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portfoliobst.cpp
                  Tue May 03 15:25:15 2016
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#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "bst.h"
using namespace std;
//----
// Insert()
// Use Recursion to Properly Insert an Item into the BST
template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::insert(KeyType *x)
      if (root)
      {
            return insert_helper(root, x);
      root = new node<KeyType>(x);
template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::insert_helper(*root, KeyType* key)
      //create new node
      if (root->key >= key)
            if (root->left)
                  return insert_helper(root->left,key);
            else
                  root->left = new node<KeyType>(key);
      }
      else
            if(root->right)
                  return insert_helper(root->right, key);
            else
                  root->right = new node<KeyType>(key);
      }
// Use Recursion to Properly Return First Element with Key Equal to k
template <class KeyType>
KeyType *BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::get(const KeyType& x)
      return search_helper(root,key);
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template <class KeyType>
KeyType *BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::get_helper(node* root, const KeyType& key)
      if(root->key == key)
             return root;
      else
             if(root->key > key)
                   root = root->right;
                   if(root == NULL)
                          cout << "not in tree" << endl;</pre>
                          return -1;
                   else
                          return get helper(root,key);
             }
             else
                   root = root->left;
                   if(root == NULL)
                          cout << "not in tree" << endl;</pre>
                          return -1;
                    }
                   else
                          return get_helper(root,key);
             }
      }
// Use Recursion to Properly Return the Minimum Element in the BST
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::minimum()
      return minimum_helper(root);
template <class KeyType>
KeyType *BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::minimum_helper(node* root)
      if(root == NULL)
             cout << "empty tree" << endl;</pre>
             return NULL;
      else if(root->left)
             return minimum_helper(root->left);
      else
             return root->key;
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// Maximum()
// Use Recursion to Properly Return the Maximum Element in the BST
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::maximum()
      return maximum_helper(root);
template <class KeyType>
KeyType *BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::maximum_helper(node* root)
      if(root == NULL)
            cout << "empty tree" << endl;</pre>
            return NULL;
      else if(root->right)
            return maximum_helper(root.right);
      else
            return root->key;
// inOrder()
// Use Recursion to Properly Return String of Elements From an Inorder Traversal
template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::inOrder()
      return inOrder_helper(root);
}
template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::inOrder_helper(node* root)
      if( root == NULL)
            cout << "empty tree" << endl;</pre>
            return -1;
      inOrder_helper(root->left);
      cout << root << key;</pre>
      inOrder_helper(root->right);
//----
// Use Recursion to Properly Return String of Elements From an Preorder Traversal
template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::preOrder()
      return preOrder_helper(root);
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template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::preOrder_helper(node* root)
      if( root == NULL)
             cout << "empty tree" << endl;</pre>
             return -1;
      cout << root << key;</pre>
      preOrder_helper(root->left);
      preOrder_helper(root->right);
}
// inOrder()
// Use Recursion to Properly Return String of Elements From an Postorder Traversal
//----
template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::postOrder()
      return postOrder_helper(root);
template <class KeyType>
void BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::postOrder_helper(node* root)
      if( root == NULL)
             cout << "empty tree" << endl;</pre>
             return -1;
      postOrder_helper(root->left);
      postOrder_helper(root->right);
      cout << root << key;</pre>
}
// Predecessor()
// Use Recursion to Properly Return the Predecessor of x
//-----
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::predecessor(const KeyType& x)
      predecessor_helper(x, root);
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::predecessor_helper(const KeyType& x, node* root)
      if (x->left)
             return maximum_helper(x->left);
      else
             struct node *p = x->parent;
             while( p != NULL \&\& x == p->left)
                    x = p;
                    p = p->parent;
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return p;
      }
//----
// Use Recursion to Properly Return the Successor of \mathbf{x}
//----
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::successor(const KeyType& x)
      successor_helper(x, root);
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* BinarySearchTree<KeyType>::successor_helper(const KeyType& x, node* root)
                          //x has a right child
      if (x->right)
             return minimum_helper(x->right);
      else
                                       // successor is above x in tree
             struct node *p = x->parent;
             while(p != NULL \&\& x == p->right)
                   x = p;
                   p = p->parent;
             }
             return p;
      }
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