

# **VPROFILE PROJECT SETUP**

## Prerequisite

- 1. Oracle VM Virtualbox
- 2. Vagrant
- 3. Vagrant plugins

  Execute below command in your computer to install hostmanager plugin
  - \$ vagrant plugin install vagrant-hostmanager
- 4. Git bash or equivalent editor

## **VM SETUP**

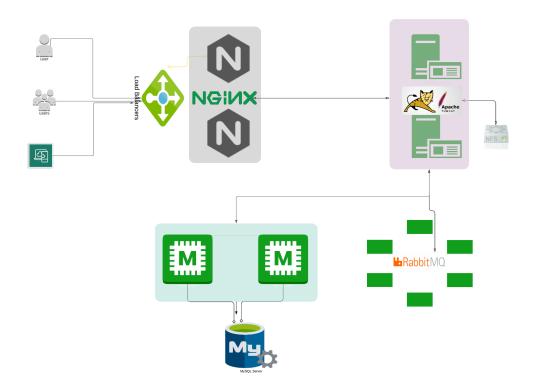
- 1. Clone source code.
- 2. Cd into the repository.
- 3. Switch to the main branch.
- 4. cd into vagrant/Manual\_provisioning

#### Bring up vm's

\$ vagrant up

NOTE: Bringing up all the vm's may take a long time based on various factors. If vm setup stops in the middle run "vagrant up" command again.

INFO: All the vm's hostname and /etc/hosts file entries will be automatically updated.



#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Services

```
    Nginx => Web Service
    Tomcat => Application Server
    RabbitMQ => Broker/Queuing Agent
    Memcache => DB Caching
    ElasticSearch => Indexing/Search service
    MySQL => SQL Database
```

#### Setup should be done in below mentioned order

```
MySQL (Database SVC)
Memcache (DB Caching SVC)
RabbitMQ (Broker/Queue SVC)
Tomcat (Application SVC)
Nginx (Web SVC)
```

## 1. MYSQL Setup

## Login to the db vm

\$ vagrant ssh db01

## Verify Hosts entry, if entries missing update the it with IP and hostnames

# cat /etc/hosts

## Update OS with latest patches

# yum update -y

## Set Repository

# yum install epel-release -y

## Install Maria DB Package

# yum install git mariadb-server -y

## Starting & enabling mariadb-server

# systemctl start mariadb
# systemctl enable mariadb

#### RUN mysql secure installation script.

```
# mysql_secure_installation
```

NOTE: Set db root password, I will be using admin123 as password

```
Set root password? [Y/n] Y
New password:
Re-enter new password:
Password updated successfully!
Reloading privilege tables..
 ... Success!
By default, a MariaDB installation has an anonymous user, allowing anyone
to log into MariaDB without having to have a user account created for
them. This is intended only for testing, and to make the installation
go a bit smoother. You should remove them before moving into a
production environment.
Remove anonymous users? [Y/n] Y
... Success!
Normally, root should only be allowed to connect from 'localhost'. This
ensures that someone cannot guess at the root password from the network.
Disallow root login remotely? [Y/n] n
 ... skipping.
By default, MariaDB comes with a database named 'test' that anyone can
access. This is also intended only for testing, and should be removed
before moving into a production environment.
Remove test database and access to it? [Y/n] Y
- Dropping test database...
 ... Success!
 - Removing privileges on test database...
Reloading the privilege tables will ensure that all changes made so far
will take effect immediately.
Reload privilege tables now? [Y/n] Y
```

#### Set DB name and users.

mysql> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;

mysql> exit;

```
# mysql -u root -padmin123

mysql> create database accounts;
mysql> grant all privileges on accounts.* TO 'admin'@'%' identified by 'admin123';
```

#### Download Source code & Initialize Database.

```
# git clone -b manual https://github.com/theprikshitsharma/vprofile.git
# cd vprofile-project
# mysql -u root -padmin123 accounts < src/main/resources/db_backup.sql
# mysql -u root -padmin123 accounts</pre>
```

```
mysql> show tables;
mysql> exit;
```

#### Restart mariadb-server

```
# systemctl restart mariadb
```

## Starting the firewall and allowing the mariadb to access from port no. 3306

```
# systemctl start firewalld
# systemctl enable firewalld
# firewall-cmd --get-active-zones
# firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=3306/tcp --permanent
# firewall-cmd --reload
# systemctl restart mariadb
```

#### 2.MEMCACHE SETUP

#### Login to the Memcache vm

```
$ vagrant ssh mc01
```

### Verify Hosts entry, if entries missing update the it with IP and hostnames

```
# cat /etc/hosts
```

## Update OS with latest patches

```
# yum update -y
```

#### Install, start & enable memcache on port 11211

```
# sudo dnf install epel-release -y
# sudo dnf install memcached -y
# sudo systemctl start memcached
# sudo systemctl enable memcached
# sudo systemctl status memcached
# sed -i 's/127.0.0.1/0.0.0.0/g' /etc/sysconfig/memcached
# sudo systemctl restart memcached
```

## Starting the firewall and allowing the port 11211 to access memcache

```
# firewall-cmd --add-port=11211/tcp
# firewall-cmd --runtime-to-permanent
# firewall-cmd --add-port=11111/udp
# firewall-cmd --runtime-to-permanent
# sudo memcached -p 11211 -U 11111 -u memcached -d
```

## **3.RABBITMQ SETUP**

#### Login to the RabbitMQ vm

```
$ vagrant ssh rmq01
```

### Verify Hosts entry, if entries missing update the it with IP and hostnames

```
# cat /etc/hosts
```

#### Update OS with latest patches

```
# yum update -y
```

#### Set EPEL Repository

```
# yum install epel-release -y
```

### **Install Dependencies**

```
# sudo yum install wget -y
# cd /tmp/
# dnf -y install centos-release-rabbitmq-38
# dnf --enablerepo=centos-rabbitmq-38 -y install rabbitmq-server
# systemctl enable --now rabbitmq-server
```

## Setup access to user test and make it admin

```
# sudo sh -c 'echo "[{rabbit, [{loopback_users, []}]}]." > /etc/rabbitmq/rabbitmq.config'
# sudo rabbitmqctl add_user test test
# sudo rabbitmqctl set_user_tags test administrator
```

```
# sudo systemctl restart rabbitmq-server
```

### Starting the firewall and allowing the port 5672 to access rabbitmq

```
# firewall-cmd --add-port=5672/tcp
# firewall-cmd --runtime-to-permanent

# sudo systemctl start rabbitmq-server
# sudo systemctl enable rabbitmq-server
# sudo systemctl status rabbitmq-server
```

#### 4.TOMCAT SETUP

## Login to the tomcat vm

```
$ vagrant ssh app01
```

## Verify Hosts entry, if entries missing update the it with IP and hostnames

# cat /etc/hosts

## Update OS with latest patches

```
# yum update -y
```

#### Set Repository

```
# yum install epel-release -y
```

#### **Install Dependencies**

```
# dnf -y install java-11-openjdk java-11-openjdk-devel
```

```
# dnf install git maven wget -y
```

#### Change dir to /tmp

```
# cd /tmp/
```

#### Download & Tomcat Package

# wget https://archive.apache.org/dist/tomcat/tomcat-9/v9.0.75/bin/apache-tomcat-9.0.75.tar.gz

```
# tar xzvf apache-tomcat-9.0.75.tar.gz
```

#### Add tomcat user

```
# useradd --home-dir /usr/local/tomcat --shell /sbin/nologin tomcat
```

## Copy data to tomcat home dir

```
# cp -r /tmp/apache-tomcat-9.0.75/* /usr/local/tomcat/
```

#### Make tomcat user owner of tomcat home dir

```
# chown -R tomcat.tomcat /usr/local/tomcat
```

## Setup systemctl command for tomcat

#### Create tomcat service file

```
# vi /etc/systemd/system/tomcat.service
```

#### Update the file with below content

## [Unit]

Description=Tomcat
After=network.target

#### [Service]

User=tomcat

WorkingDirectory=/usr/local/tomcat

Environment=JRE\_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre

Environment=JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre

Environment=CATALINA HOME=/usr/local/tomcat

Environment=CATALINE\_BASE=/usr/local/tomcat

ExecStart=/usr/local/tomcat/bin/catalina.sh run

ExecStop=/usr/local/tomcat/bin/shutdown.sh

SyslogIdentifier=tomcat-%i

#### [Install]

WantedBy=multi-user.target

#### Reload systemd files

# systemctl daemon-reload

#### Start & Enable service

```
# systemctl start tomcat
# systemctl enable tomcat
```

### Enabling the firewall and allowing port 8080 to access the tomcat

```
# systemctl start firewalld
# systemctl enable firewalld
# firewall-cmd --get-active-zones
# firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=8080/tcp --permanent
# firewall-cmd --reload
```

## **CODE BUILD & DEPLOY (app01)**

#### Download Source code

# git clone -b manual https://github.com/theprikshitsharma/vprofile.git

#### Update configuration

```
# cd vprofile-project
# vim src/main/resources/application.properties
# Update file with backend server details
```

#### **Build code**

Run below command inside the repository (vprofile-project)

```
# mvn install
```

#### Deploy artifact

```
# systemctl stop tomcat
```

```
# rm -rf /usr/local/tomcat/webapps/ROOT*
# cp target/vprofile-v2.war /usr/local/tomcat/webapps/ROOT.war
# systemctl start tomcat
# chown tomcat.tomcat /usr/local/tomcat/webapps -R
# systemctl restart tomcat
```

#### **5.NGINX SETUP**

## Login to the Nginx vm

```
$ vagrant ssh web01
$ sudo -i
```

## Verify Hosts entry, if entries missing update the it with IP and hostnames

```
# cat /etc/hosts
```

## Update OS with latest patches

```
# apt update
# apt upgrade
```

#### Install nginx

```
# apt install nginx -y
```

#### Create Nginx conf file

```
# vi /etc/nginx/sites-available/vproapp
```

#### Update with below content

```
upstream vproapp {
  server app01:8080;
}
server {
  listen 80;
location / {
    proxy_pass http://vproapp;
```

*} }* 

# Remove default nginx conf

# rm -rf /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/default

## Create link to activate website

# In -s /etc/nginx/sites-available/vproapp /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/vproapp

## Restart Nginx

# systemctl restart nginx