

Operations on Array

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Basic Operations on Array

- **Traverse** – Access the array elements so that the data can be checked or used as part of a process.
- **Insertion** – Adds an element at the given index.
- **Deletion** – Deletes an element at the given index.
- **Search** – Searches an element using the given index or by the value.
- **Update** – Updates an element at the given index.
- **Sorting**- Arranging the elements

Traverse and Print

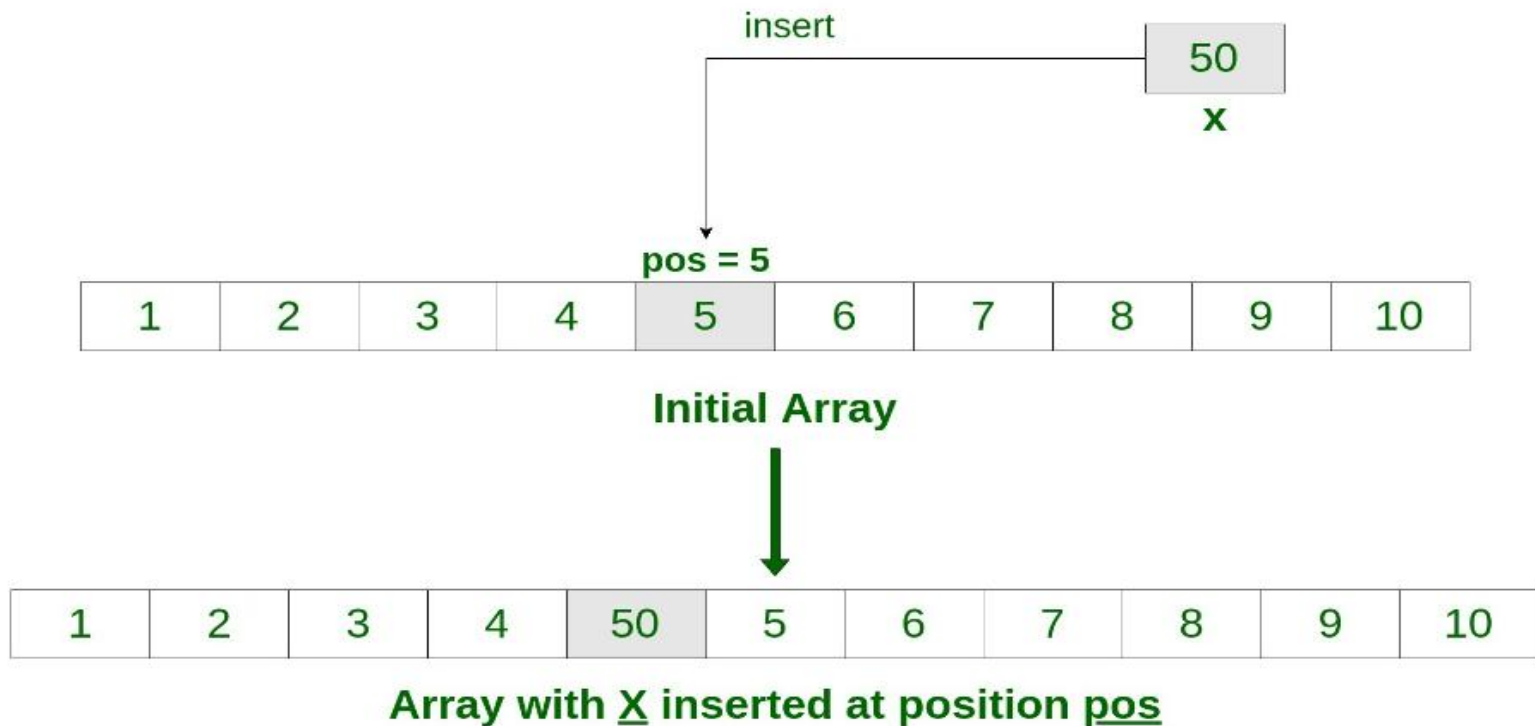
```
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int i=0;
    int marks[5]={20,30,40,50,60};
    //traverse and print array elements
    for(i=0;i<5;i++){
        printf("%d \n",marks[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Insertion in Array

50 inserted at 5th position

Insert an element at a specific position in an Array.



Insertion: Program to insert into array

```
//Program to insert into an array
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int array[100], position, c, n, value;
    printf("Enter number of elements
    in array\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d elements\n", n);
    for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
        scanf("%d", &array[c]);
```

```
    printf("Enter the location where you
    wish to insert an element\n");
    scanf("%d", &position);
    printf("Enter the value to insert\n");
    scanf("%d", &value);
    for (c = n - 1; c >= position - 1; c--)
        array[c+1] = array[c];
    array[position-1] = value;
    printf("Resultant array is\n");
    for (c = 0; c <= n; c++)
        printf("%d\n", array[c]);
    return 0;
}
```

Output

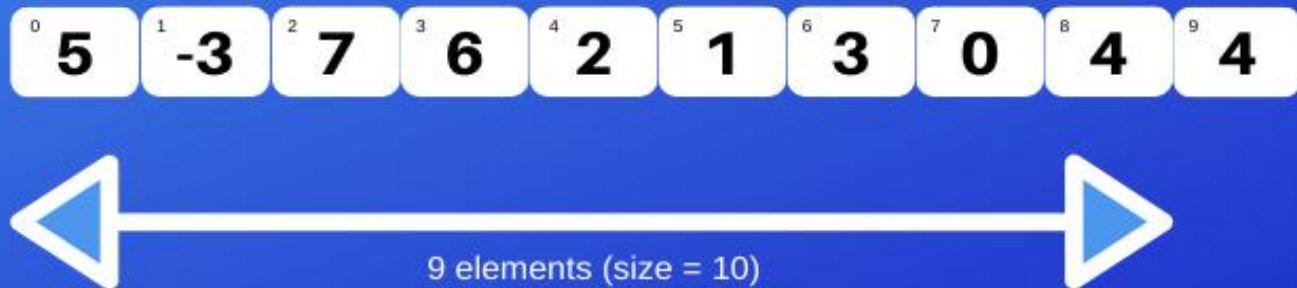
```
Enter number of elements in array
5
Enter 5 elements
2
5
4
3
8
Enter the location where you wish to insert an element
4
Enter the value to insert
10
Resultant array is
2
5
4
10
3
8
```

Delete element from an array

Array



Array after deleting element at index 6



programmingsimplified.com

Program remove element from array C

```
//delete from array
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int array[100], position, c, n;
    printf("Enter number of
    elements in array\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d elements\n",
    n);
    for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
        scanf("%d", &array[c]);
    printf("Enter the location where
    you wish to delete
    element\n");
    scanf("%d", &position);
```

```
    if (position >= n+1)
        printf("Deletion not
        possible.\n");
    else
    {
        for (c = position - 1; c < n - 1;
        c++)
            array[c] = array[c+1];
        printf("Resultant array:\n");
        for (c = 0; c < n - 1; c++)
            printf("%d\n", array[c]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```


Output

```
Enter number of elements in array
5
Enter 5 elements
4
6
8
10
7
Enter the location where you wish to delete element
2
Resultant array is
4
8
10
7
```

Sorting Descending order

```
// sorting in array using bubble sorting
#include<stdio.h>
void main ()
{
    int i, j, temp;
    int a[10] = { 10, 9, 7, 101, 23, 44, 12, 78, 34, 23};
    for(i = 0; i<10; i++)
    {
        for(j = i+1; j<10; j++)
        {
            if(a[j] > a[i])
            {
                temp = a[i];
                a[i] = a[j];
                a[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("Printing Sorted Element List ...\n");
    for(i = 0; i<10; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\n", a[i]);
    }
}
```

Sorting in ascending order

```
// sorting in array using bubble sorting
#include<stdio.h>
void main ()
{
    int i, j, temp;
    int a[10] = { 10, 9, 7, 101, 23, 44, 12, 78, 34, 23};
    for(i = 0; i<10; i++)
    {
        for(j = i+1; j<10; j++)
        {
            if(a[j] < a[i])
            {
                temp = a[i];
                a[i] = a[j];
                a[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("Printing Sorted Element List ...\n");
    for(i = 0; i<10; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\n", a[i]);
    }
}
```