



EMORY
UNIVERSITY



Emory Health AI Bias Datathon '23

EMBED Dataset - Mammogram

Medical Imaging Bias Detectives

Team Members



Detective 1: Kathy Morley

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Motivation

- ❑ Black women are **41% more likely** to die from breast cancer than White women, despite being less likely to be diagnosed with it.*

- ❑ **EMory BrEast imaging Dataset (EMBED)** dataset exploration revealed:
 - Black women have **5% more** breast biopsies than white women (40% vs 35%) but.....
 - The incidence rate of breast cancer is **essentially the same** (5.7% in black women and 6.2% in white women) patients

- ❑ Reducing **false positive** diagnostic mammograms can *reduce* patient suffering and preserve health care resources

*<https://www.cancer.org/research/acs-research-news/facts-and-figures-african-american-black-people-2022-2024>

Motivation: EMBED Stats

- ❑ % of diagnostic mammography findings

Diagnostic	Black	White
BI-RADS 1&2	60.6%	65.8%
BI-RADS 4&5	39.4%	34.2%

- ❑ % positive breast cancer on diagnostic mammogram BI-RAD 4&5

Diagnostic	Black	White
Non-cancer	69.6%	55.6%
Cancer	30.4%	44.4%

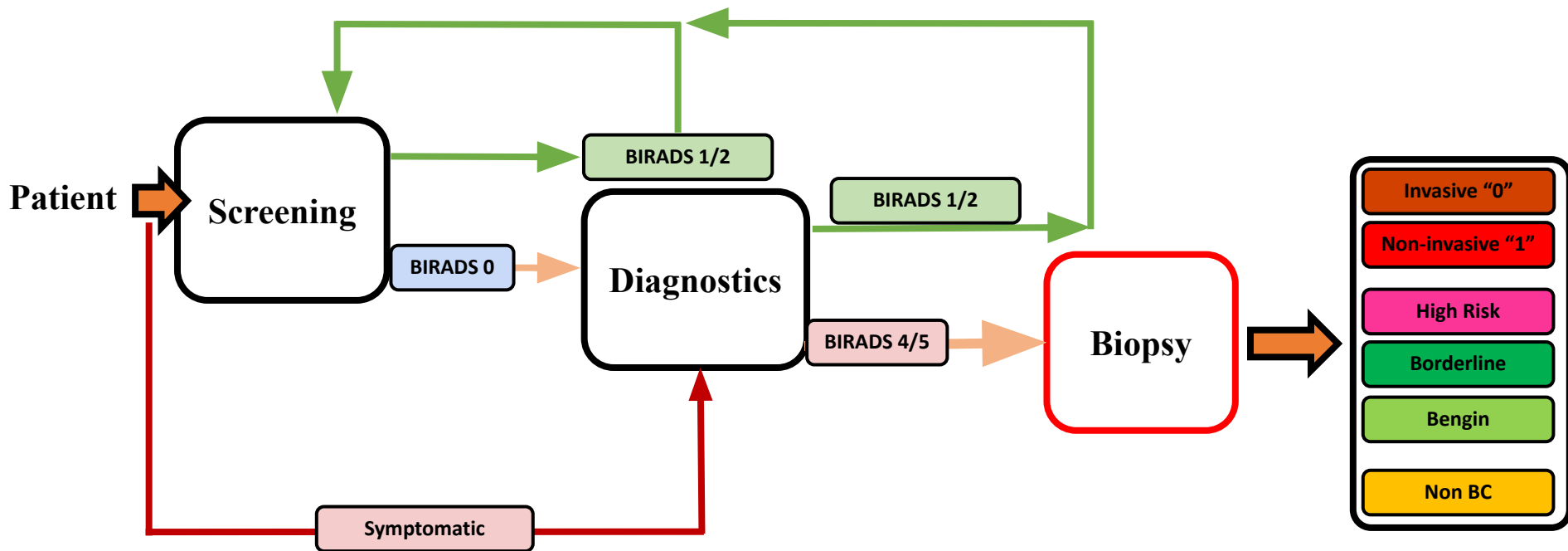
- ❑ Incidence of breast cancer

Black	White
5.7%	6.2%

Research Question

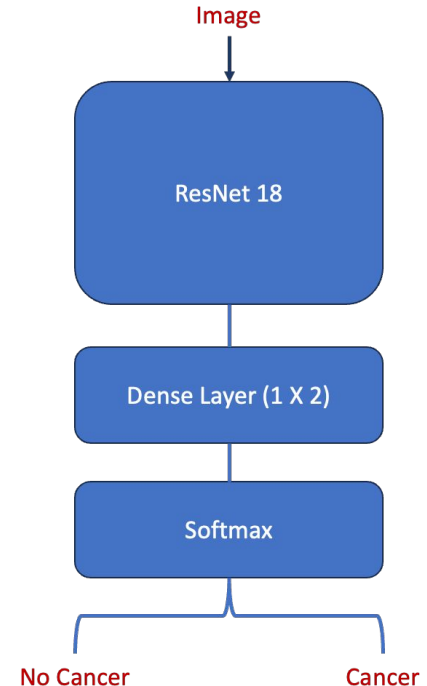
Using breast mammograms, can we develop an **AI system to reduce biased breast biopsies?**

Workflow



Model Training and Preliminary Results

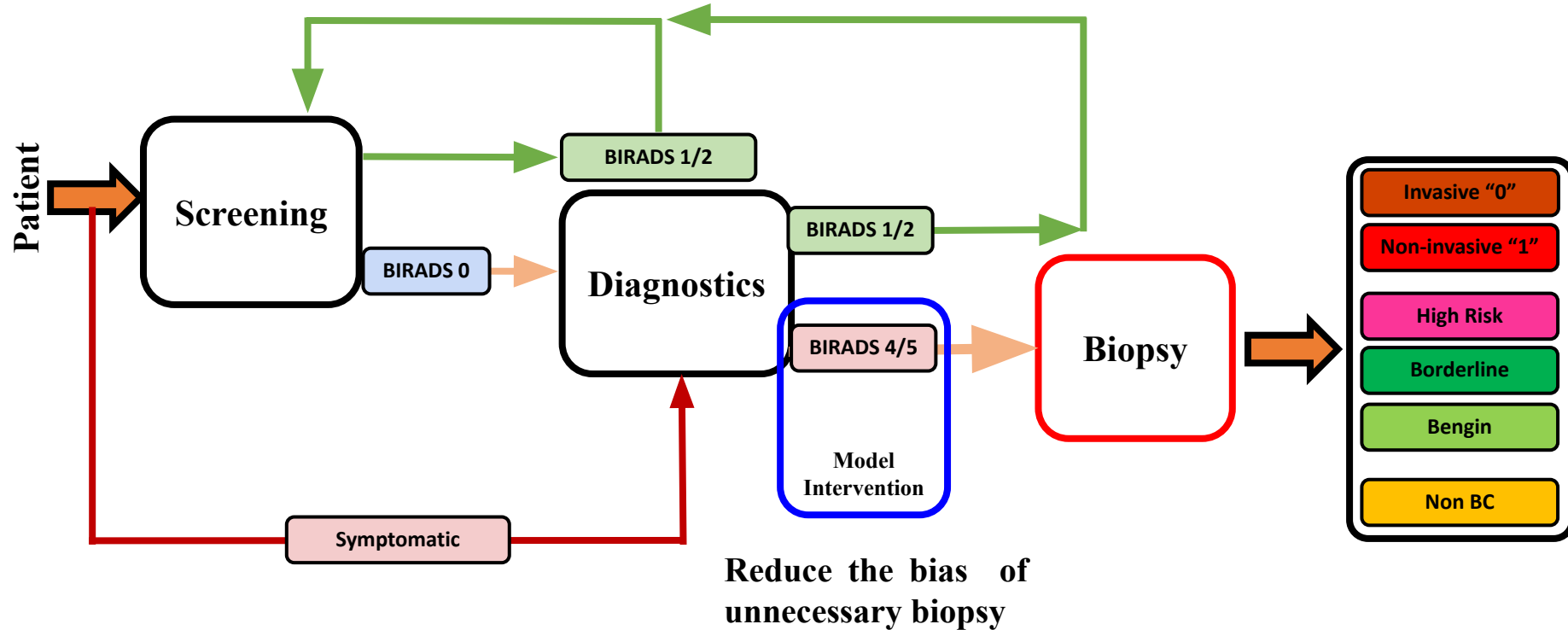
- ❑ Since we want to reduce unnecessary biopsies we trained a **ResNet18** model on patients that underwent diagnostic imaging and had a BIRADS **4/5** that went on to biopsy.
- ❑ The labels were binarized from pathological findings
 - **0** and **1** (invasive and non-invasive breast cancer)
 - **2, 3, 4** (non-cancer)
- ❑ $N_Training + N_Validation = 28788$ (80%)
- ❑ $N_Test = 7197$ (20%)
- ❑ Accuracy on training data: **91%**
- ❑ Accuracy on validation data: **86%**
- ❑ Accuracy on test data: **75%**, AUC: **0.65**



Where is the Bias?

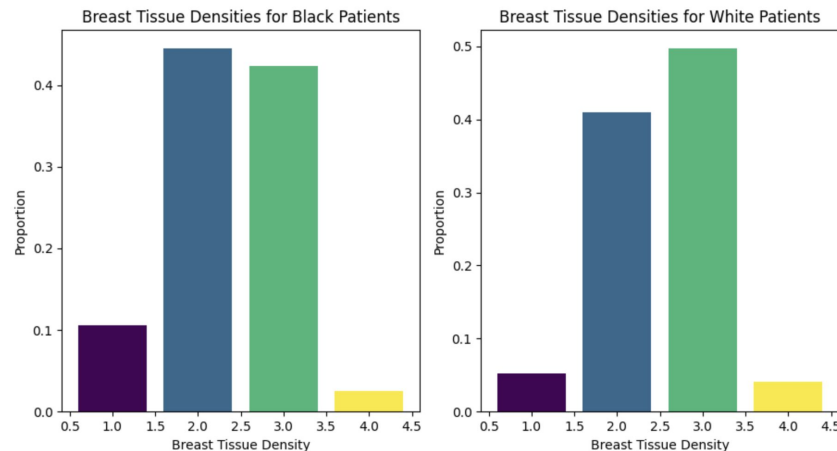
- ❑ Prevalence of **BC** aggressiveness and death rate in *black women* higher than *white women*
 - ❑ radiologists are more likely to recommend biopsy (~5% *more despite close incidents of cancer*)
- ❑ Breast tissue density differs between *black* from *white women*
- ❑ Benign breast disease etiology and prevalence differs between *white* and *black* women
 - ❑ therefore mammogram interpretation more difficult
- ❑ Is there some other hidden bias in the **EMBED** dataset?

Summary



Future Work

- ❑ **Improve model** to maintain sensitivity of cancer detection while reducing biopsy rate
- ❑ **Cohort Stratification** based on:
 - Age
 - BMI
 - Pathology of negative biopsies
 - Special views
 - Breast density, etc.



Breast tissue density for Black and White Patients from our EMBED dataset cohort

Thank You &
Questions