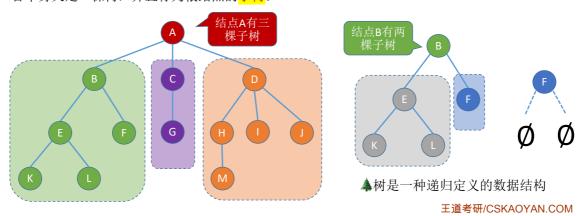
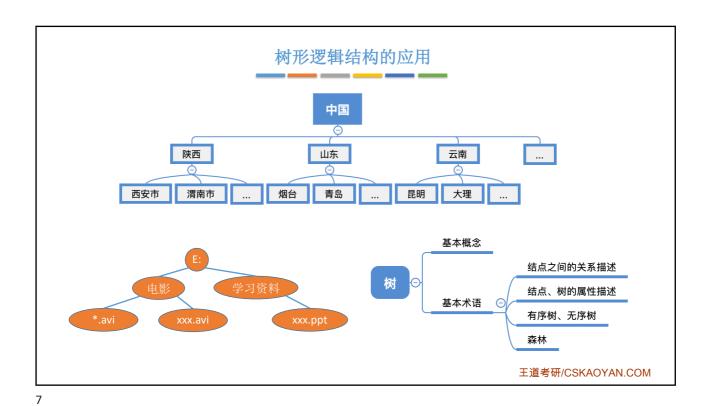


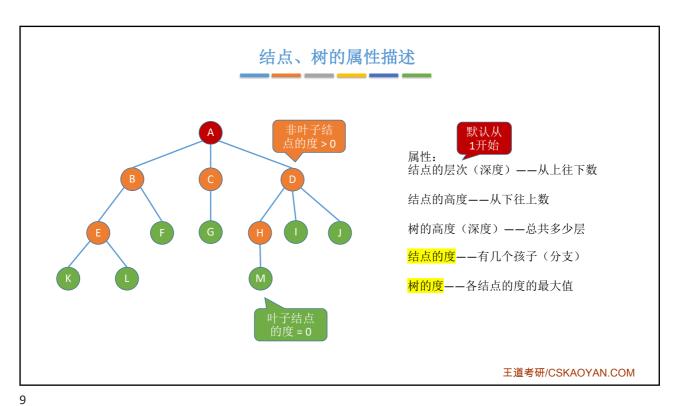
## 树的基本概念

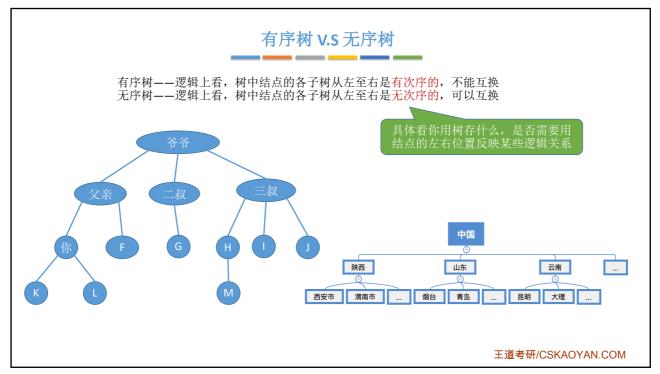
树是n(n≥0)个结点的有限集合,n=0时,称为<mark>空树</mark>,这是一种特殊情况。在任意一棵非 空树中应满足:

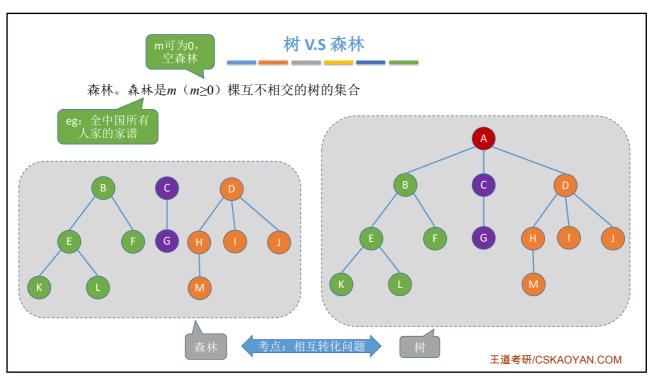
- 1)有且仅有一个特定的称为根的结点。 2)当n>1时,其余结点可分为m(m>0)个互不相交的有限集合 $T_1, T_2,..., T_m$ ,其中每个集 合本身又是一棵树,并且称为根结点的<mark>子树</mark>。



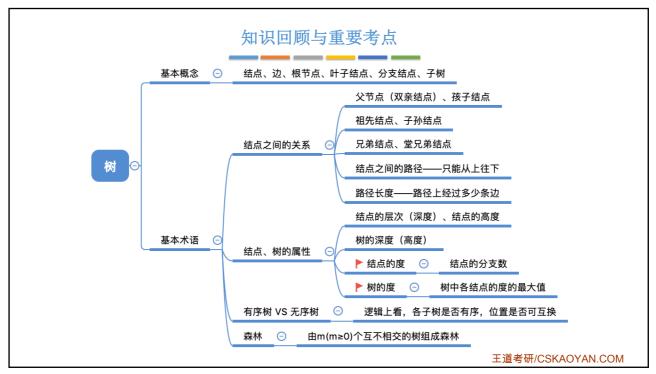








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