonium by processing and making it available to industry in a form that can be utilized for the fabrication of fuel for advanced nuclear technologies.

(d) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense as appropriate, shall update the Department of Energy's excess uranium management policy to align with the policy objectives of this order and the Nuclear Fuel Security Act, factoring in the national security need to modernize the United States nuclear weapon stockpile. The Secretary of Energy shall prioritize contracting for the development of fuel fabrication facilities that demonstrate the technical and financial feasibility to supply fuel to qualified test reactors or pilot program reactors within 3 years from the date of such applications.

(e) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Attorney General and the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, shall utilize the authority provided to the President in section 708(c)(1) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (DPA) (50 U.S.C. 4558(c)(1)), which has been delegated to the Secretary of Energy pursuant to Executive Order 13603 of March 16, 2012 (National Defense Resources Preparedness), to seek voluntary agreements pursuant to section 708 of the DPA with domestic nuclear energy companies. The Secretary of Energy should prioritize agreements with those companies that have achieved objective milestones (e.g., Department of Energy-approved conceptual safety design reports, the ability to privately finance their fuel, or the demonstrated technology capability) for the cooperative procurement of LEU and HALEU,

including as needed by the Federal Government for tritium production, naval propulsion, and nuclear weapons.

(f) The Secretary of Energy, the Attorney General, and the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission shall take all necessary and appropriate steps under sections 708(c), (d), (e), and (f)(1)(A) of the DPA (50 U.S.C. 4558(c), (d), (e), (f)(1)(A)), for the Secretary of Energy to form agreements pursuant to subsection (e) of this section.

(g) The Attorney General shall, after consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, consider whether to make the finding described in section 708(f)(1)(B) of the DPA (50 U.S.C. 4558(f)(1)(B)), with respect to any agreement and, no later than 30 days after any voluntary agreement is reached, shall publish such finding as appropriate.

(h) Such voluntary agreements shall further allow consultation with domestic nuclear energy companies to discuss and implement methods to enhance the capability to manage spent nuclear fuel, including the recycling and reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel, to ensure the continued reliable operation of the Nation's nuclear reactors. Such voluntary agreements shall also allow industry consultation to establish consortia and plans of action to ensure that the nuclear fuel supply chain capacity, including milling, conversion, enrichment, deconversion, fabrication, recycling, or reprocessing, is available to enable the continued reliable operation of the Nation's existing, and future, nuclear reactors. The Secretary of Energy, consistent with applicable law, is authorized to provide procurement support, forward contracts, or guarantees to such consortia as a means to ensure offtake for newly established domestic fuel supply, including conversion, enrichment, reprocessing, or fabrication capacity.

**Sec. 4. Funding for Restart, Completion, Up-rate, or Construction of Nuclear Plants.** (a) To maximize the speed and scale of new nuclear capacity, the Department of Energy shall prioritize work with the nuclear energy industry to facilitate 5 gigawatt of power uprates to existing nuclear reactors and have 10 new large reactors with complete designs under construction by 2030. To help achieve these objectives, the Secretary of Energy, through the Department of Energy Loan Programs Office, shall, subject to the requirements of the Federal Credit Reform Act and other applicable law and OMB Circular A-11, prioritize activities that support nuclear energy, including actions to make available resources for restarting closed nuclear power plants, increasing power output of operating nuclear power plants, completing construction of nuclear reactors that was prematurely suspended, constructing new advanced nuclear reactors, and improving all associated aspects of the nuclear fuel supply chain.

(b) The Secretary of Energy shall also coordinate with the Secretary of Defense to assess the feasibility of restarting or repurposing closed nuclear power plants as energy hubs for military microgrid support, consistent with applicable law, focusing initially on installations with insufficient power resilience or grid fragility.

(c) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, prioritize funding for qualified advanced nuclear technologies through grants, loans, investment capital, funding opportunities, and other Federal support. Priority shall be given to those companies demonstrating the largest degrees of design and technological maturity, financial backing, and potential for near-term deployment of their technologies.

**Sec. 5. Expanding the Nuclear Energy Workforce.** (a) Nuclear engineering and other careers and education pathways that support the nuclear energy industry shall be considered areas of focus and priority pursuant to Executive Order 14278 of April 23, 2025 (Preparing Americans for High-Paying Skilled Trade Jobs of the Future).

(b) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education shall seek to increase participation in nuclear

energy-related Registered Apprenticeships and Career and Technical Education programs by:

(i) using apprenticeship intermediary contracts and allocating existing discretionary funds, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, to engage industry organizations and employers to perform a gap analysis of apprenticeship programs, and facilitate the development of Registered Apprenticeship programs, in nuclear energy-related occupations that are underrepresented;

(ii) encouraging States and grantees to use funding provided under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (Public Law 113–128), as amended, to develop nuclear engineering and other nuclear energy-related skills and to support work-based learning opportunities, including issuing related guidance to State and local workforce development boards and others regarding use of such funds for such purposes; and

(iii) consistent with applicable law, establishing nuclear engineering and other nuclear energy-related skills training and work-based learning as a grant priority in Employment and Training Administration and Office of Career, Technical, and Adult Education discretionary grant programs.

(c) Within 120 days of the date of this order, all executive departments and agencies that provide educational grants shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, consider nuclear engineering and other nuclear energy-related careers as a priority area for investment.

(d) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy shall take steps to increase access to research and development infrastructure, workforce, and expertise at Department of Energy National Laboratories for college and university students studying nuclear engineering and other nuclear energy-related fields, and Department of Defense personnel affiliated with nuclear energy programs.

**Sec. 6. Other Provisions.** Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect OMB functions related to procurement actions and related policy. This order shall be carried out subject to the budgetary, legislative, and procurement processes and requirements established by the Director of OMB, and coordinated with OMB, as appropriate, prior to the initiation of any new program, obligation, or commitment of Federal funds, or submission of any legislative or procurement proposal arising from this order. This order shall be carried out in a manner which adheres to applicable legal requirements, conforms with nonproliferation obligations, and meets the highest safeguards, safety, and security standards.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

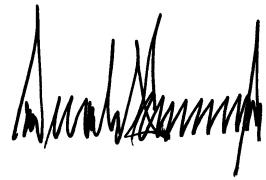
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof, or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Energy shall provide funding for publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-09801  
Filed 5-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 6450-01-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14301 of May 23, 2025

### **Reforming Nuclear Reactor Testing at the Department of Energy**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States led the development of civilian nuclear power through the Atomic Energy Commission, the National Reactor Testing Station (now known as Idaho National Laboratory), and several other Federal Government entities. This work produced safe and abundant energy. But in the decades since, commercial deployment of new nuclear technologies has all but stopped. The Idaho National Laboratory has principal responsibility for constructing and testing new reactor designs; it concluded construction of new reactors in the 1970s. Our proud history of innovation has succumbed to overregulated complacency.

As I stated in Executive Order 14156 of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Energy Emergency), the United States needs a reliable, diversified, and affordable supply of energy to drive development of advanced technologies, manufacturing, transportation, agriculture, and defense industries, and to sustain modern life and national security. Nuclear energy both is vital to this effort and has never held so much promise. Decades of research and engineering have produced prototypes of advanced nuclear technologies that incorporate passive safety mechanisms, improve the physical architecture of reactor designs, increase reactor operational flexibility and performance, and reduce risk in fuel disposal. Advanced reactors—including microreactors, small modular reactors, and Generation IV and Generation III+ reactors—have revolutionary potential. They will open a range of new applications to support data centers, microchip manufacturing, petrochemical production, healthcare, desalination, hydrogen production, and other industries.

The United States cultivated the effort to design and build the first Generation IV reactor for commercial use, but the Federal Government has effectively throttled the domestic deployment of advanced reactors, ceding the initiative to foreign nations in building this critical technology. That changes today. It is the policy of my Administration to foster nuclear innovation and bring advanced nuclear technologies into domestic production as soon as possible.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

(a) The term “advanced reactor” has the same meaning as the term “advanced nuclear reactor” in 42 U.S.C. 16271(b)(1).

(b) The term “Department” means the Department of Energy.

(c) The term “qualified test reactor” means an advanced reactor that satisfies thresholds established by the Department sufficient to demonstrate that, from the perspective of technical development and financial backing, the reactor may feasibly be operational within 2 years from the date a substantially complete application is submitted.

(d) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Energy.

**Sec. 3. Findings.** With some rare and arguable exceptions, no advanced reactors have yet been deployed in America. I find that design, construction, operation, and disposition of such reactors under the auspices of the Department—and not to produce commercial electric power—would be for research

purposes, rather than “for the purpose of demonstrating the suitability for commercial application of . . . a reactor” within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. 5842. The purpose of testing these reactors at this stage in America’s industrial evolution is to establish fundamental technological viability. Thus, at least for the foreseeable future, advanced reactors over which the Department exercises sufficient control and that do not produce commercial electric power, including those “under contract with and for the account of the [Department],” 42 U.S.C. 2140(a)(2), fall within the jurisdiction of the Department, which has authority to foster research and development in nuclear reactors. Nothing in this section alters the authority or jurisdiction of the Department of Defense.

**Sec. 4. Reforming the National Laboratory Process for Reactor Testing.** (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary shall issue guidance regarding what counts as a qualified test reactor for purposes of this order.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary shall take appropriate action to revise the regulations, guidance, and procedures and practices of the Department, the National Laboratories, and any other entity under the Department’s jurisdiction to significantly expedite the review, approval, and deployment of advanced reactors under the Department’s jurisdiction. The Secretary shall ensure that the Department’s expedited procedures enable qualified test reactors to be safely operational at Department-owned or Department-controlled facilities within 2 years following the submission of a substantially complete application.

(c) Upon finding that an applicant has submitted a substantially complete application for a qualified test reactor, the Secretary shall establish a team consisting of representatives from the Secretary’s office, the relevant National Laboratory or Laboratories, the Department’s Office of General Counsel, and any other entities within the Department that possess the authority to deconflict, oppose, or approve the application. The team shall provide assistance to the applicant to ensure expeditious processing of its application. For these purposes, each member shall report directly to the Secretary.

(d) The Secretary shall prioritize qualified test reactor projects for processing, as consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 5. Establishing a Pilot Program Outside the National Laboratories.** (a) The Secretary shall create a pilot program for reactor construction and operation outside the National Laboratories, pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act’s authorization of reactors under the Department’s sufficient control, including reactors “under contract with and for the account of” the Department, in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 2140. The Secretary shall approve at least three reactors pursuant to this pilot program with the goal of achieving criticality in each of the three reactors by July 4, 2026.

(b) Upon approval of an application for this pilot program, the Secretary shall assign a team to provide assistance to the applicant as specified in subsection 4(c) of this order.

**Sec. 6. Streamlining Environmental Reviews.** (a) The Secretary shall, in consultation with the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, take action to reform the Department’s rules governing compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) no later than June 30, 2025, consistent with the policies articulated in sections 2 and 5 of Executive Order 14154 of January 20, 2025 (Unleashing American Energy), and with applicable law.

(b) The Secretary shall, consistent with applicable law, use all available authorities to eliminate or expedite the Department’s environmental reviews for authorizations, permits, approvals, leases, and any other activity requested by an applicant or potential applicant. In addition to the measures outlined in section 7 of the Executive Order of May 23, 2025 (Deploying Advanced Nuclear Reactor Technologies for National Security), such measures shall include determining which Department functions are not subject to NEPA, creating categorical exclusions as appropriate for reactors within certain

parameters (or relying on existing categorical exclusions), relying on supplemental analyses where reactors will be located on existing sites, or utilizing alternative procedures under NEPA.

**Sec. 7. Implementation.** The Secretary shall work with the DOGE Team Lead at the Department, as defined in Executive Order 14158 of January 20, 2025 (Establishing and Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency"), with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and with the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy to implement this order.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

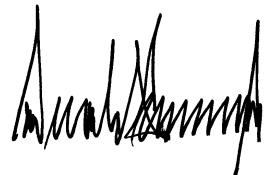
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Energy shall provide funding for publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, is positioned here.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
May 23, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14300 of May 23, 2025

### Ordering the Reform of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Abundant energy is a vital national- and economic-security interest. In conjunction with domestic fossil fuel production, nuclear energy can liberate America from dependence on geopolitical rivals. It can power not only traditional manufacturing industries but also cutting-edge, energy-intensive industries such as artificial intelligence and quantum computing.

Between 1954 and 1978, the United States authorized the construction of 133 since-completed civilian nuclear reactors at 81 power plants. Since 1978, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has authorized only a fraction of that number; of these, only two reactors have entered into commercial operation. The NRC charges applicants by the hour to process license applications, with prolonged timelines that maximize fees while throttling nuclear power development. The NRC has failed to license new reactors even as technological advances promise to make nuclear power safer, cheaper, more adaptable, and more abundant than ever.

This failure stems from a fundamental error: Instead of efficiently promoting safe, abundant nuclear energy, the NRC has instead tried to insulate Americans from the most remote risks without appropriate regard for the severe domestic and geopolitical costs of such risk aversion. The NRC utilizes safety models that posit there is no safe threshold of radiation exposure and that harm is directly proportional to the amount of exposure. Those models lack sound scientific basis and produce irrational results, such as requiring that nuclear plants protect against radiation below naturally occurring levels. A myopic policy of minimizing even trivial risks ignores the reality that substitute forms of energy production also carry risk, such as pollution with potentially deleterious health effects.

Recent events in Europe, such as the nationwide blackouts in Spain and Portugal, underscore the importance of my Administration's focus on dispatchable power generation—including nuclear power—over intermittent power. Beginning today, my Administration will reform the NRC, including its structure, personnel, regulations, and basic operations. In so doing, we will produce lasting American dominance in the global nuclear energy market, create tens of thousands of high-paying jobs, and generate American-led prosperity and resilience.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to:

- (a) Reestablish the United States as the global leader in nuclear energy;
- (b) Facilitate increased deployment of new nuclear reactor technologies, such as Generation III+ and IV reactors, modular reactors, and microreactors, including by lowering regulatory and cost barriers to entry;
- (c) Facilitate the expansion of American nuclear energy capacity from approximately 100 GW in 2024 to 400 GW by 2050;
- (d) Employ emerging technologies to safely accelerate the modeling, simulation, testing, and approval of new reactor designs;

(e) Support the continued operation of, and facilitate appropriate operational extensions for, the current nuclear fleet, as well as the reactivation of prematurely shuttered or partially completed nuclear facilities; and

(f) Maintain the United States' leading reputation for nuclear safety.

**Sec. 3. Reforming the NRC's Culture.** The Congress has mandated that the NRC's "licensing and regulation of the civilian use of radioactive materials and nuclear energy be conducted in a manner that is efficient and does not unnecessarily limit—(1) the civilian use of radioactive materials and deployment of nuclear energy; or (2) the benefits of civilian use of radioactive materials and nuclear energy technology to society." Accelerating Deployment of Versatile, Advanced Nuclear for Clean Energy Act of 2024, Public Law 118-67, sec. 501(a). Just as the Congress directed, the NRC's mission shall include facilitating nuclear power while ensuring reactor safety. When carrying out its licensing and related regulatory functions, the NRC shall consider the benefits of increased availability of, and innovation in, nuclear power to our economic and national security in addition to safety, health, and environmental considerations.

**Sec. 4. Reforming the NRC's Structure.** (a) The current structure and staffing of the NRC are misaligned with the Congress's directive that the NRC shall not unduly restrict the benefits of nuclear power. The NRC shall, in consultation with the NRC's DOGE Team (as defined in Executive Order 14158 of January 20, 2025 (Establishing and Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency"))), and consistent with its governing statutes, reorganize the NRC to promote the expeditious processing of license applications and the adoption of innovative technology. The NRC shall undertake reductions in force in conjunction with this reorganization, though certain functions may increase in size consistent with the policies in this order, including those devoted to new reactor licensing. The NRC shall also create a dedicated team of at least 20 officials to draft the new regulations directed by section 5 of this order.

(b) The personnel and functions of the Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards (ACRS) shall be reduced to the minimum necessary to fulfill ACRS's statutory obligations. Review by ACRS of permitting and licensing issues shall focus on issues that are truly novel or noteworthy.

**Sec. 5. Reforming and Modernizing the NRC's Regulations.** The NRC, working with its DOGE Team, the Office of Management and Budget, and other executive departments and agencies as appropriate, shall undertake a review and wholesale revision of its regulations and guidance documents, and issue notice(s) of proposed rulemaking effecting this revision within 9 months of the date of this order. The NRC shall issue final rules and guidance to conclude this revision process within 18 months of the date of this order. In conducting this wholesale revision, the NRC shall be guided by the policies set forth in section 2 of this order and shall in particular:

(a) Establish fixed deadlines for its evaluation and approval of licenses, license amendments, license renewals, certificates of compliance, power uprates, license transfers, and any other activity requested by a licensee or potential licensee, as directed under the Nuclear Energy Innovation and Modernization Act, rather than the nonbinding "generic milestone schedules" guidelines the NRC has already adopted. Those deadlines shall be enforced by fixed caps on the NRC's recovery of hourly fees. The deadlines shall include: (1) a deadline of no more than 18 months for final decision on an application to construct and operate a new reactor of any type, commencing with the first required step in the regulatory process, and (2) a deadline of no more than 1 year for final decision on an application to continue operating an existing reactor of any type, commencing with the first required step in the regulatory process. The regulations should not provide for tolling those deadlines except in instances of applicant failure, and must allow a reasonably diligent applicant to navigate the licensing process successfully in the time allotted. Moreover, these are maximum time periods; the NRC shall adopt shorter deadlines tailored to particular reactor types or licensing pathways as appropriate.

(b) Adopt science-based radiation limits. In particular, the NRC shall reconsider reliance on the linear no-threshold (LNT) model for radiation exposure and the “as low as reasonably achievable” standard, which is predicated on LNT. Those models are flawed, as discussed in section 1 of this order. In reconsidering those limits, the NRC shall specifically consider adopting determinate radiation limits, and in doing so shall consult with the Department of Defense (DOD), the Department of Energy (DOE), and the Environmental Protection Agency.

(c) Revise, in consultation with the Council on Environmental Quality, NRC regulations governing NRC’s compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act to reflect the Congress’s 2023 amendments to that statute and the policies articulated in sections 2 and 5 of Executive Order 14154 of January 20, 2025 (Unleashing American Energy).

(d) Establish an expedited pathway to approve reactor designs that the DOD or the DOE have tested and that have demonstrated the ability to function safely. NRC review of such designs shall focus solely on risks that may arise from new applications permitted by NRC licensure, rather than revisiting risks that have already been addressed in the DOE or DOD processes.

(e) Establish a process for high-volume licensing of microreactors and modular reactors, including by allowing for standardized applications and approvals and by considering to what extent such reactors or components thereof should be regulated through general licenses.

(f) Establish stringent thresholds for circumstances in which the NRC may demand changes to reactor design once construction is underway.

(g) Revise the Reactor Oversight Process and reactor security rules and requirements to reduce unnecessary burdens and be responsive to credible risks.

(h) Adopt revised and, where feasible, determinate and data-backed thresholds to ensure that reactor safety assessments focus on credible, realistic risks.

(i) Reconsider the regulations governing the time period for which a renewed license remains effective, and extend that period as appropriate based on available technological and safety data.

(j) Streamline the public hearings process.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

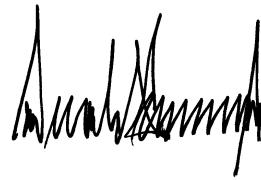
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall provide funding for publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-09798  
Filed 5-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 7590-01-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14299 of May 23, 2025**

## Deploying Advanced Nuclear Reactor Technologies for National Security

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** The United States faces a critical national security imperative to ensure a resilient, secure, and reliable energy supply for critical defense facilities designated under section 824o-1(c) of title 16, United States Code, and other mission capability resources. Advanced computing infrastructure for artificial intelligence (AI) capabilities and other mission capability resources at military and national security installations and national laboratories demands reliable, high-density power sources that cannot be disrupted by external threats or grid failures. These facilities and resources' vulnerability to energy disruption represents a strategic risk that must be addressed.

Advanced nuclear reactors include nuclear energy systems like Generation III+ reactors, small modular reactors, microreactors, and stationary and mobile reactors that have the potential to deliver resilient, secure, and reliable power to critical defense facilities and other mission capability resources. However, despite its promise, such technology has not been utilized in the United States at the scale or speed necessary to meet the Nation's urgent national security requirements, while our adversaries are rapidly exporting and deploying such technology around the world.

The Federal Government must utilize its full authority to accelerate the secure and responsible development, demonstration, deployment, and export of United States designed advanced nuclear technologies to bolster readiness and enhance American technological superiority. Additionally, the United States must further enhance our ability to export our nuclear technology to our allies and commercial partners, strengthening our shared ability to combat reliance on foreign adversaries through the use of safe, secure, and safeguarded nuclear technologies. Therefore, we must unleash the domestic nuclear industrial base and position American nuclear companies as the partners of choice for future energy growth throughout the world.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to:

(a) ensure the rapid development, deployment, and use of advanced nuclear technologies to support national security objectives, such as the protection and operation of critical infrastructure, critical defense facilities, and other mission capability resources;

(b) enable private sector investment, innovation, development, and use of advanced nuclear technologies in the United States, recognizing their benefit to national security, by aligning incentives across the Federal Government to fully leverage federally owned uranium and plutonium resources declared excess to defense needs, related nuclear material, supply chain components, and research and development infrastructure; and

(c) coordinate regulatory efforts across the Department of Defense and the Department of Energy, ensuring that these agencies optimize resources and risk allocation in accordance with their respective missions sets.

**Sec. 3. Deployment and Use of Advanced Nuclear Reactor Technologies at Military Installations.** (a) The Secretary of Defense, through the Secretary of the Army, shall establish a program of record for the utilization of nuclear

energy for both installation energy and operational energy. The Secretary of Defense, through the Secretary of the Army, shall commence the operation of a nuclear reactor, regulated by the United States Army, at a domestic military base or installation no later than September 30, 2028. The Secretary of Defense shall designate the Secretary of the Army as the executive agent for both installation and operational nuclear energy across the Department of Defense.

(b) The Secretary of Energy shall provide technical advice, as requested, to the Secretary of Defense on the design, construction, and operation of any advanced nuclear reactor on a military installation pursuant to this order.

(c) The Secretary of State shall provide advice to the Secretary of Defense on any international legal requirements, or any necessary modification to international agreements or arrangements, relevant to this order.

(d) Within 240 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Secretary of Energy, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and the Secretaries of the military departments, prepare and submit to the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs recommendations for legislative proposals and regulatory actions regarding the distribution, operation, replacement, and removal of advanced nuclear reactors and spent nuclear fuel on military installations.

**Sec. 4. Deployment and Use of Advanced Nuclear Reactor Technologies at Department of Energy Facilities.** (a) The Secretary of Energy shall initiate the process for designating AI data centers within the 48 contiguous States and the District of Columbia, in whole or in part, that are located at or operated in coordination with Department of Energy facilities, including as support for national security missions, as critical defense facilities, where appropriate. The electrical infrastructure, including both nuclear and non-nuclear power generation infrastructure, needed to operate such shall be considered defense critical electric infrastructure, for purposes of this order and subsequently across all applicable statutes, regulations, and directives or other non-regulatory statements of policy, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy shall designate one or more sites owned or controlled by the Department of Energy within the United States, including national laboratories, for the use and deployment of advanced nuclear reactor technologies.

(c) The Secretary of Energy shall utilize all available legal authorities to site, approve, and authorize the design, construction, and operation of privately funded advanced nuclear reactor technologies at Department of Energy-owned or controlled sites for the purpose of powering AI infrastructure, other critical or national security needs, supply chain items, or on-site infrastructure. The Secretary of Energy shall prioritize early site preparation and authorization activities with a goal of operating an advanced nuclear reactor at the first site no later than 30 months from the date of this order.

**Sec. 5. Uranium and Related Materials for Reactors Referenced in this Order.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy shall identify all useful uranium and plutonium material within the Department of Energy's inventories that may be recycled or processed into nuclear fuel for reactors in the United States.

(b) The Secretary of Energy shall release into a readily available fuel bank not less than 20 metric tons of high assay low-enriched uranium (HALEU) for any project from the private sector which receives authorization to construct and operate at a Department of Energy-owned or controlled site and that is regulated by the Department of Energy for the purpose of powering AI and other infrastructure. The Secretary of Energy shall retain such stockpiles of fuel as are necessary for tritium production, naval propulsion, and nuclear weapons as well as other existing national security obligations and therefore draw from other caches of Department of Energy-owned

material to provide HALEU for the fuel bank pursuant to this section. To the extent feasible, the Secretary of Energy shall implement plans to ensure that a long-term supply of enriched uranium is available for the continued operation of the projects referenced in this first sentence of this subsection, including through the establishment of domestic fuel fabrication and supply chains to reduce reliance on foreign sources of fuel.

(c) The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall utilize all available legal authorities to site, approve, and authorize the design, construction, and operation of privately-funded nuclear fuel recycling, reprocessing, and reactor fuel fabrication technologies at identified sites controlled by their respective agencies for the purpose of fabricating fuel forms for use in national security reactors, commercial power reactors, and non-power research reactors.

**Sec. 6. Interagency Coordination.** The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall execute any useful contract or agreement under any of their respective authorities to support implementation of this order, including contracts or agreements for technical advisory support from the Department of Energy at Department of Defense installations for research, development, design, acquisition, specification, construction, inspection, installation, certification, testing, overhaul, refueling, operation, maintenance, supply support, and disposition of advanced nuclear reactor technologies in support of mission assurance objectives for critical infrastructure and to ensure military readiness and support from the Department of Defense to identify novel uses of advanced nuclear reactor technologies for defense applications and testing at Department of Energy-owned or controlled sites.

**Sec. 7. National Environmental Policy Act Compliance.** The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall consult with the Chairman of the Council on Environmental Quality regarding:

(a) applying the Department of Defense's and the Department of Energy's established categorical exclusions under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*, for the construction of advanced nuclear reactor technologies on certain Federal sites within the United States and for any other appropriate measures for the purposes of implementing this order;

(b) adopting other executive departments and agencies' (agencies) categorical exclusions for the same purposes;

(c) establishing new categorical exclusions for the same purposes;

(d) seeking to utilize other agencies' emergency and other permitting procedures for the siting and construction of advanced nuclear reactor technologies; and

(e) developing alternative arrangements for compliance with NEPA in emergency situations as appropriate for the same purposes.

**Sec. 8. Promoting American Nuclear Exports.** (a) The Secretary of State or the Secretary of State's designee shall:

(i) lead diplomatic engagement and negotiations for Agreements for Peaceful Nuclear Cooperation pursuant to section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, 42 U.S.C. 2153 (123 Agreements);

(ii) aggressively pursue at least 20 new 123 Agreements by the close of the 120th Congress to enable the United States nuclear industry to access new markets in partner countries;

(iii) aggressively renegotiate 123 Agreements set to expire within the next decade;

(iv) fully leverage the resources of the Federal Government to promote the United States nuclear industry in the development of commercial civil nuclear projects globally; and

(v) lead engagement with the Congress regarding the progress and reporting of negotiating 123 Agreements.

(b) The Secretary of Energy shall expeditiously review and, subject to the concurrence of the Secretary of State and after consultation with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Department of Commerce, and the Department of Defense, adjudicate export authorization requests to facilitate United States technological leadership. The Secretary of Energy, subject to the concurrence of the Secretary of State and after consultation with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Department of Commerce, and the Department of Defense, shall approve or deny each technology transfer export authorization request within 30 days of receipt of a complete application and completion by the Department of Energy of the required accompanying analysis, excluding any time period waiting for (i) concurrence from the Department of State; and (ii) retransfer and nonproliferation assurances to be received from the government of the country where the export is proposed to be sent.

(c) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy shall, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Energy, the Director of OMB, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council, determine a strategy which addresses:

- (i) optimizing the value of the United States International Development Finance Corporation to provide equity and other financing of American nuclear energy technology;
- (ii) increasing the effectiveness of the United States Trade and Development Agency, as consistent with law, by expanding grant financing for United States nuclear technology pilots, fuel supplies, and project preparation to recently graduated high income economies of national strategic interest;
- (iii) leveraging the Export-Import Bank of the United States and other relevant agencies to increase financing for projects utilizing United States civil nuclear technology exports throughout the project lifecycle;
- (iv) holding trade missions and reverse trade missions and leveraging other trade promotion tools to remove trade barriers and increase the market competitiveness of the United States nuclear industry; and
- (v) achieving competitive parity in the global market for high-level advocacy and representation from the Federal Government to foreign governments of potential import countries to include alignment on nuclear-related bilateral issues, focusing on countries with the highest probability of nuclear deployment within the next 4 years based on industry assessment and established commercial criteria such as the strength of the country's financial and regulatory system.

(d) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury shall, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Energy, the Director of OMB, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council, and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, determine a strategy that:

- (i) leverages United States participation in the multilateral development banks to support client country access to financial and technical assistance for the generation and distribution of nuclear energy and a reliable fuel supply; and
  - (ii) supports such assistance at relevant institutions to make financial support available on competitive terms, strengthen the capacity of such institutions to assess, implement, and evaluate nuclear energy projects, and support adoption of nuclear energy technologies and fuel supply chains that meet or exceed the quality standards in the United States or a country allied with the United States.
- (e) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State or his designee shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce and

the Secretary of Energy, and after review by the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, implement a program to enhance the global competitiveness of American nuclear suppliers, investors, and lenders to compete for nuclear projects around the globe, including actions to:

- (i) expedite the conclusion of intergovernmental agreements on nuclear energy and the fuel supply chain with potential export countries;
- (ii) promote broad adherence to the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage;
- (iii) identify statutory and regulatory burdens on exports of American nuclear technology, fuel supplies, equipment, and services that are not addressed by this or other Executive Orders and recommend appropriate remedial action; and
- (iv) encourage favorable decisions by potential import countries on the use of American nuclear technology, fuel supplies, equipment, and services.

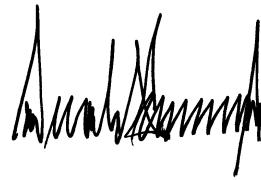
**Sec. 9. Prioritization of Nuclear Clearances.** The Secretary of Defense, through the Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency and in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall prioritize the issuance as appropriate of Department of Energy and Department of Defense security clearances including “L”, “Q”, “SECRET”, “TOP SECRET”, “RD”, “CNWDI”, and “SCI” to support the rapid distribution and use of nuclear energy and fuel cycle technologies.

**Sec. 10. Other Provisions.** Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect OMB functions related to procurement actions and related policy. This order shall be carried out subject to the budgetary, legislative, and procurement processes and requirements established by the Director of OMB, and coordinated with OMB, as appropriate, prior to the initiation of any new program, obligation, or commitment of Federal funds or submission of any legislative or procurement proposal arising from this order. This order shall be carried out in a manner which adheres to applicable legal requirements, conforms with nonproliferation obligations, and meets the highest safeguards and safety and security standards.

**Sec. 11. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations;
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Energy shall provide funding for publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-09796  
Filed 5-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 6450-01-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14298 of May 12, 2025**

## **Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Discussions With the People's Republic of China**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff to Rectify Trade Practices that Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I declared a national emergency arising from conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, and imposed additional *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate to deal with that unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States, to the national security and economy of the United States. Section 4(b) of Executive Order 14257 provided that “[s]hould any trading partner retaliate against the United States in response to this action through import duties on U.S. exports or other measures, I may further modify the [Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States] to increase or expand in scope the duties imposed under this order to ensure the efficacy of this action.”

In Executive Order 14259 of April 8, 2025 (Amendment to Reciprocal Tariffs and Updated Duties as Applied to Low-Value Imports From the People's Republic of China), and Executive Order 14266 of April 9, 2025 (Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Trading Partner Retaliation and Alignment), pursuant to section 4(b) of Executive Order 14257, I ordered modifications of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) to raise the applicable *ad valorem* duty rate for imports from the People's Republic of China (PRC) established in Executive Order 14257, in recognition of the fact that the State Council Tariff Commission of the PRC announced that it would retaliate against the United States in response to Executive Order 14257 and Executive Order 14259.

Section 4(c) of Executive Order 14257 provided that, “[s]hould any trading partner take significant steps to remedy non-reciprocal trade arrangements and align sufficiently with the United States on economic and national security matters, I may further modify the HTSUS to decrease or limit in scope the duties imposed under this order.” Since I signed Executive Order 14266, the United States has entered into discussions with the PRC to address the lack of trade reciprocity in our economic relationship and our resulting national and economic security concerns. Conducting these discussions is a significant step by the PRC toward remedying non-reciprocal trade arrangements and addressing the concerns of the United States relating to economic and national security matters.

Pursuant to section 4(c) of Executive Order 14257, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to address the national emergency declared in that order by modifying the HTSUS to suspend for a period of 90 days application of the additional *ad valorem* duties imposed on the PRC listed in Annex I to Executive Order 14257, as amended by Executive Order

14259 and Executive Order 14266, and clarified in the Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025 (Clarification of Exceptions Under Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025, as Amended), and to instead impose on articles of the PRC an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty as set forth herein, pursuant to the terms of, and except as otherwise provided in, Executive Order 14257, as modified by this order.

**Sec. 2. Suspension of Country-Specific Ad Valorem Rate of Duty.** Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 14, 2025, all articles imported into the customs territory of the United States from the PRC, including Hong Kong and Macau, shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent subject to all applicable exceptions set forth in Executive Order 14257 and the Presidential Memorandum of April 11, 2025. This *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent reflects (i) the modification of the application of the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty on articles of China (including articles of Hong Kong and Macau) set forth in Executive Order 14257, by suspending 24 percentage points of that rate for an initial period of 90 days, and the retention of the remaining *ad valorem* rate of 10 percent on those articles pursuant to the terms of said order; and (ii) the removal of the modified additional *ad valorem* rates of duty on those articles imposed by Executive Order 14259 and Executive Order 14266.

**Sec. 3. Tariff Modifications.** In recognition of the intentions of the PRC to facilitate addressing the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, the HTSUS shall be modified as follows:

Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 14, 2025:

(a) heading 9903.01.25 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting the article description and by inserting “Articles the product of any country, except for products described in headings 9903.01.26–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .” in lieu thereof;

(b) heading 9903.01.63 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting “125%” each place that it appears and by inserting “34%” in lieu thereof;

(c) subdivision (v)(xiii)(10) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting “125%”, and by inserting “34%” in lieu thereof; and

(d) heading 9903.01.63 and subdivision (v)(xiii)(10) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS are hereby suspended for a period of 90 days beginning at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 14, 2025.

**Sec. 4. De Minimis Tariff Decrease.** To ensure that the reduction in duties pursuant to section 2 of this order is made fully effective and the purpose of Executive Order 14257, as amended, is not undermined, I also deem it necessary and appropriate to:

(a) decrease the *ad valorem* rate of duty set forth in section 2(c)(i) of Executive Order 14256 of April 2, 2025 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People’s Republic of China as Applied to Low-Value Imports), as modified by Executive Order 14259 and Executive Order 14266, from 120 percent to 54 percent;

(b) retain in effect the per postal item containing goods duty of 100 dollars in section 2(c)(ii) of Executive Order 14256, as modified by Executive Order 14259 and Executive Order 14266, that has been in effect since 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025, unless and until otherwise modified by a subsequent executive action, notwithstanding the increase contemplated effective June 1, 2025, pursuant to Executive Order 14256, as modified by Executive Order 14259 and Executive Order 14266; and

(c) modify the HTSUS, effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 14, 2025, as follows:

(i) subdivision (w) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting “120 percent”, and by inserting “54 percent” in lieu thereof; and

(ii) subdivision (w) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting “, and before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025. For merchandise entered for consumption on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025, the applicable specific duty rate is \$200 per postal item containing such goods.”

**Sec. 5. Implementation.** The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, as applicable, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor to the President for Trade and Manufacturing, and the Chair of the United States International Trade Commission, are directed to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order, consistent with applicable law, including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or notices in the *Federal Register* and adopting rules and regulations, and are authorized to take such actions, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement this order. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

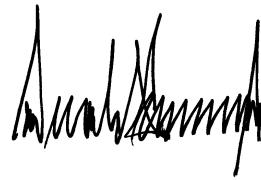
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the Department of Commerce.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 12, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-09297  
Filed 5-20-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3510-DT-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14297 of May 12, 2025**

## **Delivering Most-Favored-Nation Prescription Drug Pricing to American Patients**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States has less than five percent of the world's population and yet funds around three quarters of global pharmaceutical profits. This egregious imbalance is orchestrated through a purposeful scheme in which drug manufacturers deeply discount their products to access foreign markets, and subsidize that decrease through enormously high prices in the United States.

The United States has for too long turned its back on Americans, who unwittingly sponsor both drug manufacturers and other countries. These entities today rely on price markups on American consumers, generous public subsidies for research and development primarily through the National Institutes of Health, and robust public financing of prescription drug consumption through Federal and State healthcare programs. Drug manufacturers, rather than seeking to equalize evident price discrimination, agree to other countries' demands for low prices, and simultaneously fight against the ability for public and private payers in the United States to negotiate the best prices for patients. The inflated prices in the United States fuel global innovation while foreign health systems get a free ride.

This abuse of Americans' generosity, who deserve low-cost pharmaceuticals on the same terms as other developed nations, must end. Americans will no longer be forced to pay almost three times more for the exact same medicines, often made in the exact same factories. As the largest purchaser of pharmaceuticals, Americans should get the best deal.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** Americans should not be forced to subsidize low-cost prescription drugs and biologics in other developed countries, and face overcharges for the same products in the United States. Americans must therefore have access to the most-favored-nation price for these products.

My Administration will take immediate steps to end global freeloading and, should drug manufacturers fail to offer American consumers the most-favored-nation lowest price, my Administration will take additional aggressive action.

**Sec. 3. Addressing Foreign Nations Freeloading on American-Financed Innovation.** The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative shall take all necessary and appropriate action to ensure foreign countries are not engaged in any act, policy, or practice that may be unreasonable or discriminatory or that may impair United States national security and that has the effect of forcing American patients to pay for a disproportionate amount of global pharmaceutical research and development, including by suppressing the price of pharmaceutical products below fair market value in foreign countries.

**Sec. 4. Enabling Direct-to-Consumer Sales to American Patients at the Most-Favored-Nation Price.** To the extent consistent with law, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (Secretary) shall facilitate direct-to-consumer purchasing programs for pharmaceutical manufacturers that sell their products to American patients at the most-favored-nation price.

**Sec. 5. Establishing Most-Favored-Nation Pricing.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary shall, in coordination with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, the Administrator for the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and other relevant executive department and agency (agency) officials, communicate most-favored-nation price targets to pharmaceutical manufacturers to bring prices for American patients in line with comparably developed nations.

(b) If, following the action described in subsection (a) of this section, significant progress towards most-favored-nation pricing for American patients is not delivered, to the extent consistent with law:

(i) the Secretary shall propose a rulemaking plan to impose most-favored-nation pricing;

(ii) the Secretary shall consider certification to the Congress that importation under section 804(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FDCA) will pose no additional risk to the public's health and safety and result in a significant reduction in the cost of prescription drugs to the American consumer; and if the Secretary so certifies, then the Commissioner of Food and Drugs shall take action under section 804(j)(2)(B) of the FDCA to describe circumstances under which waivers will be consistently granted to import prescription drugs on a case-by-case basis from developed nations with low-cost prescription drugs;

(iii) following the report issued under section 13 of Executive Order 14273 of April 15, 2025 (Lowering Drug Prices by Once Again Putting Americans First), the Attorney General and the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission shall, to the extent consistent with law, undertake enforcement action against any anti-competitive practices identified within such report, including through use of sections 1 and 2 of the Sherman Antitrust Act and section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as appropriate;

(iv) the Secretary of Commerce, and the heads of other relevant agencies as necessary, shall review and consider all necessary action regarding the export of pharmaceutical drugs or precursor material that may be fueling the global price discrimination;

(v) the Commissioner of Food and Drugs shall review and potentially modify or revoke approvals granted for drugs, for those drugs that maybe be unsafe, ineffective, or improperly marketed; and

(vi) the heads of agencies shall take all action available, in coordination with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, to address global freeloading and price discrimination against American patients.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

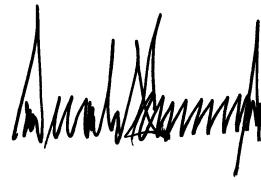
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide funding for publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 12, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-08876  
Filed 5-14-25; 2:00 pm]  
Billing code 4150-28-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14296 of May 9, 2025

### Keeping Promises to Veterans and Establishing a National Center for Warrior Independence

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Our Nation's security, prosperity, and freedom would not be possible without our veterans. Many service members paid the ultimate sacrifice. Many others bear visible and invisible wounds from their service. Too many veterans are homeless in America. Each veteran deserves our gratitude.

Yet the Federal Government has not always treated veterans like the heroes they are. During the previous administration, unaccountable bureaucrats treated them shamefully, failing veterans when they needed help most and betraying the taxpayers who rightfully expect better.

The story of the West Los Angeles Veterans Affairs (VA) Medical Center is indicative of this failure. More than one hundred years ago, Senator John Percival Jones and Arcadia Bandini de Stearns Baker generously donated hundreds of acres of land that they owned in West Los Angeles on the condition that it be used to house disabled veterans. The campus once featured a chapel, billiard hall, 1,000-seat theater, and housed about 6,000 veterans, but the Federal Government has since allowed this crown jewel of veteran care to deteriorate over the last few decades.

The Department of Veterans Affairs (Department) leased parts of the property to a private school, private companies, and the baseball team of the University of California, Los Angeles, sometimes at significantly below-market prices. As of 2024, there were approximately 3,000 homeless veterans in Los Angeles, more than in any other city in the country and accounting for about 10 percent of all of America's homeless veterans. Many of these heroes live in squalor in Los Angeles's infamous "skid row."

During my first term, I signed legislation to increase accountability and expand benefits and choices for veterans in accessing care, and my second term will build on those efforts. Accountability will return to the Department. Veterans around the Nation will have more choices in care, benefits, and services. The VA campus in West Los Angeles will become the National Center for Warrior Independence with facilities and resources to help our veterans earn back their self-sufficiency.

**Sec. 2. Establishing the National Center for Warrior Independence.** The Secretary of Veterans Affairs (Secretary) shall take all appropriate action to:

(a) designate a National Center for Warrior Independence on the West Los Angeles VA Campus in which homeless veterans in the Los Angeles metropolitan area and around the Nation can seek and receive the care, benefits, and services to which they are entitled;

(b) work with other municipalities and VA facilities to ensure that homeless veterans outside the Los Angeles metropolitan area who want to avail themselves of the National Center for Warrior Independence are provided the means to do so;

(c) in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, and the heads of any

other relevant executive departments or agencies, ensure that funds that may have been spent on housing or other services for illegal aliens are redirected to construct, establish, and maintain this National Center for Warrior Independence;

(d) work to restore self-sufficiency and the warrior ethos among homeless veterans through any guidance, requirements, or services needed to ensure that homeless veterans can access housing, receive substance abuse or addiction treatment, and return to productive work and community engagement; and

(e) within 120 days of the date of this order, present an action plan to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, to meet these directives and restore the capacity to house up to 6,000 homeless veterans at the National Center for Warrior Independence by January 1, 2028.

**Sec. 3. Voucher Program.** The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall, in consultation with the Secretary, use vouchers to support homeless veterans in the Los Angeles metropolitan area and around the Nation with respect to this effort.

**Sec. 4. Restoring Accountability at the Department of Veterans Affairs.** The Secretary shall take the following steps to restore accountability and excellent service at the Department:

(a) take appropriate action against individuals who have committed misconduct, making full use of and in accordance with the Department of Veterans Affairs Accountability and Whistleblower Protection Act of 2017 (Public Law 115–41); and

(b) investigate and take steps to rectify the previous administration's decision to rehire and reinstate back pay for employees previously fired for misconduct and direct such savings back toward care, benefits, and services for veterans, in accordance with all applicable laws.

**Sec. 5. Providing Choices and Excellence to Veterans.** The Secretary shall take steps to increase the excellence of and options for care, benefits, and services for veterans including:

(a) within 60 days of the date of this order, submitting a report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, with a plan to reduce wait times for Veterans Health Administration appointments that explores options like expanding office hours, offering weekend appointments, and increasing the use of virtual healthcare options;

(b) within 30 days of the date of this order, directing a feasibility study at the Manchester VA Medical Center and within 180 days of this order, submitting to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, an action plan to expand services to support a full-service medical center in New Hampshire so that it is no longer the only State in the contiguous United States without such a center; and

(c) in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, developing a strategy to improve the delivery and quality of the Department's healthcare services in a more efficient and effective manner to support veterans; the strategy shall initially prioritize implementation of actions to reduce access times and improve service delivery, to include options for offering treatment to veterans at select military treatment facilities and military beneficiaries at VA facilities with appropriate reimbursement.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

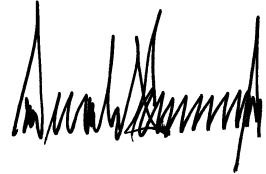
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Veterans Affairs shall provide funding for this order's publication in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-08683  
Filed 5-13-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 8320-01-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14295 of May 9, 2025

### **Increasing Efficiency at the Office of the Federal Register**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Deregulation is a critical priority for my Administration. We will foster prosperity by freeing Americans from the heavy burden of Federal regulations accumulated over decades. Although the decision about which regulations to eliminate is sometimes complex, the administrative process of removing a regulation from the Code of Federal Regulations through a rulemaking should be simple. It is not.

The Office of the Federal Register frequently takes days or, in some cases, even weeks to publish new regulatory actions. Such delay is unwarranted. The Office of the Federal Register receives final documents that are fully executed by the relevant decisionmakers—all that remains is publication. Yet despite those delays, executive departments and agencies are charged \$151–\$174 per column of text to publish each rule in the *Federal Register*. These inefficiencies inhibit my Administration’s deregulatory agenda and waste taxpayer money.

**Sec. 2. Increasing Efficiency in the Federal Register.** (a) The Archivist of the United States (Archivist), acting through the Office of the Federal Register, shall work with the Director of the Government Publishing Office to reduce publication delays to the greatest extent feasible, including by modernizing computer systems and eliminating unnecessary bureaucracy.

(b) Within 15 days of the date of this order, the Archivist, acting through the Office of the Federal Register, shall submit a report to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) reflecting average publication times for different categories of documents.

(c) Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Archivist, acting through the Office of the Federal Register, shall review the fee schedules for publication in the *Federal Register* and, working with the Director of the Government Publishing Office, take steps to ensure that fees are based on the actual costs of publication and account for increased efficiencies achieved as a result of this order. The Archivist, acting through the Office of the Federal Register, shall promptly file a report with the Director of OMB calculating the percentage difference in fees between any proposed new fee schedule and the prior one.

(d) No later than August 22, 2025, the Archivist, acting through the Office of the Federal Register, shall submit a second report to the Director of OMB reflecting average publication times between July 15, 2025, and August 15, 2025, for the same categories of documents on which the Office of the Federal Register reported under subsection (b) of this section.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

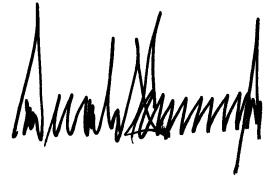
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The costs for publication of this order shall be borne by the National Archives and Records Administration.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-08682  
Filed 5-13-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 7515-01-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14294 of May 9, 2025

### Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States is drastically overregulated. The Code of Federal Regulations contains over 48,000 sections, stretching over 175,000 pages—far more than any citizen can possibly read, let alone fully understand. Worse, many carry potential criminal penalties for violations. The situation has become so dire that no one—likely including those charged with enforcing our criminal laws at the Department of Justice—knows how many separate criminal offenses are contained in the Code of Federal Regulations, with at least one source estimating hundreds of thousands of such crimes. Many of these regulatory crimes are “strict liability” offenses, meaning that citizens need not have a guilty mental state to be convicted of a crime.

This status quo is absurd and unjust. It allows the executive branch to write the law, in addition to executing it. That situation can lend itself to abuse and weaponization by providing Government officials tools to target unwitting individuals. It privileges large corporations, which can afford to hire expensive legal teams to navigate complex regulatory schemes and fence out new market entrants, over average Americans.

The purpose of this order is to ease the regulatory burden on everyday Americans and ensure no American is transformed into a criminal for violating a regulation they have no reason to know exists.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that:

- (a) Criminal enforcement of criminal regulatory offenses is disfavored.
- (b) Prosecution of criminal regulatory offenses is most appropriate for persons who know or can be presumed to know what is prohibited or required by the regulation and willingly choose not to comply, thereby causing or risking substantial public harm. Prosecutions of criminal regulatory offenses should focus on matters where a putative defendant is alleged to have known his conduct was unlawful.
- (c) Strict liability offenses are “generally disfavored.” *United States v. United States Gypsum, Co.*, 438 U.S. 422, 438 (1978). Where enforcement is appropriate, agencies should consider civil rather than criminal enforcement of strict liability regulatory offenses or, if appropriate and consistent with due process and the right to jury trial, see *Jarkesy v. Securities and Exchange Commission*, 603 U.S. 109 (2024), administrative enforcement.

(d) Agencies promulgating regulations potentially subject to criminal enforcement should explicitly describe the conduct subject to criminal enforcement, the authorizing statutes, and the mens rea standard applicable to those offenses.

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

- (a) “Agency” has the meaning given to “Executive agency” in section 105 of title 5, United States Code;
- (b) “Criminal regulatory offense” means a Federal regulation that is enforceable by a criminal penalty; and
- (c) “Mens rea” means the state of mind that by law must be proven to convict a particular defendant of a particular crime.

**Sec. 4. Report on Criminal Regulatory Offenses.** (a) Within 365 days of the date of this order, the head of each agency, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall provide to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a report containing:

- (i) a list of all criminal regulatory offenses enforceable by the agency or the Department of Justice; and
- (ii) for each criminal regulatory offense identified in subsection (a)(i) of this section, the range of potential criminal penalties for a violation and the applicable mens rea standard for the criminal regulatory offense.
- (b) At the same time the head of each agency provides to the Director of OMB the report required by subsection (a) of this section, the agency head shall publicly post the report on its agency webpage.
- (c) The head of each agency shall periodically, but not less than once a year, update the report described in subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Criminal enforcement of any criminal regulatory offense not identified in the report described in subsection (a) of this section is strongly discouraged. The head of each agency shall consider whether a criminal regulatory offense is included in an agency's public report when considering whether to make a criminal referral to the Department of Justice or, where applicable, to the agency's Inspector General. Further, the Attorney General shall consider whether a criminal regulatory offense is included in an agency's public report before initiating an investigation or initiating criminal proceedings for violating regulatory standards.

**Sec. 5. Promoting Regulatory Transparency.** (a) Following issuance of this order, all future notices of proposed rulemaking (NPRMs) and final rules published in the *Federal Register*, the violation of which may constitute criminal regulatory offenses, should include a statement identifying that the rule or proposed rule is a criminal regulatory offense and the authorizing statute. Agencies should draft this statement in consultation with the Department of Justice.

(b) The regulatory text of all NPRMs and final rules with criminal consequences published in the *Federal Register* after the date of this order should explicitly state a mens rea requirement for each element of a criminal regulatory offense, accompanied by citations to the relevant provisions of the authorizing statute.

(c) Strict liability criminal regulatory offenses are disfavored. Any proposed or final criminal regulatory offense that includes a strict liability mens rea for the offense shall be treated as a "significant regulatory action" and submitted to the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs for the review applicable to significant regulatory actions under Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993 (Regulatory Planning and Review), or any successor process.

**Sec. 6. Default Mens Rea for Criminal Regulatory Offenses.** (a) The head of each agency, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall examine the agency's statutory authorities and determine whether there is authority to adopt a background mens rea standard for criminal regulatory offenses that applies unless a specific regulation states an alternative mens rea.

(b) Within 30 days of the submission of the report described in section 4(a) of this order, the head of each agency, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall submit a report to the Director of OMB summarizing the information submitted under section 4(a) of this order and assessing whether the applicable mens rea standards for criminal regulatory offenses enforced by the agency are appropriate. If consistent with the statutory authorities identified pursuant to the review described in subsection (a) of this section, the report should present a plan for changing the applicable mens rea standards and adopting a generally applicable background mens rea standard, and provide a justification for each criminal regulatory offense for which the agency proposes to deviate from its default mens rea standard.

**Sec. 7. Agency Referrals for Potential Criminal Enforcement.** Within 45 days of the date of this order, and in consultation with the Attorney General,

each agency should publish guidance in the *Federal Register* describing its plan to address criminally liable regulatory offenses. Each agency's guidance should make clear that when the agency is deciding whether to refer alleged violations of criminal regulatory offenses to the Department of Justice, the agency should consider factors such as:

- (a) the harm or risk of harm, pecuniary or otherwise, caused by the alleged offense;
- (b) the potential gain to the putative defendant that could result from the offense;
- (c) whether the putative defendant held specialized knowledge, expertise, or was licensed in an industry related to the rule or regulation at issue; and
- (d) evidence, if any is available, of the putative defendant's general awareness of the unlawfulness of his conduct as well as his knowledge or lack thereof of the regulation at issue.

**Sec. 8. Effect on Immigration Enforcement and National Security Functions.** Nothing in this order shall apply to the enforcement of the immigration laws or regulations promulgated to implement such laws, nor shall it apply to the enforcement of laws or regulations related to national security or defense.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN JR.", is written over a series of vertical lines.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
May 9, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14293 of May 5, 2025

#### Regulatory Relief To Promote Domestic Production of Critical Medicines

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** During my first term, my Administration took unprecedented action to improve the well-being of the American people by restoring capacity for domestic production of critical pharmaceutical products. Notably, in Executive Order 13944 of August 6, 2020 (Combating Public Health Emergencies and Strengthening National Security By Ensuring Essential Medicines, Medical Countermeasures, and Critical Inputs Are Made In The United States), I directed each executive department and agency involved in the procurement of Essential Medicines, Medical Countermeasures, and Critical Inputs to take a variety of actions to increase their domestic procurement of Essential Medicines, Medical Countermeasures, and Critical Inputs, as defined in section 7 of that order, and to identify vulnerabilities in our Nation's supply chains for these products. Unfortunately, the prior administration did too little to advance these goals. Critical barriers and information gaps persist in establishing a domestic, resilient, and affordable pharmaceutical supply chain for American patients.

One key area of concern is the length of time it takes to build pharmaceutical manufacturing facilities in the United States today. New construction must navigate myriad Federal, State, and local requirements ranging from building standards and zoning restrictions to environmental protocols that together diminish the certainty needed to generate investment for large manufacturing projects. For pharmaceutical manufacturing, these barriers are heightened by unannounced inspections of domestic manufacturers by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), which are more frequent than such inspections at international facilities. Industry estimates suggest that building new manufacturing capacity for pharmaceuticals and critical inputs may take as long as 5 to 10 years, which is unacceptable from a national security standpoint. Even expanding existing capacity or modifying existing production lines to produce new or different products requires extensive permitting and regulatory approval, making it more difficult to repurpose existing underutilized pharmaceutical manufacturing capacity available domestically.

It is in the best interest of the Nation to eliminate regulatory barriers to the domestic production of the medicines Americans need. My Administration will work to make the United States the most competitive nation in the world for the manufacture of safe and effective pharmaceutical products.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that the regulation of manufacturing pharmaceutical products and inputs be streamlined to facilitate the restoration of a robust domestic pharmaceutical manufacturing base.

**Sec. 3. Streamlining Review of Domestic Pharmaceutical Manufacturing by the Food and Drug Administration.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (FDA Commissioner), shall review existing regulations and guidance that pertain to the development of domestic pharmaceutical manufacturing and shall take steps to eliminate any duplicative or unnecessary requirements in such regulations and guidance; maximize

the timeliness and predictability of agency review; and streamline and accelerate the development of domestic pharmaceutical manufacturing. The FDA Commissioner's review shall encompass all regulations and guidance that apply to the inspection and approval of new and expanded manufacturing capacity, emerging technologies that enable the manufacturing of pharmaceutical products, active pharmaceutical ingredients, key starting materials, and associated raw materials in the United States. The FDA Commissioner shall:

- (a) evaluate the current risk-based approach to prior approval of licensure inspections, including when such inspections are necessary, and seek to improve upon this approach to ensure all required inspections are prompt, efficient, and limited to what is necessary to ensure compliance with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and other Federal law;
- (b) identify and undertake measures necessary to expand, as practicable, existing programs that provide early technical advice before a facility is operational;
- (c) identify and undertake measures necessary to improve enforcement of data reporting under section 510(j)(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360(j)(3)), including consideration of publicly displaying the list of facilities, including foreign facilities, that are not in compliance;
- (d) provide clearer guidance regarding the requirements or recommendations for site changes, including moving production from a foreign to domestic facility, and validation of new or updated components necessary in manufacturing; and
- (e) review and, as appropriate, seek to update any other relevant compliance policies, guidance documents, and regulations.

**Sec. 4. Enhancing Inspection of Foreign Manufacturing Facilities.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the FDA Commissioner shall develop and advance improvements to the risk-based inspection regime that ensures routine reviews of overseas manufacturing facilities involved in the supply of United States medicines, which shall be funded by increased fees on foreign manufacturing facilities to the extent consistent with applicable law. Additionally, the FDA Commissioner shall publicly disclose the annual number of inspections that the FDA conducts on such foreign facilities, with specific detail by country and by manufacturer.

**Sec. 5. Streamlining Review of Domestic Pharmaceutical Manufacturing by the Environmental Protection Agency.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall take action to update regulations and guidance that apply to the inspection and approval of new and expanded manufacturing capacity of pharmaceutical products, active pharmaceutical ingredients, key starting materials, and associated raw materials in the United States to eliminate any duplicative or unnecessary requirements and maximize the timeliness and predictability of agency review.

**Sec. 6. Centralized Coordination of Environmental Permits to Expand Domestic Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Capacity.** For purposes of 42 U.S.C. 4336a, the EPA shall be the lead agency for the permitting of pharmaceutical manufacturing facilities that require preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*, unless that role is assumed by another agency. The lead agency shall designate a single point of contact within the agency to coordinate with permit applicants. The Office of Management and Budget shall coordinate with the lead agency and with other relevant agencies and the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Committee, as needed, to expedite the review and approval of relevant permits.

**Sec. 7. Streamlining Review of Domestic Pharmaceutical Manufacturing by the United States Army Corps of Engineers.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary

of the Army for Civil Works, shall review the nationwide permits issued under section 404 of the Clean Water Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1344) and section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Appropriation Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403) to determine whether an activity-specific nationwide permit is needed to facilitate the efficient permitting of pharmaceutical manufacturing facilities.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

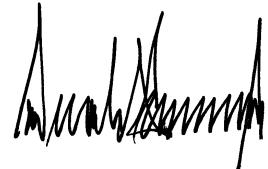
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide funding for publication of this order in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
May 5, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14292 of May 5, 2025

### Improving the Safety and Security of Biological Research

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Dangerous gain-of-function research on biological agents and pathogens has the potential to significantly endanger the lives of American citizens. If left unrestricted, its effects can include widespread mortality, an impaired public health system, disrupted American livelihoods, and diminished economic and national security.

The Biden Administration allowed dangerous gain-of-function research within in the United States with insufficient levels of oversight. It also actively approved, through the National Institutes of Health, Federal life-science research funding in China and other countries where there is limited United States oversight or reasonable expectation of biosafety enforcement.

This recklessness, if unaddressed, may lead to the proliferation of research on pathogens (and potential pathogens) in settings without adequate safeguards, even after COVID-19 revealed the risk of such practices.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure that United States federally funded research benefits American citizens without jeopardizing our Nation's security, strength, or prosperity. My Administration will balance the prevention of catastrophic consequences with maintaining readiness against biological threats and driving global leadership in biotechnology, biological countermeasures, biosecurity, and health research.

**Sec. 3. Stop Dangerous Gain-of-Function Research.** (a) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP), in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs (APNSA), and in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the heads of other relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies) identified by the Director of OSTP, shall establish guidance for the heads of relevant agencies, to the extent consistent with the terms and conditions of the funding, to immediately:

(i) end Federal funding of dangerous gain-of-function research conducted by foreign entities in countries of concern (e.g., China) pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 6627(c), or in other countries where there is not adequate oversight to ensure that the countries are compliant with United States oversight standards and policies; and

(ii) end Federal funding of other life-science research that is occurring in countries of concern or foreign countries where there is not adequate oversight to ensure that the countries are compliant with United States oversight standards and policies and that could reasonably pose a threat to public health, public safety, and economic or national security, as determined by the heads of relevant agencies.

(b) The Director of OSTP, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the APNSA, and in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the heads of other relevant agencies, shall establish guidance for the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the heads of other relevant agencies with respect to suspension of federally funded dangerous gain-of-function research, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the relevant research funding, at least until the

completion of the policy called for in section 4(a) of this order. Heads of agencies shall report any exception to a suspension to the Director of OSTP for review in consultation with the APNSA and the heads of relevant agencies.

**Sec. 4. Secure Future Research Through Commonsense Frameworks.** (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Director of OSTP, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 6627 and in coordination with the APNSA and the heads of relevant agencies, shall revise or replace the 2024 “*United States Government Policy for Oversight of Dual Use Research of Concern and Pathogens with Enhanced Pandemic Potential*” to:

- (i) strengthen top-down independent oversight; increase accountability through enforcement, audits, and improved public transparency; and clearly define the scope of covered research while ensuring the United States remains the global leader in biotechnology, biological countermeasures, and health research;
- (ii) incorporate enforcement mechanisms, including those described in section 7 of this order, into Federal funding agreements to ensure compliance with all Federal policies governing dangerous gain-of-function research; and
- (iii) provide for review and revision at least every 4 years, or as appropriate.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Director of OSTP, in coordination with the APNSA and the heads of relevant agencies, shall revise or replace the 2024 “*Framework for Nucleic Acid Synthesis Screening*” (Framework) to ensure it takes a commonsense approach and effectively encourages providers of synthetic nucleic acid sequences to implement comprehensive, scalable, and verifiable synthetic nucleic acid procurement screening mechanisms to minimize the risk of misuse. The heads of all agencies that fund life-science research shall ensure that synthetic nucleic acid procurement is conducted through providers or manufacturers that adhere to the updated Framework. To ensure compliance, the updated Framework shall incorporate the enforcement mechanisms described in section 7 of this order. The Framework shall be reviewed and revised at least every 4 years, or as appropriate.

**Sec. 5. Manage Risks Associated with Non-federally Funded Research.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Director of OSTP, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the APNSA, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, and the heads of other relevant agencies, shall develop and implement a strategy to govern, limit, and track dangerous gain-of-function research across the United States that occurs without Federal funding and other life-science research that could cause significant societal consequences. This strategy shall include actions to achieve comprehensive, scalable, and verifiable nucleic acid synthesis screening in non-federally funded settings. Any gaps in authorities necessary to achieve the goals of this strategy shall be addressed in a legislative proposal to be sent to the President, through the Director of OSTP and the APNSA, within 180 days of the date of this order.

**Sec. 6. Increase Accountability and Public Transparency of Dangerous Gain-of-Function Research.** The Director of OSTP, in coordination with the APNSA and the heads of relevant agencies, shall ensure that the revised policy called for in section 4(a) of this order includes a mechanism whereby research institutions that receive Federal funding must report dangerous gain-of-function research, and to the maximum extent permitted by law, include research that is supported by non-Federal funding mechanisms. The reporting mechanism shall provide a publicly available source of information about research programs and awards identified pursuant to this section, including, where permitted by law, those that have been stopped or suspended pursuant to sections 3(a) and 3(b) of this order, and all future programs and awards that are covered by the updated policy developed in section 4(a) of this order. This reporting shall be conducted in a way that does not compromise

national security or legitimate intellectual property interests of subject institutions.

**Sec. 7. Future Enforcement Terms.** The Secretary of Health and Human Services and the heads of other relevant agencies shall, consistent with existing laws and regulations, include in every life-science research contract or grant award:

(a) a term requiring the contractual counterparty or grant recipient to agree that its compliance in all respects with the terms of this order and any applicable regulations promulgated by the contracting or grant-offering agency is material to the Government's payment decisions for purposes of 31 U.S.C. 3729(b)(4);

(b) a term requiring such counterparty or recipient to certify that it does not operate, participate in, or fund any dangerous gain-of-function research or other life-science research in foreign countries that could cause significant societal consequences or generate unnecessary national security risks, and that does not comply with this order and the policies ordered herein;

(c) a term stating that a violation of the terms of this order or any applicable regulations promulgated by the contracting or grant-offering agency by any grant recipient may be considered a violation of such term by the recipient's employer or institution; and

(d) a term stating that any grant recipient, employer, or institution found to be in violation of the terms of this order or any applicable regulations promulgated by the contracting or grant-making agency may be subject to immediate revocation of ongoing Federal funding, and up to a 5-year period of ineligibility for Federal life-sciences grant funds offered by the Department of Health and Human Services and other relevant agencies.

**Sec. 8. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order, "dangerous gain-of-function research" means scientific research on an infectious agent or toxin with the potential to cause disease by enhancing its pathogenicity or increasing its transmissibility. Covered research activities are those that could result in significant societal consequences and that seek or achieve one or more of the following outcomes:

(a) enhancing the harmful consequences of the agent or toxin;

(b) disrupting beneficial immunological response or the effectiveness of an immunization against the agent or toxin;

(c) conferring to the agent or toxin resistance to clinically or agriculturally useful prophylactic or therapeutic interventions against that agent or toxin or facilitating their ability to evade detection methodologies;

(d) increasing the stability, transmissibility, or the ability to disseminate the agent or toxin;

(e) altering the host range or tropism of the agent or toxin;

(f) enhancing the susceptibility of a human host population to the agent or toxin; or

(g) generating or reconstituting an eradicated or extinct agent or toxin.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

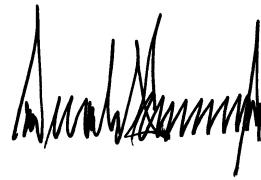
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide funding for this order's publication in the *Federal Register*.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*May 5, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-08266  
Filed 5-7-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 4150-28-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14291 of May 1, 2025

#### Establishment of the Religious Liberty Commission

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** It shall be the policy of the executive branch to vigorously enforce the historic and robust protections for religious liberty enshrined in Federal law. The Founders envisioned a Nation in which religious voices and views are integral to a vibrant public square and human flourishing and in which religious people and institutions are free to practice their faith without fear of discrimination or hostility from the Government. Indeed, the roots of religious liberty stretch back to the early settlers who fled religious persecution in Europe, seeking a new world where they could choose, follow, and practice their faith without interference from the Government. The principle of religious liberty was enshrined in American law with the First Amendment to the Constitution in 1791. Since that time, the Constitution has protected the fundamental right to religious liberty as Americans' first freedom.

During my first term, I issued Executive Order 13798 of May 4, 2017 (Promoting Free Speech and Religious Liberty). Pursuant to that order, the Attorney General issued a memorandum for all executive departments and agencies (agencies) titled "Federal Law Protections for Religious Liberty" on October 6, 2017. The Supreme Court has also continued to vindicate the Founders' commitment to religious liberty, including by giving effect to the principle that religious voices should be welcomed on an equal basis in the public square.

In recent years, some Federal, State, and local policies have threatened America's unique and beautiful tradition of religious liberty. These policies attempt to infringe upon longstanding conscience protections, prevent parents from sending their children to religious schools, threaten loss of funding or denial of non-profit tax status for faith-based entities, and single out religious groups and institutions for exclusion from governmental programs. Some opponents of religious liberty would remove religion entirely from public life. Others characterize religious liberty as inconsistent with civil rights, despite religions' vital roles in the abolition of slavery; the passage of Federal civil rights laws; and the provision of indispensable social, educational, and health services.

President Ronald Reagan reminded us that "freedom is never more than one generation away from extinction." Americans need to be reacquainted with our Nation's superb experiment in religious freedom in order to preserve it against emerging threats. Therefore, the Federal Government will promote citizens' pride in our foundational history, identify emerging threats to religious liberty, uphold Federal laws that protect all citizens' full participation in a pluralistic democracy, and protect the free exercise of religion.

**Sec. 2. Establishment of the Religious Liberty Commission.** (a) There is hereby established the Religious Liberty Commission (Commission).

(b) The Commission shall function as follows:

(i) The Commission shall be composed of up to 14 members appointed by the President. Members of the Commission shall include individuals chosen to serve as educated representatives of various sectors of society, including the private sector, employers, educational institutions, religious communities, and States, to offer diverse perspectives on how the Federal

Government can defend religious liberty for all Americans. The President shall designate a Chairman and Vice Chairman from among the members. The Commission shall also include the following ex officio members or such senior officials as those members may designate:

(A) the Attorney General;

(B) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development; and

(C) the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy.

(ii) Members appointed to the Commission shall serve one term ending on July 4, 2026, which marks the 250th anniversary of American Independence. If the term of the Commission is extended by the President beyond July 4, 2026, members shall be eligible for reappointment for a 2-year term. Members may continue to serve after the expiration of their terms until the appointment of a successor.

(iii) The Commission shall produce a comprehensive report on the foundations of religious liberty in America, the impact of religious liberty on American society, current threats to domestic religious liberty, strategies to preserve and enhance religious liberty protections for future generations, and programs to increase awareness of and celebrate America's peaceful religious pluralism. Specific topics to be considered by the Commission under these categories shall include the following areas: the First Amendment rights of pastors, religious leaders, houses of worship, faith-based institutions, and religious speakers; attacks across America on houses of worship of many religions; debanking of religious entities; the First Amendment rights of teachers, students, military chaplains, service members, employers, and employees; conscience protections in the health care field and concerning vaccine mandates; parents' authority to direct the care, upbringing, and education of their children, including the right to choose a religious education; permitting time for voluntary prayer and religious instruction at public schools; Government displays with religious imagery; and the right of all Americans to freely exercise their faith without fear or Government censorship or retaliation.

(iv) The Commission shall advise the White House Faith Office and the Domestic Policy Council on religious liberty policies of the United States. Specific activities of the Commission shall include, to the extent permitted by law, recommending steps to secure domestic religious liberty by executive or legislative actions as well as identifying opportunities for the White House Faith Office to partner with the Ambassador at Large for International Religious Freedom to further the cause of religious liberty around the world.

(v) Members of the Commission shall serve without any compensation for their work on the Commission. Members of the Commission, while engaged in the work of the Commission, may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, to the extent permitted by law for persons serving intermittently in Government service (5 U.S.C. 5701–5707), consistent with the availability of funds.

(vi) To advise members of the Commission:

(A) An Advisory Board of Religious Leaders shall be designated by the President and shall consist of not more than 15 members. The Advisory Board of Religious Leaders shall be a subcomponent of the Commission and report to the Chairman of the Commission;

(B) An Advisory Board of Lay Leaders from religious congregations shall be designated by the President and shall consist of not more than 15 members. The Advisory Board of Lay Leaders shall be a subcomponent of the Commission and report to the Chairman of the Commission; and

(C) An Advisory Board of Legal Experts shall be designated by the President and shall consist of the Attorney General, or the Attorney General's designee, and not more than 10 attorneys. The Advisory Board

of Legal Experts shall be a subcomponent of the Commission and report to the Chairman of the Commission.

(vii) The Commission shall terminate on July 4, 2026, which marks the 250th anniversary of American Independence, unless extended by the President.

(viii) The Department of Justice shall provide such funding and administrative and technical support as the Commission may require, to the extent permitted by law and as authorized by existing appropriations.

(ix) Insofar as the Federal Advisory Committee Act (chapter 10 of title 5, United States Code) may apply to the Commission or any of its Advisory Boards, any functions of the President under that Act, except for those in sections 1005 and 1013 of that Act, shall be performed by the Attorney General, in accordance with the guidelines and procedures established by the Administrator of General Services.

**Sec. 3. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any agency, person, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other agencies, persons, or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

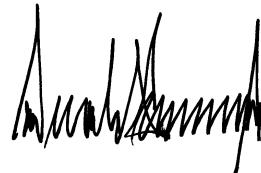
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
May 1, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14290 of May 1, 2025

### Ending Taxpayer Subsidization of Biased Media

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** National Public Radio (NPR) and the Public Broadcasting Service (PBS) receive taxpayer funds through the Corporation for Public Broadcasting (CPB). Unlike in 1967, when the CPB was established, today the media landscape is filled with abundant, diverse, and innovative news options. Government funding of news media in this environment is not only outdated and unnecessary but corrosive to the appearance of journalistic independence.

At the very least, Americans have the right to expect that if their tax dollars fund public broadcasting at all, they fund only fair, accurate, unbiased, and nonpartisan news coverage. No media outlet has a constitutional right to taxpayer subsidies, and the Government is entitled to determine which categories of activities to subsidize. The CPB's governing statute reflects principles of impartiality: the CPB may not "contribute to or otherwise support any political party." 47 U.S.C. 396(f)(3); *see also id.* 396(e)(2).

The CPB fails to abide by these principles to the extent it subsidizes NPR and PBS. Which viewpoints NPR and PBS promote does not matter. What does matter is that neither entity presents a fair, accurate, or unbiased portrayal of current events to taxpaying citizens.

I therefore instruct the CPB Board of Directors (CPB Board) and all executive departments and agencies (agencies) to cease Federal funding for NPR and PBS.

**Sec. 2. Instructions to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting.** (a) The CPB Board shall cease direct funding to NPR and PBS, consistent with my Administration's policy to ensure that Federal funding does not support biased and partisan news coverage. The CPB Board shall cancel existing direct funding to the maximum extent allowed by law and shall decline to provide future funding.

(b) The CPB Board shall cease indirect funding to NPR and PBS, including by ensuring that licensees and permittees of public radio and television stations, as well as any other recipients of CPB funds, do not use Federal funds for NPR and PBS. To effectuate this directive, the CPB Board shall, before June 30, 2025, revise the 2025 Television Community Service Grants General Provisions and Eligibility Criteria and the 2025 Radio Community Service Grants General Provisions and Eligibility Criteria to prohibit direct or indirect funding of NPR and PBS. To the extent permitted by the 2024 Television Community Service Grants General Provisions and Eligibility Criteria, the 2024 Radio Community Service Grants General Provisions and Eligibility Criteria, and applicable law, the CPB Board shall also prohibit parties subject to these provisions from funding NPR or PBS after the date of this order. In addition, the CPB Board shall take all other necessary steps to minimize or eliminate its indirect funding of NPR and PBS.

**Sec. 3. Instructions to Other Agencies.** (a) The heads of all agencies shall identify and terminate, to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law, any direct or indirect funding of NPR and PBS.

(b) After taking the actions specified in subsection (a) of this section, the heads of all agencies shall identify any remaining grants, contracts,

or other funding instruments entered into with NPR or PBS and shall determine whether NPR and PBS are in compliance with the terms of those instruments. In the event of a finding of noncompliance, the head of the relevant agency shall take appropriate steps under the terms of the instrument.

(c) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall determine whether “the Public Broadcasting Service and National Public Radio (or any successor organization)” are complying with the statutory mandate that “no person shall be subjected to discrimination in employment . . . on the grounds of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex.” 47 U.S.C. 397(15), 398(b). In the event of a finding of noncompliance, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall take appropriate corrective action.

**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any agency, person, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other agencies, persons, or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

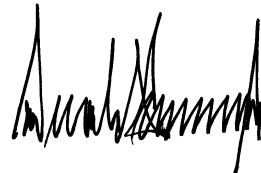
**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
May 1, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14289 of April 29, 2025

### Addressing Certain Tariffs on Imported Articles

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States has imposed tariffs under various statutory authorities and through a number of Executive Orders and proclamations to protect national security and address unusual and extraordinary threats to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. Although each of these actions, as listed in section 2 of this order, serves separate and distinct policy purposes, I have now determined that, to the extent these tariffs apply to the same article, these tariffs should not all have a cumulative effect (or “stack” on top of one another) because the rate of duty resulting from such stacking exceeds what is necessary to achieve the intended policy goals. To avoid the cumulative effect of overlapping tariffs on certain articles, this order sets out the procedure for determining which of multiple tariffs shall apply to an article when that article is subject to more than one of the actions listed in section 2 of this order.

**Sec. 2. Applicability.** This order shall apply only to the administration of tariffs imposed through the following actions and subsequent amendments to those tariffs:

(a) Proclamation 10908 of March 26, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Automobiles and Automobile Parts Into the United States);

(b) Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14197 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Northern Border), Executive Order 14226 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), and Executive Order 14231 of March 6, 2025 (Amendment to Duties to Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border);

(c) Executive Order 14194 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14198 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Southern Border), Executive Order 14227 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), and Executive Order 14232 of March 6, 2025 (Amendment to Duties to Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Southern Border);

(d) Proclamation 9704 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Aluminum Into the United States), as amended by Proclamation 9980 of January 24, 2020 (Adjusting Imports of Derivative Aluminum Articles and Derivative Steel Articles Into the United States), and Proclamation 10895 of February 10, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Aluminum Into the United States); and

(e) Proclamation 9705 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Steel Into the United States), as amended by Proclamation 9980 of January 24, 2020 (Adjusting Imports of Derivative Aluminum Articles and Derivative Steel

Articles Into the United States), and Proclamation 10896 of February 10, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Steel Into the United States).

**Sec. 3. Non-Stacking of Tariff Measures.** (a) Notwithstanding any provision of any action listed in section 2 of this order, tariffs for articles subject to tariffs under the actions listed in section 2 of this order shall apply as follows:

(i) An article subject to tariffs pursuant to the action listed in section 2(b)(a) of this order shall not be subject to additional tariffs on that article pursuant to the actions listed in sections 2(b) through 2(e) of this order.

(ii) An article subject to tariffs pursuant to the actions listed in section 2(b) or 2(c) of this order shall not be subject to additional tariffs on that article pursuant to the actions listed in section 2(d) or 2(e) of this order.

(iii) An article subject to tariffs pursuant to the actions listed in section 2(d) of this order shall be subject to additional tariffs on that article pursuant to the actions listed in section 2(e) of this order, provided the article otherwise satisfies all conditions necessary for application of those additional tariffs; likewise, an article subject to tariffs pursuant to the actions listed in section 2(e) of this order shall be subject to additional tariffs on that article pursuant to the actions listed in section 2(d) of this order, provided the article otherwise satisfies all conditions necessary for application of those additional tariffs.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall not be construed to diminish the validity of any action listed in section 2 of this order. Each action listed in section 2 of this order remains independently valid and enforceable, except that the duty rates provided by these actions shall not be cumulative when the conditions outlined in subsection (a) of this section are met.

(c) If an imported article is subject to both a tariff imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and one or more tariffs imposed pursuant to an action or actions not listed in section 2 of this order, then the tariff imposed on the article pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be cumulative with the tariff or tariffs imposed pursuant to the action or actions not listed in section 2 of this order.

**Sec. 4. Non-applicability to Other Tariff Measures.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be interpreted to alter or limit the application of any duties, taxes, fees, or exactions other than those imposed pursuant to the actions listed in section 2 of this order.

(b) Accordingly, an article that is subject to duties pursuant to an action listed in section 2 of this order may still be subject to other applicable duties, taxes, fees, exactions, and charges, such as, but not limited to, those set forth in column 1 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS); duties imposed pursuant to section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended; duties imposed pursuant to Executive Order 14195 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), as amended; and anti-dumping and countervailing duties.

**Sec. 5. Implementation.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall take all necessary steps to update guidance, systems, and enforcement mechanisms, including to revise, suspend, or rescind any regulations that may be inconsistent with this order, to reflect the policy set forth in this order.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury and the United States Trade Representative, shall provide additional guidance as necessary to ensure consistent interpretation and application of the policy set forth in this order.

(c) The Secretary of Homeland Security is authorized to determine whether changes to the HTSUS are necessary and to coordinate with the Chair

of the United States International Trade Commission to implement all necessary changes to execute this order.

(d) Any changes to the HTSUS necessary to comply with this order shall be made not later than 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 16, 2025. This order shall apply retroactively to all entries of merchandise subject to any applicable tariffs outlined in section 2 of this order and made on or after March 4, 2025. Any refunds will be processed pursuant to applicable laws and U.S. Customs and Border Protection's standard procedures for such refunds.

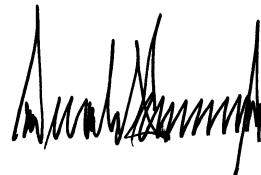
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 29, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14288 of April 28, 2025

### Strengthening and Unleashing America's Law Enforcement To Pursue Criminals and Protect Innocent Citizens

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Safe communities rely on the backbone and heroism of a tough and well-equipped police force. My Administration is steadfastly committed to empowering State and local law enforcement to firmly police dangerous criminal behavior and protect innocent citizens.

When local leaders demonize law enforcement and impose legal and political handcuffs that make aggressively enforcing the law impossible, crime thrives and innocent citizens and small business owners suffer. My Administration will therefore: establish best practices at the State and local level for cities to unleash high-impact local police forces; protect and defend law enforcement officers wrongly accused and abused by State or local officials; and surge resources to officers in need. My Administration will work to ensure that law enforcement officers across America focus on ending crime, not pursuing harmful, illegal race- and sex-based "equity" policies.

The result will be a law-abiding society in which tenacious law enforcement officers protect the innocent, violations of law are not tolerated, and American communities are safely enjoyed by all their citizens again.

**Sec. 2. Legal Defense of Law Enforcement Officers.** The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to create a mechanism to provide legal resources and indemnification to law enforcement officers who unjustly incur expenses and liabilities for actions taken during the performance of their official duties to enforce the law. This mechanism shall include the use of private-sector pro bono assistance for such law enforcement officers.

**Sec. 3. Empowering State and Local Law Enforcement.** (a) The Attorney General and other appropriate heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall take all appropriate action to maximize the use of Federal resources to:

- (i) provide new best practices to State and local law enforcement to aggressively police communities against all crimes;
- (ii) expand access and improve the quality of training available to State and local law enforcement;
- (iii) increase pay and benefits for law enforcement officers;
- (iv) strengthen and expand legal protections for law enforcement officers;
- (v) seek enhanced sentences for crimes against law enforcement officers;
- (vi) promote investment in the security and capacity of prisons; and
- (vii) increase the investment in and collection, distribution, and uniformity of crime data across jurisdictions.

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General shall review all ongoing Federal consent decrees, out-of-court agreements, and post-judgment orders to which a State or local law enforcement agency is a party and modify, rescind, or move to conclude such measures that unduly impede the performance of law enforcement functions.

**Sec. 4. Using National Security Assets for Law and Order.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General and the Secretary

of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security and the heads of agencies as appropriate, shall increase the provision of excess military and national security assets in local jurisdictions to assist State and local law enforcement.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall determine how military and national security assets, training, non-lethal capabilities, and personnel can most effectively be utilized to prevent crime.

**Sec. 5. Holding State and Local Officials Accountable.** The Attorney General shall pursue all necessary legal remedies and enforcement measures to enforce the rights of Americans impacted by crime and shall prioritize prosecution of any applicable violations of Federal criminal law with respect to State and local jurisdictions whose officials:

(a) willfully and unlawfully direct the obstruction of criminal law, including by directly and unlawfully prohibiting law enforcement officers from carrying out duties necessary for public safety and law enforcement; or

(b) unlawfully engage in discrimination or civil-rights violations under the guise of “diversity, equity, and inclusion” initiatives that restrict law enforcement activity or endanger citizens.

**Sec. 6. Use of Homeland Security Task Forces.** The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall utilize the Homeland Security Task Forces (HSTFs) formed in accordance with Executive Order 14159 of January 20, 2025 (Protecting the American People Against Invasion) to coordinate and advance the objectives of this order.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

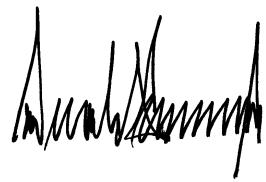
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Justice shall provide funding for this order's publication in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 28, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07790  
Filed 5-1-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 4410-CW-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14287 of April 28, 2025

### Protecting American Communities From Criminal Aliens

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Federal supremacy with respect to immigration, national security, and foreign policy is axiomatic. The Constitution provides the Federal Government with plenary authority regarding immigration to protect the sovereignty of our Nation and to conduct relations with other nations, who must be able to deal with one national Government on such matters. This power is sometimes contained in specific constitutional provisions: Article II of the Constitution vests the power to protect national security and conduct foreign policy in the President of the United States, and Article IV, Section 4, requires the Federal Government to “protect each of [the States] against Invasion.” This Federal power over immigration is also an inherent element of national sovereignty.

The prior administration allowed unchecked millions of aliens to illegally enter the United States. The resulting public safety and national security risks are exacerbated by the presence of, and control of territory by, international cartels and other transnational criminal organizations along the southern border, as well as terrorists and other malign actors who intend to harm the United States and the American people. This invasion at the southern border requires the Federal Government to take measures to fulfill its obligation to the States.

Yet some State and local officials nevertheless continue to use their authority to violate, obstruct, and defy the enforcement of Federal immigration laws. This is a lawless insurrection against the supremacy of Federal law and the Federal Government’s obligation to defend the territorial sovereignty of the United States. Beyond the intolerable national security risks, such nullification efforts often violate Federal criminal laws, including those prohibiting obstruction of justice (18 U.S.C. 1501 *et seq.*), unlawfully harboring or hiring illegal aliens (8 U.S.C. 1324), conspiracy against the United States (18 U.S.C. 371), and conspiracy to impede Federal law enforcement (18 U.S.C. 372). Assisting aliens in violating Federal immigration law could also violate the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (18 U.S.C. 1961 *et seq.*). Some measures to assist illegal aliens also necessarily violate Federal laws prohibiting discrimination against Americans in favor of illegal aliens and protecting Americans’ civil rights.

It is imperative that the Federal Government restore the enforcement of United States law.

**Sec. 2. Designation of “Sanctuary” Jurisdictions.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall publish a list of States and local jurisdictions that obstruct the enforcement of Federal immigration laws (sanctuary jurisdictions). After this initial publication, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall update this list as necessary.

(b) Immediately following each publication under subsection (a) of this section, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall notify each sanctuary jurisdiction regarding its defiance of Federal immigration law enforcement and any potential violations of Federal criminal law.

**Sec. 3. Consequences for Sanctuary Jurisdiction Status.** (a) With respect to sanctuary jurisdictions that are designated under section 2(a) of this

order, the head of each executive department or agency (agency), in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and as permitted by law, shall identify appropriate Federal funds to sanctuary jurisdictions, including grants and contracts, for suspension or termination, as appropriate.

(b) With respect to jurisdictions that remain sanctuary jurisdictions after State or local officials are provided notice of such status under section 2(b) of this order and yet remain in defiance of Federal law, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall pursue all necessary legal remedies and enforcement measures to end these violations and bring such jurisdictions into compliance with the laws of the United States.

**Sec. 4. Preventing Federal Benefits for Aliens in Sanctuary Jurisdictions.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall develop guidance, rules, or other appropriate mechanisms to ensure appropriate eligibility verification is conducted for individuals receiving Federal public benefits within the meaning of 8 U.S.C. 1611(c) from private entities in a sanctuary jurisdiction, whether such verification is conducted by the private entity or by a governmental entity on its behalf.

**Sec. 5. Equal Treatment of Americans.** The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security and appropriate agency heads, shall identify and take appropriate action to stop the enforcement of State and local laws, regulations, policies, and practices favoring aliens over any groups of American citizens that are unlawful, preempted by Federal law, or otherwise unenforceable, including State laws that provide in-State higher education tuition to aliens but not to out-of-State American citizens that may violate 8 U.S.C. 1623 or that favor aliens in criminal charges or sentencing.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

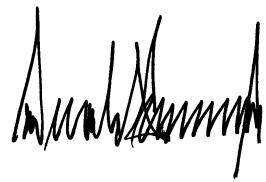
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Justice shall provide funding for this order's publication in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 28, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07789  
Filed 5-1-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 4410-CW-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14286 of April 28, 2025**

## **Enforcing Commonsense Rules of the Road for America's Truck Drivers**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** America's truck drivers are essential to the strength of our economy, the security of our Nation, and the livelihoods of the American people. Every day, truckers perform the demanding and dangerous work of transporting the Nation's goods to businesses, customers, and communities safely, reliably, and efficiently.

Proficiency in English, which I designated as our official national language in Executive Order 14224 of March 1, 2025 (Designating English as the Official Language of the United States), should be a non-negotiable safety requirement for professional drivers. They should be able to read and understand traffic signs, communicate with traffic safety, border patrol, agricultural checkpoints, and cargo weight-limit station officers. Drivers need to provide feedback to their employers and customers and receive related directions in English. This is common sense.

That is why Federal law requires that, to operate a commercial vehicle, a driver must "read and speak the English language sufficiently to converse with the general public, to understand highway traffic signs and signals in the English language, to respond to official inquiries, and to make entries on reports and records." Yet this requirement has not been enforced in years, and America's roadways have become less safe.

My Administration will enforce the law to protect the safety of American truckers, drivers, passengers, and others, including by upholding the safety enforcement regulations that ensure that anyone behind the wheel of a commercial vehicle is properly qualified and proficient in our national language, English.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration to support America's truckers and safeguard our roadways by enforcing the commonsense English-language requirement for commercial motor vehicle drivers and removing needless regulatory burdens that undermine the working conditions of America's truck drivers. This order will help ensure a safe, secure, and efficient motor carrier industry.

**Sec. 3. Upholding English Proficiency Requirements for Commercial Motor Vehicle Operators.** (a) The Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), shall, within 60 days of the date of this order, rescind the guidance document titled, "English Language Proficiency Testing and Enforcement Policy MC-ECE-2016-006," issued on June 15, 2016, and issue new guidance to FMCSA and enforcement personnel outlining revised inspection procedures necessary to ensure compliance with the requirements of 49 CFR 391.11(b)(2).

(b) In carrying out subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Transportation, through the Administrator of the FMCSA, shall take all necessary and appropriate actions, consistent with applicable law, to ensure that the out-of-service criteria are revised such that a violation of the English language proficiency requirement results in the driver being placed out-of-service, including by working with the relevant entities responsible for establishing the out-of-service criteria.

**Sec. 4. Strengthening Commercial Driver's License Security for Safer Commercial Motor Vehicle Operations.** The Secretary of Transportation, through the Administrator of the FMCSA, shall:

(a) review non-domiciled commercial driver's licenses (CDLs) issued by relevant State agencies to identify any unusual patterns or numbers or other irregularities with respect to non-domiciled CDL issuance; and

(b) evaluate and take appropriate actions to improve the effectiveness of current protocols for verifying the authenticity and validity of both domestic and international commercial driving credentials.

**Sec. 5. Supporting America's Truck Drivers.** Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation shall identify and begin carrying out additional administrative, regulatory, or enforcement actions to improve the working conditions of America's truck drivers.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

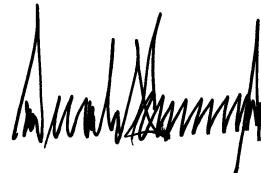
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) The Department of Transportation shall provide funding for this order's publication in the *Federal Register*.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
April 28, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14285 of April 24, 2025

### **Unleashing America's Offshore Critical Minerals and Resources**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** The United States has a core national security and economic interest in maintaining leadership in deep sea science and technology and seabed mineral resources. The United States faces unprecedented economic and national security challenges in securing reliable supplies of critical minerals independent of foreign adversary control. Vast offshore seabed areas hold critical minerals and energy resources. These resources are key to strengthening our economy, securing our energy future, and reducing dependence on foreign suppliers for critical minerals. The United States also controls seabed mineral resources in one of the largest ocean areas of the world. Our Nation can, through the exercise of existing authorities and by establishing international partnerships, access potentially vast resources in seabed polymetallic nodules; other subsea geologic structures; and coastal deposits containing strategic minerals such as nickel, cobalt, copper, manganese, titanium, and rare earth elements, which are vital to our national security and economic prosperity.

Our Nation must take immediate action to accelerate the responsible development of seabed mineral resources, quantify the Nation's endowment of seabed minerals, reinvigorate American leadership in associated extraction and processing technologies, and ensure secure supply chains for our defense, infrastructure, and energy sectors.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to advance United States leadership in seabed mineral development by:

(a) rapidly developing domestic capabilities for the exploration, characterization, collection, and processing of seabed mineral resources through streamlined permitting without compromising environmental and transparency standards;

(b) supporting investment in deep sea science, mapping, and technology;

(c) enhancing coordination among executive departments and agencies (agencies) with respect to seabed mineral development activities described in this order;

(d) establishing the United States as a global leader in responsible seabed mineral exploration, development technologies, and practices, and as a partner for countries developing seabed mineral resources in areas within their national jurisdictions, including their Exclusive Economic Zones (EEZ);

(e) creating a robust domestic supply chain for critical minerals derived from seabed resources to support economic growth, reindustrialization, and military preparedness, including through new processing capabilities; and

(f) strengthening partnerships with allies and industry to counter China's growing influence over seabed mineral resources and to ensure United States companies are well-positioned to support allies and partners interested in developing seabed minerals responsibly in areas within their national jurisdictions, including their EEZs.

**Sec. 3. Strategic Seabed Critical Mineral Access.** Within 60 days of the date of this order:

(a) The Secretary of Commerce shall:

- (i) acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, expedite the process for reviewing and issuing seabed mineral exploration licenses and commercial recovery permits in areas beyond national jurisdiction under the Deep Seabed Hard Mineral Resources Act (30 U.S.C. 1401 *et seq.*), consistent with applicable law. The expedited process, consistent with applicable law, should ensure efficiency, predictability, and competitiveness for American companies;
- (ii) in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Energy, and in consultation with the heads of other relevant agencies, provide a report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council, and the Vice Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council that identifies:

(A) private sector interest and opportunities for seabed mineral resource exploration, mining, and environmental monitoring in the United States Outer Continental Shelf; in areas beyond national jurisdiction; and in areas within the national jurisdictions of certain other nations that express interest in partnering with United States companies on seabed mineral development; and

(B) private sector interest and opportunities for polymetallic nodule and other seabed mineral resource processing capacity in the United States or on United States-flagged vessels; and

(iii) in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Interior, and the heads of other relevant agencies, and in cooperation with commercial and other non-governmental organizations, develop a plan to map priority areas of the seabed, such as those with abundant or accessible undersea resources, in order to accelerate data collection and characterization, prioritizing areas within the United States Outer Continental Shelf.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior shall:

(i) establish an expedited process for reviewing and approving permits for prospecting and granting leases for exploration, development, and production of seabed mineral resources within the United States Outer Continental Shelf under the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.*), consistent with applicable law. The expedited process, consistent with applicable law, should ensure efficiency, predictability, and competitiveness for American companies; and

(ii) identify which critical minerals may be derived from seabed resources and coordinate with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy to indicate which critical minerals are essential for applications such as defense infrastructure, manufacturing, and energy.

(c) The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Energy, shall:

(i) engage with key partners and allies to offer support for seabed mineral resource exploration, extraction, processing, and environmental monitoring in areas within the national jurisdictions of those partners and allies, including by seeking scientific collaboration and commercial development opportunities for United States companies, and by developing a prioritized list of countries for engagement; and

(ii) provide a joint report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council, and the Vice Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council on the feasibility of an international benefit-sharing mechanism for seabed mineral resource extraction and development that occurs in areas beyond the national jurisdiction of any country.

(d) The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall:

(i) provide a report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council, and the Vice Chair

of the National Energy Dominance Council that addresses the feasibility and any potential benefits or drawbacks of using the National Defense Stockpile for physical or virtual storage of materials derived from seabed polymetallic nodules and of entering offtake agreements for these materials;

(ii) in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, review and revise existing regulations, consistent with applicable law, to support domestic processing capabilities for seabed mineral resources, and explore the use of grant and loan authorities, the Defense Production Act (50 U.S.C. 4501 *et seq.*), and other procurement and financing authorities for this purpose; and

(iii) ensure the Strategic and Critical Materials Board of Directors considers seabed mineral resource developments when recommending a strategy for ensuring a secure supply of materials designated as critical to national security to the Secretary of Defense under the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 *et seq.*).

(e) The Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, the President of the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the Director of the Trade and Development Agency, and the heads of other relevant agencies shall provide a joint report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council, and the Vice Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council that identifies tools to support domestic and international seabed mineral resource exploration, extraction, processing, and environmental monitoring.

**Sec. 4. Definitions.** As used in this order:

(a) The term “mineral” means a critical mineral as designated pursuant to 30 U.S.C. 1606(a)(3), as well as uranium, copper, potash, gold, and any other element or compound as determined by the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council.

(b) The term “seabed mineral resources” means polymetallic nodules, cobalt-rich ferromanganese crusts, polymetallic sulfides, heavy mineral sands, phosphorites, and other mineral-bearing materials.

(c) The term “processing” includes the concentration, separation, refinement, alloying, and conversion of minerals into usable forms.

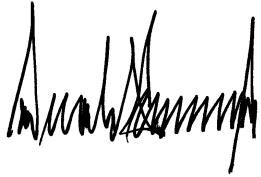
**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 24, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07470  
Filed 4-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14284 of April 24, 2025**

## Strengthening Probationary Periods in the Federal Service

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including sections 3301 and 3302 of title 5, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The American people deserve a Federal workforce that is high-quality, efficient, dedicated to the public interest, and no larger than necessary. Probationary periods (for employees in the competitive service) and trial periods (for employees in the excepted service) have provided a longstanding critical tool to assess the fitness of newly hired Federal employees before finalizing their appointments to Federal service.

The Government Accountability Office has documented, however, that agencies have not been using probationary and trial periods as effectively as they could to remove appointees whose continued employment is not in the public interest. As a result of this failure to remove poor performers, agencies have often retained and given tenure to underperforming employees who should have been screened out during their probationary period.

Conditions of good administration require that agency approval should be required before probationary employees become tenured Federal employees. As the Merit Systems Protection Board recommended in its 2005 report *The Probationary Period: A Critical Assessment Opportunity*, there should be “procedures so that a probationer does not automatically become an employee in the absence of agency action.” And in the absence of agency certification that the probationer will be an asset to the Government, “the probationer’s employment should automatically terminate upon the expiration of the probationary period.” This order directs this commonsense change.

Further, the regulations at subpart H of part 315 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, which purport to limit agency action with respect to employees serving a probationary period, are not statutorily required, place undue burdens on agencies in terminating probationary employees, and deter managers from undertaking that effort.

To ensure that agencies make better use of probationary and trial periods, this order issues a new Civil Service Rule XI that will supersede subpart H. Under Civil Service Rule XI, agencies will have to affirmatively determine that the continued employment of individuals serving probationary or trial periods would benefit the Federal service before such appointments are finalized.

**Sec. 2. Repeal of Civil Service Rule 2.4.** Civil Service Rule II is amended by removing section 2.4 of part 2 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations.

**Sec. 3. Civil Service Rule XI.** A new Civil Service Rule XI is added following Civil Service Rule X, to read as follows:

### **“PART 11—PROBATIONARY AND TRIAL PERIODS (RULE XI)**

Sec.

11.1 Scope

11.2 Probationary Period; When Required

11.3 Trial Period; When Required

11.4 Crediting Service

11.5 Completion of Probationary or Trial Period

## 11.6 Appeals

### § 11.1 Scope

This rule applies to probationary periods in the competitive service and trial periods in the excepted service, except where provided otherwise by statute. It has no application to probationary periods in the Senior Executive Service.

### § 11.2 Probationary Period; When Required

(a) The first year of service of an employee who is given a career or career-conditional appointment in the competitive service under the Civil Service Regulations is a probationary period when the employee:

(1) Was appointed from a competitive list of eligibles.

(2) Was reinstated (including reinstatement from a Reinstatement Priority List), unless during any period of service that affords a current basis for reinstatement the employee completed a probationary period of at least 1 year or served with competitive status under an appointment that did not require a probationary period; provided that the date of reinstatement begins a new 12-month probationary period if one is required under paragraph (a) of this section.

(b) A person who is required to go through a probationary period and then is transferred, promoted, demoted, or reassigned in accordance with the Civil Service Regulations before he or she completes such period is required to complete the remainder of the probationary period in the new position.

(c) Upon noncompetitive appointment to the competitive service under the Postal Reorganization Act (39 U.S.C. 101 *et seq.*), an employee of the Postal Career Service (including a substitute or part-time flexible employee) who has not completed 1 year of Postal service must serve the remainder of a 1-year probationary period in the new agency.

(d) A person who is appointed to the competitive service either by a special appointing authority or by conversion to a career or career-conditional appointment under the Civil Service Regulations must serve a 1-year probationary period unless specifically exempt from such period by the special appointing authority itself.

(e) Employees promoted, transferred, or otherwise assigned, for the first time, to supervisory or managerial positions shall be required to serve a probationary period under terms and conditions prescribed by the Office of Personnel Management (OPM). If an employee is required to concurrently serve both a probationary period in a supervisory or managerial position under 5 CFR part 315, subpart I, and a probationary or trial period following initial appointment or reinstatement under this Civil Service Rule, the latter takes precedence and fulfills the requirements of this paragraph.

### § 11.3 Trial Period; When Required

(a) The first year of continuous service in the same or similar position of a preference eligible in the excepted service, or the first 2 years of continuous service in the same or similar position of an individual in the excepted service (other than a preference eligible), is a trial period.

(b) A person who is required to go through a trial period and is transferred, promoted, demoted, or reassigned before he or she completes the trial period is required to complete the remainder of the trial period in the new position.

(c) An individual who separates from the Federal service for a period of more than 30 days after completing a trial period, and who subsequently is reappointed to an excepted service position, must complete a new trial period unless such individual is appointed to the same or a substantially similar position in the same agency as their most recently held position.

### § 11.4 Crediting Service

(a) Prior Federal civilian service (including nonappropriated fund service) counts toward completion of a probationary or trial period, as applicable, when the prior service:

- (1) Is in the same agency, e.g., Department of the Army;
- (2) Is in the same line of work, as determined by the employee's actual duties and responsibilities; and

(3) Contains or is followed by no more than a single break in service that does not exceed 30 calendar days.

(b) Periods of absence while in a pay status count toward completion of a probationary or trial period. Absence in nonpay status while on the rolls (other than for compensable injury or military duty) is creditable up to a total of 22 workdays. Absence (whether on or off the rolls) due to compensable injury or military duty is creditable in full upon restoration to Federal service. Nonpay time in excess of 22 workdays extends the probationary period or trial period by an equal amount.

(c) The probationary or trial period for part-time employees is computed on the basis of calendar time, in the same manner as for full-time employees. For intermittent employees, i.e., those who do not have regularly scheduled tours of duty, each day or part of a day in pay status counts as one day of credit toward the 260 days or 520 days, as applicable, in a pay status required for completion of a probationary or trial period. Under no circumstances shall the probationary or trial period be completed in less than 1 year of calendar time.

#### § 11.5 Completion of Probationary or Trial Period

(a) Agencies shall utilize probationary and trial periods required upon initial appointment or subsequent reinstatement to evaluate employees' fitness and whether their continuation of employment advances the public interest. If not terminated sooner, an employee's service terminates before the end of the tour of duty on the last day of their probationary or trial period unless their agency certifies within the 30 days prior to that date that finalizing their appointment advances the public interest.

(b) A probationary or trial period ends when the employee completes his or her scheduled tour of duty on the day before the anniversary date (or, as applicable, 2-year anniversary date) of the employee's appointment. For example, when the last workday is a Friday and the anniversary date is the following Monday, a probationer will be separated before the end of the tour of duty on Friday if their agency does not make the requisite certification that their continued appointment advances the public interest.

(c) An employee on a probationary or trial period bears the burden of demonstrating why their continuation in employment through the finalization of their appointment to the Federal service is in the public interest.

(d) In determining whether it is in the public interest to finalize the appointment to the Federal service of an employee in a probationary or trial period, the agency head, or his or her designee, may consider, in his or her sole and exclusive discretion:

- (1) the employee's performance and conduct;
- (2) the needs and interests of the agency;
- (3) whether the employee's continued employment would advance organizational goals of the agency or the Government; and
- (4) whether the employee's continued employment would advance the efficiency of the service.

(e) Before an agency terminates the service of an employee serving a probationary or trial period, it shall notify such employee in writing as to the effective date of the action.

(f) If an agency fails to make a certification under Civil Service Rule 11.5 due to an administrative error, the agency head may petition the Director of OPM within 30 days from the date of termination to reinstate the employee.

(g) This section shall not apply to an employee serving a probationary period due to being promoted, transferred, or otherwise assigned, for the first time, to a supervisory or managerial position, unless such employee is required to concurrently serve both a probationary period in a supervisory or managerial position and a probationary or trial period following initial appointment or reinstatement under this Civil Service Rule.

#### § 11.6 Appeals

(a) The Director of OPM may by regulation prescribe circumstances under and procedures by which employees terminated from a probationary or trial period may appeal such termination.

(b) Except as otherwise required by law, such appeals shall be the sole and exclusive means of appealing terminations during probationary or trial periods."

**Sec. 4. Modifications to the Civil Service Regulations.** (a) This order supersedes subpart H of part 315 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations (Probation on Initial Appointment to a Competitive Position), which is hereby rendered inoperative and without effect. No agency shall give force or effect to its provisions.

(b) The Director of OPM shall within 30 days of the date of this order prepare and publish a rule rescinding subpart H and making conforming amendments.

**Sec. 5. Review During Probationary and Trial Periods.** (a) Within 15 days of the date of this order:

(i) The head of each executive department and agency (agency) shall identify each employee at their agency serving an initial probationary or trial period in the Federal service that ends 90 days or more from the date of this order.

(ii) Each agency head shall designate in writing individuals at their agency who shall be responsible for evaluating the continued employment of employees serving an initial probationary or trial period in the Federal service. Agency heads should limit such designations to those individuals who can properly assess the needs and interests of the organization and alignment with the organizational goals of the agency or the Federal Government.

(b) At least 60 days prior to the end of each employee's initial probationary or trial period, individuals designated pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall, to the extent practicable, meet with each employee serving an initial probationary or trial period to discuss the employee's performance and conduct (based in part on input from the employee's supervisor), the needs of the agency, and whether the employee's continued employment would advance the public interest, the organizational goals of the agency, and the efficiency of the service.

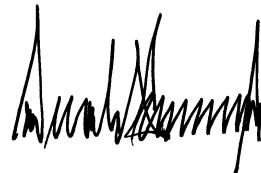
(c) Within 30 days of the end of each employee's probationary or trial period, the agency head or an individual designated by the agency head pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, consistent with Civil Service Rule XI and other applicable law, shall determine whether to finalize the employee's appointment to the Federal service, or whether to terminate their service.

(d) Before finalizing an employee's appointment to the Federal service at the conclusion of the probationary or trial period, the agency head or an individual designated by the agency head pursuant to subsection (a) of this section must certify in writing that such individual's continued employment will advance the public interest.

**Sec. 6. Effective Date.** This order is effective immediately, except that the requirements of sections 5(b) through 5(d) of this order and of Civil Service Rule 11.5 shall become effective 90 days from the date of this order.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.
- (d) If any provision of this order, including any of its applications, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and all of its other applications shall not be affected thereby.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 24, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07469  
Filed 4-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14283 of April 23, 2025

#### **White House Initiative To Promote Excellence and Innovation at Historically Black Colleges and Universities**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) remain integral to American students' pursuit of prosperity and wellbeing, providing the pathway to a career and a better life. This order will continue the work begun during my first Administration to elevate the value and impact of our Nation's HBCUs as beacons of educational excellence and economic opportunity that serve as some of the best cultivators of tomorrow's leaders in business, government, academia, and the military.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration to support HBCUs in: advancing America's full potential; fostering more and better opportunities in higher education; providing the highest-quality education; obtaining equal opportunities for participation in Federal programs; ensuring college-educated Americans are empowered to advance the common good at home and abroad; and making our Nation more globally competitive.

**Sec. 3. White House Initiative on HBCUs.** (a) There is hereby established the White House Initiative on Historically Black Colleges and Universities (Initiative), housed in the Executive Office of the President and led by an Executive Director designated by the President.

(b) The Initiative shall work with executive departments and agencies (agencies), the President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities established in section 4 of this order, private-sector employers, educational associations, philanthropic organizations, and other partners to increase the capacity of HBCUs to provide the highest-quality education to an increasing number of students. The Initiative shall have two primary missions:

(i) increasing the private-sector role, including the role of private foundations, in:

(A) strengthening HBCUs through enhanced institutional planning and development, fiscal stability, and financial management;

(B) upgrading institutional infrastructure, including the use of technology, to ensure the long-term viability of these institutions; and

(C) providing professional development opportunities for HBCU students to help build America's workforce in technology, healthcare, manufacturing, finance, and other high-growth industries; and

(ii) enhancing HBCUs' capabilities to serve our Nation's young adults by:

(A) supporting implementation of the HBCU PARTNERS Act (Public Law 116–270), including facilitating the Federal agency plan process required by section 4 of that Act (20 U.S.C. 1063d);

(B) working to advance my Administration's key priorities related to promoting innovation and excellence throughout HBCUs in consultation with HBCU leaders, representatives, students, and alumni;

(C) fostering private-sector initiatives and public-private and philanthropic partnerships to promote centers of academic research and program excellence at HBCUs;

(D) improving the availability and quality of information concerning HBCUs in the public policy sphere;

(E) sharing administrative and programmatic best practices within the HBCU community;

(F) addressing efforts to promote student success and retention at HBCUs, including college affordability, degree attainment, campus modernization, and infrastructure improvements;

(G) partnering with private entities and elementary and secondary education stakeholders to build a pipeline for students that may be interested in attending HBCUs and promote affordable degree attainment;

(H) encouraging States to provide the required State matching funds for 1890 Land-Grant Institutions;

(I) collaborating with the Department of Agriculture and State governments to establish a framework for addressing barriers to accessing Federal funding to ensure that HBCUs receive the maximum funding to which they may be entitled;

(J) collaborating with agencies to improve the competitiveness of HBCUs for other sources of Federal research and development funding; and

(K) convening an annual White House Summit on HBCUs to address matters related to the Initiative's missions and functions.

(c) The heads of agencies shall assist and provide information to the Initiative, consistent with applicable law, as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Initiative. Each agency shall bear its own expenses of participating in the Initiative.

**Sec. 4. President's Board of Advisors on HBCUs.** (a) There is established in the Department of Education the President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities (Board). The Board shall fulfill the mission and functions established by, shall have the structure set forth in, and shall in all other respects be subject to the provisions of section 5 of the HBCU PARTNERS Act (20 U.S.C. 1063e). The Board shall include representatives of a variety of sectors, such as philanthropy, education, business, finance, entrepreneurship, innovation, and private foundations, and current HBCU presidents.

(b) The Board shall advise the President, through the Initiative, on the matters set forth in section 5(c) of the HBCU PARTNERS Act (20 U.S.C. 1063e(c)).

(c) The Department of Education shall provide funding and administrative support for the Board, consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations. Insofar as chapter 10 of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the Federal Advisory Committee Act), may apply to the Board, any functions of the President under that Act, except for those in section 6 and section 14 of that Act, shall be performed by the Secretary of Education, in accordance with guidelines issued by the Administrator of General Services.

**Sec. 5. Accountability and Implementation.** (a) The Executive Director of the Initiative shall submit an annual progress report to the President summarizing the Federal Government's impact on HBCUs and providing recommendations for improvement.

**Sec. 6. Revocations.** Executive Order 14041 of September 3, 2021 (White House Initiative on Advancing Educational Equity, Excellence, and Economic Opportunity Through Historically Black Colleges and Universities), is hereby revoked. Within 14 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall terminate the Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Serving Institutions Advisory Council.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) For the purposes of this order, “historically black colleges and universities” shall mean those institutions listed in 34 C.F.R. 608.2.

(b) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(c) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(d) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07380  
Filed 4-25-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14282 of April 23, 2025

### Transparency Regarding Foreign Influence at American Universities

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Section 117 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. 1011f, requires institutions of higher education to report significant sources of foreign funding. But, because section 117 has not been robustly enforced, the true amounts, sources, and purposes of foreign money flowing to American campuses are unknown. From 2010 to 2016, according to one study, universities failed to disclose more than half of reportable foreign gifts. Even when foreign funding is reported, its true sources are often hidden. Protecting American educational, cultural, and national security interests requires transparency regarding foreign funds flowing to American higher education and research institutions. During my first term, the Department of Education opened investigations on 19 campuses from 2019–2021, which led universities to report \$6.5 billion in previously undisclosed foreign funds. Yet the prior administration undid this work, moving the Department of Education’s specialized investigatory work on foreign funds to a unit ill-equipped to perform it, undermining investigations, and hindering public access to information on foreign gifts and contracts. It is the policy of my Administration to end the secrecy surrounding foreign funds in American educational institutions, protect the marketplace of ideas from propaganda sponsored by foreign governments, and safeguard America’s students and research from foreign exploitation.

**Sec. 2. Robust Enforcement to Prevent Harm to American Interests.** The Secretary of Education (Secretary) shall take all appropriate actions to enforce the requirements of section 1011f of title 20, United States Code, including by working with the Attorney General and the heads of other executive departments, agencies, and offices, where appropriate, to require complete and timely disclosure by higher education institutions of foreign funding. These actions shall include the following:

(a) the Secretary shall take appropriate steps to reverse or rescind any actions by the prior administration that permit higher education institutions to maintain improper secrecy regarding their foreign funding;

(b) the Secretary shall take appropriate steps to require universities to more specifically disclose details about foreign funding, including the true source and purpose of the funds;

(c) the Secretary shall provide the American people with greater access to information about foreign funding to higher education institutions; and

(d) the Secretary and the Attorney General shall hold accountable higher education institutions that fail to comply with the law concerning disclosure of foreign funding. In furtherance of this directive, the Secretary shall work with the heads of other executive departments, agencies, and offices, where appropriate, to conduct audits and investigations as appropriate and where necessary to ensure compliance with the law concerning disclosure of foreign funding and shall seek enforcement through appropriate action by the Attorney General.

**Sec. 3. Compliance by Federal Funding Recipients.** The Secretary of Education and the heads of other appropriate executive departments and agencies

shall take appropriate action, as consistent with applicable law, to prospectively ensure that certification of compliance by higher education institutions with 20 U.S.C. 1011f and any other applicable foreign funding disclosure requirements is material for purposes of 31 U.S.C. 3729 and for receipt of appropriate Federal grant funds, which shall not be provided in cases of noncompliance with 20 U.S.C. 1011f and any other applicable foreign funding disclosure requirements.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

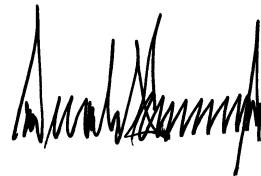
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any agency, person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other agencies, persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
April 23, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14281 of April 23, 2025

#### Restoring Equality of Opportunity and Meritocracy

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** A bedrock principle of the United States is that all citizens are treated equally under the law. This principle guarantees equality of opportunity, not equal outcomes. It promises that people are treated as individuals, not components of a particular race or group. It encourages meritocracy and a colorblind society, not race- or sex-based favoritism. Adherence to this principle is essential to creating opportunity, encouraging achievement, and sustaining the American Dream.

But a pernicious movement endangers this foundational principle, seeking to transform America's promise of equal opportunity into a divisive pursuit of results preordained by irrelevant immutable characteristics, regardless of individual strengths, effort, or achievement. A key tool of this movement is disparate-impact liability, which holds that a near insurmountable presumption of unlawful discrimination exists where there are any differences in outcomes in certain circumstances among different races, sexes, or similar groups, even if there is no facially discriminatory policy or practice or discriminatory intent involved, and even if everyone has an equal opportunity to succeed. Disparate-impact liability all but requires individuals and businesses to consider race and engage in racial balancing to avoid potentially crippling legal liability. It not only undermines our national values, but also runs contrary to equal protection under the law and, therefore, violates our Constitution.

On a practical level, disparate-impact liability has hindered businesses from making hiring and other employment decisions based on merit and skill, their needs, or the needs of their customers because of the specter that such a process might lead to disparate outcomes, and thus disparate-impact lawsuits. This has made it difficult, and in some cases impossible, for employers to use bona fide job-oriented evaluations when recruiting, which prevents job seekers from being paired with jobs to which their skills are most suited—in other words, it deprives them of opportunities for success. Because of disparate-impact liability, employers cannot act in the best interests of the job applicant, the employer, and the American public.

Disparate-impact liability imperils the effectiveness of civil rights laws by mandating, rather than proscribing, discrimination. As the Supreme Court put it, “[t]he way to stop discrimination on the basis of race is to stop discriminating on the basis of race.”

Disparate-impact liability is wholly inconsistent with the Constitution and threatens the commitment to merit and equality of opportunity that forms the foundation of the American Dream. Under my Administration, citizens will be treated equally before the law and as individuals, not consigned to a certain fate based on their immutable characteristics.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to eliminate the use of disparate-impact liability in all contexts to the maximum degree possible to avoid violating the Constitution, Federal civil rights laws, and basic American ideals.

**Sec. 3. Revoking Certain Presidential Actions.** The following Presidential approvals of the regulations promulgated under 42 U.S.C. 2000d-1 are hereby revoked:

(a) the Presidential approval of July 25, 1966, of the Department of Justice Title VI regulations (31 Fed. Reg. 10269), as applied to 28 C.F.R. 42.104(b)(2) in full; and

(b) the Presidential approval of July 5, 1973, of the Department of Justice Title VI regulations (38 Fed. Reg. 17955, FR Doc. 73-13407), as applied to the words “or effect” in both places they appear in 28 C.F.R. 42.104(b)(3), and as applied to 28 C.F.R. 42.104(b)(6)(ii) and 28 C.F.R. 42.104(c)(2) in full.

**Sec. 4. Enforcement Discretion to Ensure Lawful Governance.** Given the limited enforcement resources of executive departments and agencies (agencies), the unlawfulness of disparate-impact liability, and the policy of this order, all agencies shall deprioritize enforcement of all statutes and regulations to the extent they include disparate-impact liability, including but not limited to 42 U.S.C. 2000e-2, 28 C.F.R. 42.104(b)(2)-(3), 28 C.F.R. 42.104(b)(6)(ii), and 28 C.F.R. 42.104(c)(2).

**Sec. 5. Existing Regulations.** (a) As delegated by Executive Order 12250 of November 2, 1980 (Leadership and Coordination of Nondiscrimination Laws), the Attorney General shall initiate appropriate action to repeal or amend the implementing regulations for Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 for all agencies to the extent they contemplate disparate-impact liability.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General, in coordination with the heads of all other agencies, shall report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy:

(i) all existing regulations, guidance, rules, or orders that impose disparate-impact liability or similar requirements, and detail agency steps for their amendment or repeal, as appropriate under applicable law; and

(ii) other laws or decisions, including at the State level, that impose disparate-impact liability and any appropriate measures to address any constitutional or other legal infirmities.

**Sec. 6. Review of Current Matters.** (a) Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General and the Chair of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission shall assess all pending investigations, civil suits, or positions taken in ongoing matters under every Federal civil rights law within their respective jurisdictions, including Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, that rely on a theory of disparate-impact liability, and shall take appropriate action with respect to such matters consistent with the policy of this order.

(b) Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Director of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, the Chair of the Federal Trade Commission, and the heads of other agencies responsible for enforcement of the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (Public Law 93-495), Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (the Fair Housing Act (Public Law 90-284, as amended)), or laws prohibiting unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or practices shall evaluate all pending proceedings that rely on theories of disparate-impact liability and take appropriate action with respect to such matters consistent with the policy of this order.

(c) Within 90 days of the date of this order, all agencies shall evaluate existing consent judgments and permanent injunctions that rely on theories of disparate-impact liability and take appropriate action with respect to such matters consistent with the policy of this order.

**Sec. 7. Future Agency Action.** (a) In coordination with other agencies, the Attorney General shall determine whether any Federal authorities preempt State laws, regulations, policies, or practices that impose disparate-impact liability based on a federally protected characteristic such as race, sex,

or age, or whether such laws, regulations, policies, or practices have constitutional infirmities that warrant Federal action, and shall take appropriate measures consistent with the policy of this order.

(b) The Attorney General and the Chair of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission shall jointly formulate and issue guidance or technical assistance to employers regarding appropriate methods to promote equal access to employment regardless of whether an applicant has a college education, where appropriate.

**Sec. 8. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any individual or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its other provisions to any other individuals or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

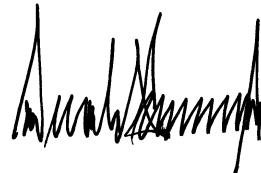
**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 23, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14280 of April 23, 2025

### Reinstating Commonsense School Discipline Policies

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to ensure safety and order in American classrooms, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** The Federal Government will no longer tolerate known risks to children's safety and well-being in the classroom that result from the application of school discipline based on discriminatory and unlawful "equity" ideology.

In January 2014, the Department of Education and the Department of Justice jointly issued a "Dear Colleague" letter regarding school discipline. In that letter, the Department of Education and the Department of Justice explained that schools could be found to violate Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964—and therefore could lose Federal funding—if their disciplinary decisions ran afoul of a newly imposed disparate-impact framework under which race-neutral disciplinary policies, applied in an even-handed manner, may be improper if members of any racial groups are suspended, expelled, or referred to law enforcement at higher rates than others. The letter effectively required schools to discriminate on the basis of race by imposing discipline based on racial characteristics, rather than on objective behavior alone.

The consequences harmed students and schools. A 2018 report from the Federal Commission on School Safety (Commission) noted evidence that, because of the 2014 letter, "schools ignored or covered up—rather than disciplined—student misconduct in order to avoid any purported racial disparity in discipline numbers that might catch the eye of the federal government." As a result, students who should have been suspended or expelled for dangerous behavior remained in the classroom, making all students less safe.

As the Commission found: "When school leaders focus on aggregate school discipline numbers rather than the specific circumstances and conduct that underlie each matter, schools become less safe," and "[r]esearch clearly indicates that the failure of schools to appropriately discipline disruptive students has consequences for overall student achievement." The Commission's seemingly obvious conclusion was that "disciplinary decisions are best left in the hands of classroom teachers and administrators" and should be based on student behavior, rather than racial statistics.

Following the Commission's report on December 18, 2018, the 2014 Dear Colleague letter was rescinded. In 2023, however, the previous administration's Department of Education and Department of Justice issued new guidance noting that statistical racial disparities in student discipline may indicate violations of law, and encouraging schools to collect, analyze, and adjust their disciplinary policies in light of racial disciplinary data. The 2023 guidance thus effectively reinstated the practice of weaponizing Title VI to promote an approach to school discipline based on discriminatory equity ideology. As a consequence of these policies, teachers and students are suffering increased levels of classroom disorder and school violence.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** As used herein:

(a) The definitions in the Executive Order of January 29, 2025 (Ending Radical Indoctrination in K–12 Schooling), shall apply to this order.

(b) "Behavior Modification Techniques" means any school discipline policies or practices that incorporate or are based on discriminatory equity ideology.

**Sec. 3. Ensuring Commonsense School Discipline Policies.**

(a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall issue new guidance to local educational agencies (LEAs) and State educational agencies (SEAs) regarding school discipline and their obligations not to engage in racial discrimination under Title VI in all contexts, including school discipline.

(b) The Secretary of Education shall take appropriate action with respect to LEAs and SEAs that fail to comply with Title VI protections against racial discrimination in the application of school discipline.

(c) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education and the Attorney General shall initiate coordination with Governors and State Attorneys General regarding the prevention of racial discrimination in the application of school discipline.

(d) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall issue a revised school discipline code that appropriately protects and enhances the education of the children of America's military-service families.

(e) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education shall, in coordination with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, submit a report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, regarding the status of discriminatory-equity-ideology-based school discipline and behavior modification techniques in American public education. The report shall include:

(i) an inventory and analysis of the nature and consequences of all Title VI discipline-related investigations since 2009;

(ii) an assessment of the role of non-profit organizations that are Federal grant recipients in promoting discriminatory-equity-ideology-based discipline and behavior modification techniques, and recommendations to ensure that Federal taxpayer funds do not flow to programs or activities, including those of non-profit organizations, that promote discriminatory-equity-ideology-based discipline and behavior modification techniques;

(iii) an assessment of discipline-related policies and curricular options that do not promote discriminatory equity ideology; and

(iv) model school discipline policies that promote common sense, protect the safety and educational environment of students, do not promote unlawful discrimination, and are rooted in American values and traditional virtues.

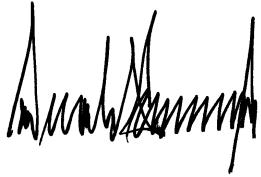
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07377  
Filed 4-25-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14279 of April 23, 2025

### Reforming Accreditation To Strengthen Higher Education

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** A group of higher education accreditors are the gatekeepers that decide which colleges and universities American students can spend the more than \$100 billion in Federal student loans and Pell Grants dispersed each year. The accreditors' job is to determine which institutions provide a quality education—and therefore merit accreditation. Unfortunately, accreditors have not only failed in this responsibility to students, families, and American taxpayers, but they have also abused their enormous authority.

Accreditors routinely approve institutions that are low-quality by the most important measures. The national six-year undergraduate graduation rate was an alarming 64 percent in 2020. Further, many accredited institutions offer undergraduate and graduate programs with a negative return on investment—almost 25 percent of bachelor's degrees and more than 40 percent of master's degrees—which may leave students financially worse off and in enormous debt by charging them exorbitant sums for a degree with very modest earnings potential.

Notwithstanding this slide in graduation rates and graduates' performance in the labor market, the spike in debt obligations in relation to expected earnings, and repayment rates on student loans, accreditors have remained improperly focused on compelling adoption of discriminatory ideology, rather than on student outcomes. Some accreditors make the adoption of unlawfully discriminatory practices a formal standard of accreditation, and therefore a condition of accessing Federal aid, through “diversity, equity, and inclusion” or “DEI”-based standards of accreditation that require institutions to “share results on diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) in the context of their mission by considering . . . demographics . . . and resource allocation.” Accreditors have also abused their governance standards to intrude on State and local authority.

The American Bar Association’s Council of the Section of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar (Council), which is the sole federally recognized accreditor for Juris Doctor programs, has required law schools to “demonstrate by concrete action a commitment to diversity and inclusion” including by “commit[ting] to having a student body [and faculty] that is diverse with respect to gender, race, and ethnicity.” As the Attorney General has concluded and informed the Council, the discriminatory requirement blatantly violates the Supreme Court’s decision in *Students for Fair Admissions, Inc. v. President and Fellows of Harvard College*, 600 U.S. 181 (2023). Though the Council subsequently suspended its enforcement while it considers proposed revisions, this standard and similar unlawful mandates must be permanently eradicated.

The Liaison Committee on Medical Education, which is the only federally recognized body that accredits Doctor of Medicine degree programs, requires that an institution “engage[] in ongoing, systematic, and focused recruitment and retention activities, to achieve mission-appropriate diversity outcomes among its students.” The Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education, which is the sole accreditor for both allopathic and osteopathic medical residency and fellowship programs, similarly “expect[s]” institutions

to focus on implementing “policies and procedures related to recruitment and retention of individuals underrepresented in medicine,” including “racial and ethnic minority individuals.” The standards for training tomorrow’s doctors should focus solely on providing the highest quality care, and certainly not on requiring unlawful discrimination.

American students and taxpayers deserve better, and my Administration will reform our dysfunctional accreditation system so that colleges and universities focus on delivering high-quality academic programs at a reasonable price. Federal recognition will not be provided to accreditors engaging in unlawful discrimination in violation of Federal law.

**Sec. 2. Holding Accreditors Accountable for Unlawful Actions.** (a) The Secretary of Education shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, hold accountable, including through denial, monitoring, suspension, or termination of accreditation recognition, accreditors who fail to meet the applicable recognition criteria or otherwise violate Federal law, including by requiring institutions seeking accreditation to engage in unlawful discrimination in accreditation-related activity under the guise of “diversity, equity, and inclusion” initiatives.

(b) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Education shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, investigate and take appropriate action to terminate unlawful discrimination by American law schools that is advanced by the Council, including unlawful “diversity, equity, and inclusion” requirements under the guise of accreditation standards. The Secretary of Education shall also assess whether to suspend or terminate the Council’s status as an accrediting agency under Federal law.

(c) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall investigate and take appropriate action to terminate unlawful discrimination by American medical schools or graduate medical education entities that is advanced by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education or the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or other accreditors of graduate medical education, including unlawful “diversity, equity, and inclusion” requirements under the guise of accreditation standards. The Secretary of Education shall also assess whether to suspend or terminate the Committee’s or the Accreditation Council’s status as an accrediting agency under Federal law or take other appropriate action to ensure lawful conduct by medical schools, graduate medical education programs, and other entities that receive Federal funding for medical education.

**Sec. 3. New Principles of Student-Oriented Accreditation.** (a) To realign accreditation with high-quality, valuable education for students, the Secretary of Education shall, consistent with applicable law, take appropriate steps to ensure that:

(i) accreditation requires higher education institutions to provide high-quality, high-value academic programs free from unlawful discrimination or other violations of Federal law;

(ii) barriers are reduced that limit institutions from adopting practices that advance credential and degree completion and spur new models of education;

(iii) accreditation requires that institutions support and appropriately prioritize intellectual diversity amongst faculty in order to advance academic freedom, intellectual inquiry, and student learning;

(iv) accreditors are not using their role under Federal law to encourage or force institution to violate State laws, unless such State laws violate the Constitution or Federal law; and

(v) accreditors are prohibited from engaging in practices that result in credential inflation that burdens students with additional unnecessary costs.

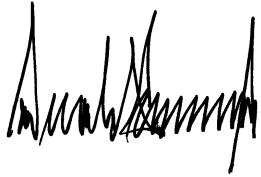
(b) To advance the policies and objectives in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Education shall:

- (i) resume recognizing new accreditors to increase competition and accountability in promoting high-quality, high-value academic programs focused on student outcomes;
- (ii) mandate that accreditors require member institutions to use data on program-level student outcomes to improve such outcomes, without reference to race, ethnicity, or sex;
- (iii) promptly provide to accreditors any noncompliance findings relating to member institutions issued after an investigation conducted by the Office of Civil Rights under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d *et seq.*) or Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*);
- (iv) launch an experimental site, pursuant to section 487A(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1094a(b)), to accelerate innovation and improve accountability by establishing new flexible and streamlined quality assurance pathways for higher education institutions that provide high-quality, high-value academic programs;
- (v) increase the consistency, efficiency, and effectiveness of the accreditor recognition review process, including through the use of technology;
- (vi) streamline the process for higher education institutions to change accreditors to ensure institutions are not forced to comply with standards that are antithetical to institutional values and mission; and
- (vii) update the Accreditation Handbook to ensure that the accreditor recognition and reauthorization process is transparent, efficient, and not unduly burdensome.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07376  
Filed 4-25-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14278 of April 23, 2025

### **Preparing Americans for High-Paying Skilled Trade Jobs of the Future**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** To maximize my Administration's historic investments in America's reindustrialization and economic growth, my Administration will fully equip the American worker to produce world-class products and implement world-leading technologies. My Administration will also consolidate and streamline fragmented Federal workforce development programs that are too disconnected from propelling workers into secure, well-paying, and high-need American jobs.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to optimize and target Federal investments in workforce development to align with our country's reindustrialization needs and equip American workers to fill the growing demand for skilled trades and other occupations. My Administration will further protect and strengthen Registered Apprenticeships and build on their successes to seize new opportunities and unlock the limitless potential of the American worker.

**Sec. 3. Comprehensive Worker Investment and Development Strategy.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Education shall review all Federal workforce development programs and submit to the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget a report setting forth strategies to help the American worker. That report shall identify the following:

(a) Opportunities to integrate systems and realign resources to address critical workforce needs and in-demand skills of emerging industries and companies investing in the United States as determined, to the extent permissible by law, by prospective employers. The report shall include:

(i) administrative reforms to agency policies and programmatic requirements;

(ii) process improvements to better the experience for program participants; and

(iii) recommendations to further restructure and consolidate programs.

(b) Federal workforce development and education programs, or related spending within these programs, that are ineffective or otherwise fail to achieve their desired outcomes. Each identified program should be accompanied by a proposal to reform the program, redirect its funding, or eliminate it.

(c) Available statutory authorities to promote innovation and system integration in pursuit of better employment and earnings outcomes for program participants.

(d) Opportunities to invest in the upskilling of incumbent workers to meet rapidly evolving skill demands of their industries, including the use of Artificial Intelligence in the workplace.

(e) Strategies to identify alternative credentials and assessments to the 4-year college degree that can be mapped to the specific skill needs of prospective employers.

- (f) Efficiencies to streamline information collection, including through:
  - (i) harmonizing performance measures;
  - (ii) reducing the burden on grantees; and
  - (iii) ensuring that performance outcomes are measured using the most reliable data sources.

**Sec. 4. Expanding Registered Apprenticeships.** Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Education shall submit to the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget a plan to reach and surpass 1 million new active apprentices. That plan shall identify the following:

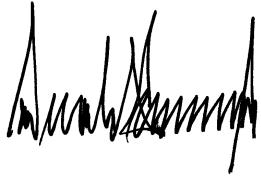
- (a) Avenues to expand Registered Apprenticeships to new industries and occupations, including high-growth and emerging sectors.
- (b) Measures to scale this proven model across the country, improve its efficiency, and provide consistent support to program participants.
- (c) Opportunities, including through the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education (Perkins V) Act and Federal student aid, to enhance connections between the education system and Registered Apprenticeships.

**Sec. 5. Delivering Unprecedented Transparency and Accountability.** The Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Education shall improve transparency on the performance outcomes of workforce development programs and credentials supported through Federal investments, including earnings and employment data, for all Federal workforce development programs.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07369  
Filed 4-25-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14277 of April 23, 2025

### **Advancing Artificial Intelligence Education for American Youth**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** Artificial intelligence (AI) is rapidly transforming the modern world, driving innovation across industries, enhancing productivity, and reshaping the way we live and work. To ensure the United States remains a global leader in this technological revolution, we must provide our Nation's youth with opportunities to cultivate the skills and understanding necessary to use and create the next generation of AI technology. By fostering AI competency, we will equip our students with the foundational knowledge and skills necessary to adapt to and thrive in an increasingly digital society. Early learning and exposure to AI concepts not only demystifies this powerful technology but also sparks curiosity and creativity, preparing students to become active and responsible participants in the workforce of the future and nurturing the next generation of American AI innovators to propel our Nation to new heights of scientific and economic achievement.

To achieve this vision, we must also invest in our educators and equip them with the tools and knowledge to not only train students about AI, but also to utilize AI in their classrooms to improve educational outcomes. Professional development programs focused on AI education will empower educators to confidently guide students through this complex and evolving field. Educators, industry leaders, and employers who rely on an AI-skilled workforce should partner to create educational programs that equip students with essential AI skills and competencies across all learning pathways. While AI education in kindergarten through twelfth grade (K–12) is critical, our Nation must also make resources available for lifelong learners to develop new skills for a changing workforce. By establishing a strong framework that integrates early student exposure with comprehensive teacher training and other resources for workforce development, we can ensure that every American has the opportunity to learn about AI from the earliest stages of their educational journey through postsecondary education, fostering a culture of innovation and critical thinking that will solidify our Nation's leadership in the AI-driven future.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to promote AI literacy and proficiency among Americans by promoting the appropriate integration of AI into education, providing comprehensive AI training for educators, and fostering early exposure to AI concepts and technology to develop an AI-ready workforce and the next generation of American AI innovators.

**Sec. 3. Definition.** For the purposes of this order, "artificial intelligence" or "AI" has the meaning set forth in 15 U.S.C. 9401(3).

**Sec. 4. Establishing an Artificial Intelligence Education Task Force.** (a) There is hereby established the White House Task Force on Artificial Intelligence Education (Task Force).

(b) The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall be the Chair of the Task Force.

(c) The Task Force membership shall consist of the following members:  
(i) the Secretary of Agriculture;

- (ii) the Secretary of Labor;
- (iii) the Secretary of Energy;
- (iv) the Secretary of Education;
- (v) the Director of the National Science Foundation (NSF);
- (vi) the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy;
- (vii) the Special Advisor for AI & Crypto;
- (viii) the Assistant to the President for Policy; and
- (ix) the heads of other such executive departments and agencies (agencies) and offices that the Chair may designate or invite to participate.

(d) The Task Force shall be responsible for implementing the policy stated in section 2 of this order and coordinating Federal efforts related to AI education, including the actions outlined in this order.

**Sec. 5. Establishing the Presidential Artificial Intelligence Challenge.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Task Force shall establish plans for a Presidential Artificial Intelligence Challenge (Challenge), and the agencies represented on the Task Force shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, implement the plans by holding the Challenge no later than 12 months from the submission of the plan. The Challenge shall encourage and highlight student and educator achievements in AI, promote wide geographic adoption of technological advancement, and foster collaboration between government, academia, philanthropy, and industry to address national challenges with AI solutions.

(b) The Challenge shall feature multiple age categories, distinct geographic regions for competition, and a variety of topical themes of competition to reflect the breadth of AI applications, encouraging interdisciplinary exploration.

(c) The Task Force and, as appropriate, agencies represented on the Task Force shall collaborate with relevant agencies and private sector entities to provide technical expertise, resources, and promotional support for implementing the Challenge, including through existing funding vehicles.

**Sec. 6. Improving Education Through Artificial Intelligence.** (a) To provide resources for K-12 AI education, agencies represented on the Task Force shall seek to establish public-private partnerships with leading AI industry organizations, academic institutions, nonprofit entities, and other organizations with expertise in AI and computer science education to collaboratively develop online resources focused on teaching K-12 students foundational AI literacy and critical thinking skills. The Task Force shall promptly announce such public-private partnerships on a rolling basis as they are formed.

(i) The Task Force shall seek to utilize industry commitments and identify any Federal funding mechanisms, including discretionary grants, that can be used to provide resources for K-12 AI education. To the extent practicable and as consistent with applicable law, agencies shall prioritize funding for such purposes when it would further the aims of the program for which funding is available.

(ii) The Task Force shall work to ensure the resources funded as described in subsection (i) of this section are ready for use in K-12 instruction within 180 days following the Task Force's formal announcement of the first slate of public-private partnerships.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Task Force shall identify existing Federal AI resources on which agencies may rely, such as the NSF- and Department of Agriculture-sponsored National AI Research Institutes, to support partnerships with State and local educational agencies to improve AI education.

(c) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education shall issue guidance regarding the use of formula and discretionary grant funds to improve education outcomes using AI, including but not limited

to AI-based high-quality instructional resources; high-impact tutoring; and college and career pathway exploration, advising, and navigation.

(d) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education shall identify and implement ways to utilize existing research programs to assist State and local efforts to use AI for improved student achievement, attainment, and mobility.

**Sec. 7. Enhancing Training for Educators on Artificial Intelligence.** (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education shall take steps to prioritize the use of AI in discretionary grant programs for teacher training authorized by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (Public Law 89–10), as amended, and Title II of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (Public Law 89–329), as amended, including for:

- (i) reducing time-intensive administrative tasks;
- (ii) improving teacher training and evaluation;
- (iii) providing professional development for all educators, so they can integrate the fundamentals of AI into all subject areas; and
- (iv) providing professional development in foundational computer science and AI, preparing educators to effectively teach AI in stand-alone computer science and other relevant courses.

(b) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Director of the NSF shall take steps to prioritize research on the use of AI in education. The Director of the NSF shall also utilize existing programs to create teacher training opportunities that help educators effectively integrate AI-based tools and modalities in classrooms.

(c) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Agriculture shall take steps to prioritize research, extension, and education on the use of AI in formal and non-formal education through 4-H and the Cooperative Extension System. The Secretary of Agriculture shall also utilize existing programs to create teacher and educator training opportunities that help effectively integrate AI-based tools and modalities into classrooms and curriculum.

**Sec. 8. Promoting Registered Apprenticeships.** (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor shall seek to increase participation in AI-related Registered Apprenticeships, including by:

- (i) Prioritizing the development and growth of Registered Apprenticeships in AI-related occupations. The Secretary of Labor shall establish specific goals for growing Registered Apprenticeships in AI-related occupations across industries; and
- (ii) Using apprenticeship intermediary contracts and allocating existing discretionary funds, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, to engage industry organizations and employers and facilitate the development of Registered Apprenticeship programs in AI-related occupations. In doing so, the Secretary of Labor shall support the creation of industry-developed program standards to be registered on a nationwide basis, enabling individual employers to adopt the standards without requiring individual registry.

(b) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor shall encourage States and grantees to use funding provided under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) (Public Law 113–128), as amended, to develop AI skills and support work-based learning opportunities within occupations utilizing AI by:

- (i) issuing guidance to State and local workforce development boards encouraging the use of WIOA youth formula funds to help youth develop AI skills;
- (ii) clarifying that States can use Governor set-asides to integrate AI learning opportunities into youth programs across the State; and

(iii) consistent with applicable law, establishing AI skills training and work-based learning as a grant priority in all Employment and Training Administration youth-focused discretionary grant programs.

(c) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor, through the Assistant Secretary of Labor for Employment and Training, and in collaboration with the Director of the NSF, shall engage with relevant State and local workforce development boards, industry organizations, education and training providers, and employers to identify and promote high-quality AI skills education coursework and certifications across the country. Through such engagement, the Secretary of Labor shall:

(i) identify applicable funding opportunities to expand access to high-quality AI coursework and certifications;

(ii) set performance targets for youth participation through any grants awarded for this purpose; and

(iii) utilize industry and philanthropic partnerships to the extent practicable.

(d) Within 120 days of the date of this order, and in consultation with the Secretary of Education and the Director of the NSF, the Secretary of Labor shall support the creation of opportunities for high school students to take AI courses and certification programs by giving priority consideration in awarding grants as appropriate and consistent with applicable law to providers that commit to use funds to develop or expand AI courses and certification programs. The Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education shall encourage recipients to build partnerships with States and local school districts to encourage those entities to consider offering high school students dual enrollment opportunities to take courses to earn postsecondary credentials and industry-recognized AI credentials concurrent with high school education.

(e) Within 120 days of the date of this order, all agencies that provide educational grants shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, consider AI as a priority area within existing Federal fellowship and scholarship for service programs.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-07368  
Filed 4-25-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14276 of April 17, 2025

### Restoring American Seafood Competitiveness

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** The United States controls one of the largest and most abundant ocean resources in the world, with over 4 million square miles of prime fishing grounds. With this vast resource and centuries of hard work from American fishermen, our Nation has the greatest seafood in the world.

Most American fish stocks are healthy and have viable markets. Despite these opportunities, seafood is one of the most heavily regulated sectors in the United States. Federal overregulation has restricted fishermen from productively harvesting American seafood including through restrictive catch limits, selling our fishing grounds to foreign offshore wind companies, inaccurate and outdated fisheries data, and delayed adoption of modern technology.

The United States should be the world's dominant seafood leader. But in addition to overregulation, unfair trade practices have put our seafood markets at a competitive disadvantage. Nearly 90 percent of seafood on our shelves is now imported, and the seafood trade deficit stands at over \$20 billion. The erosion of American seafood competitiveness at the hands of unfair foreign trade practices must end.

**Sec. 2. Purpose.** The United States must address unfair trade practices, eliminate unsafe imports, level the unfair playing field that has benefited foreign fishing companies, promote ethical sourcing, reduce regulatory burdens, and ensure the integrity of the seafood supply chain. Previously, I signed Executive Order 13921 of May 7, 2020 (Promoting American Seafood Competitiveness and Economic Growth). That successful order—which remains in effect—enhanced the competitiveness of United States seafood, streamlined regulations, supported maritime jobs and coastal economies, and improved data collection. During the past 4 years, our fishermen were once again crushed under the pressure of unnecessary regulations and unfavorable policies. It is vital that we now build upon our previous hard work with new, additional measures to promote domestic fishing.

**Sec. 3. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to promote the productive harvest of our seafood resources; unburden our commercial fishermen from costly and inefficient regulation; combat illegal, unreported, and unregulated (IUU) fishing; and protect our seafood markets from the unfair trade practices of foreign nations.

**Sec. 4. A New Era of Seafood Policy.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and with input from the United States fishing industry, shall immediately consider suspending, revising, or rescinding regulations that overly burden America's commercial fishing, aquaculture, and fish processing industries at the fishery-specific level. Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall identify the most heavily overregulated fisheries requiring action and take appropriate action to reduce the regulatory burden on them, in cooperation with the Regional Fishery Management Councils, interagency partners, and through public-private partnerships, as appropriate. This process shall include the following actions:

(i) The Secretary of Commerce shall request that each Regional Fishery Management Council, within 180 days of the date of this order, provide the Secretary of Commerce with updates to their recommendations submitted pursuant to Executive Order 13921, to reduce burdens on domestic fishing and to increase production. Building upon the earlier goals, identified actions should stabilize markets, improve access, enhance economic profitability, and prevent closures. The Regional Fishery Management Councils will commit to a work plan and a schedule for implementation to ensure these actions are prioritized.

(ii) The Secretary of Commerce shall solicit direct public comments, including from fishing industry members, technology experts, marine scientists, and other relevant parties, for innovative ideas to improve fisheries management and science within the requirements of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*); the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*); the Marine Mammal Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1361 *et seq.*); and other applicable laws.

(iii) The Secretary of Commerce shall pursue additional direct public engagement to ensure executive departments and agencies (agencies) are focusing core fisheries management and science functions to directly support priority needs that strengthen our Nation's seafood supply chain.

(b) Upon completion of the process described in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Commerce shall consider updating the Department of Commerce's contribution to the Unified Regulatory Agenda. The Secretary of Commerce shall resume submission of annual reports to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, and the Chairman of the Council on Environmental Quality pursuant to these activities as described in Executive Order 13921.

(c) The Secretary of Commerce shall direct the National Marine Fisheries Service to incorporate less expensive and more reliable technologies and cooperative research programs into fishery assessments conducted pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 1867. As soon as practicable, the Secretary of Commerce shall expand exempted fishing permit programs to promote fishing opportunities nationwide. Further, the Secretary of Commerce shall take all appropriate action to modernize data collection and analytical practices that will improve the responsiveness of fisheries management to real-time ocean conditions.

(d) The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall develop and implement an America First Seafood Strategy to promote production, marketing, sale, and export of United States fishery and aquaculture products and strengthen domestic processing capacity. This program shall accelerate the Department of Agriculture's efforts to educate American consumers about the health benefits of seafood and increase seafood purchases in nutrition programs.

(e) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with members of the Interagency Seafood Trade Task Force, shall assess seafood competitiveness issues and jointly develop a comprehensive seafood trade strategy. The strategy shall be based upon the Seafood Trade Strategy of November 3, 2020, that improves access to foreign markets and addresses unfair trade practices—including IUU fishing and unjustified non-tariff barriers—while ensuring a fair and competitive domestic market for United States seafood producers.

(f) The United States Trade Representative shall examine the relevant trade practices of major seafood-producing nations, including with regard to IUU fishing and the use of forced labor in the seafood supply chain, and consider appropriate responses, including pursuing solutions through negotiations or trade enforcement authorities, such as under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411).

(g) The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and other relevant agencies, shall immediately consider revising or rescinding recent expansions of the Seafood Import Monitoring Program to unnecessary species and further improve the program to more effectively target high-risk shipments from nations that routinely violate international fishery regulations. The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall use cost savings to improve thorough checks at United States ports to prevent IUU seafood from entering the market. The Secretary of Commerce shall further consider options to use improved technology to identify foreign fishery-related violations.

(h) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall review all existing marine national monuments and provide recommendations to the President of any that should be opened to commercial fishing. In making these recommendations, the Secretary of Commerce will consider whether the opening of the monuments to commercial fishing would be consistent with the preservation of the historic landmarks, historic and prehistoric structures, and other objects of historic or scientific interest originally identified in the proclamations establishing the marine national monuments.

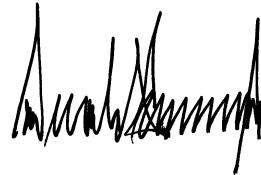
**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
April 17, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14275 of April 15, 2025

### Restoring Common Sense to Federal Procurement

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The Federal Government is the largest buyer of goods and services in the world—yet conducting business with the Federal Government is often prohibitively inefficient and costly. More than 40 years ago, the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) was implemented to establish uniform procedures for acquisitions across executive departments and agencies (agencies). The “vision” of the Federal Acquisition System, codified at section 1.102 of the FAR, is to “deliver on a timely basis the best value product or service to the customer, while maintaining the public’s trust and fulfilling public policy objectives[,]” but since its inception, the FAR has swelled to more than 2,000 pages of regulations, evolving into an excessive and overcomplicated regulatory framework and resulting in an onerous bureaucracy.

Federal procurement under the FAR receives consistently negative assessments regarding its efficiency. Comprehensive studies such as the 2024 Senate committee report entitled “Restoring Freedom’s Forge” and the 2019 report by the Advisory Panel on Streamlining and Codifying Acquisition Regulations, created by the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92) and made up of experts in acquisition and procurement policy, conclude that the FAR is a barrier to, rather than a prudent vehicle for, doing business with the Federal Government. Its harmful effects permeate various items paid for by American taxpayers, from commercial products like laptops and office supplies to major defense weapons systems. The management and expenditure of nearly \$1 trillion annually in procurements cannot continue on this trajectory. Fortunately, its inadequacies are self-inflicted and can be remedied through a comprehensive reform of the FAR.

Executive Order 14192 of January 31, 2025 (Unleashing Prosperity Through Deregulation), established that the policy of the executive branch is to be prudent and financially responsible in the expenditure of funds and to alleviate unnecessary regulatory burdens placed on the American people. Reforming the FAR will advance this objective.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to create the most agile, effective, and efficient procurement system possible. Removing undue barriers, such as unnecessary regulations, while simultaneously allowing for the expansion of the national and defense industrial bases is paramount. Accordingly, the FAR should contain only provisions required by statute or essential to sound procurement, and any FAR provisions that do not advance these objectives should be removed.

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** (a) “FAR” means the Federal Acquisition Regulation codified at title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(b) “Administrator” refers to the Administrator of the Office of Federal Public Procurement Policy.

(c) “Agency” means an executive department, a military department, or any independent establishment within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 101, 102, and 104(1), respectively, and any wholly owned Government corporation within the meaning of 31 U.S.C. 9101.

**Sec. 4. Reforming the Federal Acquisition Regulation.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Administrator, in coordination with the other members of the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council (FAR Council), the heads of agencies, and appropriate senior acquisition and procurement officials from agencies, shall take appropriate actions to amend the FAR to ensure that it contains only provisions that are required by statute or that are otherwise necessary to support simplicity and usability, strengthen the efficacy of the procurement system, or protect economic or national security interests.

**Sec. 5. Aligning Agency Supplements to the FAR.**

(a) Within 15 days of the date of this order, each agency exercising procurement authority pursuant to the FAR shall designate a senior acquisition or procurement official to work with the Administrator and the FAR Council to ensure agency alignment with FAR reform and to provide recommendations regarding any agency-specific supplemental regulations to the FAR. The Administrator, the FAR Council, and each agency designee under this subsection shall collaborate to identify and appropriately address FAR provisions that are inconsistent with the policy objectives described in section 2 of this order.

(b) Within 20 days of the date of this order, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Administrator, shall issue a memorandum to agencies that provides guidance regarding implementation of this order. That memorandum shall ensure consistency and alignment of policy objectives and implementation regarding changes to the FAR and agencies' supplemental regulations to the FAR.

(c) The memorandum issued pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall propose new agency supplemental regulations and internal guidance that promote expedited and streamlined acquisitions. With respect to such proposals, the Administrator shall direct the appropriate agency and its subordinate agencies to adhere to the ten-for-one requirement described in Executive Order 14192.

(d) The Administrator and the FAR Council shall issue deviation and interim guidance, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, until final rules reforming the FAR are published.

**Sec. 6. Regulatory Sunset.** In amending the FAR under section 4 of this order, the Administrator, in coordination with the FAR Council, shall:

(a) identify all FAR provisions not required by statute that will remain in the FAR;

(b) consider amending the FAR such that any provisions identified in accordance with subsection (a) of this section will expire 4 years after the effective date of the final rule promulgated in accordance with section 4 of this order unless renewed by the FAR Council; and

(c) consider whether any new FAR provision not required by statute that is promulgated after the effective date of the final rule promulgated in accordance with subsection (b) of this section should include a provision stating that it will expire 4 years after its effective date unless renewed by the FAR Council.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

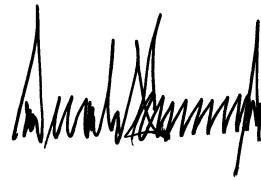
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 15, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06839  
Filed 4-17-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14274 of April 15, 2025

#### Restoring Common Sense to Federal Office Space Management

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The American people are spread across more than 3.8 million square miles in urban, suburban, and rural areas. To provide the highest quality services in an efficient and cost-effective manner, executive departments and agencies (agencies) must be where the people are.

President Carter signed Executive Order 12072 of August 16, 1978 (Federal Space Management), ordering the Federal Government to prioritize central business districts when siting Federal facilities in urban areas. Intended to improve these districts, President Carter's order has instead prevented agencies from relocating to lower-cost facilities.

Building on Executive Order 12072, President Clinton signed Executive Order 13006 of May 21, 1996 (Locating Federal Facilities on Historic Properties in Our Nation's Central Cities), to encourage agencies to locate their facilities in historic properties and districts, especially when located in central business areas. Much like President Carter's order, President Clinton's order failed to adequately prioritize efficient and effective Government service.

Revoking these orders will restore common sense to Federal office space management by freeing agencies to select cost-effective facilities and focus on successfully carrying out their missions for American taxpayers.

**Sec. 2. Revoking Executive Orders.** (a) Executive Order 12072 is hereby revoked.

(b) Executive Order 13006 is hereby revoked.

(c) The Administrator of General Services is directed to initiate the process to amend the regulations at title 41, parts 102–79 and 102–83, Code of Federal Regulations, and to take any other steps necessary in accordance with applicable law to conform Federal office space management policy with this order.

(d) Agencies that acquire or utilize federally owned or leased space under authority other than the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 101 *et seq.*), as amended, shall conform to the provisions of this order to the extent consistent with applicable law.

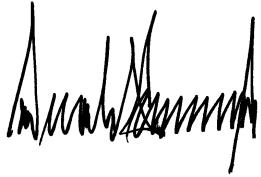
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 15, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06838  
Filed 4-17-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14273 of April 15, 2025

### Lowering Drug Prices by Once Again Putting Americans First

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** My first term included numerous significant actions, including some of the most aggressive in recent history, to deliver lower prescription drug prices to American patients. The message was clear: no longer would the executive branch sit idly by as pharmaceutical manufacturers charged patients in our Nation more than those in other countries for the exact same prescription drugs, often made in the exact same places.

These actions included encouraging the development of generic and biosimilar alternatives to higher cost brand name prescription drugs and biologics to harness competitive forces and increase access to affordable medicines. The United States also, for the first time, established a pathway to expand access to lower cost drugs imported from outside of the country. Reform efforts ensured that Government-mandated discounts were passed through to patients instead of being retained by middlemen. New price transparency rules were promulgated to allow patients, doctors, and employers to see the actual cost of prescription drugs before purchase. Insulin copayments were capped for Medicare beneficiaries, and manufacturers, instead of patients and taxpayers, were forced to foot the bill through the provision of larger discounts. I also called on the Congress to come to the table to help craft sustainable solutions that would promote innovation and affordable access for the long-term. When the Congress refused, I proposed the test of an innovative new payment mechanism that would prevent drug manufacturers from charging our patients much higher prices than those found abroad.

Combined, these bold actions were delivering real savings for American patients and set the foundation to dramatically narrow the price disparity between the United States and foreign nations over time.

Unsurprisingly, the Biden Administration reversed, walked back, or neglected many of these initiatives, undoing the progress made for American patients. The Biden Administration then signed into law the misnamed Inflation Reduction Act, which included the Medicare Prescription Drug Negotiation Program. While this program has the commendable goal of reducing the drug prices Medicare and its beneficiaries pay, its administratively complex and expensive regime has thus far produced much lower savings than projected. Further, accompanying changes to the Medicare Part D program led to inflated premiums and diminished coverage choices for seniors, prompting a taxpayer-funded bailout of insurance companies offering Part D plans. Finally, the program imposes price controls on small molecule prescription drugs, usually in tablet or capsule form, 4 years earlier than on large molecule biological products. Known as the “pill penalty,” this discrepancy threatens to distort innovation by pushing investment towards expensive biological products, which are often indicated to treat rarer diseases, and away from small molecule prescription drugs, which are generally cheaper and treat larger patient populations.

The American people deserve better. It is time to restore the progress our Nation made in my first term to deliver lower prescription drug prices by putting Americans first and making America healthy again.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that Federal health care programs, intellectual property protections, and safety regulations are optimized to provide access to prescription drugs at lower costs to American patients and taxpayers.

**Sec. 3. Improving upon the Inflation Reduction Act.** (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (Secretary), consistent with sections 1191 to 1198 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320f–1320f–7) and other applicable law, shall propose and seek comment on guidance for the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program for initial price applicability year 2028 and manufacturer effectuation of maximum fair price under such program in 2026, 2027, and 2028. The guidance shall improve the transparency of the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program, prioritize the selection of prescription drugs with high costs to the Medicare program, and minimize any negative impacts of the maximum fair price on pharmaceutical innovation within the United States.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, in coordination with the Secretary, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director), and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, shall provide recommendations to the President on how best to stabilize and reduce Medicare Part D premiums.

(c) The Secretary shall work with the Congress to modify the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program to align the treatment of small molecule prescription drugs with that of biological products, ending the distortion that undermines relative investment in small molecule prescription drugs, coupled with other reforms to prevent any increase in overall costs to Medicare and its beneficiaries.

**Sec. 4. Reducing the Prices of High-Cost Drugs for Seniors.** Within 1 year of the date of this order, the Secretary shall take appropriate steps to develop and implement a rulemaking plan and select for testing, consistent with 42 U.S.C. 1315a(b)(2), a payment model to improve the ability of the Medicare program to obtain better value for high-cost prescription drugs and biological products covered by Medicare, including those not subject to the Medicare Drug Price Negotiation Program.

**Sec. 5. Appropriately Accounting for Acquisition Costs of Drugs in Medicare.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, the Secretary shall publish in the *Federal Register* a plan to conduct a survey under section 1833(t)(14)(D)(ii) of the Social Security Act to determine the hospital acquisition cost for covered outpatient drugs at hospital outpatient departments. Following the conclusion of this survey, the Secretary shall consider and propose any appropriate adjustments that would align Medicare payment with the cost of acquisition, consistent with the budget neutrality requirement in section 1833(t)(9)(B) of the Social Security Act and other legal requirements.

**Sec. 6. Promoting Innovation, Value, and Enhanced Oversight in Medicaid Drug Payment.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the OMB Director, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, in coordination with the Secretary, shall jointly provide recommendations to the President on how best to ensure that manufacturers pay accurate Medicaid drug rebates consistent with section 1927 of the Social Security Act, promote innovation in Medicaid drug payment methodologies, link payments for drugs to the value obtained, and support States in managing drug spending.

**Sec. 7. Access to Affordable Life-Saving Medications.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, the Secretary shall take action to ensure future grants available under section 330(e) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 254b(e), are conditioned upon health centers establishing practices to make insulin and injectable epinephrine available at or below the discounted price paid by the health center grantee or sub-grantee under the 340B Prescription

Drug Program (plus a minimal administration fee) to individuals with low incomes, as determined by the Secretary, who:

- (a) have a high cost-sharing requirement for either insulin or injectable epinephrine;
- (b) have a high unmet deductible; or
- (c) have no healthcare insurance.

**Sec. 8. Reevaluating the Role of Middlemen.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, in coordination with the Secretary, the OMB Director, and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, shall provide recommendations to the President on how best to promote a more competitive, efficient, transparent, and resilient pharmaceutical value chain that delivers lower drug prices for Americans.

**Sec. 9. Accelerating Competition for High-Cost Prescription Drugs.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary, through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, shall issue a report providing administrative and legislative recommendations to:

- (a) accelerate approval of generics, biosimilars, combination products, and second-in-class brand name medications; and
- (b) improve the process through which prescription drugs can be reclassified as over-the-counter medications, including recommendations to optimally identify prescription drugs that can be safely provided to patients over the counter.

**Sec. 10. Increasing Prescription Drug Importation to Lower Prices.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary, through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, shall take steps to streamline and improve the Importation Program under section 804 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to make it easier for States to obtain approval without sacrificing safety or quality.

**Sec. 11. Reducing Costly Care for Seniors.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary shall evaluate and, if appropriate and consistent with applicable law, propose regulations to ensure that payment within the Medicare program is not encouraging a shift in drug administration volume away from less costly physician office settings to more expensive hospital outpatient departments.

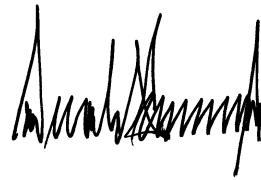
**Sec. 12. Improving Transparency into Pharmacy Benefit Manager Fee Disclosure.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor shall propose regulations pursuant to section 408(b)(2)(B) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to improve employer health plan fiduciary transparency into the direct and indirect compensation received by pharmacy benefit managers.

**Sec. 13. Combating Anti-Competitive Behavior by Prescription Drug Manufacturers.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary or his designee shall conduct joint public listening sessions with the appropriate personnel from the Department of Justice, the Department of Commerce, and the Federal Trade Commission and issue a report with recommendations to reduce anti-competitive behavior from pharmaceutical manufacturers.

**Sec. 14. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 15, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06837  
Filed 4-17-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14272 of April 15, 2025

#### **Ensuring National Security and Economic Resilience Through Section 232 Actions on Processed Critical Minerals and Derivative Products**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862) (the “Act”), it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** A strong national defense depends on a robust economy and price stability, a resilient manufacturing and defense industrial base, and secure domestic supply chains. Critical minerals, including rare earth elements, in the form of processed minerals are essential raw materials and critical production inputs required for economic and national security. Critical mineral oxides, oxalates, salts, and metals (processed critical minerals), as well as their derivative products—the manufactured goods incorporating them—are similarly foundational to United States national security and defense.

But processed critical minerals and their derivative products face significant global supply chain vulnerabilities and market distortions due to reliance on a small number of foreign suppliers. These vulnerabilities and distortions have led to significant United States import dependencies. The dependence of the United States on imports and the vulnerability of our supply chains raises the potential for risks to national security, defense readiness, price stability, and economic prosperity and resilience.

Processed critical minerals and their derivative products are essential for economic security and resilience because they underpin key industries, drive technological innovation, and support critical infrastructure vital for a modern American economy. They are key building blocks of our manufacturing base and foundational to sectors ranging from transportation and energy to telecommunications and advanced manufacturing. These economic sectors are, moreover, foundational to America’s national security.

Processed critical minerals and their derivative products are essential for national security because they are foundational to military infrastructure, energy infrastructure, and advanced defense systems and technologies. They are key building blocks of our defense industrial base and integral to applications such as jet engines, missile guidance systems, advanced computing, radar systems, advanced optics, and secure communications equipment.

The United States manufacturing and defense industrial bases remain dependent on foreign sources for processed critical mineral products. Many of these foreign sources are at risk of serious, sustained, and long-term supply chain shocks. Should the United States lose access to processed critical minerals from foreign sources, the United States commercial and defense manufacturing base for derivative products could face significant shortages and an inability to meet demand.

Associated risks arise from a variety of factors. First, global supply chains are prone to disruption from geopolitical tensions, wars, natural disasters, pandemics, and trade conflicts.

Second, major global foreign producers of processed critical minerals have engaged in widespread price manipulation, overcapacity, arbitrary export restrictions, and the exploitation of their supply chain dominance to distort world markets and thereby gain geopolitical and economic leverage over

the United States and other competitors that depend on processed critical minerals to manufacture derivative products essential to their economic and national security and national defense. Therefore, the import dependence of the United States on processed critical minerals from foreign sources may pose a serious national security risk to the United States economy and defense preparedness.

Third, the risks arising from America's import dependence on processed critical minerals also extend to derivative products that are integral to the United States economy and economic and national security. For the United States to manufacture derivative products, it must have ready access to an affordable, resilient, and sustainable supply of processed critical minerals. Simultaneously, a resilient and sustainable manufacturing base for derivative products is vital to creating a stable demand base for processed critical minerals. Both must coexist to ensure economic stability and national security.

Finally, overreliance on a small number of geographic regions amplifies the risks posed by geopolitical instability and regional disruptions.

In light of the above risks and realities, an investigation under section 232 of the Act (section 232) is necessary to determine whether imports of processed critical minerals and their derivative products threaten to impair national security.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** As used in this order:

(a) The term "critical minerals" means those minerals included in the "Critical Minerals List" published by the United States Geological Survey (USGS) pursuant to section 7002(c) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606) at 87 FR 10381, or any subsequent such list. The term "critical minerals" also includes uranium.

(b) The term "rare earth elements" means the 17 elements identified as rare earth elements by the Department of Energy (DOE) in the April 2020 publication titled "Critical Materials Rare Earths Supply Chain." The term also includes any additional elements that either the USGS or DOE determines in any subsequent official report or publication should be considered rare earth elements.

(c) The term "processed critical minerals" refers to critical minerals that have undergone the activities that occur after critical mineral ore is extracted from a mine up through its conversion into a metal, metal powder or a master alloy. These activities specifically occur beginning from the point at which ores are converted into oxide concentrates; separated into oxides; and converted into metals, metal powders, and master alloys.

(d) The term "derivative products" includes all goods that incorporate processed critical minerals as inputs. These goods include semi-finished goods (such as semiconductor wafers, anodes, and cathodes) as well as final products (such as permanent magnets, motors, electric vehicles, batteries, smartphones, microprocessors, radar systems, wind turbines and their components, and advanced optical devices).

**Sec. 3. Section 232 Investigation.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate an investigation under section 232 to determine the effects on national security of imports of processed critical minerals and their derivative products.

(b) In conducting the investigation described in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Commerce shall assess the factors set forth in 19 U.S.C. 1862(d), labeled "Domestic production for national defense; impact of foreign competition on economic welfare of domestic industries," as well as other relevant factors, including:

- (i) identification of United States imports of all processed critical minerals and derivative products incorporating such processed critical minerals;
- (ii) the foreign sources by percent and volume of all processed critical mineral imports and derivative product imports, the specific types of

risks that may be associated with each source by country, and those source countries deemed to be of significant risk;

(iii) an analysis of the distortive effects of the predatory economic, pricing, and market manipulation strategies and practices used by countries that process critical minerals that are exported to the United States, including the distortive effects on domestic investment and the viability of United States production, as well as an assessment of how such strategies and practices permit such countries to maintain their control over the critical minerals processing sector and distort United States market prices for derivative products;

(iv) an analysis of the demand for processed critical minerals by manufacturers of derivative products in the United States and globally, including an assessment of the extent to which such manufacturers' demand for processed critical minerals originates from countries identified under subsections (b)(ii) and (b)(iii) of this section;

(v) a review and risk assessment of global supply chains for processed critical minerals and their derivative products;

(vi) an analysis of the current and potential capabilities of the United States to process critical minerals and their derivative products; and

(vii) the dollar value of the current level of imports of all processed critical minerals and derivative products by total value and country of export.

(c) The Secretary of Commerce shall, consistent with applicable law, proceed expeditiously in conducting the investigation as follows:

(i) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit for internal review and comment a draft interim report to the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Senior Counselor to the President for Trade and Manufacturing.

(ii) Comments to the Secretary of Commerce from the officials identified in subsection (c)(i) of this section shall be provided within 15 days of submission of the draft interim report described in subsection (c)(i) of this section.

(iii) The Secretary of Commerce shall submit a final report and recommendations to the President within 180 days of the investigation's commencement.

(d) In considering whether to make recommendations for action or inaction pursuant to section 232(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1862(b)), the Secretary of Commerce shall consider:

(i) the imposition of tariffs as well as other import restrictions and their appropriate levels;

(ii) safeguards to avoid circumvention and any weakening of the section 232 measures;

(iii) policies to incentivize domestic production, processing, and recycling; and

(iv) any additional measures that may be warranted to mitigate United States national security risks, as appropriate, under the President's authority pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*).

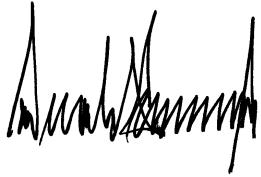
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof, or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 15, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06836  
Filed 4-17-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14271 of April 15, 2025**

## **Ensuring Commercial, Cost-Effective Solutions in Federal Contracts**

By the authority vested in me as President, by the Constitution and laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** A major goal of my Administration is to eliminate unnecessary and imprudent expenditures of taxpayer dollars. Previous administrations evaded statutory preferences and abused the Federal contracting framework by procuring custom products and services where a suitable or superior commercial solution would have fulfilled the Government's needs. Doing so simultaneously stifled the integration of commercially available innovations in Government procurement while increasing Government spending, resulting in avoidable waste and costly delays to the detriment of American taxpayers. My Administration will enforce existing laws directing the Federal Government to utilize, to the maximum extent practicable, the competitive marketplace and the innovations of private enterprise to provide better, more cost-effective services to taxpayers.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration that agencies shall procure commercially available products and services, including those that can be modified to fill agencies' needs, to the maximum extent practicable, including pursuant to the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–355, as amended) (FASA).

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

(a) “Agency” means an executive department, a military department, or any independent establishment within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 101, 102, and 104(1), respectively, and any wholly owned Government corporation within the meaning of 31 U.S.C. 9101(c).

(b) “Approval authority” means the senior procurement executive, designated pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 1702(c), who is responsible for management direction of the acquisition system of an agency, including implementation of the unique acquisition policies, regulations, and standards of the agency.

(c) “Contracting officer” has the meaning given in 48 C.F.R. 2.101.

**Sec. 4. Review of Pending Actions.** (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, each agency’s approval authority shall direct the agency’s contracting officers to conduct a review of all open agency solicitations, pre-solicitation notices, solicitation notices, award notices, and sole source notices for non-commercial products or services, such as highly specialized, Government-unique systems, custom-developed products or services, or research and development requirements where the agency has not identified a satisfactory commercial option. Each contracting officer shall consolidate each such agency solicitation, pre-solicitation notice, solicitation notice, award notice, and sole source notice into a proposed application requesting approval for the purchase of the non-commercial products or services, which shall be submitted to the agency’s approval authority. The proposed applications shall contain the market research and price analysis used to determine the availability of commercial products and services to meet the Government’s needs and to justify the procurement of a non-commercial product or service, as required by 41 U.S.C. 3307(d) and 10 U.S.C. 3453(c) and 3453(d), as applicable, and the rationale for pursuing a Government-unique, custom-developed or otherwise non-commercial product or service.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of the receipt of the proposed applications for solicitation of non-commercial products or services under subsection (a) of this section, each approval authority shall:

(i) assess each proposed application's compliance with FASA, including the sufficiency of the market research and price analysis provided in support of the procurement of non-commercial products or services, and take appropriate action with respect to any deficiencies in the proposed application, including returning the application or any portion of the application to the contracting officer for additional research or action with respect to potential commercial products or services; and

(ii) make appropriate recommendations to advance the solicitation of commercial products or services where those products or services would be sufficient to serve the applicable procurement needs.

(c) Within 120 days of the date of this order and annually thereafter, each agency's approval authority shall provide a report to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) detailing the agency's compliance with FASA and its progress toward implementing the policies of this order.

**Sec. 5. Oversight of Non-Commercial Procurements.** (a) Whenever an agency proposes to solicit a non-commercial product or service, the applicable contracting officer shall provide the agency's approval authority with a description of the proposed procurement, which shall include the specific reasons a non-commercial product or service is required, including all market research and price analysis in support of the proposed solicitation for such product or service. The approval authority shall review and approve or deny the proposal in writing.

(b) In conducting the review under subsection (a) of this section, the approval authority may seek input regarding the proposal from the Director of OMB. In such cases, the Director of OMB, in consultation with the Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy, shall review and assess the validity of the proposal, including the thoroughness of the market research and price analysis, and shall notify the approval authority in writing whether the Director of OMB recommends that the proposal be approved or denied.

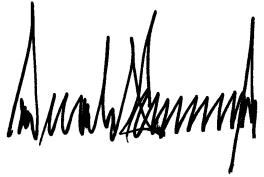
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 15, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06835  
Filed 4-17-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14270 of April 9, 2025

### Zero-Based Regulatory Budgeting To Unleash American Energy

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** In our country, laws are supposed to provide the certainty and order necessary to foster liberty and innovation. Instead, our vast regulatory structure often serves to constrict ordered liberty, not promote it. The United States Code itself is more than 60,000 pages. But unelected agency officials write most of the complex, legally binding rules on top of that, often stretching these statutory provisions beyond what the Congress enacted.

In particular, the previous administration added more pages to the *Federal Register* than any other in history, with the result that the Code of Federal Regulations now approaches a staggering 200,000 pages. These regulations linger in such volume that serious reexamination seldom occurs.

This regime of governance-by-regulator has imposed particularly severe costs on energy production, where innovation is critical. The net result is an energy landscape perpetually trapped in the 1970s. By rescinding outdated regulations that serve as a drag on progress, we can stimulate innovation and deliver prosperity to everyday Americans.

This order directs certain agencies to incorporate a sunset provision into their regulations governing energy production to the extent permitted by law, thus compelling those agencies to reexamine their regulations periodically to ensure that those rules serve the public good.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) “Conditional Sunset Date” means the date a regulation will cease to be effective and be removed from the Code of Federal Regulations, if the agency does not extend the Sunset Date pursuant to section 4(d) of this order.

(b) “Covered Agency” means one of the agencies listed in section 3(a) of this order.

(c) “Covered Regulation” means a regulation issued in whole or in part pursuant to a statutory authority listed in sections 3(b)–(j) of this order.

(d) “DOGE Team Lead” means the leader of the DOGE Team at each agency as described in Executive Order 14158.

(e) “Regulation” means each part, subpart, or individual provision of the Code of Federal Regulations promulgated under an agency rule as defined in 5 U.S.C. 551(4).

**Sec. 3. Covered Agencies and Regulations.** (a) This order applies to the following agencies and their subcomponents: the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); the Department of Energy (DoE); the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC); and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). It further applies to the following agency subcomponents: the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSMRE), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM), the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE), and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS), all within the Department of the Interior;

and the United States Army Corps of Engineers (ACE), within the United States Army.

(b) For the DoE, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the following statutes and any amendments thereto:

- (i) the Atomic Energy Act of 1954;
- (ii) the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act of 1987;
- (iii) the Energy Policy Act of 1992;
- (iv) the Energy Policy Act of 2005; and
- (v) the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007.

(c) For FERC, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the following statutes and any amendments thereto:

- (i) the Federal Power Act of 1935;
- (ii) the Natural Gas Act of 1938; and
- (iii) the Powerplant and Industrial Fuel Use Act of 1978.

(d) For the NRC, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the following statutes and any amendments thereto:

- (i) the Atomic Energy Act of 1954;
- (ii) the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974; and
- (iii) the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982.

(e) For the OSMRE, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 and any amendments thereto.

(f) For the BLM, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the following statutes and any amendments thereto:

- (i) the Mining Act of 1872;
- (ii) the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976; and
- (iii) the Energy Policy Act of 2005.

(g) For the BOEM, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the following statutes and any amendments thereto:

- (i) the Outer Continental Shelf Act of 1953; and
- (ii) the Energy Policy Act of 2005.

(h) For the BSEE, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the Outer Continental Shelf Act of 1953 and any amendments thereto.

(i) For the FWS, this order applies to all regulations issued pursuant to the following statutes and any amendments thereto:

- (i) the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act;
- (ii) the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918;
- (iii) the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1934;
- (iv) the Anadromous Fish Conservation Act of 1965;
- (v) the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972;
- (vi) the Endangered Species Act of 1973;
- (vii) the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976; and
- (viii) the Coastal Barrier Resources Act of 1982.

(j) For the EPA and ACE, within 30 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the EPA and Secretary of the Army shall provide to the President, through the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director), a list of statutes vesting EPA and ACE with regulatory authority that shall be subject to this order.

**Sec. 4. Zero-Based Regulating.** (a) To the extent consistent with applicable law, each of the Covered Agencies shall issue a sunset rule, effective not

later than September 30, 2025, that inserts a Conditional Sunset Date into each of their Covered Regulations.

(b) The sunset rule shall provide that each Covered Regulation in effect on the date of this order shall have a Conditional Sunset Date of 1 year after the effective date of the sunset rule, subject to the process set forth in subsection (d) of this section. Unless the extension condition specified in subsection (d) of this section is satisfied, agencies will treat Covered Regulations as ceasing to be effective on that date for all purposes. An agency shall not take any action to enforce such an ineffective regulation and, to the maximum extent permitted by law, shall remove it from the Code of Federal Regulations.

(c) In any new Covered Regulation, to the maximum extent consistent with law, the relevant Covered Agency shall include a Conditional Sunset Date that is not more than 5 years in the future. Amendments to any Covered Regulation shall provide that they do not reset that regulation's Conditional Sunset Date and shall be subject to the same Conditional Sunset Date as the amended regulation. The OMB Director may exempt a new regulation or amendment from the requirements of this paragraph if he determines that the new regulation or amendment has a net deregulatory effect.

(d) The sunset provision added to existing and new Covered Regulations shall provide that the agency will offer the public an opportunity to comment on the costs and benefits of each regulation, such as through a request for information, prior to a rule's expiration, and following such opportunity the Conditional Sunset Date for that Covered Regulation may be extended if the agency finds an extension is warranted. A request for information shall not automatically extend the Conditional Sunset Date. A Covered Agency may extend the Conditional Sunset Date for a particular Covered Regulation as many times as is appropriate, but never to a date more than 5 years in the future.

**Sec. 5. Implementation.** (a) Neither a determination to extend the Conditional Sunset Date of a particular regulation, nor a regulation that expires as a result this order, shall count towards the ten-for-one regulatory requirement in Executive Order 14192 of January 31, 2025 (Unleashing Prosperity Through Deregulation).

(b) Agency heads shall coordinate with their DOGE Team Leads and the Office of Management and Budget to implement this order.

(c) This order shall not apply to regulatory permitting regimes authorized by statute.

**Sec. 6. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any agency, person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other agencies, persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

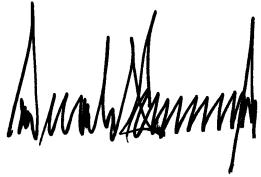
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the OMB Director relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06466  
Filed 4-14-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14269 of April 9, 2025

#### Restoring America's Maritime Dominance

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The commercial shipbuilding capacity and maritime workforce of the United States has been weakened by decades of Government neglect, leading to the decline of a once strong industrial base while simultaneously empowering our adversaries and eroding United States national security. Both our allies and our strategic competitors produce ships for a fraction of the cost needed in the United States. Recent data shows that the United States constructs less than one percent of commercial ships globally, while the People's Republic of China (PRC) is responsible for producing approximately half.

Rectifying these issues requires a comprehensive approach that includes securing consistent, predictable, and durable Federal funding, making United States-flagged and built vessels commercially competitive in international commerce, rebuilding America's maritime manufacturing capabilities (the Maritime Industrial Base), and expanding and strengthening the recruitment, training, and retention of the relevant workforce.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to revitalize and rebuild domestic maritime industries and workforce to promote national security and economic prosperity.

**Sec. 3. Maritime Action Plan.** (a) Within 210 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs (APNSA), in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the United States Trade Representative (USTR), and the heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) the APNSA deems appropriate, shall submit a Maritime Action Plan (MAP) to the President, through the APNSA and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director) to achieve the policy set forth in this order.

(b) The OMB Director, in coordination with the APNSA, shall be responsible for all legislative, regulatory, and fiscal assessments related to the MAP.

(c) The MAP shall, to the extent permissible and consistent with applicable law, including the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 8301–8305), reflect actions taken pursuant to sections 4 through 21 of this order.

**Sec. 4. Ensure the Security and Resilience of the Maritime Industrial Base.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall provide to the APNSA and the OMB Director for inclusion in the MAP an assessment of options both for the use of available authorities and resources, such as Defense Production Act Title III authorities, and for the use of private capital to the maximum extent possible to invest in and expand the Maritime Industrial Base including, but not limited to, investment and expansion of commercial and defense shipbuilding capabilities, component supply chains, ship repair and marine transportation capabilities, port infrastructure, and the adjacent workforce. The Secretary of Defense shall pursue using the Office of Strategic Capital loan program to improve the shipbuilding industrial base. As part of their

assessment, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall:

(a) identify key maritime components in the supply chain that are essential for rebuilding and expanding the Maritime Industrial Base and that should be prioritized for investment;

(b) ensure that their recommendations of public and private investments are made according to a clear metric, derived in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, of return on invested capital for the United States taxpayer and to the economic and national security of the United States; and

(c) ensure that their recommendations take into consideration the projected increases to commercial and defense capabilities, the projected growth in economic activity, and the projected benefits for taxpayers and the workforce.

**Sec. 5. Actions in the Investigation of the PRC's Unfair Targeting of Maritime, Logistics, and Shipbuilding Sectors.** (a) With respect to the actions, if any, that the USTR determines to take consistent with the USTR's notice of public hearing entitled Proposed Action in Section 301 Investigation of the PRC's Targeting of the Maritime, Logistics, and Shipbuilding Sectors for Dominance, 90 Fed. Reg. 10843 (February 27, 2025), the USTR shall:

(i) coordinate with appropriate agencies to collect additional information, as appropriate and to the extent permitted by law, in support of administering such actions; and

(ii) coordinate with the Attorney General and Secretary of Homeland Security to take appropriate steps to enforce any restriction, fee, penalty, or duty imposed pursuant to such actions.

(b) Based on the USTR's determinations arising out of its Section 301 investigation into the PRC's targeting of the maritime, logistics, and shipbuilding sectors, the USTR shall also consider taking all necessary steps permitted by law to propose the following actions:

(i) tariffs on ship-to-shore cranes manufactured, assembled, or made using components of PRC origin, or manufactured anywhere in the world by a company owned, controlled, or substantially influenced by a PRC national; and

(ii) tariffs on other cargo handling equipment.

**Sec. 6. Enforce Collection of Harbor Maintenance Fee and Other Charges.** In order to prevent cargo carriers from circumventing the Harbor Maintenance Fee (HMF) on imported goods through the practice of making port in Canada or Mexico and sending their cargo into the United States through land borders, and to ensure the collection of other charges as applicable, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all necessary steps, including proposing new legislation, as permitted by law to:

(a) require all foreign-origin cargo arriving by vessel to clear the Customs and Border Protection (CBP) entry process at a United States port of entry for security and collection of all applicable duties, customs, taxes, fees, interest, and other charges; and

(b) ensure any foreign-origin cargo first arriving by vessel to North America clearing the CBP process at an inland location from the country of land transit (Canada or Mexico) is assessed applicable customs, duties, taxes, fees (including the HMF), interest, and other charges plus a 10 percent service fee for additional costs to the CBP, so long as the cargo being shipped into the United States is not substantially transformed from its condition at the time of arrival into the country of land transit (with the discretion for such decisions to be determined by CBP).

**Sec. 7. Engage Allies and Partners to Align Trade Policies.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the USTR, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce, shall engage treaty allies, partners, and other like-minded countries around the world with respect to their potential imposition of any actions taken pursuant to sections 5 and 6

of this order. The USTR shall deliver an engagement plan and progress report on these engagements to the President.

**Sec. 8. Reduce Dependence on Adversaries through Allies and Partners.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, shall recommend to the APNSA and the OMB Director for inclusion in the MAP all available incentives to help shipbuilders domiciled in allied nations partner to undertake capital investment in the United States to help strengthen the shipbuilding capacity of the United States.

**Sec. 9. Launch a Maritime Security Trust Fund.** In conjunction with the formulation of the President's Budget, the OMB Director shall, in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation, develop a legislative proposal, which shall be described in detail in the MAP, to establish a Maritime Security Trust Fund that can serve as a reliable funding source to deliver consistent support for MAP programs. This proposal shall consider how new or existing tariff revenue, fines, fees, or tax revenue could further the goal of establishing a more reliable, dedicated funding source for programs support by the MAP.

**Sec. 10. Shipbuilding Financial Incentives Program.** In conjunction with the formulation of the President's Budget and consistent with the findings of the report required under section 12 of this order, the Secretary of Transportation shall submit a legislative proposal to the APNSA and the OMB Director, which shall be described in detail in the MAP, that establishes a financial incentives program with broad flexibility to incentivize private investment in the construction of commercial components, parts, and vessels; capital improvements to commercial vessel shipyards; capital improvements to commercial vessel repair facilities and drydocks through grants; and Federal Credit Reform Act-compliant loans and loan guarantees. Such proposal may augment or replace existing programs with similar purpose including the Small Shipyard Grant Program and the Federal Ship Financing (Title XI) Program.

**Sec. 11. Establish Maritime Prosperity Zones.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall deliver a plan to the President through the APNSA for inclusion in the MAP that identifies opportunities to incentivize and facilitate domestic and allied investment in United States maritime industries and waterfront communities through establishment of maritime prosperity zones. The proposal shall:

(a) model these maritime prosperity zones on the opportunity zones established pursuant to section 13823 of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (Public Law 115–97, 131 Stat. 2054), which I signed into law during my first Administration;

(b) include stipulations for appropriate regulatory relief in the establishment of such zones; and

(c) provide for zones that are outside of traditional coastal shipbuilding and ship repair centers and are geographically diverse, including river regions as well as the Great Lakes.

**Sec. 12. Report on Maritime Industry Needs.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security and the heads of other agencies as appropriate, shall deliver a report to the OMB Director and APNSA for inclusion in the MAP that inventories Federal programs that could be used to sustain and grow the supply of and demand for the United States maritime industry. The report and inventory shall include:

(a) any Federal programs that provide financial and regulatory incentives for United States shipping, shipbuilding, and shipbuilding supply chains, including the training of shipbuilders and United States-credentialed mariners;

(b) Maritime Administration programs such as the Tanker Security Program, Cable Security Fleet, Maritime Security Programs, Maritime Environmental and Technical Assistance Program, Title XI, Assistance to Small Shipyards, Port Infrastructure Development Program, the United States Merchant Marine Academy (USMMA), and programs that support the State Maritime Academies;

(c) existing domestic cargo preference laws, including the Military Cargo Preference Act of 1904, as amended, (10 U.S.C. 2631) and the Cargo Preference Act of 1954, as amended, (46 U.S.C. 55304), and whether and how they can be used to ensure that United States cargo is transported on United States-built and flagged vessels, including a review of the existing waiver process and all current waivers to ensure they are consistent with the promotion of American domestic shipping;

(d) other available means that could further support the industry, including modifications of existing programs, establishment of new programs, and tax and regulatory relief; and

(e) in coordination with the National Security Council and the Office of Management and Budget, the costs and benefits of increased cargo preference rates, including on liquid cargo carriers, tankers, and military useful vessels, and options for increasing cargo preference compliance and directing open market procurement of shipping to meet urgent military needs for maritime vessels.

**Sec. 13. Expand Mariner Training and Education.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Education, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall deliver a report to the President through the APNSA for inclusion in the MAP with recommendations to address workforce challenges in the maritime sector through maritime educational institutions and workforce transitions.

(a) In preparing their report, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Education, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall consult, as needed, with industry stakeholders including private industry and labor organizations.

(b) The report shall:

(i) include the current number of credentialed mariners and estimate the additional credentialed mariners required to support the policies described in this order;

(ii) analyze the impact of establishing new and expanding existing merchant marine academies as a means of educating, training, and certifying the additional credentialed merchant mariners estimated under subsection (b)(i) of this section;

(iii) identify any requirements for credentialing mariners that are unnecessary, insufficient, or unduly burdensome and provide recommendations for reform;

(iv) inventory existing educational and technical training grants and scholarships to colleges and vocational-technical training institutions for critical shipbuilding specialties and other maritime studies, and provide recommendations for enhancement; and

(v) assess the United States Coast Guard credentialing program applicability to United States Navy Active Duty and Reserve sailors to increase opportunities for sailors to transfer into the Merchant Marine with validated skills.

(c) Consistent with the findings of the report and in conjunction with the formulation of the President's Budget, the Secretary of State, Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Education, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall deliver a legislative proposal to the APNSA and the OMB Director that:

- (i) reflects the recommendations of the report required under this section;
- (ii) establishes national maritime scholarships to send promising maritime experts abroad to learn cutting edge techniques and subjects, such as innovative maritime logistics, clean fuels and advanced nuclear energy, human-machine teaming, and additive manufacturing and other advanced technologies; and
- (iii) offers scholarships to maritime experts from allied countries to teach at United States institutions.

**Sec. 14. Modernize the United States Merchant Marine Academy.** (a) The Secretary of Transportation shall:

- (i) within 30 days of this order consistent with applicable law and available appropriations, take action to hire the necessary facilities staff and reprogram budgetary resources needed to execute urgent deferred maintenance projects and any other mission critical repair works at the USMMA;
- (ii) take immediate action to finalize a long-term master facilities plan (LMFP) for the modernization of the USMMA campus and submit such plan to the APNSA and OMB Director for concurrence; and
- (iii) within 90 days of the concurrence described in subsection (a)(ii) of this section, in consultation with the Department of Government Efficiency, submit a 5-year capital improvement plan (CIP) consistent with the LMFP to the APNSA and OMB Director that includes capital project budgets, schedules, and sequencing, as well as an inventory of deferred maintenance items necessary to sustain campus operations through completion of the CIP.

(b) All actions taken pursuant to this section shall be detailed in the MAP.

**Sec. 15. Improve Procurement Efficiency.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of the National Science Foundation shall develop a proposal for improved acquisition strategies processes for United States Government vessels and submit such proposal to APNSA and the OMB Director for inclusion in the MAP. The proposal shall:

- (a) have as its objective providing American shipbuilders with market forecasting needed to justify investments in infrastructure, workforce, and intellectual property to meet United States demand;
- (b) include reforms recommended by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security related to:
  - (i) staff structure and innovations in acquisition strategies that will improve Federal vessel procurement; and
  - (ii) reductions of the layers of approval needed to execute, build, and improve the vessel acquisition process, including by utilizing commercial acquisition and modular design practices that reduce complexity and prevent frequent changes to ship designs;
  - (c) identify for elimination excessive requirements, including the number of Government reviews and onerous regulations that add to ship design and acquisition delays; and
  - (d) consider use of broad industry standards and American-made readily available parts and components to drive up production volume while shrinking the iterative design process, which historically has led to delays and cost increases.

**Sec. 16. Improve Government Efficiency.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Department of Government Efficiency shall begin a separate review of the Department of Defense and Department of Homeland Security vessel procurement processes and deliver a proposal to the President, through the APNSA for inclusion in the MAP, to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of these processes.

**Sec. 17. Increase the Fleet of Commercial Vessels Trading Internationally under the flag of the United States.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, in conjunction with the formulation of the President's Budget and consistent with the findings of the report required under section 12 of this section, the Secretary of Transportation shall in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, deliver a legislative proposal to the APNSA and OMB Director for inclusion in the MAP that:

(a) is designed to ensure that adequate cubed footage and gross tonnage of United States-flagged commercial vessels can be called upon in times of crisis, while limiting the likelihood of Government waste;

(b) provides incentives that will:

(i) grow the fleet of United States built, crewed, and flagged vessels that serve as readily deployable assets for national security purposes; and

(ii) increase the participation of United States commercial vessels in international trade; and

(c) enhances existing subsidies to include coverage of certain construction or modification costs in a manner designed to enhance incentives for the commercial shipping industry to operate militarily useful ships that trade internationally under the flag of the United States.

**Sec. 18. Ensure the Security and Leadership of Arctic Waterways.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall develop a strategy that identifies the vision, goals, and objectives necessary to secure arctic waterways and enable American prosperity in the face of evolving arctic security challenges and associated risks, and deliver it to the APNSA for inclusion in the MAP.

**Sec. 19. Shipbuilding Review.** Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall conduct a review of shipbuilding for United States Government use and submit a report to the President with recommendations to increase the number of participants and competitors within United States shipbuilding, and to reduce cost overruns and production delays for surface, subsurface, and unmanned programs. This report must include separate itemized and prioritized lists of recommendations for the United States Army, Navy, and Coast Guard and shall be included in the MAP.

**Sec. 20. Deregulatory Initiatives.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall conduct a review of their regulations, and implementation thereof, across all components pertaining to the domestic commercial maritime fleet and maritime port access to determine where each agency may be able to deregulate within the framework of Executive Order 14192 of January 31, 2025 (Unleashing Prosperity Through Deregulation), to reduce unnecessary costs and clear barriers to emerging technology and related efficiencies. Each agency will submit a report of its findings to the OMB Director and to the APNSA for inclusion in the MAP.

**Sec. 21. Inactive Reserve Fleet.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a review and issue guidance on the funding, retention, support, and mobilization of a robust inactive reserve fleet. This review and guidance shall be delivered to the APNSA for inclusion in the MAP.

**Sec. 22. Coordination.** Unless otherwise specified in this order, the plans, reports, reviews, and recommendations that are required to be submitted to the President by this order shall be developed through interagency coordination in accordance with National Security Presidential Memorandum 1 of January 20, 2025 (Organization of the National Security Council and Subcommittees), or its successors.

**Sec. 23. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

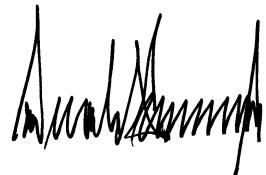
**Sec. 24. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06465  
Filed 4-14-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14268 of April 9, 2025

### **Reforming Foreign Defense Sales To Improve Speed and Accountability**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** To serve the interests of the American people, the United States must maintain the world's strongest and most technologically advanced military through a dynamic defense industrial base, coupled with a robust network of capable partners and allies. A rapid and transparent foreign defense sales system that enables effective defense cooperation between the United States and our chosen partners is foundational to these objectives. Reforming this system would simultaneously strengthen the security capabilities of our allies and invigorate our own defense industrial base. This mutually reinforcing approach would enhance United States warfighting capabilities by fostering healthy American supply chains, domestic production levels, and technological development.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration to:

- (a) Improve accountability and transparency throughout the foreign defense sales system to ensure predictable and reliable delivery of American products to foreign partners in support of United States foreign policy objectives.
- (b) Consolidate parallel decision-making when determining which military capabilities the United States will choose to provide, and to which countries.
- (c) Reduce rules and regulations involved in the development, execution, and monitoring of foreign defense sales and of transfer cases to ensure alignment with United States foreign policy objectives.
- (d) Increase government-industry collaboration to achieve cost and schedule efficiencies in the execution of the Foreign Military Sales (FMS) program.
- (e) Advance United States competitiveness abroad, revitalize the defense industrial base, and lower unit costs for the United States and our allies and partners by integrating exportability features in the design phase, improving financing options for partners, and increasing contract flexibility overall.

**Sec. 3. Phased Implementation.** (a) The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense shall promptly:

- (i) Implement National Security Presidential Memorandum 10 of April 19, 2018 (United States Conventional Arms Transfer Policy), or any successor policy directive.
  - (ii) Reevaluate restrictions imposed by the Missile Technology Control Regime on Category I items and consider supplying certain partners with specific Category I items, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce.
  - (iii) Submit a joint letter to the Congress proposing an update to statutory congressional certification (also known as congressional notification) thresholds of proposed sales under the FMS and Direct Commercial Sales (DCS) programs in the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 *et seq.*). The Secretary of State shall also work with the Congress to review congressional notification processes to ensure the timely adjudication of notified FMS and DCS cases.
- (b) Within 60 days of the date of this order:
- (i) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall develop a list of priority partners for conventional arms transfers

and issue updated guidance to Chiefs of the United States Diplomatic Missions regarding this list.

(ii) The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall:

(A) develop a list of priority end-items for potential transfer to priority partners identified by the Secretary of State in the list required by this subsection;

(B) ensure the transfer of priority end-items to priority partners would not cause significant harm to United States force readiness; and

(C) ensure the transfer of priority end-items to priority partners would advance my Administration's goal of strengthening allied burden-sharing, both by sharing the cost of end-item production and by increasing our allies' capacity to meet capability targets independently, without sustained support from the United States.

(c)(i) The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense shall review, update, and reissue the lists of priority partners and military end-items on an annual basis.

(ii) The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense shall review and update the list of defense items that can only be purchased through the FMS process (the FMS-Only List) and the United States Munitions List, 22 C.F.R. part 121, to focus protections solely on our most sensitive and sophisticated technologies, and shall establish clear criteria for including an item on the FMS-Only List.

(d) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, shall submit a plan to the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs (APNSA), to: improve the transparency of United States defense sales to foreign partners by developing metrics for accountability; secure exportability as a requirement in the early stages of the acquisition process; and consolidate technology security and foreign disclosure approvals.

(e) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, with the assistance of the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce, shall submit a plan to the APNSA to develop a single electronic system to track all DCS export license requests and ongoing FMS efforts throughout the case life-cycle.

**Sec. 4. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

(a) "Parallel decision-making" refers to the granting of simultaneous certifications and approvals during the FMS process, as opposed to sequential decision-making where agencies wait for other agencies to make decisions before taking action.

(b) "Exportability" means the process to identify, develop, and integrate technology protection features into United States defense systems early in the acquisition process to protect critical technologies, capabilities, and program information and thus enable export to partners.

(c) "FMS-only" means defense articles that are exclusively available through the FMS process as opposed to the DCS process, as authorized in the Arms Export Control Act and described in the Security Assistance Management Manual (SAMM), Defense Security Cooperation Agency (DSCA), Chapter 4.

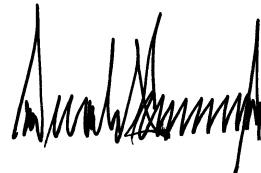
(d) "End-item" means the final product when assembled and ready for issue or deployment.

(e) "Foreign defense sales system" means the enterprise devoted to the transfer of defense articles, services, and training by the United States Government and United States companies to international partners and organizations.

(f) All other terms related to FMS cases shall have the meanings given to them by the SAMM, DSCA 5105.38M.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06464  
Filed 4-14-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14267 of April 9, 2025

### Reducing Anti-Competitive Regulatory Barriers

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Federal regulations should not predetermine economic winners and losers. Yet some regulations operate to exclude new market entrants. Regulations that reduce competition, entrepreneurship, and innovation—as well as the benefits they create for American consumers—should be eliminated. This order commences the process for eliminating anti-competitive regulations to revitalize the American economy.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** (a) “Agency” has the meaning given to it in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code, except that it does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.

(b) “Agency head” means the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, or Director, unless otherwise specified in this order.

**Sec. 3. Rescinding Anti-Competitive Regulations.** (a) Agency heads shall, in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission (Chairman) and the Attorney General, complete a review of all regulations subject to their rulemaking authority and identify those that:

- (i) create, or facilitate the creation of, de facto or de jure monopolies;
- (ii) create unnecessary barriers to entry for new market participants;
- (iii) limit competition between competing entities or have the effect of limiting competition between competing entities;
- (iv) create or facilitate licensure or accreditation requirements that unduly limit competition;
- (v) unnecessarily burden the agency’s procurement processes, thereby limiting companies’ ability to compete for procurements; or
- (vi) otherwise impose anti-competitive restraints or distortions on the operation of the free market.

(b) Within 70 days of the date of this order, agency heads shall each provide to the Chairman and the Attorney General a list of regulations identified by the categories specified in subsection (a) of this section. Agency heads shall also include a recommendation as to whether each of the listed regulations warrants rescission or modification in light of its anti-competitive effects. For recommended modifications, agency heads shall briefly specify what modification is appropriate. For regulations that are anti-competitive by design, agency heads shall provide a justification for their anti-competitive effects if the agency head is not proposing rescission or modification.

(c) In conducting the review required by subsection (a) of this section, agency heads shall prioritize review of those rules that satisfy the definition of “significant regulatory action” in Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993 (Regulatory Planning and Review), as amended.

(d) Within 10 days of the date of this order, the Chairman shall issue a request for information (RFI) that seeks public input on the identification of regulations that fall within the categories specified in subsection (a) of this section, as well as comments explaining the proposed classifications. The request shall remain open for 40 days. Upon the close of the RFI

period, the Chairman shall convey any relevant responses to the agency with rulemaking authority over the identified regulation.

(e) Within 90 days of receipt of the agency lists specified in subsection (b) of this section, the Chairman, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the relevant agency heads, shall provide to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director) a consolidated list of regulations that warrant rescission or modification in light of their anti-competitive effects, along with recommended modifications. The Chairman may include on the consolidated list regulations not originally included on an agency list if such regulations fall within at least one of the categories outlined in subsections (a)(i)–(vi) of this section.

(f) Upon receipt of the consolidated list described in subsection (e) of this section, the OMB Director, through the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, shall consult with the Chairman, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the relevant agency heads to decide whether to incorporate the proposed rescissions or modifications into the Unified Regulatory Agenda developed pursuant to Executive Order 14219 of February 19, 2025 (Ensuring Lawful Governance and Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency" Deregulatory Initiative).

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be the name of the President, is positioned here.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
April 9, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14266 of April 9, 2025

#### Modifying Reciprocal Tariff Rates To Reflect Trading Partner Retaliation and Alignment

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff to Rectify Trade Practices that Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I declared a national emergency arising from conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, and imposed additional *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate to deal with that unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States, to the national security and economy of the United States. Section 4(b) of Executive Order 14257 provided that “[s]hould any trading partner retaliate against the United States in response to this action through import duties on U.S. exports or other measures, I may further modify the [Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States] to increase or expand in scope the duties imposed under this order to ensure the efficacy of this action.”

In the Executive Order dated April 8, 2025 (Amendment to Reciprocal Tariffs and Updated Duties As Applied to Low-Value Imports from the People’s Republic of China), pursuant to section 4(b) of Executive Order 14257, I ordered modification of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) to raise the applicable *ad valorem* duty rate for imports from the People’s Republic of China (PRC) established in Executive Order 14257, in recognition of the fact that the PRC announced that it would retaliate against the United States in response to Executive Order 14257.

On April 9, 2025, the State Council Tariff Commission of the PRC announced that, in response to the Executive Order dated April 8, 2025, an 84 percent tariff would be imposed on all goods imported into the PRC originating from the United States, effective at 12:01 a.m. on April 10, 2025. Pursuant to section 4(b) of Executive Order 14257, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to address the national emergency declared in that order by modifying the HTSUS and taking other actions to increase the duties imposed on the PRC in response to this latest retaliation. In my judgment, this modification is necessary and appropriate to effectively address the threat to U.S. national and economic security posed by the PRC’s contribution to the conditions reflected in large and persistent trade deficits, including PRC industrial policies that have produced systemic excess manufacturing capacity in the PRC and suppressed U.S. domestic manufacturing capacity, which conditions are made worse by the PRC’s recent actions.

Section 4(c) of Executive Order 14257 provided that, “[s]hould any trading partner take significant steps to remedy non-reciprocal trade arrangements and align sufficiently with the United States on economic and national security matters, I may further modify the HTSUS to decrease or limit in scope the duties imposed under this order.” Since I signed Executive

Order 14257, in contrast to the PRC's actions, more than 75 other foreign trading partners, including countries enumerated in Annex I to Executive Order 14257, have approached the United States to address the lack of trade reciprocity in our economic relationships and our resulting national and economic security concerns. This is a significant step by these countries toward remedying non-reciprocal trade arrangements and aligning sufficiently with the United States on economic and national security matters.

Pursuant to section 4(c) of Executive Order 14257, I have determined that it is necessary and appropriate to address the national emergency declared in that order by modifying the HTSUS to temporarily suspend, for a period of 90 days, except with respect to the PRC, application of the individual *ad valorem* duties imposed for foreign trading partners listed in Annex I to Executive Order 14257, and to instead impose on articles of all such trading partners an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty as set forth herein, pursuant to the terms of, and except as otherwise provided in, Executive Order 14257, as modified by this order.

**Sec. 2. Suspension of Country-Specific Ad Valorem Rates of Duty.** Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 10, 2025, enforcement of the second paragraph of section 3(a) of Executive Order 14257 is suspended until 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 9, 2025. Effective at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 10, 2025, and until 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 9, 2025, all articles imported into the customs territory of the United States from the trading partners enumerated in Annex I to Executive Order 14257 shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent, subject to all applicable exceptions set forth in Executive Order 14257.

**Sec. 3. Tariff Modifications.** In recognition of the fact that the PRC has announced that it will retaliate again against the United States in response to the Executive Order dated April 8, 2025, which amended Executive Order 14257, and in recognition of the sincere intentions by many other trading partners to facilitate a resolution to the national emergency declared in Executive Order 14257, the HTSUS shall be modified as follows:

Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 10, 2025:

(a) heading 9903.01.25 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting the article description and by inserting "Articles the product of any country, except for products described in headings 9903.01.26–9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, and except for articles the product of China, including Hong Kong and Macau, as described in heading 9903.01.63 that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 10, 2025, and that were not in transit on the final mode of transit prior to 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 10, 2025, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . ." in lieu thereof;

(b) heading 9903.01.63 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting "84%" each place that it appears and by inserting "125%" in lieu thereof, and by deleting "April 9, 2025," and by inserting "April 10, 2025" in lieu thereof;

(c) subdivision (v)(xiii)(10) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting "84%", and inserting "125%" in lieu thereof, and subdivision (v)(xiii) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting "April 9, 2025," and by inserting "April 10, 2025," in lieu thereof; and

(d) headings 9903.01.43–9903.01.62 and 9903.01.64–9903.01.76 are hereby suspended, and subdivisions (v)(xiii)(i)–(ix) and (xi)–(lvii) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS are hereby suspended for a period of 90 days beginning at 12:01 a.m. on April 10, 2025.

**Sec. 4. *De Minimis Tariff Increase.*** To ensure that the imposition of tariffs pursuant to section 3 of this order is not circumvented and that the purpose of Executive Order 14257, as modified by the Executive Order dated April 8, 2025, and this order are not undermined, I also deem it necessary and appropriate to:

(a) increase the *ad valorem* rate of duty set forth in section 2(c)(i) of Executive Order 14256 of April 2, 2025 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China as Applied to Low-Value Imports), as modified by the Executive Order dated April 8, 2025, from 90 percent to 120 percent;

(b) increase the per postal item containing goods duty in section 2(c)(ii) of Executive Order 14256, as modified by the Executive Order dated April 8, 2025, that is in effect on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025, and before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025, from 75 dollars to 100 dollars; and

(c) increase the per postal item containing goods duty in section 2(c)(ii) of Executive Order 14256, as modified by the Executive Order dated April 8, 2025, that is in effect on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025, from 150 dollars to 200 dollars.

**Sec. 5. *Implementation.*** The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, as applicable, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Chair of the International Trade Commission, are directed to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order, consistent with applicable law, including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or notices in the *Federal Register* and adopting rules and regulations, and are authorized to take such actions, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement this order. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to implement this order.

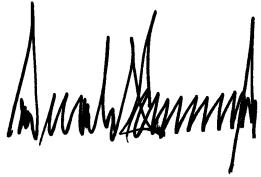
**Sec. 6. *General Provisions.*** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06462  
Filed 4-14-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14265 of April 9, 2025

### **Modernizing Defense Acquisitions and Spurring Innovation in the Defense Industrial Base**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** As Chief Executive and Commander in Chief, I am committed to ensuring that the United States military possesses the most lethal warfighting capabilities in the world. America's defense industrial base is central to this effort. Similarly, the defense acquisition workforce is a national strategic asset that will be decisive in any conflict, where the factory floor can be just as significant as the battlefield.

Unfortunately, after years of misplaced priorities and poor management, our defense acquisition system does not provide the speed and flexibility our Armed Forces need to have decisive advantages in the future. In order to strengthen our military edge, America must deliver state-of-the-art capabilities at speed and scale through a comprehensive overhaul of this system.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States Government to accelerate defense procurement and revitalize the defense industrial base to restore peace through strength. To achieve this, the United States will rapidly reform our antiquated defense acquisition processes with an emphasis on speed, flexibility, and execution. We will also modernize the duties and composition of the defense acquisition workforce, as well as incentivize and reward risk-taking and innovation from these personnel.

**Sec. 3. Acquisition Process Reform.** Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the President a plan to reform the Department of Defense's acquisition processes that, to the maximum extent possible, incorporates the following:

(a) Utilization of existing authorities to expedite acquisitions throughout the Department of Defense, including a first preference for commercial solutions and a general preference for Other Transactions Authority, application of Rapid Capabilities Office policies, or any other authorities or pathways to promote streamlined acquisitions under the Adaptive Acquisition Framework. Starting upon issuance of this order, and during the formation of the plan, the Secretary of Defense shall prioritize use of these authorities in all pending Department of Defense contracting actions and require their application, where appropriate and consistent with applicable law, for all Department of Defense contracting actions pursued while the plan directed by this section is under consideration.

(b) A detailed process review of each functional support role within the acquisition workforce to eliminate unnecessary tasks, reduce duplicative approvals, and centralize decision-making. These reviews should also include evaluations of program managers, contracting officers, engineering authorities, financial managers, cost estimators, and logisticians.

(c) A detailed process by which the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, Service Acquisition Executives, and Component Acquisition Executives can effectively manage risk for all acquisition programs through a formal steering board known as a Configuration Steering Board.

**Sec. 4. Internal Regulations Review.** The Secretary of Defense shall oversee the review of and, as appropriate, propose revisions to relevant Department

of Defense instructions, implementation guides, manuals, and regulations relating to acquisition to:

(a) Eliminate or revise any unnecessary supplemental regulations or any other internal guidance, such as relevant parts of the Financial Management Regulation and Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement.

(b) Promote expedited and streamlined acquisitions. Where new supplemental regulations or internal guidance is proposed, the Secretary of Defense shall apply the ten-for-one rule as described in Executive Order 14192 of January 31, 2025 (Unleashing Prosperity Through Deregulation).

**Sec. 5. Acquisition Workforce Reform.** Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and Component Acquisition Executives, shall develop and submit to the President a plan for consideration to reform, right-size, and train the acquisition workforce that includes the following components:

(a) The restructuring of performance evaluation metrics for acquisition workforce members to include the ability to demonstrate and apply a first consideration of commercial solutions, adaptive acquisition pathways through the Adaptive Acquisition Framework, and iterative requirements based on the perspective of the end user.

(b) An analysis of acquisition workforce staff levels required to develop, deliver, and sustain warfighting capabilities.

(c) The establishment of field training teams by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, led by senior acquisition executives or managers with expertise in innovative acquisition authorities and commercial solutions, and modeled after field training teams authorized by section 832 of Public Law 118–159 (10 U.S.C. 1749). These teams should provide hands-on guidance, deliver templates and case studies of successful approaches for implementing innovative acquisition authorities, and should assist integrated functional program teams in completing acquisition and sustainment tasks.

(d) The development and implementation of policies, procedures, and tools to incentivize acquisition officials to, in good faith, utilize innovative acquisition authorities and take measured and calculated risks.

**Sec. 6. Major Defense Acquisition Program Review.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Deputy Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and Component Acquisition Executives, shall complete a comprehensive review of all major defense acquisition programs (MDAPs), as defined in section 4201 of title 10, United States Code, to determine if any such programs are inconsistent with the policy objectives set forth in section 2 of this order. As part of the review of all MDAPs:

(i) any program more than 15 percent behind schedule based on the current Acquisition Program Baseline (APB), 15 percent over cost based on the current APB, unable to meet any key performance parameters, or unaligned with the Secretary of Defense's mission priorities, will be considered for potential cancellation. The Secretary of Defense shall submit the potential cancellation list to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for future budget determinations.

(ii) the Secretary of Defense shall provide a listing of all MDAPs contracts, along with performance against original and approved Government cost estimates to the Director of OMB for review within 90 days from the date of this order.

(b) Following this comprehensive review of MDAPs, the Secretary of Defense shall provide the Director of OMB with a plan for reviewing all remaining major systems, as defined in section 3041 of title 10, United States Code, that are not MDAPs.

**Sec. 7. Requirements.** The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Deputy Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Joint Chiefs of Staff, shall complete a comprehensive review of the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System within 180 days of the date of this order, with the goal of streamlining and accelerating acquisition.

**Sec. 8. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

(a) The term “Adaptive Acquisition Framework” means the series of acquisition pathways that enable the workforce to deliver “effective, suitable, survivable, sustainable, and affordable solutions to the end user in a timely manner,” as stated in Department of Defense Instruction 5000.02.

(b) The term “Acquisition Program Baseline” means the formally established cost, schedule, and performance baselines of a program, as described in Department of Defense Instruction 5000.85.

(c) The term “commercial solutions” means any of the methods for procurement of a commercial product or service described in part 12 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, subpart 212.2 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or subpart 212.70 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; or other industry solutions funded by private investment that meet military needs.

(d) The term “Configuration Steering Board” means an annual review of potential requirements changes, critical intelligence parameter changes, and any significant technical configuration changes as described in Department of Defense Instruction 5000.85.

(e) The term “innovative acquisition authorities” means Other Transactions Authority, commercial solutions, application of Rapid Capabilities Office policies, or any other authorities or pathways to promote streamlined acquisitions under the Adaptive Acquisition Framework.

(f) The term “Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System” means the formally established Department of Defense process used to identify, assess, and prioritize joint military capability requirements across the Department of Defense.

(g) The term “Other Transactions Authority” means the ability of the United States Government to enter into contracts other than standard contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements.

(h) The term “Rapid Capabilities Office” means the Army Rapid Capabilities and Critical Technologies Office, Naval Air Warfare Rapid Capabilities Office, Department of the Air Force Rapid Capabilities Office, or Space Force Rapid Capabilities Office.

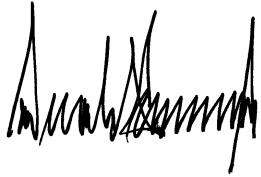
**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of OMB relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06461  
Filed 4-14-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14264 of April 9, 2025

#### Maintaining Acceptable Water Pressure in Showerheads

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

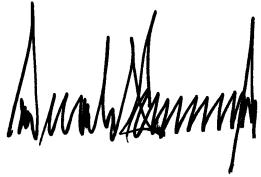
**Section 1. Purpose.** Overregulation chokes the American economy and stifles personal freedom. A small but meaningful example is the Obama-Biden war on showers: Twice in the last 12 years, those administrations promulgated multi-thousand-word regulations defining the word “showerhead.” See Energy Conservation Program: Definition of Showerhead, 86 *Fed. Reg.* 71797 (December 20, 2021); Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products and Certain Commercial and Industrial Equipment: Test Procedures for Showerheads, Faucets, Water Closets, Urinals, and Commercial Prerinse Spray Valves, 78 *Fed. Reg.* 62970 (October 23, 2013). To the extent any definition is necessary for this common piece of hardware, the Oxford English Dictionary defines “showerhead” in one short sentence.

**Sec. 2. Ordering the Repeal of the 13,000-Word Regulation Defining “Showerhead”.** I hereby direct the Secretary of Energy to publish in the *Federal Register* a notice rescinding Energy Conservation Program: Definition of Showerhead, 86 *Fed. Reg.* 71797 (December 20, 2021), including the definition of “showerhead” codified at 10 C.F.R. 430.2. Notice and comment is unnecessary because I am ordering the repeal. The rescission shall be effective 30 days from the date of publication of the notice.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06459  
Filed 4-14-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14263 of April 9, 2025**

**Addressing Risks From Susman Godfrey**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** Lawyers and law firms that engage in activities detrimental to critical American interests should not have access to our Nation's secrets, nor should their conduct be subsidized by Federal taxpayer funds or contracts. My Administration must also take appropriate and necessary measures to guard against the actual, potential, or perceived conflicts of interest that arise when the Government funds, engages with, or otherwise devotes resources to law firms and their clients that engage in conduct undermining critical American interests and priorities.

I have determined that action is necessary to address the significant risks, egregious conduct, and conflicts of interest associated with Susman Godfrey LLP (Susman). Susman spearheads efforts to weaponize the American legal system and degrade the quality of American elections. Susman also funds groups that engage in dangerous efforts to undermine the effectiveness of the United States military through the injection of political and radical ideology, and it supports efforts to discriminate on the basis of race.

Susman itself engages in unlawful discrimination, including discrimination on the basis of race. For example, Susman administers a program where it offers financial awards and employment opportunities only to “students of color.” My Administration is committed to ending such unlawful discrimination perpetrated in the name of “diversity, equity, and inclusion” policies and ensuring that Federal benefits support the laws and policies of the United States, including those laws and policies promoting our national security and respecting the democratic process. Those who engage in blatant discrimination and other activities inconsistent with the interests of the United States should not have access to our Nation’s secrets nor be deemed responsible stewards of any Federal funds.

**Sec. 2. Security Clearance Review.** (a) The Attorney General, the Director of National Intelligence, and all other relevant heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall immediately take steps consistent with applicable law to suspend any active security clearances held by individuals at Susman, pending a review of whether such clearances are consistent with the national interest.

(b) The Office of Management and Budget shall identify all Government goods, property, material, and services, including Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities, provided for the benefit of Susman. The heads of agencies providing such material or services shall, to the extent permitted by law, expeditiously cease such provision.

**Sec. 3. Contracting.** (a) To prevent the transfer of taxpayer dollars to Federal contractors whose earnings subsidize, among other things, activities that are not aligned with American interests, including racial discrimination, Government contracting agencies shall, to the extent permissible by law, require Government contractors to disclose any business they do with Susman and whether that business is related to the subject of the Government contract.

(b) The heads of agencies shall review all contracts with Susman or with entities that disclose doing business with Susman under subsection (a) of this section. To the extent permitted by law, the heads of agencies shall:

(i) take appropriate steps to terminate any contract, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, including the Federal Acquisition Regulation, for which Susman has been hired to perform any service; and

(ii) otherwise align their agency funding decisions with the interests of the citizens of the United States; with the goals and priorities of my Administration as expressed in executive actions, especially Executive Order 14147 of January 20, 2025 (Ending the Weaponization of the Federal Government); and as heads of agencies deem appropriate. Within 30 days of the date of this order, agencies shall submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget an assessment of contracts with Susman or with entities that do business with Susman effective as of the date of this order and any actions taken with respect to those contracts in accordance with this order.

**Sec. 4. Racial Discrimination.** Nothing in this order shall be construed to limit the action authorized by section 4 of Executive Order 14230 of March 6, 2025 (Addressing Risks from Perkins Coie LLP).

**Sec. 5. Personnel.** (a) The heads of agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide guidance limiting official access from Federal Government buildings to employees of Susman when such access would threaten the national security of or otherwise be inconsistent with the interests of the United States. In addition, the heads of agencies shall provide guidance limiting Government employees acting in their official capacity from engaging with Susman employees to ensure consistency with the national security and other interests of the United States.

(b) Agency officials shall, to the extent permitted by law, refrain from hiring employees of Susman, absent a waiver from the head of the agency, made in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, that such hire will not threaten the national security of the United States.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 9, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06458  
Filed 4-14-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14262 of April 8, 2025

### Strengthening the Reliability and Security of the United States Electric Grid

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States is experiencing an unprecedented surge in electricity demand driven by rapid technological advancements, including the expansion of artificial intelligence data centers and an increase in domestic manufacturing. This increase in demand, coupled with existing capacity challenges, places a significant strain on our Nation's electric grid. Lack of reliability in the electric grid puts the national and economic security of the American people at risk. The United States' ability to remain at the forefront of technological innovation depends on a reliable supply of energy from all available electric generation sources and the integrity of our Nation's electric grid.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure the reliability, resilience, and security of the electric power grid. It is further the policy of the United States that in order to ensure adequate and reliable electric generation in America, to meet growing electricity demand, and to address the national emergency declared pursuant to Executive Order 14156 of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Energy Emergency), our electric grid must utilize all available power generation resources, particularly those secure, redundant fuel supplies that are capable of extended operations.

**Sec. 3. Addressing Energy Reliability and Security with Emergency Authority.** (a) To safeguard the reliability and security of the United States' electric grid during periods when the relevant grid operator forecasts a temporary interruption of electricity supply is necessary to prevent a complete grid failure, the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with such executive department and agency heads as the Secretary of Energy deems appropriate, shall, to the maximum extent permitted by law, streamline, systemize, and expedite the Department of Energy's processes for issuing orders under section 202(c) of the Federal Power Act during the periods of grid operations described above, including the review and approval of applications by electric generation resources seeking to operate at maximum capacity.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy shall develop a uniform methodology for analyzing current and anticipated reserve margins for all regions of the bulk power system regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and shall utilize this methodology to identify current and anticipated regions with reserve margins below acceptable thresholds as identified by the Secretary of Energy. This methodology shall:

- (i) analyze sufficiently varied grid conditions and operating scenarios based on historic events to adequately inform the methodology;
- (ii) accredit generation resources in such conditions and scenarios based on historical performance of each specific generation resource type in the real time conditions and operating scenarios of each grid scenario; and
- (iii) be published, along with any analysis it produces, on the Department of Energy's website within 90 days of the date of this order.

(c) The Secretary of Energy shall establish a process by which the methodology described in subsection (b) of this section, and any analysis and results it produces, are assessed on a regular basis, and a protocol to identify which generation resources within a region are critical to system reliability. This protocol shall additionally:

(i) include all mechanisms available under applicable law, including section 202(c) of the Federal Power Act, to ensure any generation resource identified as critical within an at-risk region is appropriately retained as an available generation resource within the at-risk region; and

(ii) prevent, as the Secretary of Energy deems appropriate and consistent with applicable law, including section 202 of the Federal Power Act, an identified generation resource in excess of 50 megawatts of nameplate capacity from leaving the bulk-power system or converting the source of fuel of such generation resource if such conversion would result in a net reduction in accredited generating capacity, as determined by the reserve margin methodology developed under subsection (b) of this section.

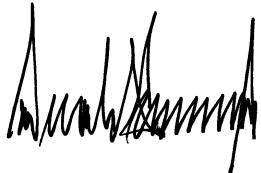
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
April 8, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14261 of April 8, 2025

### **Reinvigorating America's Beautiful Clean Coal Industry and Amending Executive Order 14241**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** In order to secure America's economic prosperity and national security, lower the cost of living, and provide for increases in electrical demand from emerging technologies, we must increase domestic energy production, including coal. Coal is abundant and cost effective, and can be used in any weather condition. Moreover, the industry has historically employed hundreds of thousands of Americans. America's coal resources are vast, with a current estimated value in the trillions of dollars, and are more than capable of substantially contributing to American energy independence with excess to export to support allies and our economic competitiveness. Our Nation's beautiful clean coal resources will be critical to meeting the rise in electricity demand due to the resurgence of domestic manufacturing and the construction of artificial intelligence data processing centers. We must encourage and support our Nation's coal industry to increase our energy supply, lower electricity costs, stabilize our grid, create high-paying jobs, support burgeoning industries, and assist our allies.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that coal is essential to our national and economic security. It is a national priority to support the domestic coal industry by removing Federal regulatory barriers that undermine coal production, encouraging the utilization of coal to meet growing domestic energy demands, increasing American coal exports, and ensuring that Federal policy does not discriminate against coal production or coal-fired electricity generation.

**Sec. 3. Strengthening Our National Energy Security.** The Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council (NEDC) shall designate coal as a "mineral" as defined in section 2 of Executive Order 14241 of March 20, 2025 (Immediate Measures to Increase American Mineral Production), thereby entitling coal to all the benefits of a "mineral" under that order. Further, Executive Order 14241 is hereby amended by deleting the reference to "4332(d)(1)(B)" in section 6(d) of that order and replacing it with a reference to "4532(d)(1)(B)".

**Sec. 4. Assessing Coal Resources and Accessibility on Federal Lands.** (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Energy shall submit a consolidated report to the President through the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy that identifies coal resources and reserves on Federal lands, assesses impediments to mining such coal resources, and proposes policies to address such impediments and ultimately enable the mining of such coal resources by either private or public actors.

(b) The Secretary of Energy shall include in the report described in subsection (a) of this section an analysis of the impact that the availability of the coal resources identified could have on electricity costs and grid reliability.

**Sec. 5. Lifting Barriers to Coal Mining on Federal Lands.** (a) The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall prioritize coal leasing and related activities, consistent with applicable law, as the primary land use for the public lands with coal resources identified in the report described in section 4(a) of this order and expedite coal leasing in these areas, including

by utilizing such emergency authorities as are available to them and identifying opportunities to provide for expedited environmental reviews, consistent with applicable law.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior, pursuant to the authorities in the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920, as amended and supplemented (30 U.S.C. 181 *et seq.*), the Mineral Leasing Act for Acquired Lands of 1947, as amended (30 U.S.C. 351–359), and the Multiple Mineral Development Act of 1954 (30 U.S.C. 521–531 *et seq.*), shall acknowledge the end of the Jewell Moratorium by ordering the publication of a notice in the *Federal Register* terminating the “Environmental Impact Statement Analyzing the Potential Environmental Effects from Maintaining Secretary Jewell’s Coal Leasing Moratorium”, and process royalty rate reduction applications from Federal coal lessees in as expeditious a manner as permitted by applicable law.

**Sec. 6. Supporting American Coal as an Energy Source.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall identify any guidance, regulations, programs, and policies within their respective executive department or agency that seek to transition the Nation away from coal production and electricity generation.

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the heads of all relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall consider revising or rescinding Federal actions identified in subsection (a) of this section consistent with applicable law.

(c) Agencies that are empowered to make loans, loan guarantees, grants, equity investments, or to conclude offtake agreements, both domestically and abroad, shall, to the extent permitted by law, take steps to rescind any policies or regulations seeking to or that actually discourage investment in coal production and coal-fired electricity generation, such as the 2021 U.S. Treasury Fossil Fuel Energy Guidance for Multilateral Development Banks rescinded by the Department of the Treasury and similar policies or regulations.

(d) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Energy, the Chief Executive Officer of the International Development Finance Corporation, the President of the Export-Import Bank of the United States, and the heads of all other agencies that have discretionary programs that provide, facilitate, or advocate for financing of energy projects shall review their charters, regulations, guidance, policies, international agreements, analytical models and internal bureaucratic processes to ensure that such materials do not discourage the agency from financing coal mining projects and electricity generation projects. Consistent with law, and subject to the applicable agency head’s discretion, where appropriate, any identified preferences against coal use shall immediately be eliminated except as explicitly provided for in statute.

**Sec. 7. Supporting American Coal Exports.** The Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Energy, the United States Trade Representative, the Assistant to the President for National Security, and the heads of other relevant agencies, shall take all necessary and appropriate actions to promote and identify export opportunities for coal and coal technologies and facilitate international offtake agreements for United States coal.

**Sec. 8. Expanding Use of Categorical Exclusions for Coal Under the National Environmental Policy Act.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, each agency shall identify to the Council on Environmental Quality any existing and potential categorical exclusions pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act, increased reliance on and adoption of which by other agencies pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 4336c could further the production and export of coal.

**Sec. 9. Steel Dominance.** (a) The Secretary of Energy, pursuant to the authority under the Energy Act of 2020 (the “Act”), shall determine whether coal used in the production of steel meets the definition of a “critical material” under the Act and, if so, shall take steps to place it on the Department of Energy Critical Materials List.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior, pursuant to the authority under the Act, shall determine whether metallurgical coal used in the production of steel meets the criteria to be designated as a “critical mineral” under the Act and, if so, shall take steps to place coal on the Department of the Interior Critical Minerals List.

**Sec. 10. Powering Artificial Intelligence Data Centers.** (a) For the purposes of this order, “artificial intelligence” or “AI” has the meaning set forth in 15 U.S.C. 9401(3).

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior, Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Energy shall identify regions where coal-powered infrastructure is available and suitable for supporting AI data centers; assess the market, legal, and technological potential for expanding coal-based infrastructure to power data centers to meet the electricity needs of AI and high-performance computing operations; and submit a consolidated summary report with their findings and proposals to the Chair of the NEDC, the Assistant to the President for Science and Technology and the Special Advisor for AI and Crypto.

**Sec. 11. Acceleration of Coal Technology.** (a) The Secretary of Energy shall take all necessary actions, consistent with applicable law, to accelerate the development, deployment, and commercialization of coal technologies including, but not limited to, utilizing all available funding mechanisms to support the expansion of coal technology, including technologies that utilize coal and coal byproducts such as building materials, battery materials, carbon fiber, synthetic graphite, and printing materials, as well as updating coal feedstock for power generation and steelmaking.

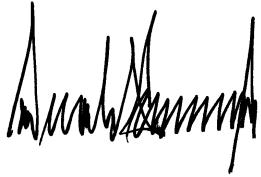
(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Energy shall submit a detailed action plan to the President through the Chair of the NEDC outlining the funding mechanisms, programs, and policy actions taken to accelerate coal technology deployment.

**Sec. 12. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof, or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 8, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06380

Filed 4-11-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14260 of April 8, 2025

#### Protecting American Energy From State Overreach

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** My Administration is committed to unleashing American energy, especially through the removal of all illegitimate impediments to the identification, development, siting, production, investment in, or use of domestic energy resources—particularly oil, natural gas, coal, hydropower, geothermal, biofuel, critical mineral, and nuclear energy resources. An affordable and reliable domestic energy supply is essential to the national and economic security of the United States, as well as our foreign policy. Simply put, Americans are better off when the United States is energy dominant.

American energy dominance is threatened when State and local governments seek to regulate energy beyond their constitutional or statutory authorities. For example, when States target or discriminate against out-of-State energy producers by imposing significant barriers to interstate and international trade, American energy suffers, and the equality of each State enshrined by the Constitution is undermined. Similarly, when States subject energy producers to arbitrary or excessive fines through retroactive penalties or seek to control energy development, siting, or production activities on Federal land, American energy suffers.

Many States have enacted, or are in the process of enacting, burdensome and ideologically motivated “climate change” or energy policies that threaten American energy dominance and our economic and national security. New York, for example, enacted a “climate change” extortion law that seeks to retroactively impose billions in fines (erroneously labelled “compensatory payments”) on traditional energy producers for their purported past contributions to greenhouse gas emissions not only in New York but also anywhere in the United States and the world. Vermont similarly extorts energy producers for alleged past contributions to greenhouse gas emissions anywhere in the United States or the globe.

Other States have taken different approaches in an effort to dictate national energy policy. California, for example, punishes carbon use by adopting impossible caps on the amount of carbon businesses may use, all but forcing businesses to pay large sums to “trade” carbon credits to meet California’s radical requirements. Some States delay review of permit applications to produce energy, creating de facto barriers to entry in the energy market. States have also sued energy companies for supposed “climate change” harm under nuisance or other tort regimes that could result in crippling damages.

These State laws and policies weaken our national security and devastate Americans by driving up energy costs for families coast-to-coast, despite some of these families not living or voting in States with these crippling policies. These laws and policies also undermine Federalism by projecting the regulatory preferences of a few States into all States. Americans must be permitted to heat their homes, fuel their cars, and have peace of mind—free from policies that make energy more expensive and inevitably degrade quality of life.

These State laws and policies try to dictate interstate and international disputes over air, water, and natural resources; unduly discriminate against

out-of-State businesses; contravene the equality of States; and retroactively impose arbitrary and excessive fines without legitimate justification.

These State laws and policies are fundamentally irreconcilable with my Administration's objective to unleash American energy. They should not stand.

**Sec. 2. State Laws and Causes of Action.** (a) The Attorney General, in consultation with the heads of appropriate executive departments and agencies, shall identify all State and local laws, regulations, causes of action, policies, and practices (collectively, State laws) burdening the identification, development, siting, production, or use of domestic energy resources that are or may be unconstitutional, preempted by Federal law, or otherwise unenforceable. The Attorney General shall prioritize the identification of any such State laws purporting to address "climate change" or involving "environmental, social, and governance" initiatives, "environmental justice," carbon or "greenhouse gas" emissions, and funds to collect carbon penalties or carbon taxes.

(b) The Attorney General shall expeditiously take all appropriate action to stop the enforcement of State laws and continuation of civil actions identified in subsection (a) of this section that the Attorney General determines to be illegal.

(c) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the President, through the Counsel to the President, regarding actions taken under subsection (b) of this section. The Attorney General shall also recommend any additional Presidential or legislative action necessary to stop the enforcement of State laws identified in subsection (a) of this section that the Attorney General determines to be illegal or otherwise fulfill the purpose of this order.

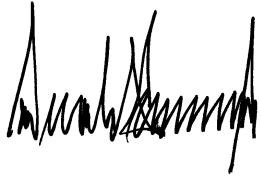
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 8, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06379

Filed 4-11-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14259 of April 8, 2025**

## **Amendment to Reciprocal Tariffs and Updated Duties as Applied to Low-Value Imports From the People's Republic of China**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** In Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025 (Regulating Imports with a Reciprocal Tariff to Rectify Trade Practices that Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits), I declared a national emergency arising from conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, and imposed additional *ad valorem* duties that I deemed necessary and appropriate to deal with that unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States, to the national security and economy of the United States. Section 4(b) of Executive Order 14257 provided that “[s]hould any trading partner retaliate against the United States in response to this action through import duties on U.S. exports or other measures, I may further modify the [Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States] to increase or expand in scope the duties imposed under this order to ensure the efficacy of this action.” I further declared pursuant to Executive Order 14256 of April 2, 2025 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China as Applied to Low-Value Imports) that duty-free *de minimis* treatment on articles described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195 is no longer available effective at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025.

On April 4, 2025, the State Council Tariff Commission of the People's Republic of China (PRC) announced that in response to Executive Order 14257, effective at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 10, 2025, a 34 percent tariff would be imposed on all goods imported into the PRC originating from the United States. Pursuant to section 4(b) of Executive Order 14257, I am ordering modification of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) and taking other actions to increase the duties imposed on the PRC in response to this retaliation. In my judgment, this modification is necessary and appropriate to effectively address the threat to the national security and economy of the United States.

**Sec. 2. Tariff Increase.** In recognition of the fact that the PRC has announced that it will retaliate against the United States in response to Executive Order 14257, the HTSUS shall be modified as follows. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025:

(a) heading 9903.01.63 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting “34%” each place that it appears and by inserting “84%” in lieu thereof; and

(b) subdivision (v)(xiii)(10) of U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS shall be amended by deleting “34%”, and inserting “84%” in lieu thereof.

**Sec. 3. De Minimis Tariff Increase.** To ensure that the imposition of tariffs pursuant to section 2 of this order is not circumvented and that the purpose

of Executive Order 14257 and this action is not undermined, I also deem it necessary and appropriate to:

(a) increase the *ad valorem* rate of duty set forth in section 2(c)(i) of Executive Order 14256 from 30 percent to 90 percent;

(b) increase the per postal item containing goods duty in section 2(c)(ii) of Executive Order 14256 that is in effect on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025, and before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025, from 25 dollars to 75 dollars; and

(c) increase the per postal item containing goods duty in section 2(c)(ii) of Executive Order 14256 that is in effect on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025, from 50 dollars to 150 dollars.

**Sec. 4. Implementation.** The Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, as applicable, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Chair of the International Trade Commission, are directed to take all necessary actions to implement and effectuate this order, consistent with applicable law, including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or notices in the *Federal Register* and adopting rules and regulations, and are authorized to take such actions, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA, as may be necessary to implement this order. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to implement this order.

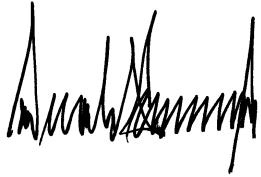
**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 8, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06378

Filed 4-11-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14257 of April 2, 2025**

## **Regulating Imports With a Reciprocal Tariff To Rectify Trade Practices That Contribute to Large and Persistent Annual United States Goods Trade Deficits**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*)(IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*)(NEA), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code,

I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, find that underlying conditions, including a lack of reciprocity in our bilateral trade relationships, disparate tariff rates and non-tariff barriers, and U.S. trading partners' economic policies that suppress domestic wages and consumption, as indicated by large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and economy of the United States. That threat has its source in whole or substantial part outside the United States in the domestic economic policies of key trading partners and structural imbalances in the global trading system. I hereby declare a national emergency with respect to this threat.

On January 20, 2025, I signed the America First Trade Policy Presidential Memorandum directing my Administration to investigate the causes of our country's large and persistent annual trade deficits in goods, including the economic and national security implications and risks resulting from such deficits, and to undertake a review of, and identify, any unfair trade practices by other countries. On February 13, 2025, I signed a Presidential Memorandum entitled "Reciprocal Trade and Tariffs," that directed further review of our trading partners' non-reciprocal trading practices, and noted the relationship between non-reciprocal practices and the trade deficit. On April 1, 2025, I received the final results of those investigations, and I am taking action today based on those results.

Large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits have led to the hollowing out of our manufacturing base; inhibited our ability to scale advanced domestic manufacturing capacity; undermined critical supply chains; and rendered our defense-industrial base dependent on foreign adversaries. Large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits are caused in substantial part by a lack of reciprocity in our bilateral trade relationships. This situation is evidenced by disparate tariff rates and non-tariff barriers that make it harder for U.S. manufacturers to sell their products in foreign markets. It is also evidenced by the economic policies of key U.S. trading partners insofar as they suppress domestic wages and consumption, and thereby demand for U.S. exports, while artificially increasing the competitiveness of their goods in global markets. These conditions have given rise to the national emergency that this order is intended to abate and resolve.

For decades starting in 1934, U.S. trade policy has been organized around the principle of reciprocity. The Congress directed the President to secure reduced reciprocal tariff rates from key trading partners first through bilateral trade agreements and later under the auspices of the global trading system. Between 1934 and 1945, the executive branch negotiated and signed 32 bilateral reciprocal trade agreements designed to lower tariff rates on a

reciprocal basis. After 1947 through 1994, participating countries engaged in eight rounds of negotiation, which resulted in the General Agreements on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and seven subsequent tariff reduction rounds.

However, despite a commitment to the principle of reciprocity, the trading relationship between the United States and its trading partners has become highly unbalanced, particularly in recent years. The post-war international economic system was based upon three incorrect assumptions: first, that if the United States led the world in liberalizing tariff and non-tariff barriers the rest of the world would follow; second, that such liberalization would ultimately result in more economic convergence and increased domestic consumption among U.S. trading partners converging towards the share in the United States; and third, that as a result, the United States would not accrue large and persistent goods trade deficits.

This framework set in motion events, agreements, and commitments that did not result in reciprocity or generally increase domestic consumption in foreign economies relative to domestic consumption in the United States. Those events, in turn, created large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits as a feature of the global trading system.

Put simply, while World Trade Organization (WTO) Members agreed to bind their tariff rates on a most-favored-nation (MFN) basis, and thereby provide their best tariff rates to all WTO Members, they did not agree to bind their tariff rates at similarly low levels or to apply tariff rates on a reciprocal basis. Consequently, according to the WTO, the United States has among the lowest simple average MFN tariff rates in the world at 3.3 percent, while many of our key trading partners like Brazil (11.2 percent), China (7.5 percent), the European Union (EU) (5 percent), India (17 percent), and Vietnam (9.4 percent) have simple average MFN tariff rates that are significantly higher.

Moreover, these average MFN tariff rates conceal much larger discrepancies across economies in tariff rates applied to particular products. For example, the United States imposes a 2.5 percent tariff on passenger vehicle imports (with internal combustion engines), while the European Union (10 percent), India (70 percent), and China (15 percent) impose much higher duties on the same product. For network switches and routers, the United States imposes a 0 percent tariff, but for similar products, India (10 percent) levies a higher rate. Brazil (18 percent) and Indonesia (30 percent) impose a higher tariff on ethanol than does the United States (2.5 percent). For rice in the husk, the U.S. MFN tariff is 2.7 percent (*ad valorem* equivalent), while India (80 percent), Malaysia (40 percent), and Turkey (an average of 31 percent) impose higher rates. Apples enter the United States duty-free, but not so in Turkey (60.3 percent) and India (50 percent).

Similarly, non-tariff barriers also deprive U.S. manufacturers of reciprocal access to markets around the world. The 2025 National Trade Estimate Report on Foreign Trade Barriers (NTE) details a great number of non-tariff barriers to U.S. exports around the world on a trading-partner by trading-partner basis. These barriers include import barriers and licensing restrictions; customs barriers and shortcomings in trade facilitation; technical barriers to trade (e.g., unnecessarily trade restrictive standards, conformity assessment procedures, or technical regulations); sanitary and phytosanitary measures that unnecessarily restrict trade without furthering safety objectives; inadequate patent, copyright, trade secret, and trademark regimes and inadequate enforcement of intellectual property rights; discriminatory licensing requirements or regulatory standards; barriers to cross-border data flows and discriminatory practices affecting trade in digital products; investment barriers; subsidies; anticompetitive practices; discrimination in favor of domestic state-owned enterprises, and failures by governments in protecting labor and environment standards; bribery; and corruption.

Moreover, non-tariff barriers include the domestic economic policies and practices of our trading partners, including currency practices and value-added taxes, and their associated market distortions, that suppress domestic

consumption and boost exports to the United States. This lack of reciprocity is apparent in the fact that the share of consumption to Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in the United States is about 68 percent, but it is much lower in others like Ireland (27 percent), Singapore (31 percent), China (39 percent), South Korea (49 percent), and Germany (50 percent).

At the same time, efforts by the United States to address these imbalances have stalled. Trading partners have repeatedly blocked multilateral and plurilateral solutions, including in the context of new rounds of tariff negotiations and efforts to discipline non-tariff barriers. At the same time, with the U.S. economy disproportionately open to imports, U.S. trading partners have had few incentives to provide reciprocal treatment to U.S. exports in the context of bilateral trade negotiations.

These structural asymmetries have driven the large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficit. Even for countries with which the United States may enjoy an occasional bilateral trade surplus, the accumulation of tariff and non-tariff barriers on U.S. exports may make that surplus smaller than it would have been without such barriers. Permitting these asymmetries to continue is not sustainable in today's economic and geopolitical environment because of the effect they have on U.S. domestic production. A nation's ability to produce domestically is the bedrock of its national and economic security.

Both my first Administration in 2017, and the Biden Administration in 2022, recognized that increasing domestic manufacturing is critical to U.S. national security. According to 2023 United Nations data, U.S. manufacturing output as a share of global manufacturing output was 17.4 percent, down from a peak in 2001 of 28.4 percent.

Over time, the persistent decline in U.S. manufacturing output has reduced U.S. manufacturing capacity. The need to maintain robust and resilient domestic manufacturing capacity is particularly acute in certain advanced industrial sectors like automobiles, shipbuilding, pharmaceuticals, technology products, machine tools, and basic and fabricated metals, because once competitors gain sufficient global market share in these sectors, U.S. production could be permanently weakened. It is also critical to scale manufacturing capacity in the defense-industrial sector so that we can manufacture the defense materiel and equipment necessary to protect American interests at home and abroad.

In fact, because the United States has supplied so much military equipment to other countries, U.S. stockpiles of military goods are too low to be compatible with U.S. national defense interests. Furthermore, U.S. defense companies must develop new, advanced manufacturing technologies across a range of critical sectors including bio-manufacturing, batteries, and micro-electronics. If the United States wishes to maintain an effective security umbrella to defend its citizens and homeland, as well as for its allies and partners, it needs to have a large upstream manufacturing and goods-producing ecosystem to manufacture these products without undue reliance on imports for key inputs.

Increased reliance on foreign producers for goods also has compromised U.S. economic security by rendering U.S. supply chains vulnerable to geopolitical disruption and supply shocks. In recent years, the vulnerability of the U.S. economy in this respect was exposed both during the COVID-19 pandemic, when Americans had difficulty accessing essential products, as well as when the Houthi rebels later began attacking cargo ships in the Middle East.

The decline of U.S. manufacturing capacity threatens the U.S. economy in other ways, including through the loss of manufacturing jobs. From 1997 to 2024, the United States lost around 5 million manufacturing jobs and experienced one of the largest drops in manufacturing employment in history. Furthermore, many manufacturing job losses were concentrated in specific geographical areas. In these areas, the loss of manufacturing jobs contributed

to the decline in rates of family formation and to the rise of other social trends, like the abuse of opioids, that have imposed profound costs on the U.S. economy.

The future of American competitiveness depends on reversing these trends. Today, manufacturing represents just 11 percent of U.S. gross domestic product, yet it accounts for 35 percent of American productivity growth and 60 percent of our exports. Importantly, U.S. manufacturing is the main engine of innovation in the United States, responsible for 55 percent of all patents and 70 percent of all research and development (R&D) spending. The fact that R&D expenditures by U.S. multinational enterprises in China grew at an average rate of 13.6 percent a year between 2003 and 2017, while their R&D expenditures in the United States grew by an average of just 5 percent per year during the same time period, is evidence of the strong link between manufacturing and innovation. Furthermore, every manufacturing job spurs 7 to 12 new jobs in other related industries, helping to build and sustain our economy.

Just as a nation that does not produce manufactured products cannot maintain the industrial base it needs for national security, neither can a nation long survive if it cannot produce its own food. Presidential Policy Directive 21 of February 12, 2013 (Critical Infrastructure Security and Resilience), designates food and agriculture as a “critical infrastructure sector” because it is one of the sectors considered “so vital to the United States that [its] incapacity or destruction . . . would have a debilitating impact on security, national economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination of those matters.” Furthermore, when I left office, the United States had a trade surplus in agricultural products, but today, that surplus has vanished. Eviscerated by a slew of new non-tariff barriers imposed by our trading partners, it has been replaced by a projected \$49 billion annual agricultural trade deficit.

For these reasons, I hereby declare and order:

**Section 1. National Emergency.** As President of the United States, my highest duty is ensuring the national and economic security of the country and its citizens.

I have declared a national emergency arising from conditions reflected in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, which have grown by over 40 percent in the past 5 years alone, reaching \$1.2 trillion in 2024. This trade deficit reflects asymmetries in trade relationships that have contributed to the atrophy of domestic production capacity, especially that of the U.S. manufacturing and defense-industrial base. These asymmetries also impact U.S. producers’ ability to export and, consequentially, their incentive to produce.

Specifically, such asymmetry includes not only non-reciprocal differences in tariff rates among foreign trading partners, but also extensive use of non-tariff barriers by foreign trading partners, which reduce the competitiveness of U.S. exports while artificially enhancing the competitiveness of their own goods. These non-tariff barriers include technical barriers to trade; non-scientific sanitary and phytosanitary rules; inadequate intellectual property protections; suppressed domestic consumption (e.g., wage suppression); weak labor, environmental, and other regulatory standards and protections; and corruption. These non-tariff barriers give rise to significant imbalances even when the United States and a trading partner have comparable tariff rates.

The cumulative effect of these imbalances has been the transfer of resources from domestic producers to foreign firms, reducing opportunities for domestic manufacturers to expand and, in turn, leading to lost manufacturing jobs, diminished manufacturing capacity, and an atrophied industrial base, including in the defense-industrial sector. At the same time, foreign firms are better positioned to scale production, reinvest in innovation, and compete

in the global economy, to the detriment of U.S. economic and national security.

The absence of sufficient domestic manufacturing capacity in certain critical and advanced industrial sectors—another outcome of the large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits—also compromises U.S. economic and national security by rendering the U.S. economy less resilient to supply chain disruption. Finally, the large, persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, and the concomitant loss of industrial capacity, have compromised military readiness; this vulnerability can only be redressed through swift corrective action to rebalance the flow of imports into the United States. Such impact upon military readiness and our national security posture is especially acute with the recent rise in armed conflicts abroad. I call upon the public and private sector to make the efforts necessary to strengthen the international economic position of the United States.

**Sec. 2. Reciprocal Tariff Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to rebalance global trade flows by imposing an additional *ad valorem* duty on all imports from all trading partners except as otherwise provided herein. The additional *ad valorem* duty on all imports from all trading partners shall start at 10 percent and shortly thereafter, the additional *ad valorem* duty shall increase for trading partners enumerated in Annex I to this order at the rates set forth in Annex I to this order. These additional *ad valorem* duties shall apply until such time as I determine that the underlying conditions described above are satisfied, resolved, or mitigated.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in this order, all articles imported into the customs territory of the United States shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty of 10 percent. Such rates of duty shall apply with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 5, 2025, except that goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 5, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 5, 2025, shall not be subject to such additional duty.

Furthermore, except as otherwise provided in this order, at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, all articles from trading partners enumerated in Annex I to this order imported into the customs territory of the United States shall be, consistent with law, subject to the country-specific *ad valorem* rates of duty specified in Annex I to this order. Such rates of duty shall apply with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except that goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, and entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, shall not be subject to these country-specific *ad valorem* rates of duty set forth in Annex I to this order. These country-specific *ad valorem* rates of duty shall apply to all articles imported pursuant to the terms of all existing U.S. trade agreements, except as provided below.

(b) The following goods as set forth in Annex II to this order, consistent with law, shall not be subject to the *ad valorem* rates of duty under this order: (i) all articles that are encompassed by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b); (ii) all articles and derivatives of steel and aluminum subject to the duties imposed pursuant to section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 and proclaimed in Proclamation 9704 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Aluminum Into the United States), as amended, Proclamation 9705 of March 8, 2018 (Adjusting Imports of Steel Into the United States), as amended, and Proclamation 9980 of January 24, 2020 (Adjusting Imports of Derivative Aluminum Articles and Derivative Steel Articles Into the United States), as amended, Proclamation 10895 of February 10, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Aluminum

Into the United States), and Proclamation 10896 of February 10, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Steel into the United States); (iii) all automobiles and automotive parts subject to the additional duties imposed pursuant to section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended, and proclaimed in Proclamation 10908 of March 26, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Automobiles and Automobile Parts Into the United States); (iv) other products enumerated in Annex II to this order, including copper, pharmaceuticals, semiconductors, lumber articles, certain critical minerals, and energy and energy products; (v) all articles from a trading partner subject to the rates set forth in Column 2 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS); and (vi) all articles that may become subject to duties pursuant to future actions under section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962.

(c) The rates of duty established by this order are in addition to any other duties, fees, taxes, exactions, or charges applicable to such imported articles, except as provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section below.

(d) With respect to articles from Canada, I have imposed additional duties on certain goods to address a national emergency resulting from the flow of illicit drugs across our northern border pursuant to Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14197 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Northern Border), and Executive Order 14231 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border). With respect to articles from Mexico, I have imposed additional duties on certain goods to address a national emergency resulting from the flow of illicit drugs and illegal migration across our southern border pursuant to Executive Order 14194 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14198 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Southern Border), and Executive Order 14227 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border). As a result of these border emergency tariff actions, all goods of Canada or Mexico under the terms of general note 11 to the HTSUS, including any treatment set forth in subchapter XXIII of chapter 98 and subchapter XXII of chapter 99 of the HTSUS, as related to the Agreement between the United States of America, United Mexican States, and Canada (USMCA), continue to be eligible to enter the U.S. market under these preferential terms. However, all goods of Canada or Mexico that do not qualify as originating under USMCA are presently subject to additional *ad valorem* duties of 25 percent, with energy or energy resources and potash imported from Canada and not qualifying as originating under USMCA presently subject to the lower additional *ad valorem* duty of 10 percent.

(e) Any *ad valorem* rate of duty on articles imported from Canada or Mexico under the terms of this order shall not apply in addition to the *ad valorem* rate of duty specified by the existing orders described in subsection (d) of this section. If such orders identified in subsection (d) of this section are terminated or suspended, all items of Canada and Mexico that qualify as originating under USMCA shall not be subject to an additional *ad valorem* rate of duty, while articles not qualifying as originating under USMCA shall be subject to an *ad valorem* rate of duty of 12 percent. However, these *ad valorem* rates of duty on articles imported from Canada and Mexico shall not apply to energy or energy resources, to potash, or to an article eligible for duty-free treatment under USMCA that is a part or component of an article substantially finished in the United States.

(f) More generally, the *ad valorem* rates of duty set forth in this order shall apply only to the non-U.S. content of a subject article, provided at least 20 percent of the value of the subject article is U.S. originating. For the purposes of this subsection, "U.S. content" refers to the value of an article attributable to the components produced entirely, or substantially transformed in, the United States. U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP),

to the extent permitted by law, is authorized to require the collection of such information and documentation regarding an imported article, including with the entry filing, as is necessary to enable CBP to ascertain and verify the value of the U.S. content of the article, as well as to ascertain and verify whether an article is substantially finished in the United States.

(g) Subject articles, except those eligible for admission under "domestic status" as defined in 19 CFR 146.43, which are subject to the duty specified in section 2 of this order and are admitted into a foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, must be admitted as "privileged foreign status" as defined in 19 CFR 146.41.

(h) Duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(A)-(B) shall remain available for the articles described in subsection (a) of this section. Duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall remain available for the articles described in subsection (a) of this section until notification by the Secretary of Commerce to the President that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect duty revenue applicable pursuant to this subsection for articles otherwise eligible for *de minimis* treatment. After such notification, duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall not be available for the articles described in subsection (a) of this section.

(i) The Executive Order of April 2, 2025 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China as Applied to Low-Value Imports), regarding low-value imports from China is not affected by this order, and all duties and fees with respect to covered articles shall be collected as required and detailed therein.

(j) To reduce the risk of transshipment and evasion, all *ad valorem* rates of duty imposed by this order or any successor orders with respect to articles of China shall apply equally to articles of both the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the Macau Special Administrative Region.

(k) In order to establish the duty rates described in this order, the HTSUS is modified as set forth in the Annexes to this order. These modifications shall enter into effect on the dates set forth in the Annexes to this order.

(l) Unless specifically noted herein, any prior Presidential Proclamation, Executive Order, or other Presidential directive or guidance related to trade with foreign trading partners that is inconsistent with the direction in this order is hereby terminated, suspended, or modified to the extent necessary to give full effect to this order.

**Sec. 4. Modification Authority.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, shall recommend to me additional action, if necessary, if this action is not effective in resolving the emergency conditions described above, including the increase in the overall trade deficit or the recent expansion of non-reciprocal trade arrangements by U.S. trading partners in a manner that threatens the economic and national security interests of the United States.

(b) Should any trading partner retaliate against the United States in response to this action through import duties on U.S. exports or other measures, I may further modify the HTSUS to increase or expand in scope the duties imposed under this order to ensure the efficacy of this action.

(c) Should any trading partner take significant steps to remedy non-reciprocal trade arrangements and align sufficiently with the United States on economic and national security matters, I may further modify the HTSUS to decrease or limit in scope the duties imposed under this order.

(d) Should U.S. manufacturing capacity and output continue to worsen, I may further modify the HTSUS to increase duties under this order.

**Sec. 5. Implementation Authority.** The Secretary of Commerce and the United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Chair of the International Trade Commission are hereby authorized to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order. Each executive department and agency shall take all appropriate measures within its authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 6. Reporting Requirements.** The United States Trade Representative, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Senior Counselor for Trade and Manufacturing, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, is hereby authorized to submit recurring and final reports to the Congress on the national emergency declared in this order, consistent with section 401(c) of the NEA (50 U.S.C. 1641(c)) and section 204(c) of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1703(c)).

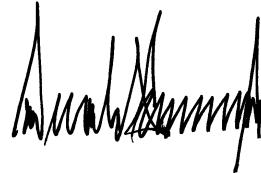
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN B. KLINE".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
April 2, 2025.

**ANNEX I**

Country	Reciprocal Tariff, Adjusted
Algeria	30%
Angola	32%
Bangladesh	37%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	35%
Botswana	37%
Brunei	24%
Cambodia	49%
Cameroon	11%
Chad	13%
China	34%
Côte d'Ivoire	21%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	11%
Equatorial Guinea	13%
European Union	20%
Falkland Islands	41%
Fiji	32%
Guyana	38%
India	26%
Indonesia	32%
Iraq	39%
Israel	17%
Japan	24%
Jordan	20%
Kazakhstan	27%
Laos	48%
Lesotho	50%
Libya	31%
Liechtenstein	37%
Madagascar	47%
Malawi	17%
Malaysia	24%
Mauritius	40%
Moldova	31%
Mozambique	16%
Myanmar (Burma)	44%
Namibia	21%

Country	Reciprocal Tariff, Adjusted
Nauru	30%
Nicaragua	18%
Nigeria	14%
North Macedonia	33%
Norway	15%
Pakistan	29%
Philippines	17%
Serbia	37%
South Africa	30%
South Korea	25%
Sri Lanka	44%
Switzerland	31%
Syria	41%
Taiwan	32%
Thailand	36%
Tunisia	28%
Vanuatu	22%
Venezuela	15%
Vietnam	46%
Zambia	17%
Zimbabwe	18%

## ANNEX II

Note: All products that are classified in the 8-digit subheadings of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) that are listed in this Annex are covered by the action. The product descriptions that are contained in this Annex are provided for informational purposes only, and are not intended to delimit in any way the scope of the action. In all cases, the formal language in Annex III governs the tariff treatment of products covered by the action. Any questions regarding the scope of particular HTSUS subheadings should be referred to U.S. Customs and Border Protection. In the product descriptions, the abbreviation “nesoi” means “not elsewhere specified or included”.

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
05080000	Coral, shells, cuttlebone and similar materials, unworked or simply prepared, but not cut to shape; powder and waste thereof
25041050	Natural graphite, in powder or flakes (other than crystalline flake)
25049000	Natural graphite, other than in powder or in flakes
25101000	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminum calcium phosphates, unground
25102000	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminum
25111010	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), ground
25111050	Natural barium sulfate (barytes), not ground
25191000	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)
25199010	Fused magnesia; dead-burned (sintered) magnesia, whether or not cont. small quant. of other oxides added before sintering
25199020	Caustic calcined magnesite
25249000	Asbestos other than Crocidolite
25292100	Fluorspar, containing by weight 97 percent or less of calcium fluoride
25292200	Fluorspar, containing by weight more than 97 percent of calcium fluoride
25302010	Kieserite
25302020	Epsom salts (natural magnesium sulfates)
25309010	Natural cryolite; natural chiolite
25309020	Natural micaceous iron oxides
25309080	Other mineral substances, not elsewhere specified or included
26020000	Manganese ores and concentrates including ferruginous manganese ores & concentrates, with manganese content over 20%, calculated on dry weight
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates
26060000	Aluminum ores and concentrates
26080000	Zinc ores and concentrates
26100000	Chromium ores and concentrates
26110030	Tungsten ores
26110060	Tungsten concentrates
26121000	Uranium ores and concentrates
26140030	Synthetic rutile

HTSUS	Description
26140060	Titanium ores and concentrates, other than synthetic rutile
26159030	Synthetic tantalum-niobium concentrates
26159060	Niobium, tantalum or vanadium ores and concentrates, nesoi
26161000	Silver ores and concentrates
26171000	Antimony ores and concentrates
26203000	Ash and residues (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel), containing mainly copper
26209950	Slag (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel), containing by weight over 40% titanium, and which if containing over 2% by weight of copper, lead, or zinc is not to be treated for the recovery thereof
27011100	Coal, anthracite, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
27011200	Coal, bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
27011900	Coal, other than anthracite or bituminous, whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
27012000	Coal, briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal
27021000	Lignite (excluding jet), whether or not pulverized, but not agglomerated
27022000	Lignite (excluding jet), agglomerated
27030000	Peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated
27040000	Coke and semicoke of coal, lignite or peat, whether or not agglomerated; retort carbon
27050000	Coal gas, water gas, producer gas and similar gases, other than petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons
27060000	Tars (including reconstituted tars), distilled from coal, lignite or peat, and other mineral tars, whether dehydrated or partially distilled
27071000	Benzene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
27072000	Toluene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
27073000	Xylenes, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
27074000	Naphthalene, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
27075000	Aromatic hydrocarbon mixtures (from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar, or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents), other than Benzene, Toluene, Xylenes, and Naphthalene, in which 65% or more by volume (including losses) distills at 250 C by the ISO 3405 method (equivalent to the ASTM D 86 method)
27079100	Creosote oils, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
27079910	Light oil, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents

HTSUS	Description
27079920	Picolines, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents
27079940	Carbazole, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 65% or more by weight
27079951	Phenols, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products in which the weight of aromatic constituents exceeds that of nonaromatic constituents, containing more than 50% by weight of hydroxybenzene
27079955	Metacresol, orthocresol, paracresol, and metaparacresol, from the distillation of high-temperature coal tar or similar products where the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the nonaromatic constituents, having a purity of 75% or more by weight
27079959	Phenols, nesoi
27079990	Other products of the distillation of high-temperature coal tar and similar products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceed that of the nonaromatic constituents, nesoi
27081000	Pitch, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars
27082000	Pitch coke, obtained from coal tar or other mineral tars
27090010	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing under 25 degrees A.P.I.
27090020	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals, crude, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or more
27101215	Light oil motor fuel from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals (other than crude) and containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals
27101218	Light oil motor fuel blending stock from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals (other than crude) containing by weight 70% or more from petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals
27101225	Naphthas (except motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock)
27101245	Light oil mixtures of hydrocarbons nesoi which contain by weight not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound
27101290	Light oils and preparations, from petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101906	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), derived from petroleum or oils from bituminous minerals, testing < 25 degrees A.P.I.
27101911	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), derived from petroleum oils or oils from bituminous minerals, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or >
27101916	Kerosene-type jet fuel, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101924	Kerosene motor fuel (except kerosene-type jet fuel), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals

HTSUS	Description
27101925	Kerosene motor fuel blending stock (except kerosene-type jet fuel), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101926	Kerosene (except kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene motor fuel, and kerosene motor fuel blending stock), from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101930	Lubricating oils, with or without additives, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101935	Lubricating greases, containing not over 10% by weight of salts of fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101940	Lubricating greases, containing 10% or more by weight of salts of fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101945	Mixture of hydrocarbons nesoi, which contain by weight not over 50% of any single hydrocarbon compound, from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27101990	Petroleum oils and oils from bituminous minerals or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70% or more of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals
27102005	Distillate and residual fuel oils (including blended fuel oils), testing under 25 degrees A.P.I., from petroleum oils and oils of bituminous minerals (other than crude) or preparations nesoi containing by weight 70%+ of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, containing biodiesel, other than waste oils
27102010	Dist and resid fuel oil (including blends) derived from petro or oils fr bitum min testing 25 degree A.P.I. or >, contng biodiesel
27102015	Kerosene-type jet fuel/mtr ful/mtr ful blend stck fr pet oils & bitumin min (o/th crude), or preps. 70%+ by w fr pet oils, ctg biodiesel
27102025	Kerosene (ex jet fuel,mtr ful/mtr ful blend stck/jet), fr pet oils and bitumin. min (o/th crude) or preps 70%+ by wt fr pet oils, ctg biodie
27109100	Waste oils from petro oils/bitum minerals/preps 70%+ by wt. fr. petro oils/bitum minerals containing PCBs, PCTs or PBBs
27109905	Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) derived from petroleum oil/bituminous minerals, testing under 25 degree A.P.I.
27109910	Wastes of distillate and residual fuel oil (including blends) derived from petroleum oil/bituminous minerals, testing 25 degrees A.P.I. or >
27109916	Waste motor fuel or motor fuel blending stock from petro oils and bitumin. minerals (o/than crude) or preps. 70%+ by wt. from petro oils
27109921	Waste kerosene or naphthas from petro oils and bitumin minerals (o/than crude) or preps. 70%+ by wt. From petro oils/bitumin minerals

HTSUS	Description
27109931	Waste lubricating oils, w/or w/o additives, from petro oils and bitumin minerals (o/than crude) or preps. 70%+ by wt. from petro oils
27109932	Waste lubricating greases from petro oil/bitum min/70%+ by wt. fr petro oils but n/o 10% by wt. of fatty acid salts animal/vegetable origin
27109939	Waste lubricating greases from petro oil/bitum min/70%+ by wt. fr petro oils but over 10% by wt. of fatty acid salts animal/vegetable origin
27109945	Waste mixtures of hydrocarbons from petro oils & bitum. min. or preps.70%+ by wt. fr. petro oils, nesoi, n/o 50% any single hydrocarbon
27109990	Waste petroleum oils & oils from bitum. min. or preps nesoi 70%+ by wt. from petro. oils or bitum. min., nesoi
27111100	Natural gas, liquefied
27111200	Propane, liquefied
27111300	Butanes, liquefied
27111400	Ethylene, propylene, butylene and butadiene, liquefied
27111900	Liquefied petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, nesoi
27112100	Natural gas, in gaseous state
27112900	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons, except natural gas
27121000	Petroleum jelly
27122000	Paraffin wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process and less than 0.75% oil by wt.
27129010	Montan wax (whether or not colored), obtained by synthesis or other process
27129020	Mineral waxes (i.e., paraffin w/0.75%+ oil, microcrystall. wax, slack lignite & peat waxes, ozokerite), obtained by synthesis
27131100	Coke, petroleum, not calcined
27131200	Coke, petroleum coke, calcined
27132000	Petroleum bitumen
27139000	Residues (except petroleum coke or petroleum bitumen) of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous materials
27141000	Bituminous or oil shale and tar sands
27149000	Bitumen and asphalt, natural; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks
27150000	Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, natural bitumen, petroleum bitumen, mineral tar or mineral tar pitch
27160000	Electrical energy
28012000	Iodine
28042900	Rare gases, other than argon
28045000	Boron; tellurium
28046100	Silicon containing by weight not less than 99.99 percent of silicon
28048000	Arsenic
28049000	Selenium
28051910	Strontium
28051920	Barium
28051990	Alkali metals, other than sodium

HTSUS	Description
28053000	Rare-earth metals, scandium and yttrium, whether or not intermixed or interalloyed
28111100	Hydrogen fluoride (Hydrofluoric acid)
28111910	Arsenic acid
28112910	Arsenic trioxide
28112920	Selenium dioxide
28121900	Other chlorides and chloride oxides
28139010	Arsenic sulfides
28152000	Potassium hydroxide (Caustic potash)
28161000	Hydroxide and peroxide of magnesium
28164010	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of strontium
28164020	Oxides, hydroxides and peroxides of barium
28170000	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide
28181010	Artificial corundum, crude
28181020	Artificial corundum, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined
28182000	Aluminum oxide, other than artificial corundum
28183000	Aluminum hydroxide
28201000	Manganese dioxide
28211000	Iron oxides and hydroxides
28212000	Earth colors containing 70 percent or more by weight of combined iron evaluated as Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
28220000	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides
28230000	Titanium oxides
28252000	Lithium oxide and hydroxide
28255030	Copper hydroxides
28256000	Germanium oxides and zirconium dioxide
28258000	Antimony oxides
28259015	Niobium oxide
28259030	Tungsten oxides
28259090	Other inorganic bases; other metal oxides, hydroxides and peroxides, nesoi
28261200	Fluorides of aluminum
28263000	Sodium hexafluoroaluminate (Synthetic cryolite)
28269090	Other complex fluorine salts, nesoi
28273100	Magnesium chloride
28273945	Barium chloride
28273960	Cobalt chlorides
28273990	Chlorides, nesoi
28274100	Chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides of copper
28274950	Chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides other than of copper or of vanadium
28275951	Other bromides and bromide oxides, other than ammonium, calcium or zinc
28276010	Iodide and iodide oxide of calcium or copper

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
28276051	Iodides and iodide oxides, other than of calcium, copper or potassium
28332100	Magnesium sulfate
28332500	Copper sulfate
28332700	Barium sulfate
28332910	Cobalt sulfate
28332945	Zinc sulfate
28332951	Other sulfates nesoi
28342100	Potassium nitrate
28342920	Strontium nitrate
28342951	Nitrates, nesoi
28366000	Barium carbonate
28369100	Lithium carbonates
28369200	Strontium carbonate
28369910	Cobalt carbonates
28369950	Carbonates nesoi, and peroxocarbonates (percarbonates)
28418000	Tungstates (wolframates)
28419020	Ammonium perrhenate
28419040	Aluminates
28432901	Silver compounds, other than silver nitrate
28433000	Gold compounds
28439000	Inorganic or organic compounds of precious metals, excluding those of silver and gold; amalgams of precious metals
28441010	Natural uranium metal
28441020	Natural uranium compounds
28442000	Uranium enriched in U235 and plutonium and their compounds; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures containing these products
28443020	Compounds of uranium depleted in U235
28443050	Uranium depleted in U235, thorium; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures of these products and their compounds
28444300	Other radioactive elements, isotopes, compounds, nesoi; alloys, dispersions, ceramic products and mixtures thereof
28459001	Isotopes not in heading 2844 and their compounds other than boron, lithium and helium
28461000	Cerium compounds
28469020	Mixtures of rare-earth oxides or of rare-earth chlorides
28469040	Yttrium materials and compounds containing by wt. >19% But < 85% yttrium oxide equivalent
28469080	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of rare-earth metals, of yttrium or of scandium, or of mixtures of these metals, nesoi
28492010	Silicon carbide, crude
28492020	Silicon carbide, in grains, or ground, pulverized or refined

HTSUS	Description
28499030	Tungsten carbide
28539010	Phosphor copper containing more than 15% by weight of phosphorus, excluding ferrosphosphorus
28539090	Other phosphides, excl ferrophosphorous, nesoi
29034510	1,2,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) and 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134)
29035990	Other unsaturated fluorinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons
29036990	Other brominated or iodinated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons
29037800	Other perhalogenated acyclic hydrocarbon derivatives, nesoi
29037990	Other halogenated derivatives of acyclic hydrocarbons containing two or more different halogens, nesoi
29038915	Halogenated products derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbon, described in additional U.S. note 3 to sec. VI
29038920	Halogenated derivatives derived in whole or in part from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbon, nesoi
29038970	Other halogenated derivatives of cyclanic etc hydrocarbons not deriv from benzene or other aromatic hydrocarbons
29039200	Hexachlorobenzene (ISO) and DDT (clofenatone (INN), (1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane))
29049940	Sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of aromatic products described in additional US note 3 to section 6
29052990	Unsaturated monohydric alcohols, other than allyl alcohol or acyclic terpene alcohols
29053990	Dihydric alcohols (diols), nesoi
29055910	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of monohydric alcohols
29055990	Halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of acyclic alcohols, nesoi
29061950	Other cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29062960	Other aromatic alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29072990	Other polyphenols, nesoi
29081960	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenol or phenol-alcohols
29091918	Ethers of acyc monohydric alcohols & deriv, nesoi
29092000	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives
29093060	Other aromatic ethers and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi
29094910	Other aromatic ether-alcohols, their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives described in add. US note 3 to section VI
29094915	Aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi
29094920	Nonaromatic glycerol ethers
29094960	Other non-aromatic ether-alcohols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives

HTSUS	Description
29095040	Odoriferous or flavoring compounds of ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols & their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, nitrosated derivatives
29095045	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols & their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, nitrosated derivatives nesoi, in add. U.S. note 3 to sec. VI
29095050	Ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, nesoi
29121950	Acylic aldehydes without other oxygen function, nesoi
29124926	Other aromatic aldehyde-alcohols, aldehyde-ethers, aldehyde-phenols and aldehydes with other oxygen function
29141900	Acylic ketones without other oxygen function, nesoi
29144090	Nonaromatic ketone-alcohols and ketone-aldehydes, nesoi
29145030	Aromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function
29145050	Nonaromatic ketone-phenols and ketones with other oxygen function
29146200	Coenzyme Q10 (ubidecarenone (INN))
29146921	Quinone drugs
29146990	Quinones, nesoi
29147940	Other halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated, etc derivatives of aromatic ketones and quinones whether or not with other oxygen function
29152930	Cobalt acetates
29153931	Aromatic esters of acetic acid described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29153935	Aromatic esters of acetic acid, nesoi
29153947	Acetates of polyhydric alcohols or of polyhydric alcohol ethers
29153990	Other non-aromatic esters of acetic acid
29159010	Fatty acids of animal or vegetable origin, nesoi
29159014	Valproic acid
29159018	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi
29159020	Aromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi
29159050	Nonaromatic anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids, of saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, and their derivatives, nesoi
29161930	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, nesoi
29161950	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acid anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives, nesoi
29162050	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives
29163150	Benzoic acid esters, nesoi
29163946	Aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and derivatives described in add'l US note 3 to section VI
29163979	Other aromatic monocarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives
29171300	Azelaic acid, sebacic acid, their salts and esters
29171910	Ferrous fumarate

HTSUS	Description
29171970	Acyclic polycarboxylic acids and derivative (excluding plasticizers)
29173401	Esters of orthophthalic acid, nesoi
29173930	Aromatic polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, peroxyacids and their derivatives nesoi, in add. U.S. note 3 to sec. VI
29181151	Salts and esters of lactic acid
29181350	Salts and esters of tartaric acid, nesoi
29181650	Salts and esters of gluconic acid
29181960	Malic acid
29181990	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with alcohol function, without other oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi
29182210	O-Acetylsalicylic acid (Aspirin)
29182250	Salts and esters Of O-acetylsalicylic acid
29182330	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29182350	Esters of salicylic acid and their salts, nesoi
29182920	Gentisic acid; and hydroxycinnamic acid and its salts
29182965	Carboxylic acids with phenol function but w/o other oxygen function, described in add'l. U.S. note 3 to section VI
29182975	Other carboxylic acids w/phenol function but w/o other oxygen function & their derivatives (excluding goods of add. US note 3 to section VI)
29183025	Aromatic carboxylic acids w/aldehyde or ketone function but w/o other oxygen function & their deriv desc. in add US note 3 to sec VI, nesoi
29183030	Aromatic carboxylic acids with aldehyde or ketone function, but without other oxygen function, and derivatives, nesoi
29183090	Non-aromatic carboxylic acids w/aldehyde or ketone function but w/o other oxygen func. their anhydrides, halides, peroxides, etc derivatives
29189930	Aromatic drugs derived from carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi
29189943	Aromatic carboxylic acids with add'l oxygen function and their anhydrides, halide, etc deriv described in add US note 3 to sect VI, nesoi
29189947	Other aromatic carboxylic acids with add'l oxygen function and their anhydrides, halide, etc deriv (exclud goods in add US note 3 to sec VI)
29189950	Nonaromatic carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function, and their derivatives, nesoi
29199030	Aromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives, not used as plasticizers
29199050	Nonaromatic phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates, and their derivatives
29209051	Nonaromatic esters of inorganic acids of nonmetals and their salts and derivatives, excluding esters of hydrogen halides, nesoi
29211911	Mono- and triethylamines; mono-, di-, and tri(propyl- and butyl-) monoamines; salts of any of the foregoing
29211961	N,N-Dialkyl (methyl, ethyl, N-Propyl or Isopropyl)-2-Chloroethylamines and their protonated salts; Acyclic monoamines and their derivatives, nesoi

HTSUS	Description
29212900	Acyclic polyamines, their derivatives and salts, other than ethylenediamine or hexamethylenediamine and their salts
29213010	Cyclanic, cyclenic, cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines, derivatives and salts, from any aromatic compound desc in add US note 3, sec. VI
29213050	Cyclanic, cyclenic or cycloterpenic mono- or polyamines, and their derivatives and salts, from any nonaromatic compounds
29214290	Other aniline derivatives and their salts
29214600	Amfetamine (INN), benzphetamine (INN), dexamphetamine (INN), etilamphetamine (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof
29214938	Aromatic monoamine antidepressants, tranquilizers and other psychotherapeutic agents, nesoi
29214943	Aromatic monoamine drugs, nesoi
29214945	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives nesoi; salts thereof, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29214950	Aromatic monoamines and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi
29215980	Aromatic polyamines and their derivatives; salts thereof nesoi
29221100	Monoethanolamine and its salts
29221400	Dextropropoxyphene (INN) and its salts
29221909	Aromatic amino-alcohols drugs, their ethers and esters, other than those containing > one kind of oxygen function; salts thereof; nesoi
29221920	4,4'-Bis(dimethylamino)benzhydrol (Michler's hydrol) and other specified aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters; salts thereof
29221933	N1-(2-Hydroxyethyl-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; N1,N4,N4-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-nitro-1,4-phenylenediamine; and other specified chemicals
29221960	Aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers and esters, other than those containing more than one oxy func described in add. US note 3 to sect VI
29221970	Other aromatic amino-alcohols, their ethers & esters, other than those contain more than one oxy func (exc goods of add. US note 3 sect VI)
29221990	Salts of triethanolamine
29221996	Amino-alcohols, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, their ethers and esters and salts thereof, nesoi
29222927	Drugs of amino-naphthols and -phenols, their ethers and esters, except those cont. more than one oxygen function; salts thereof, nesoi
29222961	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols and their derivatives of products described in add'l U.S. note 3 to section VI
29222981	Amino-naphthols and other amino-phenols; their ethers, esters & salts (not containing more than one oxygen function) thereof nesoi
29223100	Amfepramone (INN), methadone (INN) and normethadone (INN); salts thereof
29223925	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function; salts; desc in add US note 3 sec VI
29223945	Aromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one oxygen function; salts thereof; nesoi
29223950	Nonaromatic amino-aldehydes, -ketones and -quinones, other than those with more than one kind of oxygen function, salts thereof; nesoi

HTSUS	Description
29224100	Lysine and its esters and salts thereof
29224250	Glutamic acid and its salts, other than monosodium glutamate
29224400	Tildine (INN) and its salts
29224910	m-Aminobenzoic acid, technical; and other specified aromatic amino-acids and their esters, except those with more than one oxygen function
29224926	Aromatic amino-acids drugs and their esters, not containing more than one kind of oxygen function, nesoi
29224930	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, excl. those with more than one oxygen function; salts; described in add. U.S. note 3 to sect VI
29224937	Aromatic amino-acids and their esters, not contng more than 1 kind of oxygen function (excluding goods in add U.S. note 3 to sec VI), nesoi
29224949	Nonaromatic amino-acids, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function, other than glycine
29224980	Non-aromatic esters of amino-acids, other than those containing more than one kind of oxygen function; salts thereof
29225007	3,4-Diaminophenetole dihydrogen sulfate; 2-nitro-5-[(2,3-dihydroxy)propoxy]-N-methylaniline; and other specified aromatic chemicals
29225010	Specified aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function
29225011	Salts of d(underscored)-(-)-p-Hydroxyphenylglycine
29225013	Isoetharine hydrochloride and other specified aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function
29225014	Other aromatic cardiovascular drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function
29225017	Aromatic dermatological agents and local anesthetics of amino-compounds with oxygen function
29225025	Aromatic drugs of amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi
29225035	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function described in add. US note 3 to section VI
29225040	Aromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function, nesoi
29225050	Nonaromatic amino-alcohol-phenols, amino-acid-phenols and other amino-compounds with oxygen function
29231000	Choline and its salts
29232020	Lecithins and other phosphoaminolipids, nesoi
29239001	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides, whether or not chemically defined, nesoi
29241100	Meprobamate (INN)
29241911	Acyclic amides (including acyclic carbamates)
29241980	Acyclic amide derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi
29242116	Aromatic ureines and their derivatives pesticides, nesoi
29242150	Nonaromatic ureines and their derivatives; and salts thereof
29242910	Acetanilide; N-acetylsulfanilyl chloride; aspartame; and 2-methoxy-5-acetamino-N,N-bis(2-acetoxyethyl)aniline

HTSUS	Description
29242962	Other aromatic cyclic amides and derivatives for use as drugs
29242971	Aromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives of products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi
29242977	Aromatic cyclic amides (incl cyclic carbamates) and their derivatives and salts thereof, nesoi
29242995	Other nonaromatic cyclic amides and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi
29251200	Glutethimide (INN)
29251942	Other aromatic imides and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi
29251991	Other non-aromatic imides and their derivatives
29252100	Chlordimeform (ISO)
29252920	Aromatic drugs of imines and their derivatives, nesoi
29252960	Aromatic imines and their derivatives; salts thereof (excluding drugs); nesoi
29252990	Non-aromatic imines and their derivatives; salts thereof
29263010	Fenproporex (INN) and its salts
29264000	alpha-Phenylacetoacetonitrile
29269014	p-Chlorobenzonitrile and verapamil hydrochloride
29269043	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29269048	Aromatic nitrile-function compounds other than those products in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi
29270040	Diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29270050	Other diazo-, azo- or azoxy-compounds, nesoi
29280025	Aromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine
29280030	Nonaromatic drugs of organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, other than Methyl ethyl ketoxime
29280050	Nonaromatic organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine, nesoi
29299020	Aromatic compounds with other nitrogen function, nesoi
29299050	Nonaromatic compounds with other nitrogen functions, except isocyanates
29302020	Aromatic compounds of thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates, excluding pesticides
29302090	Other non-aromatic thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates
29303060	Thiuram mono-, di- or tetrasulfides, other than tetramethylthiuram monosulfide
29309029	Other aromatic organo-sulfur compounds (excluding pesticides)
29309049	Nonaromatic organo-sulfur acids, nesoi
29309092	Other non-aromatic organo-sulfur compounds
29314900	Other non-halogenated organo-phosphorous derivatives
29315300	O-(3-chloropropyl) O-[4-nitro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methylphosphonothionate
29319022	Drugs of aromatic organo-inorganic compounds
29319090	Other non-aromatic organo-inorganic compounds
29321400	Sucralose

HTSUS	Description
29321951	Nonaromatic compounds containing an unfused furan ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the ring
29322020	Aromatic drugs of lactones
29322030	Aromatic lactones, nesoi, described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29322050	Nonaromatic lactones
29329961	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi
29329970	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29329990	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29331100	Phenazone (Antipyrine) and its derivatives
29331935	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyrazole ring
29331945	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyrazole ring
29331990	Other compound (excluding aromatic, modified aromatic & drugs) containing unfused pyrazole ring (whether or n/hydrogenated) in the structure
29332100	Hydantoin and its derivatives
29332920	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only cont. an unfused imidazole ring
29332935	Aromatic or mod. aromatic goods in add US note 3 to sect VI containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or n/hydrogenated) in structure
29332943	Aromatic or mod aromatic goods contng unfused imidazole ring (whether or n/hydrogenated) in the structure (exc prod in add US note 3 sec VI)
29332945	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring, nesoi
29332990	Other compounds (excluding drugs, aromatic and modified aromatic compounds) containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or n/hydrogenated)
29333301	Alfentanil (INN), anileridine (INN), bezitramide (INN), bromazepam (INN), difenoxin (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof
29333400	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused pyrazole ring
29333500	3-Quinuclidinol
29333700	N-Phenethyl-4-piperidone (NPP)
29333908	1-(3-Sulfapropyl)pyridinium hydroxide; N,N-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-1,6-hexanediamine; and 5 other specified chemicals
29333910	Collidines, lutidines and picolines
29333920	p-Chloro-2-benzylpyridine & other specified heterocyclic compounds, w nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only cont. an unfused pyridine ring
29333921	Fungicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring
29333923	o-Paraquat dichloride
29333925	Herbicides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring
29333927	Pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring

HTSUS	Description
29333931	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi
29333941	Drugs containing an unfused pyridine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure, nesoi
29333961	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring, described in add. US note 3 to sec. VI
29333992	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only containing an unfused pyridine ring, nesoi
29334100	Levorphenol (INN) and its salts
29334908	4,7-Dichloroquinoline
29334910	Ethoxyquin (1,2-Dihydro-6-ethoxy-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline)
29334915	8-Methylquinoline and Isoquinoline
29334917	Ethyl ethyl-6,7,8-trifluoro-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-3-quinoline carboxylate
29334920	5-Chloro-7-iodo-8-quinolinol (Iodochlorhydroxyquin); Decoquinate; Diiodohydroxyquin; and Oxyquinoline sulfate
29334926	Drugs containing a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated) not further fused, nesoi
29334930	Pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. a quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system, not further fused
29334960	Products described in add. US note 3 to sec VI containing quinoline or isoquinoline ring-system (whether or n/hydrogenated), n/further fused
29334970	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, containing a quinoline ring-system, not further fused, nesoi
29335210	Malonylurea (barbituric acid)
29335290	Salts of barbituric acid
29335300	Allobarbital (INN), amobarbital (INN), barbital (INN), butalbital (INN), butobarbital, and other specified INNs; salts thereof
29335400	Other derivatives of malonylurea (barbituric acid); salts thereof
29335910	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. a pyrimidine or piperazine ring
29335915	Aromatic or mod. aromatic pesticides nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only cont. pyrimidine or piperazine ring
29335918	Nonaromatic pesticides of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi
29335921	Antihistamines, including those principally used as antinauseants
29335922	Nicarbazin and trimethoprim
29335936	Anti-infective agents nesoi, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. pyrimidine, piperazine ring
29335946	Psychotherapeutic agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. pyrimidine or piperazine ring, nesoi
29335953	Other aromatic or modified aromatic drugs containing a pyrimidine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure
29335959	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. a pyrimidine or piperazine ring

HTSUS	Description
29335970	Aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. pyrimidine or piperazine ring, in add. U.S. note 3, sec. VI
29335980	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds nesoi, with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, cont. pyrimidine or piperazine ring
29335985	2-Amino-4-chloro-6-methoxypyrimidine; 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine; and 6-methyluracil
29335995	Other (excluding aromatic or mod aromatic) compds containing pyrimidine ring (whether or n/hydrogenated) or piperazine ring in the structure
29336960	Other compounds containing an unfused triazine ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure
29337200	Clobazam (INN) and methyprylon (INN)
29337908	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29337915	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams, nesoi
29337985	Aromatic or modified aromatic lactams with nitrogen hetero-atoms only, nesoi
29339100	Alprazolam (INN), camazepam (INN), chlordiazepoxide (INN), clonazepam (INN), clorazepate, and other specified INNs; salts thereof
29339901	Butyl (R)-2-[4-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate
29339902	2-[4-[(6-Chloro-2-quinoxalinyloxy]oxy]phenoxy]propionic acid, ethyl ester; and 1 other specified aromatic chemical
29339905	Acridine and indole
29339906	alpha-Butyl-alpha-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-propanenitrile (Mycolbutanil); and one other specified aromatic chemical
29339908	Acetoacetyl-5-aminobenzimidazolone; 1,3,3-Trimethyl-2-methyleneindoline; and two other specified aromatic chemicals
29339911	Carbazole
29339912	6-Bromo-5-methyl-1H-imidazo-(4,5-b)pyridine; 2-sec-butyl-4-tert-butyl-6-(benzotriazol-2-yl)phenol; 2-methylindoline; and other specific
29339916	o-Diquat dibromide (1,1-Ethylene-2,2-dipyridylum dibromide)
29339917	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339922	Other heterocyclic aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339924	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only
29339926	Aromatic or modified aromatic antihistamines of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only
29339942	Acriflavin; Acriflavin hydrochloride; Carbadox; Pyrazinamide
29339946	Aromatic or modified aromatic anti-infective agents of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339951	Hydralazine hydrochloride
29339953	Aromatic or modified aromatic cardiovascular drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339955	Aromatic or modified aromatic analgesics and certain like affecting chemicals, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only

HTSUS	Description
29339958	Droperidol; and Imipramine hydrochloride
29339961	Aromatic/modified aromatic psychotherapeutic agents, affecting the CNS, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339965	Aromatic or modified aromatic anticonvulsants, hypnotics and sedatives, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339970	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs affecting the central nervous system, of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen atom(s) only, nesoi
29339975	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339979	Aromatic or modified aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29339982	Aromatic or mod. aromatic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only other than products described in add. U.S. note 3 to section VI, nesoi
29339985	3-Amino-1,2,4-triazole
29339989	Hexamethyleneimine
29339990	Nonaromatic drugs of heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29339997	Nonaromatic heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only, nesoi
29341010	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds cont. an unfused thiazole ring, described in add. U.S. note 3 to section VI
29341020	Aromatic or modified aromatic heterocyclic compounds, nesoi, containing an unfused thiazole ring
29341090	Other compounds (excluding aromatic or modified aromatic) containing an unfused thiazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure
29342040	Heterocyclic compounds containing a benzothiazole ring-system, not further fused, described in add. U.S. note 3 to section VI
29342080	Other compounds containing a benzothiazole ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused
29343023	Antidepressants, tranquilizers and other pschotherapeutic agents containing a phenothiazine ring-system, not further fused
29343027	Other drugs containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi
29343043	Products described in add. US note 3 to section VI containing a phenothiazine ring system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused
29343050	Heterocyclic compounds containing a phenothiazine ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused, nesoi
29349100	Aminorex (INN), brotizolam (INN), clotiazepam (INN), cloxazolam (INN), dextromoramide (INN), and other specified INNs; salts thereof
29349200	Other fentanyl and their derivatives, containing an unfused thiazole ring
29349901	Mycophenolate mofetil
29349903	2-Acetylbenzo(b)thiophene; and 2 other specified aromatic or modified aromatic compounds
29349905	5-Amino-3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazole(3-Phenyl-5-amino-1,2,4-thiadiazole); and 3 other specified aromatic/mod. aromatic heterocyclic compounds

HTSUS	Description
29349906	7-Nitronaphth[1,2]oxadiazole-5-sulfonic acid and its salts
29349907	Ethyl 2-[4-[(6-chloro-2-benzoxazoyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoate (Fenoxaprop- ethyl)
29349908	2,5-Diphenyloxazole
29349909	1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one
29349911	2-tert-Butyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-5-isopropoxyphenyl)-delta(squared)-1,3,4-oxadiazolin-5-one; Bentazon; Phosalone
29349912	Aromatic or modified aromatic fungicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349915	Aromatic or modified aromatic herbicides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349916	Aromatic or modified aromatic insecticides of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349918	Aromatic or modified aromatic pesticides nesoi, of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349920	Aromatic or modified aromatic photographic chemicals of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349930	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349939	Aromatic or modified aromatic other heterocyclic compounds described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI
29349944	Aromatic or modified aromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349947	Nonaromatic drugs of other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29349970	Morpholinethyl chloride hydrochloride; 2-methyl-2,5-dioxo-1-oxa-2-phospholan; and 1 other specified nonaromatic chemical
29349990	Nonaromatic other heterocyclic compounds, nesoi
29355000	Other perfluorooctane sulfonamides
29359006	4-Amino-6-chloro-m-benzenedisulfonamide and Methyl-4-aminobenzenesulfonylcarbamate (Asulam)
29359010	2-Amino-N-Ethylbenzenesulfonanilide etc
29359013	(5-[2-Chloro-4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-(Methylsulfonyl)-2-Nitrobenzamide)(fomesafen); etc
29359015	ortho-Toluenesulfonamide
29359020	Sulfonamides used as fast color bases and fast color salts
29359030	Sulfamethazine
29359032	Acetylsulfisoxazole; Sulfacetamide, sodium; and Sulfamethazine, sodium
29359033	Sulfathiazole and Sulfathiazole, sodium
29359042	Salicylazosulfapyridine (Sulfasalazine); Sulfadiazine; Sulfaguanidine; Sulfamerizine; and Sulfapyridine
29359048	Other sulfonamides used as anti-infective agents
29359060	Other sulfonamide drugs (excluding anti-infective agents)
29359075	Other sulfonamides (excluding drugs, etc) of products described in US note 3 to section 6
29359095	Other sulfonamides, excluding drugs, excluding products described in US note 4 to section 6
29362100	Vitamins A and their derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized
29362200	Vitamin B1 (Thiamine) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized

HTSUS	Description
29362300	Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized
29362401	Vitamin B5 (D- or DL-Pantothenic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized
29362500	Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine and related compounds with Vitamin B6 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized
29362600	Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin and related compounds with Vitamin B12 activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized
29362700	Vitamin C (Ascorbic acid) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized
29362800	Vitamin E (Tocopherols and related compounds with Vitamin E activity) and its derivatives, unmixed, natural or synthesized
29362910	Folic acid and its derivatives, unmixed
29362916	Niacin and niacinamide
29362920	Aromatic or modified aromatic vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi
29362950	Other vitamins and their derivatives, nesoi
29369001	Vitamins or provitamins (including natural concentrates) and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent
29371100	Somatotropin, its derivatives and structural analogues
29371200	Insulin and its salts
29371900	Polypeptide hormones, protein hormones and glycoprotein hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi
29372100	Cortisone, hydrocortisone, prednisone (Dehydrocortisone) and prednisolone (Dehydrohydrocortisone)
29372200	Halogenated derivatives of corticosteroidal hormones
29372310	Estrogens and progestins obtained directly or indirectly from animal or vegetable materials
29372325	Estradiol benzoate; and Estradiol cyclopentylpropionate (estradiol cypionate)
29372350	Other estrogens and progestins not derived from animal or vegetable materials, nesoi
29372910	Desonide; and Nandrolone phenpropionate
29372990	Steroidal hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi
29375000	Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, their derivatives and structural analogues
29379005	Epinephrine
29379010	Epinephrine hydrochloride
29379020	Catecholamine hormones, their derivatives and structural analogues, nesoi
29379040	I-Thyroxine(Levothyroxine), sodium
29379045	Amino-acid derivatives of hormones and their derivatives, nesoi
29379090	Other hormones,their derivatives and structural analogues,other steroid derivatives and structural analogue used primarily as hormones,nesoi
29381000	Rutoside (Rutin) and its derivatives
29389000	Glycosides, natural or synthesized, and their salts, ethers, esters, and other derivatives other than rutoside and its derivatives

HTSUS	Description
29391100	Concentrates of poppy straw; buprenorphine (INN), codeine, dihydrocodeine (INN), ethylmorphine, and other specified INNs; salts thereof
29391910	Papaverine and its salts
29391920	Synthetic alkaloids of opium and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi
29391950	Nonsynthetic alkaloids of opium and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi
29392000	Alkaloids of cinchona, and their derivatives; salts thereof, other than quinine and its salts
29393000	Caffeine and its salts
29394100	Ephedrine and its salts
29394200	Pseudoephedrine and its salts
29394400	Norephedrine & its salts
29394500	Levometamfetamine, metamfetamine (INN), metamfetamine racemate and their salts
29394903	Alkaloids of ephedra and their salts, other than ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, cathine, norephedrine, levometamfetamine and their salts
29395900	Theophylline aminophylline (Theophylline-ethylenediamine) and their derivatives; salts thereof; nesoi
29396200	Ergotamine and its salts
29396300	Lysergic acid and its salts
29396900	Alkaloids of rye ergot and their derivatives, nesoi; salts thereof
29397200	Cocaine, ecgonine; salts, esters and other derivatives thereof
29397900	Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, their salts and other derivatives, nesoi
29398000	Other alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis and their salts, ethers, esters & other derivatives, nesoi
29400060	Other sugars, nesoi excluding d-arabinose
29411010	Ampicillin and its salts
29411020	Penicillin G salts
29411030	Carfecillin, sodium; cloxacillin, sodium; dicloxacillin, sodium; flucloxacillin (Floxacillin); and oxacillin, sodium
29411050	Penicillins and their derivatives nesoi, with a penicillanic acid structure; salts thereof
29412010	Dihydrostreptomycins and its derivatives; salts thereof
29412050	Streptomycins and their derivatives; salts thereof, nesoi
29413000	Tetracyclines and their derivatives; salts thereof
29414000	Chloramphenicol and their derivatives; salts thereof
29415000	Erythromycin and their derivatives; salts thereof
29419010	Natural antibiotics, nesoi
29419030	Antibiotics, nesoi, aromatic or modified aromatic, other than natural
29419050	Antibiotics nesoi, other than aromatic or modified aromatic antibiotics
29420005	Aromatic or modified aromatic drugs of other organic compounds, nesoi
29420035	Other aromatic or modified aromatic organic compounds (excluding products described in additional U.S. note 3 to section VI)

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
29420050	Nonaromatic organic compounds, nesoi
30012000	Extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions for organotherapeutic uses
30019001	Glands and other organs for organotherapeutic uses, dried, whether or not powdered
30021200	Antisera and other blood fractions including human blood and fetal bovine serum
30021300	Immunological products, unmixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale
30021400	Immunological products, mixed, not put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale
30021500	Immunological products, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale
30024100	Vaccines for human medicine
30024200	Vaccines for veterinary medicine
30024900	Toxins or cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts)
30025100	Cell therapy products
30025900	Other cell cultures, other than cell therapy products
30029010	Ferments, excluding yeasts
30029052	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic, diagnostic uses; antisera; antiallergenic preparations nesoi & like products
30031000	Medicaments, cont. penicillins or streptomycins, not dosage form and not packed for retail
30032000	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, not dosage form and not packaged for retail
30033910	Medicaments containing artificial mixtures of natural hormones, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail
30033950	Medicaments containing products of heading 2937, nesoi, but not antibiotics, not dosage form and not packed for retail
30034100	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail
30034200	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, not dosage form and not packed for retail
30034900	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, not dosage form and not packed for retail
30039001	Other medicaments excl goods of heading 3002, 3005, 3006 consist of two or more constituents mixed together, not dosage form and not packed for retail
30041010	Medicaments containing penicillin G salts, in dosage form and packed for retail
30041050	Medicaments cont. penicillins or streptomycins, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail
30042000	Medicaments containing antibiotics, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail
30043100	Medicaments containing insulin, in dosage form or packed for retail
30043200	Medicaments, containing adrenal cortical hormones, in dosage form or packed for retail
30043900	Medicaments, containing products of heading 2937 nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail

HTSUS	Description
30044100	Medicaments containing ephedrine or its salts, in dosage form and packed for retail
30044200	Medicaments containing pseudoephedrine (INN) or its salts, in dosage form and packed for retail
30044900	Other medicaments containing alkaloids or derivatives thereof, nesoi, in dosage form and packed for retail
30045010	Medicaments containing vitamin B2 synthesized from aromatic or mod. aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail
30045020	Medicaments containing vitamin B12 synthesized from aromatic or mod. Aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail
30045030	Medicaments containing vitamin E synthesized from aromatic or mod. aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail
30045040	Medicaments containing vitamins nesoi, synthesized from aromatic or mod. aromatic compounds, in dosage form or packed for retail
30045050	Medicaments containing vitamins or other products of heading 2936, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail
30046000	Other medicaments containing antimalarial active principles described in subheading note 2 to this chapter, in dosage form and packed for retail
30049010	Medicaments containing antigens or hyaluronic acid or its sodium salt, nesoi, in dosage form or packed for retail
30049092	Medicaments nesoi, in dosage form and packed for retail
30063010	Opacifying preparation for X-ray examination; diagnostic reagent designed to be administered to the patient; all cont. antigens or antisera
30063050	Opacifying preparations for X-ray examinations; diagnostic reagents designed to be administered to the patient, nesoi
30066000	Chemical contraceptive preparations based on hormones or spermicides
30067000	Gel preparation use human/veterinary medicine lubricant in surgical operation, physical exam or coupling agent tween body & med instrument
30069310	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, packaged with medicinal preparations
30069320	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing over 10% by dry weight of sugar
30069350	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing ingredients having nutritional value
30069360	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, in liquid form for oral intake
30069380	Placebos and blinded clinical trial kits, put up in measured doses, containing other chemicals other than medicaments
31042000	Potassium chloride
31043000	Potassium sulfate
31049001	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, potassic, nesoi
31051000	Fertilizers of chapter 31 in tablets or similar for
31052000	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containin
31056000	Mineral or chemical fertilizers nesoi, containin
32030080	Coloring matter of vegetable or animal origin, nesoi

HTSUS	Description
32041380	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon, nesoi
32041720	Copper phthalocyanine ([Phthalocyanato(2-)]copper) not ready for use as a pigment
32041800	Carotenoid coloring matters and preparations based thereon
32061100	Pigments & preparations based on titanium dioxide containing 80 percent or more by weight off titanium dioxide calculated on the dry weight
32061900	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide, nesoi
34024210	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, aromatic or modified aromatic
34024220	Fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin; non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than aromatic or modified aromatic
34024290	Non-ionic organic surface-active agents, other than fatty substances of animal, vegetable or microbial origin, other than aromatic / modified aromatic
36069030	Ferrocerium and other pyrophoric alloys in all forms
38089410	Disinfectants, containing any aromatic or modified aromatic disinfectant
38089450	Disinfectants not subject to subheading note 1 of chapter 38, nesoi
38180000	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers etc., chemical compounds doped for electronic use
38249100	Mixtures consisting mainly of methylphosphonate etc.
38249929	Mixtures containing 5% or more by weight of one or more aromatic or modified aromatic substance, nesoi
38249949	Mixtures that are in whole or in part of hydrocarbons derived in whole or in part from petroleum, shale oil or natural gas
38249955	Mixtures of halogenated hydrocarbons, nesoi
38249993	Chemical products and preparations and residual products of the chemical or allied industries, nesoi
39019090	Polymers of ethylene, nesoi, in primary forms, other than elastomeric
39029000	Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, nesoi, in primary forms
39046100	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), in primary forms
39059110	Copolymers of vinyl esters or other vinyls, in primary forms, containing by weight 50% or more of derivatives of vinyl acetate
39059980	Polymers of vinyl esters or other vinyl polymers, in primary forms, nesoi
39069050	Acrylic polymers (except plastics or elastomers), in primary forms, nesoi
39071000	Polyacetals in primary forms
39072100	Bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate
39072900	Polyethers, other than polyacetals or bis(polyoxyethylene) methylphosphonate, in primary forms
39073000	Epoxide resins in primary forms
39076100	Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number of 78 ml/g or higher
39076900	Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number less than 78 ml/g
39077000	Poly(lactic acid)
39079950	Other polyesters nesoi, saturated, in primary forms
39081000	Polyamide-6, -11, -12, -6,6, -6,9, -6,10 or -6,12 in primary form
39100000	Silicones in primary forms

HTSUS	Description
39119025	Thermoplastic polysulfides, polysulfones & oth products spec in note 3, chap 39, cont aromatic monomer units or derived therefrom
39119091	Polysulfides, polysulfones & other products specified in note 3 to chapter 39, nesoi
39123100	Carboxymethylcellulose and its salts
39123900	Cellulose ethers, other than carboxymethylcellulose and its salts, in primary forms
39129000	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives nesoi, in primary forms
39139020	Polysaccharides and their derivatives, nesoi, in primary forms
39139050	Natural polymers and modified natural polymers, nesoi, in primary forms
39140060	Ion-exchangers based on polymers of headings 3901 to 3913, in primary forms, nesoi
40011000	Natural rubber latex, whether or not prevulcanized
40012100	Natural rubber smoked sheets
40012200	Technically specified natural rubber (TSNR), in primary forms
40012900	Natural rubber in primary forms other than latex, smoked sheets or technically specified natural rubber (TSNR)
40013000	Balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle and similar natural rubber gums, in primary forms
44011100	Coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or similar forms
44011200	Nonconiferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or similar forms
44012100	Coniferous wood in chips or particles
44012200	Nonconiferous wood in chips or particles
44013100	Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, pellets
44013200	Wood briquettes
44013942	Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, agglomerated, excluding wood pellets, wood briquettes and artificial fire logs
44014100	Sawdust, not agglomerated
44014900	Other wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated, other than sawdust
44021000	Wood charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated, of bamboo
44022000	Wood charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated, of shell or nut
44029001	Wood charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated, other than of bamboo or shell or nut
44031100	Coniferous wood in the rough whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, treated with preservatives
44031200	Nonconiferous wood in the rough whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, treated with preservatives
44032101	Pine wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44032201	Pine wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44032301	Fir and spruce wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives

HTSUS	Description
44032401	Fir and spruce wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44032501	Other coniferous wood, except pine, fir and spruce, in the rough/roughly squared, greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44032601	Other coniferous wood, except pine, fir and spruce, in the rough/roughly squared, less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44034200	Wood in the rough/roughly squared, of teak, not treated with paint/stain/creosote/other preserv
44034902	Wood in the rough/roughly squared, of tropical wood other than Teak or Meranti, not treated with paint/stain/creosote/other preserv
44039100	Oak wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with preservatives
44039301	Beech wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44039401	Beech wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44039501	Birch wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension greater than or equal to 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44039601	Birch wood in the rough/roughly squared, the smallest dimension less than 15 cm, not treated with preservatives
44039700	Poplar and aspen wood in the rough/roughly squared, not treated with preservatives
44039800	Eucalyptus wood in the rough/roughly squared, not treated with preservatives
44039901	Wood in the rough/roughly squared, not treated with preservatives, nesoi
44041000	Coniferous wood, roughly shaped into poles, pickets, stakes, sticks and other forms, to be finished into specific articles or products
44042000	Nonconiferous wood, roughly shaped into poles, pickets, stakes, sticks and other forms, to be finished into specific articles or products
44050000	Wood wool (excelsior); wood flour
44061100	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of coniferous wood, not impregnated
44061200	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of nonconiferous wood, not impregnated
44069100	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of coniferous wood, impregnated
44069200	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of nonconiferous wood, impregnated
44071100	Pine wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44071200	Fir and spruce wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44071300	Mixtures of spruce, pine and fir (S-P-F) wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44071400	Mixtures of hemlock and fir (hem-fir) wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44071900	Other coniferous wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44072100	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and other specified tropical woods, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44072200	Okoume, Obeche, Sapelli and other specified tropical woods, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick

HTSUS	Description
44072301	Teak, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44072500	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44072600	White Lauan, White Meranti, White Seraya, Yellow Meranta and Alan wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44072700	Sapelli wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44072800	Iroko wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44072902	Tropical wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079100	Oak wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079200	Beech wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079300	Maple wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079400	Cherry wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079500	Ash wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079600	Birch wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079700	Poplar and aspen wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44079902	Nonconiferous wood, nesoi, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, over 6 mm thick
44081001	Coniferous veneer sheets and sheets for plywood & coniferous wood sawn/sliced/peeled not over 6 mm thick
44083101	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti and Meranti Bakau veneer sheets and sheets for plywood and other wood sawn/sliced/peeled, n/o 6 mm thick
44083902	Other tropical wood veneer sheets and sheets for plywood, and wood sawn/sliced/peeled n/o 6 mm thick
44089001	Nontropical nonconiferous veneer sheets and sheets for plywood and other wood sawn/sliced/peeled, not over 6 mm thick
44091005	Coniferous wood continuously shaped along any of its ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces
44091010	Coniferous wood siding continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends
44091020	Coniferous wood flooring continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends
44091040	Standard wood moldings of pine ( <i>Pinus spp.</i> ) continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends
44091045	Standard coniferous wood moldings, other than of pine, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends
44091050	Coniferous wood moldings, other than standard type, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends
44091060	Coniferous wood dowel rods, plain, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends
44091065	Coniferous wood dowel rod, sanded/grooved/otherwise advanced in condition, continuously shaped along any of edges or faces but not its ends
44091090	Coniferous wood, other than siding, flooring, moldings or dowel rod, continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces but not on its ends

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
44092105	Nonconiferous wood (bamboo) continuously shaped along any of its ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any its edges or faces
44092190	Bamboo, other than continuously shaped along any of its ends
44092205	Nonconiferous tropical wood continuously shaped along any ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any edges or faces
44092210	Nonconiferous tropical wood siding, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092225	Nonconiferous tropical wood flooring, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092240	Nonconiferous tropical wood standard moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092250	Other nonconiferous tropical wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092260	Plain nonconiferous tropical wood dowel rods, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092265	Nonconif. tropical wood dowel rods, sanded/grooved/otherwise advanced in condition, whether or not continuous. along edges or faces but not ends
44092290	Other nonconiferous tropical wood, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092906	Other nonconiferous wood, continuously shaped along any ends, whether or not also continuously shaped along any edges or faces
44092911	Other nonconiferous wood siding, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092926	Other nonconiferous wood flooring, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092941	Other nonconiferous standard wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092951	Other nonconiferous wood moldings, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44092961	Plain other nonconif. wood dowel rods, whether or not continuously shaped along edges or faces but not ends
44092966	Other nonconif. wood dowel rods, sanded/grooved/otherwise advanced in condition, whether or not continuously shaped along edges or faces but not ends
44092991	Other nonconiferous wood, whether or not continuously shaped along its edges or faces but not its ends
44101100	Waferboard, including oriented strand board, of wood
44101200	Oriented strand board and waferboard, of wood, unworked or not further worked than sanded
44101900	Particle board and similar board of wood, other than waferboard
44109000	Particle board and similar board of ligneous materials other than wood
44111210	MDF , <= 5mm thick, not mechanically worked or surface covered
44111220	MDF, <= 5mm thick, for construction, laminated
44111230	MDF , <= 5mm thick, for construction, not laminated, nesoi

HTSUS	Description
44111260	Fiberboard of a density over 0.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup> but not over 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked surface covered (Except for oil treatment)
44111290	MDF, <= 5mm thick, not for construction, nesoi
44111310	MDF, >5mm but <= 9 mm thick, not mechanically worked or surface covered
44111320	MDF, >5mm but <= 9 mm thick,, for construction, laminated
44111330	MDF , >5mm but <= 9 mm thick, for construction, not laminated, nesoi
44111360	Fiberboard of a density over 0.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup> but not over 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked surface covered(except for oil treatment)
44111390	MDF, >5mm but <= 9 mm thick, not for construction, nesoi
44111410	Fiberboard of a thickness exceeding 9 mm, not mechanically worked or surface covered
44111420	Fiberboard of a thickness exceeding 9 mm, edgeworked continuously, laminated, for construction uses
44111430	Fiberboard of a thickness exceeding 9 mm , tongued, grooved or rabbeted continuously, for construction uses, nesoi
44111460	Fiberboard of a thickness exceeding 9 mm, not mechanically worked surface covered (except for oil treatment)
44111490	Fiberboard nesoi,of a thickness exceeding 9 mm
44119210	Fiberboard of a density exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked or surface covered
44119220	Fiberboard, of a density exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , mechanically worked, not surface covered (except for oil treatment)
44119230	Fiberboard, of a density exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , mechanically edged-worked, for construction uses
44119240	Fiberboard nesoi, density exceeding 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
44119310	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density >0.5 but <=0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked or surface covered
44119320	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density >0.5 but <=0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , edgeworked continuously, laminated, for construction uses
44119330	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density >0.5 but <=0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , tongued, grooved or rabbeted continuously, for construction, nesoi
44119360	Fiberboard of a density over 0.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup> but not over 0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked surface covered (Except for oil)
44119390	Fiberboard, not MDF, of a density >0.5 but <=0.8 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , nesoi
44119400	Fiberboard of a density exceeding 0.35 g/cm <sup>3</sup> but not exceeding 0.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup> , not mechanically worked or surface covered
44121005	Plywood, veneered panels and similar laminated wood, of bamboo
44121090	Veneered panels and similar laminated wood, of bamboo, other than plywood
44123106	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, birch face ply, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123126	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, Spanish cedar or walnut face ply, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123142	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, with mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent

HTSUS	Description
44123145	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick tropical wood outer ply not mahogany face ply not surface covered beyond clear/transparent of spec. thick, width, length
44123148	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, tropical wood outer ply, not mahogany face ply, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent, nesoi
44123152	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, tropical wood nesoi at least one outer ply, with face ply nesoi, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123161	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, with certain specified tropical wood outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent
44123192	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, tropical wood nesoi at least one outer ply, surface covered beyond clear or transparent
44123306	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, birch face ply, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123326	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, walnut face ply, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123332	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, outerply of specified nonconiferous wood excluding walnut and birch, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123357	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, outerply of specified nonconiferous wood including birch and walnut, surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123426	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, outerply of nonconiferous wood not in 4412.33, spanish cedar face ply, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123432	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, outerply of nonconiferous wood not in 4412.33, face ply nesoi, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123457	Plywood sheets n/o 6mm thick, outerply of nonconiferous wood not in 4412.33, face ply nesoi, surface covered beyond clear/transparent
44123910	Plywood of wood sheets, n/o 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, face ply of Parana pine, not or clear surface covered
44123930	Plywood of wood sheets, n/o 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, European red pine face ply, not or clear surface covered
44123940	Plywood of wood sheets, n/o 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, with face ply nesoi, not or clear surface covered
44123950	Plywood of wood sheets, n/o 6 mm thick each, with outer plies of coniferous wood, nesoi, surface covered, nesoi
44124100	Laminated veneered lumber with at least one outer ply of tropical wood
44124200	Laminated veneered lumber with at least one outer ply of nonconiferous wood
44124900	Laminated veneered lumber with both outer plies of coniferous wood
44125110	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one tropical outer ply, not surface-covered beyond clear/transparent, w/face ply of birch
44125131	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one tropical outer ply, not surface-covered beyond clear/transparent, not w/face ply of birch
44125141	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one tropical outer ply, surface covered other than clear or transparent
44125151	Blockboard etc: other than plywood nesoi, at least one tropical outer ply
44125210	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one nonconiferous outer ply, not surface-covered beyond clear/transparent, w/face ply of birch

HTSUS	Description
44125231	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one nonconiferous outer ply, not surface-covered beyond clear/transparent, not w/face ply of birch
44125241	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one nonconiferous outer ply, surface covered other than clear or transparent
44125251	Blockboard etc: other than plywood nesoi, at least one nonconiferous outer ply
44125980	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one conif. outer ply, not surface-covered beyond transparent, not w/face ply of Europe red pine or Parana pine
44125990	Blockboard etc: plywood nesoi, at least one coniferous outer ply, surface covered other than clear or transparent
44125995	Blockboard etc: other than plywood nesoi, at least one coniferous outer ply
44129106	Not blockboard: plywood/veneered panel/sim. w/at least one outer ply of tropical wood containing at least one layer of particle board
44129110	Not blockboard: plywood w/at least one outer play of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface-covered beyond clear/transparent, w/face ply birch
44129131	Not blockboard: plywood w/at least one outer play of tropical wood, no particle board, not surface-covered beyond transparent, not w/face ply of birch
44129141	Not blockboard: plywood w/at least one outer ply of tropical, surface covered other than clear or transparent
44129151	Not blockboard: veneered panels and similar laminated wood w/ at least one tropical outer ply, nesoi
44129207	Not blockboard: plywood/veneered panel/sim. w/at least one nonconiferous outer ply, at least one layer of particle board
44129211	Not blockboard: plywood w/at least one outer ply of nonconif wood, no particle board, not surface-covered beyond clear/transparent, w/face ply birch
44129231	Not blockboard: plywood w/at least one outer play of nonconif wood, no particle board, not surface-covered beyond transparent, not w/face ply of birch
44129242	Not blockboard: plywood w/at least one outer ply of nonconiferous, surface covered other than clear or transparent
44129252	Not blockboard: veneered panels and similar laminated wood, not plywood, w/ at least one nonconiferous outer ply, nesoi
44129958	Not blockboard: plywood/veneered panel/sim. w/both outer plies of coniferous, containing at least one layer of particle board
44129961	Not blockboard: plywood w/both outer plies of conif, no particle board, not surf.-cov. beyond clear/transp., face ply Parana pine
44129971	Not blockboard: plywood w/ both outer plies of conif, no particle board, not surf.-cov. beyond clear/transp., face ply Europe red pine
44129981	Not blockboard: plywood w/ both outer plies of conif, no particle board, not surf-cov. beyond clear/transparent, face ply nesoi
44129991	Not blockboard: plywood w/ both outer plies of conif, no particle board, surface covered other than clear or transparent
44129997	Not blockboard: veneered panels and similar laminated wood w/ both outer plies of conif, nesoi
44130000	Densified wood, in blocks, plates, strips or profile shapes
48202000	Exercise books of paper or paperboard

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
49011000	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter in single sheets, whether or not folded
49019100	Printed dictionaries and encyclopedias and serial installments thereof
49019900	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter, other than in single sheets
49021000	Newspapers, journals and periodicals, appearing at least four times a week
49029010	Newspaper supplements printed by a gravure process
49029020	Newspaper, journals and periodicals, except those appearing at least four times a week
49030000	Children's picture, drawing or coloring books
49040000	Music, printed or in manuscript, whether or not bound or illustrated
49052000	Maps and hydrographic or similar charts of all kinds, including atlases and topographical plans, printed in book form
49059020	Globes, printed
49059060	Other printed maps and hydrographic or similar charts, not globes and not in book form, nesoi
49060000	Hand-drawn original plans and drawings; hand-written texts; photo reproductions on sensitized paper and carbon copies of the foregoing
49111000	Printed trade advertising material, commercial catalogs and the like
49119960	Printed matter, nesoi, printed on paper in whole or in part by a lithographic process
49119980	Printed matter, nesoi
71069110	Silver bullion and dore
71081210	Gold, nonmonetary, bullion and dore
71101100	Platinum, unwrought or in powder form
71101900	Platinum, in semimanufactured forms
71102100	Palladium, unwrought or in powder form
71102900	Palladium, in semimanufactured forms
71103100	Rhodium, unwrought or in powder form
71103900	Rhodium, in semimanufactured forms
71104100	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, unwrought or in powder form
71104900	Iridium, osmium and ruthenium, in semimanufactured forms
71129201	Platinum waste and scrap, incl. metal clad w/ platinum, excluding sweepings containing other precious metals, other than goods of e-waste heading 8549
71189000	Coins, nesoi
72021110	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 2 percent but not more than 4 percent of carbon
72021150	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 4 percent of carbon
72021910	Ferromanganese containing by weight not more than 1 percent of carbon
72021950	Ferromanganese containing by weight more than 1 percent but not more than 2 percent of carbon
72023000	Ferrosilicon manganese
72024100	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 4 percent of carbon

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
72024910	Ferrochromium containing by weight more than 3 percent but not more than 4 percent of carbon
72024950	Ferrochromium containing by weight 3 percent or less of carbon
72025000	Ferrosilicon chromium
72028000	Ferrotungsten and ferrosilicon tungsten
72029100	Ferrotitanium and ferrosilicon titanium
72029340	Ferroniobium containing by weight less than 0.02 percent of phosphorus or sulfur or less than 0.4 percent of silicon
72029380	Ferroniobium, nesoi
72042100	Stainless steel waste and scrap
74010000	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper)
74020000	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining
74031100	Refined copper cathodes and sections of cathodes
74031200	Refined copper, wire bars
74031300	Refined copper, billets
74031900	Refined copper, unwrought articles nesoi
74032100	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), unwrought nesoi
74032200	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), unwrought nesoi
74032901	Copper alloys (o/than copper-zinc, copper-tin alloys), unwrought nesoi
74040030	Copper spent anodes; copper waste & scrap containing less than 94% by weight of copper
74040060	Copper, waste and scrap containing 94% or more by weight of copper
74050010	Copper master alloys, containing 5% or more but n/more than 15% by weight of phosphorus
74050060	Copper master alloys, not containing 5% or more but n/more than 15% by weight of phosphorus
74061000	Copper, powders of non-lamellar structure
74062000	Copper, powders of lamellar structure; copper flakes
74071015	Refined copper, hollow profiles
74071030	Refined copper, profiles (o/than hollow profiles)
74071050	Refined copper, bars and rods
74072115	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), hollow profiles
74072130	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), profiles (o/than hollow profiles)
74072150	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), low fuming brazing rods
74072170	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), bars & rods nesoi, having a rectangular cross section
74072190	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), bars & rods nesoi, not having a rectangular cross section
74072916	Copper alloys , hollow profiles
74072934	Copper-nickel base alloys (cupro-nickel) or copper-nickel-zinc base alloys (nickel silver), profiles (o/than hollow profiles)
74072938	Copper alloys (o/than cupro-nickel or nickel silver), profiles (o/than hollow profiles)

HTSUS	Description
74072940	Copper-nickel base alloys (cupro-nickel) or copper-nickel-zinc base alloys (nickel silver), bars & rods
74072950	Copper alloys (o/than brass, cupro-nickel or nickel silver), bars and rods
74081130	Refined copper, wire, w/maximum cross-sectional dimension over 9.5 mm
74081160	Refined copper, wire, w/maximum cross-sectional dimension over 6 mm but not over 9.5 mm
74081900	Refined copper, wire, w/maximum cross-sectional dimension of 6 mm or less
74082100	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), wire
74082210	Copper-nickel base alloys (cupro-nickel) or copper-nickel-zinc base alloys (nickel silver), wire, coated or plated with metal
74082250	Copper-nickel base alloys (cupro-nickel) or copper-nickel-zinc base alloys (nickel silver), wire, not coated or plated w/metal
74082910	Copper alloys (o/than brass, cupro-nickel or nickel-silver), wire, coated or plated with metal
74082950	Copper alloys (o/than brass, cupro-nickel or nickel-silver), wire, not coated or plated with metal
74091110	Refined copper, plates, sheets and strip, in coils, with a thickness of 5 mm or more
74091150	Refined copper, plates, sheets and strip, in coils, with a thickness over 0.15mm but less than 5 mm
74091910	Refined copper, plates, sheets and strip, not in coils, with a thickness of 5 mm or more
74091950	Refined copper, plates, sheets and strip, not in coils, with a thickness o/0.15mm but less than 5 mm & a width of 500 mm or more
74091990	Refined copper, plates, sheets and strip, not in coils, with a thickness o/0.15mm but less than 5 mm & a width of less than 500 mm
74092100	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), plates, sheets and strip, in coils
74092900	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), plates, sheets and strip, not in coils
74093110	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), plates, sheets and strip, in coils. with a thickness of 5 mm or more
74093150	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), plates, sheets and strip, in coils, with a thickness o/0.15mm but less than 5mm & a width of 500mm or more
74093190	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), plates, sheets and strip, in coils, w/thickness o/0.15mm but less than 5mm & a width of less than 500mm
74093910	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), plates, sheets and strip, with a thickness of 5 mm or more
74093950	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), plates, sheets and strip, with a thickness o/0.15 but less than 5 mm & of a width of 500 mm or more
74093990	Copper-tin base alloys (bronze), plates, sheets and strip, with a thickness o/0.15 but less than 5 mm & of a width of less than 500 mm
74094000	Copper-nickel base alloys (cupro-nickel) or copper-nickel-zinc base alloys (nickel silver), plates, sheets and strip, w/thickness o/0.15mm
74099010	Copper alloys (o/than brass/bronze/cupro-nickel/nickel silver), plates, sheets & strip, with thickness of 5 mm or more

HTSUS	Description
74099050	Copper alloys (o/than brass/bronze/cupro-nickel/nickel silver), plates, sheets & strip, w/thick. o/0.15mm but less th/5mm & width 500mm+
74099090	Copper alloys (o/than brass/bronze/cupro-nickel/nickel silver), plates, sheets & strip, w/thick. o/0.15mm but less th/5mm & width less 500mm
74101100	Refined copper, foil, w/thickness of 0.15 mm or less, not backed
74101200	Copper alloys, foil, w/thickness of 0.15 mm or less, not backed
74102130	Refined copper, clad laminates, w/thickness of 0.15 mm or less, backed
74102160	Refined copper, foil, w/thickness of 0.15 mm or less, backed
74102200	Copper alloys, foil, w/thickness of 0.15 mm or less, backed
74111010	Refined copper, tubes and pipes, seamless
74111050	Refined copper, tubes and pipes, other than seamless
74112110	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), tubes and pipes, seamless
74112150	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), tubes and pipes, other than seamless
74112200	Copper-nickel base alloys (cupro-nickel) or copper-nickel-zinc base alloys (nickel-silver), tubes and pipes
74112910	Copper alloys (o/than brass/cupro-nickel/nickel-silver), pipes and tubes, seamless
74112950	Copper alloys (o/than brass/cupro-nickel/nickel-silver), pipes and tubes, other than seamless
74121000	Refined copper, fittings for tubes and pipes
74122000	Copper alloys, fittings for tubes and pipes
74130010	Copper, stranded wire, not electrically insulated, not fitted with fittings and not made up into articles
74130050	Copper, cables, plaited bands and the like, not fitted with fittings and not made up into articles
74130090	Copper, stranded wire, cables, plaited bands and the like, not electrically insulated, fitted with fittings or made up into articles
74151000	Copper or iron/steel w/heads of copper, nails and tacks, drawing pins, staples and similar articles
74152100	Copper, washers (including spring washers)
74152900	Copper, rivets, cotters, cotter pins and similar non-threaded articles (o/than washers)
74153305	Copper screws for wood
74153310	Muntz or yellow metal copper bolts
74153380	Screws (other than wood screws), bolts (other than Muntz or yellow metal) and nuts, of copper, threaded, nesoi
74153900	Copper, screw hooks and other threaded articles, nesoi
74181000	Copper & copper alloy table, kitchen, household articles & parts; pot scourers, scouring & polishing pads, gloves, etc
74182010	Copper-zinc base alloys (brass), sanitary ware and parts thereof
74182050	Copper (o/than brass), sanitary ware and parts thereof
74192000	Copper, articles nesoi, cast, molded, stamped, or forged but not further worked
74198003	Copper, Fourdrinier wires, for use in papermaking machines, w/94 or more wires to the lineal cm

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
74198006	Copper cloth, other than Fourdrinier wires, nesoi
74198009	Copper, wire grill and netting; expanded metal of copper
74198015	Copper, containers a kind normally carried on the person, in the pocket or in the handbag
74198016	Copper, springs
74198017	Copper, chain and parts thereof
74198030	Copper, articles nesoi, coated or plated with precious metal
74198050	Copper, articles nesoi, not coated or plated with precious metal
75089050	Nickel, articles of nesoi
79011100	Zinc (o/than alloy), unwrought, containing o/99.99% by weight of zinc
79011210	Zinc (o/than alloy), unwrought, casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5% but less than 99.99% by weight of zinc
79011250	Zinc (o/than alloy), unwrought, o/than casting-grade zinc, containing at least 97.5% but less than 99.99% by wt. of zinc
79012000	Zinc alloy, unwrought
79020000	Zinc, waste and scrap
79070060	Zinc, articles (o/than for household, table or kitchen use), nesoi
80011000	Tin (o/than alloy), unwrought
80012000	Tin alloy, unwrought
80020000	Tin, waste and scrap
80070050	Tin, articles nesoi
81011000	Tungsten, powders
81019700	Tungsten waste and scrap
81032000	Tantalum, unwrought (including bars and rods obtained simply by sintering); tantalum powders
81033000	Tantalum waste and scrap
81039100	Tantalum, crucibles
81039900	Tantalum, articles other than crucibles, nesoi
81041100	Magnesium, unwrought, containing at least 99.8 percent by weight of magnesium
81041900	Magnesium, unwrought, nesoi
81042000	Magnesium, waste and scrap
81043000	Magnesium, raspings, turnings and granules graded according to size; magnesium powders
81049000	Magnesium, articles nesoi
81052030	Cobalt alloys, unwrought
81052060	Cobalt (other than alloys), unwrought
81052090	Cobalt, mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy; cobalt powders
81053000	Cobalt waste and scrap
81059000	Cobalt, articles thereof nesoi

<b>HTSUS</b>	<b>Description</b>
81061000	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing more than 99.99 percent of bismuth by weight
81069000	Bismuth (including waste and scrap) and articles thereof, containing 99.99 percent of bismuth or less, nesoi
81082000	Titanium, unwrought; titanium powders
81083000	Titanium waste and scrap
81089030	Titanium, articles nesoi
81089060	Titanium, wrought nesoi
81101000	Antimony, unwrought; antimony powders
81102000	Antimony waste and scrap
81109000	Articles of antimony, nesoi
81110047	Unwrought manganese flake containing at least 99.5 percent by weight manganese
81110049	Unwrought manganese, nesoi
81122100	Chromium, unwrought; chromium powders
81122200	Chromium waste and scrap
81122900	Articles of chromium, nesoi
81124110	Rhenium, waste and scrap
81124150	Rhenium, unwrought; rhenium powders
81124900	Rhenium, articles, nesoi
81125900	Articles of thallium, nesoi
81129210	Gallium, unwrought; gallium powders
81129230	Indium, unwrought; indium powders
81129240	Niobium (columbium), unwrought; niobium powders
81129260	Germanium, unwrought
81129265	Germanium powder, wrought
81129910	Germanium nesoi and articles thereof
81129991	Articles of gallium, indium, or niobium, nesoi
85411000	Diodes, other than photosensitive or light-emitting diodes
85412100	Transistors, other than photosensitive transistors, with a dissipation rating of less than 1 W
85412900	Transistors, other than photosensitive transistors, with a dissipation rating of 1 W or more
85413000	Thyristors, diacs and triacs, other than photosensitive devices
85414910	Other photosensitive semiconductor diodes, other than light-emitting
85414970	Other photosensitive semiconductor transistors
85414980	Optical coupled isolators
85414995	Other photosensitive semiconductor devices, other than diodes or transistors, nesoi
85415100	Other semiconductor-based transducers, other than photosensitive transducers
85415900	Other semiconductor devices, other than semiconductor-based transducers, other than photosensitive devices, nesoi

HTSUS	Description
85419000	Parts of diodes, transistors, similar semiconductor devices, photosensitive semiconductor devices, LED's and mounted piezoelectric crystals
85423100	Electronic integrated circuits: processors and controllers
85423200	Electronic integrated circuits: memories
85423300	Electronic intergrated circuits: amplifiers
85423900	Electronic integrated circuits: other
85429000	Parts of electronic integrated circuits and microassemblies

**ANNEX III**

1. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 5, 2025, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified by inserting the following new headings in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, “Rates of Duty 1-General”, “Rates of Duty 1-Special” and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

Heading/ Subheading	Article Description	Rates of Duty		
		1		2
		General	Special	
“9903.01.25	Except for products described in headings 9903.01.26-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of any country, except for articles the product of a country enumerated in subdivision (v)(xiii) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, and that were not in transit on the final mode of transit prior to 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 10%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.26	Articles the product of Canada, as provided for in subdivision (v)(iv) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.27	Articles the product of Mexico, as provided for in subdivision (v)(v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.28	Articles the product of any country that (1) were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit prior to entry into the United States, before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 5, 2025; and (2) are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	warehouse for consumption after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 5, 2025 . . . . .			
9903.01.29	Articles the product of any country identified in general note 3(b)			The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.30	Articles that are donations, by persons subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, such as food, clothing, and medicine, intended to be used to relieve human suffering, as provided for in subdivision (v)(ii) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.31	Articles that are informational materials, including but not limited to, publications, films, posters, phonograph records, photographs, microfilms, microfiche, tapes, compact disks, CD ROMs, artworks, and news wire feeds . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.32	Articles the product of any country, classified in the subheadings enumerated in subdivision (v)(iii) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.33	Articles of iron or steel, derivative articles of iron or steel, articles of aluminum, derivative articles of aluminum, passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and light trucks and parts of passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and light trucks, of any country, as provided in subdivision (v)(vi) through (v)(xi) of note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.34	The U.S. content of articles the product of any country, in which the U.S. content of the article provides at least 20 percent of the Customs value of the imported article, as provided	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading”

	for in subdivision (v)(xii) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .			
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2. Effective with respect to goods of countries enumerated in subdivision (v)(xiii) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified by inserting the following new headings in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, “Rates of Duty 1-General”, “Rates of Duty 1-Special” and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

Heading/ Subheading	Article Description	Rates of Duty		
		1		2
		General	Special	
“9903.01.43	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Cameroon or the Democratic Republic of the Congo, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 11%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 11%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.44	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Chad or Equatorial Guinea, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 13%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 13%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.45	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Nigeria, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 14%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 14%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.46	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Norway or Venezuela, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 15%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.47	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Mozambique, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 16%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 16%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.48	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Israel, Malawi, Philippines, or Zambia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 17%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 17%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.49	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Nicaragua or Zimbabwe, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 18%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 18%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.50	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of the European Union or Jordan as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 20%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.51	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Côte d'Ivoire or Namibia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 21%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 21%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.52	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Vanuatu, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 22%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 22%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.53	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Brunei, Japan, or Malaysia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 24%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 24%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.54	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of South Korea, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 25%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.55	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of India, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 26%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 26%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.56	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Kazakhstan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 27%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 27%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.57	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Tunisia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 28%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 28%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.58	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Pakistan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 29%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 29%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.59	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Algeria, Nauru, or South Africa, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 30%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.60	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Libya, Moldova, or Switzerland, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 31%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 31%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.61	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Angola, Fiji, Indonesia, or Taiwan, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 32%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 32%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.62	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of North Macedonia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 33%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 33%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.63	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of China, including Hong Kong and Macau, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 34%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 34%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.64	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 35%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 35%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.65	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Thailand, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 36%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 36%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.66	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Bangladesh, Botswana, Liechtenstein, or Serbia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 37%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 37%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.67	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Guyana, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 38%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 38%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.68	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Iraq, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 39%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 39%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.69	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Mauritius, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 40%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.70	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Falkland Islands or Syria, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 41%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 41%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.71	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Myanmar (Burma) or Sri Lanka, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 44%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 44%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.72	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Vietnam, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 46%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 46%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.73	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Madagascar, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 47%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 47%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.74	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Laos, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 48%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 48%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.75	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Cambodia, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 49%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 49%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.76	Except for goods loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading and in transit on the final mode of transit before 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, and except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, articles the product of Lesotho, as provided for in subdivision (v) of U.S. note 2 to this subchapter. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 50%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 50%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

3. (a) In the event of the termination of actions pursuant to Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14197 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Northern Border), and Executive Order 14231 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on the date after such termination, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified by inserting the following new headings in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, “Rates of Duty 1-General”, “Rates of Duty 1-Special” and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

Heading/ Subheading	Article Description	Rates of Duty		
		1		2
		General	Special	
“9903.01.35	Except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, and except as provided in headings 9903.01.37 and 9903.01.38, articles the product of Canada that are not eligible for duty-free treatment under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement, pursuant to the terms of general note 11 to the HTSUS. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 12%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.36	Articles the product of Canada that are entered free of duty under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement, pursuant to the terms of general note 11 to the HTSUS . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.37	Except for articles described in heading 9903.01.32, which include potash, energy products of Canada, including crude oil, natural gas, lease condensates, natural gas liquids, refined petroleum products, uranium, coal, biofuels, geothermal heat, the kinetic movement of flowing water, and critical minerals, as defined by 30 U.S.C. 1606(a)(3). . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

9903.01.38	Except for products described in heading 9903.01.32, articles the products of Canada eligible for duty-free treatment under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement that are parts or components that will be substantially finished in the United States . . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading”
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(b) Therefore, with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on the date after such termination, heading 9903.01.26 is ineffective.

4. (a) In the event of the termination of actions pursuant to Executive Order 14194 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14198 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Southern Border) and Executive Order 14227 of March 2, 2025 (Amendment to Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on the date after such termination, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) is modified by inserting the following new headings in numerical sequence, with the material in the new heading inserted in the columns of the HTSUS labeled “Heading/Subheading”, “Article Description”, “Rates of Duty 1-General”, “Rates of Duty 1-Special” and “Rates of Duty 2”, respectively:

Heading/ Subheading	Article Description	Rates of Duty		
		1		2
		General	Special	
“9903.01.39	Except for products described in headings 9903.01.28-9903.01.33, except as provided for in heading 9903.01.34, and except as provided in headings 9903.01.41 and 9903.01.42, articles the product of Mexico that are not eligible for duty-free treatment under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement, pursuant to the terms of general note 11 to the HTSUS. . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading + 12%	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading

	9903.01.40	Articles the product of Mexico that are entered free of duty under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement, pursuant to the terms of general note 11 to the HTSUS . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading
9903.01.41	Except for articles described in heading 9903.01.32, which include potash, energy products of Mexico, including crude oil, natural gas, lease condensates, natural gas liquids, refined petroleum products, uranium, coal, biofuels, geothermal heat, the kinetic movement of flowing water, and critical minerals, as defined by 30 U.S.C. 1606(a)(3). . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	
9903.01.42	Except for products described in heading 9903.01.32, articles the products of Mexico eligible for duty-free treatment under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement that are parts or components that will be substantially finished in the United States . . . .	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	The duty provided in the applicable subheading	"The duty provided in the applicable subheading"

(b) Therefore, with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on the date after such termination, heading 9903.01.27 is ineffective.

5. Effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 5, 2025, subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS is modified by inserting the following new subdivision (v) to U.S. note 2 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS in numerical sequence:

"(v) (i) Except as provided in headings 9903.01.26-9903.01.33, in heading 9903.01.34, and in subdivisions (v)(ii) through (v)(xii) of this note, and other than products for personal use included in accompanied baggage of persons arriving in the United States, headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 impose additional *ad valorem* rates of duty on imports of all products. Notwithstanding U.S. note 1 to this subchapter, all products that are subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed by these headings shall also be subject to the general rates of duty imposed under subheadings in chapters 1 to 97 of the tariff schedule. Except as provided in subdivisions (v)(ii) through (v)(xii) of this note, all products that are subject to the additional *ad valorem* rates of duty imposed by these headings shall also be subject to any additional duty provided for in this subchapter or subchapter IV of chapter 99. Products

that are eligible for special tariff treatment under general note 3(c)(i) to the tariff schedule, or that are eligible for temporary duty exemptions or reductions under subchapter II to chapter 99, shall be subject to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed by these headings.

The additional duties imposed by these headings shall not apply to goods for which entry is properly claimed under a provision of chapter 98 of the tariff schedule pursuant to applicable regulations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”), and whenever CBP agrees that entry under such a provision is appropriate, except for goods entered under heading 9802.00.80; and subheadings 9802.00.40, 9802.00.50, and 9802.00.60. For subheadings 9802.00.40, 9802.00.50, and 9802.00.60, the additional duties apply to the value of repairs, alterations, or processing performed, as described in the applicable subheading. For heading 9802.00.80, the additional duties apply to the value of the article assembled abroad, less the cost or value of such products of the United States, as described.

Products that are provided for in headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall continue to be subject to antidumping, countervailing, or other duties, taxes, fees, exactions and charges that apply to such products, as well as to the additional *ad valorem* rate of duty imposed by these headings.

(ii) Heading 9903.01.30 covers only products that are donations, by persons subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, of articles, such as food, clothing, and medicine, intended to be used to relieve human suffering, except to the extent that the President determines that such donations (A) would seriously impair his ability to deal with any national emergency declared under section 1701 of title 19 of the U.S. Code, (B) are in response to coercion against the proposed recipient or donor, or (C) would endanger Armed Forces of the United States which are engaged in hostilities or are in a situation where imminent involvement in hostilities is clearly indicated by the circumstances.

(iii) As provided in heading 9903.01.32, the additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to products classified in the following subheadings of the HTSUS:

0508.00.00	2841.80.00	2926.90.48	2937.23.10	4403.96.01	7202.19.10
2504.10.50	2841.90.20	2927.00.40	2937.23.25	4403.97.00	7202.19.50
2504.90.00	2841.90.40	2927.00.50	2937.23.50	4403.98.00	7202.30.00
2510.10.00	2843.29.01	2928.00.25	2937.29.10	4403.99.01	7202.41.00
2510.20.00	2843.30.00	2928.00.30	2937.29.90	4404.10.00	7202.49.10
2511.10.10	2843.90.00	2928.00.50	2937.50.00	4404.20.00	7202.49.50
2511.10.50	2844.10.10	2929.90.20	2937.90.05	4405.00.00	7202.50.00
2519.10.00	2844.10.20	2929.90.50	2937.90.10	4406.11.00	7202.80.00
2519.90.10	2844.20.00	2930.20.20	2937.90.20	4406.12.00	7202.91.00
2519.90.20	2844.30.20	2930.20.90	2937.90.40	4406.91.00	7202.93.40
2524.90.00	2844.30.50	2930.30.60	2937.90.45	4406.92.00	7202.93.80
2529.21.00	2844.43.00	2930.90.29	2937.90.90	4407.11.00	7204.21.00
2529.22.00	2845.90.01	2930.90.49	2938.10.00	4407.12.00	7401.00.00

2530.20.10	2846.10.00	2930.90.92	2938.90.00	4407.13.00	7402.00.00
2530.20.20	2846.90.20	2931.49.00	2939.11.00	4407.14.00	7403.11.00
2530.90.10	2846.90.40	2931.53.00	2939.19.10	4407.19.00	7403.12.00
2530.90.20	2846.90.80	2931.90.22	2939.19.20	4407.21.00	7403.13.00
2530.90.80	2849.20.10	2931.90.90	2939.19.50	4407.22.00	7403.19.00
2602.00.00	2849.20.20	2932.14.00	2939.20.00	4407.23.01	7403.21.00
2603.00.00	2849.90.30	2932.19.51	2939.30.00	4407.25.00	7403.22.00
2605.00.00	2853.90.10	2932.20.20	2939.41.00	4407.26.00	7403.29.01
2606.00.00	2853.90.90	2932.20.30	2939.42.00	4407.27.00	7404.00.30
2608.00.00	2903.45.10	2932.20.50	2939.44.00	4407.28.00	7404.00.60
2610.00.00	2903.59.90	2932.99.61	2939.45.00	4407.29.02	7405.00.10
2611.00.30	2903.69.90	2932.99.70	2939.49.03	4407.91.00	7405.00.60
2611.00.60	2903.78.00	2932.99.90	2939.59.00	4407.92.00	7406.10.00
2612.10.00	2903.79.90	2933.11.00	2939.62.00	4407.93.00	7406.20.00
2614.00.30	2903.89.15	2933.19.35	2939.63.00	4407.94.00	7407.10.15
2614.00.60	2903.89.20	2933.19.45	2939.69.00	4407.95.00	7407.10.30
2615.90.30	2903.89.70	2933.19.90	2939.72.00	4407.96.00	7407.10.50
2615.90.60	2903.92.00	2933.21.00	2939.79.00	4407.97.00	7407.21.15
2616.10.00	2904.99.40	2933.29.20	2939.80.00	4407.99.02	7407.21.30
2617.10.00	2905.29.90	2933.29.35	2940.00.60	4408.10.01	7407.21.50
2620.30.00	2905.39.90	2933.29.43	2941.10.10	4408.31.01	7407.21.70
2620.99.50	2905.59.10	2933.29.45	2941.10.20	4408.39.02	7407.21.90
2701.11.00	2905.59.90	2933.29.90	2941.10.30	4408.90.01	7407.29.16
2701.12.00	2906.19.50	2933.33.01	2941.10.50	4409.10.05	7407.29.34
2701.19.00	2906.29.60	2933.34.00	2941.20.10	4409.10.10	7407.29.38
2701.20.00	2907.29.90	2933.35.00	2941.20.50	4409.10.20	7407.29.40
2702.10.00	2908.19.60	2933.37.00	2941.30.00	4409.10.40	7407.29.50
2702.20.00	2909.19.18	2933.39.08	2941.40.00	4409.10.45	7408.11.30
2703.00.00	2909.20.00	2933.39.10	2941.50.00	4409.10.50	7408.11.60
2704.00.00	2909.30.60	2933.39.20	2941.90.10	4409.10.60	7408.19.00
2705.00.00	2909.49.10	2933.39.21	2941.90.30	4409.10.65	7408.21.00
2706.00.00	2909.49.15	2933.39.23	2941.90.50	4409.10.90	7408.22.10
2707.10.00	2909.49.20	2933.39.25	2942.00.05	4409.21.05	7408.22.50
2707.20.00	2909.49.60	2933.39.27	2942.00.35	4409.21.90	7408.29.10
2707.30.00	2909.50.40	2933.39.31	2942.00.50	4409.22.05	7408.29.50
2707.40.00	2909.50.45	2933.39.41	3001.20.00	4409.22.10	7409.11.10
2707.50.00	2909.50.50	2933.39.61	3001.90.01	4409.22.25	7409.11.50
2707.91.00	2912.19.50	2933.39.92	3002.12.00	4409.22.40	7409.19.10
2707.99.10	2912.49.26	2933.41.00	3002.13.00	4409.22.50	7409.19.50
2707.99.20	2914.19.00	2933.49.08	3002.14.00	4409.22.60	7409.19.90
2707.99.40	2914.40.90	2933.49.10	3002.15.00	4409.22.65	7409.21.00
2707.99.51	2914.50.30	2933.49.15	3002.41.00	4409.22.90	7409.29.00
2707.99.55	2914.50.50	2933.49.17	3002.42.00	4409.29.06	7409.31.10

2707.99.59	2914.62.00	2933.49.20	3002.49.00	4409.29.11	7409.31.50
2707.99.90	2914.69.21	2933.49.26	3002.51.00	4409.29.26	7409.31.90
2708.10.00	2914.69.90	2933.49.30	3002.59.00	4409.29.41	7409.39.10
2708.20.00	2914.79.40	2933.49.60	3002.90.10	4409.29.51	7409.39.50
2709.00.10	2915.29.30	2933.49.70	3002.90.52	4409.29.61	7409.39.90
2709.00.20	2915.39.31	2933.52.10	3003.10.00	4409.29.66	7409.40.00
2710.12.15	2915.39.35	2933.52.90	3003.20.00	4409.29.91	7409.90.10
2710.12.18	2915.39.47	2933.53.00	3003.39.10	4410.11.00	7409.90.50
2710.12.25	2915.39.90	2933.54.00	3003.39.50	4410.12.00	7409.90.90
2710.12.45	2915.90.10	2933.59.10	3003.41.00	4410.19.00	7410.11.00
2710.12.90	2915.90.14	2933.59.15	3003.42.00	4410.90.00	7410.12.00
2710.19.06	2915.90.18	2933.59.18	3003.49.00	4411.12.10	7410.21.30
2710.19.11	2915.90.20	2933.59.21	3003.90.01	4411.12.20	7410.21.60
2710.19.16	2915.90.50	2933.59.22	3004.10.10	4411.12.30	7410.22.00
2710.19.24	2916.19.30	2933.59.36	3004.10.50	4411.12.60	7411.10.10
2710.19.25	2916.19.50	2933.59.46	3004.20.00	4411.12.90	7411.10.50
2710.19.26	2916.20.50	2933.59.53	3004.31.00	4411.13.10	7411.21.10
2710.19.30	2916.31.50	2933.59.59	3004.32.00	4411.13.20	7411.21.50
2710.19.35	2916.39.46	2933.59.70	3004.39.00	4411.13.30	7411.22.00
2710.19.40	2916.39.79	2933.59.80	3004.41.00	4411.13.60	7411.29.10
2710.19.45	2917.13.00	2933.59.85	3004.42.00	4411.13.90	7411.29.50
2710.19.90	2917.19.10	2933.59.95	3004.49.00	4411.14.10	7412.10.00
2710.20.05	2917.19.70	2933.69.60	3004.50.10	4411.14.20	7412.20.00
2710.20.10	2917.34.01	2933.72.00	3004.50.20	4411.14.30	7413.00.10
2710.20.15	2917.39.30	2933.79.08	3004.50.30	4411.14.60	7413.00.50
2710.20.25	2918.11.51	2933.79.15	3004.50.40	4411.14.90	7413.00.90
2710.91.00	2918.13.50	2933.79.85	3004.50.50	4411.92.10	7415.10.00
2710.99.05	2918.16.50	2933.91.00	3004.60.00	4411.92.20	7415.21.00
2710.99.10	2918.19.60	2933.99.01	3004.90.10	4411.92.30	7415.29.00
2710.99.16	2918.19.90	2933.99.02	3004.90.92	4411.92.40	7415.33.05
2710.99.21	2918.22.10	2933.99.05	3006.30.10	4411.93.10	7415.33.10
2710.99.31	2918.22.50	2933.99.06	3006.30.50	4411.93.20	7415.33.80
2710.99.32	2918.23.30	2933.99.08	3006.60.00	4411.93.30	7415.39.00
2710.99.39	2918.23.50	2933.99.11	3006.70.00	4411.93.60	7418.10.00
2710.99.45	2918.29.20	2933.99.12	3006.93.10	4411.93.90	7418.20.10
2710.99.90	2918.29.65	2933.99.16	3006.93.20	4411.94.00	7418.20.50
2711.11.00	2918.29.75	2933.99.17	3006.93.50	4412.10.05	7419.20.00
2711.12.00	2918.30.25	2933.99.22	3006.93.60	4412.10.90	7419.80.03
2711.13.00	2918.30.30	2933.99.24	3006.93.80	4412.31.06	7419.80.06
2711.14.00	2918.30.90	2933.99.26	3104.20.00	4412.31.26	7419.80.09
2711.19.00	2918.99.30	2933.99.42	3104.30.00	4412.31.42	7419.80.15
2711.21.00	2918.99.43	2933.99.46	3104.90.01	4412.31.45	7419.80.16
2711.29.00	2918.99.47	2933.99.51	3105.10.00	4412.31.48	7419.80.17

2712.10.00	2918.99.50	2933.99.53	3105.20.00	4412.31.52	7419.80.30
2712.20.00	2919.90.30	2933.99.55	3105.60.00	4412.31.61	7419.80.50
2712.90.10	2919.90.50	2933.99.58	3203.00.80	4412.31.92	7508.90.50
2712.90.20	2920.90.51	2933.99.61	3204.13.80	4412.33.06	7901.11.00
2713.11.00	2921.19.11	2933.99.65	3204.17.20	4412.33.26	7901.12.10
2713.12.00	2921.19.61	2933.99.70	3204.18.00	4412.33.32	7901.12.50
2713.20.00	2921.29.00	2933.99.75	3206.11.00	4412.33.57	7901.20.00
2713.90.00	2921.30.10	2933.99.79	3206.19.00	4412.34.26	7902.00.00
2714.10.00	2921.30.50	2933.99.82	3402.42.10	4412.34.32	7907.00.60
2714.90.00	2921.42.90	2933.99.85	3402.42.20	4412.34.57	8001.10.00
2715.00.00	2921.46.00	2933.99.89	3402.42.90	4412.39.10	8001.20.00
2716.00.00	2921.49.38	2933.99.90	3606.90.30	4412.39.30	8002.00.00
2801.20.00	2921.49.43	2933.99.97	3808.94.10	4412.39.40	8007.00.50
2804.29.00	2921.49.45	2934.10.10	3808.94.50	4412.39.50	8101.10.00
2804.50.00	2921.49.50	2934.10.20	3818.00.00	4412.41.00	8101.97.00
2804.61.00	2921.59.80	2934.10.90	3824.91.00	4412.42.00	8103.20.00
2804.80.00	2922.11.00	2934.20.40	3824.99.29	4412.49.00	8103.30.00
2804.90.00	2922.14.00	2934.20.80	3824.99.49	4412.51.10	8103.91.00
2805.19.10	2922.19.09	2934.30.23	3824.99.55	4412.51.31	8103.99.00
2805.19.20	2922.19.20	2934.30.27	3824.99.93	4412.51.41	8104.11.00
2805.19.90	2922.19.33	2934.30.43	3901.90.90	4412.51.51	8104.19.00
2805.30.00	2922.19.60	2934.30.50	3902.90.00	4412.52.10	8104.20.00
2811.11.00	2922.19.70	2934.91.00	3904.61.00	4412.52.31	8104.30.00
2811.19.10	2922.19.90	2934.92.00	3905.91.10	4412.52.41	8104.90.00
2811.29.10	2922.19.96	2934.99.01	3905.99.80	4412.52.51	8105.20.30
2811.29.20	2922.29.27	2934.99.03	3906.90.50	4412.59.80	8105.20.60
2812.19.00	2922.29.61	2934.99.05	3907.10.00	4412.59.90	8105.20.90
2813.90.10	2922.29.81	2934.99.06	3907.21.00	4412.59.95	8105.30.00
2815.20.00	2922.31.00	2934.99.07	3907.29.00	4412.91.06	8105.90.00
2816.10.00	2922.39.25	2934.99.08	3907.30.00	4412.91.10	8106.10.00
2816.40.10	2922.39.45	2934.99.09	3907.61.00	4412.91.31	8106.90.00
2816.40.20	2922.39.50	2934.99.11	3907.69.00	4412.91.41	8108.20.00
2817.00.00	2922.41.00	2934.99.12	3907.70.00	4412.91.51	8108.30.00
2818.10.10	2922.42.50	2934.99.15	3907.99.50	4412.92.07	8108.90.30
2818.10.20	2922.44.00	2934.99.16	3908.10.00	4412.92.11	8108.90.60
2818.20.00	2922.49.10	2934.99.18	3910.00.00	4412.92.31	8110.10.00
2818.30.00	2922.49.26	2934.99.20	3911.90.25	4412.92.42	8110.20.00
2820.10.00	2922.49.30	2934.99.30	3911.90.91	4412.92.52	8110.90.00
2821.10.00	2922.49.37	2934.99.39	3912.31.00	4412.99.58	8111.00.47
2821.20.00	2922.49.49	2934.99.44	3912.39.00	4412.99.61	8111.00.49
2822.00.00	2922.49.80	2934.99.47	3912.90.00	4412.99.71	8112.21.00
2823.00.00	2922.50.07	2934.99.70	3913.90.20	4412.99.81	8112.22.00
2825.20.00	2922.50.10	2934.99.90	3913.90.50	4412.99.91	8112.29.00

2825.50.30	2922.50.11	2935.50.00	3914.00.60	4412.99.97	8112.41.10
2825.60.00	2922.50.13	2935.90.06	4001.10.00	4413.00.00	8112.41.50
2825.80.00	2922.50.14	2935.90.10	4001.21.00	4820.20.00	8112.49.00
2825.90.15	2922.50.17	2935.90.13	4001.22.00	4901.10.00	8112.59.00
2825.90.30	2922.50.25	2935.90.15	4001.29.00	4901.91.00	8112.92.10
2825.90.90	2922.50.35	2935.90.20	4001.30.00	4901.99.00	8112.92.30
2826.12.00	2922.50.40	2935.90.30	4401.11.00	4902.10.00	8112.92.40
2826.30.00	2922.50.50	2935.90.32	4401.12.00	4902.90.10	8112.92.60
2826.90.90	2923.10.00	2935.90.33	4401.21.00	4902.90.20	8112.92.65
2827.31.00	2923.20.20	2935.90.42	4401.22.00	4903.00.00	8112.99.10
2827.39.45	2923.90.01	2935.90.48	4401.31.00	4904.00.00	8112.99.91
2827.39.60	2924.11.00	2935.90.60	4401.32.00	4905.20.00	8541.10.00
2827.39.90	2924.19.11	2935.90.75	4401.39.42	4905.90.20	8541.21.00
2827.41.00	2924.19.80	2935.90.95	4401.41.00	4905.90.60	8541.29.00
2827.49.50	2924.21.16	2936.21.00	4401.49.00	4906.00.00	8541.30.00
2827.59.51	2924.21.50	2936.22.00	4402.10.00	4911.10.00	8541.49.10
2827.60.10	2924.29.10	2936.23.00	4402.20.00	4911.99.60	8541.49.70
2827.60.51	2924.29.62	2936.24.01	4402.90.01	4911.99.80	8541.49.80
2833.21.00	2924.29.71	2936.25.00	4403.11.00	7106.91.10	8541.49.95
2833.25.00	2924.29.77	2936.26.00	4403.12.00	7108.12.10	8541.51.00
2833.27.00	2924.29.95	2936.27.00	4403.21.01	7110.11.00	8541.59.00
2833.29.10	2925.12.00	2936.28.00	4403.22.01	7110.19.00	8541.90.00
2833.29.45	2925.19.42	2936.29.10	4403.23.01	7110.21.00	8542.31.00
2833.29.51	2925.19.91	2936.29.16	4403.24.01	7110.29.00	8542.32.00
2834.21.00	2925.21.00	2936.29.20	4403.25.01	7110.31.00	8542.33.00
2834.29.20	2925.29.20	2936.29.50	4403.26.01	7110.39.00	8542.39.00
2834.29.51	2925.29.60	2936.90.01	4403.42.00	7110.41.00	8542.90.00
2836.60.00	2925.29.90	2937.11.00	4403.49.02	7110.49.00	
2836.91.00	2926.30.10	2937.12.00	4403.91.00	7112.92.01	
2836.92.00	2926.40.00	2937.19.00	4403.93.01	7118.90.00	
2836.99.10	2926.90.14	2937.21.00	4403.94.01	7202.11.10	
2836.99.50	2926.90.43	2937.22.00	4403.95.01	7202.11.50	

(iv) As provided in 9903.01.26, the additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.25 shall not apply to any products of Canada, including those products of Canada entered free of duty as under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement, including any treatment set forth in subchapter XXIII of chapter 98 and subchapter XXII of chapter 99 of the HTSUS.

(v) As provided in 9903.01.27, the additional duties imposed by heading 9903.01.25 shall not apply to any products of Mexico, including those products of Mexico entered free of duty as under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement, including any treatment set forth in subchapter XXIII of chapter 98 and subchapter XXII of chapter 99 of the HTSUS.

- (vi) The additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to products of iron or steel provided for in headings 9903.81.87 and 9903.81.88.
- (vii) The additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to derivative iron or steel products provided for in headings 9903.81.89, 9903.81.90, 9903.81.91, 9903.81.92 and 9903.81.93.
- (viii) The additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to products of aluminum provided for in heading 9903.85.02.
- (ix) The additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to derivative aluminum products provided for in headings 9903.85.04, 9903.85.07, 9903.85.08 and 9903.85.09.
- (x) The additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and light trucks provided for in headings 9903.94.01 and 9903.94.03.
- (xi) The additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to parts of passenger vehicles (sedans, sport utility vehicles, crossover utility vehicles, minivans, and cargo vans) and parts of light trucks provided for in heading 9903.94.05.
- (xii) The additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76 shall not apply to the U.S. content of an article, provided at least 20% of the customs value, as determined under 19 U.S.C. 1401a, of the product is U.S. originating, consistent with heading 9903.01.34. For greater certainty, with respect to an article for which at least 20% of the customs value is U.S. originating, consistent with 9903.01.34, the additional duties imposed by headings 9903.01.25, 9903.01.35, 9903.01.39, and 9903.01.43-9903.01.76, shall apply only to the non-U.S. content of such article. Heading 9903.01.34 covers only the U.S. content portion of articles described by that heading. The term "U.S. content" refers to the value of an article attributable to the components wholly obtained, produced entirely, or substantially transformed in the United States.
- (xiii) Heading 9903.01.25 shall not apply to articles the product of the following countries entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025, and that were not in transit on the final mode of transit prior to 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 9, 2025:

- 1) Algeria, subject to an additional duty of 30%
- 2) Angola, subject to an additional duty of 32%
- 3) Bangladesh, subject to an additional duty of 37%
- 4) Bosnia and Herzegovina, subject to an additional duty of 35%

- 5) Botswana, subject to an additional duty of 37%
- 6) Brunei, subject to an additional duty of 24%
- 7) Cambodia, subject to an additional duty of 49%
- 8) Cameroon, subject to an additional duty of 11%
- 9) Chad, subject to an additional duty of 13%
- 10) China, including Hong Kong and Macau, subject to an additional duty of 34%
- 11) Côte d'Ivoire, subject to an additional duty of 21%
- 12) Democratic Republic of the Congo, subject to an additional duty of 11%
- 13) Equatorial Guinea, subject to an additional duty of 13%
- 14) European Union, subject to an additional duty of 20%
- 15) Falkland Islands, subject to an additional duty of 41%
- 16) Fiji, subject to an additional duty of 32%
- 17) Guyana, subject to an additional duty of 38%
- 18) India, subject to an additional duty of 26%
- 19) Indonesia, subject to an additional duty of 32%
- 20) Iraq, subject to an additional duty of 39%
- 21) Israel, subject to an additional duty of 17%
- 22) Japan, subject to an additional duty of 24%
- 23) Jordan, subject to an additional duty of 20%
- 24) Kazakhstan, subject to an additional duty of 27%
- 25) Laos, subject to an additional duty of 48%
- 26) Lesotho, subject to an additional duty of 50%
- 27) Libya, subject to an additional duty of 31%
- 28) Liechtenstein, subject to an additional duty of 37%
- 29) Madagascar, subject to an additional duty of 47%
- 30) Malawi, subject to an additional duty of 17%
- 31) Malaysia, subject to an additional duty of 24%
- 32) Mauritius, subject to an additional duty of 40%
- 33) Moldova, subject to an additional duty of 31%
- 34) Mozambique, subject to an additional duty of 16%
- 35) Myanmar (Burma), subject to an additional duty of 44%
- 36) Namibia, subject to an additional duty of 21%
- 37) Nauru, subject to an additional duty of 30%
- 38) Nicaragua, subject to an additional duty of 18%
- 39) Nigeria, subject to an additional duty of 14%
- 40) North Macedonia, subject to an additional duty of 33%
- 41) Norway, subject to an additional duty of 15%
- 42) Pakistan, subject to an additional duty of 29%
- 43) Philippines, subject to an additional duty of 17%
- 44) Serbia, subject to an additional duty of 37%
- 45) South Africa, subject to an additional duty of 30%
- 46) South Korea, subject to an additional duty of 25%
- 47) Sri Lanka, subject to an additional duty of 44%
- 48) Switzerland, subject to an additional duty of 31%
- 49) Syria, subject to an additional duty of 41%
- 50) Taiwan, subject to an additional duty of 32%

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- 51) Thailand, subject to an additional duty of 36%
  - 52) Tunisia, subject to an additional duty of 28%
  - 53) Vanuatu, subject to an additional duty of 22%
  - 54) Venezuela, subject to an additional duty of 15%
  - 55) Vietnam, subject to an additional duty of 46%
  - 56) Zambia, subject to an additional duty of 17%
  - 57) Zimbabwe, subject to an additional duty of 18%"

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14256 of April 2, 2025

#### Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China as Applied to Low-Value Imports

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Many shippers based in the People's Republic of China (PRC) hide illicit substances and conceal the true contents of shipments sent to the United States through deceptive shipping practices. These shippers often avoid detection due to administration of the *de minimis* exemption under section 321(a)(2)(C) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C)).

As noted in Executive Order 14195 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties to Address the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), as amended by Executive Order 14228 of March 3, 2025 (Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), these exports play a significant role in the synthetic opioid crisis in the United States. In Executive Order 14200 of February 5, 2025 (Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), I suspended the elimination of duty-free *de minimis* treatment on articles described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195. The Secretary of Commerce has notified me that adequate systems are now in place to process and collect tariff revenue for covered goods from the PRC otherwise eligible for duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C). Accordingly, duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall no longer be available for products of the PRC (which include products of Hong Kong) described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195, as amended by Executive Order 14228, including international postal packages sent to the United States through the international postal network from the PRC or Hong Kong, that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 am eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025. Additional duties for such imported merchandise shall be collected at the rates described in this order.

**Sec. 2. Assessment of Duties on Low-Value Products of the PRC.** (a) Other than articles sent to the United States through the international postal network (for which a duty is separately provided as described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section), all shipments of articles described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195, as amended by Executive Order 14228, that are products of the PRC or Hong Kong; that are sent to the United States; that are valued at or under 800 dollars and that would otherwise qualify for the *de minimis* exemption authorized in 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C); and that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 am eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025, shall be entered by a party qualified to make entry under another appropriate entry type in the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) operated by U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) of the Department of Homeland

Security, with all applicable duties, including those imposed by section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195, as amended by Executive Order 14228, and paid in accordance with the applicable entry and payment procedures. Executive departments and agencies, including the Department of Homeland Security, through CBP, shall take all necessary actions to effectuate the objectives of this order, consistent with applicable law, including through temporary suspension or amendment of regulations or notices in the *Federal Register*. The United States International Trade Commission shall continue to act ministerially by modifying the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), as needed, to reflect the actions set out in this order.

(b) **Imposition of Duty.**

(i) All postal items containing goods described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195 and sent to the United States through the international postal network from the PRC or Hong Kong and transported by carriers that are valued at or under 800 dollars and that would otherwise qualify for the *de minimis* exemption authorized in 19 U.S.C. 1321(a)(2)(C) shall be subject to the duties described in subsection (c) of this section. In order to address the threat of the PRC's failure to act to blunt the sustained influx of synthetic opioids into the United States, while allowing for the orderly flow of legitimate international mail, the duties imposed in subsection (c) of this section, except as required by applicable law, are imposed in lieu of any other duties that the shipments would otherwise be subject to, including the 20 percent ad valorem duty established in Executive Order 14195, as amended by Executive Order 14228; most-favored nation rates embodied in the HTSUS; and duties imposed pursuant to section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974.

(ii) CBP is authorized to require the carrier transporting the international postal package into the United States to remit payment of the duty described in subsection (c) of this section to CBP monthly or on such other periodic time frame as CBP determines appropriate, and CBP may issue regulations and guidance as necessary or appropriate to implement and enforce this requirement.

(iii) All carriers that transport international postal packages from the PRC or Hong Kong to the United States as part of or on behalf of the international postal network must report to CBP the total number of postal items containing goods and, if electing the duty rate specified in subsection (c)(i) of this section, the value of each postal item containing goods, transported per conveyance, in a timeframe and manner prescribed by CBP. CBP may require submission of documentation and information from the carrier to verify the total number and value of individual postal items containing goods to be electronically transmitted through the ACE.

(c) **Duty Rates.** Transportation carriers delivering shipments to the United States from the PRC or Hong Kong sent through the international postal network must collect and remit duties to CBP under the approach outlined in either subsection (c)(i) or subsection (c)(ii) of this section. Transportation carriers must apply the same duty collection methodology to all shipments; however, transportation carriers may change their collection methodology once a month or on such other periodic timeframe as CBP determines appropriate, upon providing 24-hour notice to CBP.

(i) **Ad Valorem Duty.** 30 percent of the value of the postal item containing goods for merchandise entered for consumption on or after 12:01 am eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025.

(ii) **Specific Duty.** 25 dollars per postal item containing goods for merchandise entered for consumption on or after 12:01 am eastern daylight time on May 2, 2025, and before 12:01 am eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025, and 50 dollars per postal item containing goods for merchandise entered for consumption on or after 12:01 am eastern daylight time on June 1, 2025.

(d) **Bond Requirement.** Any carrier that transports international postal items containing goods from the PRC or Hong Kong to the United States,

by any mode of transportation, must have an international carrier bond to ensure payment of the duty described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. CBP is authorized to ensure that the international carrier bonds required by this subsection are sufficient to account for the duty described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

(e) Discretion to Require Formal Entry. CBP may require formal entry, in accordance with existing regulations, for any international postal package that may otherwise be subject to the duty described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. An international postal package for which CBP requires formal entry will not be subject to the duty described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, and instead will be subject to all applicable duties, taxes, and fees in accordance with all applicable laws.

**Sec. 3. Implementation of Duty.** The Secretary of Homeland Security is directed to take all necessary actions to implement this order. Consistent with section 4 of Executive Order 14195, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Commerce, is authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order.

**Sec. 4. Homeland Security Authorities.** Nothing in this order limits the ability of the Department of Homeland Security to use any available legal authorities granted to ensure compliance with the provisions of this order.

**Sec. 5. Monitoring.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the United States Trade Representative, shall submit a report to the President regarding the impact of this order on American industries, consumers, and supply chains and making recommendations for further action as he deems necessary, including a recommendation on whether extending *de minimis* ineligibility to packages from Macau is necessary to prevent circumvention of this order.

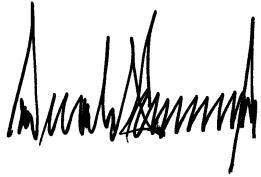
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*April 2, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-06027

Filed 4-4-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14255 of March 31, 2025

### Establishing the United States Investment Accelerator

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States is the most powerful economy in the world, but slow, complex, and burdensome American regulatory processes at every stage of a company's development and operation make significant domestic and foreign investment harder than necessary. Regulations hamper investment, permitting, and site selection, and numerous overlapping Federal, State, and local legal regimes with complex and often duplicative requirements significantly delay construction. It is in the interest of the American people that the Federal Government dramatically expand its assistance to companies seeking to invest and build in the United States.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to modernize its processes to attract substantial domestic and foreign investment in the United States and to actively assist those building here for the benefit of our Nation's economic prosperity to unleash investment from our small businesses to the largest companies.

**Sec. 3. The United States Investment Accelerator.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, shall establish within the Department of Commerce an office named the United States Investment Accelerator (Investment Accelerator). The Investment Accelerator shall facilitate and accelerate investments above \$1 billion in the United States by assisting investors as they navigate United States Government regulatory processes efficiently, reduce regulatory burdens where consistent with applicable law, increase access to and use of our national resources where appropriate and consistent with applicable law, facilitate research collaborations with our national labs, and work with State governments in all 50 States to reduce regulatory barriers to, and increase, domestic and foreign investment in the United States.

(b) The Investment Accelerator shall be headed by an Executive Director and staffed with legal, transactional, operational, and support staff as directed by the Secretary of Commerce. The Investment Accelerator shall be responsible for the CHIPS Program Office within the Department of Commerce, which shall focus on delivering the benefit of the bargain for taxpayers by negotiating much better deals than those of the previous administration.

(c) The Investment Accelerator shall identify any existing mechanisms, exceptions, and opportunities in Federal law that can be used to assist foreign and domestic investors, consistent with the protection of national security.

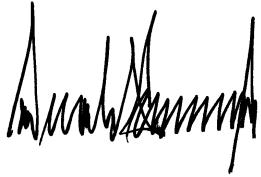
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 31, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05908  
Filed 4-2-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14254 of March 31, 2025**

## Combating Unfair Practices in the Live Entertainment Market

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** (a) America's live concert and entertainment industry is the envy of the world. But it has become blighted by unscrupulous middlemen who sit at the intersection between artists and fans and impose egregious fees while providing minimal value. Ticket scalpers use bots and other unfair means to acquire large quantities of face-value tickets and then re-sell them at an enormous markup on the secondary market, price-gouging consumers and depriving fans of the opportunity to see their favorite artists without incurring extraordinary expenses. By some reports, fans have paid as much as 70 times face value to obtain a ticket. When this occurs, the artists do not receive any profit. All profits go solely to the scalper and the ticketing agency.

(b) My Administration is committed to making as accessible as possible the arts and entertainment that enrich Americans' lives. The rent-seeking behaviors surrounding the ticketing industry are contrary to this goal. They are detrimental to consumers and capitalize on market distortions that must not be allowed to persist.

**Sec. 2. Implementation.** My Administration shall use all lawful authority to address the conduct described in section 1 of this order. Accordingly, I direct that:

(a) the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) ensure that competition laws are appropriately enforced in the concert and entertainment industry, including where venues, ticketing agents, or combinations thereof operate to the detriment of artists and fans;

(b) the FTC rigorously enforce the Better Online Tickets Sales Act, 15 U.S.C. 45c, and collaborate with State Attorneys General or other State consumer protection officers on enforcement of the Better Online Ticket Sales Act, including by providing such State officials with information or evidence obtained by the FTC when consistent with applicable law;

(c) the FTC take appropriate action, including proposing regulations if necessary, to ensure price transparency at all stages of the ticket-purchase process, including the secondary ticketing market;

(d) the FTC evaluate and, if appropriate, take enforcement action to prevent unfair, deceptive, and anti-competitive conduct in the secondary ticketing market; and

(e) the Secretary of the Treasury and Attorney General ensure, as appropriate, that ticket scalpers are operating in full compliance with the Internal Revenue Code and other applicable law.

**Sec. 3. Report.** Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury, Attorney General, and Chairman of the FTC shall jointly submit a report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget describing the actions they have taken to implement this order. The report shall also identify any recommendations for regulations or legislation necessary to protect consumers with respect to the live concert and entertainment industry.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 31, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05906  
Filed 4-2-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**Executive Order 14250 of March 27, 2025**

**The President**

**Addressing Risks From WilmerHale**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** My Administration is committed to addressing the significant risks associated with law firms, particularly so-called “Big Law” firms, that engage in conduct detrimental to critical American interests. Many firms take actions that threaten public safety and national security, limit constitutional freedoms, degrade the quality of American elections, or undermine bedrock American principles. Moreover, law firms regularly conduct this harmful activity through their powerful pro bono practices, earmarking hundreds of millions of their clients’ dollars for destructive causes, that often directly or indirectly harm their own clients. Lawyers and law firms that engage in such egregious conduct should not have access to our Nation’s secrets, nor should such conduct be subsidized by Federal taxpayer funds or contracts.

Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP (WilmerHale) is yet another law firm that has abandoned the profession’s highest ideals and abused its pro bono practice to engage in activities that undermine justice and the interests of the United States. For example, WilmerHale engages in obvious partisan representations to achieve political ends, supports efforts to discriminate on the basis of race, backs the obstruction of efforts to prevent illegal aliens from committing horrific crimes and trafficking deadly drugs within our borders, and furthers the degradation of the quality of American elections, including by supporting efforts designed to enable non-citizens to vote. Moreover, WilmerHale itself discriminates against its employees based on race and other categories prohibited by civil rights laws, including through the use of race-based “targets.”

WilmerHale is also bent on employing lawyers who weaponize the prosecutorial power to upend the democratic process and distort justice. For example, WilmerHale rewarded Robert Mueller and his colleagues—Aaron Zebley, Mueller’s “top aide” and “closest associate,” and James Quarles—by welcoming them to the firm after they wielded the power of the Federal Government to lead one of the most partisan investigations in American history. Mueller’s investigation epitomizes the weaponization of government, yet WilmerHale claimed he “embodies the highest value of our firm and profession.” Mueller’s “investigation” upended the lives of public servants in my Administration who were summoned before “prosecutors” with the effect of interfering in their ability to fulfill the mandates of my first term agenda. This weaponization of the justice system must not be rewarded, let alone condoned.

**Sec. 2. Security Clearance Review.** (a) The Attorney General, the Director of National Intelligence, and all other relevant heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall immediately take steps consistent with applicable law to suspend any active security clearances held by individuals at WilmerHale, pending a review of whether such clearances are consistent with the national interest.

(b) The Office of Management and Budget shall identify all Government goods, property, material, and services, including Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities, provided for the benefit of WilmerHale. The heads

of agencies providing such material or services shall, to the extent permitted by law, expeditiously cease such provision.

**Sec. 3. Contracting.** (a) To prevent the transfer of taxpayer dollars to Federal contractors whose earnings subsidize, among other things, activities that are not aligned with American interests, including racial discrimination, Government contracting agencies shall, to the extent permissible by law, require Government contractors to disclose any business they do with WilmerHale and whether that business is related to the subject of the Government contract.

(b) The heads of agencies shall review all contracts with WilmerHale or with entities that disclose doing business with WilmerHale under subsection (a) of this section. To the extent permitted by law, the heads of agencies shall:

(i) take appropriate steps to terminate any contract, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, including the Federal Acquisition Regulation, for which WilmerHale has been hired to perform any service; and

(ii) otherwise align their agency funding decisions with the interests of the citizens of the United States; with the goals and priorities of my Administration as expressed in executive actions, especially Executive Order 14147 of January 20, 2025 (Ending the Weaponization of the Federal Government); and as heads of agencies deem appropriate. Within 30 days of the date of this order, agencies shall submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget an assessment of contracts with WilmerHale or with entities that do business with WilmerHale effective as of the date of this order and any actions taken with respect to those contracts in accordance with this order.

**Sec. 4. Racial Discrimination.** Nothing in this order shall be construed to limit the action authorized by section 4 of Executive Order 14230 of March 6, 2025 (Addressing Risks from Perkins Coie LLP).

**Sec. 5. Personnel.** (a) The heads of agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide guidance limiting official access from Federal Government buildings to employees of WilmerHale when such access would threaten the national security of or otherwise be inconsistent with the interests of the United States. In addition, the heads of agencies shall provide guidance limiting Government employees acting in their official capacity from engaging with WilmerHale employees to ensure consistency with the national security and other interests of the United States.

(b) Agency officials shall, to the extent permitted by law, refrain from hiring employees of WilmerHale, absent a waiver from the head of the agency, made in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, that such hire will not threaten the national security of the United States.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 27, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05845  
Filed 4-2-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14253 of March 27, 2025

### **Restoring Truth and Sanity to American History**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Over the past decade, Americans have witnessed a concerted and widespread effort to rewrite our Nation's history, replacing objective facts with a distorted narrative driven by ideology rather than truth. This revisionist movement seeks to undermine the remarkable achievements of the United States by casting its founding principles and historical milestones in a negative light. Under this historical revision, our Nation's unparalleled legacy of advancing liberty, individual rights, and human happiness is reconstructed as inherently racist, sexist, oppressive, or otherwise irredeemably flawed. Rather than fostering unity and a deeper understanding of our shared past, the widespread effort to rewrite history deepens societal divides and fosters a sense of national shame, disregarding the progress America has made and the ideals that continue to inspire millions around the globe.

The prior administration advanced this corrosive ideology. At Independence National Historical Park in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—where our Nation declared that all men are created equal—the prior administration sponsored training by an organization that advocates dismantling “Western foundations” and “interrogating institutional racism” and pressured National Historical Park rangers that their racial identity should dictate how they convey history to visiting Americans because America is purportedly racist.

Once widely respected as a symbol of American excellence and a global icon of cultural achievement, the Smithsonian Institution has, in recent years, come under the influence of a divisive, race-centered ideology. This shift has promoted narratives that portray American and Western values as inherently harmful and oppressive. For example, the Smithsonian American Art Museum today features “The Shape of Power: Stories of Race and American Sculpture,” an exhibit representing that “[s]ocieties including the United States have used race to establish and maintain systems of power, privilege, and disenfranchisement.” The exhibit further claims that “sculpture has been a powerful tool in promoting scientific racism” and promotes the view that race is not a biological reality but a social construct, stating “Race is a human invention.”

The National Museum of African American History and Culture has proclaimed that “hard work,” “individualism,” and “the nuclear family” are aspects of “White culture.” The forthcoming Smithsonian American Women’s History Museum plans on celebrating the exploits of male athletes participating in women’s sports. These are just a few examples.

It is the policy of my Administration to restore Federal sites dedicated to history, including parks and museums, to solemn and uplifting public monuments that remind Americans of our extraordinary heritage, consistent progress toward becoming a more perfect Union, and unmatched record of advancing liberty, prosperity, and human flourishing. Museums in our Nation’s capital should be places where individuals go to learn—not to be subjected to ideological indoctrination or divisive narratives that distort our shared history.

To advance this policy, we will restore the Smithsonian Institution to its rightful place as a symbol of inspiration and American greatness—igniting

the imagination of young minds, honoring the richness of American history and innovation, and instilling pride in the hearts of all Americans.

**Sec. 2. Saving Our Smithsonian.** (a) The Vice President, in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and the Special Assistant to the President and Senior Associate Staff Secretary, Lindsey Halligan, Esq., shall work to effectuate the policies of this order through his role on the Smithsonian Board of Regents with respect to the Smithsonian Institution and its museums, education and research centers, and the National Zoo, including by seeking to remove improper ideology from such properties, and shall recommend to the President any additional actions necessary to fully effectuate such policies.

(b) The Vice President and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall work with the Congress to ensure that future appropriations to the Smithsonian Institution:

(i) prohibit expenditure on exhibits or programs that degrade shared American values, divide Americans based on race, or promote programs or ideologies inconsistent with Federal law and policy; and

(ii) celebrate the achievements of women in the American Women's History Museum and do not recognize men as women in any respect in the Museum.

(c) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Secretary of the Interior shall take any other measures within their authority to promote the policy of this order.

(d) As appropriate, the Vice President shall, in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and Special Assistant to the President and Senior Associate Staff Secretary, Lindsey Halligan, Esq., work with the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Senate Majority Leader, to seek the appointment of citizen members to the Smithsonian Board of Regents committed to advancing the policy of this order.

**Sec. 3. Restoring Independence Hall.** The Secretary of the Interior shall provide sufficient funding, as available, to improve the infrastructure of Independence National Historical Park, which shall be complete by July 4, 2026, the 250th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

**Sec. 4. Restoring Truth in American History.**

(a) The Secretary of the Interior shall:

(i) determine whether, since January 1, 2020, public monuments, memorials, statues, markers, or similar properties within the Department of the Interior's jurisdiction have been removed or changed to perpetuate a false reconstruction of American history, inappropriately minimize the value of certain historical events or figures, or include any other improper partisan ideology;

(ii) take action to reinstate the pre-existing monuments, memorials, statues, markers, or similar properties, as appropriate and consistent with 43 U.S.C. 1451 *et seq.*, 54 U.S.C. 100101 *et seq.*, and other applicable law; and

(iii) take action, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, to ensure that all public monuments, memorials, statues, markers, or similar properties within the Department of the Interior's jurisdiction do not contain descriptions, depictions, or other content that inappropriately disparage Americans past or living (including persons living in colonial times), and instead focus on the greatness of the achievements and progress of the American people or, with respect to natural features, the beauty, abundance, and grandeur of the American landscape.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 27, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05838  
Filed 4-2-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14252 of March 27, 2025

### Making the District of Columbia Safe and Beautiful

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** As the Federal capital city, Washington, D.C., is the only city that belongs to all Americans and that all Americans can claim as theirs. As the capital city of the greatest Nation in the history of the world, it should showcase beautiful, clean, and safe public spaces.

America's capital must be a place in which residents, commuters, and tourists feel safe at all hours, including on public transit. Its highways, boulevards, and parks should be clean, well-kept, and pleasant. Its monuments, museums, and buildings should reflect and inspire awe and appreciation for our Nation's strength, greatness, and heritage. Our citizens deserve nothing less.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to make the District of Columbia safe, beautiful, and prosperous by preventing crime, punishing criminals, preserving order, protecting our revered American monuments, and promoting beautification and the preservation of our history and heritage.

**Sec. 3. Making the District of Columbia Safe by Fighting Crime.** (a) My Administration shall work closely with local officials to share information, develop joint priorities, and maximize resources to make the District of Columbia safe. Such coordination shall occur through the D.C. Safe and Beautiful Task Force (Task Force), which is hereby established by this order. The Task Force shall be chaired by the Assistant to the President and Homeland Security Advisor or his designee, and shall otherwise include representatives from the following departments, agencies, or components, selected as such department, agency, or component determines:

- (i) the Department of the Interior;
  - (ii) the Department of Transportation;
  - (iii) the Department of Homeland Security;
  - (iv) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
  - (v) the United States Marshals Service;
  - (vi) the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;
  - (vii) the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia;
  - (viii) the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Maryland; and
  - (ix) the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Virginia.
- The Chairman of the Task Force may also select other departments, agencies, or components to participate as he deems necessary. Representatives of such other departments, agencies, or components shall be selected as such department, agency, or component determines.

(b) The Task Force may, to the extent permitted by law, request operational assistance from and coordinate with the Metropolitan Police Department of the District of Columbia (MPD), Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority, United States Park Police, Amtrak Police, and other Federal and local officials as appropriate.

(c) The Task Force shall coordinate to ensure effective Federal participation in the following tasks:

- (i) directing maximum enforcement of Federal immigration law and redirecting available Federal, State, or local law enforcement resources to apprehend and deport illegal aliens in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area;
- (ii) monitoring the District of Columbia's sanctuary-city status and compliance with the enforcement of Federal immigration law;
- (iii) providing assistance to facilitate the prompt and complete accreditation of the District of Columbia's forensic crime laboratory;
- (iv) in collaboration with its leadership and union, providing MPD with assistance to facilitate the recruitment, retention, and capabilities of its police officers and to facilitate work with Federal personnel, resources, and expertise to reduce crime;
- (v) collaborating with appropriate local government entities to provide assistance to increase the speed and lower the cost of processing concealed carry license requests in the District of Columbia;
- (vi) reviewing and, as appropriate, revising Federal prosecutorial policies on seeking pretrial detention of criminal defendants to ensure that individuals who pose a genuine threat to public safety are detained to the maximum extent permitted by law;
- (vii) collaborating with appropriate local government entities to provide assistance to end fare evasion and other crime within the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority system; and
- (viii) deploying a more robust Federal law enforcement presence and coordinating with local law enforcement to facilitate the deployment of a more robust local law enforcement presence as appropriate in areas in or about the District of Columbia, including in such areas as the National Mall and Memorial Parks, museums, monuments, Lafayette Park, Union Station, Rock Creek Park, Anacostia Park, the George Washington Memorial Parkway, the Suitland Parkway, and the Baltimore-Washington Parkway, and ensuring that all applicable quality of life, nuisance, and public-safety laws are strictly enforced, such as those prohibiting assault, battery, larceny, graffiti and other vandalism, unpermitted disturbances and demonstrations, noise, trespassing, public intoxication, drug possession, sale, and use, and traffic violations, including as prescribed by Executive Order 13933 of June 26, 2020 (Protecting American Monuments, Memorials, and Statues and Combating Recent Criminal Violence), which was reinstated by Executive Order 14189 of January 29, 2025 (Celebrating America's 250th Birthday).

(d) The Task Force shall report to me as necessary through the Assistant to the President and Homeland Security Advisor regarding safety in the District of Columbia, and the tasks set forth in subsection (c) of this section. As part of this reporting, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Task Force, shall assess whether public-safety circumstances in the District of Columbia require additional executive action.

**Sec. 4. Making the District of Columbia Beautiful.** (a) The Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Transportation, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, the Administrator of General Services, the National Capital Planning Commission, and the heads of such other executive departments or agencies and local officials as the Secretary of the Interior deems appropriate, shall develop and implement a program to beautify and make safe and prosperous the District of Columbia.

(b) The program under subsection (a) of this section shall include, at a minimum, the following elements as appropriate and consistent with applicable law:

- (i) a coordinated beautification plan for Federal and local facilities, monuments, land, parks, and roadways in and around the District of Columbia;

- (ii) restoration of Federal public monuments, memorials, statues, markers, or similar properties that have been damaged or defaced, or inappropriately removed or changed, in recent years;
- (iii) removal of graffiti from commonly visited areas, with local assistance;
- (iv) proposals to ensure Federal buildings or lands adequately uplift and beautify public spaces and generate in the citizenry pride in and respect for our Nation;
- (v) a coordinated Federal and local approach to ensure the cleanliness of public spaces, sidewalks, parks, highways, roads, and transit systems in and around the District of Columbia; and
- (vi) the encouragement of private-sector participation in coordinated beautification and clean-up efforts in the District of Columbia.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior shall immediately issue a directive to the National Park Service requiring prompt removal and cleanup of all homeless or vagrant encampments and graffiti on Federal land within the District of Columbia subject to the National Park Service's jurisdiction, to the maximum extent permitted by law.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
March 27, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14251 of March 27, 2025

#### **Exclusions From Federal Labor-Management Relations Programs**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including sections 7103(b)(1) of title 5 and 4103(b) of title 22, United States Code, to enhance the national security of the United States, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Determinations.** (a) The agencies and agency subdivisions set forth in section 2 of this order are hereby determined to have as a primary function intelligence, counterintelligence, investigative, or national security work. It is also hereby determined that Chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, cannot be applied to these agencies and agency subdivisions in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations.

(b) The agency subdivisions set forth in section 3 of this order are hereby determined to have as a primary function intelligence, counterintelligence, investigative, or national security work. It is also hereby determined that Subchapter X of Chapter 52 of title 22, United States Code, cannot be applied to these subdivisions in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations.

**Sec. 2. Additional National Security Exclusions.** Executive Order 12171 of November 19, 1979, as amended, is further amended by:

(a) In section 1–101, adding “and Section 1–4” after “Section 1–2” in both places that term appears.

(b) Adding after section 1–3 a new section 1–4 that reads:

**“1–4. Additional Exclusions.”**

1–401. The Department of State.

1–402. The Department of Defense, except for any subdivisions excluded pursuant to section 4 of the Executive Order of March 27, 2025, entitled ‘Exclusions from Federal Labor-Management Relations Programs.’

1–403. The Department of the Treasury, except the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

1–404. The Department of Veterans Affairs.

1–405. The Department of Justice.

1–406. Agencies or subdivisions of the Department of Health and Human Services:

(a) Office of the Secretary.

(b) Food and Drug Administration.

(c) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

(d) Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response.

(e) Office of the General Counsel.

(f) Office of Refugee Resettlement, Administration for Children and Families.

(g) National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases, National Institutes of Health.

1–407. Agencies or subdivisions of the Department of Homeland Security:

- (a) Office of the Secretary.
- (b) Office of the General Counsel.
- (c) Office of Strategy, Policy, and Plans.
- (d) Management Directorate.
- (e) Science and Technology Directorate.
- (f) Office of Health Security.
- (g) Office of Homeland Security Situational Awareness.
- (h) U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services.
- (i) United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
- (j) United States Coast Guard.
- (k) Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.
- (l) Federal Emergency Management Agency.

1–408. Agencies or subdivisions of the Department of the Interior:

- (a) Office of the Secretary.
- (b) Bureau of Land Management.
- (c) Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement.
- (d) Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.

1–409. The Department of Energy, except for the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

1–410. The following agencies or subdivisions of the Department of Agriculture:

- (a) Food Safety and Inspection Service.
- (b) Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

1–411. The International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

1–412. The Environmental Protection Agency.

1–413. The United States Agency for International Development.

1–414. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

1–415. The National Science Foundation.

1–416. The United States International Trade Commission.

1–417. The Federal Communications Commission.

1–418. The General Services Administration.

1–419. The following agencies or subdivisions of each Executive department listed in section 101 of title 5, United States Code, the Social Security Administration, and the Office of Personnel Management:

- (a) Office of the Chief Information Officer.
- (b) any other agency or subdivision that has information resources management duties as the agency or subdivision's primary duty.

1–499. Notwithstanding the forgoing, nothing in this section shall exempt from the coverage of Chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code:

(a) the immediate, local employing offices of any agency police officers, security guards, or firefighters, provided that this exclusion does not apply to the Bureau of Prisons;

(b) subdivisions of the United States Marshals Service not listed in section 1–209 of this order; or

(c) any subdivisions of the Departments of Defense or Veterans Affairs for which the applicable Secretary has issued an order suspending the application of this section pursuant to section 4 of the Executive Order

of March 27, 2025, entitled ‘Exclusions from Federal Labor-Management Relations Programs.’”

**Sec. 3. Foreign Service Exclusions.** Executive Order 12171, as amended, is further amended by:

(a) In the first paragraph:

(i) adding “and Section 4103(b) of Title 22,” after “Title 5”; and

(ii) adding “and Subchapter X of Chapter 52 of Title 22” after “Relations Program.”

(b) Adding after section 1–102 a new section 1–103 that reads:

“1–103. The Department subdivisions set forth in section 1–5 of this order are hereby determined to have as a primary function intelligence, counterintelligence, investigative, or national security work. It is also hereby determined that Subchapter X of Chapter 52 of title 22, United States Code, cannot be applied to those subdivisions in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations. The subdivisions set forth in section 1–5 of this order are hereby excluded from coverage under Subchapter X of Chapter 52 of title 22, United States Code.”

(c) Adding after the new section 1–4 added by section 2(b) of this order a new section 1–5 that reads:

“1–5. Subdivisions of Departments Employing Foreign Service Officers.

1–501. Subdivisions of the Department of State:

(a) Each subdivision reporting directly to the Secretary of State.

(b) Each subdivision reporting to the Deputy Secretary of State.

(c) Each subdivision reporting to the Deputy Secretary of State for Management and Resources.

(d) Each subdivision reporting to the Under Secretary for Management.

(e) Each subdivision reporting to the Under Secretary for Arms Control and International Security.

(f) Each subdivision reporting to the Under Secretary for Civilian Security, Democracy, and Human Rights.

(g) Each subdivision reporting to the Under Secretary for Economic Growth, Energy, and Environment.

(h) Each subdivision reporting to the Under Secretary for Political Affairs.

(i) Each subdivision reporting to the Under Secretary for Public Diplomacy.

(j) Each United States embassy, consulate, diplomatic mission, or office providing consular services.

1–502. Subdivisions of the United States Agency for International Development:

(a) All Overseas Missions and Field Offices.

(b) Each subdivision reporting directly to the Administrator.

(c) Each subdivision reporting to the Deputy Administrator for Policy and Programming.

(d) Each subdivision reporting to the Deputy Administrator for Management and Resources.”

**Sec. 4. Delegation of Authority to the Secretaries of Defense and Veterans Affairs.** (a) Subject to the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, the Secretaries of Defense and Veterans Affairs are delegated authority under 5 U.S.C. 7103(b)(1) to issue orders suspending the application of section 1–402 or 1–404 of Executive Order 12171, as amended, to any subdivisions of the departments they supervise, thereby bringing such subdivisions under the coverage of the Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute.

(b) An order described in subsection (a) of this section shall only be effective if:

(i) the applicable Secretary certifies to the President that the provisions of the Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute can be applied to such subdivision in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations; and

(ii) such certification is submitted for publication in the *Federal Register* within 15 days of the date of this order.

**Sec. 5. Delegation of Authority to the Secretary of Transportation.** (a) The national security interests of the United States in ensuring the safety and integrity of the national transportation system require that the Secretary of Transportation have maximum flexibility to cultivate an efficient workforce at the Department of Transportation that is adaptive to new technologies and innovation. Where collective bargaining is incompatible with that mission, the Department of Transportation should not be forced to seek relief through grievances, arbitrations, or administrative proceedings.

(b) The Secretary of Transportation is therefore delegated authority under section 7103(b) of title 5, United States Code, to issue orders excluding any subdivision of the Department of Transportation, including the Federal Aviation Administration, from Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute coverage or suspending any provision of that law with respect to any Department of Transportation installation or activity located outside the 50 States and the District of Columbia. This authority may not be further delegated. When making the determination required by 5 U.S.C. 7103(b)(1) or 7103(b)(2), the Secretary of Transportation shall publish his determination in the *Federal Register*.

**Sec. 6. Implementation.** With respect to employees in agencies or subdivisions thereof that were previously part of a bargaining unit but have been excepted under this order, each applicable agency head shall, upon termination of the applicable collective bargaining agreement:

(a) reassign any such employees who performed non-agency business pursuant to section 7131 of title 5 or section 4116 of title 22, United States Code, to performing solely agency business; and

(b) terminate agency participation in any pending grievance proceedings under section 7121 of title 5, United States Code, exceptions to arbitral awards under section 7122 of title 5, United States Code, or unfair labor practice proceedings under section 7118 of title 5 or section 4116 of title 22, United States Code, that involve such employees.

**Sec. 7. Additional Review.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, the head of each agency with employees covered by Chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, shall submit a report to the President that identifies any agency subdivisions not covered by Executive Order 12171, as amended:

(a) that have as a primary function intelligence, counterintelligence, investigative, or national security work, applying the definition of "national security" set forth by the Federal Labor Relations Authority in Department of Energy, Oak Ridge Operations, and National Association of Government Employees Local R5-181, 4 FLRA 644 (1980); and

(b) for which the agency head believes the provisions of Chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code, cannot be applied to such subdivision in a manner consistent with national security requirements and considerations, and the reasons therefore.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

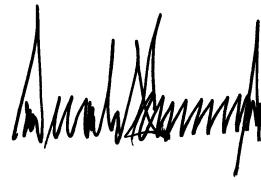
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 27, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05836

Filed 4-2-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14249 of March 25, 2025

#### Protecting America's Bank Account Against Fraud, Waste, and Abuse

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Promoting financial integrity and operational efficiency are critical responsibilities of the Federal Government. The Federal Government processes trillions of dollars annually in disbursements to individuals, businesses, and organizations, and in receipts from taxes, fees, and other payments to finance daily and long-term Government operations. These transactions flow into and out of the United States General Fund (General Fund), which might be thought of as America's bank account. In Fiscal Year 2024, \$33.9 trillion flowed into the General Fund and \$33.6 trillion flowed out of the account, including \$5.87 trillion (less net interest) in benefits, grants, loans, vendor payments, and other disbursements.

The Department of the Treasury is the largest financial payment manager of the Federal Government and is responsible for safeguarding the General Fund, but lacks sufficient controls to track transactions flowing through the General Fund to determine if they were proper. To enforce sufficient controls and ensure accountability to American taxpayers, the Department of the Treasury requires financial information from executive departments and agencies (agencies) beyond what they currently provide.

Financial fraud threatens the integrity of Federal programs and undermines trust in Government. Agencies' past underinvestment in technology and longstanding challenges with access to accurate data has prevented them from more fully safeguarding taxpayer dollars against fraud and improper payments. The Government Accountability Office estimates that the Federal Government loses between \$233 and \$521 billion annually to fraud.

In addition to being an efficient steward of taxpayer funds, the Federal Government, on behalf of the American public, must seek to ensure that financial information is accurate and that there is transparency with respect to how taxpayer dollars are being used. Today, Federal funds are disbursed both by the Department of the Treasury and various Federal Government entities that are authorized to issue their own disbursements known as Non-Treasury Disbursing Offices (NTDOs). In Fiscal Year 2024, NTDOs were estimated to be responsible for 181 million payments totaling over \$1.5 trillion (approximately 22 percent of all Federal Government dollars disbursed). This fragmentation of disbursing authority, together with the proliferation of non-standard financial management systems across the Federal Government, leads to expensive, disjointed, and duplicative financial reporting, lack of financial traceability, complicated financial management, opacity, increased operational risks, and decreased ability of the Department of the Treasury to provide centralized oversight.

This order promotes financial integrity by enabling the Department of the Treasury to more easily conduct improper payment and fraud prevention screening prior to disbursing funds on behalf of agencies. This order increases transparency and accountability by requiring agencies to provide the Department of the Treasury with the information needed to track transactions through the General Fund in greater detail. This order also promotes operational efficiency by returning disbursing functions to the Department of

the Treasury when possible and consolidating and standardizing core Federal financial systems.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to defend against financial fraud and improper payments, increase transparency and accountability around the Federal Government's operations and financial condition, increase efficiency, reduce costs, and enhance the security of Federal payments.

**Sec. 3. Treasury Verification of Agency Payments Information.** (a) The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director), shall update guidance and enhance systems to ensure that all payments made by the Department of the Treasury on behalf of agencies pursuant to the Secretary of the Treasury's disbursing authority, including 31 U.S.C. 3321, are subject to pre-certification verification processes established by the Secretary of the Treasury and conducted by agencies and the Department of the Treasury for the purposes of defending against financial fraud and improper payments, to the greatest extent permitted by law. Such guidance shall set forth guidelines for compliance with the Do Not Pay Working System as described in 31 U.S.C. 3351 *et seq.*, and such other payment, account, and payee validation programs and services that the Secretary of the Treasury and the OMB Director determine to be beneficial for reducing financial fraud and improper payments.

(b) In accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3354, the heads of all agencies shall cooperate with the Secretary of the Treasury to fulfill their obligations to determine payment or award eligibility through pre-certification and pre-award procedures, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, including pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and section 4 of this order to prevent fraud and improper payments.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to minimize administrative barriers to accessing and using data to prevent fraud and improper payments by exercising the authority in 31 U.S.C. 3351 *et seq.* to waive the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 552(o), in consultation with the OMB Director, in any case or class of cases for computer matching activities, to the extent permissible by law.

(d) Within 90 days of the date of this order, agency heads shall review and modify, as applicable, their relevant system of records notices under the Privacy Act of 1974 to include a "routine use" that allows for the disclosure of records to the Department of the Treasury for the purposes of identifying, preventing, or recouping fraud and improper payments, to the extent permissible by law.

(e) The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the OMB Director, shall issue guidance to agency heads on the circumstances in which agency heads, to the extent permissible by law, may provide the Secretary of the Treasury with access to data necessary for the purposes of detecting and preventing fraud and improper payments, as well as data for payment information verification (and not, for example, data such as health records).

**Sec. 4. Implementation and Compliance of Payment Verification.** (a) Agency heads, through designated agency officials (Certifying Officers or COs), who are responsible for verifying that disbursements made by the Federal Government are legal, proper, and correct, and for performing the duties in 31 U.S.C. 3528, shall comply with the disbursement requirements and instructions, including pre-certification requirements, published by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall consider, as appropriate, issuing instructions to agencies to enforce the following pre-certification criteria for disbursement requests submitted by COs (Vouchers) before they are certified for payment by the CO:

(i) Funds are available at the time the obligation is incurred. If an obligation is incurred when funds are not available, then the CO shall not certify the payment.

(ii) The amount of the payment and the name of the payee on the Voucher are correct, in conformance with the Department of the Treasury's prescribed standard format.

(iii) A proper Social Security Number, Taxpayer Identification Number, Employer Identification Number, Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, or Payee ID Number is provided for each payee on the Voucher, as applicable.

(iv) The appropriation or fund from which the payment will be made is available for the purpose set forth in the Voucher and indicated with the appropriate Treasury Account Symbol/Business Event Type Code.

(v) Payees are not deceased individuals, to the greatest extent permitted by law.

(vi) The account number provided on the Voucher is held at a financial institution and is open, valid, and belongs to the payee or valid designee of payee.

(vii) Contracts or agreements are referenced on the Voucher by providing the contract number, referred to as the Procurement Instrument Identifier, where applicable.

(viii) Financial assistance awards (non-aggregate) are referenced on the Voucher by providing the award number, referred to as the Federal Award Identification Number, where applicable.

(ix) For summary schedules, the payments on the Voucher are submitted in conformance with the Department of the Treasury prescribed standard formats for such schedules.

(c) Agency heads shall submit payment files other than with respect to same-day payments to the Secretary of the Treasury or the Secretary's designee with sufficient lead time prior to the date of disbursement as determined by the Department of the Treasury and provided in the requirements and instructions issued pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section, to allow for fraud and improper payment screening, to the extent permissible by law. With respect to same-day payments, agency heads shall submit payment files to the Secretary of the Treasury or the Secretary's designee as much in advance as reasonably practicable.

(d) In issuing requirements and instructions pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of the Treasury shall consider whether it would be appropriate to provide that the Department of the Treasury's Chief Disbursing Officer return to the relevant agency for reconciliation any payments that do not pass the pre-certification verification processes established pursuant to section 3(a) of this order and notify the designated CO.

(e) The Secretary of the Treasury shall include in the guidance issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, or in other regulations or guidance, a transparent process for agencies to request exemptions from some or all of the payment verification requirements for specific payments or categories of payments.

**Sec. 5. Core Financial System Consolidation.** (a) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the OMB Director shall issue guidance that directs agencies described in 31 U.S.C. 901(b) (CFO Act agencies) to consolidate their core financial systems.

(b) As soon as practicable, but not later than 180 days of the date of this order, the OMB Director, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall issue guidance directing all non-CFO Act agencies to consolidate transactional financial management services under a single provider approved by the Department of the Treasury.

(c) As soon as practicable, all heads of CFO Act agencies shall use standard financial management solutions available through the Financial Management

Marketplace, administered by the Financial Management Quality Service Management Office.

(d) Agency heads shall ensure that core financial systems comply with Federal accounting and financial reporting standards and relevant regulations, orders, guidance documents, policy statements, and other agency actions published by the Department of the Treasury from time to time.

**Sec. 6. Reduction of NTDOs.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury shall assess whether to maintain disbursing authority that it has delegated to agencies pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3321(b) and issue notices to revoke such delegations, as appropriate, in accordance with applicable law.

(b) The heads of agencies with disbursing authority under 31 U.S.C. 3321(c), including the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Attorney General (but excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, the Supreme Court and other entities of the Federal Government outside the Executive Branch) will work with the Secretary of the Treasury to delegate the performance of their disbursing activities, other than with respect to classified payments, to the Department of the Treasury's Chief Disbursing Officer in accordance with applicable law.

(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) or (b) of this section, the Secretary of the Treasury may continue to delegate disbursing authority to NTDOs at other agencies when doing so would align with significant Government priorities. Any remaining NTDOs are required to report daily to the Department of the Treasury's centralized accounting and reporting system in accordance with then-current Department of the Treasury guidance and applicable law.

(d) The Secretary of the Treasury shall develop a plan to centralize and manage all payments previously disbursed by NTDOs, ensuring seamless continuity of Government payments.

(e) The Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with agency heads, shall establish a transition plan for agencies currently operating as NTDOs, including staffing adjustments, system integrations, and legal or regulatory modifications necessary for full consolidation.

(f) The heads of agencies with disbursing authority delegated to the agency under 33 U.S.C. 3321(b) shall decommission all internal payment systems and use the Department of the Treasury's disbursement systems, except and to the extent authorized by the Department of the Treasury or otherwise required by applicable law.

**Sec. 7. Reporting and Implementation Requirements.** (a) The heads of all agencies shall submit a compliance plan to the OMB Director within 90 days of the date of this order detailing their strategy for:

(i) transitioning disbursing authority to the Department of the Treasury, as applicable and as contemplated by this order;

(ii) updating and integrating systems with Department of the Treasury platforms;

(iii) procedures to verify payment information as contemplated by this order; and

(iv) transmitting information associated with improper payments to the Department of the Treasury in accordance with standards and reporting specifications established by the OMB Director in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury as contemplated by this order.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall submit an implementation report to the President through the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy within 180 days of the date of this order detailing progress on the matters set forth in this order.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury and agency heads shall take all necessary steps to protect classified information and systems, as well as personally

identifiable information and tax return information, through the implementation of this order.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
March 25, 2025.

[FR Doc. 2025-05524  
Filed 3-27-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14248 of March 25, 2025

### Preserving and Protecting the Integrity of American Elections

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Despite pioneering self-government, the United States now fails to enforce basic and necessary election protections employed by modern, developed nations, as well as those still developing. India and Brazil, for example, are tying voter identification to a biometric database, while the United States largely relies on self-attestation for citizenship. In tabulating votes, Germany and Canada require use of paper ballots, counted in public by local officials, which substantially reduces the number of disputes as compared to the American patchwork of voting methods that can lead to basic chain-of-custody problems. Further, while countries like Denmark and Sweden sensibly limit mail-in voting to those unable to vote in person and do not count late-arriving votes regardless of the date of postmark, many American elections now feature mass voting by mail, with many officials accepting ballots without postmarks or those received well after Election Day.

Free, fair, and honest elections unmarred by fraud, errors, or suspicion are fundamental to maintaining our constitutional Republic. The right of American citizens to have their votes properly counted and tabulated, without illegal dilution, is vital to determining the rightful winner of an election.

Under the Constitution, State governments must safeguard American elections in compliance with Federal laws that protect Americans' voting rights and guard against dilution by illegal voting, discrimination, fraud, and other forms of malfeasance and error. Yet the United States has not adequately enforced Federal election requirements that, for example, prohibit States from counting ballots received after Election Day or prohibit non-citizens from registering to vote.

Federal law establishes a uniform Election Day across the Nation for Federal elections, 2 U.S.C. 7 and 3 U.S.C. 1. It is the policy of my Administration to enforce those statutes and require that votes be cast and received by the election date established in law. As the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit recently held in *Republican National Committee v. Wetzel* (2024), those statutes set "the day by which ballots must be both cast by voters and received by state officials." Yet numerous States fail to comply with those laws by counting ballots received after Election Day. This is like allowing persons who arrive 3 days after Election Day, perhaps after a winner has been declared, to vote in person at a former voting precinct, which would be absurd. Several Federal laws, including 18 U.S.C. 1015 and 611, prohibit foreign nationals from registering to vote or voting in Federal elections. Yet States fail adequately to vet voters' citizenship, and, in recent years, the Department of Justice has failed to prioritize and devote sufficient resources for enforcement of these provisions. Even worse, the prior administration actively prevented States from removing aliens from their voter lists.

Additionally, Federal laws, such as the National Voter Registration Act (Pub. L. 103–31) and the Help America Vote Act (Pub. L. 107–252), require States to maintain an accurate and current Statewide list of every legally registered voter in the State. And the Department of Homeland Security is required to share database information with States upon request so they

can fulfill this duty. See 8 U.S.C. 1373(c). Maintaining accurate voter registration lists is a fundamental requirement in protecting voters from having their ballots voided or diluted by fraudulent votes.

Federal law, 52 U.S.C. 30121, prohibits foreign nationals from participating in Federal, State, or local elections by making any contributions or expenditures. But foreign nationals and non-governmental organizations have taken advantage of loopholes in the law's interpretation, spending millions of dollars through conduit contributions and ballot-initiative-related expenditures. This type of foreign interference in our election process undermines the franchise and the right of American citizens to govern their Republic.

Above all, elections must be honest and worthy of the public trust. That requires voting methods that produce a voter-verifiable paper record allowing voters to efficiently check their votes to protect against fraud or mistake. Election-integrity standards must be modified accordingly.

It is the policy of my Administration to enforce Federal law and to protect the integrity of our election process.

**Sec. 2. Enforcing the Citizenship Requirement for Federal Elections.** To enforce the Federal prohibition on foreign nationals voting in Federal elections:

(a)(i) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Election Assistance Commission shall take appropriate action to require, in its national mail voter registration form issued under 52 U.S.C. 20508:

(A) documentary proof of United States citizenship, consistent with 52 U.S.C. 20508(b)(3); and

(B) a State or local official to record on the form the type of document that the applicant presented as documentary proof of United States citizenship, including the date of the document's issuance, the date of the document's expiration (if any), the office that issued the document, and any unique identification number associated with the document as required by the criteria in 52 U.S.C. 21083(a)(5)(A), while taking appropriate measures to ensure information security.

(ii) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, "documentary proof of United States citizenship" shall include a copy of:

(A) a United States passport;

(B) an identification document compliant with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005 (Pub. L. 109–13, Div. B) that indicates the applicant is a citizen of the United States;

(C) an official military identification card that indicates the applicant is a citizen of the United States; or

(D) a valid Federal or State government-issued photo identification if such identification indicates that the applicant is a United States citizen or if such identification is otherwise accompanied by proof of United States citizenship.

(b) To identify unqualified voters registered in the States:

(i) the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, consistent with applicable law, ensure that State and local officials have, without the requirement of the payment of a fee, access to appropriate systems for verifying the citizenship or immigration status of individuals registering to vote or who are already registered;

(ii) the Secretary of State shall take all lawful and appropriate action to make available information from relevant databases to State and local election officials engaged in verifying the citizenship of individuals registering to vote or who are already registered; and

(iii) the Department of Homeland Security, in coordination with the DOGE Administrator, shall review each State's publicly available voter registration list and available records concerning voter list maintenance activities as

required by 52 U.S.C. 20507, alongside Federal immigration databases and State records requested, including through subpoena where necessary and authorized by law, for consistency with Federal requirements.

(c) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, consistent with applicable law, provide to the Attorney General complete information on all foreign nationals who have indicated on any immigration form that they have registered or voted in a Federal, State, or local election, and shall also take all appropriate action to submit to relevant State or local election officials such information.

(d) The head of each Federal voter registration executive department or agency (agency) under the National Voter Registration Act, 52 U.S.C. 20506(a), shall assess citizenship prior to providing a Federal voter registration form to enrollees of public assistance programs.

(e) The Attorney General shall prioritize enforcement of 18 U.S.C. 611 and 1015(f) and similar laws that restrict non-citizens from registering to vote or voting, including through use of:

- (i) databases or information maintained by the Department of Homeland Security;
- (ii) State-issued identification records and driver license databases; and
- (iii) similar records relating to citizenship.

(f) The Attorney General shall, consistent with applicable laws, coordinate with State attorneys general to assist with State-level review and prosecution of aliens unlawfully registered to vote or casting votes.

**Sec. 3. Providing Other Assistance to States Verifying Eligibility.** To assist States in determining whether individuals are eligible to register and vote:

(a) The Commissioner of Social Security shall take all appropriate action to make available the Social Security Number Verification Service, the Death Master File, and any other Federal databases containing relevant information to all State and local election officials engaged in verifying the eligibility of individuals registering to vote or who are already registered. In determining and taking such action, the Commissioner of Social Security shall ensure compliance with applicable privacy and data security laws and regulations.

(b) The Attorney General shall ensure compliance with the requirements of 52 U.S.C. 20507(g).

(c) The Attorney General shall take appropriate action with respect to States that fail to comply with the list maintenance requirements of the National Voter Registration Act and the Help America Vote Act contained in 52 U.S.C. 20507 and 52 U.S.C. 21083.

(d) The Secretary of Defense shall update the Federal Post Card Application, pursuant to the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 52 U.S.C. 20301, to require:

- (i) documentary proof of United States citizenship, as defined by section 2(a)(ii) of this order; and
- (ii) proof of eligibility to vote in elections in the State in which the voter is attempting to vote.

**Sec. 4. Improving the Election Assistance Commission.** (a) The Election Assistance Commission shall, pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 21003(b)(3) and 21142(c) and consistent with applicable law, take all appropriate action to cease providing Federal funds to States that do not comply with the Federal laws set forth in 52 U.S.C. 21145, including the requirement in 52 U.S.C. 20505(a)(1) that States accept and use the national mail voter registration form issued pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 20508(a)(1), including any requirement for documentary proof of United States citizenship adopted pursuant to section 2(a)(ii) of this order.

(b)(i) The Election Assistance Commission shall initiate appropriate action to amend the Voluntary Voting System Guidelines 2.0 and issue other appropriate guidance establishing standards for voting systems to protect election

integrity. The amended guidelines and other guidance shall provide that voting systems should not use a ballot in which a vote is contained within a barcode or quick-response code in the vote counting process except where necessary to accommodate individuals with disabilities, and should provide a voter-verifiable paper record to prevent fraud or mistake.

(ii) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Election Assistance Commission shall take appropriate action to review and, if appropriate, re-certify voting systems under the new standards established under subsection (b)(i) of this section, and to rescind all previous certifications of voting equipment based on prior standards.

(c) Following an audit of Help America Vote Act fund expenditures conducted pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 21142, the Election Assistance Commission shall report any discrepancies or issues with an audited State's certifications of compliance with Federal law to the Department of Justice for appropriate enforcement action.

(d) The Secretary of Homeland Security and the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, consistent with applicable law, shall in considering the provision of funding for State or local election offices or administrators through the Homeland Security Grant Programs, 6 U.S.C. 603 *et seq.*, heavily prioritize compliance with the Voluntary Voting System Guidelines 2.0 developed by the Election Assistance Commission and completion of testing through the Voting System Test Labs accreditation process.

**Sec. 5. Prosecuting Election Crimes.** To protect the franchise of American citizens and their right to participate in fair and honest elections:

(a) The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to enter into information-sharing agreements, to the maximum extent possible, with the chief State election official or multi-member agency of each State. These agreements shall aim to provide the Department of Justice with detailed information on all suspected violations of State and Federal election laws discovered by State officials, including information on individuals who:

- (i) registered or voted despite being ineligible or who registered multiple times;
- (ii) committed election fraud;
- (iii) provided false information on voter registration or other election forms;
- (iv) intimidated or threatened voters or election officials; or
- (v) otherwise engaged in unlawful conduct to interfere in the election process.

(b) To the extent that any States are unwilling to enter into such an information sharing agreement or refuse to cooperate in investigations and prosecutions of election crimes, the Attorney General shall:

(i) prioritize enforcement of Federal election integrity laws in such States to ensure election integrity given the State's demonstrated unwillingness to enter into an information-sharing agreement or to cooperate in investigations and prosecutions; and

(ii) review for potential withholding of grants and other funds that the Department awards and distributes, in the Department's discretion, to State and local governments for law enforcement and other purposes, as consistent with applicable law.

(c) The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to align the Department of Justice's litigation positions with the purpose and policy of this order.

**Sec. 6. Improving Security of Voting Systems.** To improve the security of all voting equipment and systems used to cast ballots, tabulate votes, and report results:

(a) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate actions to the extent permitted by 42 U.S.C. 5195c

and all other applicable law, so long as the Department of Homeland Security maintains the designation of election infrastructure as critical infrastructure, as defined by 42 U.S.C. 5195c(e), to prevent all non-citizens from being involved in the administration of any Federal election, including by accessing election equipment, ballots, or any other relevant materials used in the conduct of any Federal election.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall, in coordination with the Election Assistance Commission and to the maximum extent possible, review and report on the security of all electronic systems used in the voter registration and voting process. The Secretary of Homeland Security, as the head of the designated Sector Risk Management Agency under 6 U.S.C. 652a, in coordination with the Election Assistance Commission, shall assess the security of all such systems to the extent they are connected to, or integrated into, the Internet and report on the risk of such systems being compromised through malicious software and unauthorized intrusions into the system.

**Sec. 7. Compliance with Federal Law Setting the National Election Day.** To achieve full compliance with the Federal laws that set the uniform day for appointing Presidential electors and electing members of Congress:

(a) The Attorney General shall take all necessary action to enforce 2 U.S.C. 7 and 3 U.S.C. 1 against States that violate these provisions by including absentee or mail-in ballots received after Election Day in the final tabulation of votes for the appointment of Presidential electors and the election of members of the United States Senate and House of Representatives.

(b) Consistent with 52 U.S.C. 21001(b) and other applicable law, the Election Assistance Commission shall condition any available funding to a State on that State's compliance with the requirement in 52 U.S.C. 21081(a)(6) that each State adopt uniform and nondiscriminatory standards within that State that define what constitutes a vote and what will be counted as a vote, including that, as prescribed in 2 U.S.C. 7 and 3 U.S.C. 1, there be a uniform and nondiscriminatory ballot receipt deadline of Election Day for all methods of voting, excluding ballots cast in accordance with 52 U.S.C. 20301 *et seq.*, after which no additional votes may be cast.

**Sec. 8. Preventing Foreign Interference and Unlawful Use of Federal Funds.** The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prioritize enforcement of 52 U.S.C. 30121 and other appropriate laws to prevent foreign nationals from contributing or donating in United States elections. The Attorney General shall likewise prioritize enforcement of 31 U.S.C. 1352, which prohibits lobbying by organizations or entities that have received any Federal funds.

**Sec. 9. Federal Actions to Address Executive Order 14019.** The heads of all agencies, and the Election Assistance Commission, shall cease all agency actions implementing Executive Order 14019 of March 7, 2021 (Promoting Access to Voting), which was revoked by Executive Order 14148 of on January 20, 2025 (Initial Rescissions of Harmful Executive Orders and Actions), and, within 90 days of the date of this order, submit to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, a report describing compliance with this order.

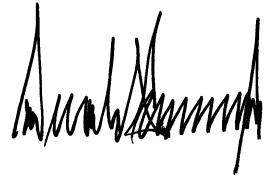
**Sec. 10. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any agency, person, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other agencies, persons, or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 11. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 25, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05523  
Filed 3-27-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14247 of March 25, 2025

#### Modernizing Payments To and From America's Bank Account

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The continued use of paper-based payments by the Federal Government, including checks and money orders, flowing into and out of the United States General Fund, which might be thought of as America's bank account, imposes unnecessary costs; delays; and risks of fraud, lost payments, theft, and inefficiencies. Mail theft complaints have increased substantially since the COVID-19 pandemic. Historically, Department of the Treasury checks are 16 times more likely to be reported lost or stolen, returned undeliverable, or altered than an electronic funds transfer (EFT). Maintaining the physical infrastructure and specialized technology for digitizing paper records cost the American taxpayer over \$657 million in Fiscal Year 2024 alone.

This order promotes operational efficiency by mandating the transition to electronic payments for all Federal disbursements and receipts by digitizing payments to the extent permissible under applicable law (but not, for avoidance of doubt, to establish a Central Bank Digital Currency).

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to defend against financial fraud and improper payments, increase efficiency, reduce costs, and enhance the security of Federal payments.

**Sec. 3. Phase Out of Paper Check Disbursements and Receipts.** (a) Effective September 30, 2025, and to the extent permitted by law, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cease issuing paper checks for all Federal disbursements inclusive of intragovernmental payments, benefits payments, vendor payments, and tax refunds, except as specified in section 4 of this order.

(b) All executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall comply with this directive by transitioning to EFT methods, including direct deposit, prepaid card accounts, and other digital payment options, and take all steps necessary to enroll recipients in EFT payments, except as specified in section 4 of this order.

(c) As soon as practicable, and to the extent permitted by law, all payments made to the Federal Government shall be processed electronically, except as specified in section 4 of this order.

(d) The Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take appropriate action to eliminate the need for the Department of the Treasury's physical lockbox services and expedite requirements to receive the payment of Federal receipts, including fees, fines, loans, and taxes, through electronic means except as specified in section 4 of this order.

(e) The Secretary of the Treasury shall support agencies' transition to digital payment methods, including by providing access through the Department of the Treasury's centralized payment systems to:

- (i) direct deposits;
- (ii) debit and credit card payments;
- (iii) digital wallets and real-time payment systems; and

(iv) other modern electronic payment options.

**Sec. 4. Exceptions and Accommodations for the Phase Out of Paper Check Disbursements and Receipts.** (a) The Secretary of the Treasury, shall review and, as appropriate, revise procedures for granting limited exceptions where electronic payment and collection methods are not feasible, including exceptions for:

- (i) individuals who do not have access to banking services or electronic payment systems;
- (ii) certain emergency payments where electronic disbursement would cause undue hardship, as contemplated in 31 C.F.R. Part 208;
- (iii) national security- or law enforcement-related activities where non-EFT transactions are necessary or desirable; and
- (iv) other circumstances as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, as reflected in regulations or other guidance.

(b) Individuals or entities qualifying for an exception under this section or other applicable law shall be provided alternative payment options.

**Sec. 5. Implementation and Compliance of Electronic Transactions.** (a) The Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination with the heads of agencies, shall develop and implement a comprehensive public awareness campaign to inform Federal payment recipients of the transition to electronic payments, including guidance on accessing and setting up digital payment options.

(b) Agencies shall coordinate with the Department of the Treasury to facilitate a smooth transition to digital payments, ensuring that affected individuals and entities receive adequate support.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury shall work with financial institutions, consumer groups, and other stakeholders to address financial access for unbanked and underbanked populations.

(d) The Secretary of the Treasury and the heads of agencies shall take all necessary steps to protect classified information and systems, as well as personally identifiable information and tax return information, through the implementation of this order.

**Sec. 6. Reporting Requirements.** (a) The heads of agencies shall submit a compliance plan to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget within 90 days of the date of this order detailing their strategy for eliminating paper-based transactions.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall submit an implementation report to the President through the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy within 180 days of the date of this order detailing progress on the matters set forth in this order.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 25, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05522  
Filed 3-27-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14246 of March 25, 2025**

**Addressing Risks From Jenner & Block**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** My Administration is committed to addressing the significant risks associated with law firms, particularly so-called “Big Law” firms, that engage in conduct detrimental to critical American interests. Many firms take actions that threaten public safety and national security, limit constitutional freedoms, degrade the quality of American elections, or undermine bedrock American principles. Moreover, law firms regularly conduct this harmful activity through their powerful pro bono practices, earmarking hundreds of millions of their clients’ dollars for destructive causes, that often directly or indirectly harm their own clients. Lawyers and law firms that engage in such egregious conduct should not have access to our Nation’s secrets, nor should such conduct be subsidized by Federal taxpayer funds or contracts.

Jenner & Block LLP (Jenner) is yet another law firm that has abandoned the profession’s highest ideals, condoned partisan “lawfare,” and abused its pro bono practice to engage in activities that undermine justice and the interests of the United States. For example, Jenner engages in obvious partisan representations to achieve political ends, supports attacks against women and children based on a refusal to accept the biological reality of sex, and backs the obstruction of efforts to prevent illegal aliens from committing horrific crimes and trafficking deadly drugs within our borders. Moreover, Jenner discriminates against its employees based on race and other categories prohibited by civil rights laws, including through the use of race-based “targets.”

In addition, Jenner was “thrilled” to re-hire the unethical Andrew Weissmann after his time engaging in partisan prosecution as part of Robert Mueller’s entirely unjustified investigation. Andrew Weissmann’s career has been rooted in weaponized government and abuse of power, including devastating tens of thousands of American families who worked for the now defunct Arthur Andersen LLP, only to have his unlawfully aggressive prosecution overturned by the Supreme Court. The numerous reports of Weissmann’s dishonesty, including pursuit of nonexistent crimes, bribery to foreign nationals, and overt demand that the Federal Government pursue a political agenda against me, is a concerning indictment of Jenner’s values and priorities.

**Sec. 2. Security Clearance Review.** (a) The Attorney General, the Director of National Intelligence, and all other relevant heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall immediately take steps consistent with applicable law to suspend any active security clearances held by individuals at Jenner pending a review of whether such clearances are consistent with the national interest.

(b) The Office of Management and Budget shall identify all Government goods, property, material, and services, including Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities, provided for the benefit of Jenner. The heads of agencies providing such material or services shall, to the extent permitted by law, expeditiously cease such provision.

**Sec. 3. Contracting.** (a) To prevent the transfer of taxpayer dollars to Federal contractors whose earnings subsidize, among other things, activities that are not aligned with American interests, including racial discrimination,

Government contracting agencies shall, to the extent permissible by law, require Government contractors to disclose any business they do with Jenner and whether that business is related to the subject of the Government contract.

(b) The heads of agencies shall review all contracts with Jenner or with entities that do business with Jenner under subsection (a) of this section. To the extent permitted by law, the heads of agencies shall:

(i) take appropriate steps to terminate any contract, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, including the Federal Acquisition Regulation, for which Jenner has been hired to perform any service; and

(ii) otherwise align their agency funding decisions with the interests of the citizens of the United States; with the goals and priorities of my Administration as expressed in executive actions, especially Executive Order 14147 of January 20, 2025 (Ending the Weaponization of the Federal Government); and as heads of agencies deem appropriate. Within 30 days of the date of this order, agencies shall submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget an assessment of contracts with Jenner or with entities that do business with Jenner effective as of the date of this order and any actions taken with respect to those contracts in accordance with this order.

**Sec. 4. Racial Discrimination.** Nothing in this order shall be construed to limit the action authorized by section 4 of Executive Order 14230 of March 6, 2025 (Addressing Risks from Perkins Coie LLP).

**Sec. 5. Personnel.** (a) The heads of agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide guidance limiting official access from Federal Government buildings to employees of Jenner when such access would threaten the national security of or otherwise be inconsistent with the interests of the United States. In addition, the heads of agencies shall provide guidance limiting Government employees acting in their official capacity from engaging with Jenner employees, including but not limited to Andrew Weissmann, to ensure consistency with the national security and other interests of the United States.

(b) Agency officials shall, to the extent permitted by law, refrain from hiring employees of Jenner, including but not limited to Andrew Weissmann, absent a waiver from the head of the agency, made in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, that such hire will not threaten the national security of the United States.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 25, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05519  
Filed 3-27-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14245 of March 24, 2025

#### Imposing Tariffs on Countries Importing Venezuelan Oil

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, and in view of the national emergency declared with respect to Venezuela in Executive Order 13692 of March 8, 2015 (Blocking Property and Suspending Entry of Certain Persons Contributing to the Situation in Venezuela), as continued most recently in the notice of February 27, 2025 (Continuation of the National Emergency with Respect to Venezuela), I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, find that the actions and policies of the regime of Nicolás Maduro in Venezuela continue to pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States. The activities of the Tren de Aragua gang, a transnational criminal organization originating in Venezuela and designated as a Foreign Terrorist Organization and a Specially Designated Global Terrorist organization, have intensified this threat, as highlighted in Proclamation 10903 of March 14, 2025 (Invocation of the Alien Enemies Act Regarding the Invasion of the United States by Tren De Aragua). Furthermore, Venezuela's ongoing destabilizing actions, including its support for illicit activities, necessitate further economic measures to protect United States interests.

In light of these circumstances, and to address the continued national emergency with respect to Venezuela that forms the basis for Executive Order 13692 and subsequent orders, I hereby order:

**Section 1. Findings.** (a) The Tren de Aragua gang, a transnational criminal organization with origins in Venezuela, has been designated as a Foreign Terrorist Organization by the United States due to its extensive involvement in terrorist activities such as kidnapping and violent attacks, including the assassination of a Venezuelan opposition figure, that destabilize communities across the Western Hemisphere. The prior administration's open-borders policies facilitated the infiltration of the United States by members of Tren de Aragua, allowing these dangerous criminals to establish a foothold within United States cities and prey upon American citizens. The Maduro regime aided and facilitated the influx of Tren de Aragua members into the United States during the prior administration by failing to control its borders, permitting the gang's operations to flourish within Venezuela, and refusing to take action against its members, thereby exacerbating the illegal immigration crisis.

(b) Existing sanctions on Venezuela, including those imposed in Executive Order 13692, Executive Order 13808 of August 24, 2017 (Imposing Additional Sanctions with Respect to the Situation in Venezuela), Executive Order 13850 of November 1, 2018 (Blocking Property of Additional Persons Contributing to the Situation in Venezuela), and Executive Order 13884 of August 5, 2019 (Blocking Property of the Government of Venezuela), remain in effect. The actions and policies of the Maduro regime that were the basis for those orders continue to pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States. These actions include:

- (i) The systematic undermining of democratic institutions through the suppression of free and fair elections and the illegitimate consolidation of power by the regime of Nicolás Maduro;
- (ii) Endemic economic mismanagement and public corruption at the expense of the Venezuelan people and their prosperity;
- (iii) The regime's responsibility for the deepening humanitarian and public health crisis in Venezuela; and
- (iv) The destabilization of the Western Hemisphere through the forced migration of millions of Venezuelans, imposing significant burdens on neighboring countries.

**Sec. 2. Imposition of Tariffs.** (a) On or after April 2, 2025, a tariff of 25 percent may be imposed on all goods imported into the United States from any country that imports Venezuelan oil, whether directly from Venezuela or indirectly through third parties. Duties imposed by this order will be supplemental to duties on imports already imposed pursuant to IEEPA, section 232 of the Trade Expansion of 1962, section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974, or any other authority.

(b) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, is hereby authorized to determine in his discretion whether the tariff of 25 percent will be imposed on goods from any country that imports Venezuelan oil, directly or indirectly, on or after April 2, 2025.

(c) Once imposed on a country at the Secretary of State's discretion, the tariff of 25 percent shall expire 1 year after the last date on which the country imported Venezuelan oil, or at an earlier date if the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, so determines at his discretion.

**Sec. 3. Administration and Enforcement.** (a) The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the United States Trade Representative, is hereby authorized to impose the tariffs established by this order.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, is hereby authorized to:

- (i) Determine whether a country has imported Venezuelan oil, directly or indirectly;
- (ii) Issue regulations, guidance, and determinations as necessary to implement this order;
- (iii) Coordinate with the heads of other executive departments and agencies to ensure compliance; and
- (iv) Take any additional actions consistent with applicable law to carry out the purposes of this order.

(c) Any prior Presidential Proclamation, Executive Order, or other Presidential directive or guidance that is inconsistent with the direction in this order is hereby terminated, suspended, or modified to the extent necessary to give full effect to this order.

(d) Any other Presidential Proclamation, Executive Order, or other Presidential directive or guidance that applies to Venezuela or a country subject to a tariff under section 2 of this order remains in full effect, except to the extent specified in subsection (c) of this section.

(e) If the Secretary of State, at his discretion, decides to impose a tariff under section 2 of this order on China, that tariff shall also apply to both the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the Macau Special Administrative Region, as a measure to reduce the risk of transshipment and evasion.

**Sec. 4. Reporting and Review.** The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce shall submit periodic reports to the President, within 180

days of the date of this order and no less than every 180 days thereafter, assessing the effectiveness of the tariffs described in this order and the ongoing conduct of the Maduro regime.

**Sec. 5. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) The term “Venezuelan oil” means crude oil or petroleum products extracted, refined, or exported from Venezuela, regardless of the nationality of the entity involved in the production or sale of such crude oil or petroleum products.

(b) The term “indirectly” includes purchases of Venezuelan oil through intermediaries or third countries where the origin of the oil can reasonably be traced to Venezuela, as determined by the Secretary of Commerce.

**Sec. 6. Effective Date.** This order is effective at 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on April 2, 2025.

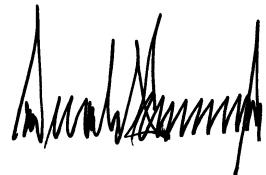
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) The authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) The functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BOLTON".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
March 24, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14244 of March 21, 2025**

**Addressing Remedial Action by Paul Weiss**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** On March 14, 2025, I signed Executive Order 14237 (Addressing Risks from Paul Weiss) to address certain issues related to Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP (Paul Weiss). I noted that “[g]lobal law firms have for years played an outsized role in undermining the judicial process and in the destruction of bedrock American principles.” Paul Weiss is one of many law firms that have participated in this harmful activity.

Earlier this week, though, Paul Weiss indicated that it will engage in a remarkable change of course. Specifically, Paul Weiss has acknowledged the wrongdoing of its former partner Mark Pomerantz, and it has agreed to a number of policy changes to promote equality, justice, and the principles that keep our Nation strong, including: adopting a policy of political neutrality with respect to client selection and attorney hiring; taking on a wide range of pro bono matters representing the full political spectrum; committing to merit-based hiring, promotion, and retention, instead of “diversity, equity, and inclusion” policies; dedicating the equivalent of \$40 million in pro bono legal services during my term in office to support causes including assisting our Nation’s veterans, fairness in the justice system, and combating anti-Semitism; and other similar initiatives.

This development should give Americans hope. If the legal profession dedicates a fraction of its energy to bringing justice to local communities, unleashing hard-working businesses, strengthening the American family, and unifying our Nation, all Americans will benefit.

**Sec. 2. Revocation** I hereby revoke Executive Order 14237 of March 14, 2025 (Addressing Risks from Paul Weiss).

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 21, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05291  
Filed 3-25-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14243 of March 20, 2025

### **Stopping Waste, Fraud, and Abuse by Eliminating Information Silos**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Purpose. Removing unnecessary barriers to Federal employees accessing Government data and promoting inter-agency data sharing are important steps toward eliminating bureaucratic duplication and inefficiency while enhancing the Government's ability to detect overpayments and fraud.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** (a) "Agency" has the meaning given to it in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code, except that such term does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.

(b) "Agency Head" means the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, or Director. With respect to multimember agencies, "Agency Head" means the Chairman or equivalent official.

**Sec. 3. Eliminating Information Silos.** (a) Agency Heads shall take all necessary steps, to the maximum extent consistent with law, to ensure Federal officials designated by the President or Agency Heads (or their designees) have full and prompt access to all unclassified agency records, data, software systems, and information technology systems—or their equivalents if providing access to an equivalent dataset does not delay access—for purposes of pursuing Administration priorities related to the identification and elimination of waste, fraud, and abuse. This includes authorizing and facilitating both the intra- and inter-agency sharing and consolidation of unclassified agency records.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, Agency Heads shall, to the maximum extent consistent with law, rescind or modify all agency guidance that serves as a barrier to the inter- or intra-agency sharing of unclassified information specified in subsection (a) of this section. Agency Heads shall also review agency regulations governing unclassified data access, including system of records notices, and, within 30 days of the date of this order, submit a report to the Office of Management and Budget cataloging those regulations and recommending whether any should be eliminated or modified to achieve the goals set forth in this order. Regulatory modifications pursuant to this order are exempt from Executive Order 14192.

(c) Immediately upon execution of this order, Agency Heads shall take all necessary steps, to the maximum extent consistent with law, to ensure the Federal Government has unfettered access to comprehensive data from all State programs that receive Federal funding, including, as appropriate, data generated by those programs but maintained in third-party databases.

(d) Immediately upon execution of this order and without limiting the above directives, the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary's designees shall receive, to the maximum extent consistent with law, unfettered access to all unemployment data and related payment records, including all such data and records currently available to the Department of Labor's Office of Inspector General.

(e) This order supersedes any prior Executive Orders and rules or regulations subject to direct Presidential rulemaking authority to the extent they

serve as a barrier to the inter- or intra-agency sharing of unclassified information as specified in this order.

(f) Agency Heads shall conduct a review of classified information policies to determine whether they result in the classification of materials beyond what is necessary to protect critical national security interests and, within 45 days of the date of this order, submit a report to the Office of Management and Budget cataloguing those classified information policies and recommending whether any should be eliminated or modified to achieve the goals set forth in this order.

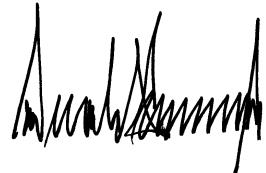
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*Washington, March 20, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14242 of March 20, 2025

### Improving Education Outcomes by Empowering Parents, States, and Communities

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to enable parents, teachers, and communities to best ensure student success, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Our Nation's bright future relies on empowered families, engaged communities, and excellent educational opportunities for every child. Unfortunately, the experiment of controlling American education through Federal programs and dollars—and the unaccountable bureaucracy those programs and dollars support—has plainly failed our children, our teachers, and our families.

Taxpayers spent around \$200 billion at the Federal level on schools during the COVID-19 pandemic, on top of the more than \$60 billion they spend annually on Federal school funding. This money is largely distributed by one of the newest Cabinet agencies, the Department of Education, which has existed for less than one fifth of our Nation's history. The Congress created the Department of Education in 1979 at the urging of President Jimmy Carter, who received a first-ever Presidential endorsement from the country's largest teachers' union shortly after pledging to the union his support for a separate Department of Education. Since then, the Department of Education has entrenched the education bureaucracy and sought to convince America that Federal control over education is beneficial. While the Department of Education does not educate anyone, it maintains a public relations office that includes over 80 staffers at a cost of more than \$10 million per year.

Closing the Department of Education would provide children and their families the opportunity to escape a system that is failing them. Today, American reading and math scores are near historical lows. This year's National Assessment of Educational Progress showed that 70 percent of 8th graders were below proficient in reading, and 72 percent were below proficient in math. The Federal education bureaucracy is not working.

Closure of the Department of Education would drastically improve program implementation in higher education. The Department of Education currently manages a student loan debt portfolio of more than \$1.6 trillion. This means the Federal student aid program is roughly the size of one of the Nation's largest banks, Wells Fargo. But although Wells Fargo has more than 200,000 employees, the Department of Education has fewer than 1,500 in its Office of Federal Student Aid. The Department of Education is not a bank, and it must return bank functions to an entity equipped to serve America's students.

Ultimately, the Department of Education's main functions can, and should, be returned to the States.

**Sec. 2. Closing the Department of Education and Returning Authority to the States.** (a) The Secretary of Education shall, to the maximum extent appropriate and permitted by law, take all necessary steps to facilitate the closure of the Department of Education and return authority over education to the States and local communities while ensuring the effective and uninterrupted delivery of services, programs, and benefits on which Americans rely.

(b) Consistent with the Department of Education's authorities, the Secretary of Education shall ensure that the allocation of any Federal Department of Education funds is subject to rigorous compliance with Federal law and Administration policy, including the requirement that any program or activity receiving Federal assistance terminate illegal discrimination obscured under the label "diversity, equity, and inclusion" or similar terms and programs promoting gender ideology.

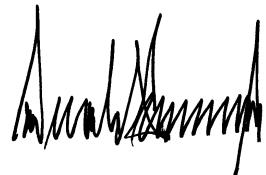
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*Washington, March 20, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14241 of March 20, 2025

### Immediate Measures To Increase American Mineral Production

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States possesses vast mineral resources that can create jobs, fuel prosperity, and significantly reduce our reliance on foreign nations. Transportation, infrastructure, defense capabilities, and the next generation of technology rely upon a secure, predictable, and affordable supply of minerals. The United States was once the world's largest producer of lucrative minerals, but overbearing Federal regulation has eroded our Nation's mineral production. Our national and economic security are now acutely threatened by our reliance upon hostile foreign powers' mineral production. It is imperative for our national security that the United States take immediate action to facilitate domestic mineral production to the maximum possible extent.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) "Mineral" means a critical mineral, as defined by 30 U.S.C. 1606(a)(3), as well as uranium, copper, potash, gold, and any other element, compound or material as determined by the Chair of the National Energy Dominance Council (NEDC).

(b) "Mineral production" means the mining, processing, refining, and smelting of minerals, and the production of processed critical minerals and other derivative products.

(c) The term "processed minerals" refers to minerals that have undergone the activities that occur after mineral ore is extracted from a mine up through its conversion into a metal, metal powder, or a master alloy. These activities specifically occur beginning from the point at which ores are converted into oxide concentrates, separated into oxides, and converted into metals, metal powders, and master alloys.

(d) The term "derivative products" includes all goods that incorporate processed minerals as inputs. These goods include semi-finished goods (such as semiconductor wafers, anodes, and cathodes) as well as final products (such as permanent magnets, motors, electric vehicles, batteries, smartphones, microprocessors, radar systems, wind turbines and their components, and advanced optical devices).

**Sec. 3. Priority Projects.** (a) Within 10 days of the date of this order, the head of each executive department and agency (agency) involved in the permitting of mineral production in the United States shall provide to the Chair of the NEDC a list of all mineral production projects for which a plan of operations, a permit application, or other application for approval has been submitted to such agency. Within 10 days of the submission of such lists, the head of each such agency shall, in coordination with the Chair of the NEDC, identify priority projects that can be immediately approved or for which permits can be immediately issued, and take all necessary or appropriate actions within the agency's authority to expedite and issue the relevant permits or approvals.

(b) Within 15 days of the date of this order, the Chair of the NEDC, in consultation with the heads of relevant agencies, shall submit to the

Executive Director of the Permitting Council mineral production projects to be considered as transparency projects on the Permitting Dashboard established under section 41003 of title 41 of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act, Public Law 114–94, 129 Stat. 1748. Within 15 days of receiving the submission, the Executive Director shall publish any projects selected and establish schedules for expedited review.

(c) The Chair of the NEDC, in consultation with relevant agencies, shall issue a request for information to solicit industry feedback on regulatory bottlenecks and other recommended strategies for expediting domestic mineral production.

**Sec. 4. Mining Act of 1872.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Chair of the NEDC and the Director of the Office of Legislative Affairs shall jointly prepare and submit recommendations to the President for the Congress to clarify the treatment of waste rock, tailings, and mine waste disposal under the Mining Act of 1872.

**Sec. 5. Land Use for Mineral Projects.** (a) Within 10 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior shall identify and provide the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs with a list of all Federal lands known to hold mineral deposits and reserves. The Secretary of the Interior shall prioritize mineral production and mining related purposes as the primary land uses in these areas, consistent with applicable law. Land use plans under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act shall provide for mineral production and ancillary uses, and be amended or revised as necessary, to support the intent of this order.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Energy shall identify as many sites as possible on Federal land managed by their respective agencies that may be suitable for leasing or development pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2667, 42 U.S.C. 7256, or other applicable authorities, for the construction and operation of private commercial mineral production enterprises and provide such list to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Chair of the NEDC. The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Energy shall prioritize including sites on such lists on which mineral production projects could be fully permitted and operational as soon as possible and have the greatest potential effect on robustness of the domestic mineral supply chain.

(c) The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall enter into extended use leases as authorized by 10 U.S.C. 2667 or by 42 U.S.C. 7256(a) respectively, or using any other authority they deem appropriate, with private entities to advance the installation of commercial mineral production enterprises on the lands identified pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. The installation of such commercial mineral production enterprises may be accomplished through development and construction or via modification of existing structures to be compatible with commercial requirements.

(d) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall coordinate with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, and the head of any other agency that provides or can provide loans, capital assistance, technical assistance, and working capital to domestic mineral production project sponsors to ensure that all private parties who enter into lease and commercial agreements under subsection (c) of this section can utilize as many favorable terms and conditions as are available under public assistance programs for these purposes, consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 6. Accelerating Private and Public Capital Investment.** (a) The Secretary of Defense shall utilize the National Security Capital Forum to facilitate

the introduction of entities to pair private capital with commercially viable domestic mineral production projects to the maximum possible extent.

(b) To address the national emergency declared pursuant to Executive Order 14156 of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Energy Emergency), I hereby waive the requirements of 50 U.S.C. 4533(a)(1) through (a)(6). By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby delegate to the Secretary of Defense the authority of the President conferred by section 303 of the Defense Production Act (DPA) (50 U.S.C. 4533). The Secretary of Defense may use the authority under section 303 of the DPA, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Energy, the Chair of the NEDC, and the heads of other agencies as the Secretary of Defense deems appropriate, for the domestic production and facilitation of strategic resources the Secretary of Defense deems necessary or appropriate to advance domestic mineral production in the United States. Further, within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall add mineral production as a priority industrial capability development area for the Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment Program.

(c) Agencies that are empowered to make loans, loan guarantees, grants, equity investments, or to conclude offtake agreements to advance national security in securing vital mineral supply chains, both domestically and abroad, shall, to the extent permitted by law, take steps to rescind any policies that require an applicant to complete and submit to the agency as part of an application for such funds the disclosures that are required by Regulation S-K part 1300.

(d) To address the national emergency declared pursuant to Executive Order 14156, I hereby waive the requirements of 50 U.S.C. 4531(d)(1)(a)(ii), 4532(d)(1)(B), and 4533(a)(1) through (a)(6). By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby delegate to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the United States International Development Finance Corporation (DFC) the authority of the President conferred by sections 301, 302, and 303 of the DPA (50 U.S.C. 4531, 4532, and 4533), and the authority to implement the DPA in 50 U.S.C. 4554, 4555, 4556, and 4560. The CEO of the DFC may use the authority under sections 301, 302 and 303 of the DPA, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Energy, the Chair of the NEDC, and the heads of other agencies as the CEO deems appropriate, for the domestic production and facilitation of strategic resources the CEO deems necessary or appropriate to advance mineral production. The loan authority delegated by this order is limited to loans that create, maintain, protect, expand, or restore domestic mineral production. Loans, loan guarantees, and political risk insurance extended using the authority delegated by this subsection shall be made in accordance with the principles and guidelines outlined in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11 and OMB Circular A-129, in each case subject to such exceptions as the Director of OMB grants, and the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990, as amended (2 U.S.C. 661 *et seq.*). The CEO of the DFC, in coordination with the Director of OMB, shall adopt appropriate rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement this order in coordination with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy.

(e) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the CEO of the DFC and the Secretary of Defense shall develop and propose a plan to the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs for the DFC to use Department of Defense investment authorities (including the DPA) and the Department of Defense Office of Strategic Capital to establish a dedicated mineral and mineral production fund for domestic investments executed by the DFC. Any such fund shall be implemented pursuant to such plan only after approval by each of the Secretary of Defense, the CEO of the DFC, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs. Pursuant to

the reimbursement authorities in the Economy Act, the Secretary of Defense shall transfer to the DFC any appropriated funds from the Defense Production Act Fund or from the Office of Strategic Capital necessary to reimburse the DFC in connection with its services performed on behalf of and in coordination with the Department of Defense to implement subsection (d) of this section and this subsection. In connection with such reimbursements, the Secretary of Defense shall direct the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to defer to the credit and underwriting policies of the DFC with respect to the use of such funds by the DFC.

(f) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the President of the Export-Import Bank shall release recommended program guidance for the use of mineral and mineral production financing tools authorized under the Supply Chain Resiliency Initiative to secure United States offtake of global raw mineral feedstock for domestic minerals processing, as well as under the Make More in America Initiative to support domestic mineral production.

(g) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy shall convene buyers of minerals and work towards an announced request for bids to supply the minerals.

(h) Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall prepare and submit through the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy recommendations for legislation to enhance private-public capital activities to support financings to domestic small businesses engaged in mineral production. The Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall further take steps to promulgate such regulations, rules, and guidance as the Administrator determines are necessary or appropriate for such purposes.

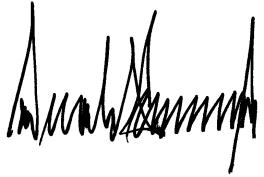
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*Washington, March 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05212  
Filed 3-24-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14240 of March 20, 2025**

## **Eliminating Waste and Saving Taxpayer Dollars by Consolidating Procurement**

**Section 1. Policy.** The Federal Government spends approximately \$490 billion per year on Federal contracts for common goods and services—the types of goods and services purchased by nearly every executive department and agency (agencies)—making it the largest buyer of goods and services in the world. As a matter of sound management, these standardized procurement functions should be carried out in the most efficient and effective manner possible for the American taxpayer.

The General Services Administration was established in 1949 through the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act, 40 U.S.C. 101 *et seq.*, to provide “an economical and efficient system” for the core procurement services for agencies (40 U.S.C. 101). It is time to return the General Services Administration to its original purpose, rather than continuing to have multiple agencies and agency subcomponents separately carry out these same functions in an uncoordinated and less economical fashion.

Consolidating domestic Federal procurement in the General Services Administration—the agency designed to conduct procurement—will eliminate waste and duplication, while enabling agencies to focus on their core mission of delivering the best possible services for the American people.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

- (a) “Administrator” means the Administrator of General Services.
- (b) “Agency” has the meaning given to it in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code, except that such term does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.
- (c) “Agency head” means the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, or Director.
- (d) “Common goods and services” means the common Government-wide categories defined by the Category Management Leadership Council led by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).
- (e) “Indefinite delivery contract vehicle” means an agreement through which an agency can order goods and services over a defined period without setting forth quantities or a delivery schedule up front.

**Sec. 3. Procurement Consolidation.** (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, agency heads shall, in consultation with the agency’s senior procurement officials, submit to the Administrator proposals, pursuant to 40 U.S.C. 101, 40 U.S.C. 501, or other relevant authorities, to have the General Services Administration conduct domestic procurement with respect to common goods and services for the agency, where permitted by law.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Administrator shall submit a comprehensive plan to the Director of OMB for the General Services Administration to procure common goods and services across the domestic components of the Government, where permitted by law.

(c) Within 30 days of the date of this order, pursuant to the authority in 40 U.S.C. 11302(e), the Director of OMB shall designate the Administrator as the executive agent for all Government-wide acquisition contracts for information technology. The Administrator, in consultation with the Director

of OMB, shall defer or decline the executive agent designation for Government-wide acquisition contracts for information technology when necessary to ensure continuity of service or as otherwise appropriate. The Administrator shall further, on an ongoing basis and consistent with applicable law, rationalize Government-wide indefinite delivery contract vehicles for information technology for agencies across the Government, including as part of identifying and eliminating contract duplication, redundancy, and other inefficiencies.

(d) Within 14 days of the date of this order, the Director of OMB shall issue a memorandum to agencies implementing subsection (c) of this section.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*Washington, March 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-05197]

Filed 3-24-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14239 of March 18, 2025

### Achieving Efficiency Through State and Local Preparedness

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Commonsense approaches and investments by State and local governments across American infrastructure will enhance national security and create a more resilient Nation. Federal policy must rightly recognize that preparedness is most effectively owned and managed at the State, local, and even individual levels, supported by a competent, accessible, and efficient Federal Government. Citizens are the immediate beneficiaries of sound local decisions and investments designed to address risks, including cyber attacks, wildfires, hurricanes, and space weather. When States are empowered to make smart infrastructure choices, taxpayers benefit.

This order empowers State, local, and individual preparedness and injects common sense into infrastructure prioritization and strategic investments through risk-informed decisions that make our infrastructure, communities, and economy resilient to global and dynamic threats and hazards.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that State and local governments and individuals play a more active and significant role in national resilience and preparedness, thereby saving American lives, securing American livelihoods, reducing taxpayer burdens through efficiency, and unleashing our collective prosperity. In addition, it is the policy of the United States that my Administration streamline its preparedness operations; update relevant Government policies to reduce complexity and better protect and serve Americans; and enable State and local governments to better understand, plan for, and ultimately address the needs of their citizens.

**Sec. 3. Updating Federal Policy to Save Lives and End the Subsidization of Mismanagement.** (a) National Resilience Strategy. Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs (APNSA), in coordination with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy and the heads of relevant executive departments and agencies (agencies), shall publish a National Resilience Strategy that articulates the priorities, means, and ways to advance the resilience of the Nation. The National Resilience Strategy shall be reviewed and revised at least every 4 years, or as appropriate.

(b) National Critical Infrastructure Policy. Within 180 days of the date of this order, the APNSA, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy and the heads of relevant agencies, shall review all critical infrastructure policies and recommend to the President the revisions, recissions, and replacements necessary to achieve a more resilient posture; shift from an all-hazards approach to a risk-informed approach; move beyond information sharing to action; and implement the National Resilience Strategy described in subsection (a) of this section. For purposes of this order, critical infrastructure policies do not include any policies related to purported “misinformation,” “disinformation,” or “malinformation,” nor so-called “cognitive infrastructure,” which should be reevaluated consistent with the policy set forth in Executive Order 14149 of January 20, 2025 (Restoring Freedom of Speech and Ending Federal Censorship), through a separate process. The policies to be reviewed and recommended for modification, as appropriate, include:

(i) National Security Memorandum 16 of November 10, 2022 (Strengthening the Security and Resilience of United States Food and Agriculture);

(ii) National Security Memorandum 22 of April 30, 2024 (Critical Infrastructure Security and Resilience);

(iii) Executive Order 14017 of February 24, 2021 (America's Supply Chains); and

(iv) Executive Order 14123 of June 14, 2024 (White House Council on Supply Chain Resilience).

(c) National Continuity Policy. Within 180 days of the date of this order, the APNSA, in coordination with the heads of relevant agencies, shall review all national continuity policies and recommend to the President the revisions, recissions, and replacements necessary to modernize and streamline the approach to national continuity capabilities, reformulate the methodology and architecture necessary to achieve an enduring readiness posture, and implement the National Resilience Strategy described in subsection (a) of this section. The policies to be reviewed and recommended for modification, as appropriate, include:

(i) Executive Order 13618 of July 6, 2012 (Assignment of National Security and Emergency Preparedness Communications Functions);

(ii) Executive Order 13961 of December 7, 2020 (Governance and Integration of Federal Mission Resilience);

(iii) National Security Memorandum 32 of January 19, 2025 (National Continuity Policy); and

(iv) Executive Order 14146 of January 19, 2025 (Partial Revocation of Executive Order 13961).

(d) Preparedness and Response Policies. Within 240 days of the date of this order, the APNSA, in coordination with the heads of relevant agencies and informed by the reports and findings of the Federal Emergency Management Agency Council established pursuant to Executive Order 14180 of January 24, 2025 (Council to Assess the Federal Emergency Management Agency), shall review all national preparedness and response policies and recommend to the President the revisions, recissions, and replacements necessary to reformulate the process and metrics for Federal responsibility, move away from an all-hazards approach, and implement the National Resilience Strategy described in subsection (a) of this section. The policies to be reviewed and recommended for modification, as appropriate, include:

(i) Executive Order 12656 of November 18, 1988 (Assignment of Emergency Preparedness Responsibilities);

(ii) Homeland Security Presidential Directive 5 of February 28, 2003 (Management of Domestic Incidents);

(iii) Presidential Policy Directive 8 of March 30, 2011 (National Preparedness);

(iv) Presidential Policy Directive 22 of March 28, 2013 (National Special Security Events); and

(v) Presidential Policy Directive 44 of November 7, 2016 (Enhancing Domestic Incident Response).

(e) National Risk Register. Within 240 days of the date of this order, the APNSA, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the heads of relevant agencies, shall coordinate the development of a National Risk Register that identifies, articulates, and quantifies natural and malign risks to our national infrastructure, related systems, and their users.

(i) The quantification produced by the National Risk Register shall be used to inform the Intelligence Community, private sector investments, State investments, and Federal budget priorities.

(ii) The National Risk Register shall be reviewed and revised at least every 4 years, or as appropriate, to evolve with the dynamic risk landscape.

(f) Federal National Functions Constructs. The Federal Government organizes national preparedness and continuity through the bureaucratic and complicated lens of overlapping and overbroad “functions,” which include: the National Essential Functions, Primary Mission Essential Functions, National Critical Functions, Emergency Support Functions, Recovery Support Functions, and Community Lifelines. Within 1 year of the date of this order, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall propose changes to the policies outlining this framework and any implementing documents to ensure State and local governments and individuals have improved communications with Federal officials and a better understanding of the Federal role. This proposal shall be coordinated through the process established by National Security Presidential Memorandum 1 of January 20, 2025 (Organization of the National Security Council and Subcommittees), or any successor processes, before being submitted to the President through the APNSA.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 18, 2025.*

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14238 of March 14, 2025**

### **Continuing the Reduction of the Federal Bureaucracy**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** This order continues the reduction in the elements of the Federal bureaucracy that the President has determined are unnecessary.

**Sec. 2. Reducing the Scope of the Federal Bureaucracy.**

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the non-statutory components and functions of the following governmental entities shall be eliminated to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law, and such entities shall reduce the performance of their statutory functions and associated personnel to the minimum presence and function required by law:

- (i) the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service;
- (ii) the United States Agency for Global Media;
- (iii) the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars in the Smithsonian Institution;
- (iv) the Institute of Museum and Library Services;
- (v) the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness;
- (vi) the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund; and
- (vii) the Minority Business Development Agency.

(b) Within 7 days of the date of this order, the head of each governmental entity listed in subsection (a) of this section shall submit a report to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget confirming full compliance with this order and explaining which components or functions of the governmental entity, if any, are statutorily required and to what extent.

(c) In reviewing budget requests submitted by the governmental entities listed in subsection (a) of this section, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget or the head of any executive department or agency charged with reviewing grant requests by such entities shall, to the extent consistent with applicable law and except insofar as necessary to effectuate an expected termination, reject funding requests for such governmental entities to the extent they are inconsistent with this order.

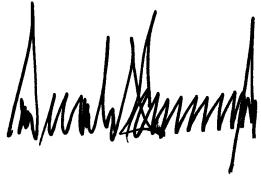
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 14, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-04868  
Filed 3-19-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14237 of March 14, 2025

#### Addressing Risks From Paul Weiss

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** Global law firms have for years played an outsized role in undermining the judicial process and in the destruction of bedrock American principles. Many have engaged in activities that make our communities less safe, increase burdens on local businesses, limit constitutional freedoms, and degrade the quality of American elections. Additionally, they have sometimes done so on behalf of clients, pro bono, or ostensibly “for the public good”—potentially depriving those who cannot otherwise afford the benefit of top legal talent the access to justice deserved by all. My Administration will no longer support taxpayer funds sponsoring such harm.

My Administration has already taken action to address some of the significant risks and egregious conduct associated with law firms, and I have determined that similar action is necessary to end Government sponsorship of harmful activity by an additional law firm: Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP (Paul Weiss). In 2021, a Paul Weiss partner and former leading prosecutor in the office of Special Counsel Robert Mueller brought a pro bono suit against individuals alleged to have participated in the events that occurred at or near the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021, on behalf of the District of Columbia Attorney General.

In 2022, Paul Weiss hired unethical attorney Mark Pomerantz, who had previously left Paul Weiss to join the Manhattan District Attorney’s office solely to manufacture a prosecution against me and who, according to his co-workers, unethically led witnesses in ways designed to implicate me. After being unable to convince even Manhattan District Attorney Alvin Bragg that a fraud case was feasible, Pomerantz engaged in a media campaign to gin up support for this unwarranted prosecution.

Additionally, Paul Weiss discriminates against its own employees on the basis of race and other categories prohibited by civil rights laws. Paul Weiss, along with nearly every other large, influential, or industry leading law firm, makes decisions around “targets” based on race and sex. My Administration is committed to ending such unlawful discrimination perpetrated in the name of “diversity, equity, and inclusion” policies and ensuring that Federal benefits support the laws and policies of the United States, including those laws and policies promoting our national security and respecting the democratic process. Those who engage in blatant discrimination and other activities inconsistent with the interests of the United States should not have access to our Nation’s secrets nor be deemed responsible stewards of any Federal funds.

**Sec. 2. Security Clearance Review.** (a) The Attorney General, the Director of National Intelligence, and all other relevant heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall immediately take steps consistent with applicable law to suspend any active security clearances held by individuals at Paul Weiss and Mark Pomerantz, pending a review of whether such clearances are consistent with the national interest.

(b) The Office of Management and Budget shall identify all Government goods, property, material, and services, including Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities, provided for the benefit of Paul Weiss. The heads

of all agencies providing such material or services shall, to the extent permitted by law, expeditiously cease such provision.

**Sec. 3. Contracting.** (a) To prevent the transfer of taxpayer dollars to Federal contractors whose earnings subsidize, among other things, activities that are not aligned with American interests, including racial discrimination, Government contracting agencies shall, to the extent permissible by law, require Government contractors to disclose any business they do with Paul Weiss and whether that business is related to the subject of the Government contract.

(b) The heads of all agencies shall review all contracts with Paul Weiss or with entities that disclose doing business with Paul Weiss under subsection (a) of this section. To the extent permitted by law, the heads of agencies shall:

(i) take appropriate steps to terminate any contract, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, including the Federal Acquisition Regulation, for which Paul Weiss has been hired to perform any service;

(ii) otherwise align their agency funding decisions with the interests of the citizens of the United States; with the goals and priorities of my Administration as expressed in executive actions, especially Executive Order 14147 of January 20, 2025 (Ending the Weaponization of the Federal Government); and as heads of agencies deem appropriate. Within 30 days of the date of this order, all agencies shall submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget an assessment of contracts with Paul Weiss or with entities that do business with Paul Weiss effective as of the date of this order and any actions taken with respect to those contracts in accordance with this order.

**Sec. 4. Racial Discrimination.** Nothing in this order shall be construed to limit the action authorized by section 4 of Executive Order 14230 of March 6, 2025 (Addressing Risks from Perkins Coie LLP).

**Sec. 5. Personnel.** (a) The heads of all agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide guidance limiting official access from Federal Government buildings to employees of Paul Weiss when such access would threaten the national security of or otherwise be inconsistent with the interests of the United States. In addition, the heads of all agencies shall provide guidance limiting Government employees acting in their official capacity from engaging with Paul Weiss employees to ensure consistency with the national security and other interests of the United States.

(b) Agency officials shall, to the extent permitted by law, refrain from hiring employees of Paul Weiss, absent a waiver from the head of the agency, made in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, that such hire will not threaten the national security of the United States.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 14, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-04867  
Filed 3-19-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14236 of March 14, 2025

#### Additional Rescissions of Harmful Executive Orders and Actions

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** In Executive Order 14148 of January 20, 2025 (Initial Rescissions of Harmful Executive Orders and Actions), I rescinded 78 Presidential orders and memoranda issued by then-President Biden. I also directed the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs to compile lists of additional orders, memoranda, and proclamations issued by the prior administration that should be rescinded. I have determined that the following additional rescissions are necessary to advance the policy of the United States to restore common sense to the Federal Government and unleash the potential of American citizens.

**Sec. 2. Revocation of Orders and Actions.** The following executive actions are hereby revoked:

- (a) Executive Order 13994 of January 21, 2021 (Ensuring a Data-Driven Response to COVID-19 and Future High-Consequence Public Health Threats).
- (b) National Security Memorandum 3 of February 4, 2021 (Revitalizing America's Foreign Policy and National Security Workforce, Institutions, and Partnerships).
- (c) Presidential Memorandum of February 4, 2021 (Advancing the Human Rights of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer, and Intersex Persons Around the World).
- (d) Executive Order 14026 of April 27, 2021 (Increasing the Minimum Wage for Federal Contractors).
- (e) Presidential Memorandum of March 31, 2022 (Finding of a Severe Energy Supply Interruption).
- (f) Presidential Determination 2022-13 of May 18, 2022 (Delegating Authority Under the Defense Production Act to Ensure an Adequate Supply of Infant Formula).
- (g) Presidential Determination 2022-15 of June 6, 2022 (Presidential Determination Pursuant to Section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, on Solar Photovoltaic Modules and Module Components).
- (h) Presidential Determination 2022-16 of June 6, 2022 (Presidential Determination Pursuant to Section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, on Insulation).
- (i) Presidential Determination 2022-17 of June 6, 2022 (Presidential Determination Pursuant to Section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, on Electrolyzers, Fuel Cells, and Platinum Group Metals).
- (j) Presidential Determination 2022-18 of June 6, 2022 (Presidential Determination Pursuant to Section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, on Electric Heat Pumps).
- (k) Executive Order 14081 of September 12, 2022 (Advancing Biotechnology and Biomanufacturing Innovation for a Sustainable, Safe, and Secure American Bioeconomy).

(l) Presidential Memorandum of January 17, 2023 (Delegation of Authority Under Section 6501(b)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022).

(m) National Security Memorandum 18 of February 23, 2023 (United States Conventional Arms Transfer Policy).

(n) Presidential Memorandum of February 27, 2023 (Presidential Waiver of Statutory Requirements Pursuant to Section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, on Department of Defense Supply Chains Resilience).

(o) Presidential Memorandum of November 16, 2023 (Advancing Worker Empowerment, Rights, and High Labor Standards Globally).

(p) Executive Order 14112 of December 6, 2023 (Reforming Federal Funding and Support for Tribal Nations to Better Embrace Our Trust Responsibilities and Promote the Next Era of Tribal Self-Determination).

(q) Executive Order 14119 of March 6, 2024 (Scaling and Expanding the Use of Registered Apprenticeships in Industries and the Federal Government and Promoting Labor-Management Forums).

(r) Executive Order 14126 of September 6, 2024 (Investing in America and Investing in American Workers).

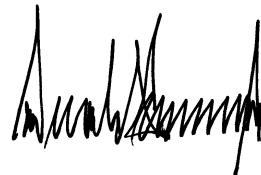
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
March 14, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14235 of March 7, 2025

#### Restoring Public Service Loan Forgiveness

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** In 2007, the Congress established the Public Service Loan Forgiveness (PSLF) Program to encourage Americans to enter the public service sector by promising to forgive their remaining student loans after they completed 10 years of service in those jobs while making 10 years of minimum payments.

The prior administration abused the PSLF Program through a waiver process, using taxpayer funds to pay off loans for employees still years away from the statutorily required number of payments. Moreover, instead of alleviating worker shortages in necessary occupations, the PSLF Program has misdirected tax dollars into activist organizations that not only fail to serve the public interest, but actually harm our national security and American values, sometimes through criminal means. The PSLF Program also creates perverse incentives that can increase the cost of tuition, can load students in low-need majors with unsustainable debt, and may push students into organizations that hide under the umbrella of a non-profit designation and degrade our national interest, thus requiring additional Federal funding to correct the negative societal effects caused by these organizations' federally subsidized wrongdoing.

As President of the United States, I have a duty to protect, preserve, and defend the Constitution and our national security, which includes ending the subsidization of illegal activities, including illegal immigration, human smuggling, child trafficking, pervasive damage to public property, and disruption of the public order, which threaten the security and stability of the United States. Accordingly, it is the policy of my Administration that individuals employed by organizations whose activities have a substantial illegal purpose shall not be eligible for public service loan forgiveness.

**Sec. 2. Restoring Public Service Loan Forgiveness.** The Secretary of Education shall propose revisions to 34 CFR 685.219, Public Service Loan Forgiveness Program, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury as appropriate, that ensure the definition of "public service" excludes organizations that engage in activities that have a substantial illegal purpose, including:

- (a) aiding or abetting violations of 8 U.S.C. 1325 or other Federal immigration laws;
- (b) supporting terrorism, including by facilitating funding to, or the operations of, cartels designated as Foreign Terrorist Organizations consistent with 8 U.S.C. 1189, or by engaging in violence for the purpose of obstructing or influencing Federal Government policy;
- (c) child abuse, including the chemical and surgical castration or mutilation of children or the trafficking of children to so-called transgender sanctuary States for purposes of emancipation from their lawful parents, in violation of applicable law;
- (d) engaging in a pattern of aiding and abetting illegal discrimination; or
- (e) engaging in a pattern of violating State tort laws, including laws against trespassing, disorderly conduct, public nuisance, vandalism, and obstruction of highways.

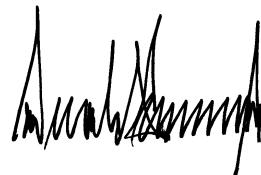
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 7, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-04103  
Filed 3-11-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14234 of March 7, 2025**

## **Establishing the White House Task Force on the FIFA World Cup 2026**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in anticipation of the FIFA Club World Cup 2025 and the FIFA World Cup 2026, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States is a host nation for the FIFA World Cup 2026, which will be the largest sporting event in history. This important event, taking place during the momentous occasion of the 250th anniversary of our country, presents an opportunity to showcase the Nation's pride and hospitality while promoting economic growth and tourism through sport. My Administration will support preparations through a coordinated Government effort.

**Sec. 2. Establishing the White House Task Force on the FIFA World Cup 2026.** (a) There is hereby established the White House Task Force on the FIFA World Cup 2026 (Task Force).

(b) The President shall be the Chair of the Task Force, and the Vice President shall serve as Vice Chair.

(c) The Chair shall designate an Executive Director, who shall administer and execute the day-to-day operations of the Task Force, and who shall report to the Chair through the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Strategic Implementation. The Chair, the Vice Chair, or a member of the Task Force designated by the Chair, shall convene regular meetings of the Task Force, determine its agenda, and direct its work, consistent with this order. The Executive Director and the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Strategic Implementation shall assist in the performance of these duties. The Chair may designate any member of the Task Force to preside over meetings of the Task Force.

(d) In addition to the Chair and Vice Chair, the Task Force shall consist of the following members:

- (i) the Secretary of State;
- (ii) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (iii) the Secretary of Defense;
- (iv) the Attorney General;
- (v) the Secretary of Commerce;
- (vi) the Secretary of Transportation;
- (vii) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
- (viii) the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs;
- (ix) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff;
- (x) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and Homeland Security Advisor;
- (xi) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Legislative, Political and Public Affairs;
- (xii) the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and

(xiii) the heads of such other executive departments, agencies, and offices that the Chair or the Vice Chair may, from time to time, designate or invite to participate.

(e) The Task Force shall coordinate with executive departments and agencies (agencies) to assist in the planning, organization, and execution of the events surrounding the 2025 FIFA Club World Cup and the 2026 FIFA World Cup. Agencies shall provide information and assistance useful and necessary to the Task Force.

(f) For administrative purposes, the Task Force shall be housed in the Department of Homeland Security, which shall provide funding and administrative support for the Task Force, to the extent permitted by law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(g) Agencies within the Task Force shall each provide a report to the Task Force regarding their respective planning and activities with respect to the 2026 FIFA World Cup. These reports shall be submitted to the Executive Director of the Task Force no later than June 1, 2025.

(h) The Task Force shall terminate on December 31, 2026, unless extended by the President.

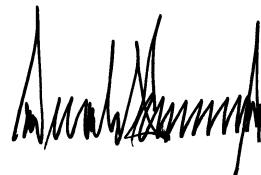
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN", is written over a series of vertical lines that resemble a stylized waveform or a series of tick marks.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
March 7, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14233 of March 6, 2025

### **Establishment of the Strategic Bitcoin Reserve and United States Digital Asset Stockpile**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** Bitcoin is the original cryptocurrency. The Bitcoin protocol permanently caps the total supply of bitcoin (BTC) at 21 million coins, and has never been hacked. As a result of its scarcity and security, Bitcoin is often referred to as “digital gold”. Because there is a fixed supply of BTC, there is a strategic advantage to being among the first nations to create a strategic bitcoin reserve. The United States Government currently holds a significant amount of BTC, but has not implemented a policy to maximize BTC’s strategic position as a unique store of value in the global financial system. Just as it is in our country’s interest to thoughtfully manage national ownership and control of any other resource, our Nation must harness, not limit, the power of digital assets for our prosperity.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to establish a Strategic Bitcoin Reserve. It is further the policy of the United States to establish a United States Digital Asset Stockpile that can serve as a secure account for orderly and strategic management of the United States’ other digital asset holdings.

**Sec. 3. Creation and Administration of the Strategic Bitcoin Reserve and United States Digital Asset Stockpile.**

(a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall establish an office to administer and maintain control of custodial accounts collectively known as the “Strategic Bitcoin Reserve,” capitalized with all BTC held by the Department of the Treasury that was finally forfeited as part of criminal or civil asset forfeiture proceedings or in satisfaction of any civil money penalty imposed by any executive department or agency (agency) and that is not needed to satisfy requirements under 31 U.S.C. 9705 or released pursuant to subsection (d) of this section (Government BTC). Within 30 days of the date of this order, each agency shall review its authorities to transfer any Government BTC held by it to the Strategic Bitcoin Reserve and shall submit a report reflecting the result of that review to the Secretary of the Treasury. Government BTC deposited into the Strategic Bitcoin Reserve shall not be sold and shall be maintained as reserve assets of the United States utilized to meet governmental objectives in accordance with applicable law.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall establish an office to administer and maintain control of custodial accounts collectively known as the “United States Digital Asset Stockpile,” capitalized with all digital assets owned by the Department of the Treasury, other than BTC, that were finally forfeited as part of criminal or civil asset forfeiture proceedings and that are not needed to satisfy requirements under 31 U.S.C. 9705 or released pursuant to subsection (d) of this section (Stockpile Assets). Within 30 days of the date of this order, each agency shall review its authorities to transfer any Stockpile Assets held by it to the United States Digital Asset Stockpile and shall submit a report reflecting the result of that review to the Secretary of the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury shall determine strategies for responsible stewardship of the United States Digital Asset Stockpile in accordance with applicable law.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Commerce shall develop strategies for acquiring additional Government BTC provided that such strategies are budget neutral and do not impose incremental costs on United States taxpayers. However, the United States Government shall not acquire additional Stockpile Assets other than in connection with criminal or civil asset forfeiture proceedings or in satisfaction of any civil money penalty imposed by any agency without further executive or legislative action.

(d) "Government Digital Assets" means all Government BTC and all Stockpile Assets. The head of each agency shall not sell or otherwise dispose of any Government Digital Assets, except in connection with the Secretary of the Treasury's exercise of his lawful authority and responsible stewardship of the United States Digital Asset Stockpile pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, or pursuant to an order from a court of competent jurisdiction, as required by law, or in cases where the Attorney General or other relevant agency head determines that the Government Digital Assets (or the proceeds from the sale or disposition thereof) can and should:

- (i) be returned to identifiable and verifiable victims of crime;
- (ii) be used for law enforcement operations;
- (iii) be equitably shared with State and local law enforcement partners; or
- (iv) be released to satisfy requirements under 31 U.S.C. 9705, 28 U.S.C. 524(c), 18 U.S.C. 981, or 21 U.S.C. 881.

(e) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury shall deliver an evaluation of the legal and investment considerations for establishing and managing the Strategic Bitcoin Reserve and United States Digital Asset Stockpile going forward, including the accounts in which the Strategic Bitcoin Reserve and United States Digital Asset Stockpile should be located and the need for any legislation to operationalize any aspect of this order or the proper management and administration of such accounts.

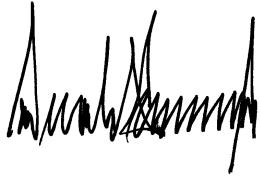
**Sec. 4. Accounting.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, the head of each agency shall provide the Secretary of the Treasury and the President's Working Group on Digital Asset Markets with a full accounting of all Government Digital Assets in such agency's possession, including any information regarding the custodial accounts in which such Government Digital Assets are currently held that would be necessary to facilitate a transfer of the Government Digital Assets to the Strategic Bitcoin Reserve or the United States Digital Asset Stockpile. If such agency holds no Government Digital Assets, such agency shall confirm such fact to the Secretary of the Treasury and the President's Working Group on Digital Asset Markets within 30 days of the date of this order.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 6, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03992  
Filed 3-10-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14232 of March 6, 2025

### **Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Southern Border**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** Automotive production is a major source of United States employment and innovation and is integral to United States economic and national security. The American automotive industry as currently structured often trades substantial volumes of automotive parts and components across our borders in the interest of bringing supply chains closer to North America. In order to minimize disruption to the United States automotive industry and automotive workers, it is appropriate to adjust the tariffs imposed on articles of Mexico in Executive Order 14194 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties to Address the Situation at Our Southern Border).

**Sec. 2. Product Coverage.** (a) Articles that are entered free of duty as a good of Mexico under the terms of general note 11 to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), including any treatment set forth in subchapter XXIII of chapter 98 and subchapter XXII of chapter 99 of the HTSUS, as related to the Agreement between the United States of America, United Mexican States, and Canada, shall not be subject to the additional ad valorem rate of duty described in section 2(a) of Executive Order 14194.

(b) The additional rate of duty on potash that is not subject to subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced to 10 percent in lieu of 25 percent.

(c) The modifications set out in this section shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on March 7, 2025.

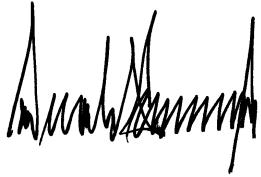
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 6, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03991  
Filed 3-10-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14231 of March 6, 2025

### **Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** Automotive production is a major source of United States employment and innovation and is integral to United States economic and national security. The American automotive industry as currently structured often trades substantial volumes of automotive parts and components across our borders in the interest of bringing supply chains closer to North America. In order to minimize disruption to the United States automotive industry and automotive workers, it is appropriate to adjust the tariffs imposed on articles of Canada in Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties to Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border).

**Sec. 2. Product Coverage.** (a) Articles that are entered free of duty as a good of Canada under the terms of general note 11 to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), including any treatment set forth in subchapter XXIII of chapter 98 and subchapter XXII of chapter 99 of the HTSUS, as related to the Agreement between the United States of America, United Mexican States, and Canada, shall not be subject to the additional ad valorem rate of duty described in section 2(a) or section 2(b) of Executive Order 14193.

(b) The additional rate of duty on potash that is not subject to subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced to 10 percent in lieu of 25 percent.

(c) The modifications set out in this section shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on March 7, 2025.

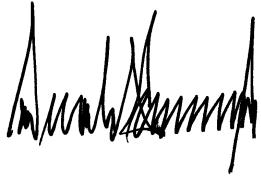
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 6, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03990  
Filed 3-10-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14230 of March 6, 2025**

**Addressing Risks From Perkins Coie LLP**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The dishonest and dangerous activity of the law firm Perkins Coie LLP (“Perkins Coie”) has affected this country for decades. Notably, in 2016 while representing failed Presidential candidate Hillary Clinton, Perkins Coie hired Fusion GPS, which then manufactured a false “dossier” designed to steal an election. This egregious activity is part of a pattern. Perkins Coie has worked with activist donors including George Soros to judicially overturn popular, necessary, and democratically enacted election laws, including those requiring voter identification. In one such case, a court was forced to sanction Perkins Coie attorneys for an unethical lack of candor before the court.

In addition to undermining democratic elections, the integrity of our courts, and honest law enforcement, Perkins Coie racially discriminates against its own attorneys and staff, and against applicants. Perkins Coie publicly announced percentage quotas in 2019 for hiring and promotion on the basis of race and other categories prohibited by civil rights laws. It proudly excluded applicants on the basis of race for its fellowships, and it maintained these discriminatory practices until applicants harmed by them finally sued to enforce change.

My Administration is committed to ending discrimination under “diversity, equity, and inclusion” policies and ensuring that Federal benefits support the laws and policies of the United States, including those laws and policies promoting our national security and respecting the democratic process. Those who engage in blatant race-based and sex-based discrimination, including quotas, but purposefully hide the nature of such discrimination through deceiving language, have engaged in a serious violation of the public trust. Their disrespect for the bedrock principle of equality represents good cause to conclude that they neither have access to our Nation’s secrets nor be deemed responsible stewards of any Federal funds.

**Sec. 2. Security Clearance Review.** (a) The Attorney General, the Director of National Intelligence, and all other relevant heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall immediately take steps consistent with applicable law to suspend any active security clearances held by individuals at Perkins Coie, pending a review of whether such clearances are consistent with the national interest.

(b) The Office of Management and Budget shall identify all Government goods, property, material, and services, including Sensitive Compartmented Information Facilities, provided for the benefit of Perkins Coie. The heads of all agencies providing such material or services shall, to the extent permitted by law, expeditiously cease such provision.

**Sec. 3. Contracting.** (a) To prevent the transfer of taxpayer dollars to Federal contractors whose earnings subsidize, among other things, racial discrimination, falsified documents designed to weaponize the Government against candidates for office, and anti-democratic election changes that invite fraud and distrust, Government contracting agencies shall, to the extent permissible by law, require Government contractors to disclose any business they do with Perkins Coie and whether that business is related to the subject of the Government contract.

(b) The heads of all agencies shall review all contracts with Perkins Coie or with entities that disclose doing business with Perkins Coie under subsection (a) of this section. To the extent permitted by law, the heads of agencies shall:

(i) take appropriate steps to terminate any contract, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, including the Federal Acquisition Regulation, for which Perkins Coie has been hired to perform any service;

(ii) otherwise align their agency funding decisions with the interests of the citizens of the United States; with the goals and priorities of my Administration as expressed in executive actions, especially Executive Order 14147 of January 20, 2025 (Ending the Weaponization of the Federal Government); and as heads of agencies deem appropriate. Within 30 days of the date of this order, all agencies shall submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget an assessment of contracts with Perkins Coie or with entities that do business with Perkins Coie effective as of the date of this order and any actions taken with respect to those contracts in accordance with this order.

**Sec. 4. Racial Discrimination.** (a) The Chair of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission shall review the practices of representative large, influential, or industry leading law firms for consistency with Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, including whether large law firms: reserve certain positions, such as summer associate spots, for individuals of preferred races; promote individuals on a discriminatory basis; permit client access on a discriminatory basis; or provide access to events, trainings, or travel on a discriminatory basis.

(b) The Attorney General, in coordination with the Chair of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and in consultation with State Attorneys General as appropriate, shall investigate the practices of large law firms as described in subsection (a) of this section who do business with Federal entities for compliance with race-based and sex-based non-discrimination laws and take any additional actions the Attorney General deems appropriate in light of the evidence uncovered.

**Sec. 5. Personnel.** (a) The heads of all agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide guidance limiting official access from Federal Government buildings to employees of Perkins Coie when such access would threaten the national security of or otherwise be inconsistent with the interests of the United States. In addition, the heads of all agencies shall provide guidance limiting Government employees acting in their official capacity from engaging with Perkins Coie employees to ensure consistency with the national security and other interests of the United States.

(b) Agency officials shall, to the extent permitted by law, refrain from hiring employees of Perkins Coie, absent a waiver from the head of the agency, made in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, that such hire will not threaten the national security of the United States.

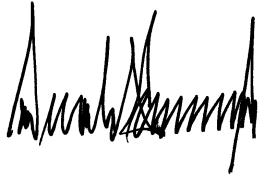
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 6, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03989  
Filed 3-10-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14229 of March 4, 2025**

**Honoring Jocelyn Nungaray**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** The prior administration's immigration policies inexcusably endangered and caused enormous suffering within our Nation, including by causing the southern border to be overrun by cartels, criminal gangs, known terrorists, human traffickers, smugglers, unvetted military-age males from foreign adversaries, and illicit narcotics. These open-border policies are responsible for the horrific and inexcusable murders of many innocent American citizens at the hands of illegal aliens.

One of those innocent victims was Jocelyn Nungaray, whose life was tragically cut short on June 17, 2024, when she was brutally murdered in Houston, Texas. Two Venezuelan illegal aliens who were allegedly Tren de Aragua gang members and were apprehended near the border in early 2024—and then released into the United States by the prior administration—have been charged with her murder. Jocelyn was a precious 12 year old girl beloved by her family and friends for her kindness and infectious zeal for life. She loved animals and had a passion for ensuring that they had homes. It is fitting and in the national interest, therefore, that the Anahuac National Wildlife Refuge, a scenic area for coastal wildlife and recreation along the Gulf of America near Jocelyn's home in Texas, will forever honor and preserve the memory of a beautiful American, Jocelyn Nungaray.

**Sec. 2. Renaming the Anahuac National Wildlife Refuge to Honor Jocelyn Nungaray.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, pursuant to authority under the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act (16 U.S.C. 668dd–668ee) and other applicable law, the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) shall update procedures as necessary and take all other appropriate actions to rename the area known as the "Anahuac National Wildlife Refuge" as the "Jocelyn Nungaray National Wildlife Refuge" and ensure that her life is permanently commemorated therein. The Secretary shall subsequently provide guidance to ensure all Federal references to the Jocelyn Nungaray National Wildlife Refuge, including on agency maps, contracts, and other documents and communications, reflect its renaming.

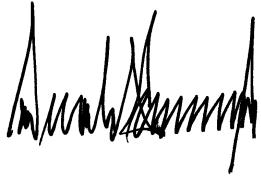
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 4, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03869

Filed 3-7-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14228 of March 3, 2025**

## **Further Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Background.** With Executive Order 14195 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties to Address the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), I determined that the failure of the Government of the People's Republic of China (PRC) to act to blunt the sustained influx of synthetic opioids, including fentanyl, flowing from the PRC to the United States constituted an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. To address that threat, I invoked my authority under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of IEEPA to impose ad valorem tariffs on articles that are products of the PRC, as defined by the *Federal Register* notice described in section 2(d) of Executive Order 14195, as amended by Executive Order 14200 of February 5, 2025 (Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China).

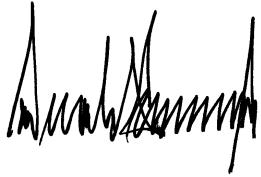
Pursuant to section 3 of Executive Order 14195, I have determined that the PRC has not taken adequate steps to alleviate the illicit drug crisis through cooperative enforcement actions, and that the crisis described in Executive Order 14195 has not abated.

**Sec. 2. Amendment.** In recognition of the fact that the PRC has not taken adequate steps to alleviate the illicit drug crisis, section 2(a) of Executive Order 14195 is hereby amended by striking the words “10 percent” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “20 percent”.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 3, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03775  
Filed 3-6-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14227 of March 2, 2025

### **Amendment to Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

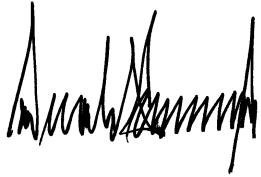
**Section 1. Amendment.** Executive Order 14194 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties to Address the Situation at Our Southern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14198 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Southern Border), is further amended by revising section 2(g) to read as follows:

"(g) Duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321 is available for otherwise eligible covered articles described in subsection (a) of this section. Such duty-free *de minimis* treatment shall cease to be available for such otherwise eligible covered articles upon notification by the Secretary of Commerce to the President that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect tariff revenue applicable pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for covered articles otherwise eligible for *de minimis* treatment."

**Sec. 2. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 2, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03729  
Filed 3-5-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14226 of March 2, 2025

### **Amendment to Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Amendment.** Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties to Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border), as amended by Executive Order 14197 of February 3, 2025 (Progress on the Situation at Our Northern Border), is further amended by revising section 2(h) to read as follows:

"(h) Duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321 is available for otherwise eligible covered articles described in subsection (a) and subsection (b) of this section. Such duty free *de minimis* treatment shall cease to be available for such otherwise eligible covered articles upon notification by the Secretary of Commerce to the President that adequate systems are in place to fully and expeditiously process and collect tariff revenue applicable pursuant to subsection (a) and subsection (b) of this section for covered articles otherwise eligible for *de minimis* treatment."

**Sec. 2. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 2, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03728  
Filed 3-5-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14225 of March 1, 2025

### **Immediate Expansion of American Timber Production**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The production of timber, lumber, paper, bioenergy, and other wood products (timber production) is critical to our Nation's well-being. Timber production is essential for crucial human activities like construction and energy production. Furthermore, as recent disasters demonstrate, forest management and wildfire risk reduction projects can save American lives and communities.

The United States has an abundance of timber resources that are more than adequate to meet our domestic timber production needs, but heavy-handed Federal policies have prevented full utilization of these resources and made us reliant on foreign producers. Our inability to fully exploit our domestic timber supply has impeded the creation of jobs and prosperity, contributed to wildfire disasters, degraded fish and wildlife habitats, increased the cost of construction and energy, and threatened our economic security. These onerous Federal policies have forced our Nation to rely upon imported lumber, thus exporting jobs and prosperity and compromising our self-reliance. It is vital that we reverse these policies and increase domestic timber production to protect our national and economic security.

**Sec. 2. Directives to the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, through the Director of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and the Chief of the United States Forest Service (USFS), respectively, shall each issue new or updated guidance regarding tools to facilitate increased timber production and sound forest management, reduce time to deliver timber, and decrease timber supply uncertainty, such as the Good Neighbor Authority described in 16 U.S.C. 2113a, stewardship contracting pursuant to 16 U.S.C. 6591c, and agreements or contracts with Indian tribes under the Tribal Forest Protection Act as contemplated by 25 U.S.C. 3115a. The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall also each submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget any legislative proposals that would expand authorities to improve timber production and sound forest management.

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior, through the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS), and the Secretary of Commerce, through the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, shall complete a strategy on USFS and BLM forest management projects under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) (16 U.S.C. 1536) to improve the speed of approving forestry projects. The Secretary of the Interior, through the Director of the FWS, shall also examine any applicable existing authorities that would permit executive departments and agencies (agencies) to delegate consultation requirements under section 7 of the ESA to other agencies and, if necessary, provide a legislative proposal to ensure consultation is streamlined.

(c) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall together submit to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, a plan that sets a target for the annual amount of timber per year to be offered for

sale over the next 4 years from Federal lands managed by the BLM and the USFS, measured in millions of board feet.

(d) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior, through the Directors of the FWS and the BLM, and the Secretary of Agriculture, through the Chief of the USFS, shall complete the Whitebark Pine Rangewide Programmatic Consultation under section 7 of the ESA.

(e) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall consider and, if appropriate and consistent with applicable law, adopt categorical exclusions administratively established by other agencies to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act and reduce unnecessarily lengthy processes and associated costs related to administrative approvals for timber production, forest management, and wildfire risk reduction treatments.

(f) Within 280 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior shall consider and, if appropriate and consistent with applicable law, establish a new categorical exclusion for timber thinning and re-establish a categorical exclusion for timber salvage activities.

**Sec. 3. Streamlined Permitting.** All relevant agencies shall eliminate, to the maximum extent permissible by law, all undue delays within their respective permitting processes related to timber production. Additionally, all relevant agencies shall take all necessary and appropriate steps consistent with applicable law to suspend, revise, or rescind all existing regulations, orders, guidance documents, policies, settlements, consent orders, and other agency actions that impose an undue burden on timber production.

**Sec. 4. Endangered Species Committee.** (a) Agencies are directed to use, to the maximum extent permissible under applicable law, the ESA regulations on consultations in emergencies to facilitate the Nation's timber production. The Secretary of the Interior, as Chairman of the Endangered Species Committee, shall ensure a prompt and efficient review of all submissions to such committee, to include identification of any legal deficiencies, in order to ensure the timely consideration of exemption applications and, where possible, to resolve such applications before the deadlines set by the ESA.

(b) Federal members of the Endangered Species Committee, or their designees, shall coordinate to develop and submit a report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, that identifies obstacles to domestic timber production infrastructure specifically deriving from implementation of the ESA and recommends procedural, regulatory, and interagency improvements.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior shall ensure that the Director of the FWS, or the Director's authorized representative, is available to consult promptly with agencies and to take other appropriate action concerning the applicability of the ESA's emergency regulations. The Secretary of Commerce shall ensure that the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, or the Assistant Administrator's authorized representative, is available for such consultation and to take such other action as may assist in applying the ESA's emergency regulations.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 1, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03695

Filed 3-5-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14224 of March 1, 2025

### **Designating English as the Official Language of the United States**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** From the founding of our Republic, English has been used as our national language. Our Nation's historic governing documents, including the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution, have all been written in English. It is therefore long past time that English is declared as the official language of the United States. A nationally designated language is at the core of a unified and cohesive society, and the United States is strengthened by a citizenry that can freely exchange ideas in one shared language.

In welcoming new Americans, a policy of encouraging the learning and adoption of our national language will make the United States a shared home and empower new citizens to achieve the American dream. Speaking English not only opens doors economically, but it helps newcomers engage in their communities, participate in national traditions, and give back to our society. This order recognizes and celebrates the long tradition of multilingual American citizens who have learned English and passed it to their children for generations to come.

To promote unity, cultivate a shared American culture for all citizens, ensure consistency in government operations, and create a pathway to civic engagement, it is in America's best interest for the Federal Government to designate one—and only one—official language. Establishing English as the official language will not only streamline communication but also reinforce shared national values, and create a more cohesive and efficient society.

Accordingly, this order designates English as the official language of the United States.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For purposes of this order:

(a) “Agency” has the meaning given to it in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code, except that such term does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.

(b) “Agency Head” means the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, or Director, unless otherwise specified in this order.

**Sec. 3. Designating an Official Language for the United States.** (a) English is the official language of the United States.

(b) Executive Order 13166 of August 11, 2000 (Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency), is hereby revoked; nothing in this order, however, requires or directs any change in the services provided by any agency. Agency heads should make decisions as they deem necessary to fulfill their respective agencies' mission and efficiently provide Government services to the American people. Agency heads are not required to amend, remove, or otherwise stop production of documents, products, or other services prepared or offered in languages other than English.

(c) The Attorney General shall rescind any policy guidance documents issued pursuant to Executive Order 13166 and provide updated guidance, consistent with applicable law.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 1, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03694  
Filed 3-5-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14223 of March 1, 2025**

## Addressing the Threat to National Security From Imports of Timber, Lumber, and Their Derivative Products

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862) (Trade Expansion Act), it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** The wood products industry, composed of timber, lumber, and their derivative products (such as paper products, furniture, and cabinetry) is a critical manufacturing industry essential to the national security, economic strength, and industrial resilience of the United States. This industry plays a vital role in key downstream civilian industries, including construction. The United States faces significant vulnerabilities in the wood supply chain from imported timber, lumber, and their derivative products being dumped onto the United States market.

The United States has ample timber resources. The current United States softwood lumber industry has the practical production capacity to supply 95 percent of the United States' 2024 softwood consumption. Yet, since 2016 the United States has been a net importer of lumber.

Wood products are a key input used by both the civilian construction industry and the military. Each year, the United States military spends over 10 billion dollars on construction. The military also invests in innovative building material technology, including processes to create innovative wood products such as cross-laminated timber. The procurement of these building materials depends on a strong domestic lumber industry and a manufacturing base capable of meeting both military-specific and wider civilian needs.

It is the policy of the United States to ensure reliable, secure, and resilient domestic supply chains of timber, lumber, and their derivative products. Unfair subsidies and foreign government support for foreign timber, lumber, and their derivative products necessitate action under section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act to determine whether imports of these products threaten to impair national security.

**Sec. 2. Investigation.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate an investigation under section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act to determine the effects on the national security of imports of timber, lumber, and their derivative products.

(b) In conducting the investigation described in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Commerce shall assess the factors set forth in 19 U.S.C. 1862(d), labeled “Domestic production for national defense; impact of foreign competition on economic welfare of domestic industries,” as well as other relevant factors, including:

- (i) the current and projected demand for timber and lumber in the United States;
- (ii) the extent to which domestic production of timber and lumber can meet domestic demand;
- (iii) the role of foreign supply chains, particularly of major exporters, in meeting United States timber and lumber demand;

(iv) the impact of foreign government subsidies and predatory trade practices on United States timber, lumber, and derivative product industry competitiveness;

(v) the feasibility of increasing domestic timber and lumber capacity to reduce imports; and

(vi) the impact of current trade policies on domestic timber, lumber, and derivative product production, and whether additional measures, including tariffs or quotas, are necessary to protect national security.

**Sec. 3. Required Actions.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce shall consult with the Secretary of Defense and the heads of other relevant executive departments and agencies as determined by the Secretary of Commerce to evaluate the national security risks associated with imports of timber, lumber, and their derivative products.

(b) No later than 270 days after the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit a report to the President that includes:

(i) findings on whether imports of timber, lumber, and their derivative products threaten national security;

(ii) recommendations on actions to mitigate such threats, including potential tariffs, export controls, or incentives to increase domestic production; and

(iii) policy recommendations for strengthening the United States timber and lumber supply chain through strategic investments and permitting reforms.

**Sec. 4. Definitions.** As used in this order:

(a) The term “timber” refers to wood that has not been processed.

(b) The term “lumber” refers to wood that has been processed, including wood that has been milled and cut into boards or planks.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*March 1, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03693  
Filed 3-5-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14222 of February 26, 2025**

## **Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency" Cost Efficiency Initiative**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** This order commences a transformation in Federal spending on contracts, grants, and loans to ensure Government spending is transparent and Government employees are accountable to the American public.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** As used in this order:

(a) "Administrator" means the Administrator of the United States DOGE Service, as defined in Executive Order 14158 of January 20, 2025 (Establishing and Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency").

(b) "Agency" has the meaning given to that term in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code, except that such term does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.

(c) "Agency Head" means the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, or Director. Agency Heads may select designees within their agencies to carry out the responsibilities specified in this order.

(d) "Covered contracts and grants" means discretionary spending through Federal contracts, grants, loans, and related instruments, but excludes direct assistance to individuals; expenditures related to immigration enforcement, law enforcement, the military, public safety, and the intelligence community; and other critical, acute, or emergency spending, as determined by the relevant Agency Head. Notification shall be made to the agency's DOGE Team Lead.

(e) "DOGE Team Lead" means the leader of the DOGE Team at each agency, as defined in Executive Order 14158.

**Sec. 3. Cutting Costs to Save Taxpayers Money.** (a) *Contract and Grant Justification.* Each Agency Head shall, with assistance as requested from the agency's DOGE Team Lead, build a centralized technological system within the agency to seamlessly record every payment issued by the agency pursuant to each of the agency's covered contracts and grants, along with a brief, written justification for each payment submitted by the agency employee who approved the payment. This system shall include a mechanism for the Agency Head to pause and rapidly review any payment for which the approving employee has not submitted a brief, written justification within the technological system.

(i) Once the system described in subsection (a) of this section is in place, the Agency Head shall issue guidance, in consultation with the agency's DOGE Team Lead, to require that the relevant agency employee promptly submit a brief, written justification prior to that employee's approval of a payment under covered contracts and grants, subject to any exceptions the Agency Head deems appropriate.

(ii) To the maximum extent permitted by law, and to the maximum extent deemed practicable by the Agency Head, the payment justifications described in subsection (a)(i) of this section shall be posted publicly.

(b) *Review of Covered Contracts and Grants.* Each Agency Head, in consultation with the agency's DOGE Team Lead, shall review all existing

covered contracts and grants and, where appropriate and consistent with applicable law, terminate or modify (including through renegotiation) such covered contracts and grants to reduce overall Federal spending or reallocate spending to promote efficiency and advance the policies of my Administration. This process shall commence immediately and shall prioritize the review of funds disbursed under covered contracts and grants to educational institutions and foreign entities for waste, fraud, and abuse. Each Agency Head shall complete this review within 30 days of the date of this order.

(c) *Contract and Grant Process Review.* Each Agency Head, in consultation with the agency's DOGE Team Lead, shall conduct a comprehensive review of each agency's contracting policies, procedures, and personnel. Each Agency Head shall complete this process within 30 days of the date of this order and shall not issue or approve new contracting officer warrants during the review period, unless the Agency Head determines such approval is necessary.

(d) *Covered Contract and Grant Approval.*

(i) Following the review specified in subsection (c) of this section, and prior to entering into new contracts, each Agency Head shall, in consultation with the agency's DOGE Team Lead, issue guidance on signing new contracts or modifying existing contracts to promote Government efficiency and the policies of my Administration. The Agency Head may approve new contracts prior to the issuance of such guidance on a case-by-case basis.

(ii) Each DOGE Team Lead shall provide the Administrator with a monthly informational report on contracting activities. As soon as an agency's contract and grant justification process described in subsection (a) of this section is established, this report shall include all payment justifications provided pursuant to that process, to the extent consistent with law.

(e) *Non-Essential Travel Justification.* Each Agency Head shall, with assistance from the agency's DOGE Team Lead, build a technological system within each agency that centrally records approval for federally funded travel for conferences and other non-essential purposes. Once an agency's system is in place, the Agency Head shall prohibit agency employees from engaging in federally funded travel for conferences or other non-essential purposes unless the travel-approving official has submitted a brief, written justification for the federally funded travel within such system. Each DOGE Team Lead shall, to the extent consistent with law, provide the Administrator with a monthly informational report listing each agency's justifications for non-essential travel. Such justifications shall be posted publicly unless prohibited by law or unless the Agency Head grants an exemption from this requirement.

(f) *Credit Card Freeze.* To the maximum extent permitted by law, all credit cards held by agency employees shall be treated as frozen for 30 days from the date of this order, except for any credit cards held by employees engaged in, or charges related to employees utilizing such credit cards for, disaster relief or natural disaster response benefits or operations or other critical services as determined by the Agency Head, and subject to such additional individualized or categorical exceptions as the Agency Head, in consultation with the agency's DOGE Team Lead, deems appropriate.

(g) *Real Property Disposition.* Agencies shall take the following actions:

(i) *Real Property Report.* Within 7 days of the date of this order, each Agency Head shall confirm to the Administrator of General Services or his designee that the Agency Head has submitted updates to the Federal Real Property Profile Management System to ensure the system reflects a complete and accurate inventory of real property subject to the agency's administration.

(ii) *Real Property Leases.* Within 30 days of the date of this order, each Agency Head shall promptly identify all termination rights the Agency Head may have under existing leases of Government-owned real property

and, in consultation with agency's DOGE Team Lead and the Administrator of General Services or his designee, determine whether to exercise such rights.

(iii) *Real Property Disposition.* Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of General Services shall submit a plan to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for the disposition of Government-owned real property which has been deemed by the agency as no longer needed.

**Sec. 4. General Exclusions.** This order does not apply to:

(a) Law enforcement officers, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 5541(3) and 5 CFR 550.103, or covered contracts and grants directly related to the enforcement of Federal criminal or immigration law;

(b) U.S. Customs and Border Protection and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement in the Department of Homeland Security;

(c) the Uniformed Services, as defined in 20 CFR 404.1330;

(d) any other covered grant or contract, agency component, or real property that the relevant Agency Head exempts in writing from all or part of this order, in consultation with the agency's DOGE Team Lead and the Director of OMB; or

(e) classified information or classified information systems.

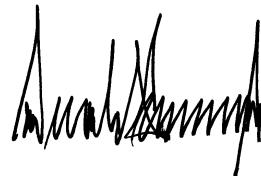
**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
February 26, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14221 of February 25, 2025

#### Making America Healthy Again by Empowering Patients With Clear, Accurate, and Actionable Healthcare Pricing Information

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** During my first term, my Administration took historic steps to correct a fundamental wrong within the American healthcare system. For far too long, prices were hidden from patients and employers, with inadequate recourse available to individuals looking to shop for care or obtain pricing information from a healthcare provider in advance of a visit or procedure. These opaque pricing arrangements allowed powerful entities, such as hospitals and insurance companies, to operate with insufficient accountability regarding their pricing practices, resulting in patients, employers, and taxpayers shouldering the burden of inflated healthcare costs.

Pursuant to Executive Order 13877 of June 24, 2019 (Improving Price and Quality Transparency in American Healthcare to Put Patients First), my Administration issued paradigm-shifting regulations to put patients first by requiring hospitals and health plans to deliver meaningful price information to the American people. These regulations require hospitals to maintain a consumer-friendly display of pricing information for up to 300 shoppable services and a machine-readable file with negotiated rates for every single service the hospital provides; health plans to post their negotiated rates with providers as well as their out-of-network payments to providers and the actual prices they or their pharmacy benefit manager pay for prescription drugs; and health plans to maintain a consumer-facing internet tool through which individuals can access price information.

One economic analysis from 2023 estimated the impact of these regulations, if fully implemented, could result in as much as \$80 billion in healthcare savings for consumers, employers, and insurers by 2025. Another report from 2024 suggested healthcare price transparency could help employers reduce healthcare costs by 27 percent across 500 common healthcare services. Recent data has found the top 25 percent of most expensive healthcare service prices have dropped by 6.3 percent per year following the initial implementation of price transparency during my first term.

Unfortunately, progress on price transparency at the Federal level has stalled since the end of my first term. Hospitals and health plans were not adequately held to account when their price transparency data was incomplete or not even posted at all. The Biden Administration failed to take sufficient steps to fully enforce my Administration's requirement that would end the opaque nature of drug prices by ensuring health plans publicly post the true prices they pay for prescription drugs.

The American people deserve better. Making America healthy again will require empowering individuals with the best information possible to inform their life and healthcare choices. By building on the historic efforts of my first term, my Administration will make more meaningful price information available to patients to support a more competitive, innovative, affordable, and higher quality healthcare system.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to put patients first and ensure they have the information they need to make well-informed

healthcare decisions. The Federal Government will continue to promote universal access to clear and accurate healthcare prices and will take all necessary steps to improve existing price transparency requirements; increase enforcement of price transparency requirements; and identify opportunities to further empower patients with meaningful price information, potentially including through the expansion of existing price transparency requirements.

**Sec. 3. Fulfilling the Promise of Radical Transparency.** The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall take all necessary and appropriate action to rapidly implement and enforce the healthcare price transparency regulations issued pursuant to Executive Order 13877, including, within 90 days of the date of this order, action to:

(a) require the disclosure of the actual prices of items and services, not estimates;

(b) issue updated guidance or proposed regulatory action ensuring pricing information is standardized and easily comparable across hospitals and health plans; and

(c) issue guidance or proposed regulatory action updating enforcement policies designed to ensure compliance with the transparent reporting of complete, accurate, and meaningful data.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
February 25, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14220 of February 25, 2025**

## Addressing the Threat to National Security From Imports of Copper

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862) (Trade Expansion Act), it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** Copper is a critical material essential to the national security, economic strength, and industrial resilience of the United States. Copper, scrap copper, and copper's derivative products play a vital role in defense applications, infrastructure, and emerging technologies, including clean energy, electric vehicles, and advanced electronics. The United States faces significant vulnerabilities in the copper supply chain, with increasing reliance on foreign sources for mined, smelted, and refined copper.

The United States has ample copper reserves, yet our smelting and refining capacity lags significantly behind global competitors. A single foreign producer dominates global copper smelting and refining, controlling over 50 percent of global smelting capacity and holding four of the top five largest refining facilities. This dominance, coupled with global overcapacity and a single producer's control of world supply chains, poses a direct threat to United States national security and economic stability.

It is the policy of the United States to ensure a reliable, secure, and resilient domestic copper supply chain. The United States' increasing dependence on foreign sources of copper, particularly from a concentrated number of supplier nations, along with the risk of foreign market manipulation, necessitate action under section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act to determine whether imports of copper, scrap copper, and copper's derivative products threaten to impair national security.

**Sec. 2. Investigation Into the National Security Impact of Copper Imports.**

(a) The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate an investigation under section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act to determine the effects on national security of imports of copper in all forms, including but not limited to:

- (i) raw mined copper;
- (ii) copper concentrates;
- (iii) refined copper;
- (iv) copper alloys;
- (v) scrap copper; and
- (vi) derivative products.

(b) In conducting the investigation described in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Commerce shall assess the factors set forth in 19 U.S.C. 1862(d), labeled "Domestic production for national defense; impact of foreign competition on economic welfare of domestic industries," as well as other relevant factors, including:

- (i) the current and projected demand for copper in United States defense, energy, and critical infrastructure sectors;
- (ii) the extent to which domestic production, smelting, refining, and recycling can meet demand;

- (iii) the role of foreign supply chains, particularly from major exporters, in meeting United States demand;
- (iv) the concentration of United States copper imports from a small number of suppliers and the associated risks;
- (v) the impact of foreign government subsidies, overcapacity, and predatory trade practices on United States industry competitiveness;
- (vi) the economic impact of artificially suppressed copper prices due to dumping and state-sponsored overproduction;
- (vii) the potential for export restrictions by foreign nations, including the ability of foreign nations to weaponize their control over refined copper supplies;
- (viii) the feasibility of increasing domestic copper mining, smelting, and refining capacity to reduce import reliance; and
- (ix) the impact of current trade policies on domestic copper production and whether additional measures, including tariffs or quotas, are necessary to protect national security.

**Sec. 3. Required Actions.** (a) The Secretary of Commerce shall consult with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Energy, and the heads of other relevant executive departments and agencies as determined by the Secretary of Commerce to evaluate the national security risks associated with copper import dependency.

(b) Within 270 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit a report to the President that includes:

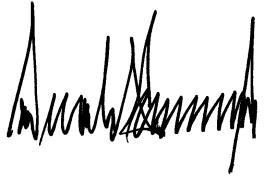
- (i) findings on whether United States dependence on copper imports threatens national security;
- (ii) recommendations on actions to mitigate such threats, including potential tariffs, export controls, or incentives to increase domestic production; and
- (iii) policy recommendations for strengthening the United States copper supply chain through strategic investments, permitting reforms, and enhanced recycling initiatives.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 25, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03439  
Filed 2-27-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14219 of February 19, 2025

#### Ensuring Lawful Governance and Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency" Deregulatory Initiative

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** It is the policy of my Administration to focus the executive branch's limited enforcement resources on regulations squarely authorized by constitutional Federal statutes, and to commence the deconstruction of the overbearing and burdensome administrative state. Ending Federal overreach and restoring the constitutional separation of powers is a priority of my Administration.

**Sec. 2. Rescinding Unlawful Regulations and Regulations That Undermine the National Interest.** (a) Agency heads shall, in coordination with their DOGE Team Leads and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, initiate a process to review all regulations subject to their sole or joint jurisdiction for consistency with law and Administration policy. Within 60 days of the date of this order, agency heads shall, in consultation with the Attorney General as appropriate, identify the following classes of regulations:

(i) unconstitutional regulations and regulations that raise serious constitutional difficulties, such as exceeding the scope of the power vested in the Federal Government by the Constitution;

(ii) regulations that are based on unlawful delegations of legislative power;

(iii) regulations that are based on anything other than the best reading of the underlying statutory authority or prohibition;

(iv) regulations that implicate matters of social, political, or economic significance that are not authorized by clear statutory authority;

(v) regulations that impose significant costs upon private parties that are not outweighed by public benefits;

(vi) regulations that harm the national interest by significantly and unjustifiably impeding technological innovation, infrastructure development, disaster response, inflation reduction, research and development, economic development, energy production, land use, and foreign policy objectives; and

(vii) regulations that impose undue burdens on small business and impede private enterprise and entrepreneurship.

(b) In conducting the review required by subsection (a) of this section, agencies shall prioritize review of those rules that satisfy the definition of "significant regulatory action" in Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993 (Regulatory Planning and Review), as amended.

(c) Within 60 days of the date of this order, agency heads shall provide to the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) within the Office of Management and Budget a list of all regulations identified by class as listed in subsection (a) of this section.

(d) The Administrator of OIRA shall consult with agency heads to develop a Unified Regulatory Agenda that seeks to rescind or modify these regulations, as appropriate.

**Sec. 3. Enforcement Discretion to Ensure Lawful Governance.**

(a) Subject to their paramount obligation to discharge their legal obligations, protect public safety, and advance the national interest, agencies shall preserve their limited enforcement resources by generally de-prioritizing actions to enforce regulations that are based on anything other than the best reading of a statute and de-prioritizing actions to enforce regulations that go beyond the powers vested in the Federal Government by the Constitution.

(b) Agency heads shall determine whether ongoing enforcement of any regulations identified in their regulatory review is compliant with law and Administration policy. To preserve resources and ensure lawful enforcement, agency heads, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall, on a case-by-case basis and as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, then direct the termination of all such enforcement proceedings that do not comply with the Constitution, laws, or Administration policy.

**Sec. 4. Promulgation of New Regulations.** Agencies shall continue to follow the processes set out in Executive Order 12866 for submitting regulations for review by OIRA. Additionally, agency heads shall consult with their DOGE Team Leads and the Administrator of OIRA on potential new regulations as soon as practicable. In evaluating potential new regulations, agency heads, DOGE Team Leads, and the Administrator of OIRA shall consider, in addition to the factors set out in Executive Order 12866, the factors set out in section 2(a) of this order.

**Sec. 5. Implementation.** The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall issue implementation guidance, as appropriate.

**Sec. 6. Definitions.** (a) “Agency” has the meaning given to it in 44 U.S.C. 3502, except it does not include the Executive Office of the President or its components.

(b) “Agency head” shall mean the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, or Director.

(c) “DOGE Team Lead” shall mean the leader of the DOGE Team at each agency as described in Executive Order 14158 of January 20, 2025 (Establishing and Implementing the President’s “Department of Government Efficiency”).

(d) “Enforcement action” means all attempts, civil or criminal, by any agency to deprive a private party of life, liberty, or property, or in any way affect a private party’s rights or obligations, regardless of the label the agency has historically placed on the action.

(e) “Regulation” shall have the meaning given to “regulatory action” in section 3(e) of Executive Order 12866, and also includes any “guidance document” as defined in Executive Order 13422 of January 18, 2007 (Further Amendment to Executive Order 12866 on Regulatory Planning and Review).

(f) “Senior appointee” means an individual appointed by the President, or performing the functions and duties of an office that requires appointment by the President, or a non-career member of the Senior Executive Service (or equivalent agency system).

**Sec. 7. Exemptions.** Notwithstanding any other provision in this order, nothing in this order shall apply to:

(a) any action related to a military, national security, homeland security, foreign affairs, or immigration-related function of the United States;

(b) any matter pertaining to the executive branch’s management of its employees; or

(c) anything else exempted by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

**Sec. 8. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 19, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03138  
Filed 2-24-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14218 of February 19, 2025

### Ending Taxpayer Subsidization of Open Borders

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The plain text of Federal law, including the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–193) (PRWORA), generally prohibits illegal aliens from obtaining most taxpayer-funded benefits. Title IV of the PRWORA states that it is national policy that “aliens within the Nation’s borders not depend on public resources to meet their needs,” and that “[i]t is a compelling government interest to remove the incentive for illegal immigration provided by the availability of public benefits.” But in the decades since the passage of the PRWORA, numerous administrations have acted to undermine the principles and limitations directed by the Congress through that law. Over the last 4 years, in particular, the prior administration repeatedly undercut the goals of that law, resulting in the improper expenditure of significant taxpayer resources. My Administration will uphold the rule of law, defend against the waste of hard-earned taxpayer resources, and protect benefits for American citizens in need, including individuals with disabilities and veterans.

**Sec. 2. Preserving Federal Public Benefits.** (a) To prevent taxpayer resources from acting as a magnet and fueling illegal immigration to the United States, and to ensure, to the maximum extent permitted by law, that no taxpayer-funded benefits go to unqualified aliens, the head of each executive department or agency (agency) shall:

(i) identify all federally funded programs administered by the agency that currently permit illegal aliens to obtain any cash or non-cash public benefit, and, consistent with applicable law, take all appropriate actions to align such programs with the purposes of this order and the requirements of applicable Federal law, including the PRWORA;

(ii) ensure, consistent with applicable law, that Federal payments to States and localities do not, by design or effect, facilitate the subsidization or promotion of illegal immigration, or abet so-called “sanctuary” policies that seek to shield illegal aliens from deportation; and

(iii) enhance eligibility verification systems, to the maximum extent possible, to ensure that taxpayer-funded benefits exclude any ineligible alien who entered the United States illegally or is otherwise unlawfully present in the United States.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Administrator of the United States DOGE Service, in coordination with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, shall further:

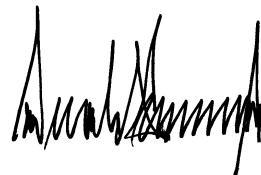
(i) identify all other sources of Federal funding for illegal aliens; and

(ii) recommend additional agency actions to align Federal spending with the purposes of this order, and, where relevant, enhance eligibility verification systems.

(c) Agencies shall refer any improper receipt or use of Federal benefits to the Department of Justice and the Department of Homeland Security for appropriate action.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 19, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03137  
Filed 2-24-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14217 of February 19, 2025

### **Commencing the Reduction of the Federal Bureaucracy**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** It is the policy of my Administration to dramatically reduce the size of the Federal Government, while increasing its accountability to the American people. This order commences a reduction in the elements of the Federal bureaucracy that the President has determined are unnecessary. Reducing the size of the Federal Government will minimize Government waste and abuse, reduce inflation, and promote American freedom and innovation.

**Sec. 2. Reducing the Scope of the Federal Bureaucracy.** (a) The non-statutory components and functions of the following governmental entities shall be eliminated to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law, and such entities shall reduce the performance of their statutory functions and associated personnel to the minimum presence and function required by law:

- (i) the Presidio Trust;
- (ii) the Inter-American Foundation;
- (iii) the United States African Development Foundation; and
- (iv) the United States Institute of Peace.

(b) Within 14 days of the date of this order, the head of each unnecessary governmental entity listed in subsection (a) of this section shall submit a report to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director) confirming compliance with this order and stating whether the governmental entity, or any components or functions thereof, are statutorily required and to what extent.

(c) In reviewing budget requests submitted by the governmental entities listed in subsection (a) of this section, the OMB Director or the head of any executive department or agency charged with reviewing grant requests by such entities shall, to the extent consistent with applicable law and except insofar as necessary to effectuate an expected termination, reject funding requests for such governmental entities to the extent they are inconsistent with this order.

(d) The Presidential Memorandum of November 13, 1961 (Need for Greater Coordination of Regional and Field Activities of the Government), is hereby revoked. The Director of the Office of Personnel Management (OPM Director) is directed to initiate the process to withdraw the regulations at title 5, part 960, Code of Federal Regulations, thereby eliminating the Federal Executive Boards.

(e) The OPM Director is directed to initiate the process to withdraw the regulations at title 5, part 362, subpart D, Code of Federal Regulations, and to take any other steps necessary to promptly terminate the Presidential Management Fellows Program. On the effective date of the final regulations promulgated by the OPM Director, Executive Order 13318 of November 21, 2003, is revoked and Executive Order 13562 of December 27, 2010, is amended by:

- (i) striking from section 2 the words “along with the Presidential Management Fellows Program, as modified herein,”;
- (ii) striking section 5;

(iii) striking from section 6(b) the words “or PMF Programs” and inserting in their place “program”;

(iv) striking from section 7(b)(iii) the words “the competitive service of Interns, Recent Graduates, or PMFs (or a Government-wide combined conversion cap applicable to all three categories together)” and inserting in their place “the competitive service of Interns or Recent Graduates (or a Government-wide combined conversion cap applicable to both categories together)”; and

(v) redesignating sections 6, 7, 8, and 9 as sections 5, 6, 7, and 8 respectively.

(f) Within 14 days of the date of this order, the following heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall take the following actions with respect to the following Federal Advisory Committees within their respective agencies:

(i) the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall terminate the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid;

(ii) the Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection shall terminate the Academic Research Council and the Credit Union Advisory Council;

(iii) the Board of Directors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall terminate the Community Bank Advisory Council;

(iv) the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall terminate the Secretary’s Advisory Committee on Long COVID; and

(v) the Administrator of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services shall terminate the Health Equity Advisory Committee.

(g) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, and the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall identify and submit to the President additional unnecessary governmental entities and Federal Advisory Committees that should be terminated on grounds that they are unnecessary.

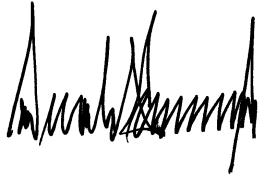
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 19, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03133

Filed 2-24-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

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## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14216 of February 18, 2025**

### **Expanding Access to In Vitro Fertilization**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Today, many hopeful couples dream of starting a family, but as many as one in seven are unable to conceive a child. Despite their hopes and efforts, infertility struggles can make conception difficult, turning what should be a joyful experience into an emotional and financial struggle. My Administration recognizes the importance of family formation, and as a Nation, our public policy must make it easier for loving and longing mothers and fathers to have children.

In vitro fertilization (IVF) offers hope to men and women experiencing fertility challenges. Americans need reliable access to IVF and more affordable treatment options, as the cost per cycle can range from \$12,000 to \$25,000. Providing support, awareness, and access to affordable fertility treatments can help these families navigate their path to parenthood with hope and confidence.

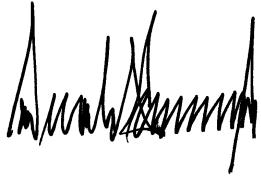
Therefore, to support American families, it is the policy of my Administration to ensure reliable access to IVF treatment, including by easing unnecessary statutory or regulatory burdens to make IVF treatment drastically more affordable.

**Sec. 2. Lowering Costs and Reducing Barriers to IVF.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall submit to the President a list of policy recommendations on protecting IVF access and aggressively reducing out-of-pocket and health plan costs for IVF treatment.

**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 18, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-03064  
Filed 2-21-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14215 of February 18, 2025**

**Ensuring Accountability for All Agencies**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** The Constitution vests all executive power in the President and charges him with faithfully executing the laws. Since it would be impossible for the President to single-handedly perform all the executive business of the Federal Government, the Constitution also provides for subordinate officers to assist the President in his executive duties. In the exercise of their often-considerable authority, these executive branch officials remain subject to the President's ongoing supervision and control. The President in turn is regularly elected by and accountable to the American people. This is one of the structural safeguards, along with the separation of powers between the executive and legislative branches, regular elections for the Congress, and an independent judiciary whose judges are appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, by which the Framers created a Government accountable to the American people.

However, previous administrations have allowed so-called “independent regulatory agencies” to operate with minimal Presidential supervision. These regulatory agencies currently exercise substantial executive authority without sufficient accountability to the President, and through him, to the American people. Moreover, these regulatory agencies have been permitted to promulgate significant regulations without review by the President.

These practices undermine such regulatory agencies’ accountability to the American people and prevent a unified and coherent execution of Federal law. For the Federal Government to be truly accountable to the American people, officials who wield vast executive power must be supervised and controlled by the people’s elected President.

Therefore, in order to improve the administration of the executive branch and to increase regulatory officials’ accountability to the American people, it shall be the policy of the executive branch to ensure Presidential supervision and control of the entire executive branch. Moreover, all executive departments and agencies, including so-called independent agencies, shall submit for review all proposed and final significant regulatory actions to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) within the Executive Office of the President before publication in the *Federal Register*.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) The term “employees” shall have the meaning given that term in section 2105 of title 5, United States Code.

(b) The term “independent regulatory agency” shall have the meaning given that term in section 3502(5) of title 44, United States Code. This order shall not apply to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or to the Federal Open Market Committee in its conduct of monetary policy. This order shall apply to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System only in connection with its conduct and authorities directly related to its supervision and regulation of financial institutions.

(c) The term “independent regulatory agency chairman” shall mean, with regard to a multi-member independent regulatory agency, the chairman of such agency, and shall mean, with regard to a single-headed independent

regulatory agency, such agency's chairman, director, or other presiding officer.

(d) The term "head" of an independent regulatory agency shall mean those appointed to supervise independent regulatory agencies and in whom the agencies' authorities are generally vested, encompassing the chairman, director, or other presiding officer, and, as applicable, other members, commissioners, or similar such officials with responsibility for supervising such agencies.

**Sec. 3. OIRA Review of Agency Regulations.** (a) Section 3(b) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993 ("Regulatory Planning and Review"), as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(b) "Agency," unless otherwise indicated, means any authority of the United States that is an "agency" under 44 U.S.C. 3502(1), and shall also include the Federal Election Commission. This order shall not apply to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or to the Federal Open Market Committee in its conduct of monetary policy. This order shall apply to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System only in connection with its conduct and authorities directly related to its supervision and regulation of financial institutions.".

(b) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) shall provide guidance on implementation of this order to the heads of executive departments and agencies newly submitting regulatory actions under section 3(b) of Executive Order 12866. Agency submissions by independent regulatory agencies under such section shall commence within the earlier of 60 days from the date of this order, or completion of such implementation guidance.

**Sec. 4. Performance Standards and Management Objectives.** The Director of OMB shall establish performance standards and management objectives for independent agency heads, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, and report periodically to the President on their performance and efficiency in attaining such standards and objectives.

**Sec. 5. Apportionments for Independent Regulatory Agencies.** The Director of OMB shall, on an ongoing basis:

(a) review independent regulatory agencies' obligations for consistency with the President's policies and priorities; and

(b) consult with independent regulatory agency chairmen and adjust such agencies' apportionments by activity, function, project, or object, as necessary and appropriate, to advance the President's policies and priorities. Such adjustments to apportionments may prohibit independent regulatory agencies from expending appropriations on particular activities, functions, projects, or objects, so long as such restrictions are consistent with law.

**Sec. 6. Additional Consultation with the Executive Office of the President.** (a) Subject to subsection (b), independent regulatory agency chairmen shall regularly consult with and coordinate policies and priorities with the directors of OMB, the White House Domestic Policy Council, and the White House National Economic Council.

(b) The heads of independent regulatory agencies shall establish a position of White House Liaison in their respective agencies. Such position shall be in grade 15 of the General Schedule and shall be placed in Schedule C of the excepted service.

(c) Independent regulatory agency chairmen shall submit agency strategic plans developed pursuant to the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 to the Director of OMB for clearance prior to finalization.

**Sec. 7. Rules of Conduct Guiding Federal Employees' Interpretation of the Law.** The President and the Attorney General, subject to the President's supervision and control, shall provide authoritative interpretations of law for the executive branch. The President and the Attorney General's opinions on questions of law are controlling on all employees in the conduct of their official duties. No employee of the executive branch acting in their

official capacity may advance an interpretation of the law as the position of the United States that contravenes the President or the Attorney General's opinion on a matter of law, including but not limited to the issuance of regulations, guidance, and positions advanced in litigation, unless authorized to do so by the President or in writing by the Attorney General.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

(b) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(c) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(d) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 18, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14214 of February 14, 2025

### Keeping Education Accessible and Ending COVID-19 Vaccine Mandates in Schools

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Some school districts and universities continue to coerce children and young adults into taking the COVID-19 vaccine by conditioning their education on it, and others may re-implement such mandates. Parents and young adults should be empowered with accurate data regarding the remote risks of serious illness associated with COVID-19 for children and young adults, as well as how those risks can be mitigated through various measures, and left free to make their own decisions accordingly. Given the incredibly low risk of serious COVID-19 illness for children and young adults, threatening to shut them out of an education is an intolerable infringement on personal freedom. Such mandates usurp parental authority and burden students of many faiths.

It is the policy of my Administration that discretionary Federal funds should not be used to directly or indirectly support or subsidize an educational service agency, State educational agency, local educational agency, elementary school, secondary school, or institution of higher education that requires students to have received a COVID-19 vaccination to attend any in-person education program.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

- (a) The term “educational service agency” has the meaning given in 20 U.S.C. 1401(5).
- (b) The term “elementary school” has the meaning given in 34 CFR 77.1(c).
- (c) The term “institution of higher education” has the meaning given in 20 U.S.C. 1001(a).
- (d) The term “local educational agency” has the meaning given in 34 CFR 77.1(c).
- (e) The term “secondary school” has the meaning given in 34 CFR 77.1(c).
- (f) The term “State educational agency” has the meaning given in 34 CFR 77.1(c).

**Sec. 3. Ending COVID-19 Vaccine Mandate Coercion.** (a) The Secretary of Education shall as soon as practicable issue guidelines to elementary schools, local educational agencies, State educational agencies, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education regarding those entities’ legal obligations with respect to parental authority, religious freedom, disability accommodations, and equal protection under law, as relevant to coercive COVID-19 school mandates.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall provide to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, a plan to end coercive COVID-19 school mandates, consistent with applicable law, and including, as appropriate, any proposed legislation. Such plan shall also include:

(i) a list of discretionary Federal grants and contracts provided to elementary schools, local educational agencies, State educational agencies, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education that are non-compliant with the guidelines issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section; and

(ii) each executive department or agency's process for, to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law, preventing Federal funds from being provided to, and rescinding Federal funds from, elementary schools, local educational agencies, State educational agencies, secondary schools, and institutions of higher education that are non-compliant with the guidelines issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

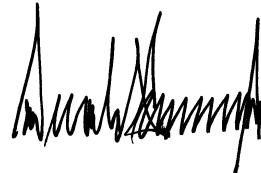
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 14, 2025.*

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14213 of February 14, 2025**

**Establishing the National Energy Dominance Council**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** America is blessed with an abundance of natural resources and is a leader in energy technologies and innovation that are critical to the economic prosperity and national security of the American people, as well as our partners and allies. We must expand all forms of reliable and affordable energy production to drive down inflation, grow our economy, create good-paying jobs, reestablish American leadership in manufacturing, lead the world in artificial intelligence, and restore peace through strength by wielding our commercial and diplomatic levers to end wars across the world. By utilizing our amazing national assets, including our crude oil, natural gas, lease condensates, natural gas liquids, refined petroleum products, uranium, coal, biofuels, geothermal heat, the kinetic movement of flowing water, and critical minerals, we will preserve and protect our most beautiful places, reduce our dependency on foreign imports, and grow our economy—thereby enabling the reduction of our deficits and our debt.

It shall be the policy of my Administration to make America energy dominant.

**Sec. 2. Establishment.** There is hereby established within the Executive Office of the President the National Energy Dominance Council (Council).

**Sec. 3. Membership.** (a) The Secretary of the Interior shall serve as Chair of the Council. The Secretary of Energy shall serve as Vice Chair of the Council.

(b) In addition to the Chair and the Vice Chair, the Council shall consist of the following members:

- (i) the Secretary of State;
- (ii) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (iii) the Secretary of Defense;
- (iv) the Attorney General;
- (v) the Secretary of Agriculture;
- (vi) the Secretary of Commerce;
- (vii) the Secretary of Transportation;
- (viii) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency;
- (ix) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget;
- (x) the United States Trade Representative;
- (xi) the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy;
- (xii) the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy;
- (xiii) the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs;
- (xiv) the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy;
- (xv) the Chairman of the Council on Environmental Quality;
- (xvi) the Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers;
- (xvii) the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy; and

(xviii) the heads of such other executive departments and agencies (agencies) as the President may, from time to time, designate.

**Sec. 4. Functions.** (a) The Chair shall convene and preside over meetings of the Council, in consultation with the Office of the Chief of Staff, provided that in his absence the Vice Chair shall preside.

(b) The Council shall:

(i) advise the President on how best to exercise his authority to produce more energy to make America energy dominant;

(ii) advise the President on improving the processes for permitting, production, generation, distribution, regulation, transportation, and export of all forms of American energy, including critical minerals;

(iii) provide to the President a recommended National Energy Dominance Strategy to produce more energy that includes long-range goals for achieving energy dominance by cutting red tape, enhancing private sector investments across all sectors of the energy-producing economy, focusing on innovation, and seeking to eliminate longstanding, but unnecessary, regulation;

(iv) advise and assist the President in facilitating cooperation among the Federal Government and domestic private sector energy partners; and

(v) advise the President on facilitating consistency in energy production policies included in the Strategy developed under subsection (b)(iii) of this section.

(c) In performing the advisory functions listed under subsection (b) of this section, the Council, through the Chair, shall, when appropriate, coordinate with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs. The functions of the Council shall report to the Office of the Chief of Staff.

(d) Within 100 days of the date of this order, and from time to time thereafter as deemed appropriate by the Chair, the Council shall:

(i) recommend to the President a plan to raise awareness on a national level of matters related to energy dominance, such as the urgency of reliable energy; the improvements in technology achieved through reliable energy sources; the national security concerns with removing reliable and affordable energy sources; the jobs supported by the energy sector; and the regulatory constraints driving up the cost of reliable energy to consumers;

(ii) advise the President regarding the actions each agency can take under existing authorities to prioritize the policy objective of increasing energy production, such as rapidly and significantly increasing electricity capacity; rapidly facilitating approvals for energy infrastructure; approving the construction of natural gas pipelines to, or in, New England, California, Alaska, and other areas of the country underserved by American natural gas; facilitating the reopening of closed power plants; and bringing Small Modular Nuclear Reactors online;

(iii) provide to the President a review of markets most critical to power American homes, cars, and factories with reliable, abundant, and affordable energy;

(iv) advise the President regarding incentives to attract and retain private sector energy-production investments;

(v) advise the President on identifying and ending practices that raise the cost of energy; and

(vi) consult with officials from State, local, and Tribal governments and individuals from the private sector to solicit feedback on how best to expand all forms of energy production.

**Sec. 5. Administration.** (a) The Council shall have such staff and other assistance as may be necessary to carry out its functions.

(b) Agencies shall cooperate with the Council and provide such assistance, information, and advice to the Council related to policies that affect energy dominance as the Chair or, at the Chair's direction, the Vice Chair, shall reasonably request, to the extent permitted by law.

**Sec. 6. Representation on the National Security Council.** The Secretary of the Interior, as Chair of the Council, shall serve as a standing member of the National Security Council.

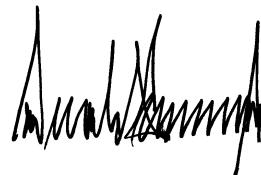
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the letter "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 14, 2025.*

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14212 of February 13, 2025**

## Establishing the President's Make America Healthy Again Commission

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** American life expectancy significantly lags behind other developed countries, with pre-COVID-19 United States life expectancy averaging 78.8 years and comparable countries averaging 82.6 years. This equates to 1.25 billion fewer life years for the United States population. Six in 10 Americans have at least one chronic disease, and four in 10 have two or more chronic diseases. An estimated one in five United States adults lives with a mental illness.

These realities become even more painful when contrasted with nations around the globe. Across 204 countries and territories, the United States had the highest age-standardized incidence rate of cancer in 2021, nearly double the next-highest rate. Further, from 1990–2021, the United States experienced an 88 percent increase in cancer, the largest percentage increase of any country evaluated. In 2021, asthma was more than twice as common in the United States than most of Europe, Asia, or Africa. Autism spectrum disorders had the highest prevalence in high-income countries, including the United States, in 2021. Similarly, autoimmune diseases such as inflammatory bowel disease, psoriasis, and multiple sclerosis are more commonly diagnosed in high-income areas such as Europe and North America. Overall, the global comparison data demonstrates that the health of Americans is on an alarming trajectory that requires immediate action.

This concern applies urgently to America's children. In 2022, an estimated 30 million children (40.7 percent) had at least one health condition, such as allergies, asthma, or an autoimmune disease. Autism spectrum disorder now affects 1 in 36 children in the United States—a staggering increase from rates of 1 to 4 out of 10,000 children identified with the condition during the 1980s. Eighteen percent of late adolescents and young adults have fatty liver disease, close to 30 percent of adolescents are prediabetic, and more than 40 percent of adolescents are overweight or obese.

These health burdens have continued to increase alongside the increased prescription of medication. For example, in the case of Attention Deficit Disorder/Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder, over 3.4 million children are now on medication for the disorder—up from 3.2 million children in 2019–2020—and the number of children being diagnosed with the condition continues to rise.

This poses a dire threat to the American people and our way of life. Seventy-seven percent of young adults do not qualify for the military based in large part on their health scores. Ninety percent of the Nation's \$4.5 trillion in annual healthcare expenditures is for people with chronic and mental health conditions. In short, Americans of all ages are becoming sicker, beset by illnesses that our medical system is not addressing effectively. These trends harm us, our economy, and our security.

To fully address the growing health crisis in America, we must re-direct our national focus, in the public and private sectors, toward understanding and drastically lowering chronic disease rates and ending childhood chronic disease. This includes fresh thinking on nutrition, physical activity, healthy

lifestyles, over-reliance on medication and treatments, the effects of new technological habits, environmental impacts, and food and drug quality and safety. We must restore the integrity of the scientific process by protecting expert recommendations from inappropriate influence and increasing transparency regarding existing data. We must ensure our healthcare system promotes health rather than just managing disease.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It shall be the policy of the Federal Government to aggressively combat the critical health challenges facing our citizens, including the rising rates of mental health disorders, obesity, diabetes, and other chronic diseases. To do so, executive departments and agencies (agencies) that address health or healthcare must focus on reversing chronic disease. Under this policy:

(a) all federally funded health research should empower Americans through transparency and open-source data, and should avoid or eliminate conflicts of interest that skew outcomes and perpetuate distrust;

(b) the National Institutes of Health and other health-related research funded by the Federal Government should prioritize gold-standard research on the root causes of why Americans are getting sick;

(c) agencies shall work with farmers to ensure that United States food is the healthiest, most abundant, and most affordable in the world; and

(d) agencies shall ensure the availability of expanded treatment options and the flexibility for health insurance coverage to provide benefits that support beneficial lifestyle changes and disease prevention.

**Sec. 3. Establishment and Composition of the President's Make America Healthy Again Commission.** (a) There is hereby established the President's Make America Healthy Again Commission (Commission), chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Services (Chair), with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy serving as Executive Director (Executive Director).

(b) In addition to the Chair and the Executive Director, the Commission shall include the following officials, or their designees:

(i) the Secretary of Agriculture;

(ii) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development;

(iii) the Secretary of Education;

(iv) the Secretary of Veterans Affairs;

(v) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency;

(vi) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget;

(vii) the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy;

(viii) the Director of the National Economic Council;

(ix) the Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers;

(x) the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy;

(xi) the Commissioner of Food and Drugs;

(xii) the Director for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;

(xiii) the Director of the National Institutes of Health; and

(xiv) other members of my Administration invited to participate, at the discretion of the Chair and the Executive Director.

**Sec. 4. Fighting Childhood Chronic Disease.** The initial mission of the Commission shall be to advise and assist the President on how best to exercise his authority to address the childhood chronic disease crisis. Therefore, the Commission shall:

(a) study the scope of the childhood chronic disease crisis and any potential contributing causes, including the American diet, absorption of toxic material, medical treatments, lifestyle, environmental factors, Government policies, food production techniques, electromagnetic radiation, and corporate influence or cronyism;

(b) advise and assist the President on informing the American people regarding the childhood chronic disease crisis, using transparent and clear facts; and

(c) provide to the President Government-wide recommendations on policy and strategy related to addressing the identified contributing causes of and ending the childhood chronic disease crisis.

**Sec. 5. Initial Assessment and Strategy from the Make America Healthy Again Commission.** (a) *Make our Children Healthy Again Assessment.* Within 100 days of the date of this order, the Commission shall submit to the President, through the Chair and the Executive Director, the Make Our Children Healthy Again Assessment, which shall:

(i) identify and describe childhood chronic disease in America compared to other countries;

(ii) assess the threat that potential over-utilization of medication, certain food ingredients, certain chemicals, and certain other exposures pose to children with respect to chronic inflammation or other established mechanisms of disease, using rigorous and transparent data, including international comparisons;

(iii) assess the prevalence of and threat posed by the prescription of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, antipsychotics, mood stabilizers, stimulants, and weight-loss drugs;

(iv) identify and report on best practices for preventing childhood health issues, including through proper nutrition and the promotion of healthy lifestyles;

(v) evaluate the effectiveness of existing educational programs with regard to nutrition, physical activity, and mental health for children;

(vi) identify and evaluate existing Federal programs and funding intended to prevent and treat childhood health issues for their scope and effectiveness;

(vii) ensure transparency of all current data and unpublished analyses related to the childhood chronic disease crisis, consistent with applicable law;

(viii) evaluate the effectiveness of current Federal Government childhood health data and metrics, including those from the Federal Interagency Forum on Child and Family Statistics and the National Survey of Children's Health;

(ix) restore the integrity of science, including by eliminating undue industry influence, releasing findings and underlying data to the maximum extent permitted under applicable law, and increasing methodological rigor; and

(x) establish a framework for transparency and ethics review in industry-funded projects.

(b) *Make our Children Healthy Again Strategy.* Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Commission shall submit to the President, through the Chair and the Executive Director, a Make Our Children Healthy Again Strategy (Strategy), based on the findings from the Make Our Children Healthy Again Assessment described in subsection (a) of this section. The Strategy shall address appropriately restructuring the Federal Government's response to the childhood chronic disease crisis, including by ending Federal practices that exacerbate the health crisis or unsuccessfully attempt to address it, and by adding powerful new solutions that will end childhood chronic disease.

(c) The Chair may hold public hearings, meetings, roundtables, and similar events, as appropriate, and may receive expert input from leaders in public health and Government accountability.

**Sec. 6. Additional Reports.** (a) Following the submission to the President of the Strategy, and any final strategy reports thereafter, the Chair and

the Executive Director shall recommend to the President updates to the Commission's mission, including desired reports.

(b) The Commission shall not reconvene, following submission of the Strategy, until an updated mission is submitted to the President through the Executive Director.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 13, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02871]

Filed 2-18-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14211 of February 12, 2025

### One Voice for America's Foreign Relations

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Article II of the United States Constitution vests the power to conduct foreign policy in the President of the United States. Presidents rely on their Secretaries of State and their subordinate officials to ensure that the United States is served and protected at home and abroad. As the principal steward of the President's foreign policy, the Secretary must maintain an exceptional workforce of patriots to implement this policy effectively.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** All officers or employees charged with implementing the foreign policy of the United States must under Article II do so under the direction and authority of the President. Failure to faithfully implement the President's policy is grounds for professional discipline, including separation. The personnel procedures of executive departments and agencies (agencies) charged with implementing the President's foreign policy must therefore provide an effective and efficient means for ensuring that officers and employees faithfully implement the President's policies.

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) the terms "Department," "Foreign Service," "Service," and "Secretary" shall have the meaning given those terms by section 3902 of title 22, United States Code; and

(b) the term "members of the Foreign Service" shall have the same meaning as "members of the Service" under section 3903 of title 22, United States Code.

(c) the term "Civil Service employee" shall mean an employee of the Department holding United States citizenship, except for a member of the Foreign Service, as defined in section 2664a of title 22, United States Code.

(d) the term "other staff" shall mean locally employed staff and agents under the authority of sections 202(a)(4)(A) (22 U.S.C. 3922(a)(4)(A)) and 303 (22 U.S.C. 3943) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980, or special Government employees of the Department as defined in section 202(a) of title 18, United States Code.

**Sec. 4. Election of Procedures.** When the Secretary concludes that a member of the Foreign Service, a Civil Service employee, or other staff has demonstrated performance or conduct that warrants a personnel action, the Secretary shall, with respect to officials appointed by the Secretary or others within the Department, take appropriate action, subject to the supervision of the President, and shall, with respect to officials appointed by the President, preliminarily determine whether to refer such a matter for the President's consideration. Such preliminary determination shall be made in the Secretary's sole and exclusive discretion.

**Sec. 5. Foreign Service Reform.** (a) The Secretary shall, consistent with applicable law, reform the Foreign Service and the administration of foreign relations to ensure faithful and effective implementation of the President's foreign policy agenda.

(b) The Secretary shall, consistent with applicable law, implement reforms in recruiting, performance, evaluation, and retention standards, and the programs of the Foreign Service Institute, to ensure a workforce that is committed to faithful implementation of the President's foreign policy.

(c) In implementing the reforms identified in this section, the Secretary shall, consistent with applicable law, revise or replace the Foreign Affairs Manual and direct subordinate agencies to remove, amend, or replace any handbooks, procedures, or guidance.

(d) The Secretary shall have sole and exclusive discretion in the exercise or delegation of the responsibilities enumerated in this order, and, as the Secretary deems necessary or appropriate, may prescribe additional procedures that subordinate officials shall follow in the performance of such responsibilities.

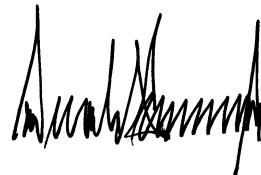
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 12, 2025.*

# Presidential Documents

## Title 3—

### The President

#### Executive Order 14210 of February 11, 2025

#### Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency" Workforce Optimization Initiative

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** To restore accountability to the American public, this order commences a critical transformation of the Federal bureaucracy. By eliminating waste, bloat, and insularity, my Administration will empower American families, workers, taxpayers, and our system of Government itself.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** (a) "Agency" has the meaning given to it in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code, except that such term does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.

(b) "Agency Head" means the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, or Director, unless otherwise specified in this order.

(c) "DOGE Team Lead" means the leader of the Department of Government Efficiency (DOGE) Team at each agency, as defined in Executive Order 14158 of January 20, 2025 (Establishing and Implementing the President's "Department of Government Efficiency").

(d) "Employee" has the meaning given to it by section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, and includes individuals who serve in the executive branch and who qualify as employees under that section for any purpose.

(e) "Immigration enforcement" means the investigation, enforcement, or assisting in the investigation or enforcement of Federal immigration law, including with respect to Federal immigration law that penalizes a person's presence in, entry, or reentry to, or employment in, the United States, but does not include assisting individuals in applying for immigration benefits or efforts to prevent enforcement of immigration law or to prevent deportation or removal from the United States.

(f) "Law enforcement" means:

(i) engagement in or supervision of the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law; or

(ii) the protection of Federal, State, local, or foreign government officials against threats to personal safety.

(g) "Temporary employee" has the meaning given to it in 5 C.F.R. part 316.

(h) "Reemployed annuitant" has the meaning given to it in 5 C.F.R. part 837.

**Sec. 3. Reforming the Federal Workforce to Maximize Efficiency and Productivity.** (a) *Hiring Ratio.* Pursuant to the Presidential Memorandum of January 20, 2025 (Hiring Freeze), the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall submit a plan to reduce the size of the Federal Government's workforce through efficiency improvements and attrition (Plan). The Plan shall require that each agency hire no more than one employee for every four employees that depart, consistent with the plan and any applicable exemptions and details provided for in the Plan. This order does not affect the standing freeze on hiring as applied to the Internal Revenue Service. This ratio shall not apply to functions related to public safety, immigration

enforcement, or law enforcement. Agency Heads shall also adhere to the Federal Hiring Plan that will be promulgated pursuant to Executive Order 14170 of January 20, 2025 (Reforming the Federal Hiring Process and Restoring Merit to Government Service).

(b) *Hiring Approval.* Each Agency Head shall develop a data-driven plan, in consultation with its DOGE Team Lead, to ensure new career appointment hires are in highest-need areas.

(i) This hiring plan shall include that new career appointment hiring decisions shall be made in consultation with the agency's DOGE Team Lead, consistent with applicable law.

(ii) The agency shall not fill any vacancies for career appointments that the DOGE Team Lead assesses should not be filled, unless the Agency Head determines the positions should be filled.

(iii) Each DOGE Team Lead shall provide the United States DOGE Service (USDS) Administrator with a monthly hiring report for the agency.

(c) *Reductions in Force.* Agency Heads shall promptly undertake preparations to initiate large-scale reductions in force (RIFs), consistent with applicable law, and to separate from Federal service temporary employees and reemployed annuitants working in areas that will likely be subject to the RIFs. All offices that perform functions not mandated by statute or other law shall be prioritized in the RIFs, including all agency diversity, equity, and inclusion initiatives; all agency initiatives, components, or operations that my Administration suspends or closes; and all components and employees performing functions not mandated by statute or other law who are not typically designated as essential during a lapse in appropriations as provided in the Agency Contingency Plans on the Office of Management and Budget website. This subsection shall not apply to functions related to public safety, immigration enforcement, or law enforcement.

(d) *Rulemaking.* Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) shall initiate a rulemaking that proposes to revise 5 C.F.R. 731.202(b) to include additional suitability criteria, including:

(i) failure to comply with generally applicable legal obligations, including timely filing of tax returns;

(ii) failure to comply with any provision that would preclude regular Federal service, including citizenship requirements;

(iii) refusal to certify compliance with any applicable nondisclosure obligations, consistent with 5 U.S.C. 2302(b)(13), and failure to adhere to those compliance obligations in the course of Federal employment; and

(iv) theft or misuse of Government resources and equipment, or negligent loss of material Government resources and equipment.

(e) *Developing Agency Reorganization Plans.* Within 30 days of the date of this order, Agency Heads shall submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget a report that identifies any statutes that establish the agency, or subcomponents of the agency, as statutorily required entities. The report shall discuss whether the agency or any of its subcomponents should be eliminated or consolidated.

(f) Within 240 days of the date of this order, the USDS Administrator shall submit a report to the President regarding implementation of this order, including a recommendation as to whether any of its provisions should be extended, modified, or terminated.

**Sec. 4. Exclusions.** (a) This order does not apply to military personnel.

(b) Agency Heads may exempt from this order any position they deem necessary to meet national security, homeland security, or public safety responsibilities.

(c) The Director of OPM may grant exemptions from this order where those exemptions are otherwise necessary and shall assist in promoting workforce reduction.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 11, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02762  
Filed 2-13-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14209 of February 10, 2025

### Pausing Foreign Corrupt Practices Act Enforcement To Further American Economic and National Security

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Since its enactment in 1977, the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (15 U.S.C. 78dd–1 *et seq.*) (FCPA) has been systematically, and to a steadily increasing degree, stretched beyond proper bounds and abused in a manner that harms the interests of the United States. Current FCPA enforcement impedes the United States' foreign policy objectives and therefore implicates the President's Article II authority over foreign affairs.

The President's foreign policy authority is inextricably linked with the global economic competitiveness of American companies. American national security depends in substantial part on the United States and its companies gaining strategic business advantages whether in critical minerals, deep-water ports, or other key infrastructure or assets.

But overexpansive and unpredictable FCPA enforcement against American citizens and businesses—by our own Government—for routine business practices in other nations not only wastes limited prosecutorial resources that could be dedicated to preserving American freedoms, but actively harms American economic competitiveness and, therefore, national security.

It is therefore the policy of my Administration to preserve the Presidential authority to conduct foreign affairs and advance American economic and national security by eliminating excessive barriers to American commerce abroad.

**Sec. 2. Policy of Enforcement Discretion.** (a) For a period of 180 days following the date of this order, the Attorney General shall review guidelines and policies governing investigations and enforcement actions under the FCPA. During the review period, the Attorney General shall:

(i) cease initiation of any new FCPA investigations or enforcement actions, unless the Attorney General determines that an individual exception should be made;

(ii) review in detail all existing FCPA investigations or enforcement actions and take appropriate action with respect to such matters to restore proper bounds on FCPA enforcement and preserve Presidential foreign policy prerogatives; and

(iii) issue updated guidelines or policies, as appropriate, to adequately promote the President's Article II authority to conduct foreign affairs and prioritize American interests, American economic competitiveness with respect to other nations, and the efficient use of Federal law enforcement resources.

(b) The Attorney General may extend such review period for an additional 180 days as the Attorney General determines appropriate.

(c) FCPA investigations and enforcement actions initiated or continued after the revised guidelines or policies are issued under subsection (a) of this section:

(i) shall be governed by such guidelines or policies; and

(ii) must be specifically authorized by the Attorney General.

(d) After the revised guidelines or policies are issued under subsection (a) of this section, the Attorney General shall determine whether additional actions, including remedial measures with respect to inappropriate past FCPA investigations and enforcement actions, are warranted and shall take any such appropriate actions or, if Presidential action is required, recommend such actions to the President.

**Sec. 3. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 10, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14208 of February 10, 2025

### Ending Procurement and Forced Use of Paper Straws

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** An irrational campaign against plastic straws has resulted in major cities, States, and businesses banning the use or automatic inclusion of plastic straws with beverages. Plastic straws are often replaced by paper straws, which are nonfunctional, use chemicals that may carry risks to human health, are more expensive to produce than plastic straws, and often force users to use multiple straws. Additionally, paper straws sometimes come individually wrapped in plastic, undermining the environmental argument for their use.

It is therefore the policy of the United States to end the use of paper straws.

**Sec. 2. Purchases of Paper Straws by the Federal Government.** (a) The heads of executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall take all appropriate action to eliminate the procurement of paper straws and otherwise ensure that paper straws are no longer provided within agency buildings.

(b) Agencies shall take appropriate action to eliminate policies designed to disfavor plastic straws issued to further Executive Order 14057 of December 8, 2021 (Catalyzing Clean Energy Industries and Jobs Through Federal Sustainability), which I revoked on January 20, 2025.

(c) Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, in coordination with relevant agencies, shall issue a National Strategy to End the Use of Paper Straws. This strategy shall address:

- (i) The elimination of all policies within the executive branch designed to disfavor plastic straws;
- (ii) Contract policies and terms with entities, including States, that ban or penalize plastic straw purchase or use; and
- (iii) All other available tools to achieve the policy of this order nationwide.

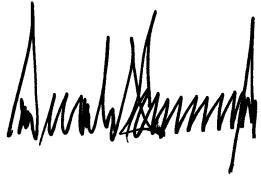
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 10, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02735

Filed 2-13-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14207 of February 10, 2025

#### Eliminating the Federal Executive Institute

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 301 of title 3, United States Code, and section 4117 of title 5, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to treat taxpayer dollars responsibly and advance unifying priorities like a stronger and safer America. Accordingly, it is the policy of my Administration to eliminate, to the greatest extent permitted by law, executive departments and agencies and programs that do not directly benefit the American people or further our Nation's interests.

In particular, the Federal Executive Institute, which was created by the Administration of President Lyndon B. Johnson more than 50 years ago, is a Government program purportedly designed to provide leadership training to bureaucrats. But bureaucratic leadership over the past half-century has led to Federal policies that enlarge and entrench the Washington, DC, managerial class, a development that has not benefited the American family. The Federal Executive Institute should therefore be eliminated to refocus Government on serving taxpayers, competence, and dedication to our Constitution, rather than serving the Federal bureaucracy.

**Sec. 2. Elimination of the Federal Executive Institute.** (a) The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall take all necessary steps to eliminate the Federal Executive Institute, in accordance with applicable law.

(b) All prior Presidential or other executive branch documents establishing or requiring the existence of the Federal Executive Institute, including the Presidential Memorandum of May 9, 1968, regarding the Federal Executive Institute, and any applicable provisions of Executive Order 11348 of April 20, 1967 (Providing for the Further Training of Government Employees), are hereby revoked.

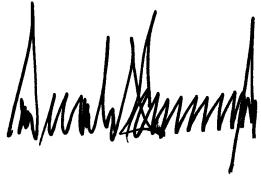
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 10, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02734  
Filed 2-13-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14206 of February 7, 2025

#### Protecting Second Amendment Rights

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The Second Amendment is an indispensable safeguard of security and liberty. It has preserved the right of the American people to protect ourselves, our families, and our freedoms since the founding of our great Nation. Because it is foundational to maintaining all other rights held by Americans, the right to keep and bear arms must not be infringed.

**Sec. 2. Plan of Action.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General shall examine all orders, regulations, guidance, plans, international agreements, and other actions of executive departments and agencies (agencies) to assess any ongoing infringements of the Second Amendment rights of our citizens, and present a proposed plan of action to the President, through the Domestic Policy Advisor, to protect the Second Amendment rights of all Americans.

(b) In developing such proposed plan of action, the Attorney General shall review, at a minimum:

- (i) All Presidential and agencies' actions from January 2021 through January 2025 that purport to promote safety but may have impinged on the Second Amendment rights of law-abiding citizens;
- (ii) Rules promulgated by the Department of Justice, including by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives, from January 2021 through January 2025 pertaining to firearms and/or Federal firearms licensees;
- (iii) Agencies' plans, orders, and actions regarding the so-called "enhanced regulatory enforcement policy" pertaining to firearms and/or Federal firearms licensees;
- (iv) Reports and related documents issued by the White House Office of Gun Violence Prevention;
- (v) The positions taken by the United States in any and all ongoing and potential litigation that affects or could affect the ability of Americans to exercise their Second Amendment rights;
- (vi) Agencies' classifications of firearms and ammunition; and
- (vii) The processing of applications to make, manufacture, transfer, or export firearms.

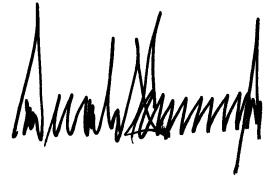
**Sec. 3. Implementation.** Upon submission of the proposed plan of action described in section 2 of this order, the Attorney General shall work with the Domestic Policy Advisor to finalize the plan of action and establish a process for implementation.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, is positioned here.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 7, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02636  
Filed 2-11-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14205 of February 7, 2025

#### Establishment of the White House Faith Office

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to assist faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship in their efforts to strengthen American families, promote work and self-sufficiency, and protect religious liberty, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** Faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship have tremendous ability to serve individuals, families, and communities through means that are different from those of government and with capacity and effectiveness that often exceeds that of government. These organizations lift people up, keep families strong, and solve problems at the local level. The executive branch wants faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to compete on a level playing field for grants, contracts, programs, and other Federal funding opportunities. The efforts of faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship are essential to strengthening families and revitalizing communities, and the Federal Government welcomes opportunities to partner with such organizations through innovative, measurable, and outcome-driven initiatives.

The executive branch is committed to ensuring that all executive departments and agencies (agencies) honor and enforce the Constitution's guarantee of religious liberty and to ending any form of religious discrimination by the Federal Government.

**Sec. 2. Amendments to Executive Orders.** (a) Executive Order 13198 of January 29, 2001 (Agency Responsibilities With Respect to Faith-Based and Community Initiatives); Executive Order 13279 of December 12, 2002 (Equal Protection of the Laws for Faith-Based and Community Organizations), as amended by Executive Order 13559 of November 17, 2010 (Fundamental Principles and Policymaking Criteria for Partnerships With Faith-Based and Other Neighborhood Organizations); Executive Order 13280 of December 12, 2002 (Responsibilities of the Department of Agriculture and the Agency for International Development With Respect to Faith-Based and Community Initiatives); Executive Order 13342 of June 1, 2004 (Responsibilities of the Departments of Commerce and Veterans Affairs and the Small Business Administration With Respect to Faith-Based and Community Initiatives); and Executive Order 13397 of March 7, 2006 (Responsibilities of the Department of Homeland Security With Respect to Faith-Based and Community Initiatives), are hereby amended by:

(i) substituting "White House Faith Office" for "White House Office of Faith-Based and Community Initiatives" or "White House OFBCI" each time it appears in those orders; and

(ii) substituting "Center for Faith" for "Center for Faith-based and Community Initiatives," and "Centers for Faith" for "Centers for Faith-based and Community Initiatives" each time they appear in those orders.

(b) Executive Order 13279, as amended by Executive Order 13559, is further amended by striking section 2(h) and redesignating sections 2(i) and 2(j) as sections 2(h) and 2(i), respectively.

**Sec. 3. Establishment of the White House Faith Office.** (a) There is established within the Executive Office of the President (EOP) the White House Faith Office (Office). The Office shall have lead responsibility in the executive

branch to empower faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship to serve families and communities.

(b) The Office shall be housed in the Domestic Policy Council and headed by a Senior Advisor to the White House Faith Office, and supported by other positions as the President considers appropriate. In carrying out this order, the Office shall work with the Domestic Policy Council, the Office of Public Liaison, and the Centers for Faith established by Executive Order 13198, Executive Order 13280, Executive Order 13342, and Executive Order 13397, as amended by section 2(a)(ii) of this order.

**Sec. 4. White House Faith Office Functions.** (a) To the extent permitted by law, the Office shall:

- (i) from time to time, consult with and seek information from experts and various faith and community leaders identified by the White House Faith Office and other EOP components, including those from outside the Federal Government and those from State, local, and Tribal governments. These experts and leaders shall be identified based on their expertise in a broad range of areas in which faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship operate, including protecting women and children; strengthening marriage and family; lifting up individuals through work and self-sufficiency, defending religious liberty; combatting anti-Semitic, anti-Christian, and additional forms of anti-religious bias; promoting foster care and adoption programs in partnership with faith-based entities; providing wholesome and effective education; preventing and reducing crime and facilitating prisoner reentry; promoting recovery from substance use disorder; and fostering flourishing minds;
- (ii) make recommendations to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, regarding changes to policies, programs, and practices, and aspects of my Administration's policy agenda, that affect the ability of faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship to serve families and communities;
- (iii) convene meetings with representatives from the Centers for Faith and other representatives from across agencies as appropriate;
- (iv) advise on the implementation throughout the Federal Government of those aspects of my Administration's policy agenda aimed at enabling faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship to better serve families and communities;
- (v) showcase innovative initiatives by faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship that serve and strengthen individuals, families, and communities throughout the United States;
- (vi) coordinate with all agencies to implement training and education throughout the country for faith-based entity grantees to build their capacity to procure grants;
- (vii) support agencies in developing and implementing training and education regarding religious liberty exceptions, accommodations, or exemptions;
- (viii) consult with public and private businesses regarding their policies for employee volunteerism, charitable giving, and payroll deductions;
- (ix) coordinate with agencies on identifying and promoting grant opportunities for non-profit faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship, especially those inexperienced with public funding but that operate effective programs;
- (x) work in collaboration with the Attorney General, or a designee of the Attorney General, to identify concerns raised by faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship about any failures of the executive branch to enforce constitutional and Federal statutory protections for religious liberty; and
- (xi) identify and propose means to reduce burdens on the free exercise of religion, including legislative, regulatory, and other barriers to the full

and active participation of faith-based entities, community organizations, and houses of worship in government-funded or government-conducted activities and programs.

(b) Agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide such information, support, and assistance to the Office as may assist the Office in fulfilling this order.

(c) The Directors of each Center of Faith shall oversee their respective agency's efforts to assist the Office in carrying out this order, and shall report on such efforts to agency leadership and the Office. Agencies that lack a Center for Faith shall designate or appoint a Faith Liaison within the agency to oversee the agency's efforts to assist the Office in carrying out this order and to report on such efforts to agency leadership and the Office. All such agencies shall designate or appoint such a Faith Liaison within 90 days of the date of this order.

**Sec. 5. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

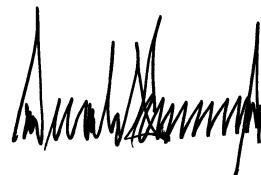
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
February 7, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14204 of February 7, 2025**

## Addressing Egregious Actions of the Republic of South Africa

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose.** In shocking disregard of its citizens' rights, the Republic of South Africa (South Africa) recently enacted Expropriation Act 13 of 2024 (Act), to enable the government of South Africa to seize ethnic minority Afrikaners' agricultural property without compensation. This Act follows countless government policies designed to dismantle equal opportunity in employment, education, and business, and hateful rhetoric and government actions fueling disproportionate violence against racially disfavored land-owners.

In addition, South Africa has taken aggressive positions towards the United States and its allies, including accusing Israel, not Hamas, of genocide in the International Court of Justice, and reinvigorating its relations with Iran to develop commercial, military, and nuclear arrangements.

The United States cannot support the government of South Africa's commission of rights violations in its country or its 'undermining United States foreign policy, which poses national security threats to our Nation, our allies, our African partners, and our interests.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States that, as long as South Africa continues these unjust and immoral practices that harm our Nation:

- (a) the United States shall not provide aid or assistance to South Africa; and
- (b) the United States shall promote the resettlement of Afrikaner refugees escaping government-sponsored race-based discrimination, including racially discriminatory property confiscation.

**Sec. 3. Assistance.** (a) All executive departments and agencies (agencies), including the United States Agency for International Development, shall, to the maximum extent allowed by law, halt foreign aid or assistance delivered or provided to South Africa, and shall promptly exercise all available authorities and discretion to halt such aid or assistance.

(b) The head of each agency may permit the provision of any such foreign aid or assistance that, in the discretion of the relevant agency head, is necessary or appropriate.

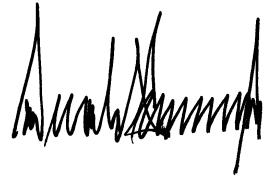
**Sec. 4. Refugee Resettlement and Other Humanitarian Considerations.** The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take appropriate steps, consistent with law, to prioritize humanitarian relief, including admission and resettlement through the United States Refugee Admissions Program, for Afrikaners in South Africa who are victims of unjust racial discrimination. Such plan shall be submitted to the President through the Assistant to the President and Homeland Security Advisor.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN JR.", is positioned here.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 7, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02630  
Filed 2-11-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14203 of February 6, 2025**

### **Imposing Sanctions on the International Criminal Court**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) (NEA), section 212(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code,

I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, find that the International Criminal Court (ICC), as established by the Rome Statute, has engaged in illegitimate and baseless actions targeting America and our close ally Israel. The ICC has, without a legitimate basis, asserted jurisdiction over and opened preliminary investigations concerning personnel of the United States and certain of its allies, including Israel, and has further abused its power by issuing baseless arrest warrants targeting Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and Former Minister of Defense Yoav Gallant. The ICC has no jurisdiction over the United States or Israel, as neither country is party to the Rome Statute or a member of the ICC. Neither country has ever recognized the ICC's jurisdiction, and both nations are thriving democracies with militaries that strictly adhere to the laws of war. The ICC's recent actions against Israel and the United States set a dangerous precedent, directly endangering current and former United States personnel, including active service members of the Armed Forces, by exposing them to harassment, abuse, and possible arrest. This malign conduct in turn threatens to infringe upon the sovereignty of the United States and undermines the critical national security and foreign policy work of the United States Government and our allies, including Israel. Furthermore, in 2002, the Congress enacted the American Servicemembers' Protection Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7421 *et seq.*) to protect United States military personnel, United States officials, and officials and military personnel of certain allied countries against criminal prosecution by an international criminal court to which the United States is not party, stating, "In addition to exposing members of the Armed Forces of the United States to the risk of international criminal prosecution, the Rome Statute creates a risk that the President and other senior elected and appointed officials of the United States Government may be prosecuted by the International Criminal Court." (22 U.S.C. 7421(9)).

The United States unequivocally opposes and expects our allies to oppose any ICC actions against the United States, Israel, or any other ally of the United States that has not consented to ICC jurisdiction. The United States remains committed to accountability and to the peaceful cultivation of international order, but the ICC and parties to the Rome Statute must respect the decisions of the United States and other countries not to subject their personnel to the ICC's jurisdiction, consistent with their respective sovereign prerogatives.

The United States will impose tangible and significant consequences on those responsible for the ICC's transgressions, some of which may include the blocking of property and assets, as well as the suspension of entry into the United States of ICC officials, employees, and agents, as well as their immediate family members, as their entry into our Nation would be detrimental to the interests of the United States.

I therefore determine that any effort by the ICC to investigate, arrest, detain, or prosecute protected persons, as defined in section 8(d) of this order, constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States, and I hereby declare a national emergency to address that threat. I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1.** (a) All property and interests in property that are in the United States, that hereafter come within the United States, or that are or hereafter come within the possession or control of any United States person, of the following persons are blocked and may not be transferred, paid, exported, withdrawn, or otherwise dealt in:

(i) the person listed in the Annex to this order; and

(ii) any foreign person determined by the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Attorney General:

(A) to have directly engaged in any effort by the ICC to investigate, arrest, detain, or prosecute a protected person without consent of that person's country of nationality;

(B) to have materially assisted, sponsored, or provided financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services to or in support of, any activity in subsection (a)(ii)(A) of this section or any person whose property or interests in property are blocked pursuant to this order; or

(C) to be owned or controlled by, or to have acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, any person whose property or interests in property are blocked pursuant to this order.

(b) The prohibitions in subsection (a) of this section apply except to the extent provided by statutes, or in regulations, orders, directives, or licenses that may be issued pursuant to this order, and notwithstanding any contract entered into or any license or permit granted before the date of this order.

**Sec. 2.** I hereby determine that the making of donations of the types of articles specified in section 203(b)(2) of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(2)) by, to, or for the benefit of any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to section 1 of this order would seriously impair my ability to address the national emergency declared in this order, and I hereby prohibit such donations as provided by section 1 of this order.

**Sec. 3.** The prohibitions in section 1(a) of this order include:

(a) the making of any contribution or provision of funds, goods, or services by, to, or for the benefit of any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to section 1 of this order; and

(b) the receipt of any contribution or provision of funds, goods, or services from any such person.

**Sec. 4.** The unrestricted immigrant and nonimmigrant entry into the United States of aliens determined to meet one or more of the criteria in section 1 of this order, as well as immediate family members of such aliens, or aliens determined by the Secretary of State to be employed by, or acting as an agent of, the ICC, would be detrimental to the interests of the United States, and the entry of such persons into the United States, as immigrants or nonimmigrants, is hereby suspended, except where the Secretary of State determines that the entry of the person into the United States would not be contrary to the interests of the United States, including when the Secretary of State so determines, based on a recommendation of the Attorney General, that the person's entry would further important United States law enforcement objectives. In exercising this responsibility, the Secretary of State shall consult with the Secretary of Homeland Security on matters related to admissibility or inadmissibility within the authority of the Secretary of Homeland Security. Such persons shall be treated as persons covered by section 1 of Proclamation 8693 of July 24, 2011 (Suspension of Entry of Aliens Subject to United Nations Security Council Travel Bans and International Emergency Economic Powers Act Sanctions). The Secretary of State shall have the

responsibility for implementing this section pursuant to such conditions and procedures as the Secretary of State has established or may establish pursuant to Proclamation 8693.

**Sec. 5.** Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the President a report on additional persons that should be included within the scope of section 1 of this order.

**Sec. 6.** (a) Any transaction that evades or avoids, has the purpose of evading or avoiding, causes a violation of, or attempts to violate any of the prohibitions set forth in this order is prohibited.

(b) Any conspiracy formed to violate any of the prohibitions set forth in this order is prohibited.

**Sec. 7.** Nothing in this order shall prohibit transactions for the conduct of the official business of the Federal Government by employees, grantees, or contractors thereof.

**Sec. 8.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) the term “person” means an individual or entity;

(b) the term “entity” means a government or instrumentality of such government, partnership, association, trust, joint venture, corporation, group, subgroup, or other organization;

(c) the term “United States person” means any United States citizen, permanent resident alien, entity organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States (including a foreign branch, subsidiary, or employee of such entity), or any person lawfully in the United States;

(d) the term “protected person” means:

(i) any United States person, unless the United States provides formal consent to ICC jurisdiction over that person or becomes a state party to the Rome Statute, including:

(A) current or former members of the Armed Forces of the United States;

(B) current or former elected or appointed officials of the United States Government; and

(C) any other person currently or formerly employed by or working on behalf of the United States Government; and

(ii) any foreign person that is a citizen or lawful resident of an ally of the United States that has not consented to ICC jurisdiction over that person or is not a state party to the Rome Statute, including:

(A) current or former members of the armed forces of such ally of the United States;

(B) current or former elected or appointed government officials of such ally of the United States; and

(C) any other person currently or formerly employed by or working on behalf of such a government;

(e) the term “ally of the United States” means:

(i) a government of a member country of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization; or

(ii) a government of a “major non-NATO ally,” as that term is defined by section 2013(7) of the American Servicemembers’ Protection Act of 2002 (22 U.S.C. 7432(7));

(f) the term “immediate family member” means a spouse or child;

(g) the term “alien” has the meanings given to the term in section 101(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952 (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3)); and

(h) the term “foreign person” means a person that is not a United States person.

**Sec. 9.** For those persons whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this order who might have a constitutional presence in the United States, I find that because of the ability to transfer funds or other assets instantaneously, prior notice to such persons of measures to be taken pursuant to section 1 of this order would render those measures ineffectual. I therefore determine that for these measures to be effective in addressing the national emergency declared in this order, there need be no prior notice of a listing or determination made pursuant to section 1 of this order.

**Sec. 10.** The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, is hereby authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order. The Secretary of the Treasury may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within the Department of the Treasury. All executive departments and agencies of the United States shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 11.** The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, is hereby authorized to submit recurring and final reports to the Congress on the national emergency declared in this order, consistent with section 401(c) of the NEA (50 U.S.C. 1641(c)) and section 204(c) of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1703(c)).

**Sec. 12.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 6, 2025.*

**ANNEX**

1. Karim Khan, Prosecutor of the ICC.

[FR Doc. 2025-02612

Filed 2-11-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 4811-33-C

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14202 of February 6, 2025**

**Eradicating Anti-Christian Bias**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** It is the policy of the United States, and the purpose of this order, to protect the religious freedoms of Americans and end the anti-Christian weaponization of government. The Founders established a Nation in which people were free to practice their faith without fear of discrimination or retaliation by their government.

For that reason, the United States Constitution enshrines the fundamental right to religious liberty in the First Amendment. Federal laws like the Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000bb *et seq.*), further prohibit government interference with Americans' rights to exercise their religion. Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000e *et seq.*), prohibits religious discrimination in employment while Federal hate-crime laws prohibit offenses committed due to religious animus.

Yet the previous Administration engaged in an egregious pattern of targeting peaceful Christians, while ignoring violent, anti-Christian offenses. The Biden Department of Justice sought to squelch faith in the public square by bringing Federal criminal charges and obtaining in numerous cases multi-year prison sentences against nearly two dozen peaceful pro-life Christians for praying and demonstrating outside abortion facilities. Those convicted included a Catholic priest and 75-year-old grandmother, as well as an 87-year-old woman and a father of 11 children who were arrested 18 months after praying and singing hymns outside an abortion facility in Tennessee as a part of a politically motivated prosecution campaign by the Biden Administration. I rectified this injustice on January 23, 2025, by issuing pardons in these cases.

At the same time, Catholic churches, charities, and pro-life centers sought justice for violence, theft, and arson perpetrated against them, which the Biden Department of Justice largely ignored. After more than 100 attacks, the U.S. House of Representatives passed a resolution condemning this violence and calling on the Biden Administration to enforce the law.

Then, in 2023, a Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) memorandum asserted that “radical-traditionalist” Catholics were domestic-terrorism threats and suggested infiltrating Catholic churches as “threat mitigation.” This later-retracted FBI memorandum cited as support evidence propaganda from highly partisan sources.

The Biden Department of Education sought to repeal religious-liberty protections for faith-based organizations on college campuses. The Biden Equal Employment Opportunity Commission sought to force Christians to affirm radical transgender ideology against their faith. And the Biden Department of Health and Human Services sought to drive Christians who do not conform to certain beliefs on sexual orientation and gender identity out of the foster-care system. The Biden Administration declared March 31, 2024—Easter Sunday—as “Transgender Day of Visibility.”

In this atmosphere of anti-Christian government, hostility and vandalism against Christian churches and places of worship surged, with the number of such identified acts in 2023 exceeding by more than eight times the

number from 2018. Catholic churches and institutions have been aggressively targeted with hundreds of acts of hostility, violence, and vandalism.

My Administration will not tolerate anti-Christian weaponization of government or unlawful conduct targeting Christians. The law protects the freedom of Americans and groups of Americans to practice their faith in peace, and my Administration will enforce the law and protect these freedoms. My Administration will ensure that any unlawful and improper conduct, policies, or practices that target Christians are identified, terminated, and rectified.

**Sec. 2. Establishing a Task Force to Eradicate Anti-Christian Bias.** (a) There is hereby established within the Department of Justice the Task Force to Eradicate Anti-Christian Bias (Task Force).

(b) The Attorney General shall serve as Chair of the Task Force.

(c) In addition to the Chair, the Task Force shall consist of the following other members:

- (i) the Secretary of State;
- (ii) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (iii) the Secretary of Defense;
- (iv) the Secretary of Labor;
- (v) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
- (vi) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development;
- (vii) the Secretary of Education;
- (viii) the Secretary of Veterans Affairs;
- (ix) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
- (x) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget;
- (xi) Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations;
- (xii) the Administrator of the Small Business Administration;
- (xiii) the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- (xiv) the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy;
- (xv) the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency;
- (xvi) the Chair of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; and
- (xvii) the heads of such other executive departments, agencies, and offices that the Chair may, from time to time, invite to participate.

**Sec. 3. Task Force Functions.** (a) The Task Force shall meet as required by the Chair and shall take appropriate action to:

- (i) review the activities of all executive departments and agencies (agencies), including the Department of State, the Department of Justice, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Department of Labor, the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Education, the Department of Homeland Security, and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, over the previous Administration and identify any unlawful anti-Christian policies, practices, or conduct by an agency contrary to the purpose and policy of this order;
- (ii) recommend to the head of the relevant agency steps to revoke or terminate any violative policies, practices, or conduct identified under subsection (3)(a)(i) of this section and remedial actions to fulfill the purpose and policy of this order;
- (iii) share information and develop strategies to protect the religious liberties of Americans and advance the purpose and policy of this order;
- (iv) solicit information and ideas from a broad range of individuals and groups, including Americans affected by anti-Christian conduct, faith-based organizations, and State, local, and Tribal governments, in order to ensure that its work is informed by a broad spectrum of ideas and experiences;

(v) identify deficiencies in existing laws and enforcement and regulatory practices that have contributed to unlawful anti-Christian governmental or private conduct and recommend to the relevant agency head, or recommend to the President, through the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, as applicable, appropriate actions that agencies may take to remedy failures to fully enforce the law against acts of anti-Christian hostility, vandalism, and violence; and

(vi) recommend to the President, through the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, any additional Presidential or legislative action necessary to rectify past improper anti-Christian conduct, protect religious liberty, or otherwise fulfill the purpose and policy of this order.

(b) In order to advise the President regarding its work and assist the President in formulating future policy, the Task Force shall submit to the President, through the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy:

(i) a report within 120 days from the date of this order regarding the Task Force's initial work;

(ii) a report within 1 year from the date of this order that summarizes the Task Force's work; and

(iii) a final report upon the dissolution of the Task Force.

**Sec. 4. Administration.** (a) The heads of agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, upon the request of the Chair, provide the Task Force with any information required by the Task Force for the purpose of carrying out its functions.

(b) The Department of Justice shall provide such funding and administrative and technical support as the Task Force may require, to the extent permitted by law and as authorized by existing appropriations.

**Sec. 5. Termination.** The Task Force shall terminate 2 years from the date of this order unless extended by the President.

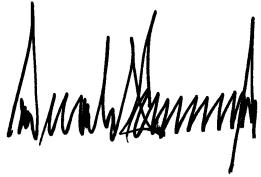
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 6, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02611  
Filed 2-11-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14201 of February 5, 2025

#### Keeping Men Out of Women's Sports

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to protect opportunities for women and girls to compete in safe and fair sports, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** In recent years, many educational institutions and athletic associations have allowed men to compete in women's sports. This is demeaning, unfair, and dangerous to women and girls, and denies women and girls the equal opportunity to participate and excel in competitive sports.

Moreover, under Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 (Title IX), educational institutions receiving Federal funds cannot deny women an equal opportunity to participate in sports. As some Federal courts have recognized, "ignoring fundamental biological truths between the two sexes deprives women and girls of meaningful access to educational facilities." *Tennessee v. Cardona*, 24-cv-00072 at 73 (E.D. Ky. 2024). See also *Kansas v. U.S. Dept. of Education*, 24-cv-04041 at 23 (D. Kan. 2024) (highlighting "Congress' goals of protecting biological women in education").

Therefore, it is the policy of the United States to rescind all funds from educational programs that deprive women and girls of fair athletic opportunities, which results in the endangerment, humiliation, and silencing of women and girls and deprives them of privacy. It shall also be the policy of the United States to oppose male competitive participation in women's sports more broadly, as a matter of safety, fairness, dignity, and truth.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** The definitions in Executive Order 14168 of January 20, 2025 (Defending Women from Gender Ideology Extremism and Restoring Biological Truth to the Federal Government), shall apply to this order.

**Sec. 3. Preserving Women's Sports in Education.** (a) In furtherance of the purposes of Title IX, the Secretary of Education shall promptly:

(i) in coordination with the Attorney General, continue to comply with the vacatur of the rule entitled "Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance" of April 29, 2024, 89 FR 33474, see *Tennessee v. Cardona*, 24-cv-00072 at 13–15 (E.D. Ky. 2025), and take other appropriate action to ensure this regulation does not have effect;

(ii) take all appropriate action to affirmatively protect all-female athletic opportunities and all-female locker rooms and thereby provide the equal opportunity guaranteed by Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, including enforcement actions described in subsection (iii); to bring regulations and policy guidance into line with the Congress' existing demand for "equal athletic opportunity for members of both sexes" by clearly specifying and clarifying that women's sports are reserved for women; and the resolution of pending litigation consistent with this policy; and

(iii) prioritize Title IX enforcement actions against educational institutions (including athletic associations composed of or governed by such institutions) that deny female students an equal opportunity to participate in sports and athletic events by requiring them, in the women's category, to compete with or against or to appear unclothed before males.

(b) All executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall review grants to educational programs and, where appropriate, rescind funding to programs that fail to comply with the policy established in this order.

(c) The Department of Justice shall provide all necessary resources, in accordance with law, to relevant agencies to ensure expeditious enforcement of the policy established in this order.

**Sec. 4. Preserving Fairness and Safety in Women's Sports.** Many sport-specific governing bodies have no official position or requirements regarding trans-identifying athletes. Others allow men to compete in women's categories if these men reduce the testosterone in their bodies below certain levels or provide documentation of "sincerely held" gender identity. These policies are unfair to female athletes and do not protect female safety. To address these concerns, it is hereby ordered:

(a) The Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall, within 60 days of the date of this order:

(i) convene representatives of major athletic organizations and governing bodies, and female athletes harmed by such policies, to promote policies that are fair and safe, in the best interests of female athletes, and consistent with the requirements of Title IX, as applicable; and

(ii) convene State Attorneys General to identify best practices in defining and enforcing equal opportunities for women to participate in sports and educate them about stories of women and girls who have been harmed by male participation in women's sports.

(b) The Secretary of State, including through the Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs' Sports Diplomacy Division and the Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations, shall:

(i) rescind support for and participation in people-to-people sports exchanges or other sports programs within which the relevant female sports category is based on identity and not sex; and

(ii) promote, including at the United Nations, international rules and norms governing sports competition to protect a sex-based female sports category, and, at the discretion of the Secretary of State, convene international athletic organizations and governing bodies, and female athletes harmed by policies that allow male participation in women's sports, to promote sporting policies that are fair, safe, and in furtherance of the best interests of female athletes.

(c) The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall review and adjust, as needed, policies permitting admission to the United States of males seeking to participate in women's sports, and shall issue guidance with an objective of preventing such entry to the extent permitted by law, including pursuant to section 212(a)(6)(C)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(6)(C)(i)).

(d) The Secretary of State shall use all appropriate and available measures to see that the International Olympic Committee amends the standards governing Olympic sporting events to promote fairness, safety, and the best interests of female athletes by ensuring that eligibility for participation in women's sporting events is determined according to sex and not gender identity or testosterone reduction.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

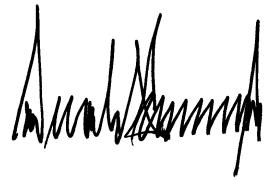
(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 5, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02513  
Filed 2-10-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14200 of February 5, 2025**

## **Amendment to Duties Addressing the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1. Amendment.** Regarding the Executive Order of February 1, 2025 (Imposing Duties to Address the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China), the following shall replace subsection (g) of section 2:

“(g) Duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321 is available for otherwise eligible covered articles described in subsection (a) of this section, but shall cease to be available for such articles upon notification by the Secretary of Commerce to the President that adequate systems are in place to fully and expediently process and collect tariff revenue applicable pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for covered articles otherwise eligible for *de minimis* treatment.”

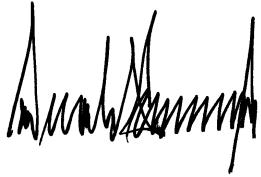
**Sec. 2. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 5, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02512  
Filed 2-10-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14199 of February 4, 2025**

## **Withdrawing the United States From and Ending Funding to Certain United Nations Organizations and Reviewing United States Support to All International Organizations**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States helped found the United Nations (UN) after World War II to prevent future global conflicts and promote international peace and security. But some of the UN's agencies and bodies have drifted from this mission and instead act contrary to the interests of the United States while attacking our allies and propagating anti-Semitism. As in 2018, when the United States withdrew from the UN Human Rights Council (UNHRC), the United States will reevaluate our commitment to these institutions.

Three UN organizations that deserve renewed scrutiny are the UNHRC; the UN Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization (UNESCO); and the UN Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA).

UNRWA has reportedly been infiltrated by members of groups long designated by the Secretary of State (Secretary) as foreign terrorist organizations, and UNRWA employees were involved in the October 7, 2023, Hamas attack on Israel. UNHRC has protected human rights abusers by allowing them to use the organization to shield themselves from scrutiny, while UNESCO has demonstrated failure to reform itself, has continually demonstrated anti-Israel sentiment over the past decade, and has failed to address concerns over mounting arrears.

**Sec. 2. UNHRC and UNESCO Participation.** (a) The United States will not participate in the UNHRC and will not seek election to that body. The Secretary shall terminate the office of United States Representative to the UNHRC and any positions primarily dedicated to supporting the United States Representative to the UNHRC.

(b) The United States will also conduct a review of its membership in UNESCO. This review shall be led by the Secretary, in coordination with the United States Representative to the United Nations (UN Ambassador), and must be completed within 90 days of the date of this order. The review will include an evaluation of how and if UNESCO supports United States interests. In particular, the review will include an analysis of any anti-Semitism or anti-Israel sentiment within the organization.

**Sec. 3. Funding.** (a) Executive departments and agencies shall not use any funds for a contribution, grant, or other payment to UNRWA, consistent with section 301 of title III, division G, of Public Law 118–47 (March 23, 2024). The Secretary shall withdraw the determination previously made under section 7048(c)(1) of title VII, division F, of Public Law 118–47. Accordingly, of the funds appropriated for a contribution to the UN Regular Budget under the heading “Contributions to International Organizations” of Public Law 118–47, as most recently continued by Public Law 118–158 (December 21, 2024), the Secretary shall withhold the United States proportionate share of the total annual amount of UN Regular Budget funding for the UNHRC, consistent with section 7048(c) of title VII, division F, of Public Law 118–47.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary, in consultation with the UN Ambassador, shall conduct a review of all international intergovernmental organizations of which the United States is a member and provides any type of funding or other support, and all conventions and treaties to which the United States is a party, to determine which organizations, conventions, and treaties are contrary to the interests of the United States and whether such organizations, conventions, or treaties can be reformed. Upon the conclusion of that review, the Secretary shall report the findings to the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and provide recommendations as to whether the United States should withdraw from any such organizations, conventions, or treaties.

**Sec. 4. Notification.** The Secretary shall inform the UN Secretary General and the leadership of UNRWA and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights that the United States will not fund UNRWA or the UNHRC and that the United States will not satisfy any claims to pay 2025 assessments or prior arrears by these organizations.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
February 4, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14198 of February 3, 2025

#### Progress on the Situation at Our Southern Border

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** On February 1, 2025, I determined that the failure of Mexico to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept Mexican drug trafficking organizations, other drug and human traffickers, criminals at large, and illicit drugs constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. To address that threat, I invoked my authority under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of IEEPA to impose ad valorem tariffs on articles that are products of Mexico.

**Sec. 2. Immediate Steps.** Pursuant to section 3 of my Executive Order of February 1, 2025, titled “Imposing Duties to Address the Situation at Our Southern Border” (“the Executive Order of February 1, 2025”), I have determined that the Government of Mexico has taken immediate steps designed to alleviate the illegal migration and illicit drug crisis through cooperative actions. Further time is needed, however, to assess whether these steps constitute sufficient action to alleviate the crisis and resolve the unusual and extraordinary threat beyond our southern border.

**Sec. 3. Pause.** (a) In recognition of the steps taken by the Government of Mexico, and in order to assess whether the threat described in section 1 of this order has abated, the additional 25 percent ad valorem rate of duty shall be paused and will not take effect until March 4, 2025, at 12:01 a.m. eastern time. Accordingly, sections 2(a), section 2(d), and section 2(e) of the Executive Order of February 1, 2025, are amended by striking the term “February 4, 2025,” where it appears in those sections and inserting in lieu thereof the term “March, 4, 2025.” The exceptions set forth in section 2(a) of the Executive Order of February 1, 2025, related to covered goods loaded onto a vessel at a port of entry or in transit on the final mode of transport prior to entry into the United States are, hereby, withdrawn.

(b) During this pause, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, shall continue to assess the situation at our southern border, as provided in section 3 of the Executive Order of February 1, 2025.

(c) If the illegal migration and illicit drug crises worsen, and if the Government of Mexico fails to take sufficient steps to alleviate these crises, the President shall take necessary steps to address the situation, including by immediate implementation of the tariffs described in the Executive Order of February 1, 2025.

**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 3, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02479  
Filed 2-7-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14197 of February 3, 2025

#### Progress on the Situation at Our Northern Border

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** On February 1, 2025, I determined that the failure of Canada to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept drug trafficking organizations, other drug and human traffickers, criminals at large, and illicit drugs constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. To address that threat, I invoked my authority under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of IEEPA to impose ad valorem tariffs on articles that are products of Canada.

**Sec. 2. Immediate Steps.** Pursuant to section 3 of my Executive Order of February 1, 2025, titled “Imposing Duties to Address the Situation at Our Northern Border” (“the Executive Order of February 1, 2025”), I have determined that the Government of Canada has taken immediate steps designed to alleviate the illegal migration and illicit drug crisis through cooperative actions. Further time is needed, however, to assess whether these steps constitute sufficient action to alleviate the crisis and resolve the unusual and extraordinary threat beyond our northern border.

**Sec. 3. Pause.** (a) In recognition of the steps taken by the Government of Canada, and in order to assess whether the threat described in section 1 of this order has abated, the additional 25 percent ad valorem rates of duty, and 10 percent ad valorem rates of duty as to energy products, shall be paused and will not take effect until March 4, 2025, at 12:01 a.m. eastern time. Accordingly, section 2(a), section 2(b), section 2(e), and section 2(f) of the Executive Order of February 1, 2025, are amended by striking the term “February 4, 2025,” where it appears in those sections and inserting in lieu thereof the term “March 4, 2025.” The exceptions set forth in section 2(a) and section 2(b) of the Executive Order of February 1, 2025, related to covered goods loaded onto a vessel at a port of entry or in transit on the final mode of transport prior to entry into the United States are, hereby, withdrawn.

(b) During this pause, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security shall continue to assess the situation at our northern border, as provided in section 3 of the Executive Order of February 1, 2025.

(c) If the illegal migration and illicit drug crises worsen, and if the Government of Canada fails to take sufficient steps to alleviate these crises, the President shall take necessary steps to address the situation, including by immediate implementation of the tariffs described in the Executive Order of February 1, 2025.

**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the

remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof, or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 3, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02478  
Filed 2-7-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14196 of February 3, 2025**

## A Plan for Establishing a United States Sovereign Wealth Fund

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in order to promote the long-term financial health and international leadership of the United States, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** It is the policy of the United States to maximize the stewardship of our national wealth for the sole benefit of American citizens. To this end, it is in the interest of the American people that the Federal Government establish a sovereign wealth fund to promote fiscal sustainability, lessen the burden of taxes on American families and small businesses, establish economic security for future generations, and promote United States economic and strategic leadership internationally.

**Sec. 2. Sovereign Wealth Fund.** The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Commerce, in close coordination with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, shall develop a plan for the establishment of a sovereign wealth fund consistent with section 1 of this order. The Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Commerce shall jointly submit this plan to the President within 90 days of the date of this order. Such plan shall include recommendations for funding mechanisms, investment strategies, fund structure, and a governance model. The plan shall also include an evaluation of the legal considerations for establishing and managing such a fund, including any need for legislation.

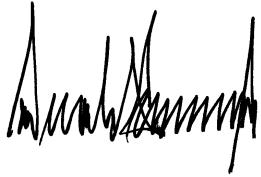
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 3, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02477

Filed 2-7-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14195 of February 1, 2025

#### **Imposing Duties To Address the Synthetic Opioid Supply Chain in the People's Republic of China**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) (NEA), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code,

I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, find that the sustained influx of synthetic opioids has profound consequences on our Nation, including by killing approximately two hundred Americans per day, putting a severe strain on our healthcare system, ravaging our communities, and destroying our families. Synthetic opioid overdose is the leading cause of death for people aged 18 to 45 in the United States.

During my first term, I took steps to end the direct flow of fentanyl and other synthetic opioids from the People's Republic of China (PRC) to the United States. Since then, the Chinese Communist Party (CCP), which exerts ultimate control over the government and enterprises of the PRC, has subsidized and otherwise incentivized PRC chemical companies to export fentanyl and related precursor chemicals that are used to produce synthetic opioids sold illicitly in the United States.

Furthermore, the PRC provides support to and safe haven for PRC-origin transnational criminal organizations (TCOs) that launder the revenues from the production, shipment, and sale of illicit synthetic opioids. These PRC-origin TCOs coordinate and communicate using PRC social media software applications in the conduct of their business.

Many PRC-based chemical companies also go to great lengths to evade law enforcement and hide illicit substances in the flow of legitimate commerce. Some of the techniques employed by these PRC-based companies to conceal the true contents of the parcels and the identity of the distributors include the use of re-shippers in the United States, false invoices, fraudulent postage, and deceptive packaging. While more than 500,000 pounds of drugs have been seized at the southern border each of the last 3 fiscal years, in addition, more than 42,000 pounds of drugs have been seized at the northern border each year on average over the last 3 years. Illicit drugs kill tens of thousands of Americans each year, including 75,000 deaths per year attributed to fentanyl alone.

The influx of these drugs to our Nation threatens the fabric of our society. The PRC plays a central role in this challenge, not merely by failing to stem the ultimate source of many illicit drugs distributed in the United States, but by actively sustaining and expanding the business of poisoning our citizens.

The flow of contraband drugs like fentanyl to the United States through illicit distribution networks has created a national emergency, including a public health crisis in the United States, as outlined in the Presidential Memorandum of January 20, 2025 (America First Trade Policy), Proclamation 10886 of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Emergency at the Southern Border of the United States), and Executive Order 14157 of January 20,

2025 (Designating Cartels and Other Organizations as Foreign Terrorist Organizations and Specially Designated Global Terrorists).

Despite multiple attempts to resolve this crisis at its root source through bilateral dialogue, PRC officials have failed to follow through with the decisive actions needed to stem the flow of precursor chemicals to known criminal cartels and shut down the money laundering TCOs. The PRC implements the most sophisticated domestic surveillance network coupled with the most comprehensive domestic law enforcement apparatus in the world. The PRC also routinely exerts extraterritorial reach across the globe to threaten, harass, and suppress what it views as political dissent. As such, the CCP does not lack the capacity to severely blunt the global illicit opioid epidemic; it simply is unwilling to do so.

Immediate action is required to address the national emergency I declared and to finally end this emergency, including the public health crisis caused by opioid use and addiction, which will not happen until the full compliance and cooperation of the PRC government is assured.

I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1.** (a) As President of the United States, my highest duty is the defense of the country and its citizens. I will not stand by and allow our citizens to be poisoned, our laws to be trampled, our communities to be ravaged, or our families to be destroyed.

I previously declared a national emergency with respect to the grave threat to the United States posed by the influx of illegal aliens and drugs into the United States in Proclamation 10886. Pursuant to the NEA, I hereby expand the scope of the national emergency declared in that proclamation to cover the failure of the PRC government to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept chemical precursor suppliers, money launderers, other TCOs, criminals at large, and drugs. In addition, this failure to act constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. I hereby declare and reiterate a national emergency under the NEA and IEEPA to deal with that threat. This national emergency requires decisive and immediate action, and I have decided to impose, consistent with law, ad valorem tariffs on articles that are products of the PRC as set forth in this order. In doing so, I invoke my authority under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of IEEPA, and specifically find that action under other authority to impose tariffs is inadequate to address this unusual and extraordinary threat.

**Sec. 2.** (a) All articles that are products of the PRC, as defined by the *Federal Register* notice described in section 2(d) of this order (the *Federal Register* notice), shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional 10 percent ad valorem rate of duty. Such rate of duty shall apply with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except that goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, after such time that were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading or in transit on the final mode of transport prior to entry into the United States before 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 1, 2025, shall not be subject to such additional duty, only if the importer certifies to U.S. Customs and Border Protection within the Department of Homeland Security as specified in the *Federal Register* notice.

(b) The rates of duty established by this order are in addition to any other duties, fees, exactions, or charges applicable to such imported articles.

(c) Should the PRC retaliate against the United States in response to this action through import duties on United States exports to the PRC or similar measures, the President may increase or expand in scope the duties imposed under this Executive Order to ensure the efficacy of this action.

(d) In order to establish the duty rate on imports of articles that are products of the PRC, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall determine the modifications necessary to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) in order to effectuate the objectives of this order consistent with law and shall make such modifications to the HTSUS through notice in the *Federal Register*. The modifications made to the HTSUS by this notice shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except as otherwise noted in subsection 2(a) of this section, and shall continue in effect until such actions are expressly reduced, modified, or terminated.

(e) Articles that are products of the PRC, except those that are eligible for admission under “domestic status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.43, which are subject to the duties imposed by this order and are admitted into a United States foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except as otherwise noted in subsection 2(a) of this section, must be admitted as “privileged foreign status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.41. Such articles will be subject upon entry for consumption to the rates of duty related to the classification under the applicable HTSUS subheading in effect at the time of admittance into the United States foreign trade zone.

(f) No drawback shall be available with respect to the duties imposed pursuant to this order.

(g) For avoidance of doubt, duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321 shall not be available for the articles described in subsection (a) of this section.

(h) Any prior Presidential Proclamation, Executive Order, or other presidential directive or guidance related to trade with the PRC that is inconsistent with the direction in this order is hereby terminated, suspended, or modified to the extent necessary to give full effect to this order.

(i) The articles described in subsection (a) of this section shall exclude those encompassed by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b).

**Sec. 3.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall regularly consult with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Attorney General, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security on the situation regarding the PRC. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall inform the President of any circumstances that, in the opinion of the Secretary of Homeland Security, indicate that the PRC government has taken adequate steps to alleviate the opioid crisis through cooperative actions. Upon the President’s determination of sufficient action to alleviate the crisis, the tariffs described in section 2 of this order will be removed.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, shall recommend additional action, if necessary, should the PRC fail to take adequate steps to alleviate the illicit drug crisis through cooperative enforcement actions.

**Sec. 4.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Commerce, is hereby authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order. The Secretary of Homeland Security may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within the Department of Homeland Security. All executive departments and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 5.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, the Assistant to the

President for National Security Affairs, the Attorney General, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, is hereby authorized to submit recurring and final reports to the Congress on the national emergency under IEEPA declared in this order, consistent with section 401(c) of the NEA (50 U.S.C. 1641(c)) and section 204(c) of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1703(c)).

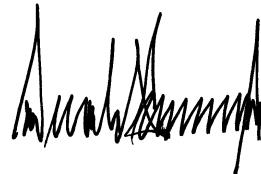
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 1, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02408]

Filed 2-6-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14194 of February 1, 2025**

### **Imposing Duties To Address the Situation at Our Southern Border**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) (NEA), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code,

I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, find that the sustained influx of illegal aliens and illicit opioids and other drugs has profound consequences on our Nation, endangering lives and putting a severe strain on our healthcare system, public services, communities, and schools. Since the end of my first term, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) within the Department of Homeland Security has recorded more than three times as many inadmissible encounters nationwide as during my first term.

These challenges threaten the fabric of our society. Gang members, smugglers, human traffickers, and illicit drugs of all kinds have poured across our borders and into our communities. Mexico has played a central role in these challenges, including by failing to devote sufficient attention and resources to meaningfully stem the tide of unlawful migration and illicit drugs.

Mexican drug trafficking organizations (DTOs) are the world's leading traffickers of fentanyl, methamphetamine, cocaine, and other illicit drugs, and they cultivate, process, and distribute massive quantities of narcotics that fuel addiction and violence in communities across the United States. These DTOs collaborate and conspire with transnational cartels and other global partners to smuggle drugs into the United States, utilizing clandestine airstrips, maritime routes, tunnels, and overland corridors, and both willing and unwilling human couriers.

The Mexican DTOs have an intolerable alliance with the government of Mexico. This alliance endangers the national security of the United States, and we must eradicate the influence of these dangerous cartels from the bilateral environment. The government of Mexico has afforded safe havens for the cartels to engage in the manufacturing and transportation of illicit drugs, which collectively have led to the overdose deaths of hundreds of thousands of American victims.

Mexican cartels are also implicated in human trafficking and smuggling operations, enabling the illegal migration of millions across our borders. These operations are often tied to organized crime, and they create pathways for cartel activities to expand into the United States. Furthermore, violent criminals originating from Central and South America easily transit into and through Mexico, and into the United States, where they cause irreparable harm to our citizens. These dangerous criminals are involved in drug-related violence, gang activity, and other crimes that endanger the safety of American communities.

Immediate action is required to address the national emergency I declared in Proclamation 10886 of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Emergency at the Southern Border of the United States), and to finally end the public

health crisis caused by opioid use and addiction, which will not happen unless the compliance and cooperation of the government of Mexico is assured.

I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1.** (a) As President of the United States, my highest duty is the defense of the country and its citizens. A Nation without borders is not a Nation at all. I will not stand by and allow our sovereignty to be eroded, our laws to be trampled, our citizens to be endangered, or our borders to be disrespected anymore.

I previously declared a national emergency with respect to the grave threat to the United States posed by the influx of illegal aliens and illicit drugs into the United States in Proclamation 10886. Pursuant to the NEA, I hereby expand the scope of the national emergency declared in that proclamation to cover the failure of Mexico to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept DTOs, other drug and human traffickers, criminals at large, and illicit drugs. In addition, this failure to act on the part of the government of Mexico constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in substantial part outside the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. I hereby declare and reiterate a national emergency under the NEA and IEEPA to deal with that threat. This national emergency requires decisive and immediate action, and I have decided to impose, consistent with law, ad valorem tariffs on articles that are products of Mexico as set forth in this order. In doing so, I invoke my authority under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of IEEPA, and specifically find that action under other authority to impose tariffs is inadequate to address this unusual and extraordinary threat.

**Sec. 2.** (a) All articles that are products of Mexico, as defined by the *Federal Register* notice described in section 2(d) of this order (the *Federal Register* notice), shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional 25 percent ad valorem rate of duty. Such rate of duty shall apply with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except that goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, after such time that were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading or in transit on the final mode of transport prior to entry into the United States before 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 1, 2025, shall not be subject to such additional duty, only if the importer certifies to CBP as specified in the *Federal Register* notice.

(b) The rates of duty established by this order are in addition to any other duties, fees, exactions, or charges applicable to such imported articles.

(c) Should the government of Mexico retaliate against the United States in response to this action through import duties on United States exports to Mexico or similar measures, the President may increase or expand in scope the duties imposed under this Executive Order to ensure the efficacy of this action.

(d) In order to establish the duty rate on imports of articles that are products of Mexico, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall determine the modifications necessary to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) in order to effectuate this order consistent with law and shall make such modifications to the HTSUS through notice in the *Federal Register*. The modifications made to the HTSUS by this notice shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except as otherwise noted in subsection 2(a) of this section, and shall continue in effect until such actions are expressly reduced, modified, or terminated.

(e) Articles that are products of Mexico, except those that are eligible for admission under “domestic status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.43, which are subject to the duties imposed by this order and are admitted into a

United States foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except as otherwise noted in subsection 2(a) of this section, must be admitted as “privileged foreign status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.41. Such articles will be subject upon entry for consumption to the rates of duty related to the classification under the applicable HTSUS subheading in effect at the time of admittance into the United States foreign trade zone.

(f) No drawback shall be available with respect to the duties imposed pursuant to this order.

(g) For avoidance of doubt, duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321 shall not be available for the articles described in subsection (a) of this section.

(h) Any prior Presidential Proclamation, Executive Order, or other presidential directive or guidance related to trade with Mexico that is inconsistent with the direction in this order is hereby terminated, suspended, or modified to the extent necessary to give full effect to this order.

(i) The articles described in subsection (a) of this section shall exclude those encompassed by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b).

**Sec. 3.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall regularly consult with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security on the situation at our southern border. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall inform the President of any circumstances that, in the opinion of the Secretary of Homeland Security, indicate that the government of Mexico has taken adequate steps to alleviate the illegal migration and illicit drug crisis through cooperative actions. Upon the President’s determination of sufficient action to alleviate the crisis, the tariffs described in section 2 of this order will be removed.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security shall recommend additional action, if necessary, should the government of Mexico fail to take adequate steps to alleviate the illegal migration and illicit drug crises through cooperative enforcement actions.

**Sec. 4.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Commerce, is hereby authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to me by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order. The Secretary of Homeland Security may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within the Department of Homeland Security. All agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 5.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, is hereby authorized to submit recurring and final reports to the Congress on the national emergency under IEEPA declared in this order, consistent with section 401(c) of the NEA (50 U.S.C. 1641(c)) and section 204(c) of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1703(c)).

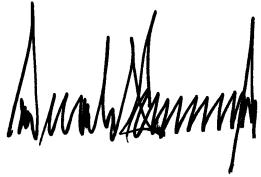
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 1, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02407  
Filed 2-6-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14193 of February 1, 2025**

## **Imposing Duties To Address the Flow of Illicit Drugs Across Our Northern Border**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) (NEA), section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code,

I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States of America, find that the sustained influx of illicit opioids and other drugs has profound consequences on our Nation, endangering lives and putting a severe strain on our healthcare system, public services, and communities.

This challenge threatens the fabric of our society. Gang members, smugglers, human traffickers, and illicit drugs of all kinds have poured across our borders and into our communities. Canada has played a central role in these challenges, including by failing to devote sufficient attention and resources or meaningfully coordinate with United States law enforcement partners to effectively stem the tide of illicit drugs.

Drug trafficking organizations (DTOs) are the world's leading producers of fentanyl, methamphetamine, cocaine, and other illicit drugs, and they cultivate, process, and distribute massive quantities of narcotics that fuel addiction and violence in communities across the United States. These DTOs often collaborate with transnational cartels to smuggle illicit drugs into the United States, utilizing clandestine airstrips, maritime routes, and overland corridors.

The challenges at our southern border are foremost in the public consciousness, but our northern border is not exempt from these issues. Criminal networks are implicated in human trafficking and smuggling operations, enabling unvetted illegal migration across our northern border. There is also a growing presence of Mexican cartels operating fentanyl and nitazene synthesis labs in Canada. The flow of illicit drugs like fentanyl to the United States through both illicit distribution networks and international mail—due, in the case of the latter, to the existing administrative exemption from duty and taxes, also known as *de minimis*, under section 1321 of title 19, United States Code—has created a public health crisis in the United States, as outlined in the Presidential Memorandum of January 20, 2025 (America First Trade Policy) and Executive Order 14157 of January 20, 2025 (Designating Cartels and Other Organizations as Foreign Terrorist Organizations and Specially Designated Global Terrorists). With respect to smuggling of illicit drugs across our northern border, Canada's Financial Transactions and Reports Analysis Centre recently published a study on the laundering of proceeds of illicit synthetic opioids, which recognized Canada's heightened domestic production of fentanyl, largely from British Columbia, and its growing footprint within international narcotics distribution. Despite a North American dialogue on the public health impacts of illicit drugs since 2016, Canadian officials have acknowledged that the problem has only grown. And while U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) within the Department of Homeland Security seized, comparatively, much less fentanyl from Canada than from Mexico last year, fentanyl is so potent that even a very small parcel of the drug can cause many deaths and

destruction to America families. In fact, the amount of fentanyl that crossed the northern border last year could kill 9.5 million Americans.

Immediate action is required to finally end this public health crisis and national emergency, which will not happen unless the compliance and cooperation of Canada is assured.

I hereby determine and order:

**Section 1.** (a) As President of the United States, my highest duty is the defense of the country and its citizens. A Nation without borders is not a nation at all. I will not stand by and allow our sovereignty to be eroded, our laws to be trampled, our citizens to be endangered, or our borders to be disrespected anymore.

I previously declared a national emergency with respect to the grave threat to the United States posed by the influx of illegal aliens and illicit drugs into the United States in Proclamation 10886 of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Emergency at the Southern Border). Pursuant to the NEA, I hereby expand the scope of the national emergency declared in that Proclamation to cover the threat to the safety and security of Americans, including the public health crisis of deaths due to the use of fentanyl and other illicit drugs, and the failure of Canada to do more to arrest, seize, detain, or otherwise intercept DTOs, other drug and human traffickers, criminals at large, and drugs. In addition, this failure to act on the part of Canada constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in substantial part outside the United States, to the national security and foreign policy of the United States. I hereby declare and reiterate a national emergency under the NEA and IEEPA to deal with that threat. This national emergency requires decisive and immediate action, and I have decided to impose, consistent with law, ad valorem tariffs on articles that are products of Canada set forth in this order. In doing so, I invoke my authority under section 1702(a)(1)(B) of IEEPA, and specifically find that action under other authority to impose tariffs is inadequate to address this unusual and extraordinary threat.

**Sec. 2.** (a) All articles that are products of Canada as defined by the *Federal Register* notice described in subsection (e) of this section (*Federal Register* notice), and except for those products described in subsection (b) of this section, shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional 25 percent ad valorem rate of duty. Such rate of duty shall apply with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except that goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, after such time that were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading or in transit on the final mode of transport prior to entry into the United States before 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 1, 2025, shall not be subject to such additional duty, only if the importer certifies to CBP as specified in the *Federal Register* notice.

(b) With respect to energy or energy resources, as defined in section 8 of Executive Order 14156 of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Energy Emergency), and as otherwise included in the *Federal Register* notice, such articles that are products of Canada as defined by the *Federal Register* notice shall be, consistent with law, subject to an additional 10 percent ad valorem rate of duty. Such rate of duty shall apply with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except that goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, after such time that were loaded onto a vessel at the port of loading or in transit on the final mode of transport prior to entry into the United States before 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 1, 2025, shall not be subject to such additional duty, only if the importer certifies to CBP as specified in the *Federal Register* notice.

(c) The rates of duty established by this order are in addition to any other duties, fees, exactions, or charges applicable to such imported articles.

(d) Should Canada retaliate against the United States in response to this action through import duties on United States exports to Canada or similar measures, the President may increase or expand in scope the duties imposed under this order to ensure the efficacy of this action.

(e) In order to establish the duty rate on imports of articles that are products of Canada, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall determine the modifications necessary to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) in order to effectuate this order consistent with law and shall make such modifications to the HTSUS through notice in the *Federal Register*. The modifications made to the HTSUS by this notice shall be effective with respect to goods entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, and shall continue in effect until such actions are expressly reduced, modified, or terminated.

(f) Articles that are products of Canada, except those that are eligible for admission under “domestic status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.43, which are subject to the duties imposed by this order and are admitted into a United States foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern time on February 4, 2025, except as otherwise noted in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, must be admitted as “privileged foreign status” as defined in 19 CFR 146.41. Such articles will be subject upon entry for consumption to the rates of duty related to the classification under the applicable HTSUS subheading in effect at the time of admittance into the United States foreign trade zone.

(g) No drawback shall be available with respect to the duties imposed pursuant to this order.

(h) For avoidance of doubt, duty-free *de minimis* treatment under 19 U.S.C. 1321 shall not be available for the articles described in subsection (a) and subsection (b) of this section.

(i) Any prior Presidential Proclamation, Executive Order, or other Presidential directive or guidance related to trade with Canada that is inconsistent with the direction in this order is hereby terminated, suspended, or modified to the extent necessary to give full effect to this order.

(j) The articles described in subsection (a) and subsection (b) of this section shall exclude those encompassed by 50 U.S.C. 1702(b).

**Sec. 3.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall regularly consult with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security on the situation at our northern border. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall inform the President of any circumstances that, in the opinion of the Secretary of Homeland Security, indicate that the Government of Canada has taken adequate steps to alleviate this public health crisis through cooperative enforcement actions. Upon the President’s determination of sufficient action to alleviate the crisis, the tariffs described in section 2 of this order shall be removed.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, shall recommend additional action, if necessary, should the Government of Canada fail to take adequate steps to alleviate the illegal migration and illicit drug crises through cooperative enforcement actions.

**Sec. 4.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Commerce, is hereby authorized to take such actions, including adopting rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to implement this order. The Secretary of Homeland Security may, consistent with applicable law, redelegate any of these functions within the Department of Homeland Security. All executive departments

and agencies shall take all appropriate measures within their authority to implement this order.

**Sec. 5.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce, the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, and the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, is hereby authorized to submit recurring and final reports to the Congress on the national emergency under IEEPA declared in this order, consistent with section 401(c) of the NEA (50 U.S.C. 1641(c)) and section 204(c) of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1703(c)).

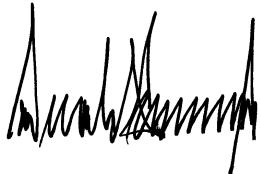
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*February 1, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02406

Filed 2-6-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14192 of January 31, 2025**

**Unleashing Prosperity Through Deregulation**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, as amended (31 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*), and in order to promote prudent financial management and alleviate unnecessary regulatory burdens, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The ever-expanding morass of complicated Federal regulation imposes massive costs on the lives of millions of Americans, creates a substantial restraint on our economic growth and ability to build and innovate, and hampers our global competitiveness. Despite the magnitude of their impact, these measures are often difficult for the average person or business to understand, as they require synthesizing the collective meaning not just of formal regulations but also rules, memoranda, administrative orders, guidance documents, policy statements, and interagency agreements that are not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, further increasing compliance costs and the risk of costs of non-compliance. It is the policy of my Administration to significantly reduce the private expenditures required to comply with Federal regulations to secure America's economic prosperity and national security and the highest possible quality of life for each citizen. To that end, it is important that for each new regulation issued, at least 10 prior regulations be identified for elimination. This practice is to ensure that the cost of planned regulations is responsibly managed and controlled through a rigorous regulatory budgeting process.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the executive branch to be prudent and financially responsible in the expenditure of funds, from both public and private sources, and to alleviate unnecessary regulatory burdens placed on the American people.

**Sec. 3. Regulatory Cap for Fiscal Year 2025.** (a) Unless prohibited by law, whenever an executive department or agency (agency) publicly proposes for notice and comment or otherwise promulgates a new regulation, it shall identify at least 10 existing regulations to be repealed.

(b) For fiscal year 2025, which is in progress, the heads of all agencies are directed to ensure that the total incremental cost of all new regulations, including repealed regulations, being finalized this year, shall be significantly less than zero, as determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (Director), unless otherwise required by law or instructions from the Director.

(c) In furtherance of the requirement of subsection (a) of this section, any new incremental costs associated with new regulations shall, to the extent permitted by law, be offset by the elimination of existing costs associated with at least 10 prior regulations.

(d) The Director shall provide the heads of agencies with guidance on the implementation of this section. Such guidance shall address, among other things, processes for standardizing the measurement and estimation of regulatory costs; standards for determining what qualifies as new and offsetting regulations; standards for determining the costs of existing regulations that are considered for elimination; processes for accounting for costs in different fiscal years; methods to oversee the issuance of rules with costs offset by savings at different times or different agencies; and emergencies

and other circumstances that might justify individual waivers of the requirements of this section. The Director shall consider phasing in and updating these requirements.

**Sec. 4. Annual Regulatory Cost Submissions to the Office of Management and Budget.** Beginning with the Regulatory Plans, as required under Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993 (Regulatory Planning and Review), as amended, or any successor order for fiscal year 2026, and for each fiscal year thereafter:

(a) The head of each agency shall identify on an aggregated basis, for regulations that increase incremental cost, the offsetting regulations described in section 3(c) of this order, and provide the agency's best approximation of the total costs or savings associated with each new regulation or repealed regulation.

(b) Each regulation approved by the Director during the Presidential budget process shall be included in the Unified Regulatory Agenda required under Executive Order 12866, as amended, or any successor order. Unless otherwise required by law, no regulation shall be added to or removed from the Unified Regulatory Agenda without the approval of the Director. To accomplish the purposes of this order, the Director may also require additions to the Unified Regulatory Agenda and Regulatory Plan.

(c) Unless otherwise required by law, no regulation shall be issued by an agency if it was not included in the most recent version or update of the published Unified Regulatory Agenda as required under Executive Order 12866, as amended, or any successor order, unless the issuance of such regulation was approved in advance in writing by the Director.

(d) During the Presidential budget process, the Director shall identify to agencies a total amount of incremental costs that will be allowed for each agency in issuing new regulations and repealing regulations for each fiscal year after fiscal year 2025. No regulations exceeding the agency's total incremental cost allowance will be permitted in that fiscal year, unless required by law or approved in writing by the Director. The total incremental cost allowance may allow an increase or require a reduction in total regulatory cost.

(e) The Director shall provide the heads of agencies with guidance on the implementation of the requirements in this section.

**Sec. 5. Definition.** For purposes of this order, the term "regulation" or "rule" means an agency statement of general or particular applicability and future effect designed to implement, interpret, or prescribe law or policy or to describe the procedure or practice requirements of an agency, including, without limitation, regulations, rules, memoranda, administrative orders, guidance documents, policy statements, and interagency agreements, regardless of whether the same were enacted through the processes in the Administrative Procedure Act, but does not include:

(a) regulations issued with respect to a military, national security, homeland security, foreign affairs, or immigration-related function of the United States;

(b) regulations related to agency organization, management, or personnel; or

(c) any other specific regulation or category of regulations exempted by the Director, who shall exempt those regulations or categories of regulations that impose minimal costs or burdens on the private sector or that are requested to be exempted by the Assistant to the President and Chief of Staff or the Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy.

**Sec. 6. Implementation.** (a) The Director is charged with implementing this order, including by providing agencies with updated guidance on implementing the ten-for-one rule described in section 3(a) of this order, including processes for identifying regulations for elimination, determining what constitutes, generally and specifically, a "rule" or "regulation" for purposes of this order, estimating and standardizing regulatory costs, and ensuring

compliance with the Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.

(b) The Director shall revoke OMB Circular No. A-4 of November 9, 2023 (Regulatory Analysis), and all accompanying appendices, guidelines, and documents, and shall reinstate the prior version of Circular A-4, issued on September 17, 2003; and

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury and the Director shall reinstate the Memorandum of Agreement between the Department of the Treasury and the Office of Management and Budget of April 11, 2018, regarding review of tax regulations under Executive Order 12866.

**Sec. 7. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 31, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14191 of January 29, 2025

### Expanding Educational Freedom and Opportunity for Families

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and to improve the education, well-being, and future success of America's most prized resource, her young citizens, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Parents want and deserve the best education for their children. But too many children do not thrive in their assigned, government-run K–12 school. According to this year's National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 70 percent of 8th graders were below proficient in reading, and 72 percent were below proficient in math. Moreover, geographically based school assignments exacerbate the cost of housing in districts with preferred schools, straining the finances of millions of American families sacrificing for their children's futures.

When our public education system fails such a large segment of society, it hinders our national competitiveness and devastates families and communities. For this reason, more than a dozen States have enacted universal K–12 scholarship programs, allowing families—rather than the government—to choose the best educational setting for their children. These States have highlighted the most promising avenue for education reform: educational choice for families and competition for residentially assigned, government-run public schools. The growing body of rigorous research demonstrates that well-designed education-freedom programs improve student achievement and cause nearby public schools to improve their performance.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration to support parents in choosing and directing the upbringing and education of their children.

**Sec. 3. Guidance on Supporting State-based K–12 Educational Choice.** Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education shall issue guidance regarding how States can use Federal formula funds to support K–12 educational choice initiatives.

**Sec. 4. Encouraging Education Freedom through Discretionary Grant Programs.** (a) The Secretary of Education shall include education freedom as a priority in discretionary grant programs, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education shall review their respective discretionary grant programs and each submit a plan to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, that identifies, evaluates, and makes recommendations regarding using relevant discretionary grant programs to expand education freedom for America's families and teachers.

**Sec. 5. Expanding Opportunities for Low-Income, Working Families.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall issue guidance regarding whether and how States receiving block grants for families and children from the Department, including the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDGB), can use them to expand educational choice and support families who choose educational alternatives to governmental entities, including private and faith-based options.

**Sec. 6. Helping Military Families.** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall review any available mechanisms under which

military-connected families may use funds from the Department of Defense to attend schools of their choice, including private, faith-based, or public charter schools, and submit a plan to the President describing such mechanisms and the steps that would be necessary to implement them beginning in the 2025–26 school year.

**Sec. 7. *Helping Children Eligible for Bureau of Indian Education (BIE) Schools.*** Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior shall review any available mechanisms under which families of students eligible to attend BIE schools may use their Federal funding for educational options of their choice, including private, faith-based, or public charter schools, and submit a plan to the President describing such mechanisms and the steps that would be necessary to implement them for the 2025–26 school year. The Secretary shall report on the current performance of BIE schools and identify educational options in nearby areas.

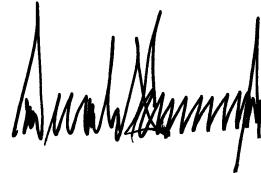
**Sec. 8. *General Provisions.*** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 29, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14190 of January 29, 2025

### Ending Radical Indoctrination in K-12 Schooling

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** Parents trust America's schools to provide their children with a rigorous education and to instill a patriotic admiration for our incredible Nation and the values for which we stand.

In recent years, however, parents have witnessed schools indoctrinate their children in radical, anti-American ideologies while deliberately blocking parental oversight. Such an environment operates as an echo chamber, in which students are forced to accept these ideologies without question or critical examination. In many cases, innocent children are compelled to adopt identities as either victims or oppressors solely based on their skin color and other immutable characteristics. In other instances, young men and women are made to question whether they were born in the wrong body and whether to view their parents and their reality as enemies to be blamed. These practices not only erode critical thinking but also sow division, confusion, and distrust, which undermine the very foundations of personal identity and family unity.

Imprinting anti-American, subversive, harmful, and false ideologies on our Nation's children not only violates longstanding anti-discrimination civil rights law in many cases, but usurps basic parental authority. For example, steering students toward surgical and chemical mutilation without parental consent or involvement or allowing males access to private spaces designated for females may contravene Federal laws that protect parental rights, including the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA), and sex-based equality and opportunity, including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (Title IX). Similarly, demanding acquiescence to "White Privilege" or "unconscious bias," actually promotes racial discrimination and undermines national unity.

My Administration will enforce the law to ensure that recipients of Federal funds providing K-12 education comply with all applicable laws prohibiting discrimination in various contexts and protecting parental rights, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI), 42 U.S.C. 2000d *et seq.*; Title IX, 20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*; FERPA, 20 U.S.C. 1232g; and the PPRA, 20 U.S.C. 1232h.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** As used herein:

(a) The definitions in the Executive Order "Defending Women from Gender Ideology Extremism and Restoring Biological Truth to the Federal Government" (January 20, 2025) shall apply to this order.

(b) "Discriminatory equity ideology" means an ideology that treats individuals as members of preferred or disfavored groups, rather than as individuals, and minimizes agency, merit, and capability in favor of immoral generalizations, including that:

(i) Members of one race, color, sex, or national origin are morally or inherently superior to members of another race, color, sex, or national origin;

(ii) An individual, by virtue of the individual's race, color, sex, or national origin, is inherently racist, sexist, or oppressive, whether consciously or unconsciously;

(iii) An individual's moral character or status as privileged, oppressing, or oppressed is primarily determined by the individual's race, color, sex, or national origin;

(iv) Members of one race, color, sex, or national origin cannot and should not attempt to treat others without respect to their race, color, sex, or national origin;

(v) An individual, by virtue of the individual's race, color, sex, or national origin, bears responsibility for, should feel guilt, anguish, or other forms of psychological distress because of, should be discriminated against, blamed, or stereotyped for, or should receive adverse treatment because of actions committed in the past by other members of the same race, color, sex, or national origin, in which the individual played no part;

(vi) An individual, by virtue of the individual's race, color, sex, or national origin, should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment to achieve diversity, equity, or inclusion;

(vii) Virtues such as merit, excellence, hard work, fairness, neutrality, objectivity, and racial colorblindness are racist or sexist or were created by members of a particular race, color, sex, or national origin to oppress members of another race, color, sex, or national origin; or

(viii) the United States is fundamentally racist, sexist, or otherwise discriminatory.

(c) "Educational service agency" (ESA) has the meaning given in 20 U.S.C. 1401(5), and the terms "elementary school," "local educational agency" (LEA), "secondary school," and "state educational agency" (SEA) have the meanings given in 34 CFR 77.1(c).

(d) "Patriotic education" means a presentation of the history of America grounded in:

(i) an accurate, honest, unifying, inspiring, and ennobling characterization of America's founding and foundational principles;

(ii) a clear examination of how the United States has admirably grown closer to its noble principles throughout its history;

(iii) the concept that commitment to America's aspirations is beneficial and justified; and

(iv) the concept that celebration of America's greatness and history is proper.

(e) "Social transition" means the process of adopting a "gender identity" or "gender marker" that differs from a person's sex. This process can include psychological or psychiatric counseling or treatment by a school counselor or other provider; modifying a person's name (e.g., "Jane" to "James") or pronouns (e.g., "him" to "her"); calling a child "nonbinary"; use of intimate facilities and accommodations such as bathrooms or locker rooms specifically designated for persons of the opposite sex; and participating in school athletic competitions or other extracurricular activities specifically designated for persons of the opposite sex. "Social transition" does not include chemical or surgical mutilation.

**Sec. 3. Ending Indoctrination Strategy.** (a) Within 90 days of the date of this order, to advise the President in formulating future policy, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Defense, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall provide an Ending Indoctrination Strategy to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, containing recommendations and a plan for:

(i) eliminating Federal funding or support for illegal and discriminatory treatment and indoctrination in K-12 schools, including based on gender ideology and discriminatory equity ideology; and

(ii) protecting parental rights, pursuant to FERPA, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, and the PPRA, 20 U.S.C. 1232h, with respect to any K-12 policies or conduct implicated by the purpose and policy of this order.

- (b) The Ending Indoctrination Strategy submitted under subsection (a) of this section shall contain a summary and analysis of the following:
- (i) All Federal funding sources and streams, including grants or contracts, that directly or indirectly support or subsidize the instruction, advancement, or promotion of gender ideology or discriminatory equity ideology:
    - (A) in K–12 curriculum, instruction, programs, or activities; or
    - (B) in K–12 teacher education, certification, licensing, employment, or training;
  - (ii) Each agency’s process to prevent or rescind Federal funds, to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law, from being used by an ESA, SEA, LEA, elementary school, or secondary school to directly or indirectly support or subsidize the instruction, advancement, or promotion of gender ideology or discriminatory equity ideology in:
    - (A) K–12 curriculum, instruction, programs, or activities; or
    - (B) K–12 teacher certification, licensing, employment, or training;
  - (iii) Each agency’s process to prevent or rescind Federal funds, to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law, from being used by an ESA, SEA, LEA, elementary school, or secondary school to directly or indirectly support or subsidize the social transition of a minor student, including through school staff or teachers or through deliberately concealing the minor’s social transition from the minor’s parents.
  - (iv) Each agency’s process to prevent or rescind Federal funds, to the maximum extent consistent with applicable law, from being used by an ESA, SEA, LEA, elementary school, or secondary school to directly or indirectly support or subsidize:
    - (A) interference with a parent’s Federal statutory right to information regarding school curriculum, records, physical examinations, surveys, and other matters under the PPRA or FERPA; or
    - (B) a violation of Title VI or Title IX; and
  - (v) A summary and analysis of all relevant agency enforcement tools to advance the policies of this order.
- (c) The Attorney General shall coordinate with State attorneys general and local district attorneys in their efforts to enforce the law and file appropriate actions against K–12 teachers and school officials who violate the law by:
- (i) sexually exploiting minors;
  - (ii) unlawfully practicing medicine by offering diagnoses and treatment without the requisite license; or
  - (iii) otherwise unlawfully facilitating the social transition of a minor student.
- (d) The Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall regularly convene the heads of the agencies tasked with submitting the Ending Indoctrination Strategy under subsection (a) of this section to confer regarding their findings, areas for additional investigation, the modification or implementation of their respective recommendations, and such other policy initiatives or matters as the President may direct.
- Sec. 4. Reestablishing the President’s Advisory 1776 Commission and Promoting Patriotic Education.** (a) The President’s Advisory 1776 Commission (“1776 Commission”), which was created by Executive Order 13958 of November 2, 2020, to promote patriotic education, but was terminated by President Biden in Executive Order 13985 of January 20, 2021, is hereby reestablished. The purpose of the 1776 Commission is to promote patriotic education and advance the purposes stated in section 1 of Executive Order 13958, as well as to advise and promote the work of the White House Task Force on Celebrating America’s 250th Birthday (“Task Force 250”) and the United States Semiquincentennial Commission in their efforts to

provide a grand celebration worthy of the momentous occasion of the 250th anniversary of American Independence on July 4, 2026.

(b) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Education shall establish the 1776 Commission in the Department of Education.

(c) The 1776 Commission shall be composed of not more than 20 members, who shall be appointed by the President for a term of 2 years. The 1776 Commission shall be made up of individuals from outside the Federal Government with relevant experience or subject-matter expertise.

(d) The 1776 Commission shall have a Chair or Co-Chairs, at the President's discretion, and a Vice Chair, who shall be designated by the President from among the Commission's members. An Executive Director, designated by the Secretary of Education in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, shall coordinate the work of the 1776 Commission. The Chair (or Co-Chairs) and Vice Chair shall work with the Executive Director to convene regular meetings of the 1776 Commission, determine its agenda, and direct its work, consistent with this order.

(e) The 1776 Commission shall:

(i) facilitate the development and implementation of a "Presidential 1776 Award" to recognize student knowledge of the American founding, including knowledge about the Founders, the Declaration of Independence, the Constitutional Convention, and the great soldiers and battles of the American Revolutionary War;

(ii) in coordination with the White House Office of Public Liaison, coordinate bi-weekly lectures regarding the 250th anniversary of American Independence that are grounded in patriotic education principles, which shall be broadcast to the Nation throughout calendar year 2026;

(iii) upon request, advise executive departments and agencies regarding their efforts to ensure patriotic education is appropriately provided to the public at national parks, battlefields, monuments, museums, installations, landmarks, cemeteries, and other places important to the American founding and American history, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law;

(iv) upon request, offer advice and recommendations to, and support the work of Task Force 250 and the United States Semiquincentennial Commission regarding their plans to celebrate the 250th anniversary of American Independence; and

(v) facilitate, advise upon, and promote private and civic activities nationwide to increase public knowledge of and support patriotic education surrounding the 250th anniversary of American Independence, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law.

(f) The Department of Education shall provide funding and administrative support for the 1776 Commission, to the extent permitted by law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(g) Members of the 1776 Commission shall serve without compensation but, as approved by the Department of Education, shall be reimbursed for travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law for persons serving intermittently in the Government service (5 U.S.C. 5701–5707).

(h) Insofar as chapter 10 of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the Federal Advisory Committee Act), may apply to the 1776 Commission, any functions of the President under that Act, except that of reporting to the Congress, shall be performed by the Secretary of Education, in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Administrator of General Services.

(i) The 1776 Commission shall terminate 2 years from the date of this order, unless extended by the President.

**Sec. 5. Additional Patriotic Education Measures.** (a) All relevant agencies shall monitor compliance with section 111(b) of title I of Division J of

Public Law 108–447, which provides that “[e]ach educational institution that receives Federal funds for a fiscal year shall hold an educational program on the United States Constitution on September 17 of such year for the students served by the educational institution,” including by verifying compliance with each educational institution that receives Federal funds. All relevant agencies shall take action, as appropriate, to enhance compliance with that law.

(b) All relevant agencies shall prioritize Federal resources, consistent with applicable law, to promote patriotic education, including through the following programs:

- (i) the Department of Education’s American History and Civics Academies and American History and Civics Education-National Activities programs;
- (ii) the Department of Defense’s National Defense Education Program and Pilot Program on Enhanced Civics Education; and
- (iii) the Department of State’s Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs and Fulbright, U.S. Speaker, and International Visitor Leadership programs, as well as the American Spaces network.

**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 29, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### **Executive Order 14189 of January 29, 2025**

### **Celebrating America's 250th Birthday**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in anticipation of the 250th anniversary of American Independence on July 4, 2026, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** It is the policy of the United States, and a purpose of this order, to provide a grand celebration worthy of the momentous occasion of the 250th anniversary of American Independence on July 4, 2026. It is also the purpose of this order to take other actions to honor the history of our great Nation.

**Sec. 2. Establishing the White House Task Force on Celebrating America's 250th Birthday.** (a) There is hereby established the White House Task Force on Celebrating America's 250th Birthday (Task Force 250).

(b) The President shall be the Chair of Task Force 250 and the Vice President will serve as Vice Chair. The Chair shall appoint an Executive Director, who shall administer and execute the day-to-day operations of Task Force 250, and who shall report through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy. The Chair, the Vice Chair, or a member of Task Force 250 designated by the Chair, shall convene regular meetings of Task Force 250, determine its agenda, and direct its work, consistent with this order. The Executive Director and the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall assist in the performance of these duties. The Chair may designate any member of the Task Force to preside over meetings of the Task Force.

(c) In addition to the Chair and Vice Chair, Task Force 250 shall consist of the following members:

- (i) the Secretary of State;
  - (ii) the Secretary of the Treasury;
  - (iii) the Secretary of Defense;
  - (iv) the Secretary of the Interior;
  - (v) the Secretary of Agriculture;
  - (vi) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development;
  - (vii) the Secretary of Education;
  - (viii) the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy;
  - (ix) the Deputy Chief of Staff for Legislative Affairs;
  - (x) the Cabinet Secretary and Deputy Chief of Staff;
  - (xi) the Director of Speechwriting;
  - (xii) the Chair of the National Endowment for the Humanities;
  - (xiii) the Chair of the National Endowment for the Arts;
  - (xiv) the Director of the Institute of Museum and Library Services; and
  - (xv) the heads of such other executive departments, agencies, and offices that the Chair or the Vice Chair may, from time to time, designate or invite to participate.
- (d) The Chair and the Vice Chair, as they deem appropriate, shall invite the Executive Director of the United States Semiquincentennial Commission to provide recommendations and advice to Task Force 250.

(e) Task Force 250 shall coordinate with the executive departments and agencies (agencies) to plan, organize, and execute an extraordinary celebration of the 250th Anniversary of American Independence and shall coordinate agencies' communications with the United States Semiquincentennial Commission. In addition, the Executive Director may seek information or advice from such other agencies as Task Force 250 shall direct.

(f) For administrative purposes, the Task Force shall be housed in the Department of Defense, which shall provide funding and administrative support for Task Force 250, to the extent permitted by law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(g) Agencies shall provide a report to Task Force 250 regarding their respective planning and activities with respect to the celebration of the 250th Anniversary of American Independence. These reports should be submitted to the Executive Director of Task Force 250 no later than March 1, 2025.

(h) Task Force 250 shall terminate on December 31, 2026, unless extended by the President.

**Sec. 3. National Garden of American Heroes.** (a) Executive Order 13934 of July 3, 2020 (Building and Rebuilding Monuments to American Heroes) and Executive Order 13978 of January 18, 2021 (Building the National Garden of American Heroes) are reinstated as they were prior to issuance of Executive Order 14029 of May 14, 2021.

(b) The Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall recommend to the President additional historically significant Americans for inclusion in the National Garden of American Heroes, to bring the total number of heroes to 250.

(c) Section 3(c)(ii) of Executive Order 13934 is amended by striking "prior to the 250th anniversary of the proclamation of the Declaration of Independence on July 4, 2026" and inserting in its place "as expeditiously as possible".

**Sec. 4. Protecting America's Monuments from Vandalism.** Executive Order 13933 of June 26, 2020 (Protecting American Monuments, Memorials, and Statues and Combatting Recent Criminal Violence) is hereby reinstated as it was prior to the issuance of Executive Order 14029 of May 14, 2021. Recent examples of conduct necessitating reinstatement of this order include pro-Hamas-related vandalism of historically significant public monuments and related assaults on Federal officers and employees following October 7, 2023, including the vandalism of the exterior of the Department of the Treasury and of statues in Lafayette Square in Washington, DC on June 8, 2024, and the assaults on Federal officers and vandalism of the Christopher Columbus Memorial Fountain and Freedom Bell at Union Station in Washington, DC on July 24, 2024.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 29, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02231  
Filed 1-31-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14188 of January 29, 2025**

**Additional Measures To Combat Anti-Semitism**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** My Administration has fought and will continue to fight anti-Semitism in the United States and around the world. On December 11, 2019, I issued Executive Order 13899, my first Executive Order on Combating Anti-Semitism, finding that students, in particular, faced anti-Semitic harassment in schools and on university and college campuses. Executive Order 13899 provided interpretive assistance on the enforcement of the Nation's civil rights laws to ensure that they would protect American Jews to the same extent to which all other American citizens are protected. The prior administration effectively nullified Executive Order 13899 by failing to give the terms of the order full force and effect throughout the Government. This order reaffirms Executive Order 13899 and directs additional measures to advance the policy thereof in the wake of the Hamas terrorist attacks of October 7, 2023, against the people of Israel. These attacks unleashed an unprecedented wave of vile anti-Semitic discrimination, vandalism, and violence against our citizens, especially in our schools and on our campuses. Jewish students have faced an unrelenting barrage of discrimination; denial of access to campus common areas and facilities, including libraries and classrooms; and intimidation, harassment, and physical threats and assault. A joint report by the House Committees on Education and the Workforce, Energy and Commerce, Judiciary, Oversight and Accountability, Veterans' Affairs, and Ways and Means calls the Federal Government's failure to fight anti-Semitism and protect Jewish students "astounding." This failure is unacceptable and ends today.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It shall be the policy of the United States to combat anti-Semitism vigorously, using all available and appropriate legal tools, to prosecute, remove, or otherwise hold to account the perpetrators of unlawful anti-Semitic harassment and violence.

**Sec. 3. Additional Measures to Combat Campus Anti-Semitism.** (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the head of each executive department or agency (agency) shall submit a report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, identifying all civil and criminal authorities or actions within the jurisdiction of that agency, beyond those already implemented under Executive Order 13899, that might be used to curb or combat anti-Semitism, and containing an inventory and analysis of all pending administrative complaints, as of the date of the report, against or involving institutions of higher education alleging civil-rights violations related to or arising from post-October 7, 2023, campus anti-Semitism.

(b) The report submitted by the Attorney General under this section shall additionally include an inventory and an analysis of all court cases, as of the date of the report, against or involving institutions of higher education alleging civil-rights violations related to or arising from post-October 7, 2023, campus anti-Semitism and indicate whether the Attorney General intends to or has taken any action with respect to such matters, including filing statements of interest or intervention.

(c) The Attorney General is encouraged to employ appropriate civil-rights enforcement authorities, such as 18 U.S.C. 241, to combat anti-Semitism.

(d) The report submitted by the Secretary of Education under this section shall additionally include an inventory and an analysis of all Title VI complaints and administrative actions, including in K–12 education, related to anti-Semitism—pending or resolved after October 7, 2023—within the Department’s Office for Civil Rights.

(e) In addition to identifying relevant authorities to curb or combat anti-Semitism generally required by this section, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Education, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with each other, shall include in their reports recommendations for familiarizing institutions of higher education with the grounds for inadmissibility under 8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(3) so that such institutions may monitor for and report activities by alien students and staff relevant to those grounds and for ensuring that such reports about aliens lead, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, to investigations and, if warranted, actions to remove such aliens.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 29, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14187 of January 28, 2025

### Protecting Children From Chemical and Surgical Mutilation

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** Across the country today, medical professionals are maiming and sterilizing a growing number of impressionable children under the radical and false claim that adults can change a child's sex through a series of irreversible medical interventions. This dangerous trend will be a stain on our Nation's history, and it must end.

Countless children soon regret that they have been mutilated and begin to grasp the horrifying tragedy that they will never be able to conceive children of their own or nurture their children through breastfeeding. Moreover, these vulnerable youths' medical bills may rise throughout their lifetimes, as they are often trapped with lifelong medical complications, a losing war with their own bodies, and, tragically, sterilization.

Accordingly, it is the policy of the United States that it will not fund, sponsor, promote, assist, or support the so-called "transition" of a child from one sex to another, and it will rigorously enforce all laws that prohibit or limit these destructive and life-altering procedures.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** For the purposes of this order:

(a) The term "child" or "children" means an individual or individuals under 19 years of age.

(b) The term "pediatric" means relating to the medical care of a child.

(c) The phrase "chemical and surgical mutilation" means the use of puberty blockers, including GnRH agonists and other interventions, to delay the onset or progression of normally timed puberty in an individual who does not identify as his or her sex; the use of sex hormones, such as androgen blockers, estrogen, progesterone, or testosterone, to align an individual's physical appearance with an identity that differs from his or her sex; and surgical procedures that attempt to transform an individual's physical appearance to align with an identity that differs from his or her sex or that attempt to alter or remove an individual's sexual organs to minimize or destroy their natural biological functions. This phrase sometimes is referred to as "gender affirming care."

**Sec. 3. Ending Reliance on Junk Science.** (a) The blatant harm done to children by chemical and surgical mutilation cloaks itself in medical necessity, spurred by guidance from the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH), which lacks scientific integrity. In light of the scientific concerns with the WPATH guidance:

(i) agencies shall rescind or amend all policies that rely on WPATH guidance, including WPATH's "Standards of Care Version 8"; and

(ii) within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (HHS) shall publish a review of the existing literature on best practices for promoting the health of children who assert gender dysphoria, rapid-onset gender dysphoria, or other identity-based confusion.

(b) The Secretary of HHS, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, shall use all available methods to increase the quality of data to guide practices for improving the health of minors with gender dysphoria, rapid-onset gender dysphoria, or other identity-based confusion, or who otherwise seek chemical or surgical mutilation.

**Sec. 4. Defunding Chemical and Surgical Mutilation.** The head of each executive department or agency (agency) that provides research or education grants to medical institutions, including medical schools and hospitals, shall, consistent with applicable law and in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, immediately take appropriate steps to ensure that institutions receiving Federal research or education grants end the chemical and surgical mutilation of children.

**Sec. 5. Additional Directives to the Secretary of HHS.** (a) The Secretary of HHS shall, consistent with applicable law, take all appropriate actions to end the chemical and surgical mutilation of children, including regulatory and sub-regulatory actions, which may involve the following laws, programs, issues, or documents:

- (i) Medicare or Medicaid conditions of participation or conditions for coverage;
- (ii) clinical-abuse or inappropriate-use assessments relevant to State Medicaid programs;
- (iii) mandatory drug use reviews;
- (iv) section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act;
- (v) quality, safety, and oversight memoranda;
- (vi) essential health benefits requirements; and
- (vii) the Eleventh Revision of the International Classification of Diseases and other federally funded manuals, including the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition.

(b) The Secretary of HHS shall promptly withdraw HHS's March 2, 2022, guidance document titled "HHS Notice and Guidance on Gender Affirming Care, Civil Rights and Patient Privacy" and, in consultation with the Attorney General, issue new guidance protecting whistleblowers who take action related to ensuring compliance with this order.

**Sec. 6. TRICARE.** The Department of Defense provides health insurance, through TRICARE, to nearly 2 million individuals under the age of 18. As appropriate and consistent with applicable law, the Secretary of Defense shall commence a rulemaking or sub-regulatory action to exclude chemical and surgical mutilation of children from TRICARE coverage and amend the TRICARE provider handbook to exclude chemical and surgical mutilation of children.

**Sec. 7. Requirements for Insurance Carriers.** The Director of the Office of Personnel Management, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, shall:

(a) include provisions in the Federal Employee Health Benefits (FEHB) and Postal Service Health Benefits (PSHB) programs call letter for the 2026 Plan Year specifying that eligible carriers, including the Foreign Service Benefit Plan, will exclude coverage for pediatric transgender surgeries or hormone treatments; and

(b) negotiate to obtain appropriate corresponding reductions in FEHB and PSHB premiums.

**Sec. 8. Directives to the Department of Justice.** The Attorney General shall:

(a) review Department of Justice enforcement of section 116 of title 18, United States Code, and prioritize enforcement of protections against female genital mutilation;

(b) convene States' Attorneys General and other law enforcement officers to coordinate the enforcement of laws against female genital mutilation across all American States and Territories;

(c) prioritize investigations and take appropriate action to end deception of consumers, fraud, and violations of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act by any entity that may be misleading the public about long-term side effects of chemical and surgical mutilation;

(d) in consultation with the Congress, work to draft, propose, and promote legislation to enact a private right of action for children and the parents of children whose healthy body parts have been damaged by medical professionals practicing chemical and surgical mutilation, which should include a lengthy statute of limitations; and

(e) prioritize investigations and take appropriate action to end child-abusive practices by so-called sanctuary States that facilitate stripping custody from parents who support the healthy development of their own children, including by considering the application of the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act and recognized constitutional rights.

**Sec. 9. Enforcing Adequate Progress.** Within 60 days of the date of this order, the heads of agencies with responsibilities under this order shall submit a single, combined report to the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, detailing progress in implementing this order and a timeline for future action. The Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall regularly convene the heads of agencies with responsibilities under this order (or their designees) to coordinate and prepare for this submission.

**Sec. 10. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstances, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of any of its other provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

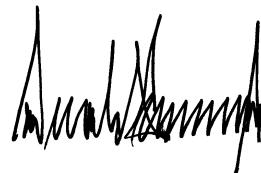
**Sec. 11. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 28, 2025.

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14186 of January 27, 2025**

#### **The Iron Dome for America**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including my authority as Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces of the United States, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The threat of attack by ballistic, hypersonic, and cruise missiles, and other advanced aerial attacks, remains the most catastrophic threat facing the United States.

President Ronald Reagan endeavored to build an effective defense against nuclear attacks, and while this program resulted in many technological advances, it was canceled before its goal could be realized. And since the United States withdrew from the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty in 2002 and initiated development of limited homeland missile defense, official United States homeland missile defense policy has remained only to stay ahead of rogue-nation threats and accidental or unauthorized missile launches.

Over the past 40 years, rather than lessening, the threat from next-generation strategic weapons has become more intense and complex with the development by peer and near-peer adversaries of next-generation delivery systems and their own homeland integrated air and missile defense capabilities.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** To further the goal of peace through strength, it is the policy of the United States that:

(a) The United States will provide for the common defense of its citizens and the Nation by deploying and maintaining a next-generation missile defense shield;

(b) The United States will deter—and defend its citizens and critical infrastructure against—any foreign aerial attack on the Homeland; and

(c) The United States will guarantee its secure second-strike capability.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall:

(a) Submit to the President a reference architecture, capabilities-based requirements, and an implementation plan for the next-generation missile defense shield. The architecture shall include, at a minimum, plans for:

(i) Defense of the United States against ballistic, hypersonic, advanced cruise missiles, and other next-generation aerial attacks from peer, near-peer, and rogue adversaries;

(ii) Acceleration of the deployment of the Hypersonic and Ballistic Tracking Space Sensor layer;

(iii) Development and deployment of proliferated space-based interceptors capable of boost-phase intercept;

(iv) Deployment of underlayer and terminal-phase intercept capabilities postured to defeat a countervalue attack;

(v) Development and deployment of a custody layer of the Proliferated Warfighter Space Architecture;

(vi) Development and deployment of capabilities to defeat missile attacks prior to launch and in the boost phase;

(vii) Development and deployment of a secure supply chain for all components with next-generation security and resilience features; and

(viii) Development and deployment of non-kinetic capabilities to augment the kinetic defeat of ballistic, hypersonic, advanced cruise missiles, and other next-generation aerial attacks;

(b) Review relevant authorities and organization of the Department of Defense to develop and deploy capabilities at the necessary speed to implement this directive;

(c) Jointly with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, submit to the President a plan to fund this directive, allowing sufficient time for consideration by the President before finalization of the Fiscal Year 2026 Budget; and

(d) In cooperation with United States Strategic Command and United States Northern Command, submit to the President:

(i) An updated assessment of the strategic missile threat to the Homeland; and

(ii) A prioritized set of locations to progressively defend against a counter-value attack by nuclear adversaries.

**Sec. 4. Allied and Theater Missile Defense Review.** The United States continues to cooperate on missile defense with its allies and partners to aid in the defense of ally populations and troops and of forward-deployed United States troops. Following the submission to the President of the next-generation missile defense reference architecture under section 3(a) of this order, the Secretary of Defense shall direct a review of theater missile defense posture and initiatives to identify ways in which the United States and its allies and partners can:

(a) Increase bilateral and multilateral cooperation on missile defense technology development, capabilities, and operations;

(b) Improve theater missile defenses of forward-deployed United States troops and allied territories, troops, and populations; and

(c) Increase and accelerate the provision of United States missile defense capabilities to allies and partners.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof, or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 27, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02182

Filed 1-31-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14185 of January 27, 2025

#### Restoring America's Fighting Force

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** As Chief Executive and as Commander in Chief, I am committed to meritocracy and to the elimination of race-based and sex-based discrimination within the Armed Forces of the United States. No individual or group within our Armed Forces should be preferred or disadvantaged on the basis of sex, race, ethnicity, color, or creed.

Unfortunately, in recent years civilian and uniformed leadership alike have implemented Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) programs and their attendant race and sex preferences within the Armed Forces. These actions undermine leadership, merit, and unit cohesion, thereby eroding lethality and force readiness. They also violate Americans' consciences by engaging in invidious race and sex discrimination.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration that the Department of Defense, the Department of Homeland Security with regard to the United States Coast Guard (USCG), and every element of the Armed Forces should operate free from any preference based on race or sex.

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** (a) A "DEI office" means an office, division, job, or other unit of an institution established for the purpose of:

(i) influencing hiring or employment practices at the institution with respect to race, sex, color, or ethnicity, other than through the use of color-blind and sex-neutral hiring processes; or

(ii) promoting differential treatment of or providing special benefits to individuals on the basis of race, sex, color, or ethnicity.

(b) The term "gender ideology" has the meaning given to that term in section 2(f) of the Executive Order of January 20, 2025, (Defending Women from Gender Ideology Extremism and Restoring Biological Truth to the Federal Government).

(c) The term "divisive concepts" has the meaning given to that term in section 2(a) of Executive Order 13950 of September 22, 2020 (Combating Race and Sex Stereotyping).

**Sec. 4. Abolishing the DEI Bureaucracy.** The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall abolish every DEI office within the Department of Defense and the Department of Homeland Security with regard to the USCG, respectively, including any vestiges of DEI offices, such as sub-offices, programs, elements, or initiatives established to promote a race-based preferences system that subverts meritocracy, perpetuates unconstitutional discrimination, and promotes divisive concepts or gender ideology.

**Sec. 5. Department of Defense Internal Review.** The Secretary of Defense shall conduct an internal review that documents actions taken in pursuit of DEI initiatives, including all instances of race and sex discrimination and activities designed to promote a race- or sex-based preferences system. The report shall be delivered to the Secretary of Defense within 90 days of the date of this order.

**Sec. 6. Protecting American Values.** (a) The Department of Defense and the Armed Forces, including any educational institution operated or controlled thereby, are prohibited from promoting, advancing, or otherwise inculcating the following un-American, divisive, discriminatory, radical, extremist, and irrational theories:

(i) “divisive concepts,” as defined in section 3(c) of this order, and “race or sex stereotyping,” or “race or sex scapegoating” as both terms are defined in section 2 of Executive Order 13950, as amended;

(ii) that America’s founding documents are racist or sexist; and

(iii) “gender ideology,” as defined in section 3(b) of this order.

(b) The Department of Defense and the Armed Forces shall not hire employees, contractors, or consultants to teach the theories set forth in subsection (a) of this section.

(c) The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall carefully review the leadership, curriculum, and instructors of the United States Service Academies and other defense academic institutions associated with their respective Departments to ensure alignment with this order. In addition, these institutions shall be required to teach that America and its founding documents remain the most powerful force for good in human history.

**Sec. 7. Implementation.** (a) The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall issue detailed guidance for the implementation of this order to their respective departments within 30 days of the date of this order.

(b) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report through the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy documenting the progress of their respective Departments in implementing this order, and any recommendations for action to fulfill the objectives of this order.

**Sec. 8. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

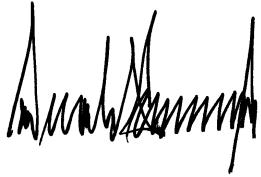
**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 27, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02181

Filed 1-31-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14184 of January 27, 2025

#### Reinstating Service Members Discharged Under the Military's COVID-19 Vaccination Mandate

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** On August 24, 2021, the Secretary of Defense mandated that all service members receive the COVID-19 vaccine. The Secretary of Defense later rescinded the mandate on January 10, 2023. The vaccine mandate was an unfair, overbroad, and completely unnecessary burden on our service members. Further, the military unjustly discharged those who refused the vaccine, regardless of the years of service given to our Nation, after failing to grant many of them an exemption that they should have received. Federal Government redress of any wrongful dismissals is overdue.

**Sec. 2. Redress.** Consistent with the policies announced in section 1 of this order, the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Homeland Security, as appropriate, shall take all necessary action permitted by law to:

(a) make reinstatement available to all members of the military (active and reserve) who were discharged solely for refusal to receive the COVID-19 vaccine and who request to be reinstated;

(b) enable those service members reinstated under this section to revert to their former rank and receive full back pay, benefits, bonus payments, or compensation; and

(c) allow any service members who provide a written and sworn attestation that they voluntarily left the service or allowed their service to lapse according to appropriate procedures, rather than be vaccinated under the vaccine mandate, to return to service with no impact on their service status, rank, or pay.

**Sec. 3. Additional Agency Responsibilities.** (a) Nothing in this order precludes disciplinary or administrative action for conduct that is proscribed by chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (Uniform Code of Military Justice, 10 U.S.C. 801–946a).

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall report to the President through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs on their progress in implementing this order.

**Sec. 4. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

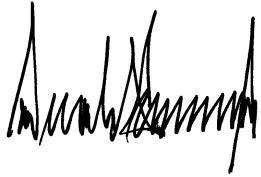
**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "J. Biden".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 27, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02180  
Filed 1-31-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14183 of January 27, 2025**

### **Prioritizing Military Excellence and Readiness**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and as Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces of the United States, and to ensure the readiness and effectiveness of our Armed Forces, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States military has a clear mission: to protect the American people and our homeland as the world's most lethal and effective fighting force. Success in this existential mission requires a singular focus on developing the requisite warrior ethos, and the pursuit of military excellence cannot be diluted to accommodate political agendas or other ideologies harmful to unit cohesion.

Recently, however, the Armed Forces have been afflicted with radical gender ideology to appease activists unconcerned with the requirements of military service like physical and mental health, selflessness, and unit cohesion. Longstanding Department of Defense (DoD) policy (DoD Instruction (DoDI) 6130.03) provides that it is the policy of the DoD to ensure that service members are “[f]ree of medical conditions or physical defects that may reasonably be expected to require excessive time lost from duty for necessary treatment or hospitalization.” As a result, many mental and physical health conditions are incompatible with active duty, from conditions that require substantial medication or medical treatment to bipolar and related disorders, eating disorders, suicidality, and prior psychiatric hospitalization.

Consistent with the military mission and longstanding DoD policy, expressing a false “gender identity” divergent from an individual’s sex cannot satisfy the rigorous standards necessary for military service. Beyond the hormonal and surgical medical interventions involved, adoption of a gender identity inconsistent with an individual’s sex conflicts with a soldier’s commitment to an honorable, truthful, and disciplined lifestyle, even in one’s personal life. A man’s assertion that he is a woman, and his requirement that others honor this falsehood, is not consistent with the humility and selflessness required of a service member.

For the sake of our Nation and the patriotic Americans who volunteer to serve it, military service must be reserved for those mentally and physically fit for duty. The Armed Forces must adhere to high mental and physical health standards to ensure our military can deploy, fight, and win, including in austere conditions and without the benefit of routine medical treatment or special provisions.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States Government to establish high standards for troop readiness, lethality, cohesion, honesty, humility, uniformity, and integrity. This policy is inconsistent with the medical, surgical, and mental health constraints on individuals with gender dysphoria. This policy is also inconsistent with shifting pronoun usage or use of pronouns that inaccurately reflect an individual’s sex.

**Sec. 3. Definitions.** The definitions in the Executive Order of January 20, 2025 (Defending Women from Gender Ideology Extremism and Restoring Biological Truth to the Federal Government) shall apply to this order.

**Sec. 4. Implementation.** (a) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Defense (Secretary) shall update DoDI 6130.03 Volume 1 (Medical Standards for Military Service: Appointment, Enlistment, or Induction

(May 6, 2018), Incorporating Change 5 of May 28, 2024) and DoDI 6130.03 Volume 2 (Medical Standards for Military Service: Retention (September 4, 2020), Incorporating Change 1 of June 6, 2022) to reflect the purpose and policy of this Order.

(b) The Secretary shall promptly issue directives for DoD to end invented and identification-based pronoun usage to best achieve the policy outlined in section 2 of this order.

(c) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary shall:

(i) identify all additional steps and issue guidance necessary to fully implement this order; and

(ii) submit to the President through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs a report that summarizes these steps.

(d) Absent extraordinary operational necessity, the Armed Forces shall neither allow males to use or share sleeping, changing, or bathing facilities designated for females, nor allow females to use or share sleeping, changing, or bathing facilities designated for males.

(e) Within 30 days of the issuance of the respective updates, directives, and guidance under subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, with respect to the Coast Guard, issue updates, directives, and guidance consistent with the updates, directives, and guidance issued under subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section.

**Sec. 5. Implementing the Revocation of Executive Order 14004.** (a) Pursuant to the Executive Order of January 20, 2025 (Initial Rescissions of Harmful Executive Orders and Actions), Executive Order 14004 of January 25, 2021 (Enabling All Qualified Americans To Serve Their Country in Uniform), has been revoked. Accordingly, all policies, directives, and guidance issued pursuant to Executive Order 14004 shall be rescinded to the extent inconsistent with the provisions of this order.

(b) The Secretary and, with respect to the Coast Guard, the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall take all necessary steps to implement the revocations described in subsection (a) of this section and ensure that all military departments and services fully comply with the provisions of this order.

**Sec. 6. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 27, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02178  
Filed 1-31-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

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## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14182 of January 24, 2025

#### Enforcing the Hyde Amendment

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** For nearly five decades, the Congress has annually enacted the Hyde Amendment and similar laws that prevent Federal funding of elective abortion, reflecting a longstanding consensus that American taxpayers should not be forced to pay for that practice. However, the previous administration disregarded this established, commonsense policy by embedding forced taxpayer funding of elective abortions in a wide variety of Federal programs.

It is the policy of the United States, consistent with the Hyde Amendment, to end the forced use of Federal taxpayer dollars to fund or promote elective abortion.

**Sec. 2. Revocation of Orders and Actions.** The following Executive Orders are hereby revoked:

- (a) Executive Order 14076 of July 8, 2022; and
- (b) Executive Order 14079 of August 3, 2022.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall promulgate guidance to the heads of executive departments and agencies related to implementation of sections 1 and 2 of this order.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 24, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02175  
Filed 1-30-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14181 of January 24, 2025

### **Emergency Measures To Provide Water Resources in California and Improve Disaster Response in Certain Areas**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** For weeks, residents of the Los Angeles area have watched raging fires consume their homes, belongings, beloved pets, and childhood memories. Almost immediately, firefighters were unable to fight the blaze due to dry hydrants, empty reservoirs, and inadequate water infrastructure. Today, at least 28 people have lost their lives and thousands more have lost everything else, with some damage estimates calculating hundreds of billions of dollars in damage.

This tragedy affects the entire Nation, so it is in the Nation's interest to ensure that California has what it needs to prevent and fight these fires and others in the future. Therefore, it is the policy of the United States to provide Southern California with necessary water resources, notwithstanding actively harmful State or local policies. And it is the policy of the United States to assist Americans in disaster areas through responsive policies that more effectively empower them to rebuild and regain their livelihoods.

**Sec. 2. Overriding Disastrous California Policies.** (a) The Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Agriculture shall expeditiously take all measures, consistent with all applicable authorities, to ensure adequate water resources in Southern California. Each shall report to me within 15 days on all authorities, including emergency authorities, available to ensure, require, maintain, or use infrastructure necessary to fight and prevent massive wildfires in Southern California.

(b) In particular, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce shall immediately take actions to override existing activities that unduly burden efforts to maximize water deliveries. The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce shall consider actions including those consistent with the "No Action Alternative" in the Final Environmental Impact Statement issued November 15, 2024, by the Bureau of Reclamation on Long-term Operation of the Central Valley Project and State Water Project.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior, including through the Bureau of Reclamation, shall utilize his discretion to operate the CVP to deliver more water and produce additional hydropower, including by increasing storage and conveyance, and jointly operating federal and state facilities, to high-need communities, notwithstanding any contrary State or local laws. The Bureau of Reclamation shall take all available measures to ensure that State agencies—including the California Department of Water Resources—do not interfere with the Bureau of Reclamation's operation of the project to maximize water delivery to high-need communities or otherwise, including but not limited to the issuance of a new Record of Decision maximizing water deliveries and consistent with the 2020 Record of Decision.

(d) In accordance with section 6 of the Executive Order of January 20, 2025 (Declaring a National Energy Emergency), the Secretary of the Interior, through the Bureau of Reclamation, and in accordance with section 1536 of title 16 United States Code, shall expedite action related to any exemption under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA), 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*,

for the Long-Term Operation of the CVP and the State Water Project for all applicable threatened and endangered species.

(e) The Secretary of the Interior shall promptly review, revise, or rescind any regulations or procedures specific to implementation of section 1536 of title 16 United States Code, as needed and consistent with applicable law, to conform with the plain meaning of the statute.

(f) The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce shall identify all ongoing or potential major water-supply and storage projects within the State of California for which they have joint responsibility under the ESA or individual responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*

(g) For each such project identified under subsection (f), the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce shall each designate one federal official to coordinate each agency's respective NEPA and ESA compliance responsibilities. Within 30 days from the date of this order, each designated official shall identify any regulatory hurdles that unduly burden each respective water project, identify any recent changes in state or Federal law that may impact such projects from a regulatory perspective (including Public Law 118–5), and shall develop a proposed plan, for review by the Secretaries, to appropriately suspend, revise, or rescind any regulations or procedures that unduly burden such projects and are not necessary to protect the public interest or otherwise comply with the law. In so doing, each designated federal official will coordinate and share all appropriate information that will enable improved efficiencies. For the purposes of this order, “unduly burden” means to unnecessarily obstruct, delay, curtail, impede or otherwise impose significant costs on the permitting, utilization, transmission, delivery, or supply of water resources and water infrastructure.

**Sec. 3. Ending the Subsidization of California’s Mismanagement.** (a) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) shall review all Federal programs, projects, and activities for all relevant agencies that impact land management, water availability, water supply, water storage and delivery, water infrastructure, and disaster preparedness and response.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, to ensure that State and local jurisdictions promote sensible land management practices and reliable water supply for all Americans, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Commerce shall jointly report to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, regarding California State and local policies or practices inconsistent with sound disaster prevention and response.

(c) The Director of OMB, in consultation with the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy and Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, shall recommend appropriate action to the President, regarding:

(i) any lack of compliance by California with the terms of existing Federal grants, contracts, or other financial assistance to States or localities; and

(ii) beneficial additional terms that may be added with respect to any future Federal programs, projects, or activities to ensure sound disaster prevention and response.

**Sec. 4. Additional Actions to Help Los Angeles Families.** (a) Housing Displaced Families. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and the Secretary of Homeland Security, through the Administrator of FEMA, shall expeditiously provide an Integrated Federal Housing Strategy and Implementation Plan to the Director of OMB and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs that expedites options for housing relief to survivors displaced by wildfires in California.

(b) Expediting Waste Removal. Within 5 days from the date of this order, to accelerate the rebuilding of areas devastated by the recent Los Angeles wildfires, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Security,

through the Administrator of FEMA, and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall develop and execute a plan to expedite the bulk removal of contaminated and general debris.

(c) Effectively Using Grants to Improve Fire Preparedness. The Secretary of Homeland Security, through the Administrator of FEMA, shall immediately implement a plan to enable the timely and appropriate use of Federal preparedness grants for the City of Los Angeles. As of the date of this order, the city has yet to use the majority of its \$213 million allotment that has accrued since fiscal year 2021. These Federal preparedness grants shall not be used to support illegal aliens. The Attorney General, in coordination with the FEMA Administrator, shall investigate the misuse of these grants by the City of Los Angeles and take appropriate action to address such misuse.

**Sec. 5. Additional Actions to Help North Carolina Families.** (a) Clearing Roads. To accelerate rebuilding and community recovery, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Administrator of FEMA, and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall immediately take all necessary and appropriate measures, including through direct assistance, loans, and other available means, to expedite roadway clearance or rebuilding, including the section of Interstate 40 in North Carolina that remains closed, and the repair or rebuilding of roads and bridges on private property in areas of North Carolina affected by Hurricane Helene.

(b) Housing Displaced Families. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development and the Secretary of Homeland Security, through the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, shall immediately provide an Integrated Federal Housing Strategy and Implementation Plan to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs that expedites options for housing relief to survivors displaced by Hurricane Helene.

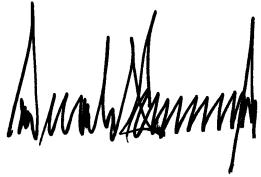
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 24, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02174  
Filed 1-30-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14180 of January 24, 2025

#### **Council To Assess the Federal Emergency Management Agency**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** The Federal responses to Hurricane Helene and other recent disasters demonstrate the need to drastically improve the Federal Emergency Management Agency's ("FEMA's") efficacy, priorities, and competence, including evaluating whether FEMA's bureaucracy in disaster response ultimately harms the agency's ability to successfully respond. Despite obligating nearly \$30 billion in disaster aid each of the past three years, FEMA has managed to leave vulnerable Americans without the resources or support they need when they need it most.

There are serious concerns of political bias in FEMA. Indeed, at least one former FEMA responder has stated that FEMA managers directed her to avoid homes of individuals supporting the campaign of Donald J. Trump for President. And it has lost mission focus, diverting limited staff and resources to support missions beyond its scope and authority, spending well over a billion dollars to welcome illegal aliens.

Americans deserve an immediate, effective, and impartial response to and recovery from disasters. FEMA therefore requires a full-scale review, by individuals highly experienced at effective disaster response and recovery, who shall recommend to the President improvements or structural changes to promote the national interest and enable national resilience.

**Sec. 2. Establishment.** (a) There is hereby established the Federal Emergency Management Agency Review Council ("Council").

(b) The Council shall be composed of not more than 20 members. The Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Defense shall be members of the Council. The remaining members shall include relevant agency heads and distinguished individuals and representatives from sectors outside of the Federal Government appointed by the President. These non-Federal members shall have diverse perspectives and expertise in disaster relief and assistance, emergency preparedness, natural disasters, Federal-State relationships, and budget management.

(c) The Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Defense shall serve as Co-Chairs of the Council. The Co-Chairs may designate up to two Vice Chairs of the Council from among the non-Federal members of the Council, to support the Co-Chairs in the leadership and organization of the Council.

**Sec. 3. Functions.** (a) The Council shall advise the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, on the existing ability of FEMA to capably and impartially address disasters occurring within the United States and shall advise the President on all recommended changes related to FEMA to best serve the national interest.

(b) The Council shall meet regularly and shall:

(i) respond to requests from the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security Affairs, the Director of the Office of Management

and Budget, or the Co-Chairs for information, analysis, evaluation, or advice;

(ii) solicit information and ideas from a broad range of stakeholders, including Americans affected by natural disasters; the research community; the private sector; State, local, and Tribal governments; foundations; and nonprofit organizations;

(c) The Council shall produce a report for the President that includes the following:

(i) An assessment of the adequacy of FEMA's response to disasters during the previous 4 years, including sufficiency of staffing;

(ii) A comparison of the FEMA responses with State, local, and private sector responses—including timeliness of response, supplies provided, efficacy, and services (including communications and electricity) provided—during the same period;

(iii) An account of the commentary and debate about the role and operation of FEMA in our Federal system and about the functioning of disaster relief, assistance, and preparedness in the United States;

(iv) The historical background of other periods in the Nation's history both before FEMA was part of DHS and before FEMA existed and methods by which disaster aid and relief were then provided;

(v) The traditional role of States and their coordination with the Federal Government in securing the life, liberty, and property of their citizens in preparation for, during, and after disasters;

(vi) An evaluation of whether FEMA can serve its functions as a support agency, providing supplemental Federal assistance, to the States rather than supplanting State control of disaster relief;

(vii) Other recommended improvements to FEMA in the current statutory structure; and

(viii) An analysis of the principal arguments in the public debate for and against FEMA reform, including an appraisal of the merits and legality of particular reform proposals.

(d) The Council shall solicit public comment, including other expert views, to ensure that its work is informed by a broad spectrum of ideas.

(e) The Council shall hold its first public meeting within 90 days of the date of this order and submit its report to the President within 180 days of the date of the Council's first public meeting.

**Sec. 4. Administration.** (a) The heads of executive departments and agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide the Council with information concerning disaster preparedness and relief matters when requested by the Council Co-Chairs and as required for the purpose of carrying out the Council's functions.

(b) In consultation with the Co-Chairs, the Council is authorized to create standing subcommittees and ad hoc groups, including technical advisory groups, to assist the Council and provide preliminary information directly to the Council.

(c) The Department of Homeland Security shall provide such funding and administrative and technical support as the Council may require, to the extent permitted by law and as authorized by existing appropriations.

(d) Members of the Council shall serve without any compensation for their work on the Council, but may receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law for persons serving intermittently in the government service (5 U.S.C. 5701–5707).

(e) Insofar as the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), may apply to the Council, any functions of the President under that Act, except that of reporting to the Congress, shall be performed by the Secretary of Homeland Security, in accordance with the guidelines and procedures established by the Administrator of General Services.

**Sec. 5. Termination.** The Council shall terminate 1 year from the date of this order unless extended by the President.

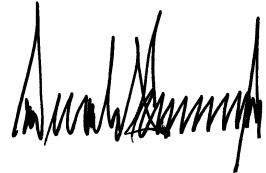
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof, or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 24, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02173  
Filed 1-30-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

**The President**

**Executive Order 14179 of January 23, 2025**

## **Removing Barriers to American Leadership in Artificial Intelligence**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States has long been at the forefront of artificial intelligence (AI) innovation, driven by the strength of our free markets, world-class research institutions, and entrepreneurial spirit. To maintain this leadership, we must develop AI systems that are free from ideological bias or engineered social agendas. With the right Government policies, we can solidify our position as the global leader in AI and secure a brighter future for all Americans. This order revokes certain existing AI policies and directives that act as barriers to American AI innovation, clearing a path for the United States to act decisively to retain global leadership in artificial intelligence.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to sustain and enhance America's global AI dominance in order to promote human flourishing, economic competitiveness, and national security.

**Sec. 3. Definition.** For the purposes of this order, "artificial intelligence" or "AI" has the meaning set forth in 15 U.S.C. 9401(3).

**Sec. 4. Developing an Artificial Intelligence Action Plan.** (a) Within 180 days of this order, the Assistant to the President for Science and Technology (APST), the Special Advisor for AI and Crypto, and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs (APNSA), in coordination with the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB Director), and the heads of such executive departments and agencies (agencies) as the APST and APNSA deem relevant, shall develop and submit to the President an action plan to achieve the policy set forth in section 2 of this order.

**Sec. 5. Implementation of Order Revocation.** (a) The APST, the Special Advisor for AI and Crypto, and the APNSA shall immediately review, in coordination with the heads of all agencies as they deem relevant, all policies, directives, regulations, orders, and other actions taken pursuant to the revoked Executive Order 14110 of October 30, 2023 (Safe, Secure, and Trustworthy Development and Use of Artificial Intelligence). The APST, the Special Advisor for AI and Crypto, and the APNSA shall, in coordination with the heads of relevant agencies, identify any actions taken pursuant to Executive Order 14110 that are or may be inconsistent with, or present obstacles to, the policy set forth in section 2 of this order. For any such agency actions identified, the heads of agencies shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, suspend, revise, or rescind such actions, or propose suspending, revising, or rescinding such actions. If in any case such suspension, revision, or rescission cannot be finalized immediately, the APST and the heads of agencies shall promptly take steps to provide all available exemptions authorized by any such orders, rules, regulations, guidelines, or policies, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, until such action can be finalized.

(b) Within 60 days of this order, the OMB Director, in coordination with the APST, shall revise OMB Memoranda M-24-10 and M-24-18 as necessary

to make them consistent with the policy set forth in section 2 of this order.

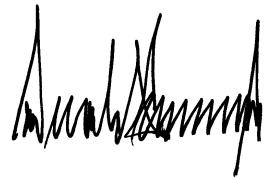
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 23, 2025.

[FR Doc. 2025-02172  
Filed 1-30-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14178 of January 23, 2025

### **Strengthening American Leadership in Digital Financial Technology**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in order to promote United States leadership in digital assets and financial technology while protecting economic liberty, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policies.** (a) The digital asset industry plays a crucial role in innovation and economic development in the United States, as well as our Nation's international leadership. It is therefore the policy of my Administration to support the responsible growth and use of digital assets, blockchain technology, and related technologies across all sectors of the economy, including by:

- (i) protecting and promoting the ability of individual citizens and private-sector entities alike to access and use for lawful purposes open public blockchain networks without persecution, including the ability to develop and deploy software, to participate in mining and validating, to transact with other persons without unlawful censorship, and to maintain self-custody of digital assets;
- (ii) promoting and protecting the sovereignty of the United States dollar, including through actions to promote the development and growth of lawful and legitimate dollar-backed stablecoins worldwide;
- (iii) protecting and promoting fair and open access to banking services for all law-abiding individual citizens and private-sector entities alike;
- (iv) providing regulatory clarity and certainty built on technology-neutral regulations, frameworks that account for emerging technologies, transparent decision making, and well-defined jurisdictional regulatory boundaries, all of which are essential to supporting a vibrant and inclusive digital economy and innovation in digital assets, permissionless blockchains, and distributed ledger technologies; and
- (v) taking measures to protect Americans from the risks of Central Bank Digital Currencies (CBDCs), which threaten the stability of the financial system, individual privacy, and the sovereignty of the United States, including by prohibiting the establishment, issuance, circulation, and use of a CBDC within the jurisdiction of the United States.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** (a) For the purpose of this order, the term "digital asset" refers to any digital representation of value that is recorded on a distributed ledger, including cryptocurrencies, digital tokens, and stablecoins.

- (b) The term "blockchain" means any technology where data is:
  - (i) shared across a network to create a public ledger of verified transactions or information among network participants;
  - (ii) linked using cryptography to maintain the integrity of the public ledger and to execute other functions;
  - (iii) distributed among network participants in an automated fashion to concurrently update network participants on the state of the public ledger and any other functions; and
  - (iv) composed of source code that is publicly available.

(c) “Central Bank Digital Currency” means a form of digital money or monetary value, denominated in the national unit of account, that is a direct liability of the central bank.

**Sec. 3. Revocation of Executive Order 14067 and Department of the Treasury Framework of July 7, 2022.** (a) Executive Order 14067 of March 9, 2022 (Ensuring Responsible Development of Digital Assets) is hereby revoked.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to immediately revoke the Department of the Treasury’s “Framework for International Engagement on Digital Assets,” issued on July 7, 2022.

(c) All policies, directives, and guidance issued pursuant to Executive Order 14067 and the Department of the Treasury’s Framework for International Engagement on Digital Assets are hereby rescinded or shall be rescinded by the Secretary of the Treasury, as appropriate, to the extent they are inconsistent with the provisions of this order.

(d) The Secretary of the Treasury shall take all appropriate measures to ensure compliance with the policies set forth in this order.

**Sec. 4. Establishment of the President’s Working Group on Digital Asset Markets.** (a) There is hereby established within the National Economic Council the President’s Working Group on Digital Asset Markets (Working Group). The Working Group shall be chaired by the Special Advisor for AI and Crypto (Chair). In addition to the Chair, the Working Group shall include the following officials, or their designees:

- (i) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (ii) the Attorney General;
- (iii) the Secretary of Commerce;
- (iv) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
- (v) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget;
- (vi) the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs;
- (vii) the Assistant to the President for National Economic Policy (AEP);
- (viii) the Assistant to the President for Science and Technology;
- (ix) the Homeland Security Advisor;
- (x) the Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commission; and
- (xi) the Chairman of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

(xii) As appropriate and consistent with applicable law, the Chair may invite the heads of other executive departments and agencies (agencies), or other senior officials within the Executive Office of the President, to attend meetings of the Working Group, based on the relevance of their expertise and responsibilities.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Department of the Treasury, the Department of Justice, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other relevant agencies, the heads of which are included in the Working Group, shall identify all regulations, guidance documents, orders, or other items that affect the digital asset sector. Within 60 days of the date of this order, each agency shall submit to the Chair recommendations with respect to whether each identified regulation, guidance document, order, or other item should be rescinded or modified, or, for items other than regulations, adopted in a regulation.

(c) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Working Group shall submit a report to the President, through the AEP, which shall recommend regulatory and legislative proposals that advance the policies established in this order. In particular, the report shall focus on the following:

- (i) The Working Group shall propose a Federal regulatory framework governing the issuance and operation of digital assets, including stablecoins, in the United States. The Working Group’s report shall consider provisions for market structure, oversight, consumer protection, and risk management.

(ii) The Working Group shall evaluate the potential creation and maintenance of a national digital asset stockpile and propose criteria for establishing such a stockpile, potentially derived from cryptocurrencies lawfully seized by the Federal Government through its law enforcement efforts.

(d) The Chair shall designate an Executive Director of the Working Group, who shall be responsible for coordinating its day-to-day functions. On issues affecting the national security, the Working Group shall consult with the National Security Council.

(e) As appropriate and consistent with law, the Working Group shall hold public hearings and receive individual expertise from leaders in digital assets and digital markets.

**Sec. 5. Prohibition of Central Bank Digital Currencies.**

(a) Except to the extent required by law, agencies are hereby prohibited from undertaking any action to establish, issue, or promote CBDCs within the jurisdiction of the United States or abroad.

(b) Except to the extent required by law, any ongoing plans or initiatives at any agency related to the creation of a CBDC within the jurisdiction of the United States shall be immediately terminated, and no further actions may be taken to develop or implement such plans or initiatives.

**Sec. 6. Severability.** (a) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

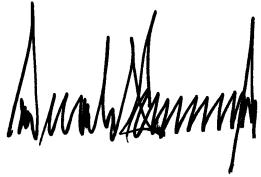
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02123

Filed 1-30-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14177 of January 23, 2025

### President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in order to establish an advisory council on science and technology, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The American story is one of boundless creativity and bold ambition, driven by an indomitable pioneering spirit that propels exploration and discovery. It is this spirit that illuminated the world with Edison's lightbulb, carried the Wright brothers into the skies, and sent Armstrong to the moon. Today, a new frontier of scientific discovery lies before us, defined by transformative technologies such as artificial intelligence, quantum computing, and advanced biotechnology. Breakthroughs in these fields have the potential to reshape the global balance of power, spark entirely new industries, and revolutionize the way we live and work. As our global competitors race to exploit these technologies, it is a national security imperative for the United States to achieve and maintain unquestioned and unchallenged global technological dominance. To secure our future, we must harness the full power of American innovation by empowering entrepreneurs, unleashing private-sector creativity, and reinvigorating our research institutions.

At the heart of scientific progress lies the pursuit of truth. But this foundational principle, which has driven every major breakthrough in our history, is increasingly under threat. Today, across science, medicine, and technology, ideological dogmas have surfaced that elevate group identity above individual achievement, enforce conformity at the expense of innovative ideas, and inject politics into the heart of the scientific method. These agendas have not only distorted truth but have eroded public trust, undermined the integrity of research, stifled innovation, and weakened America's competitive edge. This order establishes the President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology to unite the brightest minds from academia, industry, and government to guide our Nation through this critical moment by charting a path forward for American leadership in science and technology.

**Sec. 2. Establishment.** (a) There is hereby established the President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology (PCAST).

(b) The PCAST shall be composed of not more than 24 members. The Assistant to the President for Science and Technology (APST) and the Special Advisor for AI & Crypto shall be members of the PCAST. If also serving as the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the APST may designate the U.S. Chief Technology Officer as a member. The remaining members shall be distinguished individuals and representatives from sectors outside of the Federal Government appointed by the President. These non-Federal members shall have diverse perspectives and expertise in science, technology, education, and innovation.

(c) The APST and the Special Advisor for AI & Crypto shall serve as Co-Chairs of the PCAST. The Co-Chairs may designate up to two Vice Chairs of the PCAST from among the non-Federal members of the PCAST, to support the Co-Chairs in the leadership and organization of the PCAST.

**Sec. 3. Functions.** (a) The PCAST shall advise the President on matters involving science, technology, education, and innovation policy. The Council shall also provide the President with scientific and technical information

that is needed to inform public policy relating to the American economy, the American worker, national and homeland security, and other topics.

(b) The PCAST shall meet regularly and shall:

(i) respond to requests from the President or the Co-Chairs for information, analysis, evaluation, or advice;

(ii) solicit information and ideas from a broad range of stakeholders, including the research community; the private sector; universities; national laboratories; State, local, and Tribal governments; foundations; and non-profit organizations;

(iii) serve as the advisory committee identified in section 101(b) of the High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 (Public Law 102–194), as amended (15 U.S.C. 5511(b)), in which capacity the PCAST shall be known as the President's Innovation and Technology Advisory Committee; and

(iv) serve as the advisory panel identified in section 4 of the 21st Century Nanotechnology Research and Development Act (Public Law 108–153), as amended (15 U.S.C. 7503), in which capacity the PCAST shall be known as the National Nanotechnology Advisory Panel.

(c) The PCAST shall provide advice from the non-Federal sector to the National Science and Technology Council (NSTC) in response to requests from the NSTC.

**Sec. 4. Administration.** (a) The heads of executive departments and agencies shall, to the extent permitted by law, provide the PCAST with information concerning scientific and technological matters when requested by the PCAST Co-Chairs and as required for the purpose of carrying out the PCAST's functions.

(b) In consultation with the Co-Chairs, the PCAST is authorized to create standing subcommittees and ad hoc groups, including technical advisory groups, to assist the PCAST and provide preliminary information directly to the PCAST.

(c) In order to allow the PCAST to provide advice and analysis regarding classified matters, the Co-Chairs may request that members of the PCAST, its standing subcommittees, or ad hoc groups who do not hold a current clearance for access to classified information receive security clearance and access determinations pursuant to Executive Order 12968 of August 2, 1995 (Access to Classified Information), as amended, or any successor order.

(d) The Department of Energy shall provide such funding and administrative and technical support as the PCAST may require, to the extent permitted by law and as authorized by existing appropriations.

(e) Members of the PCAST shall serve without any compensation for their work on the PCAST, but may receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law for persons serving intermittently in the government service (5 U.S.C. 5701–5707).

(f) Insofar as the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), may apply to the PCAST, any functions of the President under that Act, except that of reporting to the Congress, shall be performed by the Secretary of Energy, in accordance with the guidelines and procedures established by the Administrator of General Services.

**Sec. 5. Termination.** The PCAST shall terminate 2 years from the date of this order unless extended by the President.

**Sec. 6. Revocation.** Executive Order 14007 of January 27, 2021 (President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology), as amended by Executive Order 14109 of September 29, 2023 (Continuance of Certain Federal Advisory Committees and Amendments to Other Executive Orders), is hereby revoked.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 23, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02121  
Filed 1-30-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14176 of January 23, 2025

#### **Declassification of Records Concerning the Assassinations of President John F. Kennedy, Senator Robert F. Kennedy, and the Reverend Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** More than 50 years after the assassinations of President John F. Kennedy, Senator Robert F. Kennedy, and the Reverend Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., the Federal Government has not released to the public all of its records related to those events. Their families and the American people deserve transparency and truth. It is in the national interest to finally release all records related to these assassinations without delay.

The President John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992 required all records related to the assassination of President Kennedy to be publicly disclosed in full by October 26, 2017, unless the President certifies that: (i) continued postponement is made necessary by an identifiable harm to the military defense, intelligence operations, law enforcement, or conduct of foreign relations; and (ii) the identifiable harm is of such gravity that it outweighs the public interest in disclosure. President John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992, section 5(g)(2)(D), Public Law 102–526, 106 Stat. 3443, 3448–49, codified at 44 U.S.C. 2107 note.

I previously accepted proposed redactions from executive departments and agencies (agencies) in 2017 and 2018, but ordered the continued re-evaluation of those remaining redactions. See Temporary Certification for Certain Records Related to the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 82 FR 50,307–08 (Oct. 31, 2017); Certification for Certain Records Related to the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 83 FR 19, 157–58 (Apr. 26, 2018). In the Presidential Memorandum of April 26, 2018, I also ordered agencies to re-review each of those redactions over the next 3 years and disclose information that no longer warrants continued withholding under the standard set forth in section 5(g)(2)(D) of the President John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992.

President Biden issued subsequent certifications with respect to these records in 2021, 2022, and 2023, which gave agencies additional time to review the records and withhold information from public disclosure. See Temporary Certification Regarding Disclosure of Information in Certain Records Related to the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 86 FR 59,599 (Oct. 22, 2021); Certifications Regarding Disclosure of Information in Certain Records Related to the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 87 FR 77,967 (Dec. 15, 2022); Certification Regarding Disclosure of Information in Certain Records Related to the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy, 88 FR 43,247 (June 30, 2023).

I have now determined that the continued redaction and withholding of information from records pertaining to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy is not consistent with the public interest and the release of these records is long overdue. And although no Act of Congress directs the release of information pertaining to the assassinations of Senator Robert F. Kennedy and the Reverend Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., I have determined

that the release of all records in the Federal Government's possession pertaining to each of those assassinations is also in the public interest.

**Sec. 2. Declassification and Disclosure.** (a) Within 15 days of the date of this order, the Director of National Intelligence and the Attorney General shall, in coordination with the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs and the Counsel to the President, present a plan to the President for the full and complete release of records relating to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

(b) Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Director of National Intelligence and the Attorney General shall, in coordination with the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs and the Counsel to the President, review records related to the assassinations of Senator Robert F. Kennedy and the Reverend Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., and present a plan to the President for the full and complete release of these records.

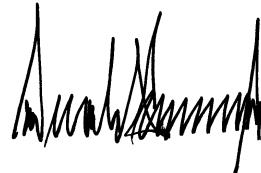
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN JR.", is written over a series of vertical lines that resemble a stylized waveform or a series of tick marks.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 23, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14175 of January 22, 2025

#### **Designation of Ansar Allah as a Foreign Terrorist Organization**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*) (INA), it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose.** This order sets in motion a process by which Ansar Allah, also known as the Houthis, shall be considered for designation as a Foreign Terrorist Organization, consistent with section 219 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1189).

Supported by Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps Quds Force (IRGC-QF), which arms and trains terrorist organizations worldwide, the Houthis have fired at U.S. Navy warships dozens of times since 2023, endangering American men and women in uniform. Since seizing most Yemeni population centers by force from the legitimate Yemeni government in 2014–2015, the Houthis have launched numerous attacks on civilian infrastructure, including multiple attacks on civilian airports in Saudi Arabia, the deadly January 2022 attacks on the United Arab Emirates, and more than 300 projectiles fired at Israel since October 2023. The Houthis have also attacked commercial vessels transiting Bab al-Mandeb more than 100 times, killing at least four civilian sailors and forcing some Red Sea maritime commercial traffic to reroute, which has contributed to global inflation.

The Houthis' activities threaten the security of American civilians and personnel in the Middle East, the safety of our closest regional partners, and the stability of global maritime trade.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to cooperate with its regional partners to eliminate Ansar Allah's capabilities and operations, deprive it of resources, and thereby end its attacks on U.S. personnel and civilians, U.S. partners, and maritime shipping in the Red Sea.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State shall, after consultation with the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of the Treasury, submit a report to the President, through the National Security Council, concerning the designation of Ansar Allah as a foreign terrorist organization consistent with 8 U.S.C. 1189.

(b) Within 15 days after submitting the report required under subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of State shall take all appropriate action, consistent with 8 U.S.C. 1189, with regard to a designation of Ansar Allah as a terrorist organization.

(c) Following any designation of Ansar Allah as a foreign terrorist organization under 8 U.S.C. 1189, the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) shall jointly conduct a review of the United Nations partners, nongovernmental organizations, and contractors through which USAID works in Yemen, and identify any entities with a relationship with USAID that have:

- (i) made payments to members of, or governmental entities controlled by, Ansar Allah; or
- (ii) criticized international efforts to counter Ansar Allah while failing to document Ansar Allah's abuses sufficiently.

(d) The Administrator of USAID shall take all appropriate action to terminate the projects, grants, or contracts identified under subsection (c) of this section as appropriate.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes forming a more complex, illegible signature.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 22, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02103]

Filed 1-30-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14174 of January 21, 2025

#### **Revocation of Certain Executive Orders**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Revocation.** The following Executive Orders are hereby revoked:

(a) Executive Order 14042 of September 9, 2021 (Ensuring Adequate COVID Safety Protocols for Federal Contractors); and

(b) Executive Order 14043 of September 9, 2021 (Requiring Coronavirus Disease 2019 Vaccination for Federal Employees).

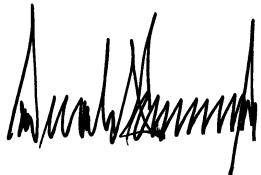
**Sec. 2. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 21, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14173 of January 21, 2025

### **Ending Illegal Discrimination and Restoring Merit-Based Opportunity**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Longstanding Federal civil-rights laws protect individual Americans from discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. These civil-rights protections serve as a bedrock supporting equality of opportunity for all Americans. As President, I have a solemn duty to ensure that these laws are enforced for the benefit of all Americans.

Yet today, roughly 60 years after the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, critical and influential institutions of American society, including the Federal Government, major corporations, financial institutions, the medical industry, large commercial airlines, law enforcement agencies, and institutions of higher education have adopted and actively use dangerous, demeaning, and immoral race- and sex-based preferences under the guise of so-called “diversity, equity, and inclusion” (DEI) or “diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility” (DEIA) that can violate the civil-rights laws of this Nation.

Illegal DEI and DEIA policies not only violate the text and spirit of our longstanding Federal civil-rights laws, they also undermine our national unity, as they deny, discredit, and undermine the traditional American values of hard work, excellence, and individual achievement in favor of an unlawful, corrosive, and pernicious identity-based spoils system. Hard-working Americans who deserve a shot at the American Dream should not be stigmatized, demeaned, or shut out of opportunities because of their race or sex.

These illegal DEI and DEIA policies also threaten the safety of American men, women, and children across the Nation by diminishing the importance of individual merit, aptitude, hard work, and determination when selecting people for jobs and services in key sectors of American society, including all levels of government, and the medical, aviation, and law-enforcement communities. Yet in case after tragic case, the American people have witnessed first-hand the disastrous consequences of illegal, pernicious discrimination that has prioritized how people were born instead of what they were capable of doing.

The Federal Government is charged with enforcing our civil-rights laws. The purpose of this order is to ensure that it does so by ending illegal preferences and discrimination.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to protect the civil rights of all Americans and to promote individual initiative, excellence, and hard work. I therefore order all executive departments and agencies (agencies) to terminate all discriminatory and illegal preferences, mandates, policies, programs, activities, guidance, regulations, enforcement actions, consent orders, and requirements. I further order all agencies to enforce our longstanding civil-rights laws and to combat illegal private-sector DEI preferences, mandates, policies, programs, and activities.

**Sec. 3. Terminating Illegal Discrimination in the Federal Government.** (a) The following executive actions are hereby revoked:

- (i) Executive Order 12898 of February 11, 1994 (Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations);
  - (ii) Executive Order 13583 of August 18, 2011 (Establishing a Coordinated Government-wide Initiative to Promote Diversity and Inclusion in the Federal Workforce);
  - (iii) Executive Order 13672 of July 21, 2014 (Further Amendments to Executive Order 11478, Equal Employment Opportunity in the Federal Government, and Executive Order 11246, Equal Employment Opportunity); and
  - (iv) The Presidential Memorandum of October 5, 2016 (Promoting Diversity and Inclusion in the National Security Workforce).
- (b) The Federal contracting process shall be streamlined to enhance speed and efficiency, reduce costs, and require Federal contractors and subcontractors to comply with our civil-rights laws. Accordingly:
- (i) Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965 (Equal Employment Opportunity), is hereby revoked. For 90 days from the date of this order, Federal contractors may continue to comply with the regulatory scheme in effect on January 20, 2025.
  - (ii) The Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within the Department of Labor shall immediately cease:
    - (A) Promoting “diversity”;
    - (B) Holding Federal contractors and subcontractors responsible for taking “affirmative action”; and
    - (C) Allowing or encouraging Federal contractors and subcontractors to engage in workforce balancing based on race, color, sex, sexual preference, religion, or national origin.
  - (iii) In accordance with Executive Order 13279 of December 12, 2002 (Equal Protection of the Laws for Faith-Based and Community Organizations), the employment, procurement, and contracting practices of Federal contractors and subcontractors shall not consider race, color, sex, sexual preference, religion, or national origin in ways that violate the Nation’s civil rights laws.
  - (iv) The head of each agency shall include in every contract or grant award:
    - (A) A term requiring the contractual counterparty or grant recipient to agree that its compliance in all respects with all applicable Federal anti-discrimination laws is material to the government’s payment decisions for purposes of section 3729(b)(4) of title 31, United States Code; and
    - (B) A term requiring such counterparty or recipient to certify that it does not operate any programs promoting DEI that violate any applicable Federal anti-discrimination laws.
- (c) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), with the assistance of the Attorney General as requested, shall:
- (i) Review and revise, as appropriate, all Government-wide processes, directives, and guidance;
  - (ii) Excise references to DEI and DEIA principles, under whatever name they may appear, from Federal acquisition, contracting, grants, and financial assistance procedures to streamline those procedures, improve speed and efficiency, lower costs, and comply with civil-rights laws; and
  - (iii) Terminate all “diversity,” “equity,” “equitable decision-making,” “equitable deployment of financial and technical assistance,” “advancing equity,” and like mandates, requirements, programs, or activities, as appropriate.

**Sec. 4. Encouraging the Private Sector to End Illegal DEI Discrimination and Preferences.** (a) The heads of all agencies, with the assistance of the

Attorney General, shall take all appropriate action with respect to the operations of their agencies to advance in the private sector the policy of individual initiative, excellence, and hard work identified in section 2 of this order.

(b) To further inform and advise me so that my Administration may formulate appropriate and effective civil-rights policy, the Attorney General, within 120 days of this order, in consultation with the heads of relevant agencies and in coordination with the Director of OMB, shall submit a report to the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy containing recommendations for enforcing Federal civil-rights laws and taking other appropriate measures to encourage the private sector to end illegal discrimination and preferences, including DEI. The report shall contain a proposed strategic enforcement plan identifying:

- (i) Key sectors of concern within each agency's jurisdiction;
- (ii) The most egregious and discriminatory DEI practitioners in each sector of concern;
- (iii) A plan of specific steps or measures to deter DEI programs or principles (whether specifically denominated "DEI" or otherwise) that constitute illegal discrimination or preferences. As a part of this plan, each agency shall identify up to nine potential civil compliance investigations of publicly traded corporations, large non-profit corporations or associations, foundations with assets of 500 million dollars or more, State and local bar and medical associations, and institutions of higher education with endowments over 1 billion dollars;
- (iv) Other strategies to encourage the private sector to end illegal DEI discrimination and preferences and comply with all Federal civil-rights laws;
- (v) Litigation that would be potentially appropriate for Federal lawsuits, intervention, or statements of interest; and
- (vi) Potential regulatory action and sub-regulatory guidance.

**Sec. 5. Other Actions.** Within 120 days of this order, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Education shall jointly issue guidance to all State and local educational agencies that receive Federal funds, as well as all institutions of higher education that receive Federal grants or participate in the Federal student loan assistance program under Title IV of the Higher Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1070 *et seq.*, regarding the measures and practices required to comply with *Students for Fair Admissions, Inc. v. President and Fellows of Harvard College*, 600 U.S. 181 (2023).

**Sec. 6. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

**Sec. 7. Scope.** (a) This order does not apply to lawful Federal or private-sector employment and contracting preferences for veterans of the U.S. armed forces or persons protected by the Randolph-Sheppard Act, 20 U.S.C. 107 *et seq.*

(b) This order does not prevent State or local governments, Federal contractors, or Federally-funded State and local educational agencies or institutions of higher education from engaging in First Amendment-protected speech.

(c) This order does not prohibit persons teaching at a Federally funded institution of higher education as part of a larger course of academic instruction from advocating for, endorsing, or promoting the unlawful employment or contracting practices prohibited by this order.

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof; or

- 
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
  - (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
  - (c) This order is not intended to and does not create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 21, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02097  
Filed 1-30-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14172 of January 20, 2025

#### **Restoring Names That Honor American Greatness**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** It is in the national interest to promote the extraordinary heritage of our Nation and ensure future generations of American citizens celebrate the legacy of our American heroes. The naming of our national treasures, including breathtaking natural wonders and historic works of art, should honor the contributions of visionary and patriotic Americans in our Nation's rich past.

**Sec. 2. Appointments to the U.S. Board on Geographic Names.** (a) Within seven days of the date of this order, each agency head with authority to appoint members to the Board on Geographic Names (Board) pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 364a, shall review their respective appointees and consider replacing those appointees in accordance with applicable law.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior shall review and consider additional appointments to the Board to assist in fulfilling all aspects of this order, subject to all applicable laws.

(c) With respect to all applications for naming and renaming submitted to the newly constituted Board, the Board shall advance the policy established in section 1 of this order to honor the contributions of visionary and patriotic Americans and may update its principles, policies, and procedures as needed to achieve this policy.

(d) Where Congressional action is required to establish a renaming in public law, following Board approval on renaming, the Board shall provide guidance to all relevant Federal agencies to use the Board-approved name in the interim in federal documents and achieve consistency across the federal government.

**Sec. 3. Renaming of Mount McKinley.** (a) President William McKinley, the 25th President of the United States, heroically led our Nation to victory in the Spanish-American War. Under his leadership, the United States enjoyed rapid economic growth and prosperity, including an expansion of territorial gains for the Nation. President McKinley championed tariffs to protect U.S. manufacturing, boost domestic production, and drive U.S. industrialization and global reach to new heights. He was tragically assassinated in an attack on our Nation's values and our success, and he should be honored for his steadfast commitment to American greatness.

In 1917, the country officially honored President McKinley through the naming of North America's highest peak. Yet after nearly a century, President Obama's administration, in 2015, stripped the McKinley name from federal nomenclature, an affront to President McKinley's life, his achievements, and his sacrifice.

This order honors President McKinley for giving his life for our great Nation and dutifully recognizes his historic legacy of protecting America's interests and generating enormous wealth for all Americans.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior shall, consistent with 43 U.S.C. 364 through 364f, reinstate the name "Mount McKinley." The Secretary shall subsequently update the Geographic Names Information System (GNIS) to reflect the renaming and reinstatement of

Mount McKinley. The national park area surrounding Mount McKinley shall retain the name Denali National Park and Preserve.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior shall work with Alaska Native entities and state and local organizations to adopt names for landmarks to honor the history and culture of the Alaskan people.

**Sec. 4. Gulf of America.** (a) The area formerly known as the Gulf of Mexico has long been an integral asset to our once burgeoning Nation and has remained an indelible part of America. The Gulf was a crucial artery for America's early trade and global commerce. It is the largest gulf in the world, and the United States coastline along this remarkable body of water spans over 1,700 miles and contains nearly 160 million acres. Its natural resources and wildlife remain central to America's economy today. The bountiful geology of this basin has made it one of the most prodigious oil and gas regions in the world, providing roughly 14% of our Nation's crude-oil production and an abundance of natural gas, and consistently driving new and innovative technologies that have allowed us to tap into some of the deepest and richest oil reservoirs in the world. The Gulf is also home to vibrant American fisheries teeming with snapper, shrimp, grouper, stone crab, and other species, and it is recognized as one of the most productive fisheries in the world, with the second largest volume of commercial fishing landings by region in the Nation, contributing millions of dollars to local American economies. The Gulf is also a favorite destination for American tourism and recreation activities. Further, the Gulf is a vital region for the multi-billion-dollar U.S. maritime industry, providing some of the largest and most impressive ports in the world. The Gulf will continue to play a pivotal role in shaping America's future and the global economy, and in recognition of this flourishing economic resource and its critical importance to our Nation's economy and its people, I am directing that it officially be renamed the Gulf of America.

(b) As such, within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior shall, consistent with 43 U.S.C. 364 through 364f, take all appropriate actions to rename as the "Gulf of America" the U.S. Continental Shelf area bounded on the northeast, north, and northwest by the States of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida and extending to the seaward boundary with Mexico and Cuba in the area formerly named as the Gulf of Mexico. The Secretary shall subsequently update the GNIS to reflect the renaming of the Gulf and remove all references to the Gulf of Mexico from the GNIS, consistent with applicable law. The Board shall provide guidance to ensure all federal references to the Gulf of America, including on agency maps, contracts, and other documents and communications shall reflect its renaming.

**Sec. 5. Additional Action.** The Secretary of Interior may solicit public and intergovernmental input regarding additional patriots to honor, particularly in light of America's semiquincentennial celebration, and shall recommend action to me, through the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy.

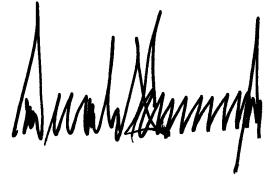
**Sec. 6. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

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THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02096

Filed 1-30-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14171 of January 20, 2025**

## **Restoring Accountability to Policy-Influencing Positions Within the Federal Workforce**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including sections 3301, 3302, and 7511 of title 5, United States Code, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Article II of the United States Constitution vests the President with the sole and exclusive authority over the executive branch, including the authority to manage the Federal workforce to ensure effective execution of Federal law. A critical aspect of this executive function is the responsibility to maintain professionalism and accountability within the civil service. This accountability is sorely lacking today. Only 41 percent of civil service supervisors are confident that they can remove an employee who engaged in insubordination or serious misconduct. Even fewer supervisors—26 percent—are confident that they can remove an employee for poor performance.

Accountability is essential for all Federal employees, but it is especially important for those who are in policy-influencing positions. These personnel are entrusted to shape and implement actions that have a significant impact on all Americans. Any power they have is delegated by the President, and they must be accountable to the President, who is the only member of the executive branch, other than the Vice President, elected and directly accountable to the American people. In recent years, however, there have been numerous and well-documented cases of career Federal employees resisting and undermining the policies and directives of their executive leadership. Principles of good administration, therefore, necessitate action to restore accountability to the career civil service, beginning with positions of a confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character.

**Sec. 2. Reinstatement of Prior Administration Policy.** Executive Order 13957 of October 21, 2020 (Creating Schedule F in the Excepted Service), is hereby immediately reinstated with full force and effect, subject to the amendments described in section 3 of this order; provided that the date of this order shall be treated as the date of Executive Order 13957.

**Sec. 3. Amendments to Prior Administration Policy.** Executive Order 13957 is amended as follows:

(a) replace the letter “F” throughout, when used to designate an excepted service schedule, with the words “Policy/Career”;

(b) in section 1:

(i) remove the text between the words “make necessary” in the seventh paragraph and “excepting such positions” in the eighth paragraph; and

(ii) insert the text “competitive service and the” immediately before the words “adverse action procedures” in the eighth paragraph;

(c) in section 4(a)(i), replace the word “Positions” with the words “Career positions” in the final paragraph;

(d) in section 4(b)(i), add the text “providing for the application of Civil Service Rule 6.3(a) to Schedule Policy/Career positions and” after the words “as appropriate”;

(e) in section 5:

- (i) insert the words “recommend that the President” immediately after the words “petition the Director to” in subsection (a)(i);
  - (ii) insert the following text at the end of subsection (c):
    - “(vi) directly or indirectly supervising employees in Schedule Policy/Career positions; or
    - (vii) duties that the Director otherwise indicates may be appropriate for inclusion in Schedule Policy/Career.”; and
  - (iii) amend subsection (d) to read “The Director shall promptly recommend to the President which positions should be placed in Schedule Policy/Career.”;
- (f) in section 6:
- (i) designate the existing text as new subsection “(a)”;
  - (ii) insert a new subsection (b) that reads:
    - “(b) Employees in or applicants for Schedule Policy/Career positions are not required to personally or politically support the current President or the policies of the current administration. They are required to faithfully implement administration policies to the best of their ability, consistent with their constitutional oath and the vesting of executive authority solely in the President. Failure to do so is grounds for dismissal.”

**Sec. 4. Conforming Regulatory Changes.** The Director of the Office of Personnel Management (Director) shall promptly amend the Civil Service Regulations to rescind all changes made by the final rule of April 9, 2024, “Upholding Civil Service Protections and Merit System Principles,” 89 Fed. Reg. 24982, that impede the purposes of or would otherwise affect the implementation of Executive Order 13957. Until such rescissions are effectuated (including the resolution of any judicial review), 5 CFR part 302, subpart F, 5 CFR 210.102(b)(3), and 5 CFR 210.102(b)(4) shall be held inoperative and without effect.

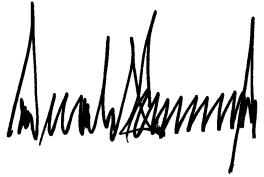
**Sec. 5. Additional Positions for Consideration.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Director shall, after consultation with the Executive Office of the President, issue guidance about additional categories of positions that executive departments and agencies should consider recommending for Schedule Policy/Career.

**Sec. 6. Revocation.** Executive Order 14003 of January 22, 2021 (Protecting the Federal Workforce), is hereby revoked, and any rules, regulations, guidance, or other agency policies effectuated under Executive Order 14003 shall not be enforced. The heads of each executive department and agency shall review and identify existing agency actions relating to or arising under section 3(e)(v) and 3(f) of Executive Order 14003 (relating to suspending, revising, or rescinding revisions to discipline and unacceptable performance policies) and, as soon as practicable, suspend, revise, or rescind such actions identified in the review.

**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02095  
Filed 1-30-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14170 of January 20, 2025

### Reforming the Federal Hiring Process and Restoring Merit to Government Service

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including sections 3301, 3302, and 7511 of title 5, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy.** American citizens deserve an excellent and efficient Federal workforce that attracts the highest caliber of civil servants committed to achieving the freedom, prosperity, and democratic rule that our Constitution promotes. But current Federal hiring practices are broken, insular, and outdated. They no longer focus on merit, practical skill, and dedication to our Constitution. Federal hiring should not be based on impermissible factors, such as one's commitment to illegal racial discrimination under the guise of "equity," or one's commitment to the invented concept of "gender identity" over sex. Inserting such factors into the hiring process subverts the will of the People, puts critical government functions at risk, and risks losing the best-qualified candidates.

By making our recruitment and hiring processes more efficient and focused on serving the Nation, we will ensure that the Federal workforce is prepared to help achieve American greatness, and attracts the talent necessary to serve our citizens effectively. By significantly improving hiring principles and practices, Americans will receive the Federal resources and services they deserve from the highest-skilled Federal workforce in the world.

**Sec. 2. Federal Hiring Plan.** (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, and the Administrator of the Department of Government Efficiency (DOGE), shall develop and send to agency heads a Federal Hiring Plan that brings to the Federal workforce only highly skilled Americans dedicated to the furtherance of American ideals, values, and interests.

(b) This Federal Hiring Plan shall:

(i) prioritize recruitment of individuals committed to improving the efficiency of the Federal government, passionate about the ideals of our American republic, and committed to upholding the rule of law and the United States Constitution;

(ii) prevent the hiring of individuals based on their race, sex, or religion, and prevent the hiring of individuals who are unwilling to defend the Constitution or to faithfully serve the Executive Branch;

(iii) implement, to the greatest extent possible, technical and alternative assessments as required by the Chance to Compete Act of 2024;

(iv) decrease government-wide time-to-hire to under 80 days;

(v) improve communication with candidates to provide greater clarity regarding application status, timelines, and feedback, including regular updates on the progress of applications and explanations of hiring decisions where appropriate;

(vi) integrate modern technology to support the recruitment and selection process, including the use of data analytics to identify trends, gaps, and

opportunities in hiring, as well as leveraging digital platforms to improve candidate engagement; and

(vii) ensure Department and Agency leadership, or their designees, are active participants in implementing the new processes and throughout the full hiring process.

(c) This Federal Hiring Plan shall include specific agency plans to improve the allocation of Senior Executive Service positions in the Cabinet agencies, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Office of Management and Budget, the Small Business Administration, the Social Security Administration, the National Science Foundation, the Office of Personnel Management, and the General Services Administration, to best facilitate democratic leadership, as required by law, within each agency.

(d) The Federal Hiring Plan shall provide specific best practices for the human resources function in each agency, which each agency head shall implement, with advice and recommendations as appropriate from DOGE.

**Sec. 3. Accountability and Reporting.** (a) The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall establish clear performance metrics to evaluate the success of these reforms, and request agency analysis on a regular basis.

(b) The Office of Personnel Management shall consult with Federal agencies, labor organizations, and other stakeholders to monitor progress and ensure that the reforms are meeting the needs of both candidates and agencies.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

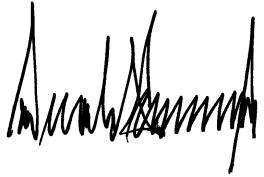
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department, agency, or the head thereof;

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals; or

(iii) the functions of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or the Federal Open Market Committee relating to its conduct of monetary policy.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02094  
Filed 1-29-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14169 of January 20, 2025

### Reevaluating and Realigning United States Foreign Aid

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States foreign aid industry and bureaucracy are not aligned with American interests and in many cases antithetical to American values. They serve to destabilize world peace by promoting ideas in foreign countries that are directly inverse to harmonious and stable relations internal to and among countries.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of United States that no further United States foreign assistance shall be disbursed in a manner that is not fully aligned with the foreign policy of the President of the United States.

**Sec. 3.** (a) *90-day pause in United States foreign development assistance for assessment of programmatic efficiencies and consistency with United States foreign policy.* All department and agency heads with responsibility for United States foreign development assistance programs shall immediately pause new obligations and disbursements of development assistance funds to foreign countries and implementing non-governmental organizations, international organizations, and contractors pending reviews of such programs for programmatic efficiency and consistency with United States foreign policy, to be conducted within 90 days of this order. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) shall enforce this pause through its apportionment authority.

(b) *Reviews of United States foreign assistance programs.* Reviews of each foreign assistance program shall be ordered by the responsible department and agency heads under guidelines provided by the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Director of OMB.

(c) *Determinations.* The responsible department and agency heads, in consultation with the Director of OMB, will make determinations within 90 days of this order on whether to continue, modify, or cease each foreign assistance program based upon the review recommendations, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State.

(d) *Resumption of paused development assistance funding.* New obligations and disbursements of foreign development assistance funds may resume for a program prior to the end of the 90-day period if a review is conducted, and the Secretary of State or his designee, in consultation with the Director of OMB, decide to continue the program in the same or modified form. Additionally, any other new foreign assistance programs and obligations must be approved by the Secretary of State or his designee, in consultation with the Director of OMB.

(e) *Waiver.* The Secretary of State may waive the pause in Section 3(a) for specific programs.

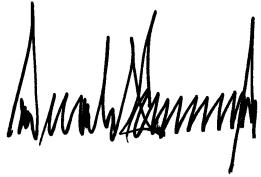
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02091  
Filed 1-29-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14168 of January 20, 2025

### Defending Women From Gender Ideology Extremism and Restoring Biological Truth to the Federal Government

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including section 7301 of title 5, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Across the country, ideologues who deny the biological reality of sex have increasingly used legal and other socially coercive means to permit men to self-identify as women and gain access to intimate single-sex spaces and activities designed for women, from women's domestic abuse shelters to women's workplace showers. This is wrong. Efforts to eradicate the biological reality of sex fundamentally attack women by depriving them of their dignity, safety, and well-being. The erasure of sex in language and policy has a corrosive impact not just on women but on the validity of the entire American system. Basing Federal policy on truth is critical to scientific inquiry, public safety, morale, and trust in government itself.

This unhealthy road is paved by an ongoing and purposeful attack against the ordinary and longstanding use and understanding of biological and scientific terms, replacing the immutable biological reality of sex with an internal, fluid, and subjective sense of self unmoored from biological facts. Invalidating the true and biological category of "woman" improperly transforms laws and policies designed to protect sex-based opportunities into laws and policies that undermine them, replacing longstanding, cherished legal rights and values with an identity-based, inchoate social concept.

Accordingly, my Administration will defend women's rights and protect freedom of conscience by using clear and accurate language and policies that recognize women are biologically female, and men are biologically male.

**Sec. 2. Policy and Definitions.** It is the policy of the United States to recognize two sexes, male and female. These sexes are not changeable and are grounded in fundamental and incontrovertible reality. Under my direction, the Executive Branch will enforce all sex-protective laws to promote this reality, and the following definitions shall govern all Executive interpretation of and application of Federal law and administration policy:

(a) "Sex" shall refer to an individual's immutable biological classification as either male or female. "Sex" is not a synonym for and does not include the concept of "gender identity."

(b) "Women" or "woman" and "girls" or "girl" shall mean adult and juvenile human females, respectively.

(c) "Men" or "man" and "boys" or "boy" shall mean adult and juvenile human males, respectively.

(d) "Female" means a person belonging, at conception, to the sex that produces the large reproductive cell.

(e) "Male" means a person belonging, at conception, to the sex that produces the small reproductive cell.

(f) "Gender ideology" replaces the biological category of sex with an ever-shifting concept of self-assessed gender identity, permitting the false claim that males can identify as and thus become women and vice versa, and requiring all institutions of society to regard this false claim as true.

Gender ideology includes the idea that there is a vast spectrum of genders that are disconnected from one's sex. Gender ideology is internally inconsistent, in that it diminishes sex as an identifiable or useful category but nevertheless maintains that it is possible for a person to be born in the wrong sexed body.

(g) "Gender identity" reflects a fully internal and subjective sense of self, disconnected from biological reality and sex and existing on an infinite continuum, that does not provide a meaningful basis for identification and cannot be recognized as a replacement for sex.

**Sec. 3. Recognizing Women Are Biologically Distinct From Men.** (a) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall provide to the U.S. Government, external partners, and the public clear guidance expanding on the sex-based definitions set forth in this order.

(b) Each agency and all Federal employees shall enforce laws governing sex-based rights, protections, opportunities, and accommodations to protect men and women as biologically distinct sexes. Each agency should therefore give the terms "sex", "male", "female", "men", "women", "boys" and "girls" the meanings set forth in section 2 of this order when interpreting or applying statutes, regulations, or guidance and in all other official agency business, documents, and communications.

(c) When administering or enforcing sex-based distinctions, every agency and all Federal employees acting in an official capacity on behalf of their agency shall use the term "sex" and not "gender" in all applicable Federal policies and documents.

(d) The Secretaries of State and Homeland Security, and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, shall implement changes to require that government-issued identification documents, including passports, visas, and Global Entry cards, accurately reflect the holder's sex, as defined under section 2 of this order; and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall ensure that applicable personnel records accurately report Federal employees' sex, as defined by section 2 of this order.

(e) Agencies shall remove all statements, policies, regulations, forms, communications, or other internal and external messages that promote or otherwise inculcate gender ideology, and shall cease issuing such statements, policies, regulations, forms, communications or other messages. Agency forms that require an individual's sex shall list male or female, and shall not request gender identity. Agencies shall take all necessary steps, as permitted by law, to end the Federal funding of gender ideology.

(f) The prior Administration argued that the Supreme Court's decision in *Bostock v. Clayton County* (2020), which addressed Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, requires gender identity-based access to single-sex spaces under, for example, Title IX of the Educational Amendments Act. This position is legally untenable and has harmed women. The Attorney General shall therefore immediately issue guidance to agencies to correct the misapplication of the Supreme Court's decision in *Bostock v. Clayton County* (2020) to sex-based distinctions in agency activities. In addition, the Attorney General shall issue guidance and assist agencies in protecting sex-based distinctions, which are explicitly permitted under Constitutional and statutory precedent.

(g) Federal funds shall not be used to promote gender ideology. Each agency shall assess grant conditions and grantee preferences and ensure grant funds do not promote gender ideology.

**Sec. 4. Privacy in Intimate Spaces.** (a) The Attorney General and Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that males are not detained in women's prisons or housed in women's detention centers, including through amendment, as necessary, of Part 115.41 of title 28, Code of Federal Regulations and interpretation guidance regarding the Americans with Disabilities Act.

(b) The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall prepare and submit for notice and comment rulemaking a policy to rescind the final rule entitled “Equal Access in Accordance with an Individual’s Gender Identity in Community Planning and Development Programs” of September 21, 2016, 81 FR 64763, and shall submit for public comment a policy protecting women seeking single-sex rape shelters.

(c) The Attorney General shall ensure that the Bureau of Prisons revises its policies concerning medical care to be consistent with this order, and shall ensure that no Federal funds are expended for any medical procedure, treatment, or drug for the purpose of conforming an inmate’s appearance to that of the opposite sex.

(d) Agencies shall effectuate this policy by taking appropriate action to ensure that intimate spaces designated for women, girls, or females (or for men, boys, or males) are designated by sex and not identity.

**Sec. 5. Protecting Rights.** The Attorney General shall issue guidance to ensure the freedom to express the binary nature of sex and the right to single-sex spaces in workplaces and federally funded entities covered by the Civil Rights Act of 1964. In accordance with that guidance, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Labor, the General Counsel and Chair of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, and each other agency head with enforcement responsibilities under the Civil Rights Act shall prioritize investigations and litigation to enforce the rights and freedoms identified.

**Sec. 6. Bill Text.** Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Assistant to the President for Legislative Affairs shall present to the President proposed bill text to codify the definitions in this order.

**Sec. 7. Agency Implementation and Reporting.** (a) Within 120 days of the date of this order, each agency head shall submit an update on implementation of this order to the President, through the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. That update shall address:

(i) changes to agency documents, including regulations, guidance, forms, and communications, made to comply with this order; and

(ii) agency-imposed requirements on federally funded entities, including contractors, to achieve the policy of this order.

(b) The requirements of this order supersede conflicting provisions in any previous Executive Orders or Presidential Memoranda, including but not limited to Executive Orders 13988 of January 20, 2021, 14004 of January 25, 2021, 14020 and 14021 of March 8, 2021, and 14075 of June 15, 2022. These Executive Orders are hereby rescinded, and the White House Gender Policy Council established by Executive Order 14020 is dissolved.

(c) Each agency head shall promptly rescind all guidance documents inconsistent with the requirements of this order or the Attorney General’s guidance issued pursuant to this order, or rescind such parts of such documents that are inconsistent in such manner. Such documents include, but are not limited to:

(i) “The White House Toolkit on Transgender Equality”;

(ii) the Department of Education’s guidance documents including:

(A) “2024 Title IX Regulations: Pointers for Implementation” (July 2024);

(B) “U.S. Department of Education Toolkit: Creating Inclusive and Non-discriminatory School Environments for LGBTQI+ Students”;

(C) “U.S. Department of Education Supporting LGBTQI+ Youth and Families in School” (June 21, 2023);

(D) “Departamento de Educación de EE.UU. Apoyar a los jóvenes y familias LGBTQI+ en la escuela” (June 21, 2023);

(E) “Supporting Intersex Students: A Resource for Students, Families, and Educators” (October 2021);

(F) “Supporting Transgender Youth in School” (June 2021);

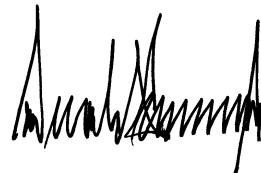
- (G) “Letter to Educators on Title IX’s 49th Anniversary” (June 23, 2021);
  - (H) “Confronting Anti-LGBTQI+ Harassment in Schools: A Resource for Students and Families” (June 2021);
  - (I) “Enforcement of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 With Respect to Discrimination Based on Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity in Light of *Bostock v. Clayton County*” (June 22, 2021);
  - (J) “Education in a Pandemic: The Disparate Impacts of COVID–19 on America’s Students” (June 9, 2021); and
  - (K) “Back-to-School Message for Transgender Students from the U.S. Depts of Justice, Education, and HHS” (Aug. 17, 2021);
- (iii) the Attorney General’s Memorandum of March 26, 2021 entitled “Application of *Bostock v. Clayton County* to Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972”; and
  - (iv) the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission’s “Enforcement Guidance on Harassment in the Workplace” (April 29, 2024).

**Sec. 8. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

(d) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 20, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14167 of January 20, 2025

### Clarifying the Military's Role in Protecting the Territorial Integrity of the United States

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** (a) As Chief Executive and as Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces of the United States, I have no more solemn responsibility than protecting the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the United States along our national borders. The protection of a nation's territorial integrity and national boundaries is paramount for its security.

(b) The Armed Forces of the United States have played a long and well-established role in securing our borders against threats of invasion, against unlawful forays by foreign nationals into the United States, and against other transnational criminal activities that violate our laws and threaten the peace, harmony, and tranquility of the Nation. These threats have taken a variety of forms over our Nation's history, but the Armed Forces have consistently played an integral role in protecting the sovereignty of the United States.

(c) Threats against our Nation's sovereignty continue today, and it is essential that the Armed Forces staunchly continue to participate in the defense of our territorial integrity and sovereignty. A National Emergency currently exists along the southern border of the United States. Unchecked unlawful mass migration and the unimpeded flow of opiates across our borders continue to endanger the safety and security of the American people and encourage further lawlessness. Accordingly, through this order, I am acting in accordance with my solemn duty to protect and defend the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the United States along our national borders.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure that the Armed Forces of the United States prioritize the protection of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the United States along our national borders.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** The Secretary of Defense shall:

(a) No later than 10 days from the effective date of this order, deliver to the President a revision to the Unified Command Plan that assigns United States Northern Command (USNORTHCOM) the mission to seal the borders and maintain the sovereignty, territorial integrity, and security of the United States by repelling forms of invasion including unlawful mass migration, narcotics trafficking, human smuggling and trafficking, and other criminal activities.

(b) On the effective date of this order, add the following requirements to the Contingency Planning Guidance and Guidance for the Employment of the Force:

(i) A Level 3 planning requirement for USNORTHCOM to seal the borders and maintain the sovereignty, territorial integrity, and security of the United States by repelling forms of invasion, including unlawful mass migration, narcotics trafficking, human smuggling and trafficking, and other criminal activities, with a commander's estimate due to the Secretary of Defense within 30 days of the effective date of this order.

(ii) A campaign planning requirement for USNORTHCOM to provide steady-state southern border security, seal the border, and maintain the

sovereignty, territorial integrity, and security of the United States by repelling forms of invasion, including unlawful mass migration, narcotics trafficking, human smuggling and trafficking, and other criminal activities.

(iii) Continuous assessments of all available options to protect the sovereign territory of the United States from mass unlawful entry and impairment on our national sovereignty and security by foreign nations and transnational criminal organizations.

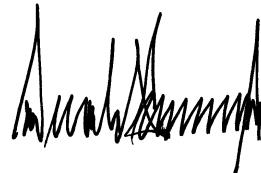
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14165 of January 20, 2025

#### Securing Our Borders

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), 8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*, and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Over the last 4 years, the United States has endured a large-scale invasion at an unprecedented level. Millions of illegal aliens from nations and regions all around the world successfully entered the United States where they are now residing, including potential terrorists, foreign spies, members of cartels, gangs, and violent transnational criminal organizations, and other hostile actors with malicious intent.

Deadly narcotics and other illicit materials have flowed across the border while agents and officers spend their limited resources processing illegal aliens for release into the United States. These catch-and-release policies undermine the rule of law and our sovereignty, create substantial risks to public safety and security, and divert critical resources away from stopping the entry of contraband and fugitives into the United States.

We have limited information on the precise whereabouts of a great number of these illegal aliens who have entered the United States over the last 4 years.

This cannot stand. A nation without borders is not a nation, and the Federal Government must act with urgency and strength to end the threats posed by an unsecured border.

One of my most important obligations is to protect the American people from the disastrous effects of unlawful mass migration and resettlement.

My Administration will marshal all available resources and authorities to stop this unprecedented flood of illegal aliens into the United States.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to take all appropriate action to secure the borders of our Nation through the following means:

- (a) Establishing a physical wall and other barriers monitored and supported by adequate personnel and technology;
- (b) Deterring and preventing the entry of illegal aliens into the United States;
- (c) Detaining, to the maximum extent authorized by law, aliens apprehended on suspicion of violating Federal or State law, until such time as they are removed from the United States;
- (d) Removing promptly all aliens who enter or remain in violation of Federal law;
- (e) Pursuing criminal charges against illegal aliens who violate the immigration laws, and against those who facilitate their unlawful presence in the United States;
- (f) Cooperating fully with State and local law enforcement officials in enacting Federal-State partnerships to enforce Federal immigration priorities; and
- (g) Obtaining complete operational control of the borders of the United States.

**Sec. 3. Physical Barriers.** The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to deploy and construct temporary and permanent physical barriers to ensure complete operational control of the southern border of the United States.

**Sec. 4. Deployment of Personnel.** (a) The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate and lawful action to deploy sufficient personnel along the southern border of the United States to ensure complete operational control; and

(b) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to supplement available personnel to secure the southern border and enforce the immigration laws of the United States through the use of sections 1103(a)(2) and (4)–(6) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1103(a)(2) and (4)–(6)).

**Sec. 5. Detention.** The Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate actions to detain, to the fullest extent permitted by law, aliens apprehended for violations of immigration law until their successful removal from the United States. The Secretary shall, consistent with applicable law, issue new policy guidance or propose regulations regarding the appropriate and consistent use of lawful detention authority under the INA, including the termination of the practice commonly known as “catch-and-release,” whereby illegal aliens are routinely released into the United States shortly after their apprehension for violations of immigration law.

**Sec. 6. Resumption of Migrant Protection Protocols.** As soon as practicable, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, shall take all appropriate action to resume the Migrant Protection Protocols in all sectors along the southern border of the United States and ensure that, pending removal proceedings, aliens described in section 235(b)(2)(C) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1225(b)(2)(C)) are returned to the territory from which they came.

**Sec. 7. Adjusting Parole Policies.** The Secretary of Homeland Security shall, consistent with applicable law, take all appropriate action to:

(a) Cease using the “CBP One” application as a method of paroling or facilitating the entry of otherwise inadmissible aliens into the United States;

(b) Terminate all categorical parole programs that are contrary to the policies of the United States established in my Executive Orders, including the program known as the “Processes for Cubans, Haitians, Nicaraguans, and Venezuelans.”

(c) Align all policies and operations at the southern border of the United States to be consistent with the policy of Section 2 of this order and ensure that all future parole determinations fully comply with this order and with applicable law.

**Sec. 8. Additional International Cooperation.** The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall take all appropriate action to facilitate additional international cooperation and agreements, consistent with the policy of Section 2, including entering into agreements based upon the provisions of section 208(a)(2)(A) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1158(a)(2)(A)) or any other applicable provision of law.

**Sec. 9. DNA and Identification Requirements.** (a) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to fulfill the requirements of the DNA Fingerprint Act of 2005, title X of Public Law 109–162, for all aliens detained under the authority of the United States; and

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to use any available technologies and procedures to determine the validity of any claimed familial relationship between aliens encountered or apprehended by the Department of Homeland Security.

**Sec. 10. Prosecution of Offenses.** The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to prioritize the

prosecution of offenses that relate to the borders of the United States, including the investigation and prosecution of offenses that involve human smuggling, human trafficking, child trafficking, and sex trafficking in the United States.

**Sec. 11. Additional Measures.** Within 14 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall provide recommendations to the President regarding the use of any other authority to protect the United States from foreign threats and secure the southern border.

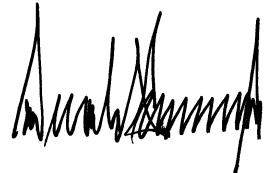
**Sec. 12. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 20, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14164 of January 20, 2025

### Restoring the Death Penalty and Protecting Public Safety

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Capital punishment is an essential tool for deterring and punishing those who would commit the most heinous crimes and acts of lethal violence against American citizens. Before, during, and after the founding of the United States, our cities, States, and country have continuously relied upon capital punishment as the ultimate deterrent and only proper punishment for the vilest crimes. Our Founders knew well that only capital punishment can bring justice and restore order in response to such evil. For this and other reasons, capital punishment continues to enjoy broad popular support.

Yet for too long, politicians and judges who oppose capital punishment have defied and subverted the laws of our country. At every turn, they seek to thwart the execution of lawfully imposed capital sentences and choose to enforce their personal beliefs rather than the law. When President Biden took office in 2021, he allowed his Department of Justice to issue a moratorium on Federal executions, in defiance of his duty to faithfully execute the laws of the United States that provide for capital punishment. And on December 23, 2024, President Biden commuted the sentences of 37 of the 40 most vile and sadistic rapists, child molesters, and murderers on Federal death row: remorseless criminals who brutalized young children, strangled and drowned their victims, and hunted strangers for sport. He commuted their sentences even though the laws of our Nation have always protected victims by applying capital punishment to barbaric acts like theirs. Judges who oppose capital punishment have likewise disregarded the law by falsely claiming that capital punishment is unconstitutional, even though the Constitution explicitly acknowledges the legality of capital punishment.

These efforts to subvert and undermine capital punishment defy the laws of our nation, make a mockery of justice, and insult the victims of these horrible crimes. The Government's most solemn responsibility is to protect its citizens from abhorrent acts, and my Administration will not tolerate efforts to stymie and eviscerate the laws that authorize capital punishment against those who commit horrible acts of violence against American citizens.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure that the laws that authorize capital punishment are respected and faithfully implemented, and to counteract the politicians and judges who subvert the law by obstructing and preventing the execution of capital sentences.

**Sec. 3. Federal Capital Punishment.** (a) The Attorney General shall pursue the death penalty for all crimes of a severity demanding its use.

(b) In addition to pursuing the death penalty where possible, the Attorney General shall, where consistent with applicable law, pursue Federal jurisdiction and seek the death penalty regardless of other factors for every federal capital crime involving:

(i) The murder of a law-enforcement officer; or

(ii) A capital crime committed by an alien illegally present in this country.

The Attorney General shall encourage State attorneys general and district attorneys to bring State capital charges for all capital crimes with special

attention to the crimes described in Subsections (i) and (ii), regardless of whether the federal trial results in a capital sentence.

(d) The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to modify the Justice Manual based on the policy and purpose set forth in this Executive Order.

(e) The Attorney General shall evaluate the places of imprisonment and conditions of confinement for each of the 37 murderers whose Federal death sentences were commuted by President Biden, and the Attorney General shall take all lawful and appropriate action to ensure that these offenders are imprisoned in conditions consistent with the monstrosity of their crimes and the threats they pose. The Attorney General shall further evaluate whether these offenders can be charged with State capital crimes and shall recommend appropriate action to state and local authorities.

**Sec. 4. Preserving Capital Punishment in the States.** (a) The Attorney General shall take all necessary and lawful action to ensure that each state that allows capital punishment has a sufficient supply of drugs needed to carry out lethal injection.

(b) The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to approve or deny any pending request for certification made by any State under 28 U.S.C. 2265.

**Sec. 5. Seeking The Overruling of Supreme Court Precedents That Hinder Capital Punishment.** The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to seek the overruling of Supreme Court precedents that limit the authority of State and Federal governments to impose capital punishment.

**Sec. 6. Prosecuting Crime to Protect Communities.** (a) The Attorney General shall appropriately prioritize public safety and the prosecution of violent crime, and take all appropriate action necessary to dismantle transnational criminal activity in the United States.

(b) To ensure the fullest protection of American communities from violence, the Attorney General shall encourage state attorneys general and district attorneys to adopt policies and practices aligned with subsection (a). Federal law enforcement should coordinate with State and local law enforcement where possible to facilitate these objectives.

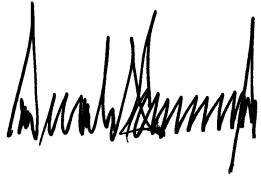
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02012

Filed 1-29-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14163 of January 20, 2025

### Realigning the United States Refugee Admissions Program

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), 8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*, and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Over the last 4 years, the United States has been inundated with record levels of migration, including through the U.S. Refugee Admissions Program (USRAP). Cities and small towns alike, from Charleroi, Pennsylvania, and Springfield, Ohio, to Whitewater, Wisconsin, have seen significant influxes of migrants. Even major urban centers such as New York City, Chicago, and Denver have sought Federal aid to manage the burden of new arrivals. Some jurisdictions, like New York and Massachusetts, have even recently declared states of emergency because of increased migration.

The United States lacks the ability to absorb large numbers of migrants, and in particular, refugees, into its communities in a manner that does not compromise the availability of resources for Americans, that protects their safety and security, and that ensures the appropriate assimilation of refugees. This order suspends the USRAP until such time as the further entry into the United States of refugees aligns with the interests of the United States.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure that public safety and national security are paramount considerations in the administration of the USRAP, and to admit only those refugees who can fully and appropriately assimilate into the United States and to ensure that the United States preserves taxpayer resources for its citizens. It is also the policy of the United States that, to the extent permitted by law and as practicable, State and local jurisdictions be granted a role in the process of determining the placement or settlement in their jurisdictions of aliens eligible to be admitted to the United States as refugees.

**Sec. 3. Realignment of the U.S. Refugee Admissions Program.** (a) I hereby proclaim, pursuant to sections 212(f) and 215(a) of the INA, 8 U.S.C. 1182(f) and 1185(a), that entry into the United States of refugees under the USRAP would be detrimental to the interests of the United States. I therefore direct that entry into the United States of refugees under the USRAP be suspended—subject to the exceptions set forth in subsection (c) of this section—until a finding is made in accordance with section 4 of this order. This suspension shall take effect at 12:01 a.m. eastern standard time on January 27, 2025.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall suspend decisions on applications for refugee status, until a finding is made in accordance with section 4 of this order.

(c) Notwithstanding the suspension of the USRAP imposed pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security may jointly determine to admit aliens to the United States as refugees on a case-by-case basis, in their discretion, but only so long as they determine that the entry of such aliens as refugees is in the national interest and does not pose a threat to the security or welfare of the United States.

(d) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall examine existing law to determine the extent to which, consistent with applicable law, State and local jurisdictions may have greater involvement in the process of determining the placement or resettlement of refugees in their jurisdictions, and shall devise a proposal to lawfully promote such involvement. In all cases, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall ensure that the State and local consultation requirements in 8 U.S.C. 1522(a)(2) are carried out with respect to all refugees admitted to the United States.

**Sec. 4. Resumption of the U.S. Refugee Admissions Program.** Within 90 days of this order, the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit a report to the President through the Homeland Security Advisor regarding whether resumption of entry of refugees into the United States under the USRAP would be in the interests of the United States, in light of the policies outlined in section 2 of this order. The Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit further reports every 90 days thereafter until I determine that resumption of the USRAP is in the interests of the United States.

**Sec. 5. Revocation.** Executive Order 14013 of February 4, 2021 (Rebuilding and Enhancing Programs To Resettle Refugees and Planning for the Impact of Climate Change on Migration), is hereby revoked.

**Sec. 6. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its other provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

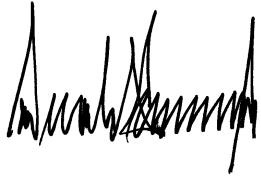
**Sec. 7. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02011

Filed 1-29-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14162 of January 20, 2025

#### Putting America First in International Environmental Agreements

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States must grow its economy and maintain jobs for its citizens while playing a leadership role in global efforts to protect the environment. Over decades, with the help of sensible policies that do not encumber private-sector activity, the United States has simultaneously grown its economy, raised worker wages, increased energy production, reduced air and water pollution, and reduced greenhouse gas emissions. The United States' successful track record of advancing both economic and environmental objectives should be a model for other countries.

In recent years, the United States has purported to join international agreements and initiatives that do not reflect our country's values or our contributions to the pursuit of economic and environmental objectives. Moreover, these agreements steer American taxpayer dollars to countries that do not require, or merit, financial assistance in the interests of the American people.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of my Administration to put the interests of the United States and the American people first in the development and negotiation of any international agreements with the potential to damage or stifle the American economy. These agreements must not unduly or unfairly burden the United States.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** (a) The United States Ambassador to the United Nations shall immediately submit formal written notification of the United States' withdrawal from the Paris Agreement under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. The notice shall be submitted to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, the Depositary of the Agreement, attached as Appendix A. The United States will consider its withdrawal from the Agreement and any attendant obligations to be effective immediately upon this provision of notification.

(b) The United States Ambassador to the United Nations shall immediately submit written formal notification to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, or any relevant party, of the United States' withdrawal from any agreement, pact, accord, or similar commitment made under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

(c) The United States Ambassador to the United Nations, in collaboration with the Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury, shall immediately cease or revoke any purported financial commitment made by the United States under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

(d) Immediately upon completion of the tasks listed in subsections (a), (b), and (c), the United States Ambassador to the United Nations, in collaboration with the Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury shall certify a report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy and Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs that describes in detail any further action required to achieve the policy objectives set forth in section 2 of this order.

(e) The U.S. International Climate Finance Plan is revoked and rescinded immediately. The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall,

within 10 days of this order, issue guidance for the rescission of all frozen funds.

(f) Within 30 days of this order, the Secretary of State, Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of Commerce, Secretary of Health and Human Services, Secretary of Energy, Secretary of Agriculture, Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, Administrator of the U.S. Agency for International Development, Chief Executive Officer of the International Development Finance Corporation, Chief Executive Officer of the Millennium Challenge Corporation, Director of the U.S. Trade and Development Agency, President of the Export-Import Bank, and head of any other relevant department or agency shall submit a report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy and the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs that details their actions to revoke or rescind policies that were implemented to advance the International Climate Finance Plan.

(g) The Secretary of State, Secretary of Commerce, and the head of any department or agency that plans or coordinates international energy agreements shall henceforth prioritize economic efficiency, the promotion of American prosperity, consumer choice, and fiscal restraint in all foreign engagements that concern energy policy.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented in a manner consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or any other persons.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN", is written over a series of vertical, wavy lines that resemble a stylized waveform or a series of tick marks.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 20, 2025.

APPENDIX A

NOTIFICATION OF WITHDRAWAL ON BEHALF OF  
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
NOTIFICATION OF WITHDRAWAL ON BEHALF OF  
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

His Excellency António Guterres  
Secretary-General of the United Nations

I, Donald J. Trump, President of the United States of America, provide notification of withdrawal from the Paris Agreement, done at Paris, France, on December 12, 2015, on behalf of the United States of America, based on the authorities vested in me by the Constitution of the United States.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 20th day of January, 2025.

[FR Doc. 2025-02010  
Filed 1-29-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-C

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14161 of January 20, 2025**

## **Protecting the United States From Foreign Terrorists and Other National Security and Public Safety Threats**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), 8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*, and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Policy and Purpose.** (a) It is the policy of the United States to protect its citizens from aliens who intend to commit terrorist attacks, threaten our national security, espouse hateful ideology, or otherwise exploit the immigration laws for malevolent purposes.

(b) To protect Americans, the United States must be vigilant during the visa-issuance process to ensure that those aliens approved for admission into the United States do not intend to harm Americans or our national interests. More importantly, the United States must identify them before their admission or entry into the United States. And the United States must ensure that admitted aliens and aliens otherwise already present in the United States do not bear hostile attitudes toward its citizens, culture, government, institutions, or founding principles, and do not advocate for, aid, or support designated foreign terrorists and other threats to our national security.

**Sec. 2. Enhanced Vetting and Screening Across Agencies.**

(a) The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence, shall promptly:

(i) identify all resources that may be used to ensure that all aliens seeking admission to the United States, or who are already in the United States, are vetted and screened to the maximum degree possible;

(ii) determine the information needed from any country to adjudicate any visa, admission, or other benefit under the INA for one of its nationals, and to ascertain whether the individual seeking the benefit is who the individual claims to be and that the individual is not a security or public-safety threat;

(iii) re-establish a uniform baseline for screening and vetting standards and procedures, consistent with the uniform baseline that existed on January 19, 2021, that will be used for any alien seeking a visa or immigration benefit of any kind; and

(iv) vet and screen to the maximum degree possible all aliens who intend to be admitted, enter, or are already inside the United States, particularly those aliens coming from regions or nations with identified security risks.

(b) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence shall jointly submit to the President, through the Assistant to the President for Homeland Security, a report:

(i) identifying countries throughout the world for which vetting and screening information is so deficient as to warrant a partial or full suspension on the admission of nationals from those countries pursuant to section 212(f) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1182(f)); and

(ii) identifying how many nationals from those countries have entered or have been admitted into the United States on or since January 20,

2021, and any other information the Secretaries and Attorney General deem relevant to the actions or activities of such nationals since their admission or entry to the United States.

(c) Whenever information is identified that would support the exclusion or removal of any alien described in subsection 2(b), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take immediate steps to exclude or remove that alien unless she determines that doing so would inhibit a significant pending investigation or prosecution of the alien for a serious criminal offense or would be contrary to the national security interests of the United States.

**Sec. 3. Additional Measures to Protect the Nation.** As soon as possible, but no later than 30 days from the date of this order, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence, shall also:

(a) Evaluate and adjust all existing regulations, policies, procedures, and provisions of the Foreign Service Manual, or guidance of any kind pertaining to each of the grounds of inadmissibility listed in sections 212(a)(2)–(3) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)–(3)), to ensure the continued safety and security of the American people and our constitutional republic;

(b) Ensure that sufficient safeguards are in place to prevent any refugee or stateless individual from being admitted to the United States without undergoing stringent identification verification beyond that required of any other alien seeking admission or entry to the United States;

(c) Evaluate all visa programs to ensure that they are not used by foreign nation-states or other hostile actors to harm the security, economic, political, cultural, or other national interests of the United States;

(d) Recommend any actions necessary to protect the American people from the actions of foreign nationals who have undermined or seek to undermine the fundamental constitutional rights of the American people, including, but not limited to, our Citizens' rights to freedom of speech and the free exercise of religion protected by the First Amendment, who preach or call for sectarian violence, the overthrow or replacement of the culture on which our constitutional Republic stands, or who provide aid, advocacy, or support for foreign terrorists;

(e) Ensure the devotion of adequate resources to identify and take appropriate action for offenses described in 8 U.S.C. 1451;

(f) Evaluate the adequacy of programs designed to ensure the proper assimilation of lawful immigrants into the United States, and recommend any additional measures to be taken that promote a unified American identity and attachment to the Constitution, laws, and founding principles of the United States; and

(g) Recommend any additional actions to protect the American people and our constitutional republic from foreign threats.

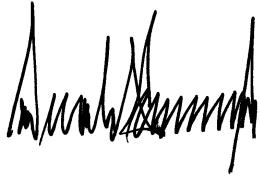
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02009  
Filed 1-29-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14160 of January 20, 2025

### Protecting the Meaning and Value of American Citizenship

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The privilege of United States citizenship is a priceless and profound gift. The Fourteenth Amendment states: “All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside.” That provision rightly repudiated the Supreme Court of the United States’s shameful decision in *Dred Scott v. Sandford*, 60 U.S. (19 How.) 393 (1857), which misinterpreted the Constitution as permanently excluding people of African descent from eligibility for United States citizenship solely based on their race.

But the Fourteenth Amendment has never been interpreted to extend citizenship universally to everyone born within the United States. The Fourteenth Amendment has always excluded from birthright citizenship persons who were born in the United States but not “subject to the jurisdiction thereof.” Consistent with this understanding, the Congress has further specified through legislation that “a person born in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof” is a national and citizen of the United States at birth, 8 U.S.C. 1401, generally mirroring the Fourteenth Amendment’s text.

Among the categories of individuals born in the United States and not subject to the jurisdiction thereof, the privilege of United States citizenship does not automatically extend to persons born in the United States: (1) when that person’s mother was unlawfully present in the United States and the father was not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident at the time of said person’s birth, or (2) when that person’s mother’s presence in the United States at the time of said person’s birth was lawful but temporary (such as, but not limited to, visiting the United States under the auspices of the Visa Waiver Program or visiting on a student, work, or tourist visa) and the father was not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident at the time of said person’s birth.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** (a) It is the policy of the United States that no department or agency of the United States government shall issue documents recognizing United States citizenship, or accept documents issued by State, local, or other governments or authorities purporting to recognize United States citizenship, to persons: (1) when that person’s mother was unlawfully present in the United States and the person’s father was not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident at the time of said person’s birth, or (2) when that person’s mother’s presence in the United States was lawful but temporary, and the person’s father was not a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident at the time of said person’s birth.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall apply only to persons who are born within the United States after 30 days from the date of this order.

(c) Nothing in this order shall be construed to affect the entitlement of other individuals, including children of lawful permanent residents, to obtain documentation of their United States citizenship.

**Sec. 3. Enforcement.** (a) The Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Commissioner of Social Security shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that the regulations and policies

of their respective departments and agencies are consistent with this order, and that no officers, employees, or agents of their respective departments and agencies act, or forbear from acting, in any manner inconsistent with this order.

(b) The heads of all executive departments and agencies shall issue public guidance within 30 days of the date of this order regarding this order's implementation with respect to their operations and activities.

**Sec. 4. Definitions.** As used in this order:

(a) "Mother" means the immediate female biological progenitor.

(b) "Father" means the immediate male biological progenitor.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14159 of January 20, 2025

### Protecting the American People Against Invasion

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) (8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*) and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** Over the last 4 years, the prior administration invited, administered, and oversaw an unprecedented flood of illegal immigration into the United States. Millions of illegal aliens crossed our borders or were permitted to fly directly into the United States on commercial flights and allowed to settle in American communities, in violation of longstanding Federal laws.

Many of these aliens unlawfully within the United States present significant threats to national security and public safety, committing vile and heinous acts against innocent Americans. Others are engaged in hostile activities, including espionage, economic espionage, and preparations for terror-related activities. Many have abused the generosity of the American people, and their presence in the United States has cost taxpayers billions of dollars at the Federal, State, and local levels.

Enforcing our Nation's immigration laws is critically important to the national security and public safety of the United States. The American people deserve a Federal Government that puts their interests first and a Government that understands its sacred obligation to prioritize the safety, security, and financial and economic well-being of Americans.

This order ensures that the Federal Government protects the American people by faithfully executing the immigration laws of the United States.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to faithfully execute the immigration laws against all inadmissible and removable aliens, particularly those aliens who threaten the safety or security of the American people. Further, it is the policy of the United States to achieve the total and efficient enforcement of those laws, including through lawful incentives and detention capabilities.

**Sec. 3. Faithful Execution of the Immigration Laws.** In furtherance of the policies described in section 2 of this order:

(a) Executive Order 13993 of January 20, 2021 (Revision of Civil Immigration Enforcement Policies and Priorities), Executive Order 14010 of February 2, 2021 (Creating a Comprehensive Regional Framework To Address the Causes of Migration, To Manage Migration Throughout North and Central America, and To Provide Safe and Orderly Processing of Asylum Seekers at the United States Border), Executive Order 14011 of February 2, 2021 (Establishment of Interagency Task Force on the Reunification of Families), and Executive Order 14012 of February 2, 2021 (Restoring Faith in Our Legal Immigration Systems and Strengthening Integration and Inclusion Efforts for New Americans) are hereby revoked; and

(b) Executive departments and agencies (agencies) shall take all appropriate action to promptly revoke all memoranda, guidance, or other policies based on the Executive Orders revoked in section 3(a) of this order and shall employ all lawful means to ensure the faithful execution of the immigration laws of the United States against all inadmissible and removable aliens.

**Sec. 4. Civil Enforcement Priorities.** The Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to enable the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, and the Director of U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services to set priorities for their agencies that protect the public safety and national security interests of the American people, including by ensuring the successful enforcement of final orders of removal. Further, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that the primary mission of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement's Homeland Security Investigations division is the enforcement of the provisions of the INA and other Federal laws related to the illegal entry and unlawful presence of aliens in the United States and the enforcement of the purposes of this order.

**Sec. 5. Criminal Enforcement Priorities.** The Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall take all appropriate action to prioritize the prosecution of criminal offenses related to the unauthorized entry or continued unauthorized presence of aliens in the United States.

**Sec. 6. Federal Homeland Security Task Forces.** (a) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to jointly establish Homeland Security Task Forces (HSTFs) in all States nationwide.

(b) The composition of each HSTF shall be subject to the direction of the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security, but shall include representation from any other Federal agencies with law enforcement officers, or agencies with the ability to provide logistics, intelligence, and operational support to the HSTFs, and shall also include representation from relevant State and local law enforcement agencies. The heads of all Federal agencies shall take all appropriate action to provide support to the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security to ensure that the HSTFs fulfill the objectives in subsection (c) of this section, and any other lawful purpose that fulfills the policy objectives of this order.

(c) The objective of each HSTF is to end the presence of criminal cartels, foreign gangs, and transnational criminal organizations throughout the United States, dismantle cross-border human smuggling and trafficking networks, end the scourge of human smuggling and trafficking, with a particular focus on such offenses involving children, and ensure the use of all available law enforcement tools to faithfully execute the immigration laws of the United States.

(d) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to provide an operational command center to coordinate the activities of the HSTFs and provide such support as they may require, and shall also take all appropriate action to provide supervisory direction to their activities as may be required.

**Sec. 7. Identification of Unregistered Illegal Aliens.** The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, shall take all appropriate action to:

(a) Immediately announce and publicize information about the legal obligation of all previously unregistered aliens in the United States to comply with the requirements of part VII of subchapter II of chapter 12 of title 8, United States Code;

(b) Ensure that all previously unregistered aliens in the United States comply with the requirements of part VII of subchapter II of chapter 12 of title 8, United States Code; and

(c) Ensure that failure to comply with the legal obligations of part VII of subchapter II of chapter 12 of title 8, United States Code, is treated as a civil and criminal enforcement priority.

**Sec. 8. Civil Fines and Penalties.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of Treasury, shall take all appropriate action to ensure the assessment and collection of all fines and penalties

that the Secretary of Homeland Security is authorized by law to assess and collect from aliens unlawfully present in the United States, including aliens who unlawfully entered or unlawfully attempted to enter the United States, and from those who facilitate such aliens' presence in the United States.

(b) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report to the President regarding their progress implementing the requirements of this section and recommending any additional actions that may need to be taken to achieve its objectives.

**Sec. 9. Efficient Removals of Recent Entrants and Other Aliens.** The Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action, pursuant to section 235(b)(1)(A)(iii)(I) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1225(b)(1)(A)(iii)(I)), to apply, in her sole and unreviewable discretion, the provisions of section 235(b)(1)(A)(i) and (ii) of the INA to the aliens designated under section 235(b)(1)(A)(iii)(II). Further, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall promptly take appropriate action to use all other provisions of the immigration laws or any other Federal law, including, but not limited to sections 238 and 240(d) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1228 and 1229a(d)), to ensure the efficient and expedited removal of aliens from the United States.

**Sec. 10. Detention Facilities.** The Secretary of Homeland Security shall promptly take all appropriate action and allocate all legally available resources or establish contracts to construct, operate, control, or use facilities to detain removable aliens. The Secretary of Homeland Security, further, shall take all appropriate actions to ensure the detention of aliens apprehended for violations of immigration law pending the outcome of their removal proceedings or their removal from the country, to the extent permitted by law.

**Sec. 11. Federal-State Agreements.** To ensure State and local law enforcement agencies across the United States can assist with the protection of the American people, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, to the maximum extent permitted by law, and with the consent of State or local officials as appropriate, take appropriate action, through agreements under section 287(g) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)) or otherwise, to authorize State and local law enforcement officials, as the Secretary of Homeland Security determines are qualified and appropriate, to perform the functions of immigration officers in relation to the investigation, apprehension, or detention of aliens in the United States under the direction and the supervision of the Secretary of Homeland Security. Such authorization shall be in addition to, rather than in place of, Federal performance of these duties. To the extent permitted by law, the Secretary of Homeland Security may structure each agreement under section 287(g) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)) in the manner that provides the most effective model for enforcing Federal immigration laws in that jurisdiction.

**Sec. 12. Encouraging Voluntary Compliance with the Law.** The Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, and subject to adequate safeguards, assurances, bonds, and any other lawful measure, to adopt policies and procedures to encourage aliens unlawfully in the United States to voluntarily depart as soon as possible, including through enhanced usage of the provisions of section 240B of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1229c), international agreements or assistance, or any other measures that encourage aliens unlawfully in the United States to depart as promptly as possible, including through removals of aliens as provided by section 250 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1260).

**Sec. 13. Recalcitrant Countries.** The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to:

(a) Cooperate and effectively implement, as appropriate, the sanctions provided by section 243(d) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1253(d)), with the Secretary of State, to the maximum extent permitted by law, ensuring that diplomatic

efforts and negotiations with foreign states include the foreign states' acceptance of their nationals who are subject to removal from the United States; and

(b) Eliminate all documentary barriers, dilatory tactics, or other restrictions that prevent the prompt repatriation of aliens to any foreign state. Any failure or delay by a foreign state to verify the identity of a national of that state shall be considered in carrying out subsection (a) this section, and shall also be considered regarding the issuance of any other sanctions that may be available to the United States.

**Sec. 14. Visa Bonds.** The Secretary of Treasury shall take all appropriate action, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security, to establish a system to facilitate the administration of all bonds that the Secretary of State or the Secretary of Homeland Security may lawfully require to administer the provisions of the INA.

**Sec. 15. Reestablishment of the VOICE Office and Addressing Victims of Crimes Committed by Removable Aliens.** The Secretary of Homeland Security shall direct the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) to take all appropriate and lawful action to reestablish within ICE an office to provide proactive, timely, adequate, and professional services to victims of crimes committed by removable aliens, and those victims' family members. The Attorney General shall also ensure that the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 3771 are followed in all Federal prosecutions involving crimes committed by removable aliens.

**Sec. 16. Addressing Actions by the Previous Administration.** The Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall promptly take all appropriate action, consistent with law, to rescind the policy decisions of the previous administration that led to the increased or continued presence of illegal aliens in the United States, and align any and all departmental activities with the policies set out by this order and the immigration laws. Such action should include, but is not limited to:

(a) ensuring that the parole authority under section 212(d)(5) of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)) is exercised on only a case-by-case basis in accordance with the plain language of the statute, and in all circumstances only when an individual alien demonstrates urgent humanitarian reasons or a significant public benefit derived from their particular continued presence in the United States arising from such parole;

(b) ensuring that designations of Temporary Protected Status are consistent with the provisions of section 244 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1254a), and that such designations are appropriately limited in scope and made for only so long as may be necessary to fulfill the textual requirements of that statute; and

(c) ensuring that employment authorization is provided in a manner consistent with section 274A of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1324a), and that employment authorization is not provided to any unauthorized alien in the United States.

**Sec. 17. Sanctuary Jurisdictions.** The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, to the maximum extent possible under law, evaluate and undertake any lawful actions to ensure that so-called "sanctuary" jurisdictions, which seek to interfere with the lawful exercise of Federal law enforcement operations, do not receive access to Federal funds. Further, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall evaluate and undertake any other lawful actions, criminal or civil, that they deem warranted based on any such jurisdiction's practices that interfere with the enforcement of Federal law.

**Sec. 18. Information Sharing.** (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall promptly issue guidance to ensure maximum compliance by Department of Homeland Security personnel with the provisions of 8 U.S.C. 1373 and 8 U.S.C. 1644 and ensure that State and local governments are provided with the information necessary to fulfill law enforcement, citizenship, or immigration status verification requirements authorized by law; and

(b) The Attorney General, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action to stop the trafficking and smuggling of alien children into the United States, including through the sharing of any information necessary to assist in the achievement of that objective.

**Sec. 19. Funding Review.** The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall:

(a) Immediately review and, if appropriate, audit all contracts, grants, or other agreements providing Federal funding to non-governmental organizations supporting or providing services, either directly or indirectly, to removable or illegal aliens, to ensure that such agreements conform to applicable law and are free of waste, fraud, and abuse, and that they do not promote or facilitate violations of our immigration laws;

(b) Pause distribution of all further funds pursuant to such agreements pending the results of the review in subsection (a) of this section;

(c) Terminate all such agreements determined to be in violation of law or to be sources of waste, fraud, or abuse and prohibit any such future agreements;

(d) Coordinate with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to ensure that no funding for agreements described in subsection (c) of this section is included in any appropriations request for the Department of Justice or the Department of Homeland Security; and

(e) Initiate clawback or recoupment procedures, if appropriate, for any agreements described in subsection (c) of this section.

**Sec. 20. Denial of Public Benefits to Illegal Aliens.** The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall take all appropriate action to ensure that all agencies identify and stop the provision of any public benefits to any illegal alien not authorized to receive them under the provisions of the INA or other relevant statutory provisions.

**Sec. 21. Hiring More Agents and Officers.** Subject to available appropriations, the Secretary of Homeland Security, through the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, shall take all appropriate action to significantly increase the number of agents and officers available to perform the duties of immigration officers.

**Sec. 22. Severability.** It is the policy of the United States to enforce this order to the maximum extent possible to advance the interests of the United States. Accordingly:

(a) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its other provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby; and

(b) If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid because of the failure to follow certain procedures, the relevant executive branch officials shall implement those procedural requirements to conform with existing law and with any applicable court orders.

**Sec. 23. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

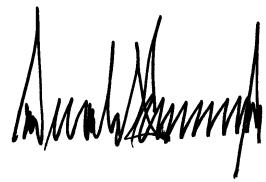
(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02006

Filed 1-28-25; 11:15 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## **Presidential Documents**

### **Executive Order 14158 of January 20, 2025**

### **Establishing and Implementing the President’s “Department of Government Efficiency”**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** This Executive Order establishes the Department of Government Efficiency to implement the President’s DOGE Agenda, by modernizing Federal technology and software to maximize governmental efficiency and productivity.

**Sec. 2. Definitions.** As used in this order:

(a) “Agency” has the meaning given to it in section 551 of title 5, United States Code, except that such term does not include the Executive Office of the President or any components thereof.

(b) “Agency Head” means the highest-ranking official of an agency, such as the Secretary, Administrator, Chairman, or Director, unless otherwise specified in this order.

**Sec. 3. DOGE Structure.** (a) *Reorganization and Renaming of the United States Digital Service.* The United States Digital Service is hereby publicly renamed as the United States DOGE Service (USDS) and shall be established in the Executive Office of the President.

(b) *Establishment of a Temporary Organization.* There shall be a USDS Administrator established in the Executive Office of the President who shall report to the White House Chief of Staff. There is further established within USDS, in accordance with section 3161 of title 5, United States Code, a temporary organization known as “the U.S. DOGE Service Temporary Organization”. The U.S. DOGE Service Temporary Organization shall be headed by the USDS Administrator and shall be dedicated to advancing the President’s 18-month DOGE agenda. The U.S. DOGE Service Temporary Organization shall terminate on July 4, 2026. The termination of the U.S. DOGE Service Temporary Organization shall not be interpreted to imply the termination, attenuation, or amendment of any other authority or provision of this order.

(c) *DOGE Teams.* In consultation with USDS, each Agency Head shall establish within their respective Agencies a DOGE Team of at least four employees, which may include Special Government Employees, hired or assigned within thirty days of the date of this Order. Agency Heads shall select the DOGE Team members in consultation with the USDS Administrator. Each DOGE Team will typically include one DOGE Team Lead, one engineer, one human resources specialist, and one attorney. Agency Heads shall ensure that DOGE Team Leads coordinate their work with USDS and advise their respective Agency Heads on implementing the President’s DOGE Agenda.

**Sec. 4. Modernizing Federal Technology and Software to Maximize Efficiency and Productivity.** (a) The USDS Administrator shall commence a Software Modernization Initiative to improve the quality and efficiency of government-wide software, network infrastructure, and information technology (IT) systems. Among other things, the USDS Administrator shall work with Agency Heads to promote inter-operability between agency networks and systems, ensure data integrity, and facilitate responsible data collection and synchronization.

(b) Agency Heads shall take all necessary steps, in coordination with the USDS Administrator and to the maximum extent consistent with law, to ensure USDS has full and prompt access to all unclassified agency records, software systems, and IT systems. USDS shall adhere to rigorous data protection standards.

(c) This Executive Order displaces all prior executive orders and regulations, insofar as they are subject to direct presidential amendment, that might serve as a barrier to providing USDS access to agency records and systems as described above.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14157 of January 20, 2025

#### **Designating Cartels and Other Organizations as Foreign Terrorist Organizations and Specially Designated Global Terrorists**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), 8 U.S.C. 1101 *et seq.*, the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA), 50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.* it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** This order creates a process by which certain international cartels (the Cartels) and other organizations will be designated as Foreign Terrorist Organizations, consistent with section 219 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1189), or Specially Designated Global Terrorists, consistent with IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1702) and Executive Order 13224 of September 23, 2001 (Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions With Persons Who Commit, Threaten to Commit, or Support Terrorism), as amended.

(a) International cartels constitute a national-security threat beyond that posed by traditional organized crime, with activities encompassing:

- (i) convergence between themselves and a range of extra-hemispheric actors, from designated foreign-terror organizations to antagonistic foreign governments;
- (ii) complex adaptive systems, characteristic of entities engaged in insurgency and asymmetric warfare; and
- (iii) infiltration into foreign governments across the Western Hemisphere.

The Cartels have engaged in a campaign of violence and terror throughout the Western Hemisphere that has not only destabilized countries with significant importance for our national interests but also flooded the United States with deadly drugs, violent criminals, and vicious gangs.

The Cartels functionally control, through a campaign of assassination, terror, rape, and brute force nearly all illegal traffic across the southern border of the United States. In certain portions of Mexico, they function as quasi-governmental entities, controlling nearly all aspects of society. The Cartels' activities threaten the safety of the American people, the security of the United States, and the stability of the international order in the Western Hemisphere. Their activities, proximity to, and incursions into the physical territory of the United States pose an unacceptable national security risk to the United States.

(b) Other transnational organizations, such as Tren de Aragua (TdA) and La Mara Salvatrucha (MS-13) pose similar threats to the United States. Their campaigns of violence and terror in the United States and internationally are extraordinarily violent, vicious, and similarly threaten the stability of the international order in the Western Hemisphere.

(c) The Cartels and other transnational organizations, such as TdA and MS-13, operate both within and outside the United States. They present an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. I hereby declare a national emergency, under IEEPA, to deal with those threats.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to ensure the total elimination of these organizations' presence in the United States and their ability to threaten the territory, safety, and security of the United States

through their extraterritorial command-and-control structures, thereby protecting the American people and the territorial integrity of the United States.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** (a) Within 14 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State shall take all appropriate action, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence, to make a recommendation regarding the designation of any cartel or other organization described in section 1 of this order as a Foreign Terrorist Organization consistent with 8 U.S.C. 1189 and/or a Specially Designated Global Terrorist consistent with 50 U.S.C. 1702 and Executive Order 13224.

(b) Within 14 days of the date of this order, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate action, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to make operational preparations regarding the implementation of any decision I make to invoke the Alien Enemies Act, 50 U.S.C. 21 *et seq.*, in relation to the existence of any qualifying invasion or predatory incursion against the territory of the United States by a qualifying actor, and to prepare such facilities as necessary to expedite the removal of those who may be designated under this order.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 20, 2025.

# Presidential Documents

Title 3—

The President

**Executive Order 14156 of January 20, 2025**

**Declaring a National Energy Emergency**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) (“NEA”), and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The energy and critical minerals (“energy”) identification, leasing, development, production, transportation, refining, and generation capacity of the United States are all far too inadequate to meet our Nation’s needs. We need a reliable, diversified, and affordable supply of energy to drive our Nation’s manufacturing, transportation, agriculture, and defense industries, and to sustain the basics of modern life and military preparedness. Caused by the harmful and shortsighted policies of the previous administration, our Nation’s inadequate energy supply and infrastructure causes and makes worse the high energy prices that devastate Americans, particularly those living on low- and fixed-incomes.

This active threat to the American people from high energy prices is exacerbated by our Nation’s diminished capacity to insulate itself from hostile foreign actors. Energy security is an increasingly crucial theater of global competition. In an effort to harm the American people, hostile state and non-state foreign actors have targeted our domestic energy infrastructure, weaponized our reliance on foreign energy, and abused their ability to cause dramatic swings within international commodity markets. An affordable and reliable domestic supply of energy is a fundamental requirement for the national and economic security of any nation.

The integrity and expansion of our Nation’s energy infrastructure—from coast to coast—is an immediate and pressing priority for the protection of the United States’ national and economic security. It is imperative that the Federal government puts the physical and economic wellbeing of the American people first.

Moreover, the United States has the potential to use its unrealized energy resources domestically, and to sell to international allies and partners a reliable, diversified, and affordable supply of energy. This would create jobs and economic prosperity for Americans forgotten in the present economy, improve the United States’ trade balance, help our country compete with hostile foreign powers, strengthen relations with allies and partners, and support international peace and security. Accordingly, our Nation’s dangerous energy situation inflicts unnecessary and perilous constraints on our foreign policy.

The policies of the previous administration have driven our Nation into a national emergency, where a precariously inadequate and intermittent energy supply, and an increasingly unreliable grid, require swift and decisive action. Without immediate remedy, this situation will dramatically deteriorate in the near future due to a high demand for energy and natural resources to power the next generation of technology. The United States’ ability to remain at the forefront of technological innovation depends on a reliable supply of energy and the integrity of our Nation’s electrical grid. Our Nation’s current inadequate development of domestic energy resources leaves us vulnerable to hostile foreign actors and poses an imminent and growing threat to the United States’ prosperity and national security.

These numerous problems are most pronounced in our Nation's Northeast and West Coast, where dangerous State and local policies jeopardize our Nation's core national defense and security needs, and devastate the prosperity of not only local residents but the entire United States population. The United States' insufficient energy production, transportation, refining, and generation constitutes an unusual and extraordinary threat to our Nation's economy, national security, and foreign policy. In light of these findings, I hereby declare a national emergency.

**Sec. 2. Emergency Approvals.** (a) The heads of executive departments and agencies ("agencies") shall identify and exercise any lawful emergency authorities available to them, as well as all other lawful authorities they may possess, to facilitate the identification, leasing, siting, production, transportation, refining, and generation of domestic energy resources, including, but not limited to, on Federal lands. If an agency assesses that use of either Federal eminent domain authorities or authorities afforded under the Defense Production Act (Public Law 81-774, 50 U.S.C. 4501 *et seq.*) are necessary to achieve this objective, the agency shall submit recommendations for a course of action to the President, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs.

(b) Consistent with 42 U.S.C. 7545(c)(4)(C)(ii)(III), the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, after consultation with, and concurrence by, the Secretary of Energy, shall consider issuing emergency fuel waivers to allow the year-round sale of E15 gasoline to meet any projected temporary shortfalls in the supply of gasoline across the Nation.

**Sec. 3. Expediting the Delivery of Energy Infrastructure.** (a) To facilitate the Nation's energy supply, agencies shall identify and use all relevant lawful emergency and other authorities available to them to expedite the completion of all authorized and appropriated infrastructure, energy, environmental, and natural resources projects that are within the identified authority of each of the Secretaries to perform or to advance.

(b) To protect the collective national and economic security of the United States, agencies shall identify and use all lawful emergency or other authorities available to them to facilitate the supply, refining, and transportation of energy in and through the West Coast of the United States, Northeast of the United States, and Alaska.

(c) The Secretaries shall provide such reports regarding activities under this section as may be requested by the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy.

**Sec. 4. Emergency Regulations and Nationwide Permits Under the Clean Water Act (CWA) and Other Statutes Administered by the Army Corps of Engineers.** (a) Within 30 days from the date of this order, the heads of all agencies, as well as the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works shall:

(i) identify planned or potential actions to facilitate the Nation's energy supply that may be subject to emergency treatment pursuant to the regulations and nationwide permits promulgated by the Corps, or jointly by the Corps and EPA, pursuant to section 404 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1344, section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of March 3, 1899, 33 U.S.C. 403, and section 103 of the Marine Protection Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972, 33 U.S.C. 1413 (collectively, the "emergency Army Corps permitting provisions"); and

(ii) shall provide a summary report, listing such actions, to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB"); the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works; the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy; and the Chairman of the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ). Such report may be combined, as appropriate, with any other reports required by this order.

(b) Agencies are directed to use, to the fullest extent possible and consistent with applicable law, the emergency Army Corps permitting provisions to facilitate the Nation's energy supply.

(c) Within 30 days following the submission of the initial summary report described in subsection (a)(ii) of this section, each department and agency shall provide a status report to the OMB Director; the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works; the Director of the National Economic Council; and the Chairman of the CEQ. Each such report shall list actions taken within subsection (a)(i) of this section, shall list the status of any previously reported planned or potential actions, and shall list any new planned or potential actions that fall within subsection (a)(i). Such status reports shall thereafter be provided to these officials at least every 30 days for the duration of the national emergency and may be combined, as appropriate, with any other reports required by this order.

(d) The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, shall be available to consult promptly with agencies and to take other prompt and appropriate action concerning the application of the emergency Army Corps permitting provisions. The Administrator of the EPA shall provide prompt cooperation to the Secretary of the Army and to agencies in connection with the discharge of the responsibilities described in this section.

**Sec. 5. Endangered Species Act (ESA) Emergency Consultation Regulations.**

(a) No later than 30 days from the date of this order, the heads of all agencies tasked in this order shall:

(i) identify planned or potential actions to facilitate the Nation's energy supply that may be subject to the regulation on consultations in emergencies, 50 CFR 402.05, promulgated by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce pursuant to the Endangered Species Act ("ESA"), 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*; and

(ii) provide a summary report, listing such actions, to the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce, the OMB Director, the Director of the National Economic Council, and the Chairman of CEQ. Such report may be combined, as appropriate, with any other reports required by this order.

(b) Agencies are directed to use, to the maximum extent permissible under applicable law, the ESA regulation on consultations in emergencies, to facilitate the Nation's energy supply.

(c) Within 30 days following the submission of the initial summary report described in subsection (a)(ii) of this section, the head of each agency shall provide a status report to the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce, the OMB Director, the Director of the National Economic Council, and the Chairman of CEQ. Each such report shall list actions taken within the categories described in subsection (a)(i) of this section, the status of any previously reported planned or potential actions, and any new planned or potential actions within these categories. Such status reports shall thereafter be provided to these officials at least every 30 days for the duration of the national emergency and may be combined, as appropriate, with any other reports required by this order. The OMB Director may grant discretionary exemptions from this reporting requirement.

(d) The Secretary of the Interior shall ensure that the Director of the Fish and Wildlife Service, or the Director's authorized representative, is available to consult promptly with agencies and to take other prompt and appropriate action concerning the application of the ESA's emergency regulations. The Secretary of Commerce shall ensure that the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries for the National Marine Fisheries Service, or the Assistant Administrator's authorized representative, is available for such consultation and to take such other action.

**Sec. 6. Convening the Endangered Species Act Committee.**

(a) In acting as Chairman of the Endangered Species Act Committee, the Secretary of the Interior shall convene the Endangered Species Act Committee not less than quarterly, unless otherwise required by law, to review and consider any lawful applications submitted by an agency, the Governor of a State,

or any applicant for a permit or license who submits for exemption from obligations imposed by Section 7 of the ESA.

(b) To the extent practicable under the law, the Secretary of the Interior shall ensure a prompt and efficient review of all submissions described in subsection (a) of this section, to include identification of any legal deficiencies, in order to ensure an initial determination within 20 days of receipt and the ability to convene the Endangered Species Act Committee to resolve the submission within 140 days of such initial determination of eligibility.

(c) In the event that the committee has no pending applications for review, the committee or its designees shall nonetheless convene to identify obstacles to domestic energy infrastructure specifically deriving from implementation of the ESA or the Marine Mammal Protection Act, to include regulatory reform efforts, species listings, and other related matters with the aim of developing procedural, regulatory, and interagency improvements.

**Sec. 7. Coordinated Infrastructure Assistance.** (a) In collaboration with the Secretaries of Interior and Energy, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct an assessment of the Department of Defense's ability to acquire and transport the energy, electricity, or fuels needed to protect the homeland and to conduct operations abroad, and, within 60 days, shall submit this assessment to the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs. This assessment shall identify specific vulnerabilities, including, but not limited to, potentially insufficient transportation and refining infrastructure across the Nation, with a focus on such vulnerabilities within the Northeast and West Coast regions of the United States. The assessment shall also identify and recommend the requisite authorities and resources to remedy such vulnerabilities, consistent with applicable law.

(b) In accordance with section 301 of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1631), the construction authority provided in section 2808 of title 10, United States Code, is invoked and made available, according to its terms, to the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, to address any vulnerabilities identified in the assessment mandated by subsection (a). Any such recommended actions shall be submitted to the President for review, through the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs and the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy.

**Sec. 8. Definitions.** For purposes of this order, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) The term "energy" or "energy resources" means crude oil, natural gas, lease condensates, natural gas liquids, refined petroleum products, uranium, coal, biofuels, geothermal heat, the kinetic movement of flowing water, and critical minerals, as defined by 30 U.S.C. 1606 (a)(3).

(b) The term "production" means the extraction or creation of energy.

(c) The term "transportation" means the physical movement of energy, including through, but not limited to, pipelines.

(d) The term "refining" means the physical or chemical change of energy into a form that can be used by consumers or users, including, but not limited to, the creation of gasoline, diesel, ethanol, aviation fuel, or the beneficiation, enrichment, or purification of minerals.

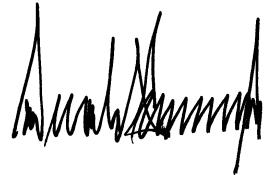
(e) The term "generation" means the use of energy to produce electricity or thermal power and the transmission of electricity from its site of generation.

(f) The term "energy supply" means the production, transportation, refining, and generation of energy.

**Sec. 9. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

- (ii) the functions of the Director of OMB relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-02003  
Filed 1-28-25; 11:15 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14155 of January 20, 2025

### **Withdrawing the United States From the World Health Organization**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The United States noticed its withdrawal from the World Health Organization (WHO) in 2020 due to the organization's mishandling of the COVID–19 pandemic that arose out of Wuhan, China, and other global health crises, its failure to adopt urgently needed reforms, and its inability to demonstrate independence from the inappropriate political influence of WHO member states. In addition, the WHO continues to demand unfairly onerous payments from the United States, far out of proportion with other countries' assessed payments. China, with a population of 1.4 billion, has 300 percent of the population of the United States, yet contributes nearly 90 percent less to the WHO.

**Sec. 2. Actions.** (a) The United States intends to withdraw from the WHO. The Presidential Letter to the Secretary-General of the United Nations signed on January 20, 2021, that retracted the United States' July 6, 2020, notification of withdrawal is revoked.

(b) Executive Order 13987 of January 25, 2021 (Organizing and Mobilizing the United States Government to Provide a Unified and Effective Response to Combat COVID–19 and to Provide United States Leadership on Global Health and Security), is revoked.

(c) The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs shall establish directorates and coordinating mechanisms within the National Security Council apparatus as he deems necessary and appropriate to safeguard public health and fortify biosecurity.

(d) The Secretary of State and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall take appropriate measures, with all practicable speed, to:

(i) pause the future transfer of any United States Government funds, support, or resources to the WHO;

(ii) recall and reassign United States Government personnel or contractors working in any capacity with the WHO; and

(iii) identify credible and transparent United States and international partners to assume necessary activities previously undertaken by the WHO.

(e) The Director of the White House Office of Pandemic Preparedness and Response Policy shall review, rescind, and replace the 2024 U.S. Global Health Security Strategy as soon as practicable.

**Sec. 3. Notification.** The Secretary of State shall immediately inform the Secretary-General of the United Nations, any other applicable depositary, and the leadership of the WHO of the withdrawal.

**Sec. 4. Global System Negotiations.** While withdrawal is in progress, the Secretary of State will cease negotiations on the WHO Pandemic Agreement and the amendments to the International Health Regulations, and actions taken to effectuate such agreement and amendments will have no binding force on the United States.

**Sec. 5. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- 
- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-01957  
Filed 1-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14154 of January 20, 2025

### Unleashing American Energy

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** America is blessed with an abundance of energy and natural resources that have historically powered our Nation's economic prosperity. In recent years, burdensome and ideologically motivated regulations have impeded the development of these resources, limited the generation of reliable and affordable electricity, reduced job creation, and inflicted high energy costs upon our citizens. These high energy costs devastate American consumers by driving up the cost of transportation, heating, utilities, farming, and manufacturing, while weakening our national security.

It is thus in the national interest to unleash America's affordable and reliable energy and natural resources. This will restore American prosperity—including for those men and women who have been forgotten by our economy in recent years. It will also rebuild our Nation's economic and military security, which will deliver peace through strength.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States:

(a) to encourage energy exploration and production on Federal lands and waters, including on the Outer Continental Shelf, in order to meet the needs of our citizens and solidify the United States as a global energy leader long into the future;

(b) to establish our position as the leading producer and processor of non-fuel minerals, including rare earth minerals, which will create jobs and prosperity at home, strengthen supply chains for the United States and its allies, and reduce the global influence of malign and adversarial states;

(c) to protect the United States's economic and national security and military preparedness by ensuring that an abundant supply of reliable energy is readily accessible in every State and territory of the Nation;

(d) to ensure that all regulatory requirements related to energy are grounded in clearly applicable law;

(e) to eliminate the “electric vehicle (EV) mandate” and promote true consumer choice, which is essential for economic growth and innovation, by removing regulatory barriers to motor vehicle access; by ensuring a level regulatory playing field for consumer choice in vehicles; by terminating, where appropriate, state emissions waivers that function to limit sales of gasoline-powered automobiles; and by considering the elimination of unfair subsidies and other ill-conceived government-imposed market distortions that favor EVs over other technologies and effectively mandate their purchase by individuals, private businesses, and government entities alike by rendering other types of vehicles unaffordable;

(f) to safeguard the American people’s freedom to choose from a variety of goods and appliances, including but not limited to lightbulbs, dishwashers, washing machines, gas stoves, water heaters, toilets, and shower heads, and to promote market competition and innovation within the manufacturing and appliance industries;

(g) to ensure that the global effects of a rule, regulation, or action shall, whenever evaluated, be reported separately from its domestic costs and

benefits, in order to promote sound regulatory decision making and prioritize the interests of the American people;

(h) to guarantee that all executive departments and agencies (agencies) provide opportunity for public comment and rigorous, peer-reviewed scientific analysis; and

(i) to ensure that no Federal funding be employed in a manner contrary to the principles outlined in this section, unless required by law.

**Sec. 3. Immediate Review of All Agency Actions that Potentially Burden the Development of Domestic Energy Resources.** (a) The heads of all agencies shall review all existing regulations, orders, guidance documents, policies, settlements, consent orders, and any other agency actions (collectively, agency actions) to identify those agency actions that impose an undue burden on the identification, development, or use of domestic energy resources—with particular attention to oil, natural gas, coal, hydropower, biofuels, critical mineral, and nuclear energy resources—or that are otherwise inconsistent with the policy set forth in section 2 of this order, including restrictions on consumer choice of vehicles and appliances.

(b) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the head of each agency shall, in consultation with the director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the National Economic Council (NEC), develop and begin implementing action plans to suspend, revise, or rescind all agency actions identified as unduly burdensome under subsection (a) of this section, as expeditiously as possible and consistent with applicable law. The head of any agency who determines that such agency does not have agency actions described in subsection (a) of this section shall submit to the Director of OMB a written statement to that effect and, absent a determination by the Director of OMB that such agency does have agency actions described in this subsection, shall have no further responsibilities under this section.

(c) Agencies shall promptly notify the Attorney General of any steps taken pursuant to subsection (a) of this section so that the Attorney General may, as appropriate:

(i) provide notice of this Executive Order and any such actions to any court with jurisdiction over pending litigation in which such actions may be relevant; and

(ii) request that such court stay or otherwise delay further litigation, or seek other appropriate relief consistent with this order, pending the completion of the administrative actions described in this order.

(d) Pursuant to the policy outlined in section 2 of this order, the Attorney General shall consider whether pending litigation against illegal, dangerous, or harmful policies should be resolved through stays or other relief.

**Sec. 4. Revocation of and Revisions to Certain Presidential and Regulatory Actions.** (a) The following are revoked and any offices established therein are abolished:

(i) Executive Order 13990 of January 20, 2021 (Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science to Tackle the Climate Crisis);

(ii) Executive Order 13992 of January 20, 2021 (Revocation of Certain Executive Orders Concerning Federal Regulation);

(iii) Executive Order 14008 of January 27, 2021 (Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad);

(iv) Executive Order 14007 of January 27, 2021 (President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology);

(v) Executive Order 14013 of February 4, 2021 (Rebuilding and Enhancing Programs to Resettle Refugees and Planning for the Impact of Climate Change on Migration);

(vi) Executive Order 14027 of May 7, 2021 (Establishment of the Climate Change Support Office);

- (vii) Executive Order 14030 of May 20, 2021 (Climate-Related Financial Risk);
- (viii) Executive Order 14037 of August 5, 2021 (Strengthening American Leadership in Clean Cars and Trucks);
- (ix) Executive Order 14057 of December 8, 2021 (Catalyzing Clean Energy Industries and Jobs Through Federal Sustainability);
- (x) Executive Order 14072 of April 22, 2022 (Strengthening the Nation's Forests, Communities, and Local Economies);
- (xi) Executive Order 14082 of September 12, 2022 (Implementation of the Energy and Infrastructure Provisions of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022); and
- (xii) Executive Order 14096 of April 21, 2023 (Revitalizing Our Nation's Commitment to Environmental Justice for All).

(b) All activities, programs, and operations associated with the American Climate Corps, including actions taken by any agency shall be terminated immediately. Within one day of the date of this order, the Secretary of the Interior shall submit a letter to all parties to the "American Climate Corps Memorandum of Understanding" dated December 2023 to terminate the memorandum, and the head of each party to the memorandum shall agree to the termination in writing.

(c) Any assets, funds, or resources allocated to an entity or program abolished by subsection (a) of this section shall be redirected or disposed of in accordance with applicable law.

(d) The head of any agency that has taken action respecting offices and programs in subsection (a) shall take all necessary steps to ensure that all such actions are terminated or, if necessary, appropriate, or required by law, that such activities are transitioned to other agencies or entities.

(e) Any contract or agreement between the United States and any third party on behalf of the entities or programs abolished in subsection (a) of this section, or in furtherance of them, shall be terminated for convenience, or otherwise, as quickly as permissible under the law.

**Sec. 5. Unleashing Energy Dominance through Efficient Permitting.** (a) Executive Order 11991 of May 24, 1977 (Relating to protection and enhancement of environmental quality) is hereby revoked.

(b) To expedite and simplify the permitting process, within 30 days of the date of this order, the Chairman of the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) shall provide guidance on implementing the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*, and propose rescinding CEQ's NEPA regulations found at 40 CFR 1500 *et seq.*

(c) Following the provision of the guidance, the Chairman of CEQ shall convene a working group to coordinate the revision of agency-level implementing regulations for consistency. The guidance in subsection (b) and any resulting implementing regulations must expedite permitting approvals and meet deadlines established in the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 (Public Law 118-5). Consistent with applicable law, all agencies must prioritize efficiency and certainty over any other objectives, including those of activist groups, that do not align with the policy goals set forth in section 2 of this order or that could otherwise add delays and ambiguity to the permitting process.

(d) The Secretaries of Defense, Interior, Agriculture, Commerce, Housing and Urban Development, Transportation, Energy, Homeland Security, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Chairman of CEQ, and the heads of any other relevant agencies shall undertake all available efforts to eliminate all delays within their respective permitting processes, including through, but not limited to, the use of general permitting and permit by rule. For any project an agency head deems essential for the Nation's economy or national security, agencies shall use all possible

authorities, including emergency authorities, to expedite the adjudication of Federal permits. Agencies shall work closely with project sponsors to realize the ultimate construction or development of permitted projects.

(e) The Director of the NEC and the Director of the Office of Legislative Affairs shall jointly prepare recommendations to Congress, which shall:

(i) facilitate the permitting and construction of interstate energy transportation and other critical energy infrastructure, including, but not limited to, pipelines, particularly in regions of the Nation that have lacked such development in recent years; and

(ii) provide greater certainty in the Federal permitting process, including, but not limited to, streamlining the judicial review of the application of NEPA.

**Sec. 6. Prioritizing Accuracy in Environmental Analyses.** (a) In all Federal permitting adjudications or regulatory processes, all agencies shall adhere to only the relevant legislated requirements for environmental considerations and any considerations beyond these requirements are eliminated. In fulfilling all such requirements, agencies shall strictly use the most robust methodologies of assessment at their disposal and shall not use methodologies that are arbitrary or ideologically motivated.

(b) The Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases (IWG), which was established pursuant to Executive Order 13990, is hereby disbanded, and any guidance, instruction, recommendation, or document issued by the IWG is withdrawn as no longer representative of governmental policy including:

(i) the Presidential Memorandum of January 27, 2021 (Restoring Trust in Government Through Scientific Integrity and Evidence-Based Policy-making);

(ii) the Report of the Greenhouse Gas Monitoring and Measurement Interagency Working Group of November 2023 (National Strategy to Advance an Integrated U.S. Greenhouse Gas Measurement, Monitoring, and Information System);

(iii) the Technical Support Document of February 2021 (Social Cost of Carbon, Methane, and Nitrous Oxide Interim Estimates under Executive Order 13990); and

(iv) estimates of the social cost of greenhouse gases, including the estimates for the social cost of carbon, the social cost of methane, or the social cost of nitrous oxide based, in whole or in part, on the IWG's work or guidance.

(c) The calculation of the "social cost of carbon" is marked by logical deficiencies, a poor basis in empirical science, politicization, and the absence of a foundation in legislation. Its abuse arbitrarily slows regulatory decisions and, by rendering the United States economy internationally uncompetitive, encourages a greater human impact on the environment by affording less efficient foreign energy producers a greater share of the global energy and natural resource market. Consequently, within 60 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the EPA shall issue guidance to address these harmful and detrimental inadequacies, including consideration of eliminating the "social cost of carbon" calculation from any Federal permitting or regulatory decision.

(d) Prior to the guidance issued pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, agencies shall ensure estimates to assess the value of changes in greenhouse gas emissions resulting from agency actions, including with respect to the consideration of domestic versus international effects and evaluating appropriate discount rates, are, to the extent permitted by law, consistent with the guidance contained in OMB Circular A-4 of September 17, 2003 (Regulatory Analysis).

(e) Furthermore, the head of each agency shall, as appropriate and consistent with applicable law, initiate a process to make such changes to

any rule, regulation, policy or action as may be necessary to ensure consistency with the Regulatory Analysis.

(f) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Administrator of the EPA, in collaboration with the heads of any other relevant agencies, shall submit joint recommendations to the Director of OMB on the legality and continuing applicability of the Administrator's findings, "Endangerment and Cause or Contribute Findings for Greenhouse Gases Under Section 202(a) of the Clean Air Act," Final Rule, 74 FR 66496 (December 15, 2009).

**Sec. 7. Terminating the Green New Deal.** (a) All agencies shall immediately pause the disbursement of funds appropriated through the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (Public Law 117–169) or the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117–58), including but not limited to funds for electric vehicle charging stations made available through the National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Formula Program and the Charging and Fueling Infrastructure Discretionary Grant Program, and shall review their processes, policies, and programs for issuing grants, loans, contracts, or any other financial disbursements of such appropriated funds for consistency with the law and the policy outlined in section 2 of this order. Within 90 days of the date of this order, all agency heads shall submit a report to the Director of the NEC and Director of OMB that details the findings of this review, including recommendations to enhance their alignment with the policy set forth in section 2. No funds identified in this subsection (a) shall be disbursed by a given agency until the Director of OMB and Assistant to the President for Economic Policy have determined that such disbursements are consistent with any review recommendations they have chosen to adopt.

(b) When procuring goods and services, making decisions about leases, and making other arrangements that result in disbursements of Federal funds, agencies shall prioritize cost-effectiveness, American workers and businesses, and the sensible use of taxpayer money, to the greatest extent. The Director of OMB shall finalize and circulate guidelines to further implement this subsection.

(c) All agencies shall assess whether enforcement discretion of authorities and regulations can be utilized to advance the policy outlined in section 2 of this order. Within 30 days of the date of this order, each agency shall submit a report to the Director of OMB identifying any such instances.

**Sec. 8. Protecting America's National Security.** (a) The Secretary of Energy is directed restart reviews of applications for approvals of liquefied natural gas export projects as expeditiously as possible, consistent with applicable law. In assessing the "Public Interest" to be advanced by any particular application, the Secretary of Energy shall consider the economic and employment impacts to the United States and the impact to the security of allies and partners that would result from granting the application.

(b) With respect to any proposed deepwater port for the export of liquefied natural gas (project) for which a favorable record of decision (ROD) has previously been issued pursuant to the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (DWPA), 33 U.S.C. 1501 *et seq.*, the Administrator of the Maritime Administration (MARAD) shall, within 30 days of the date of this order and consistent with applicable law, determine whether any refinements to the project proposed subsequent to the ROD are likely to result in adverse environmental consequences that substantially differ from those associated with the originally-evaluated project so as to present a seriously different picture of the foreseeable adverse environmental consequences (seriously different consequences). In making this determination, MARAD shall qualitatively assess any difference in adverse environmental consequences between the project with and without the proposed refinements, including any potential consequences not addressed in the final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), which shall be considered adequate under NEPA notwithstanding any revisions to NEPA that may have been enacted following the final EIS. MARAD shall submit this determination, together with a detailed justification, to the Secretary of Transportation and to the President.

(c) Pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, if MARAD determines that such refinements are not likely to result in seriously different consequences, it shall include in that determination a description of the refinements to supplement and update the ROD, if necessary and then no later than 30 additional days, he shall issue a DWPA license.

(d) If MARAD determines, with concurrence from the Secretary of Transportation, that such proposed refinements are likely to result in seriously different consequences, it shall, within 60 days after submitting such determination, issue an Environmental Assessment (EA) examining such consequences and, with respect to all other environmental consequences not changed due to project refinements, shall reaffirm the conclusions of the final EIS. Within 30 days after issuing the EA, MARAD shall issue an addendum to the ROD, if necessary, and shall, within 30 additional days, issue a DWPA license consistent with the ROD.

**Sec. 9. Restoring America's Mineral Dominance.** (a) The Secretary of the Interior, Secretary of Agriculture, Administrator of the EPA, Chairman of CEQ, and the heads of any other relevant agencies, as appropriate, shall identify all agency actions that impose undue burdens on the domestic mining and processing of non-fuel minerals and undertake steps to revise or rescind such actions.

(b) The Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture shall reassess any public lands withdrawals for potential revision.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior shall instruct the Director of the U.S. Geological Survey to consider updating the Survey's list of critical minerals, including for the potential of including uranium.

(d) The Secretary of the Interior shall prioritize efforts to accelerate the ongoing, detailed geologic mapping of the United States, with a focus on locating previously unknown deposits of critical minerals.

(e) The Secretary of Energy shall ensure that critical mineral projects, including the processing of critical minerals, receive consideration for Federal support, contingent on the availability of appropriated funds.

(f) The United States Trade Representative shall assess whether exploitative practices and state-assisted mineral projects abroad are unlawful or unduly burden or restrict United States commerce.

(g) The Secretary of Commerce shall assess the national security implications of the Nation's mineral reliance and the potential for trade action.

(h) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall assess the quantity and inflow of minerals that are likely the product of forced labor into the United States and whether such inflows pose a threat to national security and, within 90 days of the date of this order, shall provide this assessment to the Director of the NEC.

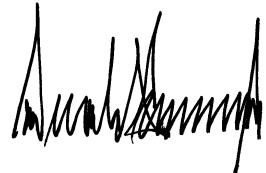
(i) The Secretary of Defense shall consider the needs of the United States in supplying and maintaining the National Defense Stockpile, review the legal authorities and obligations in managing the National Defense Stockpile, and take all appropriate steps to ensure that the National Defense Stockpile will provide a robust supply of critical minerals in event of future shortfall.

(j) Within 60 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of State, Secretary of Commerce, Secretary of Labor, the United States Trade Representative, and the heads of any other relevant agencies, shall submit a report to the Assistant to the President for Economic Policy that includes policy recommendations to enhance the competitiveness of American mining and refining companies in other mineral-wealthy nations.

(k) The Secretary of State shall consider opportunities to advance the mining and processing of minerals within the United States through the Quadrilateral Security Dialogue.

**Sec. 10. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of OMB relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented in a manner consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-01956  
Filed 1-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14153 of January 20, 2025

### **Unleashing Alaska's Extraordinary Resource Potential**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Background.** The State of Alaska holds an abundant and largely untapped supply of natural resources including, among others, energy, mineral, timber, and seafood. Unlocking this bounty of natural wealth will raise the prosperity of our citizens while helping to enhance our Nation's economic and national security for generations to come. By developing these resources to the fullest extent possible, we can help deliver price relief for Americans, create high-quality jobs for our citizens, ameliorate our trade imbalances, augment the Nation's exercise of global energy dominance, and guard against foreign powers weaponizing energy supplies in theaters of geopolitical conflict.

Unleashing this opportunity, however, requires an immediate end to the assault on Alaska's sovereignty and its ability to responsibly develop these resources for the benefit of the Nation. It is, therefore, imperative to immediately reverse the punitive restrictions implemented by the previous administration that specifically target resource development on both State and Federal lands in Alaska.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to:

- (a) fully avail itself of Alaska's vast lands and resources for the benefit of the Nation and the American citizens who call Alaska home;
- (b) efficiently and effectively maximize the development and production of the natural resources located on both Federal and State lands within Alaska;
- (c) expedite the permitting and leasing of energy and natural resource projects in Alaska; and
- (d) prioritize the development of Alaska's liquified natural gas (LNG) potential, including the sale and transportation of Alaskan LNG to other regions of the United States and allied nations within the Pacific region.

**Sec. 3. Specific Agency Actions.** (a) The heads of all executive departments and agencies, including but not limited to the Secretary of the Interior; the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere; and the Secretary of the Army acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Public Works, shall exercise all lawful authority and discretion available to them and take all necessary steps to:

- (i) rescind, revoke, revise, amend, defer, or grant exemptions from any and all regulations, orders, guidance documents, policies, and any other similar agency actions that are inconsistent with the policy set forth in section 2 of this order, including but not limited to agency actions promulgated, issued, or adopted between January 20, 2021, and January 20, 2025; and
- (ii) prioritize the development of Alaska's LNG potential, including the permitting of all necessary pipeline and export infrastructure related to the Alaska LNG Project, giving due consideration to the economic and national security benefits associated with such development.

(b) In addition to the actions outlined in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of the Interior shall exercise all lawful authority and discretion available to him and take all necessary steps to:

(i) withdraw Secretarial Order 3401 dated June 1, 2021 (Comprehensive Analysis and Temporary Halt on All Activities in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge Relating to the Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program);

(ii) rescind the cancellation of any leases within the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, other than such lease cancellations as the Secretary of the Interior determines are consistent with the policy interests described in section 2 of this order, initiate additional leasing through the Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program, and issue all permits, right-of-way permits, and easements necessary for the exploration, development, and production of oil and gas from leases within the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge;

(iii) rescind the final supplemental environmental impact statement entitled “Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement,” which is referred to in “Notice of Availability of the Final Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement, Alaska” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 88805 (November 8, 2024);

(iv) place a temporary moratorium on all activities and privileges granted to any party pursuant to the record of decision signed on December 8, 2024, entitled “Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program Record of Decision,” which is referred to in “Notice of Availability of the Record of Decision for the Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement for the Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program, Alaska,” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 101042 (December 13, 2024), in order to review such record of decision in light of alleged legal deficiencies and for consideration of relevant public interests, and, as appropriate, conduct a new, comprehensive analysis of such deficiencies, interests, and environmental impacts;

(v) reinstate the final environmental impact statement entitled “Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program,” which is referred to in “Notice of Availability,” 84 *Fed. Reg.* 50472 (September 25, 2019);

(vi) reinstate the record of decision signed on August 21, 2020, entitled “Coastal Plain Oil and Gas Leasing Program Record of Decision,” which is referred to in “Notice of 2021 Coastal Plain Alaska Oil and Gas Lease Sale and Notice of Availability of the Detailed Statement of Sale,” 85 *Fed. Reg.* 78865 (December 7, 2020);

(vii) evaluate changes to, including the potential rescission of, Public Land Order 5150, signed by the Assistant Secretary of the Interior on December 28, 1971, and any subsequent amendments, modifications, or corrections to it;

(viii) place a temporary moratorium on all activities and privileges granted to any party pursuant to the record of decision signed on June 27, 2024, entitled “Ambler Road Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement Record of Decision,” which is referred to in “Notice of Availability of the Ambler Road Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement, Alaska,” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 32458 (April 26, 2024), in order to review such record of decision in light of alleged legal deficiencies and for consideration of relevant public interests and, as appropriate, conduct a new, comprehensive analysis of such deficiencies, interests, and environmental impacts; and reinstate the record of decision signed on July 23, 2020, by the Bureau of Land Management and United States Army Corps of Engineers entitled “Ambler Road Environmental Impact Statement Joint Record of Decision,” which is referred to in “Notice of Availability of the Record of Decision for the Ambler Mining District Industrial Access Road Environmental Impact Statement,” 85 *Fed. Reg.* 45440 (July 28, 2020);

- (ix) rescind the Bureau of Land Management final rule entitled “Management and Protection of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska,” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 38712 (May 7, 2024);
- (x) rescind any guidance issued by the Bureau of Land Management related to implementation of protection of subsistence resource values in the existing special areas and proposed new and modified special areas in the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska, as published on their website on January 16, 2025;
- (xi) facilitate the expedited development of a road corridor between the community of King Cove and the all-weather airport located in Cold Bay;
- (xii) place a temporary moratorium on all activities and privileges granted to any party pursuant to the record of decision signed on April 25, 2022, entitled “National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska Integrated Activity Plan Record of Decision,” (NEPA No. DOI-BLM-AK-R000-2019-0001-EIS), in order to review such record of decision in light of alleged legal deficiencies and for consideration of relevant public interests and, as appropriate, conduct a new, comprehensive analysis of such deficiencies, interests, and environmental impacts;
- (xiii) rescind the Bureau of Land Management final rule entitled “Management and Protection of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska,” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 38712 (May 7, 2024), and rescind the Bureau of Land Management notice entitled “Special Areas Within the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska,” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 58181 (July 17, 2024);
- (xiv) reinstate Secretarial Order 3352 dated May 17, 2017 (National Petroleum Reserve—Alaska), which is referred to in “Final Report: Review of the Department of the Interior Actions that Potentially Burden Domestic Energy,” 82 *Fed. Reg.* 50532 (November 1, 2017), and the record of decision signed on December 31, 2020, entitled “National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska Integrated Activity Plan Record of Decision,” which is referred to in “Notice of Availability of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska Integrated Activity Plan Final Environmental Impact Statement,” 85 *Fed. Reg.* 38388 (June 26, 2020);
- (xv) reinstate the following Public Land Orders in their original form:
  - a. Public Land Order No. 7899, signed by the Secretary of the Interior on January 11, 2021;
  - b. Public Land Order No. 7900, signed by the Secretary of the Interior on January 16, 2021;
  - c. Public Land Order No. 7901, signed by the Secretary of the Interior on January 16, 2021;
  - d. Public Land Order No. 7902, signed by the Secretary of the Interior on January 15, 2021;
  - e. Public Land Order No. 7903, signed by the Secretary of the Interior on January 16, 2021; and
  - f. any other such Public Land Order that the Secretary of the Interior determines would further the policy interests described in section 2 of this order.
- (xvi) immediately review all Department of the Interior guidance regarding the taking of Alaska Native lands into trust and all Public Land Orders withdrawing lands for selection by Alaska Native Corporations to determine if any such agency action should be revoked to ensure the Department of the Interior’s actions are consistent with the Alaska Statehood Act of 1958 (Public Law 85–508), the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA) (16 U.S.C. 3101 *et seq.*), the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1971 (43 U.S.C. 1601, *et seq.*), the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act (Public Law 108–452), and the Alaska Native Vietnam-

era Veterans Land Allotment Program under section 1629g–1 of title 43, United States Code.

(xvii) rescind the record of decision “Central Yukon Record of Decision and Approved Resource Management Plan,” signed on November 12, 2024, which is referred to in “Notice of Availability of the Record of Decision and Approved Resource Management Plan for the Central Yukon Resource Management Plan/Environmental Impact Statement, Alaska,” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 92716 (November 22, 2024);

(xviii) reimplement the draft resource management plan and environmental impact statement referenced in the National Park Service notice entitled “Notice of Availability for the Central Yukon Draft Resource Management Plan/Environmental Impact Statement, Alaska,” 85 *Fed. Reg.* 80143 (December 11, 2020);

(xix) rescind the National Park Service final rule entitled “Alaska; Hunting and Trapping in National Preserves,” 89 *Fed. Reg.* 55059 (July 3, 2024), and reinstate the National Park Service final rule entitled “Alaska; Hunting and Trapping in National Preserves,” 85 *Fed. Reg.* 35181 (June 9, 2020), in its original form;

(xx) deny the pending request to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service to establish indigenous sacred site in the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge;

(xxi) immediately conduct a review of waterways in the State of Alaska and direct the Bureau of Land Management, in consultation with the State of Alaska, to provide recommendations of navigable waterways subject to the equal footing doctrine and the Submerged Lands Act of 1953, as amended, 43 U.S.C. 1301 *et seq.*, and prepare Recordable Disclaimers of Interest pursuant to section 315 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1745, to restore ownership of said waterways to the State as appropriate;

(xxii) direct all bureaus of the Department of the Interior to consider the Alaskan cultural significance of hunting and fishing and the statutory priority of subsistence management required by the ANILCA, to conduct meaningful consultation with the State fish and wildlife management agencies prior to enacting land management plans or other regulations that affect the ability of Alaskans to hunt and fish on public lands, and to ensure to the greatest extent possible that hunting and fishing opportunities on Federal lands are consistent with similar opportunities on State lands; and

(xxiii) identify and assess, in collaboration with the Secretary of Defense, the authorities and public and private resources necessary to immediately achieve the development and export of energy resources from Alaska—including but not limited to the long-term viability of the Trans-Alaska Pipeline System and the associated Federal right-of-way as an energy corridor of critical national importance—to advance the Nation’s domestic and regional energy dominance, and submit that assessment to the President.

(c) In addition to the actions outlined in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of Agriculture shall place a temporary moratorium on all activities and privileges authorized by the final rule and record of decision entitled “Special Areas; Roadless Area Conservation; National Forest System Lands in Alaska,” 88 *Fed. Reg.* 5252 (January 27, 2023), in order to review such rule and record of decision in light of alleged legal deficiencies and for consideration of relevant public interests and, as appropriate, conduct a new, comprehensive analysis of such deficiencies, interests, and environmental impacts. Further, the Secretary of Agriculture shall reinstate the final rule entitled “Special Areas; Roadless Area Conservation; National Forest System Lands in Alaska,” 85 *Fed. Reg.* 68688 (October 29, 2020).

(d) In addition to the actions outlined in subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the

Army for Civil Works, shall render all assistance requested by the Governor of Alaska to facilitate the clearing and maintenance of transportation infrastructure, consistent with applicable law. All such requests for assistance shall be transmitted to the Secretary of Defense, Secretary of the Interior, and Assistant to the President for Economic Policy for approval prior to initiation.

(e) The Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, under the direction of the Secretary of the Army, shall immediately review, revise, or rescind any agency action that may in any way hinder, slow or otherwise delay any critical project in the State of Alaska.

(f) The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, shall immediately review, revise or rescind any agency action that may in any way hinder, slow or otherwise delay any critical project in the State of Alaska.

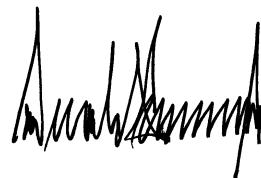
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "JOHN BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
January 20, 2025.

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14152 of January 20, 2025

#### **Holding Former Government Officials Accountable for Election Interference and Improper Disclosure of Sensitive Governmental Information**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** In the closing weeks of the 2020 Presidential campaign, at least 51 former intelligence officials coordinated with the Biden campaign to issue a letter discrediting the reporting that President Joseph R. Biden's son had abandoned his laptop at a computer repair business. Signatories of the letter falsely suggested that the news story was part of a Russian disinformation campaign.

Before being issued, the letter was sent to the CIA Prepublication Classification Review Board, the body typically assigned to formally evaluate the sensitive nature of documents prior to publication. Senior CIA officials were made aware of the contents of the letter, and multiple signatories held clearances at the time and maintained ongoing contractual relationships with the CIA.

Federal policymakers must be able to rely on analysis conducted by the Intelligence Community and be confident that it is accurate, crafted with professionalism, and free from politically motivated engineering to affect political outcomes in the United States. The signatories willfully weaponized the gravitas of the Intelligence Community to manipulate the political process and undermine our democratic institutions. This fabrication of the imprimatur of the Intelligence Community to suppress information essential to the American people during a Presidential election is an egregious breach of trust reminiscent of a third world country. And now the faith of Americans in all other patriotic intelligence professionals who are sworn to protect the Nation has been imperiled.

National security is also damaged by the publication of classified information. Former National Security Advisor John R. Bolton published a memoir for monetary gain after he was terminated from his White House position in 2019. The book was rife with sensitive information drawn from his time in government. The memoir's reckless treatment of sensitive information undermined the ability of future presidents to request and obtain candid advice on matters of national security from their staff. Publication also created a grave risk that classified material was publicly exposed.

To remedy these abuses of the public trust, this Order directs the revocation of any active or current security clearances held by: (i) the former intelligence officials who engaged in misleading and inappropriate political coordination with the 2020 Biden presidential campaign; and (ii) John R. Bolton.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** (a) It is the policy of the United States to ensure that the Intelligence Community not be engaged in partisan politics or otherwise used by a U.S. political campaign for electioneering purposes. The term "Intelligence Community" has the meaning given the term in section 3003 of title 50, United States Code.

(b) It is the policy of the United States that individuals who hold government-issued security clearances should not use their clearance status to influence U.S. elections.

(c) It is the policy of the United States that classified information not be publicly disclosed in memoirs, especially those published for personal monetary gain.

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** (a) Effective immediately, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, shall revoke any current or active clearances held by the following individuals:

- (1) James R. Clapper Jr.
- (2) Michael V. Hayden
- (3) Leon E. Panetta
- (4) John O. Brennan
- (5) C. Thomas Fingar
- (6) Richard H. Ledgett Jr.
- (7) John E. McLaughlin
- (8) Michael J. Morell
- (9) Michael G. Vickers
- (10) Douglas H. Wise
- (11) Nicholas J. Rasmussen
- (12) Russell E. Travers
- (13) Andrew Liepman
- (14) John H. Moseman
- (15) Larry Pfeiffer
- (16) Jeremy B. Bash
- (17) Rodney Snyder
- (18) Glenn S. Gerstell
- (19) David B. Buckley
- (20) Nada G. Bakos
- (21) James B. Bruce
- (22) David S. Cariens
- (23) Janice Cariens
- (24) Paul R. Kolbe
- (25) Peter L. Corsell
- (26) Roger Z. George
- (27) Steven L. Hall
- (28) Kent Harrington
- (29) Don Hepburn
- (30) Timothy D. Kilbourn
- (31) Ronald A. Marks
- (32) Jonna H. Mendez
- (33) Emile Nakhleh
- (34) Gerald A. O'Shea
- (35) David Priess
- (36) Pamela Purcilly
- (37) Marc Polymeropoulos
- (38) Chris Savos

- (39) Nick Shapiro
- (40) John Sipher
- (41) Stephen B. Slick
- (42) Cynthia Strand
- (43) Greg Tarbell
- (44) David Terry
- (45) Gregory F. Treverton
- (46) John D. Tullius
- (47) David A. Vanell
- (48) Winston P. Wiley
- (49) Kristin Wood
- (50) John R. Bolton

Two signatories, Patty Patricia A. Brandmaeir and Brett Davis, are deceased.

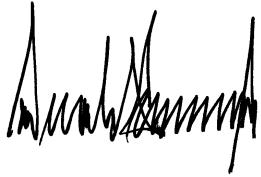
(b) Within 90 days of this order, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, shall submit a report to the President through the National Security Advisor that details:

- (i) any additional inappropriate activity that occurred within the Intelligence Community, by anyone contracted by the Intelligence Community or by anyone who held a security clearance, related to the letter signed by the 51 former intelligence officials;
- (ii) recommendations to prevent the Intelligence Community or anyone who works for or within it from inappropriately influencing domestic elections; and
- (iii) any disciplinary action—including the termination of security clearances—that should be taken against anyone who engaged in inappropriate conduct related to the letter signed by the 51 former intelligence officials.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized "J".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-01954  
Filed 1-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14151 of January 20, 2025

### Ending Radical and Wasteful Government DEI Programs and Preferencing

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** The Biden Administration forced illegal and immoral discrimination programs, going by the name “diversity, equity, and inclusion” (DEI), into virtually all aspects of the Federal Government, in areas ranging from airline safety to the military. This was a concerted effort stemming from President Biden’s first day in office, when he issued Executive Order 13985, “Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government.”

Pursuant to Executive Order 13985 and follow-on orders, nearly every Federal agency and entity submitted “Equity Action Plans” to detail the ways that they have furthered DEIs infiltration of the Federal Government. The public release of these plans demonstrated immense public waste and shameful discrimination. That ends today. Americans deserve a government committed to serving every person with equal dignity and respect, and to expending precious taxpayer resources only on making America great.

**Sec. 2. Implementation.** (a) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), assisted by the Attorney General and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management (OPM), shall coordinate the termination of all discriminatory programs, including illegal DEI and “diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility” (DEIA) mandates, policies, programs, preferences, and activities in the Federal Government, under whatever name they appear. To carry out this directive, the Director of OPM, with the assistance of the Attorney General as requested, shall review and revise, as appropriate, all existing Federal employment practices, union contracts, and training policies or programs to comply with this order. Federal employment practices, including Federal employee performance reviews, shall reward individual initiative, skills, performance, and hard work and shall not under any circumstances consider DEI or DEIA factors, goals, policies, mandates, or requirements.

(b) Each agency, department, or commission head, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Director of OMB, and the Director of OPM, as appropriate, shall take the following actions within sixty days of this order:

(i) terminate, to the maximum extent allowed by law, all DEI, DEIA, and “environmental justice” offices and positions (including but not limited to “Chief Diversity Officer” positions); all “equity action plans,” “equity” actions, initiatives, or programs, “equity-related” grants or contracts; and all DEI or DEIA performance requirements for employees, contractors, or grantees.

(ii) provide the Director of the OMB with a list of all:

(A) agency or department DEI, DEIA, or “environmental justice” positions, committees, programs, services, activities, budgets, and expenditures in existence on November 4, 2024, and an assessment of whether these positions, committees, programs, services, activities, budgets, and expenditures have been misleadingly relabeled in an attempt to preserve their pre-November 4, 2024 function;

(B) Federal contractors who have provided DEI training or DEI training materials to agency or department employees; and

(C) Federal grantees who received Federal funding to provide or advance DEI, DEIA, or “environmental justice” programs, services, or activities since January 20, 2021.

(iii) direct the deputy agency or department head to:

(A) assess the operational impact (e.g., the number of new DEI hires) and cost of the prior administration’s DEI, DEIA, and “environmental justice” programs and policies; and

(B) recommend actions, such as Congressional notifications under 28 U.S.C. 530D, to align agency or department programs, activities, policies, regulations, guidance, employment practices, enforcement activities, contracts (including set-asides), grants, consent orders, and litigating positions with the policy of equal dignity and respect identified in section 1 of this order. The agency or department head and the Director of OMB shall jointly ensure that the deputy agency or department head has the authority and resources needed to carry out this directive.

(c) To inform and advise the President, so that he may formulate appropriate and effective civil-rights policies for the Executive Branch, the Assistant to the President for Domestic Policy shall convene a monthly meeting attended by the Director of OMB, the Director of OPM, and each deputy agency or department head to:

(i) hear reports on the prevalence and the economic and social costs of DEI, DEIA, and “environmental justice” in agency or department programs, activities, policies, regulations, guidance, employment practices, enforcement activities, contracts (including set-asides), grants, consent orders, and litigating positions;

(ii) discuss any barriers to measures to comply with this order; and

(iii) monitor and track agency and department progress and identify potential areas for additional Presidential or legislative action to advance the policy of equal dignity and respect.

**Sec. 3. Severability.** If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.

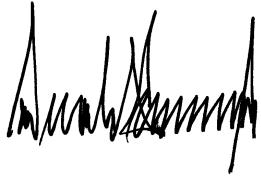
**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-01953  
Filed 1-28-25; 8:45 am]  
Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### **Executive Order 14150 of January 20, 2025**

### **America First Policy Directive to the Secretary of State**

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

**Section 1. Purpose.** From this day forward, the foreign policy of the United States shall champion core American interests and always put America and American citizens first.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** As soon as practicable, the Secretary of State shall issue guidance bringing the Department of State's policies, programs, personnel, and operations in line with an America First foreign policy, which puts America and its interests first.

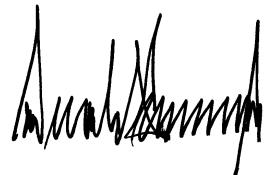
**Sec. 3. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14149 of January 20, 2025

### Restoring Freedom of Speech and Ending Federal Censorship

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The First Amendment to the United States Constitution, an amendment essential to the success of our Republic, enshrines the right of the American people to speak freely in the public square without Government interference. Over the last 4 years, the previous administration trampled free speech rights by censoring Americans' speech on online platforms, often by exerting substantial coercive pressure on third parties, such as social media companies, to moderate, deplatform, or otherwise suppress speech that the Federal Government did not approve. Under the guise of combatting "misinformation," "disinformation," and "malinformation," the Federal Government infringed on the constitutionally protected speech rights of American citizens across the United States in a manner that advanced the Government's preferred narrative about significant matters of public debate. Government censorship of speech is intolerable in a free society.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to:

- (a) secure the right of the American people to engage in constitutionally protected speech;
- (b) ensure that no Federal Government officer, employee, or agent engages in or facilitates any conduct that would unconstitutionally abridge the free speech of any American citizen;
- (c) ensure that no taxpayer resources are used to engage in or facilitate any conduct that would unconstitutionally abridge the free speech of any American citizen; and
- (d) identify and take appropriate action to correct past misconduct by the Federal Government related to censorship of protected speech.

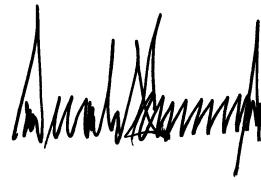
**Sec. 3. Ending Censorship of Protected Speech.** (a) No Federal department, agency, entity, officer, employee, or agent may act or use any Federal resources in a manner contrary to section 2 of this order.

(b) The Attorney General, in consultation with the heads of executive departments and agencies, shall investigate the activities of the Federal Government over the last 4 years that are inconsistent with the purposes and policies of this order and prepare a report to be submitted to the President, through the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy, with recommendations for appropriate remedial actions to be taken based on the findings of the report.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
  - (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.
- (b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.
- (c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party

against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized form of the name "BIDEN".

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

[FR Doc. 2025-01902

Filed 1-27-25; 8:45 am]

Billing code 3395-F4-P

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14148 of January 20, 2025

#### Initial Rescissions of Harmful Executive Orders and Actions

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose and Policy.** The previous administration has embedded deeply unpopular, inflationary, illegal, and radical practices within every agency and office of the Federal Government. The injection of “diversity, equity, and inclusion” (DEI) into our institutions has corrupted them by replacing hard work, merit, and equality with a divisive and dangerous preferential hierarchy. Orders to open the borders have endangered the American people and dissolved Federal, State, and local resources that should be used to benefit the American people. Climate extremism has exploded inflation and overburdened businesses with regulation.

To commence the policies that will make our Nation united, fair, safe, and prosperous again, it is the policy of the United States to restore common sense to the Federal Government and unleash the potential of the American citizen. The revocations within this order will be the first of many steps the United States Federal Government will take to repair our institutions and our economy.

**Sec. 2. Revocation of Orders and Actions.** The following executive actions are hereby revoked:

(a) Executive Order 13985 of January 20, 2021 (Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government).

(b) Executive Order 13986 of January 20, 2021 (Ensuring a Lawful and Accurate Enumeration and Apportionment Pursuant to the Decennial Census).

(c) Executive Order 13987 of January 20, 2021 (Organizing and Mobilizing the United States Government To Provide a Unified and Effective Response To Combat COVID-19 and To Provide United States Leadership on Global Health and Security).

(d) Executive Order 13988 of January 20, 2021 (Preventing and Combating Discrimination on the Basis of Gender Identity or Sexual Orientation).

(e) Executive Order 13989 of January 20, 2021 (Ethics Commitments by Executive Branch Personnel).

(f) Executive Order 13990 of January 20, 2021 (Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science To Tackle the Climate Crisis).

(g) Executive Order 13992 of January 20, 2021 (Revocation of Certain Executive Orders Concerning Federal Regulation).

(h) Executive Order 13993 of January 20, 2021 (Revision of Civil Immigration Enforcement Policies and Priorities).

(i) Executive Order 13995 of January 21, 2021 (Ensuring an Equitable Pandemic Response and Recovery).

(j) Executive Order 13996 of January 21, 2021 (Establishing the COVID-19 Pandemic Testing Board and Ensuring a Sustainable Public Health Workforce for COVID-19 and Other Biological Threats).

(k) Executive Order 13997 of January 21, 2021 (Improving and Expanding Access to Care and Treatments for COVID-19).

(l) Executive Order 13999 of January 21, 2021 (Protecting Worker Health and Safety).

(m) Executive Order 14000 of January 21, 2021 (Supporting the Reopening and Continuing Operation of Schools and Early Childhood Education Providers).

(n) Executive Order 14002 of January 22, 2021 (Economic Relief Related to the COVID-19 Pandemic).

(o) Executive Order 14003 of January 22, 2021 (Protecting the Federal Workforce).

(p) Executive Order 14004 of January 25, 2021 (Enabling All Qualified Americans To Serve Their Country in Uniform).

(q) Executive Order 14006 of January 26, 2021 (Reforming Our Incarceration System To Eliminate the Use of Privately Operated Criminal Detention Facilities).

(r) Executive Order 14007 of January 27, 2021 (President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology).

(s) Executive Order 14008 of January 27, 2021 (Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad).

(t) Executive Order 14009 of January 28, 2021 (Strengthening Medicaid and the Affordable Care Act).

(u) Executive Order 14010 of February 2, 2021 (Creating a Comprehensive Regional Framework To Address the Causes of Migration, To Manage Migration Throughout North and Central America, and To Provide Safe and Orderly Processing of Asylum Seekers at the United States Border).

(v) Executive Order 14011 of February 2, 2021 (Establishment of Interagency Task Force on the Reunification of Families).

(w) Executive Order 14012 of February 2, 2021 (Restoring Faith in Our Legal Immigration Systems and Strengthening Integration and Inclusion Efforts for New Americans).

(x) Executive Order 14013 of February 4, 2021 (Rebuilding and Enhancing Programs To Resettle Refugees and Planning for the Impact of Climate Change on Migration).

(y) Executive Order 14015 of February 14, 2021 (Establishment of the White House Office of Faith-Based and Neighborhood Partnerships).

(z) Executive Order 14018 of February 24, 2021 (Revocation of Certain Presidential Actions).

(aa) Executive Order 14019 of March 7, 2021 (Promoting Access to Voting).

(bb) Executive Order 14020 of March 8, 2021 (Establishment of the White House Gender Policy Council).

(cc) Executive Order 14021 of March 8, 2021 (Guaranteeing an Educational Environment Free From Discrimination on the Basis of Sex, Including Sexual Orientation or Gender Identity).

(dd) Executive Order 14022 of April 1, 2021 (Termination of Emergency With Respect to the International Criminal Court).

(ee) Executive Order 14023 of April 9, 2021 (Establishment of the Presidential Commission on the Supreme Court of the United States).

(ff) Executive Order 14027 of May 7, 2021 (Establishment of the Climate Change Support Office).

(gg) Executive Order 14029 of May 14, 2021 (Revocation of Certain Presidential Actions and Technical Amendment).

(hh) Executive Order 14030 of May 20, 2021 (Climate-Related Financial Risk).

- (ii) Executive Order 14031 of May 28, 2021 (Advancing Equity, Justice, and Opportunity for Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians, and Pacific Islanders).
- (jj) Executive Order 14035 of June 25, 2021 (Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Accessibility in the Federal Workforce).
- (kk) Executive Order 14037 of August 5, 2021 (Strengthening American Leadership in Clean Cars and Trucks).
- (ll) Executive Order 14044 of September 13, 2021 (Amending Executive Order 14007).
- (mm) Executive Order 14045 of September 13, 2021 (White House Initiative on Advancing Educational Equity, Excellence, and Economic Opportunity for Hispanics).
- (nn) Executive Order 14049 of October 11, 2021 (White House Initiative on Advancing Educational Equity, Excellence, and Economic Opportunity for Native Americans and Strengthening Tribal Colleges and Universities).
- (oo) Executive Order 14050 of October 19, 2021 (White House Initiative on Advancing Educational Equity, Excellence, and Economic Opportunity for Black Americans).
- (pp) Executive Order 14052 of November 15, 2021 (Implementation of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act).
- (qq) Executive Order 14055 of November 18, 2021 (Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers Under Service Contracts).
- (rr) Executive Order 14057 of December 8, 2021 (Catalyzing Clean Energy Industries and Jobs Through Federal Sustainability).
- (ss) Executive Order 14060 of December 15, 2021 (Establishing the United States Council on Transnational Organized Crime).
- (tt) Executive Order 14069 of March 15, 2022 (Advancing Economy, Efficiency, and Effectiveness in Federal Contracting by Promoting Pay Equity and Transparency).
- (uu) Executive Order 14070 of April 5, 2022 (Continuing To Strengthen Americans' Access to Affordable, Quality Health Coverage).
- (vv) Executive Order 14074 of May 25, 2022 (Advancing Effective, Accountable Policing and Criminal Justice Practices To Enhance Public Trust and Public Safety).
- (ww) Executive Order 14075 of June 15, 2022 (Advancing Equality for Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer, and Intersex Individuals).
- (xx) Executive Order 14082 of September 12, 2022 (Implementation of the Energy and Infrastructure Provisions of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022).
- (yy) Executive Order 14084 of September 30, 2022 (Promoting the Arts, the Humanities, and Museum and Library Services).
- (zz) Executive Order 14087 of October 14, 2022 (Lowering Prescription Drug Costs for Americans).
- (aaa) Executive Order 14089 of December 13, 2022 (Establishing the President's Advisory Council on African Diaspora Engagement in the United States).
- (bbb) Executive Order 14091 of February 16, 2023 (Further Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government).
- (ccc) The Presidential Memorandum of March 13, 2023 (Withdrawal of Certain Areas off the United States Arctic Coast of the Outer Continental Shelf from Oil or Gas Leasing).
- (ddd) Executive Order 14094 of April 6, 2023 (Modernizing Regulatory Review).

(eee) Executive Order 14096 of April 21, 2023 (Revitalizing Our Nation's Commitment to Environmental Justice for All).

(fff) Executive Order 14099 of May 9, 2023 (Moving Beyond COVID-19 Vaccination Requirements for Federal Workers).

(ggg) Executive Order 14110 of October 30, 2023 (Safe, Secure, and Trustworthy Development and Use of Artificial Intelligence).

(hhh) Executive Order 14115 of February 1, 2024 (Imposing Certain Sanctions on Persons Undermining Peace, Security, and Stability in the West Bank).

(iii) Executive Order 14124 of July 17, 2024 (White House Initiative on Advancing Educational Equity, Excellence, and Economic Opportunity Through Hispanic-Serving Institutions).

(jjj) Executive Order 14134 of January 3, 2025 (Providing an Order of Succession Within the Department of Agriculture).

(kkk) Executive Order 14135 of January 3, 2025 (Providing an Order of Succession Within the Department of Homeland Security).

(lll) Executive Order 14136 of January 3, 2025 (Providing an Order of Succession Within the Department of Justice).

(mmm) Executive Order 14137 of January 3, 2025 (Providing an Order of Succession Within the Department of the Treasury).

(nnn) Executive Order 14138 of January 3, 2025 (Providing an Order of Succession Within the Office of Management and Budget).

(ooo) Executive Order 14139 of January 3, 2025 (Providing an Order of Succession Within the Office of the National Cyber Director).

(ppp) The Presidential Memorandum of January 3, 2025 (Designation of Officials of the Council on Environmental Quality to Act as Chairman).

(qqq) The Presidential Memorandum of January 3, 2025 (Designation of Officials of the Office of Personnel Management to Act as Director).

(rrr) The Presidential Memorandum of January 3, 2025 (Designation of Officials of the Office of Science and Technology Policy to Act as Director).

(sss) The Presidential Memorandum of January 3, 2025 (Designation of Officials of the United States Agency for Global Media to Act as Chief Executive Officer).

(ttt) The Presidential Memorandum of January 3, 2025 (Designation of Officials of the United States Agency for International Development to Act as Administrator).

(uuu) The Presidential Memorandum of January 3, 2025 (Designation of Officials of the United States International Development Finance Corporation to Act as Chief Executive Officer).

(vvv) The Presidential Memorandum of January 6, 2025 (Withdrawal of Certain Areas of the United States Outer Continental Shelf from Oil or Natural Gas Leasing).

(www) The Presidential Memorandum of January 6, 2025 (Withdrawal of Certain Areas of the United States Outer Continental Shelf from Oil or Natural Gas Leasing).

(xxx) The Presidential Memorandum of January 14, 2025 (Certification of Rescission of Cuba's Designation as a State Sponsor of Terrorism).

(yyy) The Presidential Memorandum of January 14, 2025 (Revocation of National Security Presidential Memorandum 5).

(zzz) Executive Order 14143 of January 16, 2025 (Providing for the Appointment of Alumni of AmeriCorps to the Competitive Service).

**Sec. 3. Implementation.** (a) To effectuate the revocations described in section 2 of this order, the heads of each agency shall take immediate steps to end Federal implementation of unlawful and radical DEI ideology.

(b) The Director of the Domestic Policy Council (DPC) and the Director of the National Economic Council (NEC) shall review all Federal Government actions taken pursuant to the orders, memoranda, and proclamations listed in section 2 of this order and take necessary steps to rescind, replace, or amend such actions as appropriate. Within 45 days of the date of this order, the Director of the DPC and the Director of the NEC shall submit to the President an additional list of orders, memoranda, and proclamations issued by the prior administration that should be rescinded, as well as a list of replacement orders, memoranda, or proclamations, to increase American prosperity.

(c) The National Security Advisor (NSA) shall immediately begin a complete and thorough review of all National Security Memoranda (NSMs) issued from January 20, 2021, through January 20, 2025, for harm to national security, domestic resilience, and American values. No later than 45 days from the date of this order, the NSA shall recommend to the President NSMs for rescission.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.



THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*

## Presidential Documents

### Executive Order 14147 of January 20, 2025

### Ending the Weaponization of the Federal Government

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and section 301 of title 3, United States Code, it is hereby ordered as follows:

**Section 1. Purpose.** The American people have witnessed the previous administration engage in a systematic campaign against its perceived political opponents, weaponizing the legal force of numerous Federal law enforcement agencies and the Intelligence Community against those perceived political opponents in the form of investigations, prosecutions, civil enforcement actions, and other related actions. These actions appear oriented more toward inflicting political pain than toward pursuing actual justice or legitimate governmental objectives. Many of these activities appear to be inconsistent with the Constitution and/or the laws of the United States, including those activities directed at parents protesting at school board meetings, Americans who spoke out against the previous administration's actions, and other Americans who were simply exercising constitutionally protected rights.

The prior administration and allies throughout the country engaged in an unprecedented, third-world weaponization of prosecutorial power to upend the democratic process. It targeted individuals who voiced opposition to the prior administration's policies with numerous Federal investigations and politically motivated funding revocations, which cost Americans access to needed services. The Department of Justice even jailed an individual for posting a political meme. And while the Department of Justice has ruthlessly prosecuted more than 1,500 individuals associated with January 6, and simultaneously dropped nearly all cases against BLM rioters.

Therefore, this order sets forth a process to ensure accountability for the previous administration's weaponization of the Federal Government against the American people.

**Sec. 2. Policy.** It is the policy of the United States to identify and take appropriate action to correct past misconduct by the Federal Government related to the weaponization of law enforcement and the weaponization of the Intelligence Community.

**Sec. 3. Ending the Weaponization of the Federal Government.** (a) The Attorney General, in consultation with the heads of all departments and agencies of the United States, shall take appropriate action to review the activities of all departments and agencies exercising civil or criminal enforcement authority of the United States, including, but not limited to, the Department of Justice, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the Federal Trade Commission, over the last 4 years and identify any instances where a department's or agency's conduct appears to have been contrary to the purposes and policies of this order, and prepare a report to be submitted to the President, through the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and the Counsel to the President, with recommendations for appropriate remedial actions to be taken to fulfill the purposes and policies of this order.

(b) The Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the heads of the appropriate departments and agencies within the Intelligence Community, shall take all appropriate action to review the activities of the Intelligence Community over the last 4 years and identify any instances where the Intelligence Community's conduct appears to have been contrary to the purposes and policies of this order, and prepare a report to be submitted

to the President, through the Deputy Chief of Staff for Policy and the National Security Advisor, with recommendations for appropriate remedial actions to be taken to fulfill the purposes and policies of this order. The term "Intelligence Community" has the meaning given the term in section 3003 of title 50, United States Code.

(c) In furtherance of these policies, departments and agencies are directed to comply with applicable document-retention policies and legal obligations. Instances of noncompliance with document-retention policies or legal obligations will be referred to the Attorney General.

**Sec. 4. General Provisions.** (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be a stylized 'J' or a similar character, followed by a series of vertical and horizontal strokes.

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
*January 20, 2025.*