## Lab - 11

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#### CODE

```
% The main handler that reads the csv, calculates all the
distances using
% the different distance measure from the query record. After,
finding the
% individual distance, the individual records are ranked and the
top 20
% records for each metric are recorded
records = csvread("./datas/data.csv");
query = [4, 20, 70, -1, 200, 0.0025, 45234, 15.23, 19.45, 490];
% Initializing vectors to store the distance of each record
sum absolute differences = [];
sum squared absolute differences = [];
euclidean distances = [];
city block distances = [];
canberra distances = [];
maximum value distances = [];
minkowski distances = [];
```

```
chi square distances = [];
hamming distances = [];
cosine distances = [];
earth movers distances = [];
pearson correlation coefficients = [];
% Calculating the distance of each record from the query and
storing them
% in the respective list
for i=1:length(records)
     sum absolute differences = [sum absolute differences,
sum absolute difference(records(i, :), query)];
     sum squared absolute differences =
[sum squared absolute differences,
sum squared absolute difference(records(i, :), query)];
     euclidean distances = [euclidean distances,
euclidean distance(records(i, :), query)];
     city block distances = [city block distances,
city block distance(records(i, :), query)];
     canberra distances = [canberra distances,
canberra distance(records(i, :), query)];
     maximum value distances = [maximum value distances,
maximum value distance(records(i, :), query)];
     minkowski distances = [minkowski distances,
minkowski distance(records(i, :), query)];
```

```
chi square distances = [chi square distances,
chi square distance(records(i, :), query)];
     hamming distances = [hamming distances,
hamming distance(records(i, :), query)];
     cosine distances = [cosine distances,
cosine distance(records(i, :), query)];
     earth movers distances = [earth movers distances,
earth movers distance(records(i, :), query)];
     pearson correlation coefficients =
[pearson correlation coefficients,
pearson correlation coefficient(records(i, :), query)];
end
% Declaring the column names
column names = {};
for i=1:10
     column names{end+1} = sprintf('%s%d', 'feature', i);
end
column names{end+1} = 'sum absolute differences';
column names{end+1} = 'sum squared absolute differences';
column names{end+1} = 'euclidean distance';
column names{end+1} = 'city block distance';
column names{end+1} = 'canberra distance';
column names{end+1} = 'maximum value distance';
column names{end+1} = 'minkowski distance';
```

```
column names{end+1} = 'chi square distance';
column names{end+1} = 'hamming distance';
column names{end+1} = 'cosine distance';
column names{end+1} = 'earth movers distance';
column names{end+1} = 'pearson correlation coefficient';
% Table for storing the data
info table = cell2table(cell(0, size(column names,2)),
'VariableNames', column names);
\ensuremath{\$} Creating the final dataframe with the records and
corresponding distance
% for all the distance metrics
final table = [...
     records ...
     sum absolute differences' ...
     sum squared absolute differences' ...
     euclidean distances' ...
     city block distances' ...
     canberra distances' ...
     maximum value distances' ...
     minkowski distances' ...
     chi square distances' ...
     hamming distances' ...
     cosine distances' ...
     earth movers distances' ...
```

```
pearson correlation coefficients'];
for i=1:length(final table)
     new row = \{\};
     for j=1:length(final table(i, :))
     new row{end+1} = final table(i, j);
     end
     info table = [info table; new row];
end
% Storing the complete data with calculated distances in xls
file
writetable(info table, './datas/data with distances.xls');
% Finding the rank of each record according to the individual
distance
% metrics
% Table for storing the rank of each record for the
corresponding distance
% metric
rank table = cell2table(cell(0, size(column names(11:end),2)),
'VariableNames', column names(11:end));
% Calculating the rank of each record
ranks = [];
```

```
for i=1:length(column names(11:end))
     [data, idx] = sort(final table(:, i));
     ranks = [ranks idx];
end
for i=1:length(ranks)
     new row = \{\};
     for j=1:length(ranks(i, :))
     new row{end+1} = ranks(i, j);
     end
     rank table = [rank table; new row];
end
% Storing the complete data with calculated distances in xls
file
writetable(rank table, './datas/distance ranks.xls');
% Finding the top 20 indices in ascending order for each
distance metric
% Table for storing the rank of each record for the
corresponding distance
% metric
top table = cell2table(cell(0, size(column names(11:end),2)),
'VariableNames', column names(11:end));
top = [];
```

```
for i=1:size(ranks, 2)
   idx = find(ranks(:, i) < 21);
   top = [top idx];
end
for i=1:length(top)
     new row = \{\};
     for j=1:length(top(i, :))
     new row{end+1} = top(i, j);
     end
     top table = [top table; new row];
end
% Storing the complete data with calculated distances in xls
file
writetable(top table, './datas/top20 records.xls');
Euclidean_distance
function[x] = euclidean distance(record, query)
% Function to find the euclidean distance between the record and
the query
x = norm(record - query);
return
Sum_squared_absolute_difference
```

function[x] = sum squared absolute difference(record, query)

```
% Function to find the sum of absolute squared difference between
the record and
% the query
x = sum((record - query).^2);
return
Sum_absolute_difference
function[x] = sum absolute difference(record, query)
% Function to find the sum of absolute difference between the
record and
% the query
x = sum(abs(record - query));
return
```

## Pearson\_correlation\_coefficient

```
function[x] = pearson_correlation_coefficient(record, query)
% Function to find the pearson correlation coefficient between
the record
% and the query
x = corr2(record, query);
return
```

#### Minkowski\_distance

```
function[x] = minkowski distance(record, query)
```

```
% Function to find the minkowski distance between the record and
the query
x = pdist2(record, query, 'minkowski');
return
```

### Maximum\_value\_distance

```
function[x] = maximum_value_distance(record, query)
% Function to find the maximum value distance between the record
and the query
x = max(abs(record - query));
return
```

#### Hamming\_distance

```
function[x] = hamming_distance(record, query)
% Function to find the hamming distance between the record and
the query
x = pdist2(record, query, 'hamming');
return
```

## Earth\_movers\_distance

```
function[x] = earth_movers_distance(record, query)
% Function to find the earth movers distance between the record
and the
% query
```

```
x = sum(abs(cumsum(record) - cumsum(query)));
return
```

## Cosine\_distance

```
function[x] = cosine_distance(record, query)
% Function to find the cosine distance between the record and the
query
x = 1 - (sum(record .* query) /
sqrt(sum(record.^2)*sum(query.^2)));
return
```

## City\_block\_distance

```
function[x] = city_block_distance(record, query)
% Function to find the city block distance between the record and
the query
x = sum(abs(record - query));
return
```

## Canberra\_distance

```
function[x] = canberra_distance(record, query)
% Function to find the canberra distance between the record and
the query
x = (abs(record - query)) / (abs(record) + abs(query));
return
```

## Chi\_square\_distance

```
function[x] = chi_square_distance(record, query)
% Function to find the chi square distance between the record and
the query
x = sum((record - query).^2 / (record + query)) / 2;
return
```