Einführung in C++ - Übung 8 Testatgruppe A (Isaak)

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Aufgabe 8.1 Auslagern von Funktionalität in Oberklassen

Die Renderable-Klasse kann abstrakt sein, da sie nur eine Methode enthält, die Subklassen überschreiben müssen (sollten), damit etwas passiert. Es ist nicht sinnvoll, die Funktionalität in der Oberklasse zu implementieren, da sich die render ()-Methoden zwischen TriangleMesh und TexturedMesh unterscheiden.

Listing 1: Renderable.hpp

```
* Ofile Renderable.hpp
   * @author Rasmus Diederichsen (rdiederichse@uos.de)
   * @version 04.12.2014
   #ifndef RENDERABLE_KG6LA00J
  #define RENDERABLE_KG6LA00J
   namespace asteroids {
11
12
13
      * Oclass Renderable
14
       * Obrief Abstract class to represent something which can be
15
           rendered on screen.
      class Renderable {
         * Obrief Render this object (pure virtual)
21
         virtual void render () = 0;
23
  #endif /* end of include guard: RENDERABLE_KG6LA00J */
```

Das gleiche gilt für Transformable , jede Subklasse ist für ihre Bewegung selbst verantwortlich. *Hinweis:* Die Methoden dieser Klasse sind in TriangleMesh.cpp implementiert, diese fehlten initial. Auch wurde in allen Klassen die Acquise des Singletons auf Pointer umgestellt.

Listing 2: Transformable.hpp

```
#ifndef TRANSFORMABLE_DILCYMZ4
   #define TRANSFORMABLE DILCYMZ4
  #include "Renderable.hpp"
  #ifdef __APPLE__
  #include <OpenGL/gl.h>
   #else
  #include <GL/gl.h>
  #endif
10
  namespace asteroids
12
13
14
15
       * Oclass Transformable
       * @brief Abstract base class for <tt>Mesh</tt>es which can be
17
           moved &
18
       * rotated.
19
      class Transformable : public Renderable
21
22
         public:
23
           /**
             * Obrief Rotate the Transformable
             * Oparam axis axis of rotation
             * Oparam speed speed of rotation
            virtual void rotate(int axis, float speed) = 0;
            /**
             * @brief
                       Move the Transformable along acis
31
             * Oparam axis axis to move along
             * Oparam speed speed of movement
33
            virtual void move(int axis, float speed) = 0;
35
         protected:
            /**
             * Obrief Array containing the transformation matrix.
41
            float m_transformation[16];
43
             * Obrief Method to compute the transformation matrix.
45
            virtual void computeMatrix() = 0;
46
      };
47
48 }
```

```
50 #endif /* end of include guard: TRANSFORMABLE_DILCYMZ4 */
```

Das FixedObject ist leer, also nur ein Markerinterface.

Listing 3: FixedObject.hpp

```
#ifndef FIXEDOBJECT_4ST6ZIUC

define FIXEDOBJECT_4ST6ZIUC

#include "Renderable.hpp"

namespace asteroids {

/**
    * @class FixedObject
    * @brief Represents something which cannot be moved or rotated.
    */
    class FixedObject : public Renderable { };

#endif /* end of include guard: FIXEDOBJECT_4ST6ZIUC */
```

Aufgabe 8.2 Erweiterungen für neue Dateiformate

Listing 4: TriangleMeshFactory.hpp

```
* Obrief Contains Factory for mesh generation.
    * Ofile TriangleMeshFactory.hpp
   * @author rdiederichse@uos.de
   #ifndef TRIANGLEMESHFACTORY_H
  #define TRIANGLEMESHFACTORY H
10
  #include "rendering/TriangleMesh.hpp"
11
12
  namespace asteroids
14 {
15
      * @class TriangleMeshFactory
16
       * Obrief Singleton Factory class to encapsulate parsing meshes
17
          from different file
      * types.
18
      class TriangleMeshFactory
20
21
         public:
22
23
             * Obrief Returns a pointer to a mesh parsed from a given
                 file. Format
             * is recognized by extension.
```

```
* Oparam filename The file containing the mesh definition
             * @return A pointer to the parsed mesh
            TriangleMesh* getMesh(const std::string &filename) const;
31
            * Obrief Method to acquire the singleton instance
33
             * Oreturn The singleton.
35
            static TriangleMeshFactory* instance();
36
         private:
38
39
            /**
            * Empty default constructor. Does nothing.
40
41
            TriangleMeshFactory();
42
            /**
             * The singleton instance.
45
            static TriangleMeshFactory* instance_ptr;
            * Copy constructor. Does nothing.
            TriangleMeshFactory(const TriangleMeshFactory& f) {};
             * Assignment operator. Does nothing.
55
            TriangleMeshFactory& operator=(const TriangleMesh& f) {};
57
^{59} } /* namespace asteroids */
#endif /* end of include guard: TRIANGLEMESHFACTORY_H */
                       Listing 5: TriangleMeshFactory.cpp
  /**
   * @brief TriangleMeshFactory implementation.
    * Ofile TriangleMeshFactory.cpp
   * @author rdiederichse@uos.de
#include "io/TriangleMeshFactory.hpp"
7 #include "ReadPLY.hpp"
# #include "Read3DS.hpp"
9 #include "MeshReader.hpp"
using std::string;
13 namespace asteroids
14
15
16
      TriangleMeshFactory::TriangleMeshFactory() {}
      TriangleMeshFactory* TriangleMeshFactory::instance_ptr = NULL;
17
      TriangleMeshFactory* TriangleMeshFactory::instance()
19
```

```
if (instance_ptr != NULL) return instance_ptr;
21
22
         else return (instance_ptr = new TriangleMeshFactory);
23
      TriangleMesh* TriangleMeshFactory::getMesh(const string &
25
          filename) const
         unsigned found = filename.find_last_of("/\\");
27
         string basePath = filename.substr(0, found+1);
         TextureFactory::setBasePath(basePath);
29
         int pos;
31
         MeshReader *reader;
32
         if ((pos = filename.find(".ply")) == (filename.length() - 4))
33
              // .ply extension
35
            reader = new ReadPLY(filename);
            return reader->getMesh();
         } else if ((pos = filename.find(".3ds")) == (filename.length
37
             () - 4)) // .3ds extension
            reader = new Read3DS(filename);
39
            return reader -> getMesh();
         } else // error
41
42
            int i = filename.find_last_of(".");
43
            std::cerr << "TriangleMeshFactory_Error:_File_" <<
44
               filename << (i == string::npos ? "without extension"
                : "uofutypeu" + filename.substr(i))
               << "unotureadable.u" << std::endl;
45
            return NULL;
         }
47
      }
  } /* namespace asteroids */
                         Listing 6: TextureFactory.hpp
#ifndef TEXTUREFACTORY_H
  #define TEXTUREFACTORY_H
  #include "rendering/Texture.hpp"
  namespace asteroids
      class TextureFactory
10
11
         public:
            /**
12
             * Obrief Returns a pointer to a textured mesh parsed from
                  a given file. Format
             * is recognized by extension.
14
15
             * Oparam filename The file containing the mesh definition
16
             * Oreturn A pointer to the parsed mesh
17
```

```
Texture* getTexture(const std::string &filename) const;
19
21
             * Obrief Method to acquire the singleton instance
             * @return The singleton.
23
24
            static TextureFactory* instance();
26
            /**
            * Set the base path relative to which textures will be
             * @param basepath The path relative to which textures are
                  loaded.
            static void setBasePath(std::string basepath);
31
32
33
         private:
             * Empty default constructor. Does nothing.
35
36
37
            TextureFactory();
            * The singleton instance.
40
41
            static TextureFactory* instance_ptr;
42
43
             * Copy constructor. Does nothing.
45
46
            TextureFactory(const TextureFactory& f) {};
            * Assignment operator. Does nothing.
51
            TextureFactory& operator=(const TextureFactory& f) {};
53
            * @brief The base path.
55
            static std::string basepath;
59 } /* namespace asteroids */
#endif /* end of include guard: TEXTUREFACTORY_H */
                         Listing 7: TextureFactory.cpp
   * Ofile TextureFactory.cpp
   * @author Rasmus Diederichsen (rdiederichse@uos.de)
   * @version 03.12.2014
7 #include "TextureFactory.hpp"
8 #include "BitmapReader.hpp"
9 #include "ReadPPM.hpp"
#include "ReadJPG.hpp"
```

```
#include "ReadTGA.hpp"
12
  #include <iostream>
#include <cstddef>
15 namespace asteroids
16
17
      TextureFactory::TextureFactory() {}
18
      TextureFactory* TextureFactory::instance_ptr = NULL;
19
      std::string TextureFactory::basepath = "";
21
      TextureFactory* TextureFactory::instance()
22
23
         if (instance_ptr != NULL) return instance_ptr;
24
         else return (instance_ptr = new TextureFactory);
25
26
27
      Texture* TextureFactory::getTexture(const string &filename)
28
          const
29
         int pos;
30
         BitmapReader *reader;
31
         if ((pos = filename.find(".ppm")) == (filename.length() - 4))
              // .ppm extension
34
            reader = new ReadPPM(basepath + filename);
            return new Texture(reader->getPixels(), reader->getWidth()
35
                , reader->getHeight());
         } else if ((pos = filename.find(".jpg")) == (filename.length
             () - 4)) // .jpg extension
            reader = new ReadJPG(basepath + filename);
38
            return new Texture(reader->getPixels(), reader->getWidth()
                 , reader->getHeight());
         } else if ((pos = filename.find(".tga")) == (filename.length
             () - 4))
41
42
            reader = new ReadTGA(basepath + filename);
            return new Texture(reader->getPixels(), reader->getWidth()
43
         , reader->getHeight());
} else // error
45
            int i = filename.find_last_of(".");
            std::cerr << "TextureFactory_Error:_File_" << filename
47
               << (i == string::npos ? "without extension" : "of
                   type " + filename.substr(i))
                << "unotureadable.u" << std::endl;
            return NULL;
50
51
52
53
      void TextureFactory::setBasePath(string basepath)
55
         TextureFactory::basepath = basepath;
56
57
58
```

```
60 } /* namespace asteroids */
                          Listing 8: ReadPPM.hpp
  /**
   * @file ReadPPM.hpp
   * @author Rasmus Diederichsen (rdiederichse@uos.de)
   * @version 02.12.2014
  #ifndef READPPM_H
  #define READPPM_H
#include "BitmapReader.hpp"
#include <fstream>
using std::ifstream;
16 namespace asteroids
17
18
      * @enum PPMTYPE
19
      * Obrief Constants for PPM types.
20
21
     enum PPMTYPE {
       P3, ///< Ascii file
        P6, ///< Binary file
24
        UNDEF ///< Unknown type (should lead to error)
26
     /**
      * @class ReadPPM
      * Obrief A reader for ppm images.
31
     class ReadPPM : public BitmapReader
33
        private:
34
35
           /**
            * Obrief Reads linewise from a ppm file as long as the
36
                current line starts
            * with a '#'.
37
            * After the method has run, the stream's current line
39
                will
            which the
            * method was called.
            * Oparam stream The input file stream to read from.
42
```

* Oparam bufsize The length of the buffer.

buffer, const int bufsize);

* Oparam buffer Char buffer to place the bytes or chars

void readFirstNonCommentLine(ifstream& stream, char*

43

44 45

47

in.

```
* Obrief Parses a ppm header. Sets the members <tt>
                 m_width</tt>,
             * <tt>m_height </tt> and reads the magic number.
             * @param filename The name of the file.
             * Oreturn The type of the file (binary or ascii). One of
53
             * <tt>PPMTYPE </tt>
             * @see ReadPPM::PPMTYPE
             */
55
            PPMTYPE readHeader(const std::string& filename);
57
             * The position right after the header. Seeking to this
59
                 position and
             * then reading will read everything except the header.
61
            ifstream::pos_type end_header;
63
            * Obrief Read an ascii ppm file.
             * @param filename The name of the file.
66
67
            void readP3(const std::string& filename);
            /**
             * @brief Read a binary ppm file.
71
             * Oparam filename The name of the file.
72
73
            void readP6(const std::string& filename);
         public:
75
76
             * Obrief Construct a PPM reader to read from a given file
             * Oparam filename The name of the file.
81
            ReadPPM(const std::string& filename);
82
83
            * Obrief Empty destructor. Deallocation of the image
84
                 buffer must be
             * taken are of by the client.
86
            ~ReadPPM();
     };
89 } /* namespace asteroids */
91 #endif /* end of include guard: READPPM_H */
                           Listing 9: ReadPPM.cpp
1 /**
   * @file ReadPPM.cpp
   * @author Rasmus Diederichsen (rdiederichse@uos.de)
   * Oversion 02.12.2014
7 #include "ReadPPM.hpp"
8 #include <sstream>
```

```
9 #include <iostream>
using std::cout;
using std::cerr;
using std::endl;
using std::string;
   using std::stringstream;
using std::ifstream;
using std::ios;
18
   namespace asteroids
19
20
      ReadPPM::ReadPPM(const std::string& filename)
21
22
         cout << "ReadPPM: reading ppm file" << filename << endl;
23
         m_pixels = NULL; // in case shit hits the fan.
24
         m_height = m_width = 0;
25
         PPMTYPE type = readHeader(filename); // parse header and
             recognise file type
         // allocate only if needed.
if (type != UNDEF) m_pixels = new unsigned char[m_width *
27
28
             m_height * 3];
30
         switch (type)
31
32
             case P3:
               readP3(filename);
33
                break;
             case P6:
35
                readP6(filename);
36
                break;
             default:
                cerr << "ReadPPM: LError. Unknown PPM format." << endl;
40
                break:
         }
41
      }
42
43
44
      void ReadPPM::readFirstNonCommentLine(ifstream& stream, char*
          buffer, const int bufsize)
45
         do { // read at least one line
46
             stream.getline(buffer, bufsize);
         } while(stream.good() && (buffer[0] == '#')); // continue
48
             while comment
         // now we have read the first non-comment line into the
             buffer.
51
      PPMTYPE ReadPPM::readHeader(const string& filename)
52
53
         ifstream file(filename.c_str());
54
         if (file.good())
55
56
             /* ATTENTION. THIS ERRONEOUSLY ASSUMES THAT EVERYTHING IS
57
                 SEPARATED BY
                 NEWLINES, EXCEPT THE DIMENSIONS. NEED TO FIX THIS. */
```

```
const int bufsize = 70; // Acc. to spec, lines should not
                be longer
             char buffer[bufsize]; // buffer to hold the line
60
             readFirstNonCommentLine(file, buffer, bufsize); // fill it
             string magic_number(buffer); // first line must contain
62
                magic number
             readFirstNonCommentLine(file, buffer, bufsize);
             string line(buffer); // next one must contain dimensions
64
             stringstream ss(line); ss >> m_width >> m_height; // get
                 them out
            readFirstNonCommentLine(file, buffer, bufsize);
66
             file.getline(buffer, bufsize); // skip the max color value
67
                 . Assume it's 255..
             end_header = file.tellg();
            file.close();
69
             cout << "ReadPPM: Parsed header of " << filename << ".
                width=" << m_width
                <<"_height=" << m_height << "_magic_number_is_"
                << magic_number << endl;
73
74
            if (magic_number == "P3") return P3;
             else if (magic_number == "P6") return P6;
77
         } return UNDEF;
78
      void ReadPPM::readP3(const string& filename)
80
81
         cout << "ReadPPM: Reading ascii file " << filename << endl;
82
         ifstream file(filename.c_str());
83
84
         if (file.good())
85
             file.seekg(end_header); // go back to where we left off
             // the stream splits on whitespace so the chars can be
87
                read one after
             // the other without hassle.
             for(int i = 0; i < m_width * m_height * 3; i++)</pre>
89
91
                int c:
92
                file >> c; // we need to map an ascii number symbol (or
                     more) to the
                           // numerical value, not just use the symbols
                                itself
               m_pixels[i] = (char)c;
96
            file.close();
         } else { cerr << "ReadPPM: _Error, _P3_file_not_good." << endl;
              } // TODO: Detailed error
98
      void ReadPPM::readP6(const string& filename)
100
101
         cout << "ReadPPM: Reading binary file" << filename << endl;
102
         ifstream file(filename.c_str(), ios::binary); // open in
103
             binary mode
         if (file.good())
104
```