**Flight plan**

**Step #1: Create a polygona on a map and get the coordinate.**

Done:

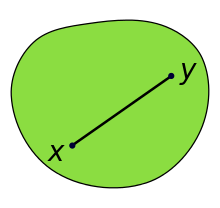
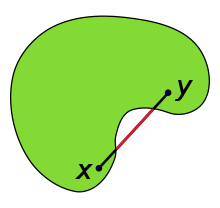
* Create a new page on Vue to do flight plans.
* Could add point.

#TODO: Prevent points from being sent if less than 3

**Step #2: Send the GPS coordinates to the server with the python code.**

#TODO: No idea yet

**Step #3: On python, with the coordinates and the distance between to line create a path.**

**Divide the problem in two:**

* Convex figures (convex in the mathematical sense, [Convex set - Wikipedia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Convex_set))
* Non-convex figures

**Convex forms:**

Hypothesis: The 2 minimums distance between 3 points are the edges of our surface. (#TODO: Verify in theory if it’s correct)

So now, we will take the ***longest side*** and its ***perpendicular***. And create a grid pattern of the aera perpendicular to our grid pattern.

#QUESTION: longest side or longest distance between 2 points? Which one will make the flight plan the smaller possible?

We’ll choose the **distance** between 2 lines in the program in meters.

To calculate the distance between two gps points we’ll use the client geopi ([geopy · PyPI](https://pypi.org/project/geopy/)) with the function distance.distance(pt1, pt2).

The points of our flight plan will be the crossing of each line or the centre of each cell.

**How to find the point on the edge of the polygon?**

On a orthogonal marker, we can use the equations of lines (y = mx + b) and we can find it easily.

In our case, it’s not possible. Because the “longest distance” won’t necessary be on the x axe.

**Pt1**

**Pt2**

**Longest distance**

**Perpendicular to the longest distance**

**(x, y)**

**Idea:** Try with the scalar product.

* Make 2 vectors with the norm of the distance between photos (could be different between length and width)
* Or with the part of vectors for example (OPt1 + OPt2) / 2, if x =

**Whished method:**

**Pt1**

**Pt2**

**Longest distance**

**Pt**

**X\_pt R1**

**X\_pt R0**

**R1 (u, v)**

**R0 (x, y)**

From a point on the longest distance find the abscissa corresponding and with the function already created find the point on the segment Pt1, Pt2

**How to?**

Find the relation between the x on R1 and x on R0. We search the function giving f(x\_R1) = x\_R0.

For x\_R1 => scalar product

For x\_R0 => already have it by coordinate

And with this, we can access to the point researched and create our flight plan.

Some sources:

* Study a bit of topology (mathematic) [Convex set - Wikipedia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Convex_set) // [Connexité (mathématiques) — Wikipédia (wikipedia.org)](https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Connexit%C3%A9_(math%C3%A9matiques))
* Scalar product and orthogonal projection
* Python documentation