

# Modelling uncertainty of the Rhenium-Osmium cosmic clock

Øyvind Brynhildsvoll Svendsen<sup>1</sup>

Supervisor: Sijing Shen<sup>1</sup>

Co-supervisor: Signe Riemer-Sørensen<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Theoretical Astrophysics, University of Oslo

Friday 15th June 2018  
Svein Rosselands hus 209

## Intro

## Theory (10 min)

- ▶ basics of nuclear physics and reactions
- ▶ neutron capture processes
- ▶ stellar evolution and galactic enrichment
- ▶ Omega
- ▶ Eris

## Nuclear physics

atom + chart of nuclides

shell-model

reaction rates +  $\beta^-$ -decay

neutron-capture reactions

slow and rapid neutron capture

climbing in the chart of nuclides

Re-Os system + analytical model

## Stellar environments

AGB + massive + SN2

SN1a + BNSM + BHNSM

yield-tables

## Galaxies

gravitational collapse of gas and dark matter

star formation from GMC

inflow from surrounding medium

outflow from supernovae

Eris

SPH

properties

postprocessing

sfr + total mass + [O/H] + [Fe/H] + [Eu/H]

## Omega

SFR + timestep -> stellar mass formed

stellar mass formed -> stellar population

stellar population + yield tables + delay-time -> isotopic yields

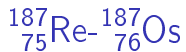
recycled into ISM + remnant

remnants -> secondary events



What is a cosmic clock?

Why use  $^{187}_{75}\text{Re}$ - $^{187}_{76}\text{Os}$ ?



Halflife: **TODO!** Different sources: slow and rapid neutron capture process

# nucleosynthesis

- ▶ Fusion of lighter elements (up to iron)
- ▶ Neutron capture processes
  - slow  $\beta^-$ -decays before successive neutron capture
  - rapid capture multiple neutrons before  $\beta^-$ -decay

TODO! insert tikz-figure from clayton

# Analytical models of $^{187}_{75}\text{Re}$ - $^{187}_{76}\text{Os}$ cosmic clock

TODO! calculations and citations to appendix A

# Observed isotope fraction from meteorites and solar atmosphere

TODO! calculations and citations from appendix A

# Chemical enrichment of galactic medium

TODO! insert tikz-figure of recycling

# Explosive events

- ▶ Asymptotic giant branch stars (not really explosive)
- ▶ Core collapse supernovae
- ▶ Type 1a supernovae
- ▶ Neutron star mergers



# Eris simulation

TODO! insert eris-image

- ▶ Smoothed particle hydrodynamics simulation [?]
- ▶ TODO! Add more simulation details? number of particles etc.
- ▶ Postprocessing to add rapid neutron capture elements from neutron star mergers [?]

# Omega semianalytical model [?]

- ▶ SFR + timestep  $\rightarrow$  stellar mass formed
- ▶ stellar mass formed  $\rightarrow$  stellar population
- ▶ stellar population + yield tables + delay-time  $\rightarrow$  isotopic yields recycled into ISM + remnant
- ▶ remnants  $\rightarrow$  secondary events

# Modelling uncertainty of the Rhenium-Osmium cosmic clock

# Methods

- ▶ Fitting Omega to data from Eris
- ▶ Manipulate yields in Omega
- ▶ Main experiments **TODO! rewrite this**
- ▶ Postprocessing

# Fitting $\Omega$ to data from Eris

- ▶ TODO! rough model
- ▶ TODO!  $\chi^2$ -by-eye
- ▶ TODO! data available
- ▶ Steps

## Direct Insertion

Mass

## Stellar parameters



## Neutron star mergers

Time steps

Final model

# Manipulate yields in Omega

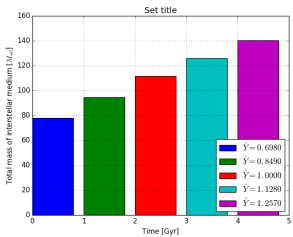
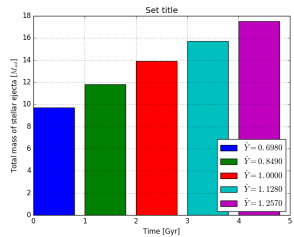
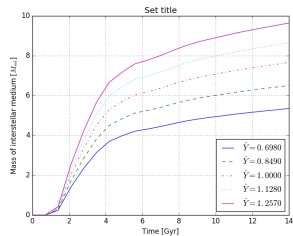
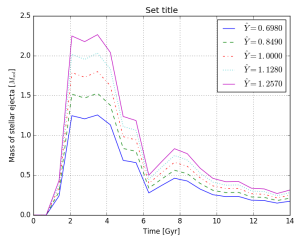
- ▶ Yields from arnould and other **TODO!**
- ▶ Fudge-factors **TODO!**
- ▶ Linear relationship

## Table of observed abundances

isotope	standard	min	max	$\sigma_{lower}$	$\sigma_{upper}$
Re-187	0.0318	0.027	0.0359	-0.1509	0.1289
Re-185	0.0151	0.011	0.0176	-0.2715	0.1656
Os-188	0.0707	0.0633	0.0781	-0.1047	0.1047
Os-189	0.103	0.0961	0.109	-0.067	0.0583
Os-190	0.152	0.137	0.168	-0.0987	0.1053
Os-192	0.273	0.252	0.289	-0.0769	0.0586
Eu-151	0.0452	0.0267	0.0482	-0.4093	0.0664
Eu-153	0.0495	0.046	0.0526	-0.0707	0.0626

**Table:** Values and uncertainties of r-process nuclei near  $^{187}_{75}\text{Re}$  from [1]. The relative uncertainty,  $\sigma$ -values, are calculated on the assumption that min/max are the one-sigma standard deviations in either direction.

# Chemical evolution of $^{187}_{75}\text{Re}$



# Statistical deviation of $^{187}_{75}\text{Re}$

$\sigma_{init}$	$\sigma_{ISM}(z=0)$	$\Sigma\sigma_{ISM}$	$\sigma_{\dot{m}}(z=0)$	$\Sigma\sigma_{\dot{m}}$
-0.302	-0.301887	-0.301887	-0.301887	-0.301887
0.128	0.128931	0.128931	0.128931	0.128931
0.257	0.257862	0.257862	0.257862	0.257862
0	0	0	0	0
-0.151	-0.150943	-0.150943	-0.150943	-0.150943

# Main experiments **TODO! rewrite this**

- ▶ Draw random “fudge-factor” from gaussian distribution
- ▶ 1500 individual calculations
- ▶ **Yields**
- ▶ **Yields+IMFslope**
- ▶ **Yields+IMFslope+NSM**



# Postprocessing

$\beta^-$ -decay

- ▶  $\Delta\text{Re} = -\lambda_{\text{Re}}\text{Re}\Delta t$
- ▶  $\Delta\text{Os} = \lambda_{\text{Re}}\text{Re}\Delta t$

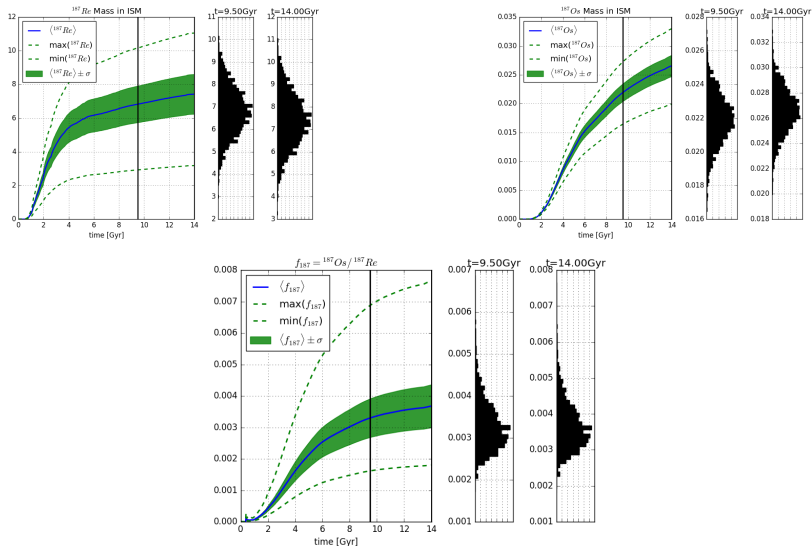
Removing negative negative  
yields

- ▶  $\hat{Y} \leq 0 \rightarrow$  Do not  
consider  
calculation

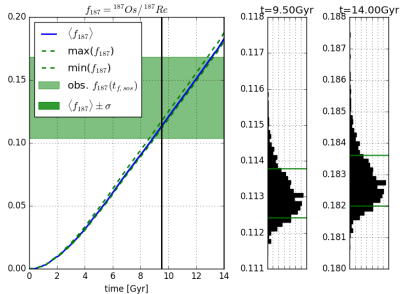
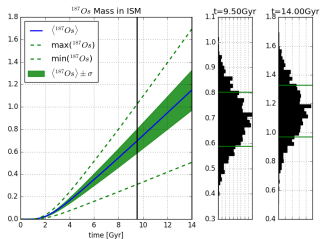
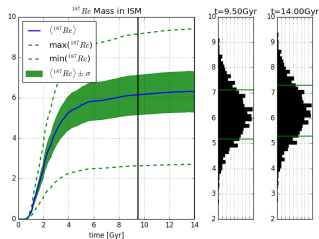
# Results

- ▶  $^{187}_{75}\text{Re}$  in interstellar gas
- ▶  $^{187}_{76}\text{Os}$  in interstellar gas
- ▶  $f_{187} = \frac{^{187}_{76}\text{Os}}{^{187}_{75}\text{Re}}$
- ▶ Rate of neutron star mergers
- ▶ **Yields**
- ▶ **Yields+IMFslope**
- ▶ **Yields+IMFslope+NSM**

# Yields without postprocessing



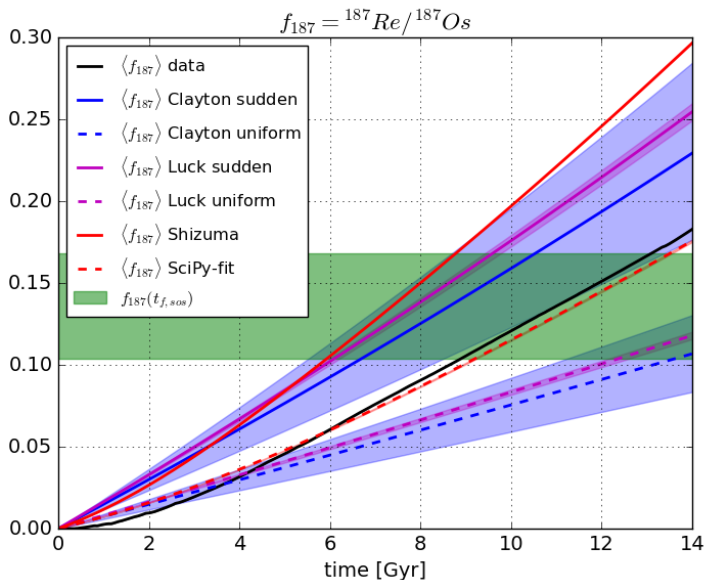
# Yields with postprocessing



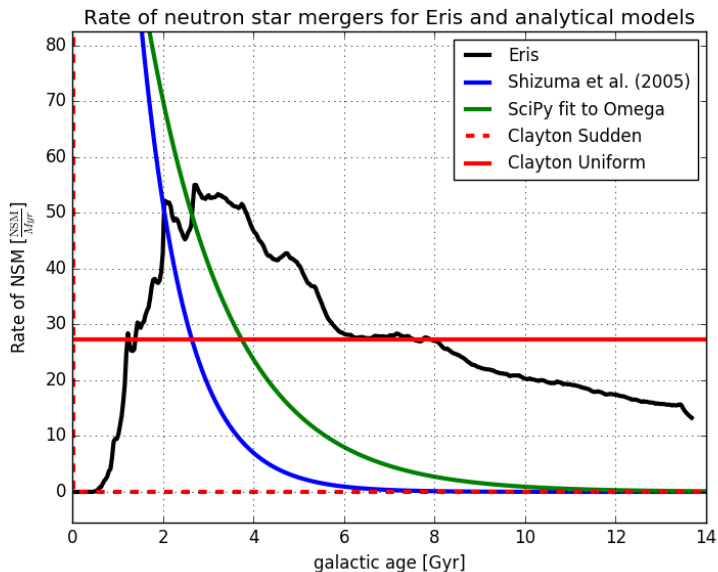
# Comparing models

Model	$\frac{^{187}\text{Os}_c}{^{187}\text{Re}}$	$\lambda_{Re}$	$\lambda_{rncp}$
Clayton	$\frac{\Lambda - \lambda}{\lambda} e^{\lambda t} \frac{1 - e^{-\Lambda t}}{1 - e^{-(\Lambda - \lambda)t}} - 1$	$\lambda = \frac{\ln 2}{\tau_{Re}}$	$\Lambda$
Clayton Sudden synthesis	$e^{\lambda t} - 1$	$\tau_{Re} = 47 \pm 10 \text{ Gyr}$	$\Lambda \rightarrow \infty$
Clayton Uniform synthesis	$\frac{\lambda t}{1 - e^{-\lambda t}} - 1$	————"————	$\Lambda \rightarrow 0$
Luck	$\frac{\lambda_{Re}/\beta(1 - e^{-\beta t}) - (1 - e^{-\lambda_{Re} t})}{e^{-\beta t} - e^{-\lambda_{Re} t}}$	$\lambda_{Re} = \frac{1.62 \pm 0.08}{\times 10^{-11} \text{ yr}^{-1}}$	$\beta$
Luck Sudden synthesis	————"————	————"————	$\beta = 10^{-6} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
Luck Steady state	————"————	————"————	$\beta = 10^{-12} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
Shizuma	$\frac{(1 - e^{-\lambda_{\beta}^{\text{eff}} t}) - (1 - e^{-\lambda t}) \lambda_{\beta}^{\text{eff}} / \lambda}{e^{-\lambda_{\beta}^{\text{eff}} t} - e^{-\lambda t}}$	$\lambda_{\beta}^{\text{eff}} = \frac{1.2 \ln 2}{\tau_{Re}} = 2.00 \times 10^{-11} [\text{yr}^{-1}]$	$\lambda \in [0, 2] \text{ Gyr}^{-1}$
SciPy curvefit to <i>Fiducial Omega-model</i> -data	————"————	$\frac{1.33 \times 10^{-11}}{\pm 2.767 \times 10^{-14}} [\text{yr}^{-1}]$	$\frac{5.42 \times 10^{-10}}{\pm 5.79 \times 10^{-12}} [\text{yr}^{-1}]$

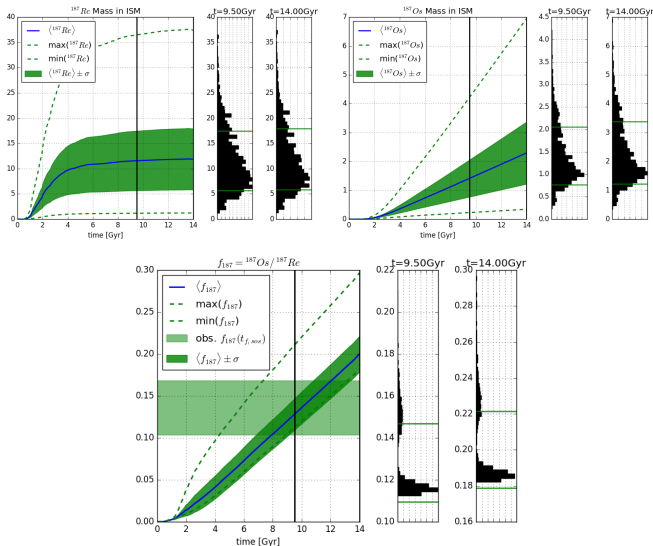
# Comparing models



# Comparing models



# Uncertainties of Yields+IMFslope

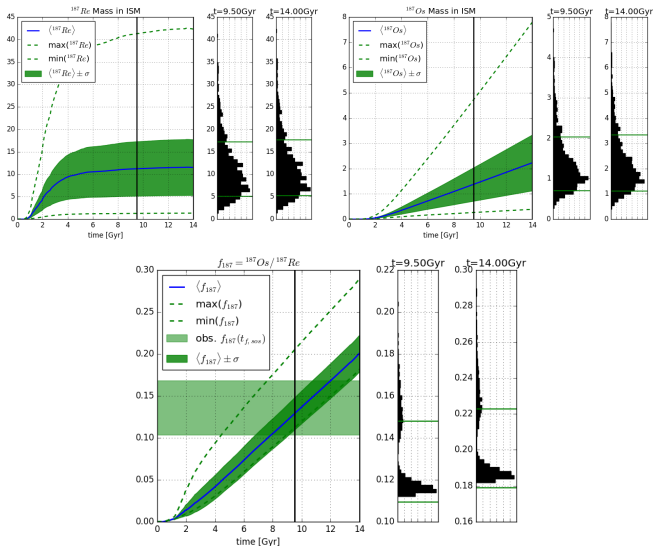




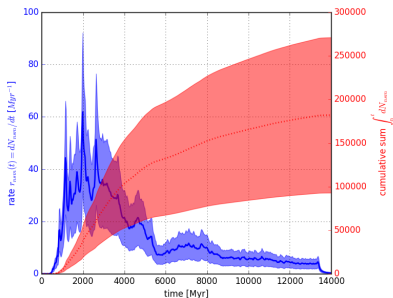
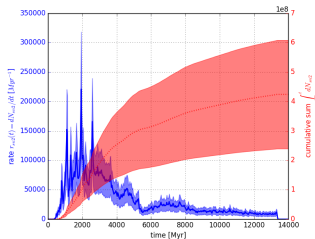
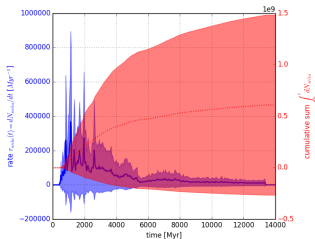
# Uncertainties of $\text{Yields} + \text{IMF slope}$

TODO! insert plot of rates here

# Uncertainties of Yields+IMFslope+NSM



# Uncertainties of Yields+IMFslope+NSM



# Conclusions/summary

- ▶ **Yields**
  - ▶ **Yields+IMFslope**
  - ▶ **Yields+IMFslope+NSM**
- 
- ▶ Uncertainties with and without  $\beta^-$ -decay
  - ▶ Uncertainties of models and observations
  - ▶ Additional uncertainties from the slope of the *Initial Mass Function*
  - ▶ Additional uncertainties from *Neutron Star Mergers*

# References I



[Arnould et al. (2007)] Arnould, M. and Goriely, S. and Takahashi, K.

*The r-process of stellar nucleosynthesis: Astrophysics and nuclear physics achievements and mysteries*

Phys.Rep. TODO! add shen15 TODO! add cote16a

TODO! add guedes11 TODO! add clayton