1. TITLE Write a Program in DEBUG to add tow 8 bit numbers stored in the memory loacation DS:300 and DS:302 and store the result at DS:304 .MODEL SMALL .DATA .STACK .CODE MAIN PROC FAR MOV AX, @DATA MOV DS, AX ;; adding two numbers MOV AX, 00H MOV AL, DS:[300H] ADD AL, DS:[302H] ;; storing the two numbers MOV DS:[304H], AL MAIN ENDP **END MAIN** 2. TITLE and ten 16 bit numbers stored in memory and store the result .MODEL SMALL .STACK .DATA array DW 100H, 200H, 300H, 400H, 500H, 600H, 700H, 800H, 900H, 1000H sum DW? .CODE MAIN PROC FAR MOV AX, @DATA MOV DS, AX MOV AX, 00H MOV CX, 10 MOV DI, 0 ADD AX, array[DI] lo: INC DI INC DI loop lo

```
mov sum, AX
```

MOV AX, 4C00H INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

END MAIN

3. TITLE To store multiplication table

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK

.DATA

NUM1 db 5

PRO dw 10 DUP(?)

.CODE

MAIN PROC FAR

MOV AX, @Data

MOV DS, AX

MOV CX, 10

MOV DX, 0

LEA BX, PRO

lo: MOV AX, DX

MUL NUM1

MOV [BX], AX

INC BX

INC BX

INC DX

loop lo

MOV AX, 4C00H

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

END MAIN

4. TITIE series addition

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK

.DATA

sum dw?

.CODE

MAIN PROC FAR

MOV AX, @DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV CX, 20

MOV BX, 00

MOV DL, 2

lo: MOV AX, DX

INC DX

MUL DL

ADD BX, AX

INC DL

loop lo

MOV sum, BX

MOV AX, 4C00H

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

END MAIN

5. TITLE Sum numbers from 0 to 255

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK

.DATA

.CODE

MAIN PROC FAR

MOV AX, @DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV AX, 00H

MOV CX, 255

I: ADD AX, CX

loop I

MOV AX, 4C00H

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP

END MAIN

6. TITLE two tables having ten 16 bit data in each and Wap to add two numbers and store in 3rd

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK

.DATA

VALS1 DW 100H, 200H, 300H, 500H, 600H, 700H, 800H, 900H, 1000H VALS2 DW 100H, 200H, 300H, 500H, 600H, 700H, 800H, 900H, 1000H VALS3 DW 10 DUP(?)

.CODE

MAIN PROC FAR MOV AX, @DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV CX, 10

MOV DI, 0

lo: MOV AX, VALS1[DI]

ADD AX, VALS2[DI]

MOV VALS3[DI], AX

INC DI

INC DI

loop lo

MOV AX, 4C00H

INT 21H

MAIN ENDP END MAIN

DISCUSSION

In this lab, we learned the basics of assembly language. We learned to install windows xp and dosbox that provide us environment to run 8086 codes. We learned to use dos debug and run programs by assembling and linking. We can now write a asm file and execute the code for 8086 microprocessor.

CONCLUSION

Hence, we learned the basics of running assembly code using dos debug and masm in this introduction lab for 8086 microprocessor.