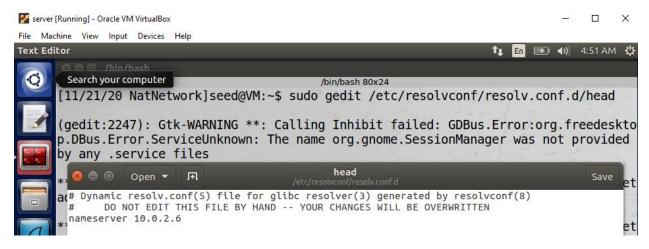
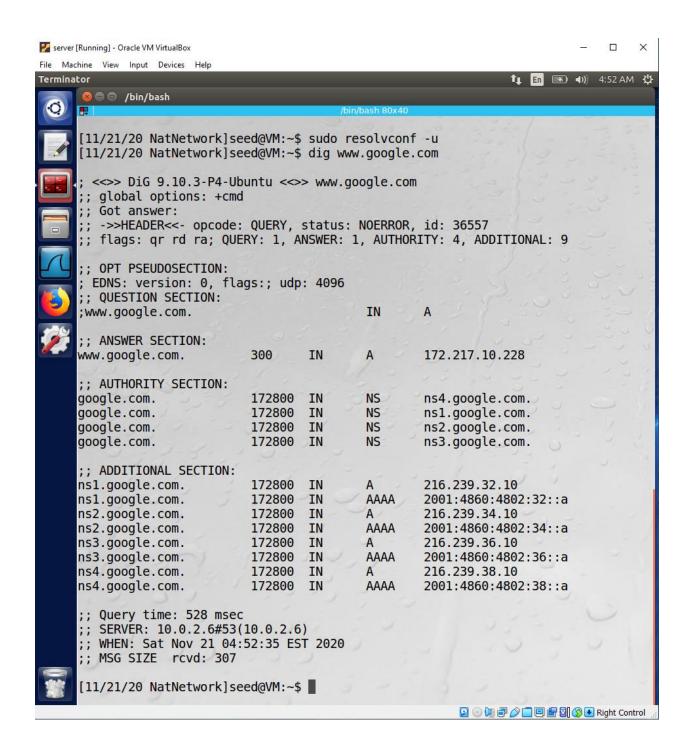
- Lab Tasks (Part I): Setting Up a Local DNS Server
- User machine's IP address: 10.0.2.4
- DNS Server's IP address: 10.0.2.6
- Attacker's IP address: 10.0.2.5

2.1 Task 1: Configure the User Machine

- Add an entry (nameserver 10.0.2.6) to /etc/resolvconf/resolv.conf.d/head

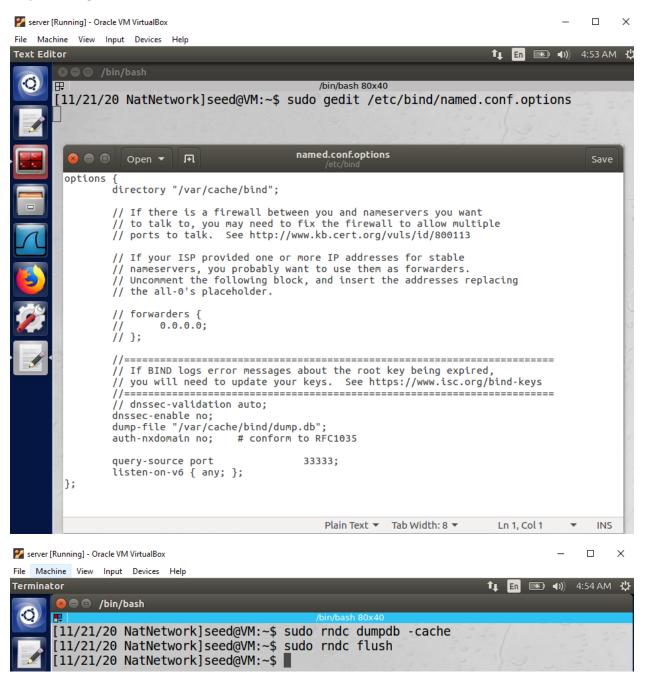


- Run command for the change to take effect, check if the response is from the server
- Evidence line: "SERVER: 10.0.2.6#53(10.0.2.6)"

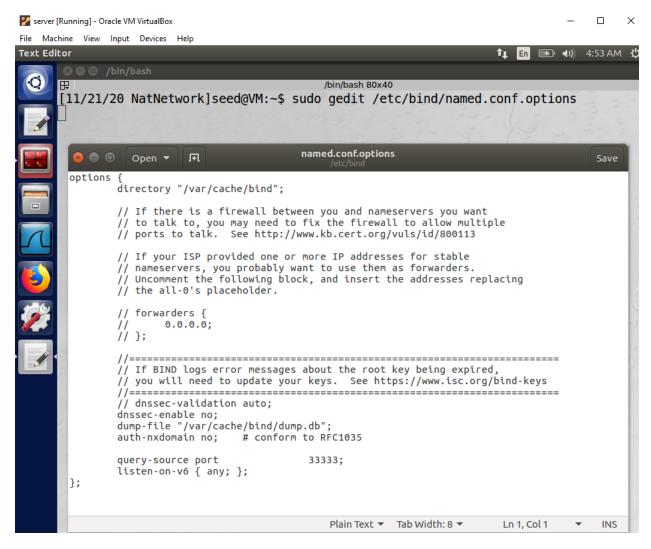


2.2 Task 2: Set up a Local DNS Server

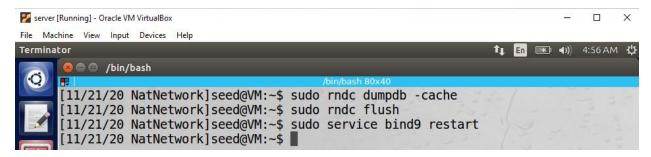
Step 1: Configure the BIND 9 server.



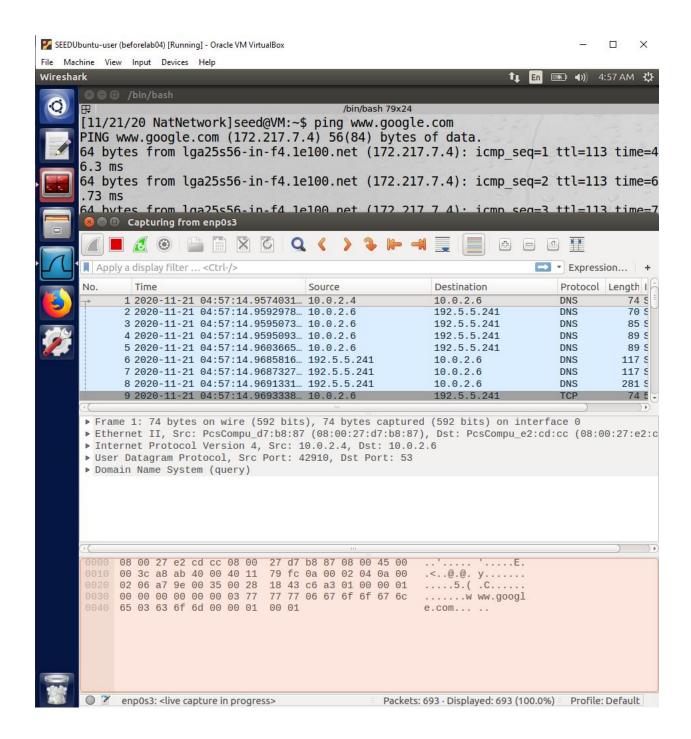
Step 2: Turn off DNSSEC.



Step 3: Start DNS server.



Step 4: Use the DNS server

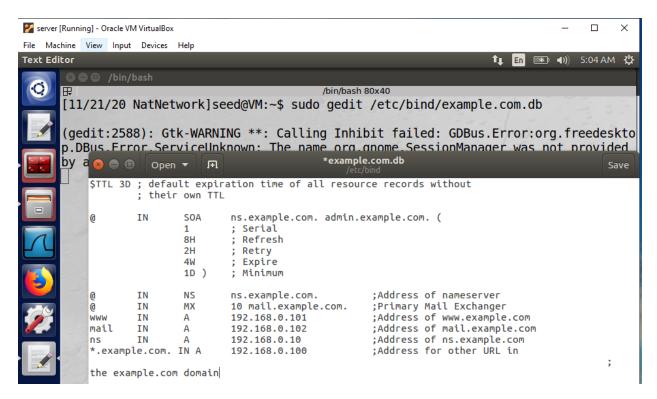


2.3 Task 3: Host a Zone in the Local DNS Server

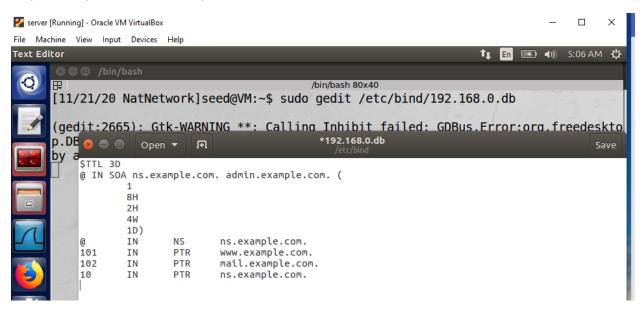
Step 1: Create zones.

```
server [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
                                                                                                                            ×
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Text Editor
                                                                 /bin/bash 80x40
        [11/21/20 NatNetwork]seed@VM:~$ sudo gedit /etc/bind/named.conf
         (gedit:2490): Gtk-WARNING **: Calling Inhibit failed: GDBus Frror:org freedeskto
                                                                     named.conf
        p.DB ⊗ ⊜ □ Open ▼ □
        by a _{//} This is the primary configuration file for the BIND DNS server named.
        ** (// Please read /usr/share/doc/bind9/README.Debian.gz for information on the adat// structure of BIND configuration files in Debian, *BEFORE* you customize // this configuration file.
             (^\prime)^\prime If you are just adding zones, please do that in /etc/bind/named.conf.local
        adat
              include "/etc/bind/named.conf.options";
include "/etc/bind/named.conf.local";
include "/etc/bind/named.conf.default-zones";
               zone "example.com" {
                         type master;
                         file "/etc/bind/example.com.db";
               };
              zone "0.168.192.in-addr.arpa" {
                        type master;
file "/etc/bind/192.168.0.db";
               };
```

Step 2: Setup the forward lookup zone file.

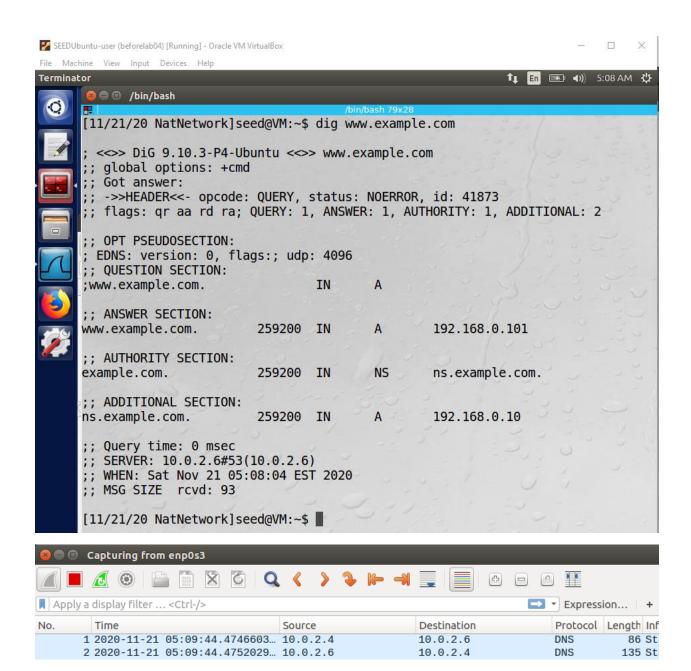


Step 3: Set up the reverse lookup zone file.



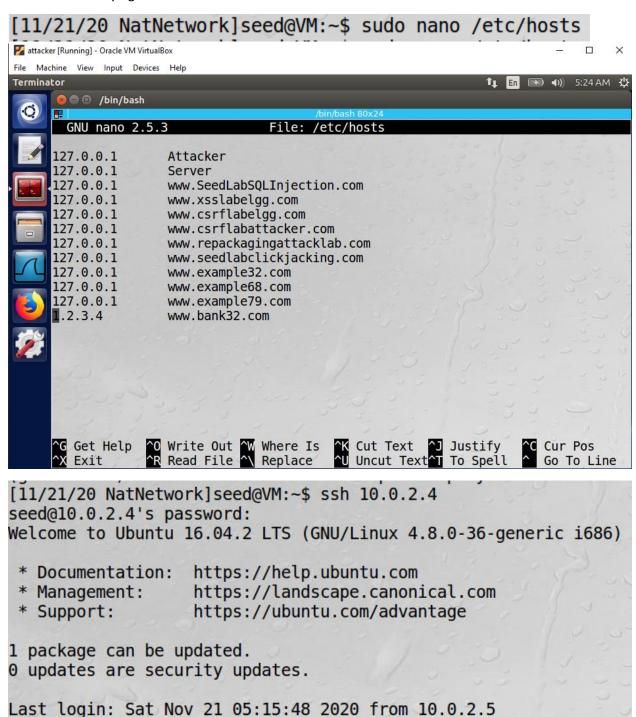
Step 4: Restart the BIND server and test.



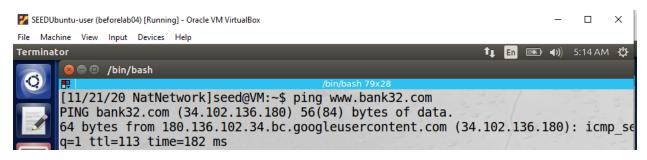


Lab Tasks (Part II): Attacks on DNS

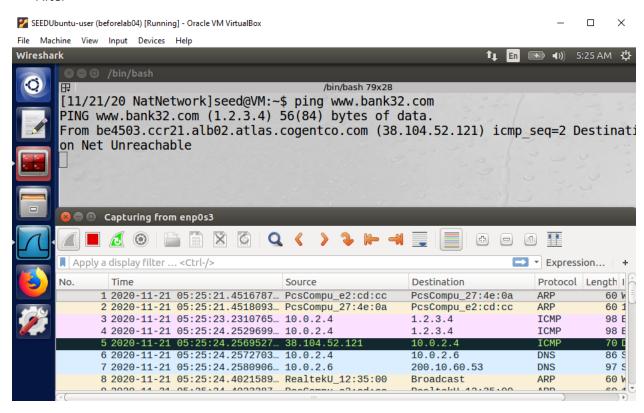
3.1 Task 4: Modifying the Host File



- Before

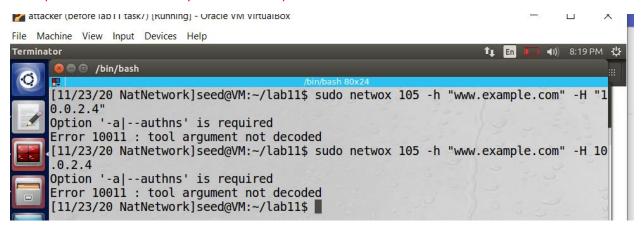


- After

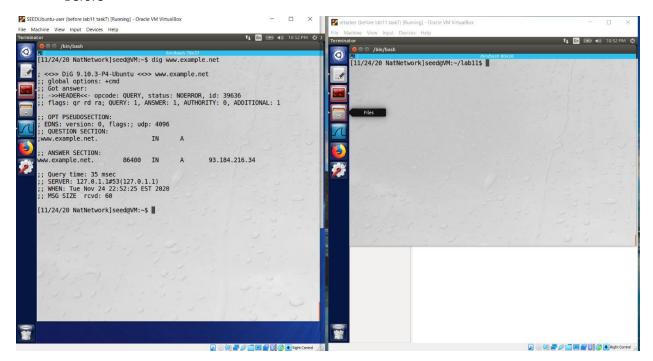


3.2 Task 5: Directly Spoofing Response to User

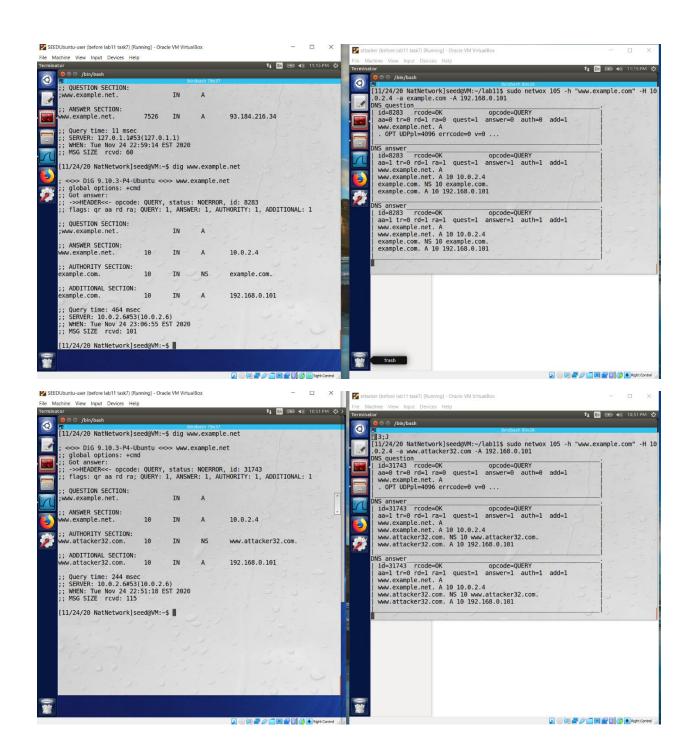
* parameters for authority section are required.



Before

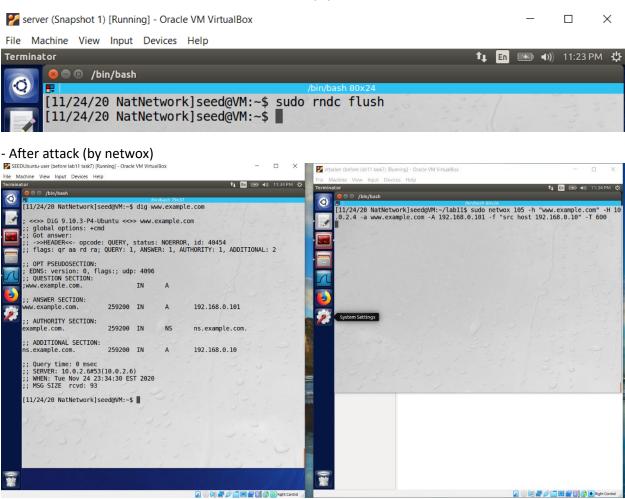


 After – Attacker(right side) was able to see the spoofed information once the user(left side) dig www.example.com, server is still shown 10.0.2.6

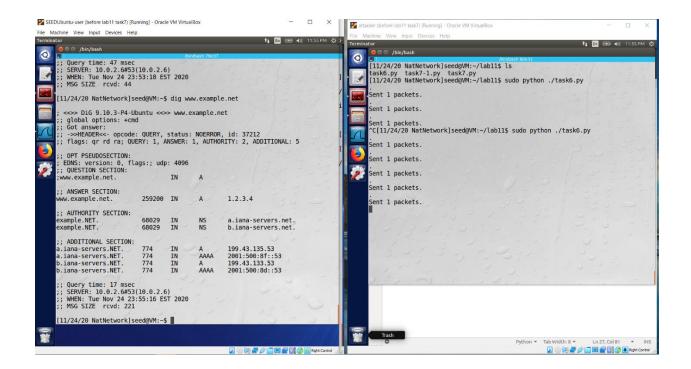


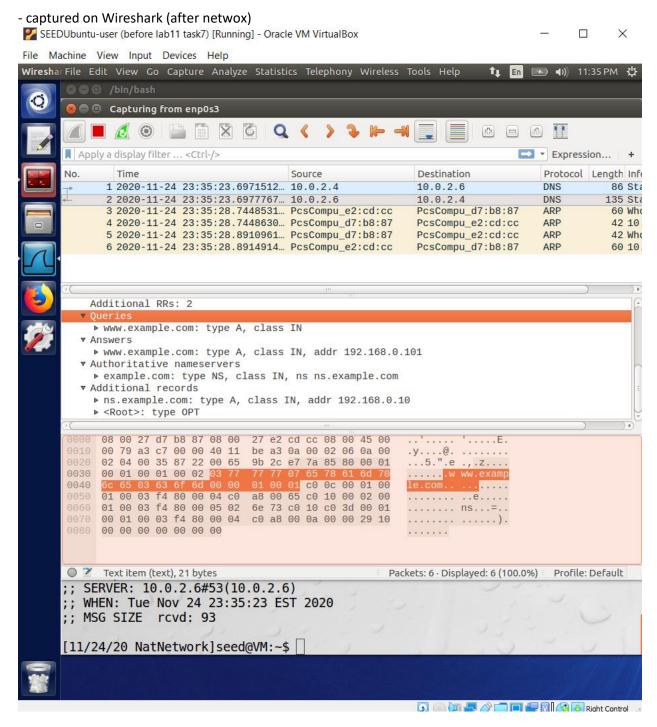
3.3 Task 6: DNS Cache Poisoning Attack

- to make sure that the DNS Server's cache is empty

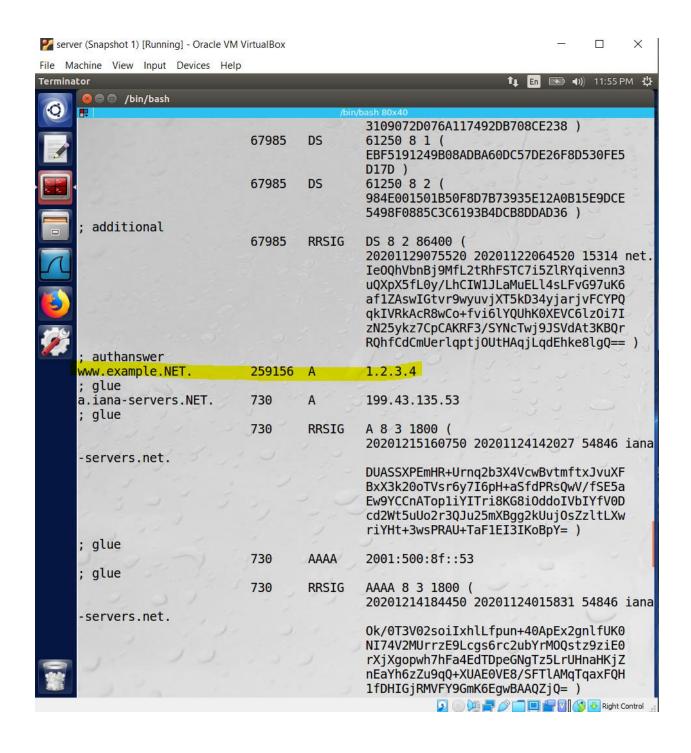


- attack by running a python program (used different IP address to make sure the change take effect)

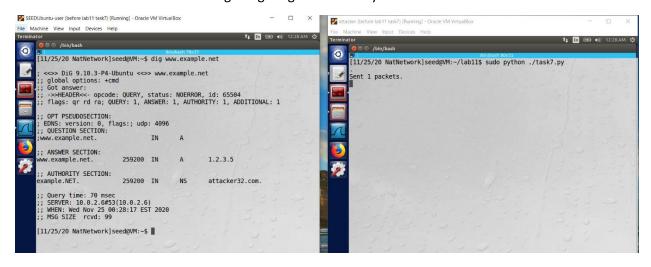




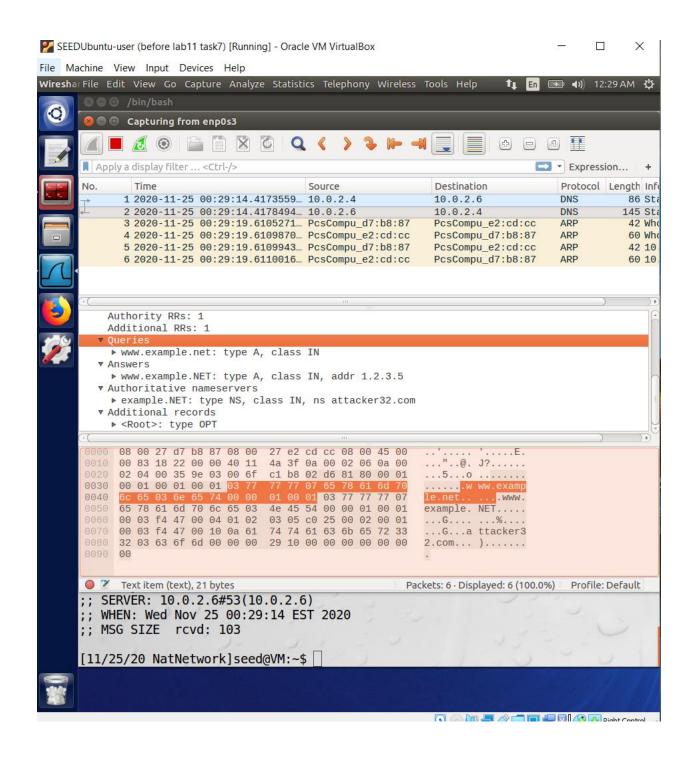
- on server's machine (after python approach)



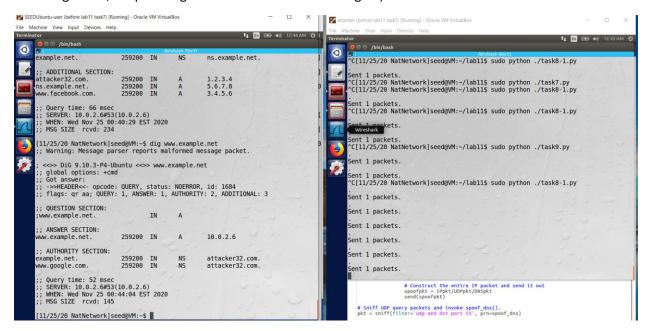
3.4 Task 7: DNS Cache Poisoning: Targeting the Authority Section



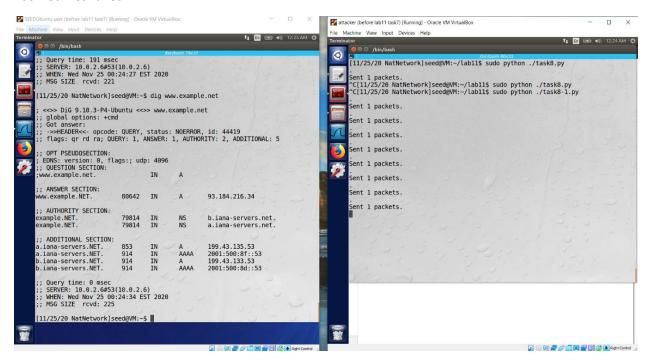
- Captured on Wireshark

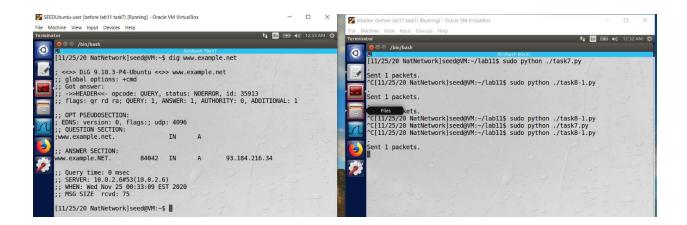


- 3.5 Task 8: Targeting Another Domain
- * CRITICAL ISSUES FROM **TASK 7**: getting different result for each attempt with the same python program running
- made sure the DNS server's cache is empty before launching each attack
- sometimes succeeded to attack (I actually succeeded to attack only once. Even after I got the following result, I kept failing to launch the same attack again)

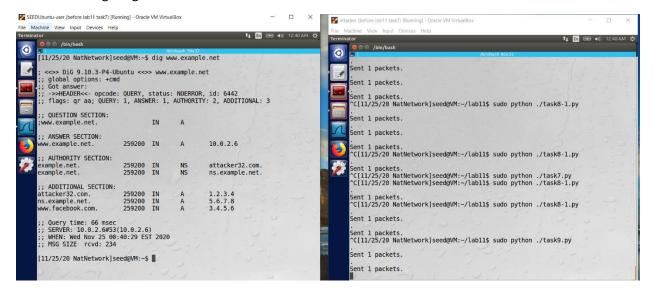


- sometimes failed





3.6 Task 9: Targeting the Additional Section



- Dump and view the DNS server's cache
- Entry for Facebook was not cached

```
[11/25/20 NatNetwork]seed@VM:~$ sudo rndc dumpdb -cache
[11/25/20 NatNetwork]seed@VM:~$ sudo cat /var/cache/bind/dump.db
 Start view default
; Cache dump of view ' default' (cache default)
$DATE 20201125054133
: additional
attacker32.com.
                        259124
                                IN A
                                        1.2.3.4
; authauthority
                                NS
                                        ns.example.net.
example.NET.
                        259124
                        259124
                                NS
                                        attacker32.com.
; additional
ns.example.NET.
                        259124
                                        5.6.7.8
; authanswer
www.example.NET.
                        259124 A
                                        10.0.2.6
 Address database dump
```