



MODULE Four– Journal

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Client-Server Pattern

The client-server pattern is a fundamental architectural model that divides the application into two primary components: the client and the server. This pattern is particularly effective in meeting software requirements and efficiently solving problems, especially for web-based applications that need to operate on multiple operating platforms.

Client-Side: The client-side is responsible for the user interface and user experience. It interacts with the server to request data and perform actions. By utilizing a REST-style API, the client can communicate with the server in a standardized manner, facilitating the development and maintenance of the application across different platforms.

Server-Side: The server-side handles the business logic, data storage, and processing. It provides the necessary data and services to the client through the REST API. This separation allows the server to be platform-independent, ensuring that the application can run on various operating systems without modification.

Server Side

Developing the application from the server side involves creating a robust and scalable backend capable of handling multiple client requests efficiently. The server side provides communication to the client side using the REST API style, which offers several advantages:

Standardization: REST APIs use standard HTTP methods (GET, POST, PUT, DELETE) to perform operations, making it straightforward for developers to understand and implement.

Scalability: The server can handle multiple client requests simultaneously, ensuring that the application remains responsive and efficient.

Flexibility: The server can be updated independently of the client, allowing for continuous improvement and feature additions without disrupting the user experience.

Client Side

Writing an application for multiple clients involves ensuring that the application can interact with the server seamlessly across different environments. Developers must consider several factors to achieve this:

Cross-Platform Compatibility: The application should be designed to run on various platforms, such as web browsers, mobile devices, and desktop applications. This requires using technologies that support cross-platform development, such as HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and frameworks like React or Angular.

Consistent User Experience: The user interface should be consistent across all platforms, providing a seamless experience for users regardless of the device they are using.

API Integration: The client application must be able to communicate with the server using the REST API. This involves handling authentication, making API requests, and processing the responses.

Next Steps for Client-Side Development

To further develop the client side of the game application, consider the following steps:

Adding More Users to the Database: Implement a user registration feature that allows new users to sign up and create accounts. This involves creating a registration form, validating user input, and storing the user data in the database.

Including Additional Features: Enhance the game application by adding new features, such as leaderboards, achievements, and social sharing options. These features can improve user engagement and retention.

Expanding to New Platforms: If The Gaming Room requests hosting the application on additional clients, such as Xbox and PS4, you will need to develop platform-specific versions of the client application. This may involve using game development frameworks like Unity or Unreal Engine, which support multiple platforms.