Expand and simplify the following expressions.

(a)
$$2x(3x - 5) - x(2 - x)$$

(b)
$$(x-3)(x-8) + (x-4)(2x+9)$$

(c)
$$(4-3h)(10-9h)$$

(d)
$$(4a - 3)(a + 2) - (3a - 5)(-a - 9)$$

(e)
$$(2x + 3)(5x - 2) - 2(5x - 3)(x + 1)$$

Factorise the following expressions.

(f)
$$3q^2 + 10q + 7$$

(g)
$$18w^2 - w - 39$$

(h)
$$35m^2n + 5mn - 30n$$

(i)
$$\frac{4}{9}x^2 + x - 1$$

(j)
$$3x^2 - \frac{11}{2}x - 5$$

(k) Determine the integer values of n for which $n^2 - 18n + 45$ is a prime number.

Expand and simplify the following.

(I)
$$a(5b + c) - 2a(3c - b)$$

$$(m)(7m^2+2)(m-4)$$

(n)
$$(10x + y)(3x + 2y) - (5x - 4y)(-x - 6y)$$

Factorise the following.

(o)
$$a^2 + 3ab - 4b^2$$

(p)
$$2r^2t - 9rst + 10s^2t$$

(q)
$$4x^2y^2z - 22xyz + 24z$$

(r) Expand and simplify $(p-2q)^2-p(p-4q)$. Hence, by substituting appropriate values of p and q, find the value of $5310^2-5330(5290)$.

(s) Factorise $13x^2 + 26xy + 13y^2 - 13$.

(t) Factorise the expression $x^3 + 3x - x^2 - 3$. Hence, express $(x^2 - 3)^3 - (2 - x^2)^2 + 3(x^2 - 3)$ in the form $(x^4 + Ax^2 + B)(x^2 + C)$, where A, B and C are integers.