## Algorithms and Theory of Computation 2009

## 1 Short Questions

$$[S_1]$$
 Let  $P(n)=a_kn^k+a_{k-1}n^{k-1}+\cdots+a_1n+a_0$ , where  $a_k>0$ . Prove 
$$P(n)=\Theta(n^k).$$

 $[S_2]$  From the following recurrence determine the growth rate of T(n):

$$\begin{cases} T(n) = 4T(\frac{n}{2}) - 4T(\frac{n}{4}) \\ T(2) = 1, T(4) = 4 \end{cases}.$$

 $[S_3]$  (a) Explain the difference between the claim that a problem is (1) computationally unsolvable and (2) NP-hard (or NP-complete).

(b) Give a specific example of a problem known to be in each class.

(c) What has been proved, and what is believed but yet proved, about the computational difficulty of an NP-complete problem.

 $[S_4]$  Construct

(a) A finite automaton or a regular expression for the language

 $\{x \in \{0,1\}^* : "0,1" \text{ occurs in } x \text{ an even number of times } \}.$ 

(b) A context free grammar or pushdown automaton for the language  $\{ww^R : w \in \{0,1\}^*\}$ .

## 2 Long Questions

 $[L_1]$  Suppose we have an instance of TSP given by the cost matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\infty & 3 & 5 & 8 & 1 \\
3 & \infty & 6 & 4 & 5 \\
5 & 6 & \infty & 2 & 4 \\
8 & 4 & 2 & \infty & 7 \\
1 & 5 & 4 & 7 & \infty
\end{bmatrix}$$

Use backtracking with branch-and-bound to find the best solution and Draw the state space tree.

 $[L_2]$  Solve the instance of minimum tardy task weight with 6 objects, all of length 1, having deadlines 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 4; and weight 12, 9, 8, 4, 3, 2 (resp.).

 $[L_3]$  Briefly prove (if true) or disprove (if false):

- (a) The intersection of two regular language is regular.
- (b) The union of two context free languages is context free.
- (c) The union of two languages in NP is in NP.

 $[L_4]$  Classify each of the following languages as regular, context free but not regular, or decidable but not context free. Prove your answers.

- (a)  $\{a^{3n}b^{2m}c^p: n, m, p > 0\}.$
- (b)  $\{a^n b^m c^m : n > m > 0\}.$