Problem Sheet: Turing machines

1. Consider the following Turing Machine.

State	Input	Write	Move	Next
q_0	Ш	Ц	L	q_a
q_0	0	0	\mathbf{R}	q_0
q_0	1	1	R	q_1
q_1	Ц	Ш	L	q_f
q_1	0	0	\mathbf{R}	q_1
q_1	1	1	R	q_0

Determine what happens when the Turing Machine is run with the following inputs initially on the tape.

- (a) 0001
- (b) 0111
- (c) 0110
- (d) 0101010001
- (e) 0000000000000111
- (f) 00
- (g)
- 2. Give the state table for a Turing Machine that appends a parity bit to a tape with a string of consecutive 0's and 1's.
- 3. Construct a Turing Machine to compute the sequence $0 \sqcup 1 \sqcup 0 \sqcup 1 \sqcup 0 \sqcup \ldots$, that is, 0 blank 1 blank 0 blank, etc [1]. Give the state table for a Turing Machine that appends a parity bit to a tape with a string of consecutive 0's and 1's.
- 4. Give the state table for a Turing Machine that multiplies a string of consecutive 0's and 1's by 2. The machine should treat the initial contents of the tape as a natural number written in binary form, with the least significant bit at the end. That is, if the contents of the tape are 01101, then the right-most 1 represents the number 1, the middle 1 represents the number 4 and the left-most 1 represents the number 8. Then the number on the tape is 8 + 4 + 1 = 13.
- 5. Give the state table for a Turing Machine that multiplies a string of consecutive 0's and 1's by 2. The machine should treat the initial contents of the tape as a natural number written in binary form, with the most significant bit at the end. That is, if the contents of the tape are 01101, then the right-most 1 represents the number 16, the middle 1 represents the number 4 and the left-most 1 represents the number 2. Then the number of the tape is 2 + 4 + 16 = 22.
- 6. Give the state table for a Turing Machine that adds 1 to a string of consecutive 0's and 1's, where the least significant digit is on the right of the input.
- 7. Give the state table for a Turing Machine that subtracts 1 to a string of consecutive 0's and 1's, where the least significant digit is on the right of the input.

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- 8. List all words of length at most three in Σ^* where Σ is:
 - (a) $\{0,1\}$
 - (b) $\{a, b, c\}$
 - (c) {}
- 9. Design a Turing machine to recognise the language $\{0^n1^n \mid n \geq 0\}$.
- 10. Design a Turing machine to recognise the language $\{ww^R \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*\}$ where w^R is w reversed. For example, when w = 101011 then $w^R = 110101$.
- 11. Design a Turing machine to recognise the language $\{a^ib^jc^k \mid i,j,k\in\mathbb{N}_0\}$

References

[1] A. M. Turing. On computable numbers, with an application to the entscheidungsproblem. *Proceedings of the London Mathematical Society*, s2-42(1):230–265, 1937.