

Collection of Results

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All results in this document pertain to the SCS dataset. All window sizes are 120 months. The out-of-sample start date is January 1, 2005. Recall that we study a three-dimensional tensor \mathcal{R} of excess returns ie. returns minus the risk-free rate, where

$$\mathcal{R}_{t,l,i} \quad t = 1, \dots, T, l = 1, \dots, L, i = 1, \dots, N, \quad (1)$$

Residuals are defined as differences between returns and the factor model's implied returns. For the tensor model, this is

$$\epsilon_{t,l,i} = \mathcal{R}_{t,l,i} - \sum_{k=1}^K \lambda_k F_{t,k} W_{l,k} B_{i,k} \quad (2)$$

NOTE: there is a slight issue with our statistics related to our PCA estimator. We're doing it in a PooledPCA fashion, which we eliminated from the multiperiod section of our results, so this would be inconsistent.

1. In-sample evaluations

- Reconstruction error as a function of K and L for unconstrained, orthogonal tensor models and also as a function of rank for PCA model.

$$\epsilon_{rc} = 1 - \frac{\|\mathcal{R} - \mathcal{R}_{rc}\|_F^2}{\|\mathcal{R}\|_F^2} \quad (3)$$

- Excess alpha. First we define pricing errors for a single asset across time as

$$\alpha_{l,i} = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T \epsilon_{t,l,i} \quad (4)$$

Then it follows that excess alpha for all assets and lags is

$$\text{XS-}\alpha = \frac{1}{NL} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{l=1}^L \alpha_{l,i}^2} \quad (5)$$

- Similarly, for a single asset, the unexplained variance over time is

$$\sigma_{\epsilon,l,i}^2 = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T \epsilon_{t,l,i}^2 - \alpha_{l,i}^2 \quad (6)$$

It follows that the normalized averaged unexplained variance is

$$\sigma_{\epsilon} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{NL} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{l=1}^L \sigma_{\epsilon,l,i}^2} / \sqrt{\frac{1}{NL} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{l=1}^L [\text{Var}_t(\mathcal{R})]_{l,i}} \quad (7)$$

- Pricing errors
 - Term structure of fitted mean returns for the models?
2. Out-of-sample evals
 - Reconstruction errors
 - Excess alphas
 - Normalized unexplained variances
 3. Multiperiod results - unconstrained TFM, Naive, Hor1, Orthogonal, PCA, and RP-PCA (note to self: make the axis the same for all plots in this 2x3)
 4. Tensor model visualizations and economic content