

# CS144

## An Introduction to Computer Networks

### **What the Internet is** *The Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) Service Model*



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# Making the Network Layer Work

## 1. The Internet Protocol (IP)

- The creation of IP datagrams.
- Hop-by-hop delivery from end to end.

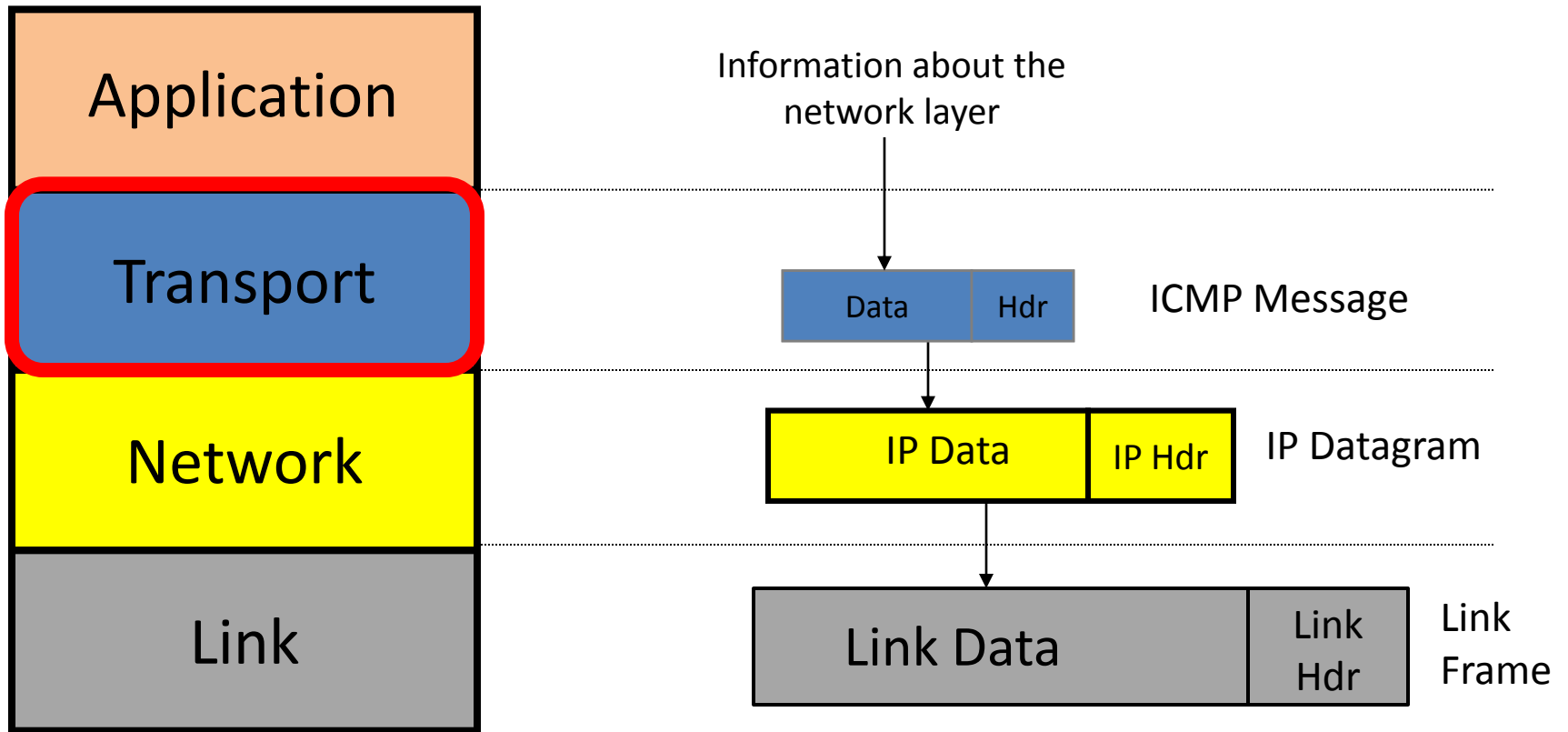
## 2. Routing Tables

- Algorithms to populate router forwarding tables

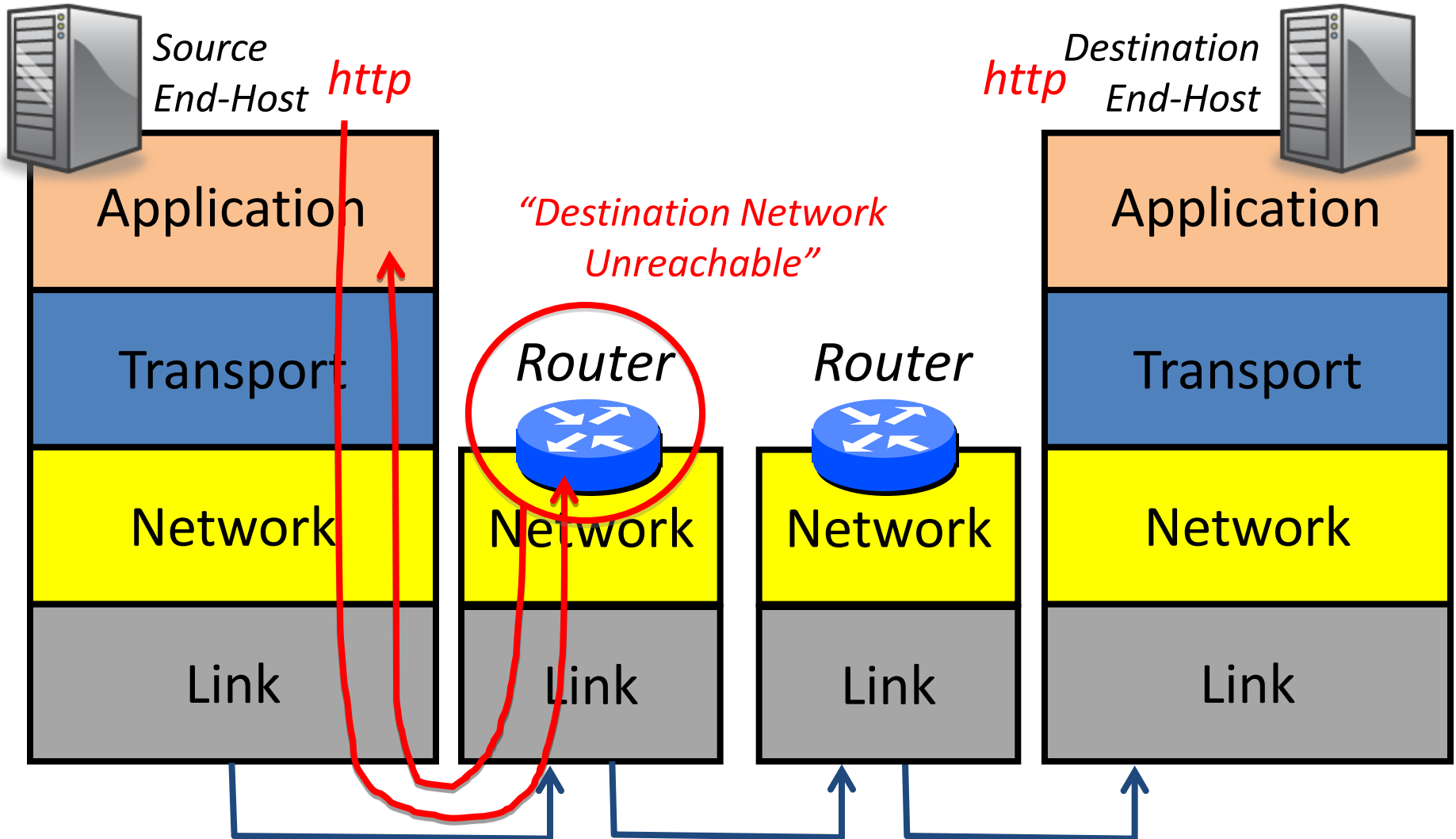
## 3. Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)

- Communicates network layer information between end hosts and routers
- Reports error conditions
- Helps us diagnose problems

# ICMP runs above the Network Layer



# An example



# The ICMP Service Model

Property	Behavior
<i>Reporting Message</i>	Self-contained message reporting error.
<i>Unreliable</i>	Simple datagram service – no retries.

# (Some) ICMP Message Types

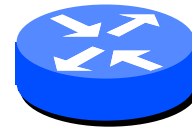
ICMP Type	ICMP Code	Description
0	0	Echo Reply (used by ping)
3	0	Destination Network Unreachable
3	1	Destination Host Unreachable
3	3	Destination Port Unreachable
8	0	Echo Request (used by ping)
11	0	TTL Expired (used by traceroute)

RFC 792

# How “ping” uses ICMP



# How “traceroute” uses ICMP





# Summary

ICMP provides information about the network layer to end hosts and routers.

It sits above IP and is therefore strictly a transport layer mechanism.

The commonly used tools “ping” and “traceroute” both rely on ICMP.

