Assignment Six
Keyneisha Davion Mcnealey
Professor Othman
April 13, 2025

Course structure/object is defined as:

Code snippet

STRUCTURE Course

TEXT courseNumber

TEXT courseTitle

ARRAY of TEXT prerequisites

END STRUCTURE

Pseudocode

A. Resubmitted and Updated Pseudocode

1. Vector

• Pseudocode for Opening, Reading, Parsing, and Validating the File

FUNCTION loadCourseDataIntoVector(fileName AS TEXT) RETURNS VECTOR of Course

DECLARE courseVector AS VECTOR of Course

OPEN fileName FOR READING

IF FILE OPEN ERROR THEN

DISPLAY "Error: Could not open file " + fileName

RETURN courseVector

ENDIF

WHILE NOT END OF FILE(fileName) DO

DECLARE line AS TEXT

READLINE fileName INTO line

DECLARE parts AS ARRAY of TEXT

parts = SPLIT(line, ",")

IF LENGTH(parts) < 2 THEN

DISPLAY "Error: Invalid line format: " + line

CONTINUE

ENDIF

DECLARE courseNumber AS TEXT

DECLARE courseTitle AS TEXT

```
courseNumber = TRIM(parts[0])
    courseTitle = TRIM(parts[1])
    DECLARE currentCourse AS Course
    currentCourse.courseNumber = courseNumber
    currentCourse.courseTitle = courseTitle
    DECLARE prerequisites AS ARRAY of TEXT
    prerequisites = CREATE_EMPTY_ARRAY
    FOR i = 2 TO LENGTH(parts) - 1 DO
      DECLARE prereqNumber AS TEXT
      prereqNumber = TRIM(parts[i])
     // Validation: Check if prerequisite exists (inefficient in vector)
      DECLARE found AS BOOLEAN
      found = FALSE
      FOR EACH course IN courseVector DO
        IF course.courseNumber == prereqNumber THEN
          found = TRUE
          BREAK
        ENDIF
      ENDFOR
      IF NOT found THEN
        DISPLAY "Error: Prerequisite " + prereqNumber + " does not exist for
course " + courseNumber
        CONTINUE
     ENDIF
     APPEND prereqNumber TO prerequisites
    ENDFOR
   currentCourse.prerequisites = prerequisites
    APPEND currentCourse TO courseVector
 ENDWHILE
 CLOSE fileName
  RETURN courseVector
END FUNCTION
```

Pseudocode to Show How to Create Course Objects and Store Them

```
//(Inside loadCourseDataIntoVector)
DECLARE currentCourse AS Course
currentCourse.courseNumber = courseNumber
currentCourse.courseTitle = courseTitle
currentCourse.prerequisites = prerequisites
APPEND currentCourse TO courseVector
```

• Pseudocode to Print Out Course Information and Prerequisites

```
FUNCTION printCourseInfo(courses AS VECTOR of Course, courseNumberToFind AS TEXT)
```

```
DECLARE found AS BOOLEAN
found = FALSE
FOR EACH course IN courses DO
  IF course.courseNumber == courseNumberToFind THEN
    found = TRUE
    DISPLAY "Course Number: " + course.courseNumber
    DISPLAY "Course Title: " + course.courseTitle
    IF LENGTH(course.prerequisites) > 0 THEN
      DISPLAY "Prerequisites:"
      FOR EACH prereq IN course.prerequisites DO
        DISPLAY " - " + prereq
      ENDFOR
    ELSE
      DISPLAY " No prerequisites."
    ENDIF
    BREAK
  ENDIF
ENDFOR
IF NOT found THEN
  DISPLAY "Course " + courseNumberToFind + " not found."
ENDIF
```

END FUNCTION

2. Hash Table

Pseudocode for Opening, Reading, Parsing, and Validating the File

```
FUNCTION loadCourseDataIntoHashTable(fileName AS TEXT) RETURNS
HASH TABLE<TEXT, Course>
  DECLARE courseHashTable AS HASH TABLE<TEXT, Course>
 OPEN fileName FOR READING
 IF FILE OPEN ERROR THEN
    DISPLAY "Error: Could not open file " + fileName
    RETURN courseHashTable
 ENDIF
 WHILE NOT END OF FILE(fileName) DO
    DECLARE line AS TEXT
    READLINE fileName INTO line
    DECLARE parts AS ARRAY of TEXT
    parts = SPLIT(line, ",")
    IF LENGTH(parts) < 2 THEN
      DISPLAY "Error: Invalid line format: " + line
      CONTINUE
    ENDIF
    DECLARE courseNumber AS TEXT
    DECLARE courseTitle AS TEXT
    courseNumber = TRIM(parts[0])
    courseTitle = TRIM(parts[1])
    DECLARE currentCourse AS Course
    currentCourse.courseNumber = courseNumber
    currentCourse.courseTitle = courseTitle
    DECLARE prerequisites AS ARRAY of TEXT
    prerequisites = CREATE EMPTY ARRAY
```

FOR i = 2 TO LENGTH(parts) - 1 DO

```
DECLARE prereqNumber AS TEXT
prereqNumber = TRIM(parts[i])

// Validation: Check if prerequisite exists
IF NOT courseHashTable.contains(prereqNumber) THEN
DISPLAY "Error: Prerequisite " + prereqNumber + " does not exist for course " + courseNumber
CONTINUE
ENDIF

APPEND prereqNumber TO prerequisites
ENDFOR
currentCourse.prerequisites = prerequisites

courseHashTable.insert(courseNumber, currentCourse)
ENDWHILE

CLOSE fileName
RETURN courseHashTable
```

Pseudocode to Show How to Create Course Objects and Store Them

//(Inside loadCourseDataIntoHashTable)
DECLARE currentCourse AS Course
currentCourse.courseNumber = courseNumber
currentCourse.courseTitle = courseTitle
currentCourse.prerequisites = prerequisites
courseHashTable.insert(courseNumber, currentCourse)

END FUNCTION

Pseudocode to Print Out Course Information and Prerequisites

FUNCTION printCourseInfo(courses AS HASH_TABLE<TEXT, Course>, courseNumberToFind AS TEXT)

IF courses.contains(courseNumberToFind) THEN DECLARE foundCourse AS Course

foundCourse = courses.get(courseNumberToFind)

DISPLAY "Course Number: " + foundCourse.courseNumber

```
DISPLAY "Course Title: " + foundCourse.courseTitle
        IF LENGTH(foundCourse.prerequisites) > 0 THEN
          DISPLAY "Prerequisites:"
          FOR EACH prereq IN foundCourse.prerequisites DO
            DISPLAY " - " + prereq
          ENDFOR
        ELSE
          DISPLAY " No prerequisites."
        ENDIF
     ELSE
        DISPLAY "Course " + courseNumberToFind + " not found."
     ENDIF
    END FUNCTION
3. Binary Search Tree
   Pseudocode for Opening, Reading, Parsing, and Validating the File
    FUNCTION loadCourseDataIntoTree(fileName AS TEXT) RETURNS
    BinarySearchTree
      DECLARE courseTree AS BinarySearchTree
     OPEN fileName FOR READING
     IF FILE OPEN ERROR THEN
        DISPLAY "Error: Could not open file " + fileName
        RETURN courseTree
     ENDIF
     WHILE NOT END OF FILE(fileName) DO
        DECLARE line AS TEXT
        READLINE fileName INTO line
        DECLARE parts AS ARRAY of TEXT
        parts = SPLIT(line, ",")
        IF LENGTH(parts) < 2 THEN
          DISPLAY "Error: Invalid line format: " + line
```

CONTINUE

```
ENDIF
    DECLARE courseNumber AS TEXT
    DECLARE courseTitle AS TEXT
    courseNumber = TRIM(parts[0])
    courseTitle = TRIM(parts[1])
    DECLARE currentCourse AS Course
    currentCourse.courseNumber = courseNumber
    currentCourse.courseTitle = courseTitle
    DECLARE prerequisites AS ARRAY of TEXT
    prerequisites = CREATE_EMPTY_ARRAY
    FOR i = 2 TO LENGTH(parts) - 1 DO
      DECLARE prereqNumber AS TEXT
      prereqNumber = TRIM(parts[i])
      // Validation: Check if prerequisite exists
      IF NOT courseTree.contains(prereqNumber) THEN
        DISPLAY "Error: Prerequisite " + prereqNumber + " does not exist for
course " + courseNumber
        CONTINUE
      ENDIF
      APPEND prereqNumber TO prerequisites
    ENDFOR
    currentCourse.prerequisites = prerequisites
    courseTree.insert(currentCourse)
 ENDWHILE
 CLOSE fileName
  RETURN courseTree
END FUNCTION
```

Pseudocode to Show How to Create Course Objects and Store Them

//(Inside loadCourseDataIntoTree)

DECLARE currentCourse AS Course currentCourse.courseNumber = courseNumber currentCourse.courseTitle = courseTitle currentCourse.prerequisites = prerequisites courseTree.insert(currentCourse)

Pseudocode to Print Out Course Information and Prerequisites

```
FUNCTION printCourseInfo(courseTree AS BinarySearchTree,
courseNumberToFind AS TEXT)
  DECLARE foundCourse AS Course
 foundCourse = courseTree.search(courseNumberToFind)
 IF foundCourse.courseNumber is empty THEN // Check if courseNumber is
empty (or some other indicator of not found)
    DISPLAY "Course " + courseNumberToFind + " not found."
    RETURN
 ENDIF
 DISPLAY "Course Number: " + foundCourse.courseNumber
 DISPLAY "Course Title: " + foundCourse.courseTitle
 IF LENGTH(foundCourse.prerequisites) > 0 THEN
    DISPLAY "Prerequisites:"
    FOR EACH prereq IN foundCourse.prerequisites DO
      DISPLAY " - " + prereq
    ENDFOR
 ELSE
    DISPLAY " No prerequisites."
 ENDIF
END FUNCTION
```

B. Pseudocode for Menu

FUNCTION main()

```
DECLARE courses AS DataStructure // Change DataStructure based on
implementation (Vector, HashTable, BinarySearchTree)
  DECLARE fileName AS TEXT
  DECLARE userChoice AS INTEGER
  DECLARE searchCourseNumber AS TEXT
fileName = "courses.txt" // Or get from user input
  WHILE userChoice != 9 DO
    DISPLAY "Menu:"
    DISPLAY "1. Load Course Data"
    DISPLAY "2. Print Course List (Alphanumeric)"
    DISPLAY "3. Print Course Information"
    DISPLAY "9. Exit"
    PROMPT "Enter choice: "
    READ userChoice
    SWITCH userChoice
      CASE 1:
        courses = loadCourseData(fileName) // Call the appropriate load function
        BREAK
      CASE 2:
        printSortedCourseList(courses) // Call the appropriate print function
        BREAK
      CASE 3:
        PROMPT "Enter course number: "
        READ searchCourseNumber
        printCourseInfo(courses, searchCourseNumber)
        BREAK
      CASE 9:
        DISPLAY "Exiting..."
        BREAK
      DEFAULT:
        DISPLAY "Invalid choice. Please try again."
```

ENDSWITCH ENDWHILE

END FUNCTION

C. Pseudocode for Printing Sorted Course List

1. Vector

FUNCTION printSortedCourseList(courses AS VECTOR of Course)

// 1. Sort the Vector

SORT courses BY courseNumber // Assuming a built-in sort function or you implement one

// 2. Iterate and Print

FOR EACH course IN courses DO

DISPLAY course.courseNumber + " - " + course.courseTitle

ENDFOR

END FUNCTION

2. Hash Table

FUNCTION printSortedCourseList(courses AS HASH_TABLE<TEXT, Course>)

// 1. Get All Course Numbers (Keys)

DECLARE courseNumbers AS ARRAY of TEXT

courseNumbers = courses.getKeys() // Assuming a getKeys() method exists

// 2. Sort the Course Numbers

SORT courseNumbers // Sort the array of course numbers

// 3. Iterate and Print

FOR EACH courseNumber IN courseNumbers DO

DECLARE course AS Course

course = courses.get(courseNumber)

DISPLAY course.courseNumber + " - " + course.courseTitle

ENDFOR

END FUNCTION

3. Binary Search Tree

// Helper function for in-order traversal (BST already sorted)

FUNCTION inOrderTraversal(node AS TreeNode)

IF node is not NULL THEN

inOrderTraversal(node.leftChild)

DISPLAY node.data.courseNumber + " - " + node.data.courseTitle

inOrderTraversal(node.rightChild)

ENDIF

END FUNCTION

FUNCTION printSortedCourseList(courses AS BinarySearchTree)

// 1. Perform In-Order Traversal (BST is inherently sorted)

inOrderTraversal(courses.root) // Assuming 'root' is the root node

END FUNCTION

Evaluation and Runtime Analysis

A. Runtime Analysis: Reading File and Creating Course Objects

Assume:

- n courses in the file.
- m is the maximum number of prerequisites for any single course.

Operatio n	Vector Cost/Line	Vector Execution Count	Hash Table Cost/Line	Hash Table Execution Count	Tree Cost/Line	Tree Execution Count
OPEN fileName FOR READING	1	1	1	1	1	1
WHILE NOT END_OF_FI LE(fileNa me)	1	n + 1	1	n + 1	1	n + 1
READLINE fileName INTO line	1	n	1	n	1	n
parts = SPLIT(line, ",")	1	n	1	n	1	n
IF LENGTH(p arts) < 2	1	n	1	n	1	n
courseNu mber = TRIM(part s[0])	1	n	1	n	1	n
courseTitl e =	1	n	1	n	1	n

TRIM(part s[1])						
DECLARE currentCo urse AS Course	1	n	1	n	1	n
currentCo urse.cours eNumber = courseNu mber	1	n	1	n	1	n
currentCo urse.cours eTitle = courseTitl e	1	n	1	n	1	n
prerequisi tes = CREATE_E MPTY_ARR AY	1	n	1	n	1	n
FOR i = 2 TO LENGTH(p arts) - 1	1	n * m (worst case)	1	n * m (worst case)	1	n * m (worst case)
IF NOT courseTre e.contains (prereqNu mber)	n	n * m (worst case)	1	n * m (worst case)	log n	n * m (worst case)
APPEND prereqNu mber TO prerequisi tes	1	n * m (worst case)	1	n * m (worst case)	1	n * m (worst case)

currentCo urse.prere quisites = prerequisi tes	1	n	1	n	1	n
courseVec tor.appen d(current Course)	1	n	1	n	log n	n
CLOSE fileName	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Cost		O(n^2 * m)		O(n * m)		O(n * m * log n)

Worst-Case Big O Analysis:

- **Vector:** O(n² * m) The nested loop for prerequisite validation in the vector is the dominant factor.
- Hash Table: O(n * m) Hash table lookups (contains) are typically O(1) on average, making the prerequisite validation efficient.
- Binary Search Tree: O(n * m * log n) BST lookups (contains) are O(log n), so the nested loop becomes O(n * m * log n).

B. Data Structure Analysis

1. Vector

Advantages:

- Simple to implement.
- o Efficient for sequential access.

• Disadvantages:

- Inefficient for searching (O(n) on average, O(n) worst-case) and therefore prerequisite validation.
- Inefficient for insertion and deletion if order needs to be maintained.

2. Hash Table

Advantages:

• Very efficient for searching (O(1) on average, O(n) worst-case, but unlikely).

Fast insertion and deletion (O(1) on average).

Disadvantages:

- Can have collisions, leading to worst-case O(n) search time, but good hash functions minimize this.
- Sorting is not inherent and requires extra steps.

3. Binary Search Tree

Advantages:

- Efficient for searching, insertion, and deletion (O(log n) on average).
- o Inherent ordering of elements, making sorted output easier.

• Disadvantages:

Can become unbalanced, leading to worst-case O(n) performance.

C. Recommendation

Based on the runtime analysis and data structure analysis, the **Hash Table** is the most suitable data structure for this application.

Justification:

- The primary operation that dominates the runtime is checking for prerequisite existence. The hash table provides the most efficient average-case performance for this operation (O(1)), compared to O(n) for the vector and O(log n) for the BST.
- While the BST offers sorted output, the application requires an alphanumerically ordered list, which can be achieved by sorting the keys of the hash table separately (which is still more efficient than repeated searching).
- The vector's inefficiency in searching makes it the least desirable option.