

Application Descriptions

HVAC ObIS

Temperature On/Off Control

Summary

This object is applicable for room temperature control e.g. in room thermostats.

Version 01.00.01 is a KNX Approved Standard.

This document is part of the KNX Specifications v2.1.

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Document updates

Version	Date	Modifications
1.0	2002.04.03	Editorially restyled; based on " 16-01_ObIS_TOOC.doc"
1.0	2009.05.16	Editorial update in view of inclusion in the KNX Specifications v2.0.
01.00.01	2013.10.29	Editorial updates for the publication of KNX Specifications 2.1.

References

None.

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1 Application Model(s)

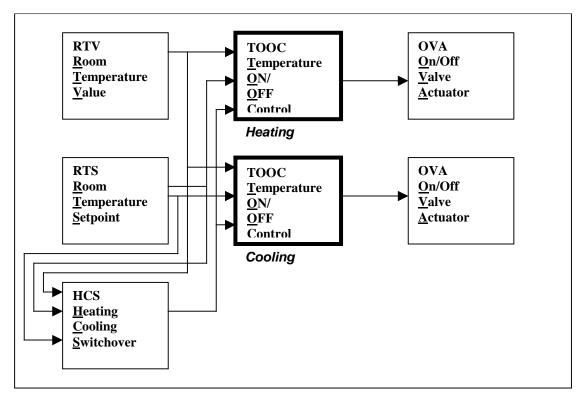


Figure 1 - Example for Individual Room Temperature Control with Heating and Cooling with ON/OFF Control

2 ObIS Function Model(s)

2.1 ObIS Function Model "Temperature ON/OFF Control"

2.1.1 Aims and objectives

This object is applicable for room temperature control e.g. in room thermostats.

2.1.2 Functional specification

This object can be used for ON/OFF control of a temperature e.g. of a room temperature. The actuating value Y has only two discrete states: ON and OFF. Y depends on the controlled value X (temperature) and the setpoint value W. The hysteresis may be defined as symmetrical or asymmetrical. Furthermore the actuating value Y can be activated or deactivated by an optional Group Object. The type of control (heating or cooling) is defined by a parameter.

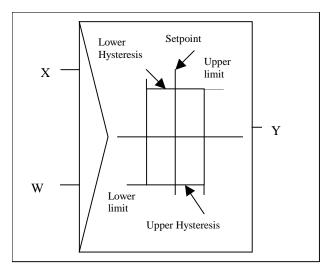


Figure 2 – On/Off control by a hysteresis

2.1.3 Constraints

No constraints are defined for the ObIS Temperature On/Off Control.

2.1.4 Functional Block

Input(s)		Temperature C			Output(s)
Actual Room Temperature Value Actual Temperature Setpoint	DPT 9.001 DPT 9.001	ARTV ATSVH/	OAC	EIS 1 See 3.1	ON/OFF Actuating Command
Value Heating/Cooling	See 3.1	ATSVC	RA	See 3.2	Range Alarm
Heating/Cooling Mode		HCM	CS		Controller Status
Parameter(s)	KNX 5.020				
Lower Hysteresis	See 3.3	LH			
Upper Hysteresis	KNX 5.020 See 3.3	UH			
Lower Limit Controlled Value	DPT 9.001 DPT 9.001	LLCV			
Upper Limit Controlled Value	DPT 9.001	ULCV			
Lower Limit Setpoint Value	DPT 9.001	LLSV			
Upper Limit Setpoint Value	 See 3.1	ULSV			
Controller Type Actuating	 EIS 1	СТ			
Value if Controller Inactive	See 3.4	AVCI			
Control Cycle Time	See 3.5	CCT			
Cycle Time Transmit Y		CTTY			

2.1.5 Properties

ID	Name	Abbr.	Description	Datapoint Type	M/O
1	PID_OBJECT_TYPE		' ''	KNX_PropD ataType	М

Input(s)

ID	Name	Abbr.	Description	Datapoint Type	M/O
<tbd></tbd>	PID_VALUE_ACTUAL_ROOM_TEMP ERATURE	ARTV	Actual Room Temperature Value	DPT 9.001	М
<tbd></tbd>	PID_SETPOINT_VALUE_ACTUAL_ TEMPERATURE_HEATING/COOLING	ATSV H/ATS VC	Actual Room Temperature Setpoint Heating or Actual Room Temperature Setpoint Cooling	DPT 9.001	М
<tbd></tbd>	PID_MODE _HEATING_COOLING	HCM	Heating/Cooling Mode	See 3.1	0

Output(s)

ID	Name	Abbr.	Description	Datapoint Type	M/O
<tbd></tbd>	PID_COMMAND_ACTUATING_ON/OF F	OAC	ON/OFF Command	EIS 1	М
<tbd></tbd>	PID_ALARM_RANGE	RA	Range Alarm	See 3.1	0
	PID_STATUS_CONTROLLER	CS	Controller Status	See 3.2	0

Parameter(s)

ID	Name	Abbr.	Description	Datapoint Type	M/O
<tbd></tbd>	PID_HYSTERESIS_LOWER	LH	Lower Hysteresis	KNX 5.020 See 3.3	M/O
<tbd></tbd>	PID_HYSTERESIS_UPPER	UH	Upper Hysteresis	KNX 5.020 See 3.3	M/O
<tbd></tbd>	PID_VALUE_CONTROLLED_LOWER _LIMIT	LLCV	Lower Limit Controlled Value	DPT 9.001	0
<tbd></tbd>	PID_VALUE_CONTROLLED_UPPER_LIMIT	ULCV	Upper Limit Controlled Value	DPT 9.001	0
<tbd></tbd>	PID_VALUE_SETPOINT_LOWER LIMIT	LLSV	Lower Limit Setpoint Value	DPT 9.001	0
<tbd></tbd>	PID_VALUE_SETPOINT_UPPER_LIMI T	ULSV	Upper Limit Setpoint Value	DPT 9.001	0
<tbd></tbd>	PID_TYPE_CONTROLLER	CT	Controller Type	See 3.1	0
<tbd></tbd>	PID_VALUE_ACTUATING_CONTROL _INACTIVE	AVCI	Actuating Value if Control Inactive	EIS 1	0
<tbd></tbd>	PID_TIME_CYCLE_CONTROL	CCT	Control Cycle Time	See 3.4	0
<tbd></tbd>	PID_TIME_CYCLE_TRANSMIT_Y	CTTY	Cycle Time Transmit Y	See 3.5	0

2.1.5.1 Property PID_ VALUE_ACTUAL_ROOM_TEMPERATURE ARTV

Unit: °C

Range: min. 5 ... 35

Default Value: Group Object/Parameter: C
Input/Output: I

R/W Rate >> 10/day

Description: This value is the controlled value of the ON/OFF controller e.g. the actual

room temperature value.

2.1.5.2 Property PID_SETPOINT_VALUE_ACTUAL_TEMPERATURE_HEATING or PID_SETPOINT_VALUE_ACTUAL_TEMPERATURE_COOLING ATSVH/ATSVC

Unit: °C

Range: min. 5 ... 35

Default Value: Group Object/Parameter: C
Input/Output: I

R/W Rate >> 10/day

Description: This value is the setpoint value of the ON/OFF controller.

2.1.5.3 Property PID_MODE_HEATING_COOLING HCM

Unit: Range: 0;1
Default Value: Group Object/Parameter: C
Input/Output: I
R/W Rate > 1/day

Description: HCM is used in combination with the parameter CT (Controller Type) to

activate or deactivate the controller. The controller is active, if CT and HCM have the same value. If the controller becomes inactive the actuating value (OAC) is set to the state defined by the property "Actuating value if

controller is inactive" (AVCI). (Coding of HCM see 3.1)

2.1.5.4 Property PID_COMMAND_ACTUATING_ON/OFF_ OAC

Unit: Range: 0;1
Default Value: Group Object/Parameter: C
Input/Output: O

R/W Rate >> 10/day

Description: This is the actuating value of the Temperature ON/OFF Control (TOOC).

OAC = f(ARTV,ATSVH/C,LH,UH,IO,CI,AVCI)

After reset/restart OVAY remains "0" and will not be transmitted until

ATSVH/C and ARTV have been updated.

2.1.5.5 Property PID ALARM RANGE RA

Unit: Range: 0;1
Default Value: 0
Group Object/Parameter: C
Input/Output: O
R/W Rate < 1/day

Description: If either the setpoint value ATSVH/C or the controlled value ARTV are

below their minimum value or above their maximum value the "Range Alarm" RA will be set and bit 3 to bit 7 in the "Controller Status" CS will

be set accordingly. (Coding of RA see: 3.1)

RA = 1: Range Alarm RA = 0: no Range Alarm

2.1.5.6 Property PID_STATUS_CONTROLLER CS

Unit: Range: Default Value: Group Object/Parameter: C
Input/Output: O
R/W Rate < 10/day

Description: Controller Status CS is an optional Group Object, which is read only

(coding of CS see 3.2).

2.1.5.7 Property PID_HYSTERESIS_LOWER LH

Unit: 0,1 K

Range: min. 10 ... 20 (positive values only)

Default Value: free
Group Object/Parameter: P
Input/Output: R/W
R/W Rate << 1/day

Description: The lower limit of the ON/OFF Control is defined as the difference of

setpoint value ATSVH/C minus lower hysteresis LH (see figure 2).

LH or UH can be set to zero, but at least one of them must be greater than

zero LH + UH > 0!

2.1.5.8 Property PID_ HYSTERESIS_UPPER UH

Unit: 0,1 K

Range: min. 10 ... 20 (positive values only)

Default Value: free
Group Object/Parameter: P
Input/Output: R/W
R/W Rate << 1/day

Description: The upper limit of the ON/OFF Control is defined as the sum of setpoint

value ATSVH/C plus upper hysteresis UH (see figure 2).

LH or UH can be set to zero, but at least one of them must be greater than

zero LH + UH > 0!

2.1.5.9 Property PID_VALUE_CONTROLLED_LOWER_LIMIT LLCV

Unit: °C
Range: Default Value: free
Group Object/Parameter: P
Input/Output: R
R/W Rate <<1/day

Description: This parameter is the minimum value of the Controlled Value ARTV which

can be operated by the TOOC. This value is <u>read only</u> and must be defined by the manufacturer. If ARTV is lower than LLCV, ARTV must be set to

LLCV.

2.1.5.10 Property PID_VALUE_CONTROLLED_UPPER_LIMIT ULCV

Unit:

Range:
Default Value:

Group Object/Parameter:
Input/Output:
R
R/W Rate

o°C
Free
P
R
R

R

</1/day

Description: This parameter is the maximum value of the Controlled Value ARTV which

can be operated by the TOOC. This value is <u>read only</u> and must be defined by the manufacturer. If ARTV is higher than ULCV, ARTV must be set to

ULCV.

2.1.5.11 Property PID_VALUE_SETPOINT_LOWER_ LIMIT LLSV

Description: This parameter is the minimum value of the Setpoint Value SVY which can

be operated by the TOOC. This value is <u>read only</u> and must be defined by the manufacturer. If SVY is lower than LLSV, SVY must be set to LLSV.

2.1.5.12 Property PID_VALUE_SETPOINT_UPPER_LIMIT ULSV

Description: This parameter is the maximum value of the Setpoint Value SVY which can

be operated by the TOOC. This value is <u>read only</u> and must be defined by the manufacturer. If SVY is higher than ULSV, SVY must be set to ULSV.

2.1.5.13 Property PID_TYPE_CONTROLLER CT

Unit: Range: 0;1
Default Value: free
Group Object/Parameter: P
Input/Output: R/W
R/W Rate << 1/day

Description: This Parameter defines whether the controller is used for heating

(CT = 1) or for cooling (CT = 0) and in combination with the object HCM if

the controller is active or inactive. The controller is active if

CT = HCM.

2.1.5.14 Property PID_VALUE_ACTUATING_CONTROLLER_INACTIVE AVCI

Unit: Range: 0;1
Default Value: free
Group Object/Parameter: P
Input/Output: R/W
R/W Rate << 1/day

Description: When TOOC is switched in the inactive state, the actuating value (OAC) is

set to the state defined by this property (AVCI). This state is transmitted one

times only.

2.1.5.15 Property PID_TIME_CYCLE_CONTROL CCT

Unit: s
Range: free
Default Value: free
Group Object/Parameter: P
Input/Output: O

R/W Rate >> 10/day

Description: This parameter determines the time interval after which the control

algorithm is executed again. (Coding see 3.4)

2.1.5.16 Property PID_TIME_CYCLE_TRANSMIT_YCTTY

Unit: minutes ("0" = no transmission)

Range: min 0; 15 ... 60 minutes

Default Value: free
Group Object/Parameter: P
Input/Output: R/W
R/W Rate << 1/day

Description: The actuating value OAC will be transmitted cyclically after the given cycle

time. It will not be transmitted cyclically, if CTTY is set to "0".

In this case OAC is only transmitted if OAC has changed. (Coding see 3.5)

3 Datapoint Type(s)

3.1 1-Bit Datapoint Types

Format:	1 bit		
	V		
Encoding:	See below		
Range:	$V = \{0,1\}$		
<u>Unit:</u>	-		
Datapoint	t Types		
Code:	Symbol:	Encoding: $V = 0$	V = 1
1.100	DPT_Heat/Cool	Cooling	Heating
1.005	DPT_Alarm	No Alarm	Alarm

3.2 Datapoint Type "Controller Status"

	3 p c		
Format:	1 octet		
	HGFEDCBA	1	
Encoding:	See below		
Range:	AH = {0,1}		
<u>Unit:</u>	-		
Datapoint 7	Гуреѕ		
Code:	Symbol:	Encodir	ng:
<tbd></tbd>	<tbd></tbd>	A =1 :	Control is inactive
		B =1 :	Output is inverted
		C:	Not used, always zero
		D=1 :	ARTV>ULCV
		E=1:	ARTV <llcv< td=""></llcv<>
		F=1:	SVY>ULSV
		G=1 :	SVY <llsv< td=""></llsv<>
		H=1 :	Range Alarm

3.3 Datapoint Type "8 bit signed integer"

Format:	1 octet			
	VVVVVVV			
Encoding:	See below			
Range:	V = [-128 127] bina	ary encoded		
<u>Unit:</u>	See below			
Datapoint '	Туреѕ			
Code:	Symbol:	Encoding:	Range:	<u>Unit</u> :
KNX 5.020	DPT_TempHVACRel8	"temperature"	-128127	0,1 K

This Datapoint Type shall only be used for the encoding of parameters. It shall not be used for the encoding of any temperature value (real temperatures, shift values, offset values, ...) that are transmitted on the bus using group communication.

3.4 Datapoint Type "8-bit unsigned multiplier without zero"

Format:	1 octet					
	VVVVVVV					
Encoding:	See below					
Range:	V = [1255] binary e	ncoded				
<u>Unit:</u>	See below					
Datapoint Types						
Code:	Symbol:	Encoding:	Range:	<u>Unit</u> :		
<tbd></tbd>	<tbd></tbd>	"time"	1255	1 s		

3.5 Datapoint Type "8-bit unsigned multiplier with special function for zero"

Format:	1 octet			
	VVVVVVV			
Encoding:	See below			
Range:	V = [0255] binary e	ncoded		
<u>Unit:</u>	See below			
Datapoint ⁻	Туреѕ			
Code:	Symbol:	Encoding:	Range:	<u>Unit</u> :
<tbd></tbd>	<tbd></tbd>	"time"	1255	1 min
			0 = corresponding function disabled	