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      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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      UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
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                 v.
                                                14 CR 00243
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      ROBERT FAIELLA,
                  Defendant.
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 8
                                                New York, N.Y.
                                                September 4, 2014
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                                                4:10 p.m.
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      Before:
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                             HON. JED S. RAKOFF,
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                                                District Judge
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                                 APPEARANCES
15
      PREET BHARARA
           United States Attorney for the
16
           Southern District of New York
17
      SERRIN A. TURNER
           Assistant United States Attorney
18
      SIDLEY AUSTIN LLP
19
           Attorneys for Defendant
      TIMOTHY TREANOR
20-
      TODD BEATON
      FRANCESCA BRODY
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      ALSO PRESENT: GARY ALFORD, Special Agent
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(Case called)

THE COURT: I understand the defendant is going to enter a plea. Is that to both counts?

MR. TREANOR: Only to count one, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is there a plea agreement?

MR. TURNER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me ask the government, what do you take to be the meaning of the word "sua sponte"?

MR. TURNER: Spontaneously, your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes, all right. So please explain to me what it means that neither party will suggest that either the Court or the probation office consider a departure or adjustment under the guidelines sua sponte?

That appears twice on page 3.

MR. TURNER: I believe all that is meant there, your Honor, is that if there are particular questions that probation has for us that might result in an enhancement or something like that, then we will answer those honestly and appropriately but that we will not -- in terms of what we are agreed to at present, we agreed to --

THE COURT: For example, the parties agree that neither party will seek any departure or adjustment pursuant to the guidelines that is not set forth herein, nor will either party suggest that the probation office consider such a departure or adjustment under the guidelines or suggest that

the Court sua sponte consider any such departure or adjustment.

How could someone possibly suggest that the Court act sua sponte? It wouldn't be sua sponte if the Court acted at a suggestion.

MR. TURNER: You may be right, your Honor. It is not the most well phrased. It is our stock language.

THE COURT: It is your stock language, and I have been complaining about it for 19 years, and I am just wondering when the mighty U.S. Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York is going to learn the meaning of an everyday Latin phrase.

MR. TURNER: I can relay your concerns to our office, your Honor.

THE COURT: Please do. While you're doing it, say that since this has fallen on deaf ears for the last 19 years, there will come a point when I will reject the agreement altogether on the grounds that if one line is gibberish, it might all be gibberish. Please look up the meaning of the word gibberish if you need to.

MR. TURNER: I understand.

Place the defendant under oath.

(Defendant sworn)

THE COURT: Mr. Faiella, let me advise you that because you are under oath, anything that you say that is knowingly false could subject you to punishment for perjury or

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obstruction of justice or making a false statement.
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               Do you understand that?
               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Do you read, write, speak, and understand
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      English?
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               THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
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               THE COURT: Of what country are you a citizen?
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               THE DEFENDANT: United States, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Where were you born?
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               THE DEFENDANT: Winthrop, Massachusetts.
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               THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
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               THE DEFENDANT:
                               I have a college degree, your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                           I know you're married because your wife,
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      I'm sure with the very best of intentions, keeps sending me
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      letters.
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               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, she does, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: But I'm afraid she needs to understand
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      that it should be sent through counsel, not directly.
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               THE DEFENDANT: I understand.
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               THE COURT: Have you ever been treated by a
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      psychiatrist or psychologist?
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               THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.
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               THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized for any
      mental illness?
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               THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.
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1 THE COURT: Have you ever been treated or hospitalized 2 for alcoholism? 3 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Have you ever been treated or hospitalized 5 for narcotics addiction? THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 6 THE COURT: You're currently under the care of a doctor, and I am somewhat familiar with your physical 8 9 condition; but for these immediate purposes, what I need to 10 know is whether there is anything about your present physical 11 situation that affects your mental capacity. Are you taking 12 medicine, for example? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am, but it doesn't affect any 14 of my judgment, your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Is there anything about your physical 16 condition that affects your ability to understand these 17 proceedings? 18 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 19 THE COURT: In fact, is your mind clear today? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Very much so. 21 THE COURT: Do you understand these proceedings? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 23 THE COURT: On the basis of the defendant's responses to my questions and my observations of his demeanor, I find he 24

is fully competent to enter an informed plea at this time.

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Now, you have a right to be represented by counsel at 1 2 every stage of these proceedings. Do you understand that? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 4 THE COURT: If at any time you can't afford counsel, 5 the Court will appoint one for you free of charge. 6 7 Do you understand that? 8 THE DEFENDANT: I understand, sir. 9 THE COURT: You're represented by the firm of Sidley 10 Austin. Is that appointed or retained? 11 Counsel? 12 MR. TREANOR: CJA, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Appointed, yes. 14 So Mr. Faiella, have you had a full opportunity to 15 discuss this case with your counsel? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Sure, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Have you told them everything you know about this matter? 18 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Are you satisfied with their 21 representation? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Absolutely. 23 THE COURT: Now, you are charged in Indictment 14 Criminal 243 with two felony counts, and you have a right to 24 25 go to trial and put the government to its proof on those

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counts, but I understand from the government that you wish to plead guilty to count one in satisfaction of those charges.

Is that right?

THE DEFENDANT: That's correct, sir.

THE COURT: Before I can accept any plea of guilty, I need to make certain that you understand the rights that you will be giving up if you plead guilty, so I want to go over with you now the rights that you will be giving up.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Certainly, sir.

THE COURT: First, you have the right to a speedy and public trial by a jury on the charges against you.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Second, if there were a trial, you would be presumed innocent, and the government would be required to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt before you could be convicted of any charge.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Third, at the trial, you would have the right to be represented by counsel; and once again, if you still could not afford counsel, the Court would appoint one to represent you free of charge throughout the trial and at all other proceedings.

1 Do you understand that? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. Fourth, at the trial, you would have the 3 THE COURT: right to see and hear all of the witnesses and other evidence 4 5 against you. Your attorney could cross-examine the government's witnesses and object to the government's evidence 6 7 and could have subpoenas issued to compel the attendance of witnesses and other evidence on your behalf and could present 9 such other evidence as you requested. 10 Do you understand all that? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Fifth, at the trial, you would have the right to testify if you wanted to, but no one could force you 13 14 to testify if you did not want to, and no suggestion of quilt 15 could be drawn against you if you chose not to testify. 16 Do you understand that? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 18 THE COURT: Finally, even if you were convicted of one 19 or both charges, you would have the right to appeal your conviction. 20 21 Do you understand that? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 23 THE COURT: Do you understand that you will be giving up each and every one of those rights if you plead guilty? 24

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Do you understand that?

1 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 2 THE COURT: Very good. Now, you have received previously a copy of the indictment. Yes? 3 THE DEFENDANT: 4 Yes. THE COURT: You have gone over it with your counsel? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 6 7 THE COURT: You understand the charges against you? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 8 9 THE COURT: Does counsel want count one read again in 10 open court, or do you waive the reading? 11 MR. TREANOR: Waive the reading. 12 THE COURT: All right. Very good. 13 Now, count one charges you with operating an 14 unlicensed money transmitting business in violation of various 15 provisions of federal law, and that charge carries a maximum sentence of five years' imprisonment, plus a maximum fine of, 16 17 whichever is greatest, either \$250,000 or twice the amount of 18 money derived from the crime or twice the loss to the victims 19 of the crime, plus a mandatory \$100 special assessment, plus up 20 to three years' supervised release to follow any imprisonment, 21 and there is also in connection with this a forfeiture 22 provision. Do you understand those are the maximum punishments if 23 you plead guilty to count one? 24 25 THE DEFENDANT: I understand, your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Also, do you understand that if you were 2 to violate any of the conditions of supervised release, that 3 violation could subject you to still further imprisonment going even beyond the term of supervised release? 4 Do you understand that? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 6 7 THE COURT: Now, in connection with all that, I have been furnished with a plea agreement, which despite its 8 9 failings in usage and felicity of language, I will nevertheless 10 mark as Court Exhibit 1 to today's proceeding. It takes the 11 form of a letter dated September 4th, from the government to 12 defense counsel. And Mr. Faiella, you read this, as well, yes? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Certainly, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: You went over it with your counsel? 15 THE DEFENDANT: I did. THE COURT: You understood its terms? 16 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did. 18 THE COURT: You signed it apparently earlier today in 19 order to agree to its terms, yes? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did. 21 THE COURT: Now, you should understand that this 22 letter agreement is binding between you and the government, but 23 it is not binding on me. It is not binding on the Court. You understand that? 24 25 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: I could sua sponte choose to disregard it altogether.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: And in particular, this letter agreement says that the parties have agreed to a stipulated guideline range of 57 to 60 months' imprisonment.

You're aware that is part of what you've agreed to, yes?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am.

THE COURT: The guidelines are certain laws that I will look at to help me determine sentence, but they are not binding on me. I may agree with that guideline calculation, or I may disagree with it. Even if I agree with it, I may sentence you within the guidelines or I may go below. I don't think I can go higher because I think it goes right up to 60 months. Wherever I come out, you will be bound by my sentence.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: More generally, do you understand that if anyone has made any kind of promise or estimate or representation to you of what your sentence will be in this case, that person could be wrong. Nevertheless, if you plead guilty, you will still be bound by my sentence.

Do you understand that? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Perfectly, sir. 3 THE COURT: Does the government represent that this letter agreement is the entirety of any and all agreements 4 between the government and Mr. Faiella? 5 MR. TURNER: It is, your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Does defense counsel confirm that is correct? 8 9 MR. TREANOR: Yes, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Mr. Faiella, do you confirm that's 11 correct? 12 THE DEFENDANT: I do, sir. 13 THE COURT: Other than the government, has anyone else 14 made any kind of promise to you or offered you any inducement 15 to get you to plead guilty in this case? 16 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 17 THE COURT: Has anyone threatened or coerced you to get you to plead quilty in this case? 18 19 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 20 THE COURT: Does the government represent that if this 21 case were to go to trial, it could, through competent evidence, 22 prove every essential element of this crime beyond a reasonable doubt? 23 24 MR. TURNER: Yes, your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Does defense counsel know of any valid

1 defense that would likely prevail at trial or any other reason 2 why his client should not plead quilty? 3 MR. TREANOR: No, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Faiella, please tell me in your own 5 words what it is that you did that makes you guilty of this crime. 6 7 THE DEFENDANT: Well, your Honor, on or about December 2011 until approximately October 2013, I operated an 8 9 unlicensed bitcoin trading platform, and the bitcoins that were 10 traded we used for the purchase of narcotics and other illegal 11 goods. 12 THE COURT: And you knew they were being so used? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 14 THE COURT: And is it also correct that you failed to 15 comply with the money transmitting business registration 16 requirements of law? 17 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor, I did not comply with 18 those regulations. 19 THE COURT: The answer to my question, I quess, was 20 yes, you did not comply; correct? 21 THE DEFENDANT: I'm sorry, sir. 22 THE COURT: Is that correct? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 24 THE COURT: All right. At the time you did all this,

you knew what you were doing was illegal or wrong, yes?

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THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor, I did not know it was illegal at the time.

THE COURT: So you didn't know that it was illegal to help the transportation and transmissions of funds used to support the narcotics trade?

MR. TREANOR: Can I have a minute, your Honor?
THE COURT: Yeah.

THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, to clarify, I did not believe I needed a license to trade bitcoins. I was aware that the bitcoins were being used to purchase illegal narcotics.

THE COURT: Okay. The indictment specifies both the failure to comply with the transmitting requirements and the knowing transportation or transmission of funds in connection with narcotics, but I think the government will agree that those are alternatives, both don't have to be shown to be guilty. Correct?

MR. TURNER: They are, your Honor. There is also Second Circuit case law holding that the defendant need not be aware of the federal registration requirements.

THE COURT: Let's just talk about the narcotics prong because I need to make certain. Is it your sworn testimony that you knew at some time during this period between December of 2011 and October 2013 that your bitcoin transmitting business was being used to promote and support narcotics transactions?

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               THE DEFENDANT: Certainly, I did.
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               THE COURT: You knew that was illegal, yes?
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               THE DEFENDANT: Absolutely.
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               THE COURT: Very good.
               Is there anything else regarding the factual
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      allocution that the government wishes the Court to inquire
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      about or that you wish to make representations about?
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               MR. TURNER: The government would proffer that the
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      defendant's money transmitting business affected interstate
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      commerce, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Okay. Very good.
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               Anything else on any aspect of the allocution from
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      either the government or defense counsel before I ask the
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      defendant to enter his plea?
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               Oh, there's something I forgot.
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               Do you understand, Mr. Faiella, that under your
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      agreement with the government that you have agreed that if I
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      sentence you to 60 months or less, you will not appeal or
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      otherwise attack that sentence?
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               You understand that?
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               THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.
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               THE COURT: Anything else from either the government
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      or the defense?
               MR. TREANOR: Could I have one minute, your Honor,
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      with my client?
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1 THE COURT: Yes. 2 MR. TREANOR: Nothing further, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Anything from the government? 4 MR. TURNER: No, thank you, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Mr. Faiella, in light of everything that 6 we have now discussed, how do you now plead to count one of 7 Indictment 14 Criminal 243; quilty or not quilty? THE DEFENDANT: That would be guilty, your Honor. 8 9 THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty voluntarily? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am. 11 THE COURT: Because the defendant has acknowledged his 12 guilt as charged and because he has shown that he understands 13 his rights and because his plea is entered knowingly and 14 voluntarily and is supported by an independent basis of fact 15 containing each of the essential elements of the offense, I 16 accept his plea and adjudge him quilty of count one of 17 Indictment 14 Criminal 243. 18 Mr. Faiella, the next stage in this process is that 19 the probation office will prepare what is called a presentence report to assist me in determining sentence. As part of that, 20 21 you will be interviewed by the probation office. You can have 22 your counsel present to advise you of your rights; but under my 23 practices, if you want to qualify for the full credit for 24 acceptance of responsibility, you need to answer each and every

question personally put to you by the probation office.

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1 Do you understand? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Absolutely, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: After that report is prepared in draft and before it's in final, you and your counsel and also government 4 counsel have a chance to review it and offer suggestions, 5 6 corrections, and additions directly to the probation officer, 7 who will then prepare the report in final to come to me. 8 Independent of that, counsel for both sides are hereby 9 given leave to submit directly to the Court any and all 10 materials in writing bearing on any aspect of sentence provided 11 those materials are submitted no later than one week before 12 sentence, and we will set the sentence down for December 29th. 13 Does that work for counsel? 14 MR. TREANOR: Your Honor, I think I am out of town. 15 THE COURT: How about January 20th? Does that work for both sides? 16 17 MR. TREANOR: Yes, your Honor. 18 MR. TURNER: Yes, your Honor. 19 THE COURT: 4 p.m. on January 20th. 20 All right. Anything else we need to take up today? 21 MR. TURNER: Not from the government. 22 MR. TREANOR: Not from the defendant. 23 THE COURT: Very good. Thanks very much. 24 (Adjourned) 25