Einführung in C++ - Übung 2 Testatgruppe A (Isaak)

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22. Oktober 2014

Aufgabe 2.1

Listing 1: easter.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
   * Reads a year from stdin and calculates the date of easter for
        that year,
   * which it prints on stdout. This is done until EOF is read.
   * @return 0 on success
   */
  int main(void)
      int year, golden_year, century,
10
          leap_years_skipped, moon_coor_fact,
11
          D, epact, day;
      char * month = malloc(6 * sizeof(char));
13
      /* User interaction */
      /* printf("Please enter year: "); */
      while (scanf("%d", &year) != EOF)
18
         if (year < 0)
            printf("Can't_{\sqcup}work_{\sqcup}with_{\sqcup}years_{\sqcup}B.C.\setminusn");
23
            continue;
         golden_year = (year % 19) + 1;
         century = (year / 100) + 1;
         leap_years_skipped = (3 * century / 4) - 12;
         moon_coor_fact = ((8 * century + 5) / 25) - 5;
         D = (5 * year / 4) - leap_years_skipped - 10; /* what should
             I call this? */
         epact = (11 * golden_year + 20 + moon_coor_fact -
             leap_years_skipped) % 30;
```

```
if ((epact == 25 && golden_year > 11) || epact == 24) epact
         day = 44 - epact;
         if (day < 21) day += 30;
day += 7 - ((D + day) % 7);
         if (day > 31) {
            month = "April";
            day = day - 31;
         }
         else month = "March";
         printf("%du-u%su%d\n", year, month, day);
41
42
      return 0;
43
44 }
                          Listing 2: makefile for easter.c
  # Einfuehrung in die Programmiersprache C++
   # Makefile fuer Aufgabe 2 (easter)
7 CC
                   = gcc
                   = years.in
8 INFILE
                    = easter_dates.out
10 CORRECT_OUTFILE = correct_easter_dates.out
11
13 easter: easter.o
           $(CC) easter.o -o easter
  easter.o: easter.c
16
           $(CC) -Wall -Wstrict-prototypes -ansi -pedantic -c easter.c
           ./easter < $(INFILE) > $(OUTFILE)
           ./run_test $(OUTFILE) $(CORRECT_OUTFILE)
check:
           ./c_style_check.py easter.c
  Aufgabe 2.2
                              Listing 3: sudoku.c
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include "sudoku.h"
  int is_valid(int z, int i, int j, int sudoku[9][9])
5
```

int subfield_x_ind = (i / 3) * 3; /* check the 3x3 field

containing (i,j) */
int subfield_y_ind = (j / 3) * 3;

```
if ((z < 1 || z > 9) || (sudoku[i][j] != 0)) return 0; /* if out
           of bounds or not free */
      for (x = 0; x < 9; x++) /* check row and column intersecting at
11
          (i,j) */
         if (sudoku[x][j] == z || sudoku[i][x] == z) return 0;
13
      for (x = subfield_x_ind; x < subfield_x_ind + 3; x++){</pre>
         for (y = subfield_y_ind; y < subfield_y_ind + 3; y++){</pre>
14
           if(sudoku[x][y] == z) return 0;
15
      }
17
      return 1; /* if no probs found, success! */
18
  }
19
20
int solve_sudoku(int i, int j, int sudoku[9][9])
22 {
23
      int z; /* the number to try */
      while (i < 9 && (sudoku[i][j] != 0))</pre>
24
      { /* find next free field */
25
         j++;
         if (j >= 9)
27
28
             j = 0;
29
30
            i++;
         }
31
      }
32
33
      if (i >= 9) return 1; /* no free fields? Already done. */
3.4
36
         for (z = 1; z \le 9; z++) /* try all numbers */
37
38
             if (is_valid(z, i, j, sudoku)) /* if assignment valid ...
39
40
             Ł
                sudoku[i][j] = z;
41
                if (!solve_sudoku(i, j, sudoku)) sudoku[i][j] = 0; /*
42
                    ... continue and try with next field */
43
                else return 1; /* wenn the last field is to be set and
                    it works, the function will jump here and bubble up
                     true */
            }
44
45
46
      return 0; /* if control jumps here, it means no number was valid
47
          , so return false */
   }
48
  void print_sudoku(int sudoku[9][9])
50
   ł
51
52
      int i,j;
      printf("+----+\n");
53
      for (i = 0; i < 9; i++) {</pre>
54
55
         for (j = 0; j < 9; j++) {
            if (j == 3 || j == 6)
    printf("| ", sudoku[i][j]);
56
57
58
             else
                printf("%du", sudoku[i][j]);
```

```
60
61
         printf("\n");
         if (i == 2 || i == 5)
62
            printf("+----+\n");
64
65
      printf("+----+\n");
66 }
  int main(void)
67
69
      if(solve_sudoku(0,0,field1)) print_sudoku(field1);
70
      else printf("Unsolvable.\n");
71
      return 0;
72
73 }
                               Listing 4: sudoku.h
   int field1[][9] = {
      {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 8, 0, 3, 0},
{0, 3, 0, 5, 0, 0, 4, 7, 1},
      {2, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 6, 9, 0},
      {5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0},
      {1, 2, 4, 0, 0, 0, 9, 6, 3},
{0, 0, 6, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2},
      \{0, 8, 9, 0, 0, 5, 0, 0, 7\},\
      {3, 5, 2, 0, 0, 9, 0, 4, 0},
{0, 1, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}
11
12
   };
13
14
15 /**
    * Function to check whether an assignment for a given field is
16
         legal.
17
     * Oparam z The number to be assigned.
18
     st @param i The row number of the field to be assigned.
     * Oparam j The column number of the field to be assigned.
20
21
     st @param sudoku the Sudoku field against which to check.
     * Oreturn 1 on success, 0 on failure.
22
23
  int is_valid(int z, int i, int j, int sudoku[9][9]);
24
25
   * Function to attempt solving a sudoku.
27
    * @param i The row number at which to set the first number.
    * @param j The column number at which to set the first number.
30
    * Oreturn 1 if a silution was found, 0 otherwise.
31
32
33
  int solve_sudoku(int i, int j, int sudoku[9][9]);
34
35
36
    * Function to print a sudoku array on stdout.
37
38
   * @param sudoku The puzzle to be printed.
39
void print_sudoku(int sudoku[9][9]);
```

Listing 5: makefile for sudoku.c

```
hello: sudoku

gcc -Wall -Wstrict-prototypes -ansi -pedantic sudoku.c -o
sudoku

clean:

rm sudoku

test:

// sudoku
```