
RAILWAY RECRUITMENT BOARD

RRB

TECHNICIAN

GRADE-I SIGNAL

PRACTICE

BOOK

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| Tentative Subject-wise break-up of questions and marks for CBT of Technician Gr-I Signal | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Subjects | No. of Questions | Marks for Each Section |
| General Awareness | 10 | 10 |
| General Intelligence and Reasoning | 15 | 15 |
| Basics of Computers and Applications | 20 | 20 |
| Mathematics | 20 | 20 |
| Basic Science & Engineering | 35 | 35 |
| Total | 100 | 100 |

1. Duration : 90 minutes (with 30 minutes extra time for PwBD candidates using scribe).

2. The Subject-wise distribution give above is merely indicative. The question papers may vary.

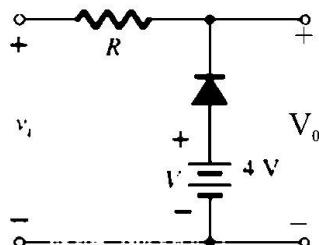
PRACTICE SET - 1

- | | | | |
|-----|--|-----|---|
| 34. | A cell phone connected to a Bluetooth headset or a mobile computer connected to a portable Bluetooth thermal printer is an example of a _____. (a) SAN (b) MAN (c) PAN (d) LAN | 42. | Which of the following is not a web browser? (a) Netscape (b) Military (c) Yandex (d) Opera |
| 35. | Which of the following is a disadvantage of the Dial-up Internet Access method when compared with DSL and cable modem? (a) Low speed (b) Limited perimeter (c) Security risk (d) Expensive | 43. | Which of the following is not web mail provider? (a) upGrad (b) Yahoo (c) Outlook (d) Google |
| 36. | The term 'wide ', 'Mirrored,' 'Narrow' describe which of the following options in MS word 365 in terms of the layout the document? (a) Breaks (b) Margins (c) Size (d) Orientation | 44. | Which of the following keyboard shortcuts is used to activate the first tab when multiple tabs are opened in Google Chrome? (a) Ctrl + 1 (b) Alt + 9 (c) Alt + 1 (d) Ctrl + 9 |
| 37. | In MS - Word 365 which of the following function keys, if possible repeats the last command or action? (a) F3 (b) F1 (c) F4 (d) F2 | 45. | Which of the following characteristics refers to the use of technology to complete a task with as little human interaction as possible? (a) Remembrance power (b) No EQ (c) No IQ (d) Automation |
| 38. | Select the correct sequence of steps showing how to double underline text in MS Word. (a) a-select text. b-click Insert tab; then on arrow of 'Font' group. c-Select Underline Style as double line. (b) a- select text. b- click page Layout tab; then click on arrow of 'Font' group. c-Select Underline Style as double line. (c) a- Select text. b- Click Home tab; then click on arrow of 'Font' group. c- Select Underline style as double line. (d) a- Select text. b- Click Layout tab; then click on arrow of 'Font' group. c- Select Underline as double line. | 46. | Which of the following numbers is NOT divisible by 9 ? (a) 49104 (b) 77832 (c) 35253 (d) 45390 $(64 \times 5^4) - (5^4 \times 16) = ?$ (a) 40,000 (b) 35,000 (c) 30,000 (d) 25,000 |
| 39. | Which of the following terms is a world-wide network of computers also known as network of networks? (a) VLAN (b) MAN (c) Internet (d) World Wide Web | 47. | Which of the following fractions is the largest? $\frac{7}{9}, \frac{6}{7}, \frac{22}{25} \text{ and } \frac{11}{13}$ (a) $\frac{11}{13}$ (b) $\frac{22}{25}$ (c) $\frac{7}{9}$ (d) $\frac{6}{7}$ |
| 40. | If you are replying to an email, which of the following fields are filled in automatically? (a) "To" and "From" field both (b) Only "From" field (c) Neither "To" field nor "From" field (d) Only "To" field | 48. | 49. The value of $\frac{3}{15} + \frac{13}{14} - \frac{19}{21} + \frac{31}{35} - \frac{23}{30} = ?$ (a) $\frac{8}{21}$ (b) $\frac{1}{3}$ (c) $\frac{2}{5}$ (d) $\frac{12}{35}$ |
| 41. | What does HTTPS stand for? (a) Hyper Text Transport Protocol Secure (b) Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (c) Hyper Transfer Tariff Protocol System (d) Hyper Transport Tariff Protocol System | 50. | 50. The LCM of the numbers 36, 54, 72 and 96 is : (a) 1064 (b) 764 (c) 864 (d) 964 |
| 42. | x and y are in direct proportion and y = 92.5 when x = 37. What will be the value of y when x = 16? | 51. | 51. What is the largest number by which, dividing 63, 77 and 98, gives remainders 3, 5 and 2 respectively? (a) 10 (b) 9 (c) 6 (d) 8 |
| 43. | (a) 32 (b) 40 (c) 48 (d) 24 | 52. | x and y are in direct proportion and y = 92.5 when x = 37. What will be the value of y when x = 16? |

53. The current population of a town is 15,625. It increases by 8% and 12% in two successive years but decreases by 22% in the third year. What is the population of the town at the end of the third year?
- (a) 13,230 (b) 15,120
 (c) 14,742 (d) 14,042
54. The length of the three sides of a triangle are 12 cm, 15 cm and 21 cm, respectively. Find the area (in cm^2) of the triangle.
- (a) $36\sqrt{6}$ (b) $30\sqrt{6}$
 (c) $72\sqrt{6}$ (d) $48\sqrt{6}$
55. Paras can complete 40% of the work in 8 days while Deepti & Paras together can complete 10% of the work in a day. Find the time taken by Deepti alone to complete the work.
- (a) 23 days (b) 21 days
 (c) 22 days (d) 20 days
56. Two buses from a house run at a speed of 25 km/h at an interval of 15 minutes. How much more speed (km/h) does a woman coming from the opposite side of the house have to walk so that the buses meet at an interval of 10 minutes.
- (a) 12 (b) 12.25
 (c) 12.5 (d) 12.75
57. The compound interest on a sum of money at 5% per annum for 3 years is ₹ 6305. Find the simple interest (in ₹) for the same sum at the same rate of interest for the same number of years.
- (a) ₹4,000 (b) ₹6,000
 (c) ₹5,000 (d) ₹3,600
58. If the cost price of an item is ₹4,500 and its selling price is ₹3,500 then the loss percentage is :
- (a) $44\frac{2}{9}\%$ (b) $55\frac{2}{9}\%$
 (c) $22\frac{2}{9}\%$ (d) $33\frac{2}{9}\%$
59. What is the sum of the first 25 odd numbers?
- (a) 150 (b) 625
 (c) 250 (d) 144
60. Simplify $\sqrt{\frac{1+\cos A}{1-\cos A}}$
- (a) $\sec A + \tan A$
 (b) $\sec A - \tan A$
 (c) $\operatorname{cosec} A - \cot A$
 (d) $\operatorname{cosec} A + \cot A$
61. The scores obtained by 10 students in a test are 82, 60, 62, 63, 78, 75, 86, 75, 91, 46. Find the arithmetic mean of their scores.
- (a) 70.6 (b) 71.8
 (c) 72.2 (d) 72.8
62. The positive square root of $(6+2\sqrt{3})(6-2\sqrt{3})$ is _____.
- (a) 12 (b) $6\sqrt{2}$
 (c) 24 (d) $2\sqrt{6}$
63. Three times the present age of P is 25 years more than the present age of Q. After 10 years, twice the age of Q will be 18 years less than thrice the age of P. Find the present age (in years) of Q.
- (a) 21 (b) 16
 (c) 19 (d) 17
64. Two pipes A and B can fill a tank in 21 hours and 18 hours, respectively. If both the pipes are opened simultaneously, then the time taken to fill the tank is:
- (a) $9\frac{27}{39}$ hours (b) $11\frac{27}{39}$ hours
 (c) $10\frac{27}{39}$ hours (d) $8\frac{27}{39}$ hours
65. An amount of ₹ 1,470 is shared between Anant and Mohan in the ratio 3:4. What is the amount received by Mohan?
- (a) ₹ 1,050 (b) ₹ 630
 (c) ₹ 1,650 (d) ₹ 840
66. Which one of the following physical quantities is a vector quantity?
- (a) Gravitational Potential energy
 (b) Electric Power
 (c) Electric current
 (d) Dipole Moment
67. A 10 N force is applied on a body which produces in it an acceleration of 2 m/s². The mass of the body is
- (a) 5 kg (b) 10 kg
 (c) 15 kg (d) 20 kg
68. A car accelerates uniformly from 5 ms⁻¹ to 10 ms⁻¹ in five seconds. Find the acceleration of the car
- (a) 1 ms² (b) 1 ms⁻²
 (c) 1 ms¹ (d) 1 ms⁻¹
69. An object of mass 10kg is moving with a uniform velocity of 6ms⁻¹. What is the kinetic energy possessed by the object
- (a) 180J (b) 18J
 (c) 360J (d) 1800J
70. The efficiency of a heat energy can never be
- (a) 10% (b) 80%
 (c) 100% (d) 50%
71. Consider the circuit shown in the figure. The current I flowing through the 10Ω resistor is _____.
-

- | (a) 0A | (b) 10A | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|-----------|------------|---------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| (c) 0.1A | (d) 1A | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72. | What is the dimensional formula of mutual induction? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) $[M L T^{-2} A^{-1}]$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) $[M L^2 T^{-1} A^{-3}]$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) $[M L^2 T^{-2} A^{-2}]$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) $[M L^2 T^{-1} A^{-2}]$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 73. | A network of resistors is connected to a 16 V battery with an internal resistance of 1Ω, as shown in the figure. Compute the equivalent resistance of the network. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) 13 Ω | (b) 8 Ω | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) 12 Ω | (d) 7 Ω | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74. | If 'M' is the mutual inductance between two coils connected in series cumulatively coupled, the equivalent inductance is | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) $L_{eq} = L_1 + L_2 + 2M$ | (b) $L_{eq} = L_1 = L_2 - 2M$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) $L_{eq} = L_1 + L_2 - 2M$ | (d) None of the above | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75. | In a two-watt power meter, for all lagging power factors, first meter shows positive and second meter shows negative reading. What is the power factor? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) 0 to 0.5 | (b) 0.866 to 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) 0 to 1 | (d) 0.5 to 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 76. | What is the unit of magnetic field intensity? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Volt per meter | (b) Ampere per meter | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Volt per square meter | (d) Weber per meter | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 77. | Which of the following provides maximum capacitance in the smallest space with the least cost? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Electrolytic capacitor | (b) Paper | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Ceramic | (d) Mica | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 78. | Magnetic flux can be measured by- | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Capacitive pick-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) Inductive pick-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Resistive pick-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) Hall effect pick-up | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 79. | A parallel plate capacitor with plates separated by distance 1 mm is filled with dielectric with relative permittivity 2. The electric field inside the capacitor when it is connected to 1V Battery is | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>(a) $1 N/C$</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) $1000 N/C$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) $2000 N/C$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) $500 N/C$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80. | Which material has the highest electrical conductivity? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Aluminium | (b) Steel | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Silver | (d) Lead | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 81. | The operating temperature of PVC, paper, silk or cotton without impregnation is: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) $105^\circ C$ | (b) $180^\circ C$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) $155^\circ C$ | (d) $90^\circ C$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 82. | A resistor reads following colours from left to right: brown, black, red, golden. What is the value of the resistor? | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) 100Ω with plus-or-minus 5% tolerance. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) $1 k\Omega$ with plus-or-minus 5% tolerance. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) $100 k\Omega$ with plus-or-minus 5% tolerance. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) $10 k\Omega$ with plus-or-minus 5% tolerance. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 83. | Match items in Group I with items in Group II, most suitably : | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Group - I</th> <th>Group - II</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(A) LED</td> <td>(i) Heavy doping</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(B) Avalanche photodiode</td> <td>(ii) Coherent radiation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(C) Tunnel diode</td> <td>(iii) Spontaneous emission</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(D) Laser</td> <td>(iv) Current gain</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | Group - I | Group - II | (A) LED | (i) Heavy doping | (B) Avalanche photodiode | (ii) Coherent radiation | (C) Tunnel diode | (iii) Spontaneous emission | (D) Laser | (iv) Current gain |
| Group - I | Group - II | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (A) LED | (i) Heavy doping | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (B) Avalanche photodiode | (ii) Coherent radiation | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (C) Tunnel diode | (iii) Spontaneous emission | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (D) Laser | (iv) Current gain | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) (A)-(i), (B)-(ii), (C)-(iv), (D)-(iii) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) (A)-(ii), (B)-(iii), (C)-(i), (D)-(iv) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) (A)-(iii), (B)-(iv), (C)-(i), (D)-(ii) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) (A)-(ii), (B)-(i), (C)-(iv), (D)-(iii) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 84. | The value of current gain (α) lies in the range of : | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) 1 to 99 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) 0.9 to 0.998 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) 0.9 to 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) 0 to 0.998 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 85. | What does the following symbol represent? | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) N-channel depletion MOSFET | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) Silicon Controlled rectifier | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) P-channel enhancement MOSFET | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) N-channel enhancement MOSFET | | | | | | | | | | | | |

86.



Which of the following circuits is represented by the given figure?

- (a) Series clipper
- (b) Clamper
- (c) Shunt clipper
- (d) Amplifier

87. When emitter bypass capacitor in a CE amplifier is removed, it considerably reduces:

- (a) Input resistance
- (b) Output load resistance
- (c) Emitter current
- (d) Voltage gain

88. In an amplifier, the coupling capacitors are employed for

- (a) Limiting the bandwidth
- (b) Matching the impedance
- (c) Preventing of DC mixing with input or output
- (d) Controlling the output

89. Which of the following options represents the effect current shunt feedback on input impedance (Z_i) and output impedance (Z_o)?

- (a) Z_i - Increase, Z_o - Decreases
- (b) Z_i - Decreases, Z_o - Increases
- (c) Z_i - Increases, Z_o - Increases
- (d) Z_i - Decrease, Z_o - Decreases

90. A simple PN junction diode is connected in the feedback path of an inverting op-amp. The circuit can be used as _____.

- (a) high-pass filter
- (b) log amplifier
- (c) low-pass filter
- (d) tuner in AM communication

91. What is the operation of pin 4 of the 555 timer IC?

- (a) Output
- (b) Control Voltage
- (c) Reset
- (d) Threshold voltage

92. The ratio of maximum displacement deviation to full scale deviation of the instrument is known as :

- (a) Static sensitivity
- (b) Dynamic deviation
- (c) Linearity
- (d) Precision or accuracy

93. A galvanometer is converted to a voltmeter by....

- (a) Adding a high resistance in series with the galvanometer
- (b) Adding a low resistance across with the galvanometer
- (c) Increase the number of turns of the galvanometer coil
- (d) Decreases the number of turns of the galvanometer coil

94. A power factor meter has

- (a) one current and one pressure circuit
- (b) one current circuit and two pressure circuits
- (c) two current circuits and two pressure circuits
- (d) two current circuits and one pressure circuit

95. A Wheatstone bridge is balanced if?

- (a) The ratio of resistors on one side of the bridge is one while the ratio of resistors on the other side is infinity
- (b) The ratio of resistors on one side of the bridge is greater than the ratio of resistors on the other side
- (c) The ratio of resistors on one side of the bridge equals to the ratio of resistors on the other side
- (d) None of the above

96. Strain gauge converts ____ into ____ signals.

- (a) electrical signals; mechanical
- (b) mechanical displacement; electrical
- (c) mechanical displacement; vibrational
- (d) force; mechanical

97. What is the value of K in the given number system expression?

$$(347)_{16} = (3515)_K$$

- (a) 6
- (b) 5
- (c) 7
- (d) 4

98. A____ is a well-defined relationship between binary variables specified by either a boolean equation or a truth table

- (a) Boolean function
- (b) Boolean algebra
- (c) logical equation
- (d) logical relationship

99. How many control lines do we have in a 32 : 1 MUX?

- (a) 32
- (b) 1
- (c) 4
- (d) 5

100. The digital logic family that has the lowest propagation delay time is :

- (a) ECL
- (b) TTL
- (c) CMOS
- (d) NMOS

SOLUTION : PRACTICE SET- 1

ANSWER KEY

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (d) | 11. (c) | 21. (a) | 31. (b) | 41. (b) | 51. (c) | 61. (b) | 71. (a) | 81. (d) | 91. (c) |
| 2. (c) | 12. (b) | 22. (c) | 32. (c) | 42. (c) | 52. (b) | 62. (d) | 72. (c) | 82. (b) | 92. (c) |
| 3. (c) | 13. (c) | 23. (b) | 33. (c) | 43. (a) | 53. (c) | 63. (d) | 73. (d) | 83. (c) | 93. (a) |
| 4. (a) | 14. (c) | 24. (b) | 34. (c) | 44. (a) | 54. (a) | 64. (a) | 74. (a) | 84. (b) | 94. (b) |
| 5. (a) | 15. (d) | 25. (b) | 35. (a) | 45. (d) | 55. (d) | 65. (d) | 75. (a) | 85. (d) | 95. (c) |
| 6. (a) | 16. (d) | 26. (d) | 36. (b) | 46. (d) | 56. (c) | 66. (d) | 76. (b) | 86. (c) | 96. (b) |
| 7. (d) | 17. (a) | 27. (a) | 37. (c) | 47. (c) | 57. (b) | 67. (a) | 77. (a) | 87. (d) | 97. (a) |
| 8. (a) | 18. (b) | 28. (d) | 38. (c) | 48. (b) | 58. (c) | 68. (b) | 78. (d) | 88. (c) | 98. (a) |
| 9. (a) | 19. (d) | 29. (a) | 39. (c) | 49. (d) | 59. (b) | 69. (a) | 79. (c) | 89. (b) | 99. (d) |
| 10. (a) | 20. (d) | 30. (a) | 40. (a) | 50. (c) | 60. (d) | 70. (c) | 80. (c) | 90. (b) | 100. (a) |

SOLUTION

1. (d)

Mars orbiter spacecraft successfully entered into an orbit around planet Mars projects did ISRO succeed in September 24, 2014.

2. (c)

The former Indian Cricket team batsman Sachin Tendulkar made his 100th century against Bangladesh. Sachin is the only person in the world to have 100 centuries in ICC test and One day international matches.

3. (c)

Famous folk dances and their concerned states are as follow:

State Folk Dances

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| Rajasthan | - Ghumar, Chakri, Ganagor, Jhulan, Leela, Jhuma, Suisini, Ghapal, Bhavai |
| Telangana | - Perani Thandvam or Perani Shavitam Davam |
| West Bengal | - Kathi, Gambhira, Dhali, Jatra, Baul, Marasia, Mahal, Keertam |
| Gujarat | - Garba, Dandiya Ras, Tippani Jurium, Bhawai |

4. (a)

Kailash Satyarthi was the founder of 'Bachpan Bachao Andolan'. He founded the Bachpan Bachao Andolan in 1980. Kailash Satyarthi was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014 along with Malala Yousafzai for his struggle against the suppression of children and young people and right of children to education. The book titled 'COVID-19: Crisis of Civilisation and Solutions' is penned by Kailash Satyarthi.

5. (a)

Securities sold by the central Bank with a clear specification of repurchase date and price is called open market operations.

6. (a)

Article 80 consists of the council of states.

The council of states shall consist of-

(a) Twelve members to be nominated by the president in accordance with the provisions of the clause (3); and

(b) Not more than two hundred and thirty eight representatives of the states and of the Union Territories. Rajya Sabha members are elected for 6 years and 1/3 of its members retire every second year.

7. (d)

The troposphere is the lowest layer of our atmosphere. extending roughly to a height of 8 km. near the poles and about 18 km. at the equator. All changes in climate and weather take place in this layer.

Others layers of atmosphere—

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Stratosphere | - | 13-50 km |
| Mesosphere | - | 50-80 km |
| Thermosphere | - | 80-400 km |
| (Ionosphere is part of this layer) | | |
| Exosphere | - | 400km-above |
| Exosphere | | is the highest layer of the atmosphere. |

8. (a)

Shipki La Pass is located through Sutlej Gorge. It connects Himachal Pradesh with Tibet. It is India's third border post for trade with China after Lipu Lekh and Nathula Pass.

State/Union territory Pass

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Jammu and Kashmir | Burzail pass, Banihal Pass, Pir-Panjal Pass |
| Ladakh | Zoji La, Chang-La, Khardung La |
| Himachal Pradesh | Rohtang Pass, Shipki La, Bara-lacha La |
| Uttarakhand | Niti Pass, Mana Pass,Muling La, Mangsha Dhura |
| Arunachal Pradesh | Diphu pass,Pangsau Pass, Bomdi-La |

9.(a)

Bairam Khan's son was Abdul Rahim-Khan-i-Khanan, who was one of the Navratnas of Akbar. Akbar gave him the title of Khan-i-Khanan due to his prestigious performance in Gujarat war. Rahim was a brilliant scholar of Arabian, Turkey, Persian and Sanskrit language. Rahim was born in 1556 in Delhi.

10. (a)

Madam Bhikaji Cama unfurled the first version of the Indian National flag-a tricolour of green, saffron, and red stripes-at the International Socialist Congress held at Stuttgart, Germany, in 1907. She is also known as the 'Mother of Indian Revolution'. One thousand representatives from across the world had come to attend the conference. Madam Bhikaji Cama became the first person to hoist Indian flag on foreign soil in that conference. The same flag was later smuggled into India by socialist leader Indulal Yagnik and is now on display at the Maratha and Kesari Library in Pune.

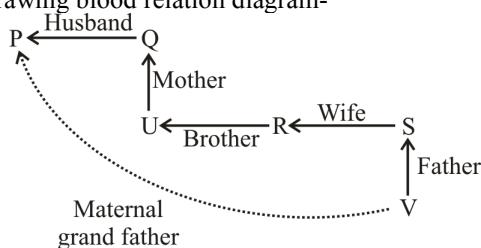
11. (c)

Just as, book is read. Same as, poetry is read as recitation.

12. (b)

Expression $\rightarrow P @ Q \$ U = R \% S \# V$

On drawing blood relation diagram-



Hence, it is clear from above diagram that P is V's maternal grandfather.

13. (c)

Given,

$$\begin{aligned} J &\rightarrow (+), G \rightarrow (-) \\ M &\rightarrow (\times), B \rightarrow (\div) \end{aligned}$$

From option (a)

$$6M5J4B2G10 = 22$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6 \times 5 + 4 \div 2 - 10 &= 22 \Rightarrow 6 \times 5 + \frac{4}{2} - 10 = 22 \\ 32 - 10 &= 22 \\ 22 &= 22 \text{ This is equal} \end{aligned}$$

From option (b)

$$\begin{aligned} 4G16B2J6M5 &= 26 \\ 4 - 16 \div 2 + 6 \times 5 &= 26 \\ 4 - \frac{16}{2} + 30 &= 26 \\ -4 + 30 &= 26 \end{aligned}$$

$26 = 26$ This is equal too

From option (c)

$$\begin{aligned} 6B2M8G10J4 &= 20 \\ 6 \div 2 \times 8 - 10 + 4 &= 20 \\ \frac{6}{2} \times 8 - 10 + 4 &= 20 \\ 24 - 10 + 4 &= 20 \\ 14 + 4 &= 20 \\ 18 &= 20 \text{ This is not equal} \end{aligned}$$

So option (c) will not be correct.

14. (c)

It is clear from the statement that politician only marry beautiful girls and 'X' is a beautiful girl but depends on 'X' that she may or may not marry a politician. Hence, option (c) is true.

15. (d)

According to the question it is clear from the statement that assumption I and II both are implicit.

16. (d)

From statement-I,

$$D > A > E$$

From statement-II,

$$C > B > E$$

From statement-III,

$$D > C$$

$$A > B$$

From statement (I), (II) and (III),

$$D > C > A > B > E$$

It is clear that E is the shortest.

Hence, the statement I, II and III together are sufficient to answer the given question.

17. (a)

The word GRUNT can't be formed from 'LAUGHTER' because it doesn't contain letter 'N'.

18. (b)

Just as, Tiger is the National animal of India. Similarly, Cow is the National animal of Nepal.

19. (d)

According to the question,

$$\begin{array}{ll} P \rightarrow 8 & \text{and, } S \rightarrow 4 \\ A \rightarrow 3 & C \rightarrow 9 \\ I \rightarrow 5 & O \rightarrow 0 \\ N \rightarrow 2 & , R \rightarrow 6 \\ T \rightarrow 7 & E \rightarrow 1 \end{array}$$

On using the given code

$$\begin{array}{ll} R \rightarrow 6 & \\ E \rightarrow 1 & \\ C \rightarrow 9 & \\ E \rightarrow 1 & \\ N \rightarrow 2 & \\ T \rightarrow 7 & \end{array}$$

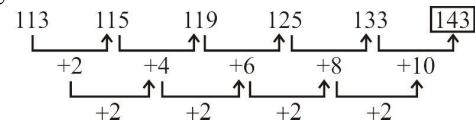
Hence, RECENT = 619127

20. (d)

Just as, Team's head is called Captain. Gang's head is called Boss. Cabinet's head is called Prime Minister whereas Troupe word is used for group of artist. So, option (d) is different.

21. (a)

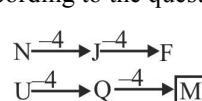
The given series is as follows-



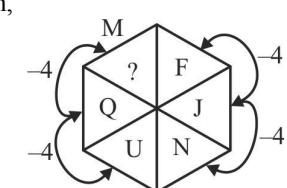
Hence, $[? = 143]$

22. (c)

According to the question,



Hence, $[? = M]$





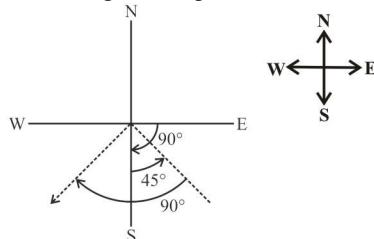
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23. (b)

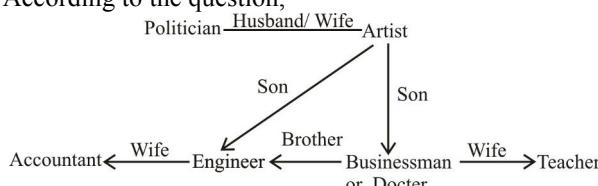
According to the question,



Hence, Rekha is facing South-West direction now.

24. (b)

According to the question,



So, Doctor may be the husband of Teacher because Artist is married to Politician and Accountant is married to Engineer and it is said that there are only three married couples and Business man is not in option.

25. (b)

Given,

$$(3 \text{ B } 4 \text{ D } 5 \text{ A } 6) \text{ C1}$$

[A → -, B → ×, C → ÷, D → +]

On changing the sign-

$$(3 \times 4 + 5 - 6) \div 1 = ?$$

$$= (12 + 5 - 6) \div 1$$

$$= (17 - 6) \div 1$$

$$= 11 \div 1 = 11$$

26. (d)

The analytical engine was built by Charles Babbage. Blaise Pascal built the first calculator machine.

Herman Hollerith invented an electromechanical tabulating of punch card machine.

27. (a)

Payroll software is an on-premises or cloud - based solution that manages, maintains and automates payments to employees.

28. (d)

Joystick is an input device which works like a trackball. The ball has a stick attached to it that rotates on a base and reports its angle or direction to the CPU. It is used in video games, simulator training etc.

29. (a)

Optical mouse uses a laser to detect the movement of the mouse. An optical mouse uses LEDs, optical sensor, and digital signal processing in place of traditional mouse ball and electromechanical transducers.

30. (a)

Memory is a device in a computer where instruction and other data are stored, their types are as follows.

- Internal Processor Memory
- Primary Memory or Main Memory
- Secondary or Auxiliary Memory

Register is a type of internal processor memory while main memory is RAM, but both of them interact

directly with the processor. There are two types of primary memory RAM and ROM. Secondary memory is also called auxiliary memory. In this data can be stored for a long time.

31. (b)

Cache memory is an extremely fast memory that act as a buffer between RAM and the CPU. It holds frequently requested data and instructions so that they are immediately available to the CPU when needed, cache is usually located inside the CPU Chip.

32. (c)

A semiconductor substance lies between the conductor and insulator. It control and manage the flow of electric current in electronic equipment and devices. As a result, it is a popular component of electronic chips made for computing components and a variety of electronic devices, including solid state storage.

33. (c)

TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol is an application layer protocol that enables application programs and Internet devices to exchange messages over a network.

34. (c)

A cell phone connected to a Bluetooth headset or a mobile computer connected to a portable Bluetooth thermal printer is an example of a Personal Area Network (PAN). PAN is a computer network that is used to connect personal devices such as laptops, mobile phones, media players and play stations. This network was developed by Thomas Zimmerman. This network helps in communication.

35. (a)

Dial-up Internet access is a low-speed Internet connection when compared with DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) and cable modem.

Dial-up connections use a standard phone line and analog modem to access the Internet at data transfer rates of up to approximately 56–64 Kbps. Dial-up connections are the cheapest way to access the Internet, but they are also the slowest connections.

36. (b)

The Margins options in the Page Setup group of MS Word, page layout includes wide, Mirrored, Narrow, Normal, Moderate, default and custom.

Apply a predefined margin setting

- (1) Select Layout - Margins
- (2) Select the margin measurements you want.
- (3) You can also create custom margins.

37. (c)

F4 → Repeat the last command or action, if possible.

F1 → Displays the word help Task Pane.

F2 → Move the selected text or graphic.

Shift + F3 → switch case.

F5 → Display the Go to dialog box.

38. (c)

The correct sequence of steps which adds to double underline text in MS Word are

- a – select text
- b – Click Home tab; then click on arrow of 'Font' group.
- c – Select underline style as double line.

39. (c)

The internet is a World Wide Network of computers which is also called a network of networks.

40. (a)

If an email user wants to reply an email then he would filled "To" and "From" field both automatically.

To → Email address of receiver

From → Email address of sender

41. (b)

HTTPS is short form of Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure. It is the secure version of HTTP. It is used to secure communication internet.

42. (c)

Yandex is a search engine.

Search engines - Google, Bing, Yahoo, DuckDuckGo, Baidu, Ask.com, Never.

Web browser - Chrome, Firefox, Opera, Microsoft Edge, Safari, Vivaldi, Brave, Netscape Navigator, Mosaic, Internet Explorer, Chromium etc.

43. (a)

Google, Outlook and Yahoo are web mail provider, these are usually free e-mail accounts that operate from a website, whereas upGrad is not related to Webmail.

44. (a)

Table for chrome tab action

| Action | Shortcut |
|---------------------------|--|
| Active the first tab | Ctrl + 1 |
| Active the right most tab | Ctrl + 9 |
| Move tabs right or left | Ctrl + Shift + Pg Dn Ctrl + Shift + Pg Up |

45. (d)

In general usage, automation can be defined as a technology concerned with performing a process by means of programmed commands combined with automatic feedback control to ensure proper execution of the instructions.

46. (d)

Divisibility rule of 9 : A number whose sum of its digit is exactly divisible by 9 then the number is always divisible by 9.

from options -

- (a) $49104 \rightarrow 4 + 9 + 1 + 0 + 4 = 18$, divisible by 9.
- (b) $77832 \rightarrow 7 + 7 + 8 + 3 + 2 = 27$, divisible by 9.
- (c) $35253 \rightarrow 3 + 5 + 2 + 5 + 3 = 18$, divisible by 9.
- (d) $45390 \rightarrow 4 + 5 + 3 + 9 + 0 = 21$, not divisible by 9.

47. (c) From question-

$$\begin{aligned} (64 \times 5^4) - (5^4 \times 16) \\ = (64 \times 625) - (625 \times 16) \\ \Rightarrow 40,000 - 10,000 = 30,000 \end{aligned}$$

48. (b) From question-

$$\frac{7}{9} = 0.777$$

$$\frac{6}{7} = 0.857$$

$$\frac{22}{25} = 0.88$$

$$\frac{11}{13} = 0.846$$

Hence, fraction $\frac{22}{25} = 0.88$ is the largest in which.

49. (d)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{15} + \frac{13}{14} - \frac{19}{21} + \frac{31}{35} - \frac{23}{30} \\ (\text{LCM of } 15, 14, 21, 35 \text{ and } 30 \text{ is } 210) \\ = \frac{42 + 195 - 190 + 186 - 161}{210} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{423 - 351}{210} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{72}{210} = \frac{12}{35} \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required value is $\frac{12}{35}$.

50. (c)

The LCM of the numbers 36, 54, 72 and 96 is

$$\begin{aligned} 36 &= 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \\ 54 &= 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \\ 72 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \\ 96 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \end{aligned}$$

Hence the LCM of 36, 54, 72, 96

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \\ &= 32 \times 27 \\ &= 864 \end{aligned}$$

51. (c)

According to the question,

$$63 - 3 = 60$$

$$77 - 5 = 72$$

$$98 - 2 = 96$$

So, the required number = HCF of 60, 72 and 96.

$$60 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$72 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$96 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$$

$$\text{HCF} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$$

While 12 is not in the option but 12 will be divisible by 6.

So, option (c) is required answer.

52. (b)

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{37}{92.5} = \frac{1}{2.5}$$

When $x = 16$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{then } \frac{16}{y} &= \frac{1}{2.5} \\ y &= 40 \end{aligned}$$

53. (c)

Population increased in two successive years by 8% and 12% respectively.

Increase percentage in 2 years = $8 + 12 + \frac{12 \times 8}{100} = 20.96$

Population decreased in 3rd year = 22%

Compound increases in 3rd year = $20.96 - 22 - \frac{20.96 \times 22}{100} = -5.65\%$

Thus, the population of the town at the end of 3rd year

$$= 15625 \times \frac{(100 - 5.65)}{100}$$

$$= 15625 \times \frac{94.35}{100} = 14742.18 \approx 14742$$

54. (a)

Given,

Length of the three sides of a triangle are-

$$a = 12 \text{ cm}, b = 15 \text{ cm}, c = 21 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Semi-perimeter}(s) = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$$= \frac{12+15+21}{2} = \frac{48}{2}$$

$$= 24 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Hence, Area of triangle } (\Delta) = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{24(24-12)(24-15)(24-21)}$$

$$= \sqrt{24 \times 12 \times 9 \times 3}$$

$$= 36\sqrt{6} \text{ cm}^2$$

55. (d)

Paras can complete 40% of work in 8 day then,
Time taken by Paras to complete whole work

$$= 8 \times \frac{100}{40}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \times 8$$

$$= 20 \text{ days}$$

(Deepti + Paras) can do 10% of work in 1 day.

$$\text{Then, they can complete whole work} = 1 \times \frac{100}{10}$$

$$= 10 \text{ days}$$

According to the question,

$$\text{Then, } \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{\text{Deepti}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\text{Deepti}} = \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{20} = \frac{2-1}{20} = \frac{1}{20}$$

Hence Time taken by Deepti to complete the whole work = 20 days

56. (c)

Speed of bus = 25 km./hr.

Let the speed of woman = x km/h

$$\text{Distance} = D, \text{Time} = 15 \text{ minutes} = \frac{15}{60} = \frac{1}{4} \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{then new time interval} = 10 \text{ minutes} = \frac{10}{60} = \frac{1}{6} \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{Then relative speed } (S) = \frac{D}{T}$$

$$\Rightarrow D = S \times T$$

$$D = 25 \times \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore D = \frac{25}{4} \quad \dots \dots \dots \text{(i)}$$

$$D = \frac{25+x}{6} \quad \dots \dots \dots \text{(ii)}$$

From equation (i) and equation (ii)

$$\frac{25+x}{6} = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$25+x = \frac{150}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{150}{4} - 25$$

$$x = \frac{150-100}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{50}{4}$$

Speed of woman (x) = 12.5 Km./hr.

57. (b)

Let amount = ₹P

Given,

$$r = 5\% \text{ yearly}$$

$$n = 3 \text{ years}$$

$$\text{C.I.} = P \left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n - 1 \right]$$

$$6305 = P \left[\left(1 + \frac{5}{100} \right)^3 - 1 \right]$$

$$6305 = P \left[\frac{21}{20} \times \frac{21}{20} \times \frac{21}{20} - 1 \right]$$

$$6305 = P \left[\frac{9261-8000}{8000} \right]$$

$$6305 = P \left[\frac{1261}{8000} \right]$$

$$P = 5 \times 8000$$

$$P = ₹40,000$$

$$\text{S.I.} = \frac{P \times r \times t}{100}$$

$$= \frac{40000 \times 5 \times 3}{100} = ₹6000$$

58. (c)

The cost price of an item (CP) = ₹4500

Selling price (SP) = ₹ 3500

$$\text{loss\%} = \frac{\text{CP} - \text{SP}}{\text{CP}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{4500 - 3500}{4500} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{1000}{4500} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{1000}{45}$$

$$= 22\frac{2}{9}\%$$

59. (b)

The first 25 odd numbers will be 1,3,5,7,9.....49 respectively which are in the arithmetic progression.

Where first term (a) = 1

and common difference (d) = 3 - 1 = 2

And number of terms (n) = 25

So, sum of n numbers of term in arithmetic progression

$$\begin{aligned} S_n &= \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n-1)d] \\ &= \frac{25}{2}[2 \times 1 + (25-1) \times 2] \\ &= \frac{25}{2}[2 + (24) \times 2] \\ &= \frac{25}{2}[2 + 48] \\ &= \frac{25 \times 50}{2} \\ &= 25 \times 25 = 625 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, sum of the first 25 odd number = 625

60. (d)

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{\frac{1+\cos A}{1-\cos A}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos A}{1-\cos A} \times \frac{1+\cos A}{1+\cos A}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(1+\cos A)^2}{\sin^2 A}} \\ &= \frac{1+\cos A}{\sin A} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sin A} + \frac{\cos A}{\sin A} \\ &= \operatorname{cosec} A + \cot A \end{aligned}$$

61. (b)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Arithmetic Mean} &= \frac{\text{Total sum of Scores}}{\text{Number of Students}} \\ &= \frac{82+60+62+63+78+75+86+75+91+46}{10} \\ &= \frac{718}{10} \\ &= 71.8 \end{aligned}$$

62. (d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{square root of } &(6+2\sqrt{3})(6-2\sqrt{3}) \\ &= \sqrt{(6+2\sqrt{3})(6-2\sqrt{3})} \\ &= \sqrt{(6)^2 - (2\sqrt{3})^2} \\ &= \sqrt{36-12} \\ &= \sqrt{24} \\ &= 2\sqrt{6} \end{aligned}$$

63. (d)

Let the present age of P be x years and the present age of Q be y years.

According to the question -

$$3x - 25 = y$$

$$3x - y = 25 \quad \dots \dots \text{(i)}$$

After 10 years age of P = (x + 10) years

After 10 years age of Q = (y + 10) years

Then

$$3(x + 10) = 2(y + 10) + 18$$

$$3x - 2y = 8 \quad \dots \dots \text{(ii)}$$

on solving equation (i) and (ii) -

$$6x - 2y = 50 \quad \dots \dots \text{(on multiplying 2 in equation (i))}$$

$$\underline{-3x + 2y = -8}$$

$$3x = 42$$

$$x = 14$$

Putting the value of x in equation (i) -

$$42 - y = 25$$

or

$$y = 17 \text{ years}$$

Hence the present age of Q is 17 years

64. (a)

Part filled by pipe A in hour = $\frac{1}{21}$ part

Part filled by B in 1 hour = $\frac{1}{18}$ part

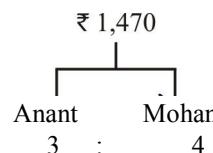
Part filled by both (A + B) in 1 hour

$$= \frac{1}{21} + \frac{1}{18} = \frac{6+7}{126} = \frac{13}{126}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{So, time taken to fill the tank} &= \frac{126}{13} = 9 \frac{9 \times 3}{13 \times 3} \\ &= 9 \frac{27}{39} \text{ hours.} \end{aligned}$$

65. (d)

Given, Amount



$$\text{Mohan's Share} = \frac{4}{7} \times 1470 = ₹ 840$$

66.(d)

Dipole moment - The product of the charge and the distance between the two charges is called dipole moment. It is a vector quantity.

$$\vec{P} = q \times \vec{d}$$

Where, p = dipole moment

q = charge

d = distance.

Electric Current - The rate of flow of charge is called electric current. It is a scalar quantity.

Gravitational Potential Energy- The energy stored in an object due to its position above the earth's surface is called gravitational potential energy. It is scalar quantity.

Electric Power: It is electrical energy per unit time. It is a scalar quantity.

67. (a)

Given,

$$F = 10 \text{ Newton}$$

$$\text{Acceleration (a)} = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

The mass of the body = ?

$$F = m \times a$$

$$10 = m \times 2$$

$$m = 5 \text{ kg}$$

68. (b)

Given :

$$\text{Initial velocity} = 5 \text{ m/sec.}$$

$$\text{Final velocity} = 10 \text{ m/sec.}$$

$$\text{Time} = 5 \text{ sec.}$$

$$\Delta V = \text{Final velocity} - \text{Initial velocity}$$

$$= 10 - 5$$

$$= 5 \text{ m/sec.}$$

$$\text{Acceleration of car (a)} = \frac{\Delta V}{t}$$

$$= \frac{5 \text{ m/sec}}{5 \text{ sec}}$$

$$= 1 \text{ m/sec}^2 \text{ or, } 1 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

69. (a)

Given,

$$\text{Mass (m)} = 10 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Velocity (v)} = 6 \text{ m/sec.}$$

$$\text{We know that, Kinetic Energy (K.E)} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2, \text{ where m}$$

is mass and v is the velocity

$$\Rightarrow \text{K.E} = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 6 \times 6$$

$$\text{So, K.E} = 180 \text{ Joule}$$

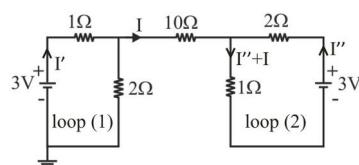
70. (c)

Heat energy is the result of the movement of tiny particles called atoms, molecules or ions in solids, liquid and gases.

- Heat energy can be transferred from one object to another. Its transfer or flow is done by the difference in temperature between the two bodies.

- According to second law of thermodynamics, it is impossible to get 100% of efficiency because of environmental changes and some other factors. So, the efficiency of a heat energy can never be 100%.

71. (a)



According to the law of conservation in loop (1)

$$I' = I' - I$$

$$I = 0A$$

According to the law of conservation in loop (2)

$$I'' = I'' + I$$

$$I = 0A$$

It proves that, there is no current flowing through 10Ω resistance because not a complete path for current flow.

72. (c)

As we know that,

$$\text{Magnetic flux } \phi = LI$$

$$\text{So, Mutual inductance (L)} = \frac{\phi}{I} = \frac{[BA]}{[I]}$$

$$[B] = [M^1 T^{-2} A^{-1}]$$

$$[A] = [L^2]$$

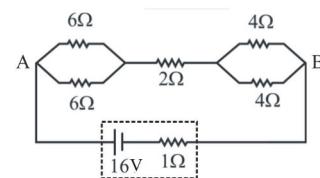
$$[I] = [A]$$

Dimensional formula of mutual inductance

$$L = \frac{[M^1 T^{-2} A^{-1}][L^2]}{[A]}$$

$$L = [M^1 L^2 T^{-2} A^{-2}]$$

73. (d)



$$R_{AB} = R_{eq} = \frac{6 \times 6}{6+6} + 2 + \frac{4 \times 4}{4+4} = 3 + 2 + 2$$

$$R_{eq} = 7\Omega$$

74. (a)

Equivalent inductance with the combination of two inductor either in same polarity or opposite polarity may be defined as

$$L_{eq} = L_1 + L_2 \pm 2M$$

For series cumulatively coupled the equivalent inductance

$$L_{eq} = L_1 + L_2 + 2M$$

75. (a)

In a two-watt power meter, for all lagging power factors, first meter shows positive and second meter shows negative reading. 0 to 0.5 is the power factor.

76. (b)

Ampere per meter is the unit of magnetic field intensity.

$$H = \frac{NI}{\ell}$$

Where,

H = magnetic field intensity

N = Number of turn

I = coil current

ℓ = length of the coil

77. (a)

Electrolytic capacitor provide maximum capacitance in the smallest space with the least cost.

- This type of capacitors are usually polarized. They provide very high capacitance (Usually more than $1\mu\text{F}$)

78. (d)

Magnetic flux can be measured by hall effect pick-up.

Hall effect- When a current (I) carrying conductor, placed in a transverse magnetic field (B), an electric field E is induced in the conductor which is perpendicular to both I and B . This phenomenon is called the hall effect.

(i) The carrier concentration of charge is measure by hall effect.

(ii) Measures magnetic flux.

(iii) Hall voltage and current density are measured.

79. (c)

Capacitance of a capacitor filled with dielectric-

$$C = \frac{\epsilon A}{d}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}{d}$$

Store charge (Q) = CV

Electric field inside a parallel plate capacitor-

$$E = \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0 A} = \frac{CV}{\epsilon_0 A}$$

$$E = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r AV}{\epsilon_0 dA} = \frac{\epsilon_r V}{d} = \frac{2 \times 1}{1 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$E = 2000 \text{ N/C}$$

80. (c)

Silver has the highest electrical conductivity. It is a conducting material with a large number of free electrons. Due to large number of free electron it has a high electrical conductivity. The resistivity of silver is $1.59 \times 10^{-8} \Omega\text{m}$ and the conductivity is $6.29 \times 10^7 \Omega^{-1}\text{m}^{-1}$

81. (d)

The operating temperature of PVC, paper, silk or cotton without impregnation is 90°C .

Insulation classes Maximum permissible temperature

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Y | 90°C |
| A | 105°C |
| E | 120°C |
| B | 130°C |
| F | 155°C |
| H | 180°C |
| C | 180°C above |

82. (b)

Colour coding of resistance—

Brown \rightarrow 1

Black \rightarrow 0

Red $\rightarrow 10^2$

golden $\rightarrow \pm 5\%$

$R = 10 \times 10^2 \pm 5\%$

$R = 1\text{k}\Omega \pm 5\%$

83. (c)**Group - I**

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| (A) LED | (iii) |
| (B) Avalanche Photodiode | (iv) |
| (C) Tunnel diode | (i) |
| (D) Laser | (ii) |

Group - II

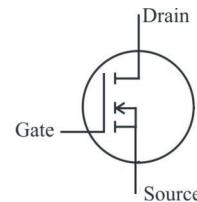
- | |
|----------------------|
| Spontaneous emission |
| Current gain |
| Heavy doping |
| Coherent radiation |

84. (b)

The current gain of a transistor in CB configuration is defined as the ratio of collector current (I_C) to the emitter current (I_E). The current gain of a transistor in CB configuration is less than unity. The value of current gain lies in the range of CB configuration is 0.9 to 0.998.

85. (d)

The given symbol of n-channel enhancement MOSFET,



In enhancement mode there is no channel between drain and source. It is formed by given positive gate source voltage.

86. (c)

Negative shunt clipper circuit is represented by the given figure.

Shunt clipper-

- In shunt clipper, the diode is connected in parallel with the output load resistance.
- The operating principles of the shunt clipper are near opposite to the series clipper

Types of shunt clipper-

- Positive shunt clipper
- Negative shunt clipper

87. (d)

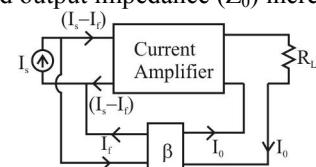
With the removal of emitter bypass capacitor the effect of emitter resistor is predominant and gain will be reduced.

88.(c)

The main purpose of using coupling capacitor is to prevent d.c. mixing with input and output. These capacitor block unwanted dc components and decouple or insolate dc from input and output.

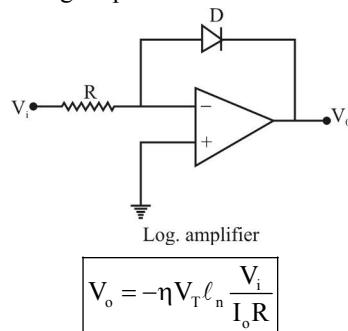
89. (b)

Current shunt feedback has input impedance (Z_i) decreases and output impedance (Z_o) increases.



90. (b)

A simple PN junction diode is connected in the feedback path of an inverting op-amp, the circuit can be used as log amplifier.



Where,

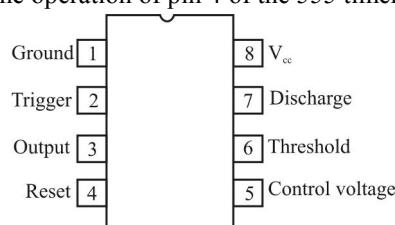
η = Recombination factor

V_T = Thermal voltage

I_o = Reverse saturation current

91. (c)

Reset is the operation of pin 4 of the 555 timer IC.

**92. (c)**

The ratio of maximum displacement deviation to full scale deviation of the instrument is known as linearity.

93. (a)

A galvanometer is converted to a voltmeter by adding a high resistance in series with the galvanometer.

- A galvanometer is converted to an ammeter by adding a low resistance in parallel with the galvanometer.

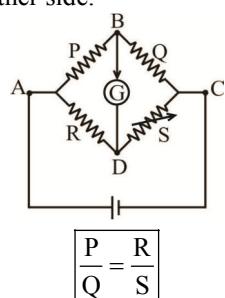
94. (b)

A power factor meter has one current circuit and two pressure circuits.

- The meter has two identical pressure coils. Both the coils are pivoted on spindle.
- A power factor meter has no control springs.

95. (c)

A Wheatstone bridge is balanced if the ratio of resistance on one side of the bridge equals to ratio of resistors on the other side.

**96. (b)**

Strain gauge converts mechanical displacement into electrical signals. A strain gauge type transducer converts physical quantity such as load, pressure or displacement into mechanical strain on the strain generating body (elastic body) and the mechanical strain is converted into electrical output using strain gauges mounted on the elastic body.

97. (a)

$$(347)_{16} = (3515)_K$$

$$3 \times 16^2 + 4 \times 16^1 + 7 \times 16^0 = 3 \times K^3 + 5 \times K^2 + 1 \times K^1 + 5 \times K^0$$

$$3 \times 256 + 4 \times 16 + 7 \times 1 = 3K^3 + 5K^2 + K + 5$$

$$768 + 64 + 7 = 3K^3 + 5K^2 + K + 5$$

$$839 = 3K^3 + 5K^2 + K + 5$$

$$3K^3 + 5K^2 + K + 5 - 839 = 0$$

$$3K^3 + 5K^2 + K - 834 = 0$$

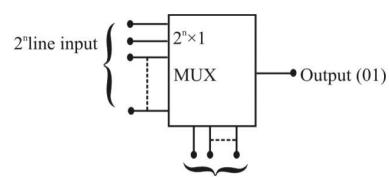
Putting $K=6$ in this equation satisfies the equation. Thus $K=6$ a factor of the given equation.

Therefore $K = 6$

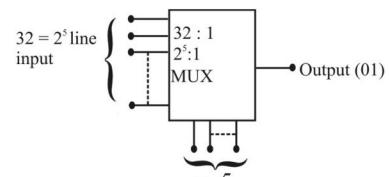
98. (a)

A Boolean function operation of binary variables can be described by mean of appropriate mathematical function called Boolean function.

- An implementation of a Boolean function requires the use of logic gates.

99. (d)

n = number of select line or control lines



$n=5$ select line or control lines

$32:1$ MUX have a 5 control lines

100. (a)

logic family

Propagation delay by time

ECL 2 ns

TTL 10 n s

CMOS 70 n s

RTL 12 n s

I²L 25-100 n s

HTL 90 n s

DCTL 10 n s

So, ECL has the lowest propagation delay time.

PRACTICE SET - 2

1. Who was the first person to walk on the Moon?
(a) Katherine Johnson
(b) Neil Armstrong
(c) Buzz Aldrin
(d) George Tailor
2. Identify the Indian batsman who scored three consecutive test centuries in his first three International Cricket test matches.
(a) Virat Kohli
(b) Sachin Tendulkar
(c) Mohammad Azharuddin
(d) Rahul Dravid
3. Below are fours pairs, each representing a state and a folk dance. Which pairing of state and folk dance is incorrect?
(a) Assam– Bihu
(b) Chhattisgarh–Dagla
(c) Gujarat– Garba
(d) Uttarakhand–Tapali
4. What was the real name of the Hindi literary writer Munshi Premchand?
(a) Atmaram
(b) Sachchidanand
(c) Dhanpat Rai
(d) Nawab Rai
5. Which regulatory body is the only note issuing authority in India?
(a) Reserve Bank of India
(b) Small Industries Development Bank of India
(c) Securities and Exchange Board of India
(d) Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India
6. During a no-confidence motion against his own government, the Prime Minister of India cannot participate in voting, if he-
(a) Is a Rajya Sabha Member.
(b) Is prohibited by opposing parties of the Lok Sabha.
(c) Is in a majority
(d) Is a member of the Lok Sabha.
7. The amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere is :
(a) 71% (b) 21%
(c) 0.03% (d) 0.3%
8. _____ is a type of crescent-shaped sand dune formed in desert regions where the wind direction is very constant.
(a) Blowhole (b) Bluff
(c) Bergschrund (d) Barchan
9. Which of the following was not Akbar's nine gems or navratna?
(a) Ustad Ali Khan (b) Raja todarmal
(c) Abul fazal (d) Fakir Aziao Din
10. Who shot dead Rand, the commissioner of Police, Pune due to failure to check the plague in India at the end of the 19th century in India?
(a) Damodar Chapekar (b) Veer Savarkar
(c) Bhagat Singh (d) Vasudev B. Phadke
11. Rafting is related to water as Skiing is related to
(a) Ice (b) Surface
(c) Sceeeze (d) Sky
12. B's mother is the daughter of F. C is the son of F and D, G is the son of C and E. D is the mother of R. How is F related to G?
(a) Father's mother (b) Brother
(c) Father's father (d) Mother's father
13. If ‘÷’ is replaced with ‘+’, ‘×’ is replaced with ‘-’ ‘+’ is replaced with ‘×’ and ‘-’ is replaced with ‘÷’, then what will be the value of the given expression?
$$8 + 5 \times 54 - 9 \div 3 = ?$$

(a) 44 (b) 46
(c) 37 (d) 33
14. Statement:
This scale is transparent.
Conclusion:
1. The scale is made up of glass.
2. The scale is made up of plastic.
(a) Only II follow
(b) Both I and II follows
(c) Only I follow
(d) Neither I nor II follow
15. Consider the given statement and decide which of the given assumptions is/are implicit in the statement.
Statement :
"The Indian cricket team is expected to win the World Cup in 2019" –Mahendra Singh Dhoni.
Assumptions :
1. Indian cricket team is good
2. Indians want the Indian cricket team to win the World Cup 2019
(a) Neither assumption 1 nor 2 is implicit
(b) Only assumption 1 is implicit
(c) Only assumption 2 is implicit
(d) Both assumptions 1 and 2 are implicit

- 48.** Find the greatest fraction out of $-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{5}{2}$:
- (a) $\frac{3}{2}$ (b) $\frac{11}{4}$
 (c) $\frac{5}{2}$ (d) $-\frac{3}{2}$
- 49.** Which of the following fraction will be subtracted from $\frac{3}{4}$ to give the result $\frac{5}{12}$?
- (a) $\frac{1}{3}$ (b) $\frac{2}{8}$
 (c) $\frac{1}{6}$ (d) $\frac{2}{3}$
- 50.** The LCM of 6, 9 and x is 72. Which of the given options can be a possible value of x?
- (a) 18 (b) 12
 (c) 36 (d) 24
- 51.** The LCM of $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{3}{5}$ is:
- (a) 98 (b) 94
 (c) 84 (d) 86
- 52.** The difference of two numbers is equal to 30% of their sum find the ratio of the larger number to the smaller number.
- (a) 15 : 7 (b) 13 : 7
 (c) 2 : 1 (d) 17 : 15
- 53.** The total population of a village is 4,000. The number of males and females increases by 10% and 20% respectively and consequently the population of the village becomes 4500. What was the number of males in the village prior to the new members coming in?
- (a) 2500 (b) 3000
 (c) 4000 (d) 2000
- 54.** In any triangle ABC, $a + b + c = 2s$ with usual notation, then the value of $\sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)$ is
- (a) $\sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{s(s-a)}}$ (b) $\sqrt{\frac{(s-c)(s-a)}{ac}}$
 (c) $\sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{bc}}$ (d) $\sqrt{\frac{s(s-a)}{bc}}$
- 55.** A and B can complete a piece of work in 10 days and 12 days respectively. If they work on alternate days beginning with A, then in how many days will the work be completed?
- (a) 10 (b) $10\frac{1}{2}$
 (c) $10\frac{1}{4}$ (d) $10\frac{5}{6}$
- 56.** Two cars A and B starting at the same time meet each other in opposite direction after t hours and after arriving they reach their destination after 5 hours and 6 hours. If the speed of car A is 55 km/hr, what will be the speed of the car B?
- (a) $66\sqrt{12}$ km/hr (b) $110\sqrt{3}$ km/hr
 (c) $\frac{110}{\sqrt{6}}$ km/hr (d) $\frac{55}{6}\sqrt{30}$ km/hr
- 57.** Amount of ₹1250 becomes ₹1550 in 4 years. What is the rate of simple interest?
- (a) 4% (b) 6%
 (c) 8% (d) 1%
- 58.** A shopkeeper sells wheat at ₹20/kg that he purchased at ₹18/kg and he gives only 900 gm of wheat instead of 1 kg while selling. The actual percentage profit of the shopkeeper is:
- (a) 22.45 % (b) 24.45 %
 (c) 23.45 % (d) 20.45 %
- 59.** What is the sum of the following two series?
 $(8 + 27 + 64 + \dots + 1000) + (2 + 4 + 6 + \dots + 20)$
- (a) 3136 (b) 3134
 (c) 3135 (d) 3133
- 60.** In a triangle ABC, $\tan A + \tan B + \tan C = ?$
- (a) 1 (b) $-\tan A \cdot \tan B \cdot \tan C$
 (c) $\tan A \cdot \tan B + \tan B \cdot \tan C + \tan C \cdot \tan A$
 (d) $\tan A \cdot \tan B \cdot \tan C$
- 61.** The following table gives a frequency distribution whose arithmetic mean is 33. Find the product of the possible values of k from the distribution.
- | Value (X) | Frequency (f) |
|-----------|---------------|
| 29 | 4 |
| 30 | 3 |
| 30 + k | 3k |
| 34 | 2 |
| 62 | 1 |
- (a) 5 (b) 2
 (c) 3 (d) 4
- 62.** The square root of 519841 is-
- (a) 721 (b) 629
 (c) 631 (d) 731
- 63.** Two years ago, the ratio of the respective ages of Subash and Pranav was 4 : 5. Three years hence, this ratio will become 5 : 6. The present age of Pranav is-
- (a) 22 years (b) 25 years
 (c) 20 years (d) 27 years

64. If two flood gates A and B work together then the reservoir will be filled in 6 hours gate A fills the reservoir 5 hour faster than gate B. The fast flood gate A will fill the reservoir in how many hours?
- (a) 5 Hours (b) 10 Hours
(c) 7 Hours (d) 13 Hours
65. Two numbers are in the ratio 3 : 2. If 8 and 6 are subtracted from the first and the second number respectively, the ratio becomes 8 : 5. The numbers are :
- (a) 32, 24 (b) 24, 16
(c) 40, 30 (d) 3, 2
66. Which of the following is not a vector quantity?
- (a) Speed (b) Velocity
(c) Displacement (d) Acceleration
67. If a force of 250 N acts on a body at rest, the momentum required is 125 kgm/s. The time for which the force acts on the body is
- (a) 0.5 s (b) 0.2 s
(c) 0.1 s (d) 0.3 s
68. A particle starts moving from rest under uniform acceleration. It travels a distance 'x' in the first two seconds and a distance 'y' in the next two seconds. If $y = nx$, then $n =$
- (a) 1 (b) 3
(c) 2 (d) 4
69. An electric motor is marked 2 HP. The work done by the electric motor in 3 seconds will be nearly.
- (a) 373 J (b) 497 J
(c) 1.5 kJ (d) 4.4 kJ
70. The heat generated while transferring 96000 coulomb of charge is one hour through a potential difference of 50 V is
- (a) 4.8×10^4 J (b) 1.33×10^3 J
(c) 4.8×10^6 J (d) 1.33×10^4 J
71. What is the unit of electric potential?
- (a) Volt (b) Ampere
(c) Newton per meter (d) Volt per meter
72. Find the voltage across the 6 ohm resistor.
-
- (a) 150V (b) 181.6 V
(c) 27.27 V (d) 54.48 V
73. A light bulb is rated for 60 W, 240 V. Find the resistance of the bulb.
- (a) 960Ω (b) 4Ω
(c) 1000Ω (d) 860Ω
74. The property of a material which opposes the creation of magnetic flux in it
- (a) Resistance (b) Reluctance
(c) Permeance (d) Conductance
75. What happens to the energy meter if supply is more than rated value?
- (a) It will run slow.
(b) It will run fast.
(c) It will remain constant
(d) It will stop
76. Electric flux is a _____ field, and its density is a _____ field.
- (a) vector, vector (b) vector, scalar
(c) scalar, scalar (d) scalar, vector
77. The coils on the iron core have coefficient of coupling _____.
(a) equals to unity (b) zero
(c) from 0.05 to 0.3 (d) 0.5
78. According to Ampere's circuital Law the line integral of H about any closed path is exactly _____ to the direct current enclosed by that path.
- (a) Double (b) Equal
(c) 4 Times (d) Half
79. The induced e.m.f in a coil of 0.08 mH carrying 2A current is reversed in 0.4 seconds
- (a) 0.16 mV (b) 0.4 mV
(c) 0.8 mV (d) 0.064 mV
80. A material is said to have become superconductor when
- (a) its resistance becomes negative
(b) its resistance becomes very small
(c) its resistance decreases
(d) its resistance becomes zero
81. For an insulating material, dielectric strength and dielectric loss should be respectively :
- (a) High and high (b) Low and high
(c) High and low (d) Low and low
82. When a semiconductor is doped with a p-type impurity, each impurity atom will :
- (a) Acquire negative charge
(b) Acquire positive charge
(c) Remain electrically neutral
(d) Give away one electron
83. Tunnel diode and Avalanche photodiode are operated in _____ bias and _____ bias respectively.
- (a) Reverse, reverse.
(b) Reverse, forward
(c) Forward, reverse
(d) Forward, forward

- 84.** The emitter region in N-P-N junction transistor is more heavily doped than the base region so that
- The flow across the base region will be mainly due to electrons
 - The flow across the base region will be mainly due to holes
 - Base current will be high
 - There will be increase recombination in base region
- 85.** An n-channel E-MOSFET is turned ON, the gate-to-source voltage must be _____.
- less than $V_{\text{threshold}}$
 - greater than V_{peak}
 - less than V_{peak}
 - greater than $V_{\text{threshold}}$
- 86.** We get percentage ripple if multiply _____ with 100.
- Ratio of the input resistance and input voltage
 - Product of AC current and DC current
 - Ratio of AC rms voltage to DC voltage
 - Addition of the AC and DC component of given signal
- 87.** The main advantage of emitter follower is:
- Voltage gain is less than unity.
 - Output impedance is high and input impedance is low.
 - Voltage gain is very high.
 - Output impedance is low and input impedance is high.
- 88.** Identify the above configuration of circuit?
-
- (a) hybrid equivalent circuit of common base
(b) hybrid equivalent circuit of common Emitter
(c) hybrid equivalent circuit of common collector
(d) Inverse hybrid equivalent circuit of common base
- 89.** Voltage series feedback (also called series shunt feedback) results in :
- Increase in both input and output impedance.
 - Decrease in both input and output impedance.
 - Increase in input impedance and decrease in output impedance.
 - Decrease in input impedance and increase in output impedance.
- 90.** Slew rate of output op amp refers to
- Maximum rate of change of output voltage.
 - Maximum time required by the output to go from zero to 90% of final value
 - Large signal voltage gain
 - Maximum rate at which input can change
- 91.** _____ multivibrator is used as a gating circuit and as a delay element.
- Astable
 - Monostable
 - Bistable
 - Oscillator
- 92.** A 0-200 V voltmeter has an accuracy of 0.75% of full scale reading. If voltage measured is 100 V, the error is-
- 3%
 - 2%
 - 1.5%
 - 0.75%
- 93.** Which is an example of Absolute Instrument?
- Indicating Ammeter
 - Deflecting voltmeter
 - Tangent galvanometer
 - Digital meter
- 94.** Which of the following types of instruments are not used as ammeters or voltmeters?
- PMMC
 - Hotwire
 - Moving coil
 - Electromagnetic
- 95.** Which of the following methods can not be used to measure capacitance?
- De-Sauty's Bridge
 - Schering Bridge
 - Wien Bridge
 - Anderson's Bridge
- 96.** _____ is used to measure pressure directly.
- Rotameter
 - LVDT
 - Strain gauge
 - Bourdon tube
- 97.** The binary equivalent of $(FA)_{16}$ is :
- 1010 1111
 - 1111 1010
 - 1000 1111
 - 1111 1000
- 98.** The function $F = ABC' + ABC + A'BC + A'B'C'$ can be reduced to which one of the following?
- $F = A$
 - $F = AB$
 - $F = ABC$
 - $F = B$
- 99.** For a full Adder
- $\text{Sum} = XY \oplus YZ \oplus ZX$
 $\text{Carry} = X \cdot Y \cdot Z$
 - $\text{Sum} = X \cdot Y \cdot Z$
 $\text{Carry} = X \oplus Y \oplus Z$
 - $\text{Sum} = X \oplus Y \oplus Z$
 $\text{Carry} = X \cdot Y \cdot Z$
 - $\text{Sum} = X \oplus Y \oplus Z$
 $\text{Carry} = XY + YZ + ZX$
- 100.** CMOS offers high
- Switching
 - gain
 - Input impedance
 - Output impedance

SOLUTION : PRACTICE SET- 2

ANSWER KEY

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (b) | 11. (a) | 21. (b) | 31. (d) | 41. (c) | 51. (c) | 61. (b) | 71. (a) | 81. (c) | 91. (b) |
| 2. (c) | 12. (c) | 22. (c) | 32. (c) | 42. (c) | 52. (b) | 62. (a) | 72. (c) | 82. (c) | 92. (c) |
| 3. (d) | 13. (c) | 23. (b) | 33. (d) | 43. (b) | 53. (b) | 63. (d) | 73. (a) | 83. (c) | 93. (c) |
| 4. (c) | 14. (d) | 24. (a) | 34. (b) | 44. (d) | 54. (c) | 64. (b) | 74. (b) | 84. (a) | 94. (d) |
| 5. (a) | 15. (b) | 25. (d) | 35. (a) | 45. (b) | 55. (d) | 65. (b) | 75. (b) | 85. (d) | 95. (d) |
| 6. (a) | 16. (a) | 26. (b) | 36. (a) | 46. (c) | 56. (d) | 66. (a) | 76. (d) | 86. (c) | 96. (d) |
| 7. (c) | 17. (c) | 27. (d) | 37. (d) | 47. (b) | 57. (b) | 67. (a) | 77. (a) | 87. (d) | 97. (b) |
| 8. (d) | 18. (b) | 28. (c) | 38. (c) | 48. (b) | 58. (c) | 68. (b) | 78. (b) | 88. (c) | 98. (d) |
| 9. (a) | 19. (a) | 29. (b) | 39. (a) | 49. (a) | 59. (b) | 69. (d) | 79. (b) | 89. (c) | 99. (d) |
| 10. (a) | 20. (c) | 30. (c) | 40. (b) | 50. (d) | 60. (d) | 70. (c) | 80. (d) | 90. (a) | 100. (c) |

SOLUTION

1. (b)

Neil Armstrong was the first man to put feet on the moon. He reached on the moon on 21st July, 1969 via Apolo-11 mission. Neil was an American. In 2019 China sent 2 rovers via its Lunar mission.

2. (c)

Mohd. Azharuddin made three consecutive centuries in his first three test matches. His international playing career came to an end when he was found to be involved in a match-fixing scandal in 2000 and subsequently banned by the BCCI for life. In 2012, the Andhra Pradesh High Court lifted the life ban.

3. (d)

| Famous folk dances and their concerned states are as follow: | |
|--|---|
| Name of States | Folk Dances |
| Assam | Bihu, Bichhua, Natpuja, Maharas, Kaligopal, Bagurumba, Naga dance, Khel Gopal, Tabal Chongli, Canoe, Jhumura Hobjanai |
| Chhattisgarh | Tapali, Goudi, Karma, Jhumar, Dagla, Pali, Navrani, Diwari, Mundari |
| Gujarat | Garba, Dandiya Ras, Tippani Juriun, Bhavai. |
| Uttarakhand | Garhwali, Kumayuni, Kajari, Jhora, Raslila, Chappeli. |

4. (c)

Premchand, pseudonym of Dhanpat Rai Srivastava, (born July 31, 1880, Lamhi, near Varanasi, India—died October 8, 1936, Varanasi), was an Indian author of novels and short stories in Hindi and Urdu who pioneered in adapting Indian themes to Western literary styles.

He is regarded as one of the foremost Hindi writers of the early twentieth century. His works include Godaan, Karmabhoomi, Gaban, Mansarovar, Idgah.

5. (a)

Reserve Bank of India is the only note issuing authority in India. It is India's central bank and regulatory body responsible for regulation of the Indian banking system. The Reserve Bank of India was established on 1st April 1935 as per Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

6. (a)

According to Article 75 (3) of the Indian Constitution, the council of ministers is collectively responsible to the Lok Sabha, that is, the council of minister can remain in office only if a majority is elected in this house. The cabinet, including the Prime Minister, has to resign when a motion of no confidence is passed against it. Only members of Lok Sabha can participate in the motion of no confidence, so the Prime Minister cannot participate in voting if he is a Rajya Sabha member.

7. (c)

Different types of gases present in the air and their percentage-

Nitrogen – 78.8%

Oxygen – 20.95%

Argon – 0.93%

Carbon dioxide – 0.03%

8. (d)

Barchan is a type of crescent-shaped sand dune formed in desert regions where the wind direction is very constant.

9. (a)

Nine gems of Akbar's court were Abul Fazal, Tansen, Birbal, Todarmal, Mansingh, Abdul Rahim Khan-i-Khana, Fakir Aziano-Din, Mulla Do-Piyaza and Faizi.

10. (a)

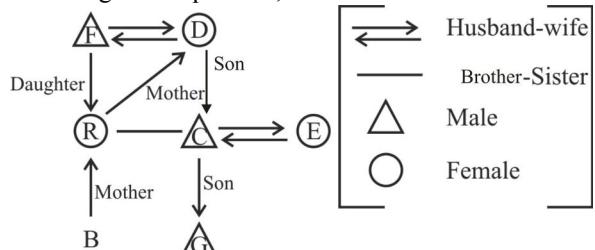
In 1897, the Plague Commissioner had resorted to tyranny and force while managing the epidemic of plague in Pune. As a revenge the Chapekar brothers, Damodar and Balkrishna, shot him dead on 22 June 1897. Damodar, Balkrishna and Vasudev these three brothers and their associate Vinayak Ranade were hanged to death.

11. (a)

Just as rafting is related to water, in the same way Skiing is related to Ice/Snow.

12. (c)

According to the question,



Hence, It is clear from above that F is father's father of G.

13. (c)

Given,

$$\div \rightarrow +$$

$$\times \rightarrow -$$

$$+ \rightarrow \times$$

$$- \rightarrow \div$$

$$\text{Expression} = 8 + 5 \times 54 - 9 \div 3$$

On changing the symbols,

$$\begin{aligned} & 8 \times 5 - 54 \div 9 + 3 \\ & = 40 - 6 + 3 \\ & = 37 \end{aligned}$$

14. (d)

According to the statement conclusion I states that the scale is made of glass. So, it is not necessary that the scale can be made of plastic iron etc. Conclusion II states that the scale is made of plastic. So, it is also not necessary that the scale is made of plastic because such information does not come out of the statement.

15. (b)

According to the question it is clear from the statement that only assumption 1 is implicit.

16. (a)

Given that,

$$A > D, A > B \text{ and } C > A$$

but information is insufficient related to D and B. Hence both the statements are not sufficient to answer the question.

17. (c)

The word TOUGH can't be formed from letter DAUGHTER because it doesn't contain the letter 'O'.

18. (b)

Just as Verse comes under Poem, in the same way Page comes under Book.

19. (a)

Just as,

Same as,

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{K A R A N} & \text{A R U N} \\ 11+1+18+1+14 = 45 & 1+18+21+14 = 54 \end{array}$$

20. (c)

Pen, Marker and Chalk is used for writing, while Book is used for reading. Hence option (c) is different among all.

21. (b)

The given series is as follows-

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 11 & , & 19 & , & 27 & , & 35, \dots \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ +8 & & +8 & & +8 & & +8 \end{array}$$

Since adding 8 to each number gives each subsequent number. And in each number, when divided by 8, 3 remainder is obtained, while in option (b) 434, when divided by 8, 2 remainder is obtained.

Hence option (b) is odd.

22. (c)

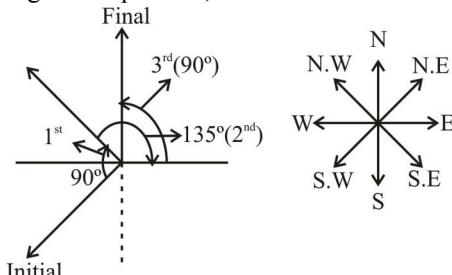
The series is as follows-

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} F & \xrightarrow{+5} & K & \xrightarrow{+3} & N & \xrightarrow{+7} & U \\ U & \xrightarrow{+5} & Z & \xrightarrow{+3} & C & \xrightarrow{+7} & J \\ J & \xrightarrow{+5} & O & \xrightarrow{+3} & \boxed{R} & & \end{array}$$

Hence, $\boxed{? + R}$

23. (b)

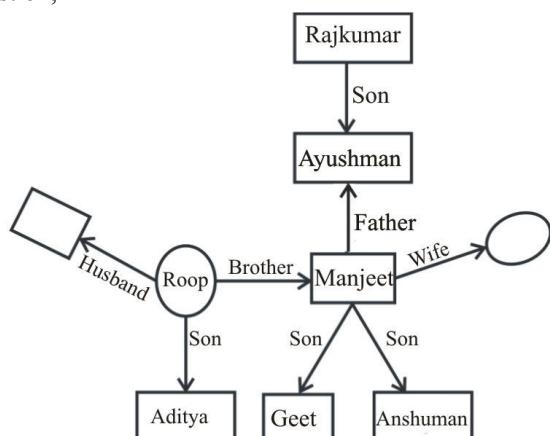
According to the question,



Hence, it is clear from above that Umesh is facing North direction.

24. (a)

On drawing blood relation diagram according to the question,



Hence, it is clear from above diagram that Manjeet is father of Geet.

25. (d)

Given,

$$18K 6J 7Q 5T 2$$

$$[Q = +, J = \times, T = -, K = \div]$$

According to the question, on changing signs-

$$18 \div 6 \times 7 + 5 - 2$$

$$3 \times 7 + 3 = 24$$

26. (b)

ENIAC, EDVAC and EDSAC are examples of the first generation of computers. ENIAC was the first general purpose programmable computer, developed during World War II with the aim of helping to calculate artillery firing tables.

27. (d)

The size of the pixel determines the clarity of the image displayed on the VDU.

28. (c)

Output devices are hardware components of a computer system that displays or presents information to the user or another machine. They convert digital data generated by computer in to human - readable or machine readable form. Ex- Monitors, Printers, Speakers, Projectors, Headphones etc. Mouse is an input device. So, option (c) is correct.

29. (b)

Output device is a component of computer system which displays data or instructions as result after processing. Example - Monitor, Printer, Speaker, Plotter video card. It converts digital data into a form that is human understandable.

30. (c)

A buffer is a memory area that store data temporarily. Buffering is an act of storing data temporarily in the buffer.

Double buffering- In double buffering two buffer are used in the place of one. In this buffering the producer produces one buffer while the consumer consumes another buffer, simultaneously. So the producer not needs to wait for filling the buffer.

31. (d)

Buffer Memory, is a temporary storage area in the main memory (RAM) that stores data transferring between two or more devices or between an application and a device. Buffering compensates for the difference in transfer speeds between the sender and receiver of the data.

32. (c)

Telnet is an application layer protocol that enables one computer to connect to local computer. It is a used as a standard TCP/IP protocol for virtual terminal service. It provides bi-directional text - oriented communication in the network.

33. (d)

HTTPS is short form of Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure. It is secure version of the HTTP protocol which is used for communication between a web browser and a websites. HTTPS uses encryption protocols, such as SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) or its successor, TLS (Transport Layer Security) to establish a secure connection. It can be used for financial Transaction, so statement (d) is false to HTTPS.

34. (b)

The full name of DNS is 'Domain Name System'. It converts domain names to IP addresses.

The full name of OSI model is 'Open System Inter Connection. It was developed by ISO in 1984 and this model consists of 7 layers.

- (i) Physical layer
- (ii) Data link layer
- (iii) Network layer
- (iv) Transport layer
- (v) Session layer
- (vi) Presentation layer
- (vii) Application layer

Protocols like HTTP, FTP, SMTP and NFS are used in the application layer. DNS is an application layer protocol in the internet architecture.

35. (a)

In MS word 365, hyphenation refers to the use of a short dashed line to break up a word when it reaches the edge of a document or container.

36. (a)

Font size option best describes the words- regular, Bold and Italic in MS Word 365.

37. (d)

In MS word 365 when we see the mini toolbar which is displayed when we right click in those table cell row or column. In this, on clicking 'Delete' option the following options are displayed -

- Delete cell
- Delete columns
- Delete Rows
- Delete Table.

38.(c)

Postfix is a hugely-popular Mail Transfer Agent (MTA) designed to determine routes and send emails. LinkedIn is a social networking site or portal designed specifically for the business community/professionals. Orkut was a social networking service owned and operated by Google. This service was designed to help users meet new and old friends and maintain existing relationships. Accounts such as hotmail, outlook, MSN etc. are provided by Microsoft.

39. (a)

The process of verifying the login name and password is known as authentication.

40. (b)

Email is a computer based application. It allows an internet user to send a message in formatted manner (mail) to the other internet user in any part of world.

41. (c)

Safari is a web browser developed by Apple. It is built into Apple's operating systems, including Mac OS, iOS, and iPad OS are used Apple's open source browser engine website.

42. (c)

About search engine Bing, Google search engine, Ask are correct based on the given statements, while AltaVista is incorrect because it was not launched by Apple, AltaVista was launched by Digital Equipment Corporation on December 15, 1995.

43. (b)

Safari is a graphical web browser developed by Apple that is based on open-source software such as WebKit. It was first released for desktop in 2003 with Mac OS X Panther on Mac. It was presented first time with iPhone in 2007 with iOS device for mobile.

44. (d)

Digitization refers to the process of converting analog information such as text, numbers, photos or music into digital data that can be manipulated by electronic devices.

45. (b)

Several studies have shown that violent video games have negative effects on the younger generation.

46. (c)

Divisibility rule of 8 - If the last three digits of the given number are divisible by 8 then it will be divisible by 8. On putting Least value of y = 1

Number = 648416

$$\text{Divided by } \frac{416}{8} = 52$$

47. (b)

$$\begin{aligned} & (15 \div 3) - [\{ (19 - 1) \div 2 \} - \{ 5 \times 20 - (7 \times 9 - (-2)) \}] \\ &= 5 - [\{ 18 \div 2 \} - \{ 100 - (63 + 2) \}] \\ &= 5 - [9 - \{ 100 - 65 \}] \\ &= 5 - [9 - 35] \\ &= 5 + 26 \\ &= 31 \end{aligned}$$

48. (b)

$$-\frac{3}{2} = -1.5$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = 1.5$$

$$\frac{11}{4} = 2.75$$

$$\frac{5}{2} = 2.5$$

It is clear that greatest fraction is $\frac{11}{4}$

49. (a)

Let the fraction be $\frac{1}{x}$,

According to the question,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{x} &= \frac{5}{12} \\ -\frac{1}{x} &= \frac{5}{12} - \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{x} &= \frac{20 - 36}{48} \\ -\frac{1}{x} &= \frac{-16}{48} \\ \frac{1}{x} &= \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Hence the required fraction is $\frac{1}{3}$.

50. (d)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LCM} &= 72 \\ &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Number} &= 6, 9, x \\ 6 &= 2 \times 3 \\ 9 &= 3 \times 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{HCF} = 3$$

$$\text{Number } x = \frac{72}{3}$$

Hence it is clear that $x = 24$

51. (c)

$$\text{L.C.M. of } \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\text{L.C.M. of numerator}}{\text{H.C.F. of denominator}} &= \frac{\text{L.C.M. of } 2, 4, 7 \text{ and } 3}{\text{H.C.F. of } 3, 9, 12 \text{ and } 5} \\ &= \frac{4 \times 7 \times 3}{1} \\ &= 84 \end{aligned}$$

52. (b)

Let the larger number and smaller number be x and y respectively.

According to the question,

$$(x - y) = (x + y) \times \frac{30}{100}$$

$$10(x - y) = 3(x + y)$$

$$10x - 10y = 3x + 3y$$

$$7x = 13y$$

$$x : y = 13 : 7$$

53. (b)

Let, the no. of males = x

And number of females = y

From the initial part of the question,

$$x + y = 4000$$

$$x = 4000 - y \quad \dots (1)$$

From the second part of the question,

$$x + x \times \frac{10}{100} + y + y \frac{20}{100} = 4500$$

$$\frac{110x + 120y}{100} = 4500$$

$$110x + 120y = 450000 \quad \dots (2)$$

On putting the value of x from eqⁿ-1 in eqⁿ-2,

$$110(4000 - y) + 120y = 450000$$

$$440000 - 110y + 120y = 450000$$

$$10y = 10000$$

$$y = 1000$$

∴ Number of females (y) = 1000

And number of males (x) = $4000 - y$

$$= 4000 - 1000 = 3000$$

54. (c)

Given-

$$a + b + c = 2s \quad \dots (\text{i})$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

By formula:-

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \sin A = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$\sin A = \frac{2\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}}{bc} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{formula -} \\ \sin x = 2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\sin \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{A}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}}{bc} \quad \dots (\text{ii})$$

We know that-

$$\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$$

$$2 \cos^2 \frac{A}{2} - 1 = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Formula - } \cos 2A = 2 \cos^2 A - 1 \\ \cos A = 2 \cos^2 \frac{A}{2} - 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$2 \cos^2 \frac{A}{2} = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2 + 2bc}{2bc}$$

$$\cos^2 \frac{A}{2} = \frac{(b+c-a)(b+c+a)}{4bc}$$

$$\cos^2 \frac{A}{2} = \frac{(2s-a-a)2s}{4bc} \quad [\text{From equ}^n(\text{i})]$$

$$\cos^2 \frac{A}{2} = \frac{(2s-2a)2s}{4bc}$$

$$\cos^2 \frac{A}{2} = \frac{s(s-a)}{bc}$$

$$\cos \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{s(s-a)}{bc}}$$

Putting the value of $\cos \frac{A}{2}$ in equation (ii)-

$$\sin \frac{A}{2} \sqrt{\frac{s(s-a)}{bc}} = \frac{\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}}{bc}$$

$$\boxed{\sin \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{bc}}}$$

55. (d)

According to the question -

LCM of 10 and 12 = 60

Total work = 60 unit

1 day's work of A = 6 unit

1 day's work of B = 5 unit

2 day's work of (A + B) = 11 unit

$\underline{\times 5} = \underline{\times 5}$

By A+B → 10 days = 55 unit

Remaining work = 60 - 55

= 5 unit

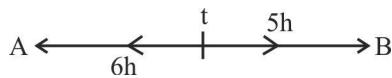
Time taken by A to complete 5 unit work = $\frac{5}{6}$ day

$$\text{Hence required time} = \left(10 + \frac{5}{6} \right) \text{days}$$

$$= 10 \frac{5}{6} \text{ days}$$

56. (d)

Given,



Time taken to reach destination after meeting (A) = 5 hr.

Time taken to reach destination after meeting (B) = 6 hr.

Speed of A = 55 Km./hr.

Let Speed of B = x Km./hr.

$$\therefore \frac{S_B}{S_A} = \sqrt{\frac{t_A}{t_B}}$$

$$\frac{x}{55} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{6}}$$

$$x = 55 \times \sqrt{\frac{5}{6}}$$

$$x = 55 \times \sqrt{\frac{5 \times 6}{6 \times 6}}$$

$$x = \frac{55}{6} \times \sqrt{30}$$

$$x = \frac{55}{6} \sqrt{30} \text{ km/hr}$$

57. (b)

According to the question,

Principal (P) = ₹1250

Amount (A) = ₹1550

Time (T) = 4 years

A = SI + P

$$1550 = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100} + 1250$$

$$1550 = \frac{1250 \times 4 \times R}{100} + 1250$$

$$1550 = \frac{5000 \times R}{100} + 1250$$

$$50R = 1550 - 1250$$

$$R = \frac{300}{50}$$

$$R = 6\%$$

58. (c)

Cost price of 1000 gm wheat = ₹18

$$1 \text{ gm cost price} = \frac{18}{1000}$$

Selling price of 900 gm = ₹ 20

$$1 \text{ gm selling price} = \frac{20}{900}$$

$$\text{Actual profit percentage} = \frac{\left(\frac{20}{900} - \frac{18}{1000} \right)}{\frac{18}{1000}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{\frac{20000 - 16200}{900000}}{\frac{18}{1000}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3800 \times 1000}{900000 \times 18}}{\frac{18}{1000}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{3800}{162} = 23.45\%$$

59. (b)

$$(8 + 27 + 64 + \dots + 1000) + (2 + 4 + 6 + \dots + 20)$$

$$= [(2)^3 + (3)^3 + (4)^3 + \dots + (10)^3] + 2(1+2+3+\dots+10)$$

$$= [((1)^3 + (2)^3 + (3)^3 + (4)^3 + \dots + (10)^3) - (1)^3] + 2(1+2+3+\dots+10)$$

\therefore The sum of cubes of the first 'n' natural numbers

$$= \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right]^2$$

$$\text{And, sum of the first 'n' natural numbers} = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$= \left[\frac{10(10+1)}{2} \right]^2 - 1 + 10(10+1)$$

$$= (5 \times 11)^2 - 1 + 10 \times 11$$

$$= (55)^2 - 1 + 110$$

$$= 3025 - 1 + 110$$

$$= 3024 + 110$$

$$= 3134$$

60. (d)

$$\tan A + \tan B + \tan C = ?$$

$$A + B + C = 180^\circ$$

$$A + B = 180^\circ - C$$

$$\tan(A+B) = \tan(180^\circ - C)$$

$$\frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \cdot \tan B} = -\tan C$$

$$\tan A + \tan B = -\tan C + \tan A \cdot \tan B \cdot \tan C$$

$$\tan A + \tan B + \tan C = \tan A \cdot \tan B \cdot \tan C$$

61. (b)

| Value (x) | Frequency (f) | f×x |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 29 | 4 | 116 |
| 30 | 3 | 90 |
| 30+k | 3k | 90k+3k ² |
| 34 | 2 | 68 |
| 62 | 1 | 62 |
| | $\Sigma f = 10+3k$ | $\Sigma fx = 336+90k+3k^2$ |

We know that,

$$\text{Arithmetic Mean} = \frac{\Sigma fx}{\Sigma f}$$

$$33 = \frac{336 + 90k + 3k^2}{10 + 3k}$$

$$330 + 99k = 336 + 90k + 3k^2$$

$$3k^2 + 90k - 99k + 336 - 330 = 0$$

$$3k^2 - 9k + 6 = 0$$

$$k^2 - 3k + 2 = 0$$

$$(k-2)(k-1) = 0$$

$$k = 2, 1$$

Hence, the number of possible value of k = 2

62. (a)

Square root of 519841

| | |
|------|--------|
| | 721 |
| | 519841 |
| + | 49 |
| 142 | 298 |
| +2 | 284 |
| 1441 | 1441 |
| + 1 | 1441 |
| 1442 | xxxx |

Hence the square root of 519841 is 721.

63. (d)

Let the ages of Subhash and Pranav 2 years ago be $4x$ and $5x$ years respectively.

Then,

$$\text{The present age of Subhash} = 4x + 2$$

$$\text{The present age of Pranav} = 5x + 2$$

According to the question,

$$\frac{4x+2+3}{5x+2+3} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4x+5}{5x+5} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow 24x + 30 = 25x + 25$$

$$\Rightarrow 25x - 24x = 30 - 25$$

$$\therefore x = 5$$

Hence the present age of Pranav = $5 \times 5 + 2$

$$= 25 + 2$$

$$= 27 \text{ years}$$

64. (b)

Suppose flood gate A will fill the reservoir in x hrs. So flood gate B will fill the reservoir in $(x + 5)$ hrs.

As per the question,

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+5} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{x+5+x}{x^2+5x} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$12x + 30 = x^2 + 5x$$

$$x^2 - 7x - 30 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 3x - 30 = 0$$

$$(x-10)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x = 10$$

Hence fast flood gate A will fill the reservoir in 10 hours.

65. (b)

Let the numbers be $3x$ and $2x$ respectively.

According to the question-

$$\frac{3x-8}{2x-6} = \frac{8}{5}$$

$$15x-40=16x-48$$

$$x = 8$$

$$\text{Hence the first number} = 3 \times 8 = 24$$

$$\text{And second number} = 2 \times 8 = 16$$

66. (a)

Vector Quantity - A physical quantity which has both magnitude and direction. Displacement, velocity, acceleration, momentum, force, weight are examples of vector Quantity.

Scalar quantity- A scalar quantity only has a magnitude. Some common examples of scalar quantity are mass, speed, volume, temperature, density etc.

67. (a)

Given that,

$$F = 250 \text{ N}$$

Change in momentum = Impulse (ΔP) = 125 Kgm/s

$$\Delta t = ?$$

$$\Delta P = F \times \Delta t$$

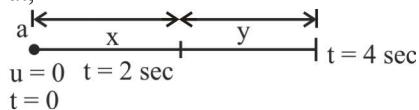
$$\Delta t = \frac{\Delta P}{F}$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{125}{250}$$

$$\Delta t = 0.5 \text{ sec}$$

68. (b)

Given that,



$$S = ut + \frac{1}{2} \times at^2$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} a \times 4$$

$$x = 2a$$

.... (i)

$$\text{and } S = ut + \frac{1}{2} \times at^2$$

$$x + y = \frac{1}{2} \times a \times 4 \times 4$$

$$x + y = 8a$$

.... (ii)

From equation (i) and (ii), we get

$$x + y = 8a$$

$$2a + y = 8a$$

$$y = 6a$$

$$\text{Given, } y = nx$$

$$y = 3 \times 2a$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 3$$

69. (d)

Given:

Power of the motor (P) = 2 HP

Time (t) = 3 sec

From the work done formula- $W = P \times t$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \times 746 \times 3 \quad [\because 1 \text{ HP} = 746 \text{ W}] \\ &= 4476 \text{ Joule} \\ &= 4.4 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

70. (c)

Given,

$$V = 50 \text{ V}$$

$$Q = 96000$$

$$t = 1 \text{ hour} = 3600 \text{ sec}$$

We know that-

$$H = V I t = \frac{V \times Q t}{t} = V \times Q = 50 \times 96000$$

$$\Rightarrow H = 4.8 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$$

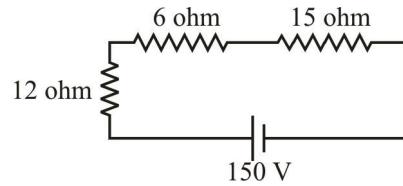
71. (a)

Electrical potential : The amount of work needed to move a unit charge from a reference point to specific point against an electric field known as electric potential.

$$V = \frac{W}{q}$$

The unit of electric potential is 'volt' or joule/coulomb.

72. (c)



$$\text{Total resistance} = 12 + 6 + 15 = 33\Omega$$

$$\therefore \text{Current (I)} = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{150}{33} = 4.54$$

$$\therefore \text{Voltage of } 6\Omega \text{ (V)} = 4.54 \times 6 = 27.27\text{V}$$

73. (a)

Given that,

$$P = 60 \text{ W}, V = 240 \text{ V}, R = ?$$

$$P = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$60 = \frac{240 \times 240}{R}$$

$$R = \frac{240 \times 240}{60}$$

$$[R = 960\Omega]$$

74. (b)

Reluctance is the property of a material which opposes the creation of magnetic flux in it.

$$\text{Reluctance}(S) = \frac{\text{MMF}}{\phi}$$

The unit of reluctance is 1/Henry or Ampere turn/Weber

75. (b)

If the voltage supply to the energy meter is higher than the rated value, the energy meter will typically run faster because the current flowing through the meter will be higher than what the meter is calibrated for, causing the meter to register more energy usage than is actually being consumed. This can result in an over-billing of energy usage to the customer. It is important to

make sure that the voltage supply to the energy meter is within the rated range to ensure accurate energy usage measurement.

76. (d)

Electric flux is a scalar quantity.

$$\phi = EA \cos\theta \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}$$

Electric flux density (D) is a vector quantity

$$D = \epsilon_0 E \text{ C/m}^2$$

77. (a)

The coil on the iron core have co-efficient of coupling equal to unity.

$$k = \frac{M}{\sqrt{L_1 L_2}}$$

Where,

k = coefficient of coupling.

M = Mutual inductance

L₁ = Inductance of primary coil

L₂ = Inductance of secondary coil

78. (b)

According to ampere's circuital law, the line integral of H about any closed path is exactly equal to the direct current enclosed by that path.

Ampere's circuit law-

$$\oint H \cdot dI = I$$

79. (b)

Given,

$$L = 0.08 \text{ mH}$$

$$I = 2A \text{ and } \Delta t = 0.4 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{e.m.f.} = L \frac{di}{dt} = L \times \frac{\Delta I}{\Delta t}$$

$$\text{e.m.f.} = 0.08 \times 10^{-3} \times \frac{2}{0.4}$$

$$\text{e.m.f.} = 0.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Volt}$$

$$\text{e.m.f.} = 0.4 \text{ mV}$$

80. (d)

A material is said to have become superconductor when its resistance becomes zero. A superconductor is a material that attains Superconductivity a state of matter with no electrical resistance. In a superconductor an electric current can persist indefinitely.

For Superconducting material ($\mu_r = 0$, Susceptibility (χ) = Negative,

81. (c)

For an insulating material dielectric strength and dielectric loss should be respectively high and low. An electrical insulator is a material in which electric current does not flow freely. The atoms of the insulator have tightly bound electron which cannot readily move.

82. (c)

When a semiconductor is doped with a p-type impurity each impurity atom will remain electrically neutral because they have large number of holes and small number of free electron but total number of hole is equal to total number of accepter ion which have opposite charge to the hole.

83. (c)

Tunnel diode and Avalanche photodiode are operated in forward bias and reverse bias respectively.

84. (a)

The emitter region in NPN junction transistor is more heavily doped than the base region the flow across the base region will be mainly due to electron.

Doping level- Base < collector < Emitter.

Transistor has three region-

Emitter-

- Highly doped and medium area.

Collector- Moderate doping and largest area.

- **Base-** lightly doping and small area.

85. (d)

The n-channel E-MOSFET will be ON when the value of gate to source voltage is greater than threshold voltage.

- Threshold voltage also known as gate to source voltage.
- In n-channel E only MOSFET, Threshold voltage (V_T) should be positive.

86. (c)

The ripple factor is the ratio between the rms value of the ac voltage and average value of dc voltage of the rectifier.

$$\% \text{ Ripple factor} = \frac{\text{rms value}}{\text{dc or average value}} \times 100$$

87. (d)

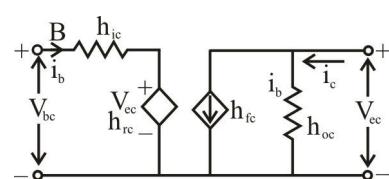
The main advantage of emitter follower –

- It has low output impedance.
- It has high input impedance.

Common collector configuration is also known as emitted follower or voltage buffer.

88. (c)

Given circuit is a hybrid equivalent circuit of common collector.



89. (c)

Voltage series feedback results in increase in input impedance and decrease in output impedance. Voltage series feedback is also known as shunt driven series-fed feedback, i.e. a parallel series circuit.

90. (a)

$$\text{Slew Rate}(S) = \left. \frac{dV_o}{dt} \right|_{\text{maximum}} \text{ Volt}/\mu\text{s}$$

Slew rate of output op amp refers to maximum rate of change of output voltage.

91. (b)

Monostable multivibrator is used as a gating circuit and as a delay element.

Monostable multivibrator is a one-shot multivibrator that has only one stable state as once externally triggered it returns back to its first stable state. It is generally used to convert short sharp pulses into much wider ones for timing applications.

92. (c)

Given -

$$\text{Accuracy} = 0.75\%$$

$$\text{Measured Value (V)} = 100\text{V}$$

$$\text{Full Scale deflection voltage (V}_{\text{FSD}}) = 200\text{V}$$

% Limiting error

$$= \frac{\text{Accuracy}\% \times \text{Full Scale deflection voltage}}{\text{Measured Value}}$$

$$= \frac{0.75\% \times 200}{100} = 1.5\%$$

93. (c)

Type of instruments -

- Primary or absolute instruments
- Secondary instruments

Tangent galvanometer is an example of absolute instruments.

Absolute instruments - These are those instruments which gives the value of the quantity that has to be measured in terms of physical constants and their deflection only. They do not need to be calibrated and do not need any comparison with other standard instruments. Absolute instruments are used in laboratories as standardizing instruments, while secondary instruments are used in everyday work. In secondary instrument quantity being measured is given directly by the deflection of the instrument.

94. (d)

Electromagnetic instruments are not used as ammeters or voltmeters.

The various type of instruments are used as ammeters and voltmeters are -

- Moving iron type
- Moving coil type
- Hot-wire type
- Induction type
- Electrodynamometer type
- Thermocouple type
- Rectifier type

95. (d)

Anderson's bridge method can not be used to measure capacitance.

De-Sauty's bridge - Suitable for perfect capacitor

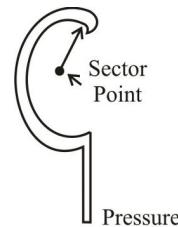
Schering bridge - Dielectric loss in a capacitor

Wien bridge - Frequency and capacitance

Anderson's bridge - Inductance

96. (d)

Bourdon tube is used to measure pressure directly.



Bourdon Tube

• Bourdon tubes are made up of an elliptically flattened tube. One end of the tube is sealed or closed. The other end is open so that fluid can enter. When the fluid whose pressure is to be measured enters the tube. The tube tends to straighten out an amount of pressure applied. This causes a displacement, which is amplified further and used to move a pointer on scale.

97. (b)

$$(FA)_{16} = (?)_2$$

$$F \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow 1111$$

$$A \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 1010$$

$$\text{So, } (FA)_{16} = (1111 \ 1010)_2$$

98. (d)

$$F = ABC' + ABC + A'BC + A'BC'$$

$$F = AB(C' + C) + A'.B(C + C')$$

$$F = AB + A'B$$

$$F = B(A + A')$$

$$F = B$$

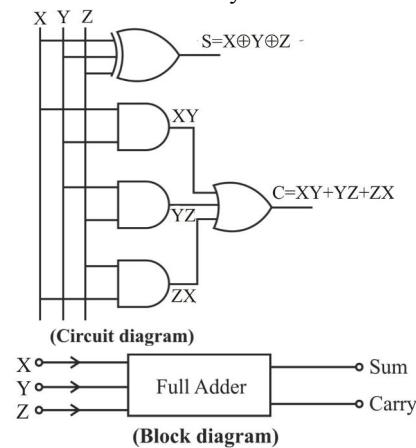
99. (d)

For a full adder

$$\text{SUM} = X \oplus Y \oplus Z$$

$$\text{Carry} = XY + YZ + ZX$$

The full adder is used to add three 1 bit binary numbers X, Y and Z. The full adder has three input states and two output states are sum and carry.

**100. (c)**

Input impedance of CMOS is high and output impedance is low. Its switching speed is less. Because its propagation delay is maximum.

PRACTICE SET - 3

| Languages | Hindi | English | Marathi | Tamil | Bengali | Total |
|--------------------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| Number of Students | 25 | 22 | 12 | 9 | 4 | 72 |

- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|---|---|
| Which language is spoken by atleast 1 out of 3 students residing in the hostel? | (a) English (b) Marathi (c) Hindi (d) Tamil | 27. | The default layout of most keyboards is called - | (a) ALPHBET (b) QWERTY (c) ASCII (d) IEEE | | | | | | | | | |
| 18. Select the option that is related to the third term in the same way as the second term is related to the first term. | Mason : Builds :: Mechanic : ? (a) Cars (b) Tools (c) Factory (d) Repairs | 28. | In which of the following types of keyboard, both the M and L keys are present on the same row and the L key is present to the left of the M key? | (i) AZERTY (ii) QWERTY | | | | | | | | | |
| 19. If A is equal to 1, M is equal to 13 and R is equal 18, how would you spell MISSION? | (a) 129191991314 (b) 149191991314 (c) 139191991514 (d) 139191991314 | 29. | A device that allows you to take to a computer (such as a mouse or keyboard) is a/an _____ device. | (a) Storage (b) Process (c) Input (d) Output | | | | | | | | | |
| 20. Four awards have been listed, out of which three are alike in some manner and one is different. Select the odd one. | (a) Padma Vibhushan (b) Padma Bhushan (c) Param Vir Chakra (d) Padma Shri | 30. | Which of the following is an example of volatile memory? | (a) Hard drive (b) ROM (c) RAM (d) Flash memory | | | | | | | | | |
| 21. Select the number from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series. | 3, 78, 9, 69, 15, 60, ? (a) 19 (b) 23 (c) 22 (d) 21 | 31. | Which of the following statements related to primary memory of a computer is INCORRECT? | (a) RAM is a component of Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) (b) The CPU interacts directly with the primary memory. (c) Random Access Memor (RAM) is a volatile primary memory. (d) ROM is a non-volatile primary memory. | | | | | | | | | |
| 22. Study the given pattern carefully and select the letter from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in it. | <table border="0"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> C</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> O</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> L</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> D</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/> T</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> P</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> F</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="radio"/> ?</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> I</td> </tr> </table> | <input type="checkbox"/> C | <input type="radio"/> O | <input type="checkbox"/> L | <input type="checkbox"/> D | <input type="radio"/> T | <input type="checkbox"/> P | <input type="checkbox"/> F | <input checked="" type="radio"/> ? | <input type="checkbox"/> I | 32. | Which of the following memories needs to be refreshed continuously at certain time intervals? | (a) Cache Memory (b) Secondary (c) SRAM (d) DRAM |
| <input type="checkbox"/> C | <input type="radio"/> O | <input type="checkbox"/> L | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> D | <input type="radio"/> T | <input type="checkbox"/> P | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> F | <input checked="" type="radio"/> ? | <input type="checkbox"/> I | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23. Anita is standing facing the north direction. Then, she turns 135° anticlockwise. After that, she turns 90° clockwise. In which direction is she facing now? | (a) North-east (b) South-west (c) North-west (d) South-east | 33. | What does the Internet OSI Model stand for? | (a) Open System Interconnection Model (b) Open Service International Model (c) Open Space Internet Model (d) Open Software Internet Model | | | | | | | | | |
| 24. Jean and Catherine are the maternal aunts of Cinderella. Charles is the husband of Cinderella. Isabella is the mother of mother-in-law of Charles. How is Isabella related to Jean? | (a) Mother (b) Maternal Aunt (c) Grand mother (d) Sister | 34. | Protocols that require a logical connection to established between two devices before transferring data are called: | (a) Connection-oriented protocols (b) Link-to-connection protocols (c) Data transfer protocols (d) Broadcasting protocols | | | | | | | | | |
| 25. If G stands for 'add', H stands for 'multiply', J stands for 'subtract' and K stands for 'division' then find the value of | 125 J 110 K 5 G 7 H 2 | 35. | Consider the following communication technologies: | 1. Closed-Circuit Television 2. Radio Frequency Identification 3. Wireless Local Area Network | | | | | | | | | |
| 26. Electronic Numerical Integrator and Computer (ENIAC) was first binary programmable computer based on _____. (a) Blaise Pascal's concept (b) Von Neumann's architecture (c) Charles Babbage's architecture (d) Turing's machine concept | | 36. | Which of the above are considered Short-Range devices/technologies? | (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Which of the following is the correct sequence of turning off bullets and numbering in MS Word 365? | 1. Select auto correct options and then click the auto format as you type tab. | | | | | | | | | |

2. File > Options > proofing
 3. Select ok.
 4. Select or clear automatic bulleted lists or automatic numbered list.
 (a) 1, 2, 3, 4 (b) 2, 4, 1, 3
 (c) 2, 1, 3, 4 (d) 2, 1, 4, 3
37. 'Screenshot' option is available in ----- tab of MS - Word 2010.
 (a) Home (b) Review
 (c) Insert (d) Design
38. Which of the following options in MS Word 365 is used to create your table by creating cell, row and column borders?
 (a) Create table (b) Quick table
 (c) Draw table (d) Insert table
39. If you use a font that is not supported by the browser, the original text
 (a) Will be the one displayed using only the 'Arial' font
 (b) Will be displayed with a distinctive background
 (c) Will display in default font
 (d) Will not be displayed
40. Which among the following is used to navigate through hypermedia structures?
 (a) Nodes (b) Keys
 (c) None of these (d) Buttons
41. Which among the following notation is usually used to represent an IP address in under stable format?
 (a) Binary notation
 (b) Hexadecimal notation
 (c) Dotted-decimal notation
 (d) Octal notation
42. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true about web browsers?
 (i) They are application software that is used to search, retrieve and display information available on the World Wide Web.
 (ii) They send requests to web servers across the Internet using HTTP.
 (a) Both (i) and (ii) (b) Neither (i) nor (ii)
 (c) Only (ii) (d) only (i)
43. Which of the following statements is/are true?
 (i) Yahoo is a web portal, which is one of the main features of web search portal.
 (ii) Google and Bing both are search engines.
 (a) Neither (i) nor (ii) (b) Only (i)
 (c) Only (ii) (d) Both (i) and (ii)
44. World Wide Web was the first web browser, named _____ to avoid any confusion with the World Wide Web.
 (a) Nexus (b) Firefox
 (c) Safari (d) Internet Explorer
45. Which of the following refers to communication by electronic means to place power in the hands of citizens to determine what laws need to be made and how these laws should be written?
 (a) e-banking (b) e-marketing
 (c) e-governance (d) e-mobility
46. How many numbers between 1 and 700 are completely divisible by 17?
 (a) 42 (b) 41
 (c) 45 (d) 46
47. Find the value of $72 \div 4 \times \{8 \times 4 - (14 - 19)\}$
 (a) 666 (b) 444
 (c) 222 (d) 1296
48. Find the greatest among these fractions.
 $\frac{5}{11}, \frac{3}{15}, \frac{12}{11}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{9}{12}$
 (a) $\frac{12}{11}$ (b) $\frac{3}{15}$
 (c) $\frac{9}{12}$ (d) $\frac{4}{7}$
49. A fraction when added to $\frac{7}{3}$, gives 4. Find the fraction.
 (a) $\frac{1\frac{2}{3}}{3}$ (b) $\frac{11}{2}$ (c) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{2}{3}$
50. LCM of $2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5^3$ and $2^2 \times 3^6 \times 5^5 \times 7^2$ is
 (a) $2^3 \times 3^5 \times 5^4 \times 7$ (b) $2^2 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 7^2$
 (c) $2^6 \times 3^{10} \times 5^8 \times 7^2$ (d) $2^4 \times 3^6 \times 5^5 \times 7^2$
51. What is the LCM of $\frac{6}{25}, \frac{4}{45}$ and $\frac{3}{35}$?
 (a) $\frac{1}{5}$ (b) $\frac{12}{5}$
 (c) $\frac{210}{12}$ (d) $\frac{12}{210}$
52. If $(m+n):(m-n) = 7:3$, then $(m^3 + n^3):(m^3 - n^3) = ?$
 (a) 133 : 117 (b) 117 : 13
 (c) 117 : 133 (d) 17 : 133
53. The population of a town increased by 10% and 20% in two successive years, but decreased by 25% in the third year. Find the ratio of the population in the third year to that of 3 year ago.
 (a) 100 : 99 (b) 99 : 100
 (c) 2 : 1 (d) 1 : 1
54. The perimeter of an isosceles triangle is 32 cm. Its base is $\frac{6}{5}$ times of equal sides. Find the area of triangle.
 (a) 39 cm^2 (b) 64 cm^2
 (c) 48 cm^2 (d) 57 cm^2
55. X does 25% of a work in 20 days. Y joins up with X and they together do the remaining work in 15 days. So in how many days can Y alone do the same work?
 (a) 30 days (b) $25\frac{1}{2}$ days
 (c) $26\frac{2}{3}$ days (d) $26\frac{1}{3}$ days
56. Akshita covers a distance of 300 km at the speed of 50km/h, then 360 km at 30 km/h and another 420km at 60km/h. If her average speed for the whole journey is k km/h, then how much time (in hours) will she take to cover 216 km at k km/h?
 (a) 5 hours (b) 7 hours
 (c) 6 hours (d) 4 hours

- 81. In which of the following material's resistance is independent of change in temperature?**
- Brass
 - Platinum
 - Tungsten
 - Alloys of Constantan and Manganin
- 82. In the energy band diagram of a p-type semiconductor :**
- The acceptor band is near the conduction band.
 - The acceptor band is near the valence band.
 - The donor band is near the conduction band.
 - The donor band is near the valence band.
- 83. Negative resistance characteristics is exhibited by a :**
- Zener diode
 - Schottky diode
 - Photo diode
 - Tunnel diode
- 84. In a BJT transistor to maintain a fixed operating point, the bias stabilization/ compensation is achieved by using—**
- Diode Compensation
 - Resistor Compensation
 - Thermistor Compensation
 - Both diode and Thermistor compensation
- 85. The principle of operation of a VMOS device is similar to that of**
- Insulated gate bipolar transistor
 - Enhancement MOSFET
 - Depletion MOSFET
 - Junction FET
- 86. Which of the following in clamper circuit don't have a required component?**
- Diode
 - Resistor
 - Capacitor
 - D.C. supply
- 87. In a common base connection $I_E = 2\text{mA}$, $I_C = 1.9\text{ mA}$. The value of base current is**
- 0.25 A
 - 3.80 mA
 - 0.10 mA
 - 0 mA
- 88. Highest operating frequency can be expected in the case of:**
- Bipolar transistor
 - JFET
 - MOSFET
 - All the other given options have nearly same frequency
- 89. Which is known as Regenerative feedback?**
- Negative feedback
 - Positive feedback
 - Direct feedback
 - Recycling feedback
- 90.**
-
- Determine duty cycle.
- 15%
 - 5%
 - 10%
 - 1%
- 91. Which of the following is NOT a feature of LM723 Voltage Regulator IC?**
- It is a 16-pin line package IC
 - Its Regulated Output ranges from 3V to 37V
 - Its Output current is 150 mA without exterior pass transistor
 - It includes Current Regulator
- 92. What is the definition of accuracy?**
- A measure of how often an experimental value can be repeated
 - The closeness of significant figures used in a measurement
 - The number of significant figures used in a measurement
 - None of these
- 93. The most efficient form of damping employed in electric instruments is:**
- Air friction damping
 - Fluid friction damping
 - Eddy current damping
 - None of the above
- 94. A voltmeter having a resistance of 1000 kilo ohms is used to measure voltage in an electrical circuit. In order to increase its range three times resistance to be added in series will be _____.**
- 5000 kilo ohms
 - 2000 kilo ohms
 - 3000 kilo ohms
 - 1000 kilo ohms
- 95. The scale of a megger is calibrated between:**
- Zero to 100
 - Zero to 10,000
 - Zero to 1,00,000
 - Zero to infinity
- 96. Which of the following are the features of a capacitive transducer?**
- Highly sensitive to measure small displacements
 - Can be used to measure force and pressure
 - Can be used to measure humidity
 - Can be used as strain gauge
- I and II only
 - I, II and III only
 - I, II and IV only
 - II, III and IV only
- 97. Find the excess - 3 code for decimal 12:**
- 01010100
 - 0010010
 - 01000110
 - 01000101
- 98. Boolean Expression $A+1=1$, and $A \cdot 0=0$**
- Which type of Boolean Algebra Law or Rule represents the above expression?**
- Identity
 - Idempotent
 - Annulment
 - Double Negation
- 99. A full adder can be made of**
- Two half adders
 - Two half adders and a NOR gate
 - Two half adders and a OR gate
 - Two half adders and a AND gate
- 100. Among the following logic families, the one having the lowest power dissipation and highest noise margin is**
- Schottky TTL
 - TTL
 - ECL
 - CMOS

SOLUTION : PRACTICE SET- 3

ANSWER KEY

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (d) | 11. (a) | 21. (d) | 31. (a) | 41. (c) | 51. (b) | 61. (b) | 71. (c) | 81. (d) | 91. (a) |
| 2. (d) | 12. (a) | 22. (a) | 32. (d) | 42. (a) | 52. (a) | 62. (d) | 72. (a) | 82. (b) | 92. (b) |
| 3. (b) | 13. (d) | 23. (c) | 33. (a) | 43. (d) | 53. (b) | 63. (d) | 73. (b) | 83. (d) | 93. (c) |
| 4. (d) | 14. (c) | 24. (a) | 34. (a) | 44. (a) | 54. (c) | 64. (b) | 74. (a) | 84. (d) | 94. (b) |
| 5. (b) | 15. (a) | 25. (a) | 35. (d) | 45. (c) | 55. (c) | 65. (b) | 75. (c) | 85. (b) | 95. (d) |
| 6. (d) | 16. (a) | 26. (b) | 36. (d) | 46. (b) | 56. (a) | 66. (a) | 76. (a) | 86. (d) | 96. (b) |
| 7. (d) | 17. (c) | 27. (b) | 37. (c) | 47. (a) | 57. (c) | 67. (d) | 77. (d) | 87. (c) | 97. (d) |
| 8. (b) | 18. (d) | 28. (a) | 38. (c) | 48. (a) | 58. (a) | 68. (b) | 78. (a) | 88. (a) | 98. (c) |
| 9. (d) | 19. (c) | 29. (c) | 39. (c) | 49. (a) | 59. (d) | 69. (c) | 79. (c) | 89. (b) | 99. (c) |
| 10. (b) | 20. (c) | 30. (c) | 40.(a) | 50. (d) | 60. (d) | 70. (b) | 80. (b) | 90. (c) | 100. (d) |

SOLUTION

1. (d)

ISRO's Gaganyaan mission is India's maiden manned space mission. Gaganyaan is an Indian crewed orbital spacecraft intended to be the formative spacecraft of the Indian Human Spaceflight Programme. The first crewed mission was originally planned to be launched by ISRO's GSLV Mk III in December 2021, but it has now been pushed back to no earlier than 2023.

2. (d)

Rohit Sharma is the only player to have scored three One-day International(ODI) matches double centuries including 209, 264 and 208. Sachin Tendulkar was the first male cricketer who scored the first double century (200) in the ODI against South Africa in 2010.

3. (b)

Raut Nacha is a ceremonial dance performed mainly by the tribal community of Chhattisgarh. It is performed during the "dev udhni ekadashi", after the Diwali festival.

Famous folk dance of Chhattisgarh are Saila, Sua Nacha, Karma, Panthi, Gendi etc.

4. (d)

Mahadevi Verma is widely regarded as the "Modern Meera". She is considered one of the four major pillars of Chhayawadi era in Hindi literature. Her creations are as:- Nihar, Rashmi, Neerja, Sandhyageet & Path ke Sathi etc.

5. (b)

The mains characteristics of the Reserve Bank of India are as follows : It issues the currency of the country, controls money supply of the country through various methods, and acts as a banker of the government.

6. (d)

The quorum required to constitute a meeting of the Lok Sabha is the 1/10th of the total members of the house.

According to Article 100 (3), quorum of Lok Sabha or Rajya Sabha is 1/10 of the total number of members. The same number is also necessary for the recognition of the main opposition party.

7. (d)

The troposphere is the lowermost layer of the atmosphere. Its average height is 13 km and extends roughly to a height of 8 km near the poles and about 18 km at the equator. The Thickness of the troposphere is greatest at the equator because heat is transported to great heights by strong convectional currents.

8. (b)

Loktak is the largest freshwater lake of Northeast India located in Manipur. It is known for its floating circular swamps, which are called phumdis. Located on this phumdi Keibul Lamjao National Park is the only floating national Park in the world.

9. (d)

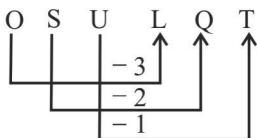
Jahanara (Shah Jahan's daughter) participated in many architectural projects of the new capital established at Shahjahanabad, Delhi. Jahanara, Roshan Ara, were sisters. Roshanara supported Aurangzeb in the war of succession. Gulbadan Begum was the daughter of Babur who wrote 'Humayunnamra'.

10. (b)

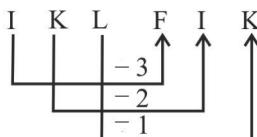
The Rowlett Act said that any Indian could be detained without trial. This was preventive detention, meaning that the government would hold any citizen in jail without any crime having been committed. Essentially, it means that if someone inside the government suspects that a citizen might commit a crime later, that citizen can be put in jail. Indians were outraged by such a law and one Lahore newspaper described the Rowlett Act with the headline: 'No dalil, No vakil, No appeal'.

11. (a)

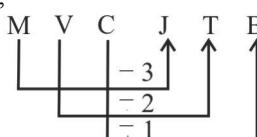
Just as,



and,



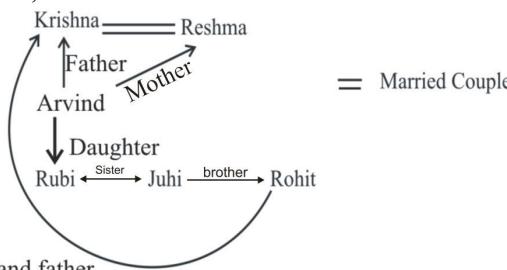
Same as,



Hence, ? = **MVC**

12. (a)

On drawing blood relation diagram according to the question,



Hence, Krishna is Grandfather (Father's father) of Rohit.

13. (d)

Given,

$$\begin{aligned} < &\Rightarrow - \\ > &\Rightarrow + \\ \$ &\Rightarrow \div \end{aligned}$$

On changing the symbol,

$$\begin{aligned} 37 > 165 \$ 3 < 5 \\ &= 37 + 165 \div 3 - 5 \\ &= 37 + 55 - 5 \\ &= 92 - 5 \\ &= 87 \end{aligned}$$

14. (c)

Statement: The prices of essential commodities have increased due to strike by transporters. Hence, the statement concludes that the government should negotiate with the strike workers to stop the strike. Hence, it is clear that only conclusion 2 is true.

15. (a)

Since, India has declared a zero-tolerance policy thus, off course in a given course of time India will emerge as a terror free country provided that all our security intelligence are working with might and main. Hence, both assumptions 1 and 2 are implicit.

16. (a)

Statement:

$$I. K > A$$

$$II. A > M$$

$$Thus, M < A < K$$

Hence, both statements 1 and 2 are not sufficient to answer the question.

17. (c)

Total number of student = 72

$$\frac{72}{3} = 24 \text{ (Group)}$$

Thus, in the 24 group which is of 3-3 student must have spoken Hindi because, the total number of Hindi speakers is 25.

18. (d)

Just as, Mason builds home. Similarly, Mechanic repairs mechanical equipments.

19. (c)

Given, $A = 1$, $M = 13$ and $R = 18$ then,

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} M & I & S & S & I & O & N \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 13 & 9 & 19 & 19 & 9 & 15 & 14 \end{array}$$

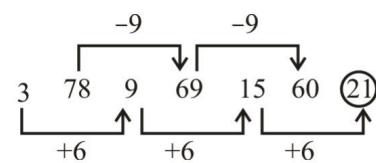
20. (c)

Param Vir Chakra is the honour given for the extraordinary valor and sacrifice of the soldiers. It was also given to the soldiers posthumously.

While, the Padma Vibhushan, Padma Bhushan and Padma Shri awards are given for exceptional and outstanding work in any field.

21. (d)

The given number series is as follows.



Hence, ? = 21

22. (a)

In the given pattern,

Just as,

$$\boxed{C} \quad \boxed{O} \quad \boxed{L} \Rightarrow C + L = O$$

And,

$$\boxed{D} \quad \boxed{T} \quad \boxed{P} \Rightarrow D + P = T$$

Same as,

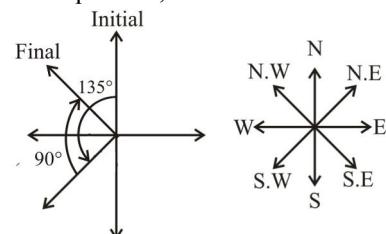
$$\boxed{F} \quad \boxed{?} \quad \boxed{I} \Rightarrow F + I = ?$$

So, ? = F + I = O

Note: The given letters are added with their place value in English alphabet.

23. (c)

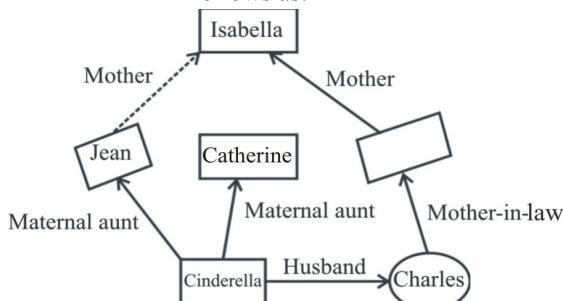
According to the question,



Hence, it is clear from above that Anita is facing in North-west direction.

24. (a)

According to the question blood relation diagram is follows as:



Hence, it is clear from above diagram that Isabella is mother of Jean.

25. (a)

Given,

$$G = +$$

$$H = \times$$

$$J = -$$

$$K = \div$$

$$125 J 110 K 5 G 7 H 2 = ?$$

On changing letters by mathematical symbol,

$$125 - 110 \div 5 + 7 \times 2 = ?$$

$$= 125 - 22 + 14$$

$$= 117$$

26. (b)

Electronic Numerical Integrator and Computer (ENIAC) was the first binary programmable computer based on Von Neumann's architecture. ENIAC was designed by John Mauchly and J. Presper Eckert. ENIAC was completed in 1945 and first put to work for practical purpose on December 10, 1945.

27. (b)

The default layout of most keyboards is QWERTY. It was first designed by Sholes and Glidden typewriter in 1868.

28. (a)

AZERTY is a keyboard layout. It is very similar to the QWERTY keyboard layout. It is mainly used in France and Belgium. In AZERTY, both the M and L keys are present in the same row and the L key is present to the left of the M key.

29. (c)

Input devices like keyboard, Mouse, Touchpad etc. are used to give instructions to the computer.

30. (c)

Random Access Memory (RAM) is an example of volatile memory because all its data is lost when the power supply is off.

Another example of volatile memory is cache memory.

31. (a)

RAM is a component of primary memory. Primary memory is a volatile memory and is the main memory of the computer and is also called temporary memory. The data and instruction processed by the CPU is used to store.

32. (d)

The full form of DRAM is Dynamic Random Access Memory. It needs to be refreshed constantly to maintain the data, otherwise it will lose the data. DRAM is slower than SRAM. SRAM does not need to be refreshed frequently. DRAM is cheaper than SRAM.

33. (a)

The OSI Stands for Open System Interconnection Model. It is a conceptual model from the International Organization for standardization (ISO) that provides a common basis for the coordination of standards development for the purpose of systems Interconnection.

34. (a)

A connection-oriented protocols is a communication protocol that establishes a reliable/ dedicated connection between two devices before transmitting data.

35. (d)

Closed Circuit Television (CCTV), Radio Frequency Identification and Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) are all communication technologies. **CCTV**- It is known as video surveillance. It transmits the signal to a specific location using a video camera.

RFID- It uses electromagnetic fields to automatically identify and track the tag attached to the object. It consists of a small radio transponder, radio, receiver and transmitter.

WLAN- WLAN is a type of wireless local network that connects two or more devices together.

36. (d)

The correct sequence to turn off automatic bullets and numbering is as follows:

2, 1, 4, 3.

37. (c)

To take a screenshot in MS Word 2010 follow the step -

1. Click the insert tab at the top of the window.

2. Click the screenshot drop-down menu, then choose the open window from which you want to pull the screenshot.

38. (c)

Draw table option is used to create a table by creating cell, row and column manually, whereas create table, quick table and insert table create table by get command.

39. (c)

If we use a font which is not supported by the browser, then the original text will be displayed in the default font.

40. (a)

Nodes are used to navigate or transfer data from one place to another, through hypermedia structures.

41. (c)

Dotted-decimal notation is usually used to represent an IP address in an under stable format. IP4 address is written most of the times in dotted-decimal notation.

42. (a)

A web browser is application software that is used to search, retrieve and display information available on the World Wide Web and to send requests to web servers across the Internet using HTTP. Microsoft Edge, Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, Opera, Safari etc. are examples of web browser

43. (d)

Yahoo is a web service provider. It provides a web portal. Google and Bing both are search engines.

44. (a)

The World Wide Web was the first web browser, which was later named Nexus to avoid any confusion with World Wide Web. It was invented by 'Tim Berners-Lee' in 1990.

45. (c)

Electronic governance refers to the functioning of government with the application of Information and Communication Technology (ICT). There are 4 types of participation in e-governance.

(1) G2C (Government to citizen)

(2) G2B (Government to Business)

(3) G2G (Government to Government)

(4) G2E (Government to Employee)

46. (b)

Numbers between 1 and 700 which are exactly divisible by 17.

17, 34697.

$$l = a + (n-1) \times d$$

$$697 = 17 + (n-1) \times 17$$

$$680 = (n-1) \times 17$$

$$40 = n - 1$$

$$n = 41$$

Hence, required number (n) = 41

47. (a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 72 \div 4 \times \{8 \times 4 - (14 - 19)\} \\
 &= 72 \div 4 \{8 \times 4 - (-5)\} \\
 &= 72 \div 4 \{8 \times 4 + 5\} \\
 &= 72 \div 4 \{32 + 5\} \\
 &= 72 \div 4 \times 37 \\
 &= 18 \times 37 \\
 &= 666
 \end{aligned}$$

48. (a)

$$\frac{5}{11} = 0.45, \quad \frac{3}{15} = 0.2, \quad \frac{12}{11} = 1.09, \quad \frac{4}{7} = 0.57, \quad \frac{9}{12} = 0.75$$

Hence, the required largest fraction will be $\frac{12}{11}$

49. (a)

Let the required fraction be x.

According to the question,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow \frac{x}{1} + \frac{7}{3} &= 4 \\
 \Rightarrow \frac{3x + 7}{3} &= 4 \\
 \Rightarrow 3x + 7 &= 4 \times 3 \\
 \Rightarrow 3x + 7 &= 12 \Rightarrow 3x = 12 - 7 \Rightarrow 3x = 5 \\
 \Rightarrow x &= \frac{5}{3} = \left(1 \frac{2}{3}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required fraction is $1 \frac{2}{3}$.

50. (d)

Given,

$$2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5^3 = 2^2 \times 2^2 \times 3^2 \times 3^2 \times 5^3$$

$$2^2 \times 3^6 \times 5^5 \times 7^2 = 2^2 \times 3^2 \times 3^2 \times 3^2 \times 5^5 \times 7^2$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2^4 \times 3^6 \times 5^5 \times 7^2$$

51. (b)

Given fractions = $\frac{6}{25}, \frac{4}{45}, \frac{3}{35}$

L.C.M. of fractions = $\frac{\text{L.C.M. of Numerator}}{\text{H.C.F. of Denominator}}$

L.C.M. of Numerator \Rightarrow

$$6 = 2 \times 3$$

$$4 = 2 \times 2$$

$$3 = 1 \times 3$$

$$\text{L.C.M.} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$$

H.C.F. of Denominator \Rightarrow

$$25 = 5 \times 5$$

$$45 = 5 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$35 = 5 \times 7$$

$$\text{HCF} = 5$$

Hence, L.C.M. of given fraction = $\frac{12}{5}$

52. (a)

Given,

$$\frac{m+n}{m-n} = \frac{7}{3}$$

On putting,

$$m+n=7 \text{ and } m-n=3$$

$$m=5 \text{ and } n=2$$

$$\text{then, } \frac{m^3+n^3}{m^3-n^3} = \frac{(5)^3+(2)^3}{(5)^3-(2)^3}$$

$$= \frac{125+8}{125-8}$$

$$\frac{m^3+n^3}{m^3-n^3} = \frac{133}{117}$$

$$\text{Hence, } (m^3+n^3) : (m^3-n^3) = 133 : 117$$

53. (b)

Let the population of the town is x.

Population after three years,

$$x \times \frac{(100+10)}{100} \times \frac{(100+20)}{100} \times \frac{(100-25)}{100}$$

$$x \times \frac{110}{100} \times \frac{120}{100} \times \frac{75}{100} = \frac{99x}{100}$$

$$\frac{\text{Population in third year}}{\text{Population before three years}} = \frac{99x}{x}$$

$$= \frac{99x}{100} \times \frac{1}{x} = \frac{99}{100} = 99:100$$

54. (c)

Let the side of isosceles triangle is x.

According to the question-

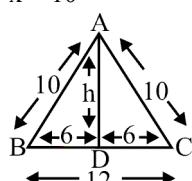
$$x + x + \frac{6x}{5} = 32$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x + \frac{6x}{5} = 32$$

$$\Rightarrow 10x + 6x = 32 \times 5$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{32 \times 5}{16}$$

$$x = 10$$



Sides of isosceles triangles are 10, 10 and 12 cm respectively.

$$AD^2 = AB^2 - BD^2$$

$$= 10^2 - 6^2$$

$$AD = \sqrt{64} = 8 \text{ cm.}$$

Hence, height = 8 cm.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of isosceles triangle} &= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 8 = 6 \times 8 = 48 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

55. (c)

X can complete 25% of a work = $\frac{1}{4}$ part in 20 days

\therefore X will complete whole work = 80 days

Remaining work = $1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$ part

Both complete $\frac{3}{4}$ part of work together in 15 days

\therefore Both will complete whole work together
 $= 15 \times \frac{4}{3} = 20$ days

\therefore One day work of Y = $\frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{80} = \frac{4-1}{80} = \frac{3}{80}$ part

Y will complete the work = $\frac{80}{3} = 26\frac{2}{3}$ days

56. (a)

Let time taken by Akshita covered distance is t_1 , t_2 and t_3 .

$$t_1 = \frac{300}{50} = 6 \text{ h}$$

$$t_2 = \frac{360}{30} = 12 \text{ h}$$

$$t_3 = \frac{420}{60} = 7 \text{ h}$$

Average speed = $\frac{\text{Total distance}}{\text{Total Time}}$

$$k = \frac{300 + 360 + 420}{6 + 12 + 7}$$

$$k = \frac{1080}{25}$$

$$k = 43.2 \text{ km/h}$$

According to the question,

$$= \frac{216}{43.2}$$

= 5 Hours.

57. (c)

Let the principal amount be ₹ P

Given,

$$R = 8\%$$

$$T = 2 \text{ years}$$

$$SI = ₹ 192$$

$$\therefore SI = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow 192 = \frac{P \times 8 \times 2}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \frac{192 \times 100}{16}$$

$P = ₹ 1200$

58. (a)

Let the marked price of cooker = ₹x

$$\text{Then cost price} = x \times \frac{9}{10} = \frac{9x}{10}$$

$$\text{And selling price} = x \times \frac{108}{100}$$

$$= ₹ \frac{27x}{25}$$

$$\text{Profit percentage} = \frac{\text{S.P} - \text{C.P}}{\text{C.P}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{\frac{27x}{25} - \frac{9x}{10}}{\frac{9x}{10}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{\frac{270x - 225x}{50}}{\frac{9x}{10}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{45x \times 10}{250 \times 9x} \times 100$$

$$\text{Profit percentage} = \frac{5}{25} \times 100 \\ = 20\%$$

59. (d)

$$\frac{\text{Sum of the six terms of geometric progression}}{\text{Sum of the three terms of geometric progression}} = \frac{152}{125}$$

$$\frac{a(r^6 - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{152}{125}$$

$$\frac{a(r^3 - 1)(r^3 + 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{152}{125}$$

$$\frac{r^6 - 1}{r^3 - 1} = \frac{152}{125}$$

$$\frac{(r^3 - 1)(r^3 + 1)}{(r^3 - 1)} = \frac{152}{162}$$

$$1 + r^3 = \frac{152}{125}$$

$$r^3 = \frac{152}{125} - 1, \quad r^3 = \frac{152 - 125}{125}$$

$$r^3 = \frac{27}{125}, \quad r = \frac{3}{5}$$

60. (d)

From question,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\tan A}{1 + \sec A} + \frac{1 + \sec A}{\tan A} = ? \\ & = \frac{\sin A / \cos A}{1 + \frac{1}{\cos A}} + \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\cos A}}{\sin A / \cos A} \\ & = \frac{\sin A}{1 + \cos A} + \frac{\cos A + 1}{\sin A} \\ & = \frac{\sin^2 A + 1 + \cos^2 A + 2 \cos A}{\sin A(1 + \cos A)} \quad [\because \sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1] \\ & = \frac{2(1 + \cos A)}{\sin A(1 + \cos A)} = \frac{2}{\sin A} \\ & = 2 \operatorname{cosec} A \end{aligned}$$

61. (b)

$$\begin{aligned} \sum fx &= 5 \times 2 + 8 \times 5 + 10 \times 8 + 12 \times 22 + 7 \times p + 20 \times 4 + 25 \times 2 \\ &= 10 + 40 + 80 + 264 + 7p + 80 + 50 \\ &= 524 + 7p \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma f &= 2 + 5 + 8 + 22 + 7 + 4 + 2 \\ &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{Mean} = \frac{\Sigma f \cdot x}{\Sigma f}$$

$$12.58 = \frac{524 + 7p}{50}$$

$$7p = 629 - 524$$

$$7p = 105$$

$$p = 15$$

62. (d)

The square root of 10816

| | |
|-----|-------|
| | 104 |
| 1 | 10816 |
| +1 | 1 |
| 20 | 08 |
| +0 | 00 |
| 204 | 816 |
| 4 | 816 |
| | xxx |

Hence, the required square root is 104.

63. (d)

Let present age of Maya = 6x years

And present age of Meera = 5x years

According to the question,

$$\frac{6x + 15}{5x + 15} = \frac{9}{8}$$

$$48x + 120 = 45x + 135$$

$$3x = 15$$

$$x = 5$$

So, the present age of Meera = $5 \times 5 = 25$ years

64. (b)

Suppose pipe P takes x hours to fill the cistern
then Q will take time to fill cistern = $x + 6$ hrs

$$\text{filled part by } (P+Q) \text{ in 1 hour} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\text{filled part by } P \text{ in 1 hour} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\text{filled part by } Q \text{ in 1 hour} = \frac{1}{x+6}$$

According to the question,

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+6} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{(x+6)+(x)}{x(x+6)} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$(2x+6) \times 4 = x^2 + 6x$$

$$8x + 24 = x^2 + 6x$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 24 = 0$$

$$x^2 - (6-4)x - 24 = 0$$

$$(x^2 - 6x) + (4x - 24) = 0$$

$$x(x-6) + 4(x-6) = 0$$

$$(x+4)(x-6) = 0$$

$$x-6=0, x=6$$

Hence P can fill the tank in 6 hours

65. (b)

Given:

Amount donated by Umesh = ₹750

Amount donated by Kapil = ₹975

Ratio of the amount donated by Umesh and Kapil

$$= \frac{750}{975} = \frac{30}{39} = \frac{10}{13}$$

$$= 10 : 13$$

66. (a)

Momentum - It is the product of the mass and velocity of an object whose change with respect to time gives force.

$$P = m \times v$$

Where P = momentum

m = mass of object

v = velocity

- The S.I. unit of momentum is kg-m/sec. and dimension is $[MLT^{-1}]$.

67. (d)

Gravitational force is given by

$$F = \frac{GMM}{R^2}$$

Clearly the Gravitational force is dependent only on mass of objects and distances between them. It does not depend on any medium between them. Hence, the force will remain same i.e. F .

68. (b)

Given,

An object of mass (m) = 3 kg

Force (F) = 6 N

time (t) = 3 second

$v = ?$

From Newton's second law.

$$F = m \left(\frac{v-u}{t} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 = 3 \left(\frac{v-0}{3} \right) \Rightarrow [v = 6 \text{ m/s}]$$

69. (c)

The energy possessed by a body (or water) by virtue of its position or height is called as potential energy.

- The water stored in dam posses potential energy.
- Kinetic energy is possessed by flowing water.

70. (b)

Specific heat capacity of water = 4186 J/kg°C

71. (c)

| Colour | Digit | Multiplier | Tolerance |
|--------|-------|------------------|------------|
| Black | 0 | $10^0 = 1$ | |
| Brown | 1 | $10^1 = 10$ | $\pm 1\%$ |
| Red | 2 | 10^2 | $\pm 2\%$ |
| Orange | 3 | 10^3 | |
| Yellow | 4 | 10^4 | |
| Green | 5 | 10^5 | |
| Blue | 6 | 10^6 | |
| Violet | 7 | 10^7 | |
| Grey | 8 | 10^8 | |
| White | 9 | 10^9 | |
| Gold | - | $10^{-1} = 0.1$ | $\pm 5\%$ |
| Silver | - | $10^{-2} = 0.01$ | $\pm 10\%$ |

$ab \times 10^c \pm$ tolerance

Colour code of 180 k□□

$$18 \times 10^4 \pm 5\%$$

Brown, gray, yellow, golden

72. (a)

Given that -

$$\text{Conductivity } (\sigma) = 5.8 \times 10^7 \text{ mho/m}$$

$$\text{Electric field } (E) = 40 \text{ m V/m}$$

$$\therefore \text{Electric current density } (J_C) = \sigma E \text{ A/m}^2$$

$$= 5.8 \times 10^7 \times 40 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$= 232 \times 10^4$$

$$= 2.32 \times 10^6 \text{ A/m}^2$$

73. (b)

Given that- $P = 5000 \text{ kW}$, $V_1 = 11 \text{ kV}$, $V_2 = 220 \text{ kV}$

We know that -

$$P = VI$$

$$\text{So, } I_1 = \frac{P}{V_1}$$

$$= \frac{5000}{11} = 454.54 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{So, } I_2 = \frac{P}{V_2} = \frac{5000}{220} = 22.72 \text{ A}$$

Reduction in current-

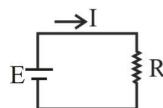
$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_1} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{454.54 - 22.72}{454.54} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{431.81}{454.54} \times 100 \end{aligned}$$

Percentage reduction in current = 95%

74. (a)

Electromotive Force (EMF)- When a battery is connected to a circuit, electrons move from anode to cathode through the circuit. The force due to which electrons move from one place to another place is called electromotive force. The voltage of the battery is equal to the electromagnetic force.

The force is responsible for the flow charge through the circuit which is known as electric current.



$$E = \frac{\Delta W}{\Delta Q} = \frac{J}{C} = V$$

The unit of electromotive force = J/C or volt.

75. (c)

Energy meter is an integrating type instrument.

Integrating type instrument – These instruments give the integration of the inputs applied over a particular period of time.

Example- Watt hour meter, Energy meter

76. (a)

Maximum resultant of two vector = $A+B$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 15+10 \\ &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

Minimum resultant of two vector = $A - B$

$$= 15 - 10 = 5$$

Hence, resultant vector must be in between 5 and 25, so 3 units can not be resultant of two vector.

77. (d)

Given,

$$R = 6400 \text{ km} = 6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Capacitance (C)} = 4\pi\epsilon_0 R = \frac{1}{9 \times 10^9} \times 6.4 \times 10^6$$

$$C = \frac{6.4 \times 10^6}{9 \times 10^9} = 0.711 \times 10^{-3} \text{ F}$$

$$\boxed{C = 0.000711 \text{ F}}$$

78. (a)

The direction of motion of a conductor in a magnetic field is given by Fleming's left hand rule. According to this rule when a current-carrying conductor is placed in an external magnetic field, the conductor experiences a force perpendicular to both the field and the direction of current flow.

79. (c)

Permeability is analogous to conductivity.

$$\text{Permeability} \propto \frac{1}{\text{reluctivity}}, \text{ conductivity} \propto \frac{1}{\text{Resistivity}}$$

80. (b)

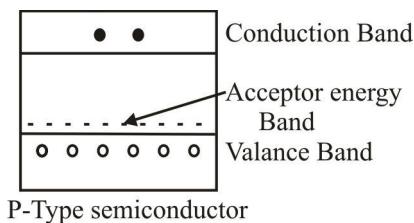
$$Q = it \text{ and } Q = ne \text{ where } e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$i = \frac{ne}{t} \Rightarrow \frac{5 \times 10^{16} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}}{80} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$$

81. (d)

Alloy of Constantan and Manganin resistance is independent of change in temperature. Constantan is also known as Eureka. It is alloy of copper and nickel. Manganin is made of a mixture of copper manganese and nickel. Temperature has no effect on these alloy.

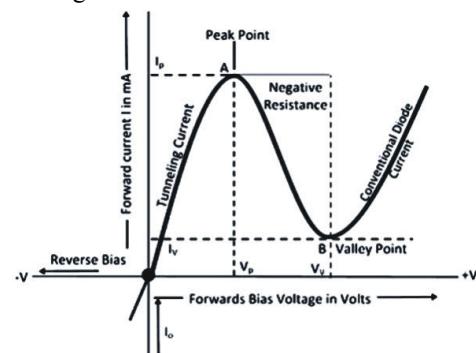
82. (b)



In P-type semiconductor acceptor energy band is near the valance band.

83. (d)

Tunnel diode has negative resistance characteristics. This diode is made by germanium or gallium arsenide. Doping is high in both its P and N region due to which the depletion region becomes very narrow. If the depletion region is too narrow then the charge carriers tunnel through the barrier.



84. (d)

In a BJT transistor to maintain a fixed operating point the bias stabilization/compensation is achieved by using both diode and thermistor compensation. The purpose of the biasing is to switch on the BJT to work in the active region such that the DC collector current remains constant.

Independents of-

- β
- Temperature
- Load variation.

Diode compensation-

- Diode compensation for instability due to V_{BE} variation
- Diode compensation for instability due to I_{CO} Variation.

Thermistor compensation-

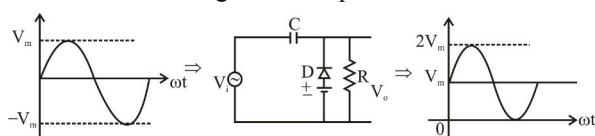
- A thermistor is a temperature-sensitive device.
- It is a negative temperature coefficient.

85. (b)

A Vertical Metal Oxide Semiconductor (VMOS) is a type of metal oxide semiconductor transistor its principle of operation is similar to that of the enhancement MOSFET.

86. (d)

Diode, capacitor and resistor are necessary for clamper circuit. Clamper is called a restorer since it adds DC voltage to wave, inserts DC. also. a positive clamper adds a positive D.C voltage, shifting the wave up, and vice versa for the negative clamper

**87. (c)**

Given that,

$$I_E = 2 \text{ mA}, \quad I_C = 1.9 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_B = ?$$

$$\therefore I_B = I_E - I_C$$

$$I_B = (2 - 1.9) \text{ mA}$$

$$I_B = 0.10 \text{ mA}$$

88. (a)

Highest operating frequency can be expected in the case of bipolar transistor. BJT is current controlled device. It has low input impedance and high output Impedance.

89. (b)

- Positive feedback is known as regenerative feedback.
- Negative feedback is known as degenerative feedback.

Gain of positive feedback,

$$A_f = \frac{A}{1 - A\beta}$$

Positive feedback increases gain. Due to which the distortion increases.

90. (c)

From wave form,

$$T_{on} = 1 \text{ ms}$$

$$T = 10 \text{ ms}$$

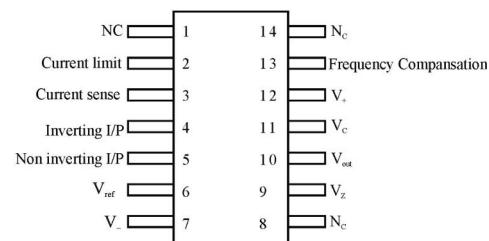
$$[T = T_{ON} + T_{OFF}]$$

$$\therefore \text{Duty cycle} = \frac{T_{ON}}{T} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\% \text{ Duty cycle} = \frac{1}{10} \times 100 = 10\%$$

91. (a)

LM 723 Voltage Regulator IC is 14 pin dual in line package IC.



- LM723 voltage regulator is generally used for series voltage regulator applications.
- It can be used as both positive and negative voltage regulator.

92. (b)

The closeness of significant figures used in a measurement is called accuracy.

Example -

Accurate
Precise



Not accurate
but precise



Not accurate
Not precise

93. (c)

Eddy current damping is a most efficient form of damping employed in electric instruments.

- (i) Air friction damping - Moving iron, electrodynamometer type instruments.

(ii) Fluid friction damping - Electrostatic voltmeter uses fluid friction damping.

(iii) Eddy current damping - Used in PMMC instruments.

Controlling torque - The controlling torque is provided by spring or gravity control.

- Gravity controlling torque is used in vertically mounted instruments only.

$$T_c \propto \sin \theta$$

• Hair spring is used to provides the controlling torque in both horizontal and vertical position.

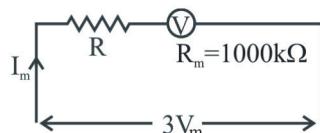
$$T_c \propto \theta$$

94. (b)

Given,

Meter resistance, $R_m = 1000 \text{ k}\Omega$

And in order to increase its range three times a resistance to be added in series.



To be measured $3V_m$,

$$V_m = I_m \cdot R_m \quad \dots \dots \dots \text{(i)}$$

$$I_m (R + R_m) = 3V_m$$

$$I_m R + I_m R_m = 3V_m$$

$$I_m R = 3V_m - I_m R_m \quad (V_m = I_m \cdot R_m)$$

$$I_m R = 2I_m R_m$$

$$R = 2 \times 1000$$

$$R = 2000 \text{ k}\Omega$$

95. (d)

Megger works on the principle of electromagnetic induction. The scale of a megger is calibrated between zero to infinity. It can be used to measure high value of resistance. e.g.

- (i) Insulation resistance of cable.
- (ii) Resistance in motor winding.
- (iii) Resistance of Transformer winding.

96. (b)

Features of a capacitive transducer - Highly sensitive to measure small displacements.

- Can be used to measure force and pressure.
- Can be used to measure humidity.
- Capacitive transducer used for dynamic measurement.

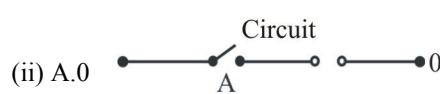
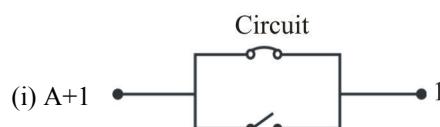
97. (d)

Excess - 3 code is obtained by adding 3 to each bit of any decimal number.

| Decimal Number | 1 | 2 |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Adding | <u>+3</u> | <u>+3</u> |
| Excess - 3 code | 4 | 5 |
| | ↓ | ↓ |
| | 0100 | 0101 |
| Excess - 3 code | 01000101 | |

98. (c)

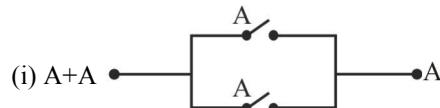
Annulment :



Identity \Rightarrow



Idempotent \Rightarrow

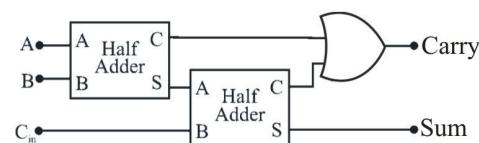


Double Negative

NOT $\bar{A} = A$

99. (c)

A full adder can be made from two half adders and an OR gate. A & B connected to the input of the first half adder and the output before the input of the second adder. Sum and carry C are the two carry output of an OR Gate.



100. (d)

CMOS has the least power dissipation and largest Noise margin among the following logic families, in CMOS margin logic p-type and n-type MOSFETs are fabricated on the same chip. Although CMOS is low compared to other logic families, its main advantage is almost zero power consumption no matter whether the output is High or Low.

PRACTICE SET - 4

- | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 49. | The square root of a positive fraction, when added to 1, is $3\frac{1}{4}$. Find the fraction. | (a) $2\frac{1}{4}$ (b) $6\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $5\frac{1}{16}$ (d) $3\frac{1}{16}$ | (a) ₹1100, ₹800, ₹700 (b) ₹1200, ₹600, ₹800 (c) ₹1000, ₹900, ₹700 (d) ₹1200, ₹800, ₹600 |
| 50. | Find the LCM of 24, 96 and 36. | (a) 576 (b) 216 (c) 288 (d) 144 | 58. A shopkeeper sells an article at 20% profit. If he had bought the article at 10% less and sold it at ₹18 more than the previous selling price, he would have made 40% profit. What is the original cost price of the article? (in ₹) |
| 51. | Find the LCM of 0.63, 10.5, 2.1 and 4.20. | (a) 63 (b) 0.63 (c) 6.30 (d) 6300 | (a) ₹ 350 (b) ₹ 320 (c) ₹ 300 (d) ₹ 280 |
| 52. | If $(3x+2y) : (3x-2y) = 5 : 3$ then find x : y. | (a) $\frac{4}{3}$ (b) $\frac{32}{3}$ (c) $\frac{16}{3}$ (d) $\frac{8}{3}$ | 59. Find the HCF of $(x^4 - y^4)$, $(x^8 - y^8)$ and $(x^2 - y^2)$ |
| 53. | Vimal secured 46% marks in the exam and failed to qualify in the exam by 10 marks. If he secured 52% marks, he would have secured 8 marks more than what was the minimum qualifying marks. What were the minimum marks one had to score to qualify in the exam? | (a) 148 (b) 146 (c) 156 (d) 138 | (a) $(x-y)(x+y)$ (b) $(x-y)(x+y)(x+y)$ (c) $(x-y)(x+y)(x-y)(x+y)$ (d) $(x+y)(x+y)$ |
| 54. | The sides of a triangle are 16 m, 12 m and 20 m. Find altitude of the triangle. | (a) 9.2 m (b) 9.6 m (c) 9.4 m (d) 9.8 m | 60. If $\tan\theta = \frac{5}{6}$, then what is the value of $\frac{12\sin\theta - 5\cos\theta}{12\sin\theta + 5\cos\theta}$? |
| 55. | A and B can do a work in 18 days. B and C can do the same work in 15 days. While A and C can do the work in 12 days. Working together, how much time will they take to complete the work ? | (a) $8\frac{27}{37}$ (b) $11\frac{27}{37}$ (c) $9\frac{27}{37}$ (d) $10\frac{27}{37}$ | (a) $\frac{2}{3}$ (b) $\frac{1}{3}$ (c) $\frac{3}{4}$ (d) $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 56. | Nidhi takes 3 hours 45 minutes to walk from one place and return to the same place by bicycle, it takes 4 hours 20 minutes to walk. So how long will it take to get on the cycle. | (a) 3 hours 10 minutes (b) 3 hours 35 minutes (c) 3 hours 45 minutes (d) 3 hours 15 minutes | 61. Find out the mean of the given below data- $1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}$ |
| 57. | P_1, P_2 and P_3 are invested at 4%, 6% and 8% respectively in such a way that the simple interest received from all the three amounts at the end of the year are equal. If the sum of the three invested amounts is ₹2600, find the values of P_1, P_2, P_3 respectively. | (a) 0.00243 (b) 0.000243 (c) 0.0263 (d) 0.243 | (a) $\frac{15}{18}$ (b) $\frac{13}{18}$ (c) $\frac{7}{9}$ (d) $\frac{8}{9}$ |
| 58. | | 62. $\sqrt{0.00069169} = ?$ | |
| 59. | | (a) 0.00243 (b) 0.000243 (c) 0.0263 (d) 0.243 | |
| 60. | | 63. After 4 years, the total age of the two members of a family will be 64 years. Four years ago the ratio of their age was 3 : 1. Find the age of the younger member. | |
| 61. | | (a) 10 (b) 16 (c) 12 (d) 15 | (a) 10 hours 20 minute (b) 3 hours 30 minute (c) 3 hours 45 minute (d) 3 hours 15 minute |
| 62. | | 64. A pipe can fill a tank in $\frac{7}{4}$ hours while the other pipe can empty the full tank in $\frac{21}{8}$ hours. Both pipes were opened at that time when the tank was $\frac{2}{3}$ empty. How much time will be taken to fill the tank? | |
| 63. | | (a) 3 hours 20 minute (b) 3 hours 30 minute (c) 3 hours 45 minute (d) 3 hours 15 minute | |
| 64. | | 65. The ratio of the number of females to that of male employees in a small company is 2 : 3 If the number of male employees in the company is 90, then the total number of employees working in the company is: | |

- | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----|--|
| (a) 120 | (b) 90 | 75. | is a measuring device which can evaluate and record the electrical power passing through a circuit in a certain time. By implementing it, we can know how much amount of electrical energy is used by a consumer or a residence or an electrically powered device or a business. |
| (c) 130 | (d) 150 | | |
| 66. Which among the following is a derived unit ? | | 76. | Identify the correct relationship between magnetic field intensity (H) and magnetic flux density (B), with standard notations of relative permeability (μ_r) and permeability in free space (μ_0). |
| (a) Length | (b) Density | | (a) $H = \mu_r \mu_0 B$ |
| (c) Time | (d) Mass | | (b) $H = (\mu_r/\mu_0)B$ |
| 67. The quantity of motion of a body is best represented by | | 77. | (c) $B = (\mu_r/\mu_0)H$ |
| (a) Its velocity | | | (d) $B = \mu_r \mu_0 H$ |
| (b) Its speed | | | 78. The value of electric field at a distance of 1m from an infinite line with charge density 1 C/m^2 is |
| (c) Its mass | | | (a) $2\pi\epsilon_0$ |
| (d) Its linear momentum | | | (b) $1/2\pi\epsilon_0$ |
| 68. When light travels from one medium to another, which of the following does not change? | | 79. | (c) $\epsilon_0/2\pi$ |
| (a) Wavelength | (b) Intensity | | (d) $2\pi/\epsilon_0$ |
| (c) Velocity | (d) Frequency | | A hollow sphere of charge does not produce an electric field at- |
| 69. A pump is required to lift 600 kg of water per minute from a well 25 m deep and to eject it with a speed 50m/s. If $g = 10\text{m/s}^2$, the power required to perform the above task is | | 70. | (a) Interior point |
| (a) 20 kW | (b) 15 kW | | (b) outer point |
| (c) 10 kW | (d) 22.5 kW | | (c) Beyond 2 meters |
| 70. Find the specific latent heat of vaporisation of 1.25 g of (in Jg^{-1}), if it releases 250 joules of heat when it condenses at its boiling point of 196° C. | | 71. | (d) none of the above |
| (a) 500 | (b) 200 | | The direction of induced e.m.f. in a conductor (or coil) can be determined by- |
| (c) 312.5 | (d) 469 | | (a) Work law |
| 71. Which of the following formulas represents ohm's law? | | 72. | (b) Ampere's law |
| (a) $V = C.Q$ | (b) $V = I.R$ | | (c) Fleming's right hand rule |
| (c) $V = \frac{L}{I}$ | (d) $V = \frac{I}{R}$ | | (d) Fleming's left hand rule |
| 72. The unit of absolute permittivity of a medium is: | | 73. | The composition of constantan is: |
| (a) Joule/Coulomb | (b) Newton/Meter | | (a) Cu = 60% and Ni = 40% |
| (c) Farad/Meter | (d) Farad/Coulomb | | (b) Cu = 43%, Ni = 17% and Mn = 40% |
| 73. The capacitive reactance of a 0.01 micro farad capacitor to a frequency of 100 kHz will be: | | 74. | (c) Sn = 23.43%, Cu = 43.67% and Ni = 32.9% |
| (a) 0.006 Ohm | (b) 15 Ohm | | (d) Mn = 65% and Zn = 35% |
| (c) 115 Ohm | (d) 159 Ohm | | 81. Which of the following options is a thermosetting polymer? |
| 74. Two coil with a coefficient of coupling of 0.5 between them are connected in series so as to magnetic in the same direction and in the opposite direction the corresponding value of total Inductances are 1.9 H and 0.7H, respectively identify the self inductances of the two coils. | | 75. | (a) PVC |
| (a) 0.6 H and 0.5 H | | | (b) Nylon |
| (b) 0.5 H and 0.9 H | | | (c) Teflon |
| (c) 0.9 H and 0.4 H | | | (d) Bakelite |
| (d) 0.8 H and 0.6 H | | | 82. In an N-type semiconductor, there are |
| | | | (a) No minority carrier |
| | | | (b) Immobile negative ion |
| | | | (c) Immobile positive ion |
| | | | (d) Holes as majority carrier |
| | | | 83. The color of light emitted by a LED depends on |
| | | | (a) Its forward bias voltage |
| | | | (b) Its reverse bias voltage |
| | | | (c) Value of series resistance in the circuit |
| | | | (d) Type of semiconductor material |

- 84. Transistor biasing configuration works best at relatively_____.**
- High power supply voltage
 - Low power supply voltage
 - High power supply current
 - Low power supply current
- 85. Which of the following transistors can be used in enhancement mode**
- | | |
|----------|--------------------|
| (a) UJT | (b) MOSFET |
| (c) JFET | (d) NPN transistor |
- 86. A clipper circuit is also known as**
- limiter circuit
 - Clamper circuit
 - Chopper circuit
 - Charger circuit
- 87. In a single stage amplifier D.C and A.C load lines:**
- are always parallel
 - Are perpendicular to each other
 - Cross each other at Q-point
 - Are inclined but do not cross each other
- 88. The ac load line of a transistor circuit**
- Is steeper than its dc load line
 - Is same as its dc load line
 - Never intersects the dc load line
 - Is steeper than its dc load line but intersect at Q point
- 89. The most commonly used feedback arrangement in cascaded amplifier is:**
- frequency series feedback
 - voltage shunt feedback
 - current shunt feedback
 - voltage series feedback
- 90. An operational amplifier has a differential gain of 100 and a common mode gain of 0.01. Its CMRR will be:**
- 20 dB
 - 40 dB
 - 60 dB
 - 80 dB
- 91. Which type of SMPS is provided for output supply in inverted nature and either more or less than the input supply?**
- Buck
 - Boost
 - Buck-boost
 - High regulated
- 92. The current sensitivity of a meter is expressed in:**
- Ampere/Division
 - Ampere
 - Ohm/Volt
 - Ohm/Ampere
- 93. Electrodynamometer is a _____ instrument where magnetic field in which coil moves, is provided by two _____.**
- transfer-type, permanent magnets
 - constant-type, permanent magnets
 - transfer-type, fixed coils
 - constant-type, fixed coils
- 94. Electrostatic-type instruments are primarily used as:**
- Wattmeters
 - Ohmmeters
 - Voltmeters
 - Ammeters
- 95. Two wattmeter method of power measurement is suitable for**
- both balanced and unbalanced load
 - balanced load only
 - delta connected load
 - unbalanced load
- 96. Gauge factor of a strain gauge is—**
- $(dR/dL) \times (L/R)$
 - $(dL/dR) \times (R/L)$
 - $(dL/dR) \times (L/R)$
 - (dR/dL)
- 97. Express -39 in 8-bit 2's complement form.**
- 10101001
 - 01101010
 - 01000101
 - 11011001
- 98. The Boolean function $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum(0, 6, 8, 13, 14)$ with don't care conditions $d(A, B, C, D) = \sum(2, 4, 10)$ can be simplified to :**
- $F = \bar{B}\bar{D} + C\bar{D} + AB\bar{C}$
 - $F = \bar{B}\bar{D} + C\bar{D} + AB\bar{C}D$
 - $F = A\bar{B}\bar{D} + C\bar{D} + ABC\bar{C}$
 - $F = \bar{B}\bar{D} + C\bar{D} + ABCD$
- 99. Read the following statements**
- Gate is a combinational logic.
 - JK Flip-flop in toggle mode is not combinational logic.
 - MSJK Flip-flop suffers from race-around.
 - Counters are sequential circuits.
- Which is correct?**
- i, ii
 - i, ii ,iv
 - ii, iii, iv
 - i, ii, iii
- 100. Duty cycle for repetitive waveform is defined as?**
- Ratio of ON time to Total time
 - Sum of ON time and OFF time
 - Ratio of OFF time to ON time
 - Ratio of Total time to ON time

SOLUTION : PRACTICE SET- 4

ANSWER KEY

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (a) | 11. (c) | 21. (a) | 31. (d) | 41. (a) | 51. (a) | 61. (b) | 71. (b) | 81. (d) | 91. (c) |
| 2. (d) | 12. (d) | 22. (a) | 32. (b) | 42. (b) | 52. (d) | 62. (c) | 72. (c) | 82. (c) | 92. (c) |
| 3. (c) | 13. (c) | 23. (a) | 33. (b) | 43. (c) | 53. (a) | 63. (b) | 73. (d) | 83. (d) | 93. (c) |
| 4. (d) | 14. (d) | 24. (c) | 34. (b) | 44. (c) | 54. (b) | 64. (b) | 74. (c) | 84. (b) | 94. (c) |
| 5. (a) | 15. (b) | 25. (c) | 35. (c) | 45. (a) | 55. (c) | 65. (d) | 75. (a) | 85. (b) | 95. (a) |
| 6. (a) | 16. (a) | 26. (c) | 36. (a) | 46. (d) | 56. (a) | 66. (b) | 76. (d) | 86. (a) | 96. (a) |
| 7. (c) | 17. (d) | 27. (a) | 37. (d) | 47. (d) | 57. (d) | 67. (d) | 77. (b) | 87. (c) | 97. (d) |
| 8. (c) | 18. (d) | 28. (c) | 38. (a) | 48. (a) | 58. (c) | 68. (d) | 78. (a) | 88. (d) | 98. (b) |
| 9. (b) | 19. (b) | 29. (d) | 39. (d) | 49. (c) | 59. (a) | 69. (b) | 79. (c) | 89. (d) | 99. (b) |
| 10. (a) | 20. (b) | 30. (c) | 40. (d) | 50. (c) | 60. (b) | 70. (b) | 80. (a) | 90. (d) | 100. (a) |

SOLUTION

1. (a)

Chandrayaan 2 was the second Lunar exploration mission which has been developed by the Indian Space Research Organization. It had three main components namely the Pragyan Rover, Vikram Lander, and orbiter. According to ISRO, the Pragyan Rover is capable of conducting in-situ payload experiments. It weighs a total of 27 kg and has an electric power generation capacity of 50w.

2. (d)

The term is traditionally believed to have originated with the former West Indies Spinner Ellis Achong. Back in 1933, England hosted West Indies in a Test match in Old Trafford. Achong bowled an unexpected delivery from his wrist which got a sharp turn after pitching outside off and got the English batsman Walter Robins stumped. From then, left-arm wrist spinners have been referred to as Chinaman bowlers.

3. (c)

The Sikkimese are known for their amazing mask dance called Cham or Lama dances. It is the most famous dance of Sikkim and performed by Buddhist lamas (monks) during special occasions like the Pang Lhabsol festival. During Pang Lhabsol festival, the Sikkimese remind mount Khangchendzonga of the promise made to the 8th century Saint Guru Padmasambhava to protect Sikkim forever.

4. (d)

Gertrude Ederle becomes first women (U.S.) to swim English Channel on August 6, 1926. She swim 21 miles from Dover, England to Cape Griz-Nez across the English Channel, which separates Great Britain from the north western tip of France.

5. (a)

In the year 1969, the Government of India did nationalization of banks. Nationalization of Banks was implemented under the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of undertakings) Act of 1970. The ordinance came into force on 19 July 1969. 14 banks were Nationalized in 1969 while 6 more Banks were Nationalized in 1980.

6. (a)

As per Indian Constitution, Article 75(1-A) states the limit on minister. According to this article the total number of ministers including Prime Minister, in the Council of Ministers shall not exceed fifteen percent, of the total number of members of the House of the People. This provision was added by the 91st Amendment Act, of 2003.

7. (c)

There are three main types of planetary winds - the trade winds, the westerlies and the easterlies. Planetary or permanent winds blow from high pressure belts to low pressure belts in the same direction throughout the year. They blow over vast area of continents and oceans.

8. (c)

Umiam lake is a reservoir located in Shillong, capital of India's north-eastern state of Meghalaya. It is also called Barapani lake. This artificial lake has been constructed by intercepting water of Umiam lake, coming from the southern Khari mountain.

9. (b)

After the death of Aurangzeb on 3 March, 1707 AD. When the Mughal ruler became weak, the Nizam of Hyderabad declared freedom of himself from Mughal Empire. He established the independent Hyderabad state in 1724 AD.

10. (a)

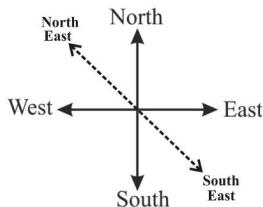
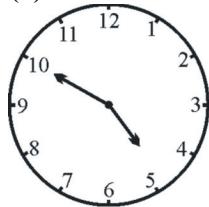
On 3rd June 1915, Nobel Laureate, Bangla writer and Poet Ravindranath Tagore was given the "Knighthood" title by the British government. But in agitation against the famous Jallianwala Bagh Massacre he returned the "Knighthood" title.

11. (c)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Just as,} & & \text{Similarly,} \\ 11 & : & 132 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 11^2+11 & & 8^2+8 \end{array}$$

Hence, option (c) is correct.

12. (d)



If the minute needle indicated North-West, then the hour needle will indicate South-East direction.

13. (c)

Given,

$$5 \times 15 \div 7 - 20 + 4 = 77$$

On interchanging the signs from option (c),

$$5 \times 15 + 7 - 20 \div 4 = 77$$

$$5 \times 15 + 7 - 5 = 77$$

$$75 + 7 - 5 = 77$$

$$77 = 77$$

Hence, option (c) is correct.

14. (d)

The government should prohibit smoking in public places because smoking causes serious and fatal disease. It is not only fatal for those who smoke but also for those who come in contact with smoke. Therefore the government should be aware of smoking in public places and its ill effects. So, the increase in smoking in public places can be stopped. Thus, here both conclusion (1) and conclusion (2) follow the statement.

15. (b)

Many farmers do organic farming, farmers doing organic farming will be given 10 thousand rupees per acre by the Government. Not only this, when the farmers crops are ready, the government will make separate arrangements to buy them in the mandis. So that organic farming is more beneficial for the farmers. Therefore only assumption II is implicit in the statement.

16. (a)

Let ₹100 be the money lent at simple interest, then

According to statement 1,

$$\text{Simple interest} = \frac{100 \times 16 \times 6}{100}$$

$$\text{Simple interest} = ₹96$$

$$\text{Amount} = 100 + 96 = ₹196$$

According to the statement 2,

$$\text{Simple interest} = \frac{100 \times 18 \times 5}{100}$$

$$\text{Simple interest} = ₹90$$

$$\text{Amount} = 100 + 90 = ₹190$$

Hence, it is clear that statement (1) and statement (2) both are wrong.

17. (d)

$$\frac{6}{5} = 1.2$$

On the given number line $\frac{6}{5} = 1.2$ represents by point R.

18. (d)

Just as, a dog is related to protect in the same way a horse is related to ride.

19. (b)

Just as, And,

$$M \xrightarrow{-1} L$$

$$P \xrightarrow{-1} O$$

$$I \xrightarrow{-1} H$$

$$R \xrightarrow{-1} Q$$

$$S \xrightarrow{-1} R$$

$$O \xrightarrow{-1} N$$

$$T \xrightarrow{+1} U$$

$$B \xrightarrow{+1} C$$

$$A \xrightarrow{+1} B$$

$$L \xrightarrow{+1} M$$

$$K \xrightarrow{+1} L$$

$$E \xrightarrow{+1} F$$

$$E \xrightarrow{+1} F$$

$$M \xrightarrow{+1} N$$

Same as,

| | | |
|---|--------------------|---|
| S | $\xrightarrow{-1}$ | R |
| T | $\xrightarrow{-1}$ | S |
| R | $\xrightarrow{-1}$ | Q |
| A | $\xrightarrow{+1}$ | B |
| N | $\xrightarrow{+1}$ | O |
| G | $\xrightarrow{+1}$ | H |
| E | $\xrightarrow{+1}$ | F |

20. (b)

From options-

$$(a) G \xrightarrow{-2} E \xrightarrow{+8} M$$

$$(b) J \xrightarrow{-2} H \xrightarrow{+9} Q \text{ (Different)}$$

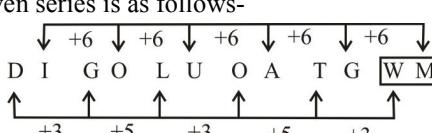
$$(c) K \xrightarrow{-2} I \xrightarrow{+8} Q$$

$$(d) Y \xrightarrow{-2} W \xrightarrow{+8} E$$

Hence, option (b) is odd one.

21. (a)

The given series is as follows-



22. (a)

Just as,

$$J = 10$$

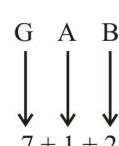
And,

$$D, F$$

$$\downarrow \downarrow$$

$$4 + 6 = 10$$

And,



Similarly,

$$D A ? B$$

$$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$$

$$4 + 1 + ? + 2 = 10$$

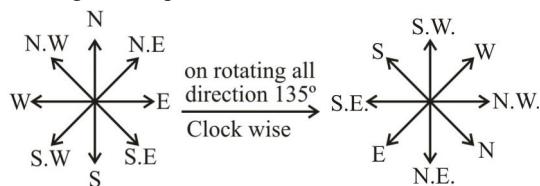
$$? = 10 - 7$$

$$? = 3$$

Hence, $\boxed{? = C}$

23. (a)

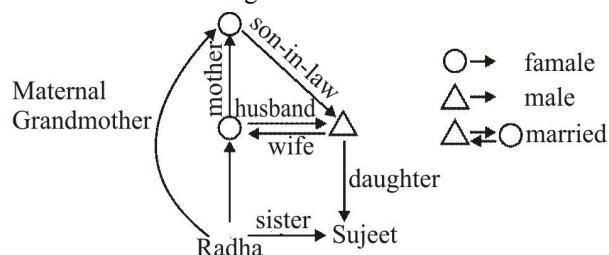
According to the question,



Hence, it is clear that North-east is facing in South direction now.

24. (c)

The blood relation diagram is as follows-



Hence, it is clear from the blood relation diagram that Sujeeta is the sister of Radha.

25. (c)

Given equation-

$$200 + 10 - 25 \times 60 \div 20 = X$$

+ means $\longrightarrow +$

\div means $\longrightarrow -$

$-$ means $\longrightarrow \times$

\times means $\longrightarrow +$

On changing the sign as per question,

$$\begin{aligned} &= 200 \div 10 \times 25 + 60 - 20 \\ &= 20 \times 25 + 60 - 20 \\ &= 500 + 60 - 20 \\ &= 540 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, $X = 540$

26. (c)

First Generation Computers were bulky, vacuum tube based and expensive. Magnetic drums were used for storage in the first generation computers. These computers were based on punched cards.

27.(a)

Joystick is an input device which works like a trackball. A stick is attached to the ball through, which it is rotated. It is used in video games, simulator training etc.

28. (c)

Both keyboard and mouse are input devices, which are used to give instructions to the computer.

29. (d)

Joystick is an input device consists of a stick which pivots on a base and reports its angles or direction of the CPU.

30. (c)

Dynamic Random Access Memory (DRAM) is a type of semiconductor memory that stores each bit of information in a capacitor. DRAM stores each bit of data in a separate passive electronic component, which is inside an integrated circuit board. A bit in every electronic component has two states (concepts) of value called 0 and 1.

31. (d)

RAM is a type of memory that temporarily stores data and instructions to perform the task currently being run by the CPU. It is of two types -

(i) DRAM (ii) SRAM.

The full form of DRAM is Dynamic Random Access Memory. This is volatile memory. It is used as main memory in computers because the data of DRAM is always changing so it needs to be refreshed.

32. (b)

Computer memory is a physical device which is used to temporarily and permanently store information, instructions and data in a computer. There are mainly two type of computer memory.

(i) Primary memory

(ii) Secondary memory.

Primary memory also two types - RAM and ROM.

RAM is a volatile memory, hence option (b) statement is incorrect and all other statement are correct.

33. (b)

GSM stands for Global System for Mobile communication. It is a digital cellular technology whose used to transmit mobile voice and data services. CDMA stands for Code Division Multiple Access. CDMA based devices do not require a SIM card, it uses an ESN (Electronic Serial Number). In CDMA mobile, the customer's information is stored in his/her headset or phone. Hence, both the given statement are correct.

34. (b)

Flow control in data communication is the process of managing the rate of data transmission between two nodes by preventing a faster sender from overwhelming a slower receiver. Provides a mechanism for the receiver to control the transmission speed by which the sender is able to transmit data through the network. Cannot sent data faster than a limit. Congestion-control protocols have a problem that can occur at any time in a packet switched network. This can happen when there are too many packets in a subnet within the network. This a situation arising in the network layer where the message traffic is so high that it significantly slows down the response time of the network.

35. (c)

The full form of SIM is subscriber Identity Module. It is used in mobile phone. Micro sim card is the smaller form of regular sim card and nano sim card has the smallest size hence statement (ii) is wrong.

36. (a)

SIM stands for Subscriber Identity Module.

37. (d)

File tabs has New, Open, Save, Save as, Print etc. options which is used for create a new file, open existing file and print file etc.

38. (a)

In MS Word 2007, click Watermark on the Page Layout tab, and then click on Printed Watermark. Click Picture Watermark or Text Watermark in the Printed Watermark dialog box.

39. (d)

In MS Word 2007, the Ctrl + S keyboard shortcut is used to save the contents of the currently open Word document.

Shortcut key-

Ctrl + Alt + S = Splits the current document.

Alt + Shift + C = Deletes the Document Windows partition.

40. (d)

To find emails after a specific date use YYYY/MM/DD . For ex. if you are trying to find emails before or after September 1, 2021 type before: 2021-09-01 or after: 2021-09-01 in the search bar and press enter. You can combine the two keywords to find emails between two dates.

41. (a)

To print the entire webpage in Google Chrome browser use the following procedure:

→ Open the web page

→ Use/press Ctrl + A shortcut key

→ Right click on the page and left click on print.

42. (b)

We can use quotation marks, choose specific keywords and change our search engine to search for content on the Internet but we can not use complex term in browser.

43. (c)

The Lynx browser was a text based browser invented in 1992. A text - based web browser is a web browser that renders only the text of web page and ignores most graphic content.

44. (c)

Google Chrome is a web browser developed by Google on December 11, 2008 through open source code. Microsoft Edge is a web browser developed by Microsoft that was released in July 2015. Microsoft Edge replaced Internet Explorer 11 as the default browser in Windows 10, and Edge was also released for Android and iOS in 2017 and for Mac OS in 2019.

Safari is a graphical web browser developed by Apple. It is primarily open source software and primarily based on WebKit. It supports macOS, iOS and iPodOS and Safari has become the third most popular desktop browser.

45. (a)

A browser is a software program used to locate, retrieve, and display information available on the World Wide Web and provides an interface that allows clicking on hyperlinked resources on the World Wide Web.

46. (d)

Total number of numbers between 1 and 1000 which are divisible by 7

$$= \frac{1000}{7} = 142$$

Total number of numbers between 1 and 300 which are divisible by 7

$$= \frac{300}{7} = 42$$

Hence, Total number of numbers between 1 and 300 which are divisible by 7 between 300 and 1000

$$= 142 - 42 = 100$$

47. (d)

$$\frac{4}{11} \times \frac{121}{16} \times 24(75^2 - 55^2) \times \frac{1}{100}$$

From BODMAS,

$$= \frac{11}{4} \times 24[(75+55)(75-55)] \times \frac{1}{100}$$

We know that, $\because a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$

$$= 66 \times (130 \times 20) \times \frac{1}{100}$$

$$= 66 \times 2600 \times \frac{1}{100}$$

$$= 1716$$

48. (a)

From question,

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \frac{2}{3}, & \frac{4}{8}, & \frac{5}{9} & \text{and } \frac{9}{11} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 0.67 & 0.50 & 0.55 & 0.81 \end{array}$$

(Ascending order),

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 0.50 & 0.55 & 0.67 & 0.81 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \frac{4}{8} & < \frac{5}{9} & < \frac{2}{3} & < \frac{9}{11} \end{array}$$

49. (c)

Let the fraction be $= \frac{x}{y}$

According to the question,

$$\sqrt{\frac{x}{y} + 1} = 3\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} &= \frac{13}{4} - 1 \\ \sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} &= \frac{9}{4} \\ \frac{x}{y} &= \frac{81}{16}, \quad \frac{x}{y} = 5\frac{1}{16}\end{aligned}$$

50. (c)

Finding the LCM by using common division method,

| | |
|---|------------------|
| 2 | 24, 96, 36 |
| 2 | 12, 48, 18 |
| 2 | 6, 24, 9 |
| 2 | 3, 12, 9 |
| 2 | 3, 6, 9 |
| 3 | 3, 3, 9 |
| 3 | 1, 1, 3 |
| | 1, 1, 1 |

The required LCM = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 288$

51. (a)

According to the question,

$$0.63 = \frac{63}{100}, 10.5 = \frac{105}{10}, 2.1 = \frac{21}{10}, 4.20 = \frac{420}{100} = \frac{42}{10}$$

So, the LCM of $\frac{63}{100}, \frac{105}{10}, \frac{21}{10}$ and $\frac{42}{10}$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \frac{LCM \text{ of } 63, 105, 21, 42}{HCF \text{ of } 100, 10, 10, 10} \\ &= \frac{21 \times 3 \times 5 \times 2}{10} = \frac{630}{10} = 63\end{aligned}$$

52. (d)

$$\frac{3x+2y}{3x-2y} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$9x + 6y = 15x - 10y$$

$$16y = 6x$$

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{16}{6} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{x}{y} = \frac{8}{3}$$

53. (a)

Let total marks be x.

According to the question,

$$\begin{aligned}x \times 46\% + 10 &= x \times 52\% - 8 \\ (x \times 52\%) - (x \times 46\%) &= 10 + 8\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x \times 52}{100} - \frac{x \times 46}{100} = 18$$

$$\frac{52x - 46x}{100} = 18$$

$$\frac{6x}{100} = 18$$

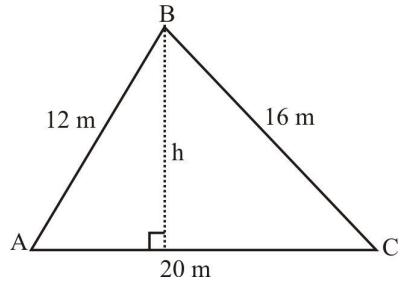
$$6x = 1800$$

$$x = 300$$

On putting the value of x

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Minimum qualifying marks} &= (300 \times 46\%) + 10 \\ &= \left(\frac{300 \times 46}{100}\right) + 10 \\ &= 138 + 10 \\ &= 148 \text{ marks}\end{aligned}$$

54. (b)



$$\text{Area of the triangle} = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$\text{Where } s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$$s = \frac{16+12+20}{2} = 24$$

$$\therefore \text{Area} = \sqrt{24(24-16)(24-12)(24-20)}$$

$$= \sqrt{24 \times 8 \times 12 \times 4}$$

$$= 96 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{The altitude } (h) &= \frac{2 \times \text{area}}{\text{base}} \\ &= \frac{2 \times 96}{20} \\ &= \frac{96}{10} = 9.6 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

55. (c)

$$\text{One day's work of } (A+B) = \frac{1}{18} \text{ part}$$

$$\text{One day's work of } (B+C) = \frac{1}{15} \text{ part}$$

$$\text{One day's work of } (C+A) = \frac{1}{12} \text{ part}$$

$$\text{One day's work of } 2(A+B+C) = \frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\text{One day's work of } (A+B+C) = \frac{37}{180} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{37}{360} \text{ part}$$

Time taken by $(A+B+C)$ to complete the work

$$= \frac{1}{37/360}$$

$$= 9\frac{27}{37} \text{ part}$$

56. (a)

Time taken by Nidhi to reach T one side on foot + another side by cycle = 3 hours 45 minutes

$$\Rightarrow 3 + \frac{45}{60} = 3 + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{4}$$

Time taken by her to reach both sides

$$\Rightarrow 4 \text{ hours } 20 \text{ minutes} = 4 + \frac{20}{60} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$\text{Time taken to walk one side} = \frac{13}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{13}{6}$$

$$\text{time taken to reach another side by cycle} = \frac{15}{4} - \frac{13}{6}$$

$$= \frac{45-26}{12} = \frac{19}{12} \text{ hour}$$

$$\text{time taken to travel both side by cycle} = \frac{19}{12} \times 2 = \frac{19}{6}$$

$$3 \text{ hours } \frac{1}{6} \times 60 = 3 \text{ hours } 10 \text{ minutes}$$

57. (d)

Let simple interest (S.I) = ₹x

Time (T) = 1 Years

For P₁

$$S.I = \frac{P_1 \times R \times T}{100}$$

$$x = \frac{P_1 \times 4 \times 1}{100}$$

$$P_1 = 25x$$

For P₂

$$x = \frac{P_2 \times 6 \times 1}{100}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{50x}{3}$$

For P₃

$$x = \frac{P_3 \times 8 \times 1}{100}$$

$$P_3 = \frac{25x}{2}$$

$$P_1 + P_2 + P_3 = 2600$$

$$25x + \frac{50x}{3} + \frac{25x}{2} = 2600$$

$$\frac{150x + 100x + 75x}{6} = 2600$$

$$325x = 2600 \times 6$$

$$x = ₹48$$

$$P_1 = 25x = 25 \times 48 = ₹1200$$

$$P_2 = \frac{50x}{3} = \frac{50}{3} \times 48 = ₹800$$

$$P_3 = \frac{25x}{2} = \frac{25}{2} \times 48 = ₹600$$

58. (c)

Let Cost price of the article = ₹x

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Selling price} &= \frac{x \times 120}{100} \\ &= ₹ \frac{6x}{5} \end{aligned}$$

According to the question,

$$\text{Cost price of the article if he bought 10\% less} = \frac{90x}{100}$$

$$= ₹ \frac{9x}{10}$$

$$\text{Selling price} = \frac{6x}{5} + 18$$

$$\text{Again, Selling price} = \text{Cost price} \times \frac{100 + \text{Profit}}{100}$$

$$\frac{6x}{5} + 18 = \frac{9x}{10} \times \frac{100 + 40}{100}$$

$$\frac{6x}{5} + 18 = \frac{9x}{10} \times \frac{140}{100}$$

$$\frac{90 + 6x}{5} = \frac{63x}{50}$$

$$900 + 60x = 63x$$

$$3x = 900$$

$$x = ₹ 300$$

59. (a)

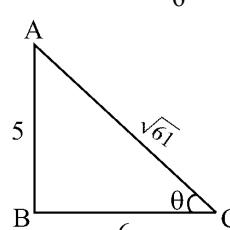
$$\begin{aligned} x^4 - y^4 &= (x^2 - y^2)(x^2 + y^2) \\ &= (x - y)(x + y)(x^2 + y^2) \\ x^8 - y^8 &= (x^4 - y^4)(x^4 + y^4) \\ &= (x^2 - y^2)(x^2 + y^2)(x^4 + y^4) \\ &= (x - y)(x + y)(x^2 + y^2)(x^4 + y^4) \\ x^2 - y^2 &= (x - y)(x + y) \end{aligned}$$

HCF of $(x^4 - y^4)(x^8 - y^8)$ and $(x^2 - y^2)$ = $(x - y)(x + y)$

60. (b)

Given,

$$\tan \theta = \frac{5}{6} \text{ then } \frac{12\sin \theta - 5\cos \theta}{12\sin \theta + 5\cos \theta} = ?$$



From Pythagoras theorem,

$$AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2$$

$$AC^2 = 5^2 + 6^2$$

$$AC^2 = 61$$

$$AC = \sqrt{61}$$

$$\therefore \sin \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{61}}, \cos \theta = \frac{6}{\sqrt{61}}$$

$$= \frac{12\sin \theta - 5\cos \theta}{12\sin \theta + 5\cos \theta}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{12 \times \frac{5}{\sqrt{61}} - 5 \times \frac{6}{\sqrt{61}}}{12 \times \frac{5}{\sqrt{61}} + 5 \times \frac{6}{\sqrt{61}}} \\
&= \frac{\frac{60-30}{\sqrt{61}}}{\frac{60+30}{\sqrt{61}}} \\
&= \frac{\frac{30}{\sqrt{61}}}{\frac{90}{\sqrt{61}}} \\
&= \frac{30}{\sqrt{61}} \times \frac{\sqrt{61}}{90} = \frac{1}{3}
\end{aligned}$$

61. (b)

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Mean} &= \frac{\text{Sum of numbers}}{\text{number of terms}} \\
&= \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + 2 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}}{9} \\
&= \frac{4 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 1 + 8 + 2 + 1 + 3}{9} = \frac{26}{36} = \frac{13}{18}
\end{aligned}$$

62. (c)

From given number,

$$\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{0.00069169} &= \sqrt{\frac{69169}{1000000000}} \\
&= \sqrt{\frac{69169}{1000000000}} = \sqrt{\frac{263 \times 263}{10000 \times 10000}} = \frac{263}{10000} = 0.0263
\end{aligned}$$

63. (b)

Let the age of younger member = y years

And age of elder member = x years

First condition-

$$\begin{aligned}
x + 4 + y + 4 &= 64 \\
x + y &= 56 \quad \text{----(i)}
\end{aligned}$$

Second condition-

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{x-4}{y-4} &= \frac{3}{1} \\
x-4 &= 3y-12 \\
x-3y &= -8 \quad \text{----(ii)}
\end{aligned}$$

From equation (i) and (ii),

$$\begin{aligned}
x+y &= 56 \\
x-3y &= -8 \\
\hline
4y &= 64 \\
y &= 16
\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the age of younger member = y = 16 years

64. (b)

Suppose it takes t hours to fill the tank.

According to the question-

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{t}{7} - \frac{t}{21} &= \frac{2}{3} \\
\frac{4t}{21} &= \frac{2}{3} \\
\Rightarrow \frac{12t-8t}{21} &= \frac{2}{3} \\
\Rightarrow \frac{4t}{21} &= \frac{2}{3} \\
\Rightarrow t &= \frac{2 \times 21}{3 \times 4} \\
\Rightarrow t &= \frac{7}{2} \text{ h} \\
\Rightarrow t &= 3\frac{1}{2} \\
\Rightarrow t &= 3 : \frac{1}{2} \times 60 \\
\Rightarrow t &= 3 \text{ hours } 30 \text{ min}
\end{aligned}$$

Hence it will take 3 hours 30 minutes to fill the tank.

65. (d)

Let the number of female and male employees in company = 2x and 3x

According to the question-

$$\begin{aligned}
3x &= 90 \Rightarrow x = 30 \\
\therefore \text{Total number of employees in company} &= (3x + 2x) \\
&= 5 \times 30 = 150
\end{aligned}$$

66. (b)

Derived Unit :- The combination of two base units is called derived units.

- Density is derived unit because it is a combination of two basic units mass and volume and it is given by kg/m^3 .

67. (d)

⇒ The quantity of motion of a body is best represented by 'its linear momentum'.

$$P = m \times V$$

Where,

P = Momentum

m = Mass

V = Velocity

68. (d)

Whenever light goes from one medium to another (from air to glass), the frequency of light and phase of light does not change. However, the velocity of light and wavelength of light change.

69. (b)

Given mass to be lift $M = 600\text{kg}$

Depth of well (h) = 25 m

Speed (v) = 50 m/s

$g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$

Total energy required = kinetic energy + Potential energy

$$E = \frac{1}{2} M v^2 + Mgh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 600 \times (50)^2 + 600 \times 25 \times 10 = 900000 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{Power required} = \frac{\text{Work}}{\text{Time}} = \frac{\text{Energy}}{\text{time}} = \frac{900000}{60} = 15 \text{ kW}$$

70. (b)

Latent heat:- Latent heat is the heat required to change the state of unit mass of a substance at a constant temperature is called latent heat of the substance. It is denoted by L .

$$Q = mL$$

$$\text{or } L = \frac{Q}{M}$$

Given that $m = 1.25 \text{ gm}$

$$Q = 250 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{Then, latent heat (L)} = \frac{Q}{M} = \frac{250}{1.25} = 200$$

71. (b)

Ohm's law states that the current through conductor between two points is directly proportional to the voltage across the two points.

According to ohm's law-

$$I \propto V$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R}, \quad V = IR$$

72. (c)

$$\therefore F = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \frac{Q \times Q}{r^2}$$

$$\text{So, } F = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \frac{Q^2}{r^2}$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{Q^2}{4\pi r^2 F}$$

$$\therefore C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

$$V = \frac{W}{Q}$$

$$\text{So, } C = \frac{Q^2}{W}$$

$$Q^2 = CW$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{CW}{4\pi r^2 F} \quad [W = \text{work}]$$

$$= \frac{F \times Nm}{m^2 \times N}$$

$$\boxed{\epsilon = \frac{F}{m} \text{ Farad / meter}}$$

73. (d)

Given that

$$f = 100 \text{ kHz} = 100 \times 10^3 \text{ Hz}$$

$$C = 0.01 \mu\text{F} = 0.01 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F}$$

$$X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi f C}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \times 3.14 \times 100 \times 10^3 \times 0.01 \times 10^{-6}}$$

$$\boxed{X_C = 159.23 \Omega}$$

74. (c)

Given that,

Coefficient of coupling (k) = 0.5

Equivalent inductance on same polarity (L_{eq}) = 1.9 H

Equivalent inductance on opposite polarity (L_{eq}) = 0.7 H

On same polarity

$$L_{eq(\text{same})} = L_1 + L_2 + 2M$$

$$L_1 + L_2 + 2M = 1.9 \text{ H} \quad \dots(i)$$

On opposite polarity

$$L_{eq(\text{opposite})} = L_1 + L_2 - 2M$$

$$L_1 + L_2 - 2M = 0.7 \text{ H} \quad \dots(ii)$$

Adding equations (i) and (ii)

$$2L_1 + 2L_2 = 2.6 \text{ H}$$

$$L_1 + L_2 = 1.3 \text{ H}$$

$$\therefore 0.9 + 0.4 = 1.3 \text{ H}$$

$$\therefore L_1 = 0.9 \text{ H}, \quad L_2 = 0.4 \text{ H}$$

75. (a)

Watt-hour meter is a measuring device which can evaluate and records the electrical power passing through a circuit in a certain time.

By implementing the watt - hour meter, we can know how much amount of electrical energy is used by a consumer or a residence or an electrically powered device or a business.

76. (d)

Relationship between magnetic field intensity (H) and magnetic flux density (B)—

$$\boxed{B = \mu_0 \mu_r H} \quad \text{and} \quad H = \frac{NI}{\ell}$$

Where- $B \rightarrow$ Magnetic flux density

$\mu_0 \rightarrow$ Permeability in free space

$\mu_r \rightarrow$ Relative permeability

$H \rightarrow$ Magnetic field intensity.

77. (b)

$$\text{Electric field intensity, } (E) = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0 \cdot r}$$

Where, λ = Charge density

r = Distance

ϵ_0 = Permittivity

Given,

$$\lambda = 1 \text{ C/m} \text{ & } r = 1 \text{ m.}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon_0 \times 1}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon_0}$$

78. (a)

The electric field intensity at a point is the force experienced by unit of positive charge placed at that point. Electric field intensity is a vector quantity. A hollow sphere of charge does not produce an electric field at interior point because net charge density is zero in interior point.

79. (c)

The direction of induced emf in a conductor can be determined by Fleming's right hand rule. Fleming's right hand rule states, that if we arrange our thumb, forefinger and middle finger of the right-hand perpendicular to each other then the thumb point towards the direction of the motion of the conductor relative to the magnetic field, the fore finger point toward the magnetic field and the middle finger point toward the direction of the induced current

80. (a)

Constantan:- It is a copper and nickel alloy used in the production of thermocouples and thermocouple extension wire as well as precision resistor and two temperature resistance heating application.

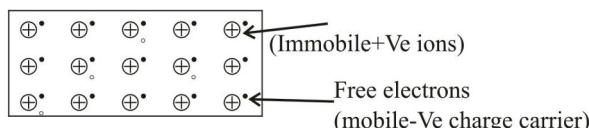
Constantan = Cu (60%) + Ni (40%)

81. (d)

Bakelite is an example of a thermosetting Polymer. A thermosetting plastic is a Polymer that hard irreversibly when heated. It is a rigid type of plastic that is highly resistant to heat after it has cured during the compression molding process. Thermosetting Plastic are generally strong than thermo plastic material.

82. (c)

Stable positive ions in N-type semiconductor.



In an N-type semiconductor, the number of free electrons is more than the number of holes for this reason in N-type semiconductor free electrons are called majority charge carriers and holes are called minority charge carriers.

83. (d)

LED are light emitting diodes which are semiconductors that convert electrical energy into the light energy. The colour of the emitted light depends on the type of semiconductor material depending on which LEDs can be classified into three wavelengths: ultraviolet, visible and infrared.

84. (b)

Transistor biasing configuration works best at relatively low power supply voltage.

When the transistor is biased, DC voltage is applied in it, DC current start flowing in it, whose value can be determined by drawing DC load line on the output characteristics of the transistor. Before using the transistor as an amplifier, its DC biasing is done. Hence transistor biasing configuration work best on DC voltage or low power voltage supply.

85. (b)

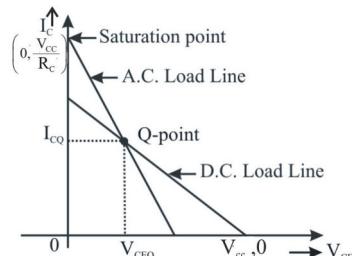
Enhancement mode MOSFET is generally a type of transistor. Enhancement can be operated only in enhancement mode (increase in V_{GS} leads to increase in I_d) or it gets enhanced. Therefore the MOSFET device can be classified as enhancement type is called MOSFET.

86. (a)

A clipper circuit is also known as limiter circuit. The clipper circuit is made using diodes which is used to remove the applied part of the signal without removing the remaining part from the signal.

87. (c)

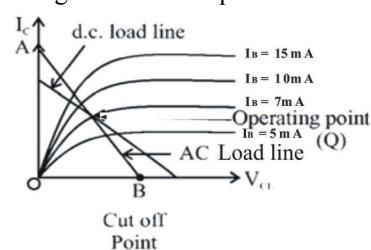
In a single stage amplifier D.C and A.C load lines intersect each other at the Q-point.



Q-point is also called quiescent point or operating point.

88. (d)

The ac load line of a transistor circuit is steeper than its dc load line but intersect each other at point Q. Slope of AC load line is greater than slope of DC load line.



$$\text{Slope} = -\frac{1}{R_{ac}}$$

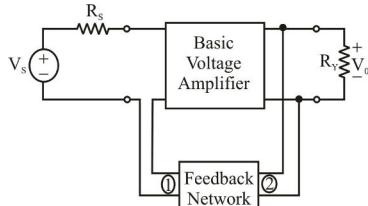
89. (d)

Most commonly used feedback arrangement in cascaded amplifier is voltage series feedback system. Cascaded amplifier is also known as multistage amplifier.

Advantages of Voltage series feedback-

- High input impedance
- Low output impedance
- Less noise
- Less distortions

Output impedance of an amplifier is quite low.

**90. (d)**

Given,

$$A_d = 100, A_c = 0.01$$

$$\text{CMRR} = \frac{A_{DM}}{A_{CM}}$$

$$= \frac{100}{0.01}$$

$$\text{CMRR} = 10^4$$

$$\text{CMRR(dB)} = 20 \log_{10} (\text{CMRR})$$

$$\text{CMRR(dB)} = 20 \log_{10}(10)^4$$

$$\boxed{\text{CMRR (dB)} = 80\text{dB}}$$

91. (c)

Buck-boost converter is a type of DC to DC converter, In which the magnitude of the output voltage can be greater or less than the magnitude of the input voltage.

92. (c)

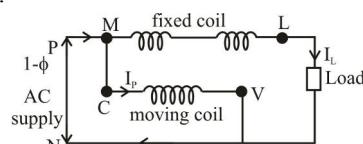
$$\text{Current sensitivity (S)} \propto \frac{1}{I_{fSD}}$$

$$\text{Sensitivity} = \frac{\text{Ohm}}{\text{Volt}} = \frac{1}{\text{Volt / ohm}}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Sensitivity} = \frac{1}{\text{ampere}}}$$

93. (c)

Electrodynamometer is a transfer type instrument where magnetic field in which coil move is provided by two fixed coils.

**94. (c)**

Electrostatic-type instruments are primarily used as voltmeters.

- These instruments are mainly used to measure high voltages.

$$\bullet \text{ Deflecting torque, } T_d = \frac{1}{2} V^2 \frac{dC}{d\theta}$$

$$\boxed{\theta = \frac{1}{2K} V^2 \frac{dC}{d\theta}}$$

- Scale is non-uniform due to square law response.

- These instruments are mounted vertically and uses fluid friction damping.

- It is used on both ac and dc voltage only.

- Power consumption is less.

95. (a)

Two wattmeter method of power measurement is suitable for both balanced and unbalanced load.

\Rightarrow For n-phase, n-wire balanced or unbalanced system is required (n-1) wattmeter.

96. (a)

When a conductor is stretched or compressed due to the change in its length and diameter it's resistance change the property of the conducting material is called "Piezo resistive effect".

$$G_f = \frac{\Delta R / R}{\Delta L / L}$$

consider a wire having a length of L and diameter D, when a tensile force acts on its length and diameter changes by ΔL and ΔD .

97. (d)

$$(39) = 00100111 \text{ in 8 bit binary}$$

$$1's \text{ complement of } (00100111) = 11011000$$

$$2's \text{ complement of } (11011000) = 11011001$$

$$\text{Hence, } 2's \text{ complement of } -39 \text{ is } = 11011001$$

98. (b)

Function,

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \sum(0, 6, 8, 13, 14)$$

$$d(A, B, C, D) = \sum(2, 4, 10)$$

| | | CD | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 |
|--|--|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | AB | 1 | | | |
| | | 00 | X | | | |
| | | 01 | | | | |
| | | 11 | | 1 | | |
| | | 10 | 1 | | | |

$F = \overline{BD} + CD + ABCD$

99. (b)

- Gate is a combinational circuit.

- JK- FF is a sequential circuit.

- Counter is a sequential circuit.

- MSJK Flip-flop does not suffer from race-around

100. (a)

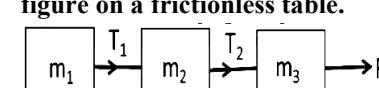
The duty cycle for repetitive waveform is defined as the ratio of ON time to total time.

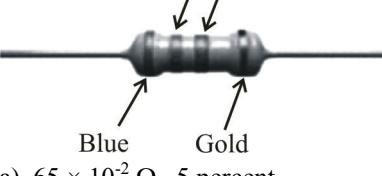
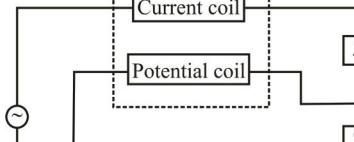
$$\text{Duty cycle} = \frac{T_{ON}}{T_{ON} + T_{OFF}} = \frac{T_{ON}}{T_{Total}}$$

PRACTICE SET - 5

- 16. Which of the following statements is correct?**
- The angle between two tangents to a circle may be 0°
 - If a transversal intersects two line such that a pair of alternate interior angles is equal, then the two lines are parallel.
 - The tangents at the end points of a diameter of a circle are perpendicular.
- (a) Only 1
 (b) Both 1 and 2, but not 3
 (c) Only 3
 (d) Only 2
- 17. Arrange the given words in alphabetical order**
- | | |
|-----------|-------------|
| A. mild | B. moderate |
| C. severe | D. profound |
- (a) A, C, B, D
 (b) A, D, B, C
 (c) A, B, C, D
 (d) A, B, D, C
- 18. Heart is related to 'Cardiology' in the same way as kidney is related to _____**
- (a) Nuclear Medicine (b) Nephrology
 (c) Neurology (d) Rheumatology
- 19. In a certain code language, 'COUSIN' is written as 'UOISNC' and 'AUNTY' is written as 'UAYTN' How will 'UNCLE' be written in that language?**
- (a) CNELU (b) CNEUL
 (c) UENLC (d) UNELC
- 20. Four letter-clusters have been given, out of which three are alike in some manner and one is different. Select the one that is different.**
- (a) DBI (b) HFM
 (c) SQX (d) JGO
- 21. Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question (?) in the following series.**
- GSI, ITD, KUY, MVT, OWO. ?
- (a) JXM (b) JYM
 (c) QXJ (d) QYK
- 22. Complete the Figure X from the given alternatives 1, 2, 3, 4**
-
- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
- 23. Facing South, X turns 225° clockwise and then 90° anti-clockwise. What direction is X facing now?**
- (a) South-West (b) North-East
 (c) North-West (d) South-East
- 24. Pointing to a photograph, sumit said, "The man in the picture is the father-in-law of my mother-in law" How is the man in the picture related to sumit's wife.**
- (a) Father (b) Grand Father
 (c) Husband's Father (d) Grand Father
- 25. If '+' means division, '-' means subtraction, ' \times ' means multiplication, and ' \div ' means addition, then what is the value of the given expression?
 $175 - 10 + 2 \times 165 \div 25 + 5 = ?$**
- (a) 1015 (b) 1025
 (c) 1035 (d) 1045
- 26. Which of the following universities designed and built the first electronic computer (ENIAC)?**
- (a) University of Harvard
 (b) University of Pennsylvania
 (c) University of Standford
 (d) University of Oxford
- 27. In the context of computer, trackball is a/an _____ device.**
- (a) Output (b) Storage
 (c) Input (d) Processing
- 28. A mouse, trackball and joystick are examples of**
- (a) pointing devices
 (b) pen input devices
 (c) data collection devices
 (d) multimedia devices
- 29. Example of Input device is**
- (a) Headphones (b) Projector
 (c) Soundcard (d) Webcam
- 30. Static RAM (SRAM) is faster than Dynamic RAM (DRAM) because**
- (a) SRAM uses capacitors
 (b) SRAM is costlier
 (c) SRAM does not require refreshing
 (d) SRAM is cheaper
- 31. Identify whether the given statements are true or false.**
- (i) Both, DRAM and cache memory have the same access speed.
 (ii) Both, SRAM and DRAM can be used as main memory in a computer system.
- (a) (i)-False (ii)-True
 (b) (i)-True (ii)-True
 (c) (i)-True (ii)-False
 (d) (i)-False (ii)-False
- 32. Based on their data persistence property, identify the odd one out from the following options.**
- (a) SRAM (b) EEPROM
 (c) EPROM (d) PROM

- 33. Information Technology can be defined as–**
- Computers + Connectivity
 - Computers + Network
 - Hardware + Software
 - Connectivity + Hardware
- 34. Servers are computers that provide resources which are connected to a...**
- Client
 - Network
 - Super Computer
 - Mainframe
- 35. A device that provides functionality for other programs or devices that called client.**
- Intranet
 - Dongle
 - Thermostat
 - Server
- 36. Which of the following texts is an example of subscript in MS-Word?**
- $X = 12$
 - $X = 10 + Y$
 - H_2O
 - $X^2 + Y^2$
- 37. Which of the following keyboard shortcuts is used to go to the File tab in MS-Word 2010?**
- Alt + N
 - Alt + F
 - Alt + H
 - Alt + G
- 38. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true about page setup in MS Word 2007?**
- The value of margin is normally 2.54 cm in each direction.
 - The size of A4 paper is 21 cm x 29.7 cm.
- Only (i)
 - Only (ii)
 - Neither (i) nor (ii)
 - Both (i) and (ii)
- 39. Which of the following is true with respect to Local Area Network?**
- LAN can be operated only on client/ server technology
 - It connects devices that are in a single limited area
 - It is a combination of devices connected in different countries
 - WAN cannot connect multiple LANs simultaneously
- 40. Which of the following layer is not available in five - layered internet architecture?**
- Transport
 - Data Link
 - Session
 - Application
- 41. In the context of Internet, what is the full form of ARPANET?**
- Advanced Research Planning Agency Network
 - Automatic Research Projects Agency Network
 - Advanced Remedial Projects Agency Network
 - Advanced Research Projects Agency Network
- 42. Which of the following is a type of browser window that opens without any user request while browsing the internet?**
- Pop-up
 - Pull-up
 - Plugins
 - Add-ons
- 43. Which of the following is not the main part of a search engine?**
- Search algorithm
 - Search index
 - Crawler
 - Kernel
- 44. Which of the following options is generally used to store the contact information of the people you contact frequently by web mail?**
- Public profile
 - Private profile
 - Online calendar
 - Online address book
- 45. Identify whether the following statements are true or false.**
- A microcontroller is a programmable digital processor.
 - A microprocessor is defined as a multipurpose, programmable logic device that has the capability to read binary instructions from memory; that accepts binary data as input and then, processes that data.
 - A microcontroller uses an internal controlling bus.
- i-False, ii-True, iii-False
 - i-False, ii-True, iii-True
 - i-True, ii-False, iii-True
 - i-True, ii-True, iii-True
- 46. $3^{71}+3^{72}+3^{73}+3^{74}+3^{75}$ is divisible by:**
- 8
 - 5
 - 11
 - 7
- 47. Using BODMAS, simplify the following.**
- $$\frac{7}{9} \times \frac{21}{5} \times 25(65^2 - 55^2)$$
- 42000
 - 86000
 - 98000
 - 84000
- 48. Arrange the following fractions in descending order.**
- $$5/6, 3/7, 8/9, 3/14$$
- 8/9, 5/6, 3/7, 3/14
 - 8/9, 3/14, 3/7, 5/6
 - 5/6, 8/9, 3/7, 3/14
 - 3/7, 8/9, 5/6, 3/14
- 49. What is the fraction which, when subtracted from $\frac{1}{2}$, gives $\frac{2}{3}$?**
- $\frac{1}{3}$
 - $-\frac{1}{3}$
 - $-\frac{1}{6}$
 - $\frac{1}{6}$

- | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|
| 50. | Find the second term in a sequence of numbers that leaves remainders 1, 2 and 7 when divided by 2, 3 and 8 respectively. | (a) 37 (b) 38 (c) 48 (d) 47 | (a) ₹ 5,625 (b) ₹ 6,525 (c) ₹ 9,000 (d) ₹ 15,625 |
| 51. | If the ratio of two numbers is 5 : 7, and their HCF is 8, then their LCM is : | (a) 480 (b) 580 (c) 380 (d) 280 | 59. If $x + y = 8$ product of x and y is, 15 then find the value of $x^4 + y^4$: |
| 52. | If A : B = 3 : 4 and B : C = 6 : 5, then A : (A + C) = ? | (a) 9:11 (b) 9:10 (c) 9:19 (d) 6:7 | (a) 606 (b) 806 (c) 906 (d) 706 |
| 53. | The ratio of the number of boys to the girls in a school is 3 : 2. If 20% of the boys and 25% of the girls are scholarship holders, find the percentage of those who are NOT scholarship holders. | (a) 78% (b) 87% (c) 68% (d) 86% | 60. Find the value of $2 - \frac{\sin^2 a}{1 - \cos a} + \frac{1 - \cos a}{\sin a} - \frac{\sin a}{1 + \cos a}$ |
| 54. | Three small triangles are so formed from the three corners of a large triangle in such a way that each side of the small triangle is equal to $\frac{2}{5}$ times of the corresponding side of the large triangle. What is the ratio between the total areas of the three small triangles and the remaining area of the large triangle? | (a) 12 : 13 (b) 1 : 5 (c) 12 : 25 (d) 4 : 25 | (a) 1 - sin α (b) 1 - cos α (c) 1 + sin α (d) 1 + cos α |
| 55. | Arjun alone can do a work in 12 days and Bheem alone can do the same work in 15 days with the help of Chetan, they together complete that work in 5 days. How many days will Chetan alone take to do that work ? | (a) 20 days (b) 24 days (c) 15 days (d) 16 days | 61. If an observation 70 is removed from the data 60, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, then the median is increased by: |
| 56. | A man at 6:30 am starts walking and wants to travel 30 km. His initial speed is 6 km/h and after traveling $\frac{3}{5}$ of distance he reduced his speed to 2 km/h. He will finish his journey: | (a) 11.00 am (b) 12.30 pm (c) 11.30 pm (d) 12.00 pm | (a) 0.5 (b) 1.5 (c) 2 (d) 1 |
| 57. | If a sum of ₹2,000 amounts to ₹2,360 in 3 years at a certain rate of simple interest per annum, then will the same sum amount to in 5 years, if the rate of simple interest per annum remains the same? | (a) ₹ 2,605 (b) ₹ 2,650 (c) ₹ 2,600 (d) ₹ 2,500 | 62. Find the value of $\sqrt{4.2436}$ |
| 58. | 40% of the goods are sold at 2% loss while the rest of the goods are sold at 4% profit. If there is a total profit of ₹ 250, then the cost price of goods sold is: | (a) 20 N (b) 40 N (c) 10 N (d) 32 N | 63. Rajan was married 8 years ago. Then he was $\frac{5}{6}$ of his present age. At the time of his marriage, his sister was 10 years younger than him. What is the present age of sister? |
| | | | (a) 38 (b) 32 (c) 26 (d) 40 |
| | | | 64. Pipe A can fill a cistern in 6 hours and B can fill it in 30 hours. Both pipes were turned on but there was a leakage in the bottom of the cistern. So, the cistern took 30 minutes more to fill. The time that the leakage will take to empty the full cistern is : |
| | | | (a) 54 hours (b) 65 hours (c) 60 hours (d) 55 hours |
| | | | 65. If 10% of x = 15% of y, then what will be the value of x : y ? |
| | | | (a) 2 : 3 (b) 2 : 1 (c) 3 : 2 (d) 1 : 2 |
| | | | 66. S.I. Unit of universal gravitational constant is |
| | | | (a) $\text{N kg}^2/\text{m}^2$ (b) kg^2/Nm^2 (c) Nm^2/kg^2 (d) $\text{N}^2\text{m}^2/\text{kg}^2$ |
| | | | 67. Three blocks of masses m_1 , m_2 and m_3 are connected by mass less strings as shown in figure on a frictionless table. |
| | | |  |
| | | | They are pulled with a force $F = 40 \text{ N}$. If $m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}$, $m_2 = 6 \text{ kg}$ and $m_3 = 4 \text{ kg}$ then tensions T_2 will be |
| | | | (a) 20 N (b) 40 N (c) 10 N (d) 32 N |
| | | | 68. A bullet travels 90 m in 0.2 seconds. Find its speed in km/hr. |

- | (a) 162 | (b) 1620 | 76. Which type of electromagnetic wave has highest frequency? | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---|---------|----------|-------|------------------------|----------|---------------------|---------|----------------|--------|---------------------|
| (c) 125 | (d) 1250 | (a) Gamma-rays (b) X-rays (c) Ultraviolet (d) Microwaves | | | | | | | | | | |
| 69. If 1,200 J of work is done in pushing a trolley by 20 m, what was the force (in N) employed? | | 77. Electric field intensity at any point is equal to : | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) 30 | (b) 90 | (a) Potential gradient at that point (b) Potential at that point (c) Potential difference at that point (d) Work done at that point | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) 120 | (d) 60 | 78. Ampere's law relates | | | | | | | | | | |
| 70. _____° Celsius = 167° Fahrenheit | | (a) Electric field and Charge (b) Electric field and Current (c) Magnetic field and Current (d) Magnetic field and Charge | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) 348 | (b) 103 | 79. Electric field is a | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) 198 | (d) 75 | (a) Scalar quantity (b) Vector quantity (c) Both scalar quantity & vector quantity (d) None of these | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71. The terms 'ferrite beads' and 'toroidal cores' are related to _____. | | 80. Metal film resistors are made by depositing a very thin layer of metal on- | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Decoupled capacitors | | (a) Metal rod (b) Bakelite sheet (c) Ceramic rod (d) Metal sheet | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) Inductors | | 81. Materials in which large number of free electrons are available in outermost orbit are called : | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Ganged capacitors | | (a) Semiconductors (b) Conductors (c) Insulators (d) Magnetic materials | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) Coupled capacitors | | 82. The following property of semiconductors cannot be determined from Hall effect: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72. What is the SI unit of pressure : | | (a) Semiconductor is n-type or p-type (b) The carrier concentration (c) The mobility of semiconductor (d) The atomic concentration of semiconductor | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Dyne | (b) Newton | 83. Hot-carrier diode or surface-barrier diode are different names of the _____. | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Pascal | (d) Joule | (a) Varactor diode (b) Tunnel diode (c) Schottky-barrier diode (d) Gunn diode | | | | | | | | | | |
| 73. Calculate the resistance of the given resistor. | | 84. Group-I lists four different semiconductor devices. Match each device in Group-I with corresponding properties in Group-II | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Group-I</th> <th>Group-II</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P BJT</td> <td>1 Population Inversion</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Q MOSFET</td> <td>2 Pinch-off voltage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R LASER</td> <td>3 Early effect</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S JFET</td> <td>4 Flat band voltage</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Group-I | Group-II | P BJT | 1 Population Inversion | Q MOSFET | 2 Pinch-off voltage | R LASER | 3 Early effect | S JFET | 4 Flat band voltage |
| Group-I | Group-II | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P BJT | 1 Population Inversion | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q MOSFET | 2 Pinch-off voltage | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R LASER | 3 Early effect | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S JFET | 4 Flat band voltage | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) $65 \times 10^{-2} \Omega - 5$ percent | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) $65 \times 10^2 \Omega \pm 5$ percent | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) $65 \times 10^{-2} \Omega$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) $65 \times 10^{-2} \Omega + 5$ percent | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 74. The given properties define which magnetic circuit measure? | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Opposes the production of magnetic flux in a magnetic circuit | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. It is denoted by S. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Its unit is AT/Wb or 1/Henry of H ⁻¹ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Conductance (b) Magnetic flux | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Permeance (d) Reluctance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75. With reference to the given figure, if a wattmeter current coil is connected to series impedance Z ₁ and Z ₂ potential coil connected across Z ₂ , then the wattmeter shows: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Power consumed by Z ₁ and Z ₂ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) Power consumed by Z ₁ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Power consumed by Z ₂ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (d) wrong connection | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Group-I | | Group-II | |
|---------|--------|----------|----------------------|
| P | BJT | 1 | Population Inversion |
| Q | MOSFET | 2 | Pinch-off voltage |
| R | LASER | 3 | Early effect |
| S | JFET | 4 | Flat band voltage |

- | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| (a) P-3, Q-1, R-4 and S-2 | (b) P-1, Q-4, R-3 and S-2 | (c) P-3, Q-4, R-1 and S-2 | (d) P-3, Q-2, R-1 and S-4 |
| 85. MOSFET is controlled device- | (a) Voltage | (b) Current | (c) Voltage and current both |
| (d) Can not be controlled | 86. Identify the given waveform. | | |
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SOLUTION : PRACTICE SET- 5

ANSWER KEY

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (d) | 11. (c) | 21. (c) | 31. (a) | 41. (d) | 51. (d) | 61. (d) | 71. (b) | 81. (b) | 91. (a) |
| 2. (a) | 12. (b) | 22. (b) | 32. (a) | 42. (a) | 52. (c) | 62. (d) | 72. (c) | 82. (d) | 92. (b) |
| 3. (b) | 13. (a) | 23. (c) | 33. (d) | 43. (d) | 53. (a) | 63. (a) | 73. (b) | 83. (c) | 93. (a) |
| 4. (a) | 14. (d) | 24. (d) | 34. (b) | 44. (d) | 54. (a) | 64. (d) | 74. (d) | 84. (c) | 94. (a) |
| 5. (d) | 15. (b) | 25. (c) | 35. (d) | 45. (d) | 55. (a) | 65. (c) | 75. (c) | 85. (a) | 95. (c) |
| 6. (d) | 16. (b) | 26. (b) | 36. (c) | 46. (c) | 56. (b) | 66. (c) | 76. (a) | 86. (b) | 96. (c) |
| 7. (d) | 17. (d) | 27. (c) | 37. (b) | 47. (c) | 57. (c) | 67. (d) | 77. (a) | 87. (c) | 97. (b) |
| 8. (b) | 18. (b) | 28. (c) | 38. (d) | 48. (a) | 58. (d) | 68. (b) | 78. (c) | 88. (a) | 98. (c) |
| 9. (b) | 19. (c) | 29. (d) | 39. (b) | 49. (c) | 59. (d) | 69. (d) | 79. (b) | 89. (c) | 99. (c) |
| 10. (a) | 20. (d) | 30. (c) | 40. (c) | 50. (d) | 60. (b) | 70. (d) | 80. (b) | 90. (b) | 100. (d) |

SOLUTION

1. (d)

The Integrated Test Range missile testing facility is located on Dr Abdul Kalam Island, formerly known as Wheeler Island, an island off the coast of Odisha. Missiles like Agni, Prithvi, Brahmos, Astra, Nirbhay etc are tested here.

2. (a)

Brazilian Footballer Pele is also known as 'Black Pearl' he was part of the Brazilian national teams that won three World Cup Championships (1958, 1962, 1970).

3. (b)

Kalbelia folk dance and song belong to the state of Rajasthan. The costume of Kalbelia dance is Lehenga, Odhani, or Angarkha. This dance is performed by both men and women. Kalbelia folk songs and dances of Rajasthan are in the 'Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity'. Kalbelia folk songs and dances of Rajasthan were recognized by UNESCO as an Intangible Cultural Heritage.

4. (a)

Francis Buchanan (also known as Hamilton) undertook pioneering survey explorations in several diverse regions of the Indian subcontinent during his 20 years career as a surgeon naturalist with the British East India Company.

5. (d)

| Rupee Note | Depicted figure |
|------------|------------------------|
| 200 | Sanchi Stupa |
| 500 | Red Fort |
| 2000 | Mangalaan |
| 20 | Ellora Caves |
| 50 | Stone chariot of Hampi |
| 100 | Rani ki Vav |
| 10 | Konark Sun temple |

6. (d)

Article 161 grants power of Governor to "grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence." any person convicted of any offence against any law relating to a matter to which the executive power of the state extends.

7. (d)

All the oceans and seas have salty water. However, the Dead Sea is considered to be the saltiest of all of them. In the given option the Red Sea is the saltiest water body.

Sea Salinity

Black Sea → 1.3 – 2.3%

Baltic Sea → 1.0%

Red Sea → 3.6 – 4%

8. (b)

Siachen is the world's second longest glacier located outside the polar region in Nubra Valley.

Baltoro Glacier - One of the longest glaciers outside the polar regions located in Gilgit Baltistan region of Pakistan

Hisper Glacier - It is also located in Gilgit-Baltistan region of Pakistan

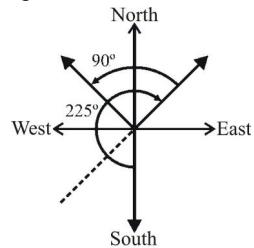
Batura Glacier - Gilgit-Baltistan, Pakistan

9. (b)

The original name of Rabia-ud-Daurani was Dilras Banu Begum. She was the first wife of Aurangzeb. Aurangzeb commissioned the tomb of Rabia-ud-Daurani in 1660 in Aurangabad, which is called as the second Taj Mahal. It is also known as 'Bibi Ka Maqbara'. It was actually built by his eldest son Prince Azam Shah in memory of his mother. It was built in 1678 AD.

23. (c)

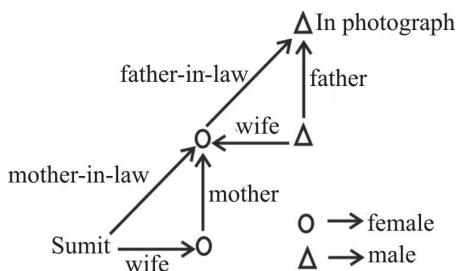
According to the question,



Hence, X is facing North-West.

24. (d)

According to the question blood relation diagram is follows as:



Hence, it is clear from blood relation diagram that the man in the picture is the grand father of Sumit's wife.

25. (c)

Given,

$$175 - 10 + 2 \times 165 \div 25 + 5 = ?$$

$+$ → \div

\div → $-$

$-$ → \times

\times → $+$

On changing the sign,

$$= 175 \times 10 \div 2 + 165 - 25 \div 5$$

$$= 175 \times 5 + 165 - 5$$

$$= 875 + 165 - 5$$

$$= 1040 - 5$$

$$= 1035$$

26.(b)

ENIAC was built the first electronic computer formally dedicated at the University of Pennsylvania on February 15, 1946.

27. (c)

Devices through which we give instructions to the computer are called as input devices.

Example- Keyboard, Mouse, Touch pad, Joystick, Trackball etc.

28. (c)

Mouse is a small hand held pointing device that basically control the two-dimensional movement of the cursor of the display screen pointing devices are the

input devices that are generally used for moving the cursor to a particular location to point an object on the screen.

Some of the commonly used pointing devices are: Mouse, trackball, Light pen, Joystick, Touch screen.

A pointing device is a human interface device that allows a user to input spatial data to a computer.

29. (d)

Input devices are electromechanical devices that are used to enter data to a computer or other devices for storing and further processing. Example of input devices are Mouse, Keyboard, Webcam, Scanner etc.

30. (c)

SRAM (Static-RAM) is faster than DRAM (Dynamic-RAM) and commonly used as cache memory in computers. Need to refresh it again and again. Hence it is much faster than DRAM.

31. (a)

(i) The access speed of both DRAM and cache memory is not same. The access speed of cache memory is faster than DRAM. Hence statement (i) is wrong.

(ii) In computer system SRAM and DRAM both can be used as main memory. Hence statement (ii) correct.

32. (a)

SRAM is type of RAM but EPROM, EEPROM and PROM are types of ROM. RAM is volatile memory but ROM is non-volatile memory.

33. (d)

Information technology can be defined in term of connectivity and hardware. Information technology on computer passed information system. Information technology has become an integral part of commerce and trade in the present times.

34. (b)

Server is a computer program or computer machine that provides various services to each computer connected to the network. The purpose of a server is to share data or hardware and software resources among its users.

35.(d)

A Server is a computer program or device that provides a service to another computer program and its user, also known as the client.

36. (c)

A superscript or subscript in Word is a number, shape, symbol, or indicator that is smaller than the normal line of type and is set it slightly above (superscript) or below (subscript).

Ex- $X^2 + Y^2$, H_2O

37. (b)

In MS Word 2010, the Alt+F shortcut key is used to go to the File tab. The File menu has options to manage Microsoft Word files. Alt + F shortcut key is used to open the file menu. ‘Key tips’ are displayed on the file menu page options.

38. (d)

The default A4 paper size in MS Word 2007 page setup is 21×29.7 cm or 8.27×11.69 inches, and the typical margin value is 2.54 cm. Page Setup can change the structure and layout of the pages in the document.

39. (b)

LAN is the short form of Local Area Network. It connects devices which are available in a single or limited area with the help of LAN.

LAN can share data at speeds ranging from 10 Mbps to 1000 Mbps. Data transmission speed is higher in LAN network because the range of LAN network is limited to a fixed area.

40. (c)

TCP/IP has five different layers those are followings -

- Application Layer
- Transport Layer
- Internet Layer
- Data Link Layer
- Physical Layer

Therefore, session layer does not come under five layer internet architecture.

41. (d)

In the context of internet full form of ARPANET is Advanced Research Projects Agency Network.

42. (a)

Pop - up is a type of browser window, which opens without any user request while browsing the Internet. It is also used to show advertisements on the Internet we can turn on or off pop-up windows in our browser as per our choice.

43. (d)

Search engine is a web based application that helps the user to find information on the World Wide Web. Its main parts are search algorithm, search index and crawler while kernel is a part of operating system.

44. (d)

Address book feature of a mail program allows the users to store information about the people when they communicate regularly by sending e-mails.

45. (d)

All statements are true because a microprocessor is defined as a programmable, multipurpose, logic device

that has the reading capability of binary instructions from memory and I/O component externally in a microprocessor for processing. In this system, a microcontroller also known as a programmable digital processor, uses an internal controlling bus.

46. (c)

$$\begin{aligned} & 3^{71} + 3^{72} + 3^{73} + 3^{74} + 3^{75} \\ & = 3^{71}(3^0 + 3^1 + 3^2 + 3^3 + 3^4) \\ & = 3^{71}(1 + 3 + 9 + 27 + 81) \\ & = 3^{71} \times 121 \\ & = 3^{71} \times 11^2 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, given series will be divisible by 11.

47. (c)

Given expression,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{7}{9} \times \frac{21}{5} \times 25(65^2 - 55^2) \\ & = \frac{49 \times 5}{3} [(65+55)(65-55)] \\ & = \frac{49 \times 5}{3} \times 120 \times 10 \\ & = 49 \times 5 \times 40 \times 10 \\ & = 98000 \end{aligned}$$

48. (a)

$$\frac{5}{6} = 0.83, \quad \frac{3}{7} = 0.42, \quad \frac{8}{9} = 0.88, \quad \frac{3}{14} = 0.21$$

Hence, the descending order of the fractions is

$$\frac{8}{9}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{3}{14}.$$

49. (c)

Let the fraction be $\frac{x}{y}$.

According to the problem,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} - \frac{x}{y} &= \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{x}{y} &= \frac{-1}{6} \end{aligned}$$

50. (d)

LCM of number 2, 3 and 8 = 24

Required number = $24K-1$

$$(\because 2-1=1, 3-2=1, 8-7=1)$$

(On putting K = 2)

$$= 24 \times 2 - 1 = 47$$

51. (d)

Let the two numbers are $5x$ and $7x$ respectively.

Given-

$$\text{HCF} = 8$$

$$\text{I}^{\text{st}} \text{ Number} = 5 \times 8 = 40$$

$$\text{II}^{\text{nd}} \text{ Number} = 7 \times 8 = 56$$

By formula - $\text{I}^{\text{st}} \text{ Number} \times \text{II}^{\text{nd}} \text{ Number} = \text{HCF} \times \text{LCM}$

$$40 \times 56 = 8 \times \text{LCM}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{LCM} &= 40 \times 7 \\ &= 280\end{aligned}$$

52. (c)

$$\begin{array}{c} A : B : C \\ 3 \quad 4 \quad | \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ 6 \quad 5 \\ 18 : 24 : 20 \\ 9 : 12 : 10 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Hence, } \frac{A}{A+C} = \frac{9}{9+10} = \frac{9}{19}$$

53. (a)

Let the number of boys in school = $3x$

And number of girls = $2x$

Total number of students in school = $5x$

Number of students who hold scholarship

$$\begin{aligned}&= 3x \times \frac{20}{100} + 2x \times \frac{25}{100} \\ &= \frac{110x}{100} = \frac{11x}{10}\end{aligned}$$

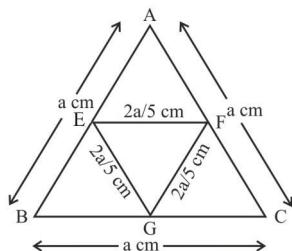
Number of students who don't hold scholarship

$$\begin{aligned}&= 5x - \frac{11x}{10} \\ &= \frac{39x}{10}\end{aligned}$$

$$39x$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Required percentage} &= \frac{10}{5x} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{39x \times 100}{10 \times 5x} \\ &= 78\%\end{aligned}$$

54. (a)



$$\text{Area of equilateral triangle ABC} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2 \text{ cm}$$

Area of small equilateral $\Delta AEF, \Delta BEG$ and ΔCFG

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \left\{ \left(\frac{2a}{5} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{2a}{5} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{2a}{5} \right)^2 \right\}$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} \times \frac{4a^2}{25} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{25} a^2 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{\text{Area of } \Delta ABC}{\text{Area of three small triangles}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}/4a^2}{3\sqrt{3}/25a^2}$$

$$\frac{\text{Area of } \Delta ABC}{\text{Area of three small triangles}} - 1 = \frac{25}{12} - 1$$

$$\frac{\text{Area of } \Delta ABC - \text{Area of three small triangles}}{\text{Area of three small triangles}}$$

$$= \frac{25-12}{12}$$

$$= \frac{\text{Area of remaining triangle}}{\text{Area of three small triangles}} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$= \frac{\text{Area of three small triangles}}{\text{Area of remaining triangle}} = \frac{12}{13}$$

55. (a)

According to the question,

$$\text{One day work of Arjun} = \frac{1}{12} \text{ part}$$

$$\text{One day work of Bheem} = \frac{1}{15} \text{ part}$$

$$\text{Let, one day work of Chetan} = \frac{1}{x} \text{ part}$$

$$\text{One day work of all three} = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{5+4}{60} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{9}{60}$$

$$\frac{12-9}{60} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{3}{60} = \frac{1}{20}$$

So time taken by Chetan to finish the work alone = 20 days

56. (b)

Total distance = 30 km.

Distance traveled at a speed of 6 Km./hr.

$$= \frac{3}{5} \text{ of total distance}$$

$$= 30 \times \frac{3}{5}$$

$$= 6 \times 3$$

$$= 18 \text{ km}$$

By 2 Km./hr. reduction in speed $(6 - 2) = 4$ Km./hr.

Hence the last 12 km distance will run at a speed of 4 Km./hr.

Hence time taken to cover the entire distance of 30 km

$$= \frac{18}{6} + \frac{12}{4} = 3 + 3 = 6 \text{ hours}$$

Total time taken by man to finish journey = $6 : 30 + 6$ hours

= 12:30 pm

57. (c)

$$A = ₹ 2360$$

$$P = ₹ 2000$$

$$t = 3 \text{ years}$$

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{rt}{100} \right)$$

$$2360 = 2000 \left(1 + \frac{3r}{100} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2360}{2000} - 1 = \frac{3r}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{360}{2000} = \frac{3r}{100}$$

$$r = 6\%$$

For 5 years

$$A = 2000 \left(1 + \frac{5 \times 6}{100} \right)$$

$$= 2000 \times \frac{130}{100} = ₹ 2600$$

58. (d)

Let the cost price of total goods = $100x$

According to the question,

$$\text{Total selling price} = \frac{40x \times (100-2)}{100} + \frac{60x(100+4)}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{40x \times 98 + 60x \times 104}{100} = \frac{3920x + 6240x}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10160x}{100} = 101.6x$$

$$\text{Profit} = 101.6x - 100x = 1.6x$$

$$1.6x = 250$$

$$x = \frac{250}{1.6}$$

$$\text{Now the cost price of goods} = \frac{250}{1.6} \times 100 = ₹ 15625$$

59. (d)

Given,

$$x + y = 8 \dots\dots (i)$$

$$xy = 15 \dots\dots (ii)$$

From the eq. (i)

$$(x + y)^2 = 8^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2xy = 64$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2 \times 15 = 64 \quad \{ \because xy = 15 \}$$

$$(x^2 + y^2) = 34$$

$$(x^2 + y^2)^2 = (34)^2$$

$$x^4 + y^4 + 2x^2y^2 = 1156$$

$$x^4 + y^4 = 1156 - 2 \times (15)^2$$

$$x^4 + y^4 = 706$$

60. (b)

Given

$$2 - \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha} + \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$$

$$= 2 - \left[\frac{(1 - \cos^2 \alpha)}{1 - \cos \alpha} \right] + \frac{(1 - \cos \alpha)(1 + \cos \alpha) - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha(1 + \cos \alpha)}$$

$$= 2 - (1 + \cos \alpha) + \frac{(1 - \cos^2 \alpha) - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha(1 + \cos \alpha)}$$

$$= 2 - 1 - \cos \alpha + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha(1 + \cos \alpha)}$$

$$= 1 - \cos \alpha + 0$$

$$= 1 - \cos \alpha$$

61. (d)

Given observations - 60, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80

Number of term = 8 (even)

$$\text{Median} = \frac{\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} + \left(\frac{n}{2} + 1\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{8}{2}\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term} + \left(\frac{8}{2} + 1\right)^{\text{th}} \text{ term}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4^{\text{th}} \text{ term} + 5^{\text{th}} \text{ term}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{72 + 74}{2}$$

$$= \frac{146}{2}$$

$$\text{Median} = 73$$

Number of term on removing 70 = 7 (odd)

$$\therefore \text{Median} = \frac{n+1}{2}^{\text{th}} \text{ term}$$

$$= \frac{7+1}{2} = 4^{\text{th}} \text{ term}$$

$$= 74$$

Then, Increased median = $74 - 73 = 1$

62. (d)

$$\sqrt{4.2436} = \text{Square root of } 4.2436$$

| | |
|-----|---------------|
| | 206 |
| 2 | 42436 |
| +2 | 4 |
| 406 | $\times 2436$ |
| 6 | 2436 |
| | xxxx |

$$\sqrt{4.2436} = \sqrt{\frac{42436}{10000}} = \frac{206}{100} = 2.06$$

63. (a)

Let the present age of Rajan = x years

Then present age of sister = $(x - 10)$ years

According to the question,

$$x - 8 = \frac{5}{6}x$$

$$x - \frac{5}{6}x = 8$$

$$\frac{x}{6} = 8$$

$$x = 48 \text{ years}$$

Therefore, present age of sister = $48 - 10 = 38$ years

64. (d)

Part filled by pipe A in 1 hour = $\frac{1}{6}$

Part filled by pipe B in 1 hour

In initially stage, time taken by both pipe to fill the tank in 1 hour.

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{30} = \frac{5+1}{30} = \frac{6}{30} = \frac{1}{5}$$

Due to leakage let the time taken in x hours to empty the tank.

According to the question,

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{30} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{5 + \left(\frac{30}{60}\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5+1}{30} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{6}{30} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{2}{11}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = \frac{6}{30} - \frac{2}{11}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = \frac{66-60}{30 \times 11}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = \frac{6}{30 \times 11}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{5 \times 11}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{55}$$

So, $x = 55$ hours

65. (c)

$$x \times \frac{10}{100} = y \times \frac{15}{100}$$

$$10x = 15y$$

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{15}{10}$$

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{3}{2}$$

or $x : y = 3 : 2$

66. (c)

As per universal law of gravitations,

$$F = \frac{GMm}{d^2}$$

$$G = \frac{Fd^2}{Mm}$$

Where,

The SI units of Gravitational force = Newton (N)

The SI unit of Distance = Meter (m)

The SI units of Masses (M, m) = kg

Therefore, The SI unit of G = $Nm^2 kg^{-2}$ or $\frac{Nm^2}{Kg^2}$

67. (d)

Given,

$$F = 40N$$

$$m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}, m_2 = 6 \text{ kg}, m_3 = 4 \text{ kg}$$

We know that,

$$F = ma$$

Total mass of the system

$$\begin{aligned} m &= m_1 + m_2 + m_3 \\ &= 10 + 6 + 4 \\ &= 20 \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$

Then,

Total acceleration of the system

$$40 = 20 \times a \Rightarrow [a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2]$$

Now,

Tension T_2 will be,

$$T_2 = (m_1 + m_2) a = (10+6) \times 2$$

$$T_2 = 16 \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow [T_2 = 32 \text{ N}]$$

68. (b)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Speed of bullet} &= \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}} \\ &= \frac{90}{0.2} \times \frac{18}{5} \\ &= 1620 \text{ km/hr} \end{aligned}$$

69. (d)

Given,

$$\text{Work (w)} = 1200 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{Displacement (d)} = 20 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Force (F)} = ?$$

$$\text{Work} = \text{Force} \times \text{displacement}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1200 = F \times 20$$

$$\Rightarrow F = \frac{1200}{20}$$

So, $F = 60 \text{ N}$

70. (d)

We know that, ${}^{\circ}\text{C} = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(167 - 32)$$

$$= \frac{5}{9} \times 135$$

$$C = 75^{\circ}$$

71. (b)

A ferrite beads is a type of choke that suppresses high-frequency electronic noise in electronic circuits. While toroidal cores are small MnZn based soft ferrite cores. Both (ferrite beads and toroidal cores) are related to inductors.

72. (c)

SI unit of pressure is Pascal

$$\text{Pressure} = \frac{\text{Force}}{\text{Area}} = \frac{N}{m^2} = \frac{Kg}{m \cdot sec^2}$$

$$\text{Dimension of pressure} \rightarrow [ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$$

73. (b)

In resistor 4 colour strips

Ist strip – Blue, Value – 6

IInd strip – Green, Value – 5

IIIrd strip – Red, Multiplier – 10²

IVth strip – Gold, tolerance – ± 5%

$$\text{Formula} - R = AB \times 10^C \pm \text{Tolerance}$$

$$\text{Resistance of resistor} = (65 \times 10^2 \pm 5\%) \Omega$$

| Colour | I st band | II nd band | III rd band | IV th band Tolerance |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Black | 0 | 0 | $10^0 \Omega$ | |
| Brown | 1 | 1 | $10^1 \Omega$ | ±1% |
| Red | 2 | 2 | $10^2 \Omega$ | ±2% |
| Orange | 3 | 3 | $10^3 \Omega$ | |
| Yellow | 4 | 4 | $10^4 \Omega$ | |
| Green | 5 | 5 | $10^5 \Omega$ | ±0.5% |
| Blue | 6 | 6 | $10^6 \Omega$ | ±0.25% |
| Violet | 7 | 7 | $10^7 \Omega$ | ±0.10% |
| Grey | 8 | 8 | $10^8 \Omega$ | ±0.05% |
| White | 9 | 9 | $10^9 \Omega$ | |
| Gold | | | $10^{-1} \Omega$ | ±5% |
| Silver | | | $10^{-2} \Omega$ | ±10% |

74. (d)

We know that-

$$\text{Magneto motive force or MMF} = \phi \cdot S$$

Where,

$\phi \rightarrow \text{Flux}$

$S \rightarrow \text{Reluctance}$

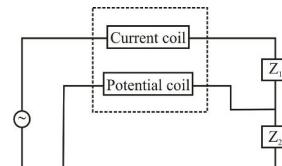
$$\therefore S = \frac{\text{MMF}}{\phi} = \frac{AT}{wb}$$

The reluctance (S) opposes the flux production in a magnetic circuit.

$$S = \frac{\ell}{\mu a} = \frac{m}{H/m \times m^2} = \frac{1}{H} = H^{-1}$$

The unit of reluctance is H^{-1}

75. (c)

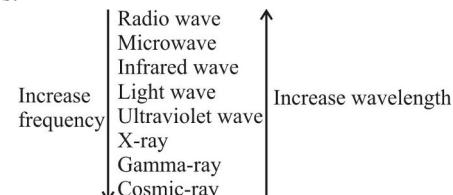


- The potential coil is connected across Z_2 .
- It reads the voltage across Z_2 only.
- So, wattmeter reads only power consumed by Z_2 .

76. (a)

Gamma-rays of electromagnetic wave has highest frequency.

The different wave present in the electromagnetic spectrum (in the order of increasing frequency) are as follows.



77. (a)

Electric field intensity at any point is equal to potential gradient at that point.

The potential gradient at a point in an electric field is the rate of change of potential with respect to distance, while the rate of change of this potential is considered at that point in the direction of the electric force.

78. (c)

Ampere's law relates to magnetic field and current.

$$\left[\oint \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = I_{\text{enclosed}} \right]$$

79. (b)

Electric field is a vector quantity because it has both magnitude and direction. The electric field is a ratio of electric force and charge. The charge is a scalar quantity but the electric force is a vector quantity and therefore the electric field has magnitude and direction both.

$$\left[\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}}{Q} \right]$$

80. (b)

Metal film resistors are made by depositing a very thin layer of metal on Bakelite Sheet.

81. (b)

The large number of free electrons available in outermost orbit are called conductor.

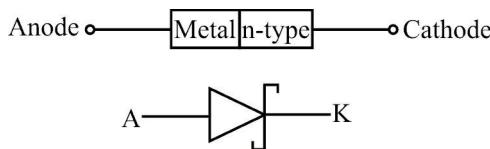
Example- Cu, Ag, Al etc.

82. (d)

The atomic concentration of semiconductor can not be determined by hall effect. While the type of semiconductors (P type or N-type) can be determined by hall effect and the carrier concentration and mobility of the semiconductor can also be determined. The information of a substance is also obtained from the hall effect. whether the substance is metal, semiconductor or an insulator.

83. (c)

The Schottky diode also known as Schottky barrier diode or hot-carrier diode, is a semiconductor diode formed by the junction of a semiconductor with a metal

**84. (c)**

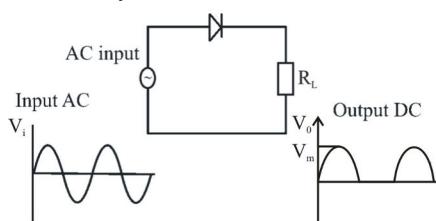
- BJT — Early effect
- Mosfet — Flat band voltage.
- Laser — Population inversion.
- JFET — Pinch-off voltage.

85. (a)

MOSFET is a voltage controlled current source device. The drain current (I_D) is controlled by the gate voltage. There are two types of MOSFET enhancement and depletion.

86. (b)

Positive Half wave Rectifier:- Half wave rectifies a positive half cycle of AC input. It remains turn off in the negative half cycle.

**87. (c)**

If biasing is not done in the amplifier circuit, it results in unfaithful amplification, because the Q-point will not be fixed, that is, the Q-point will be either in saturation or will go into cut-off.

88. (a)

The bandwidth of an RF tuned amplifier is depend on Q-factor of the tuned input circuit.

$$BW = \frac{f_r}{Q}$$

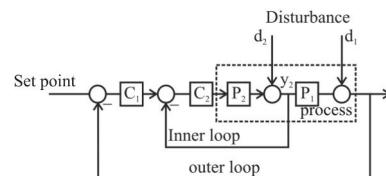
Where, f_r = Frequency of tuned amplifier

BW = Bandwidth

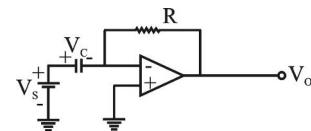
Q = Quality factor

89. (c)

The cascade control scheme consists of two nested loops. The inner loop contains the secondary controller and the outer loop contains the primary controller. Cascade controllers are used to reject a plant fault before it spreads.

**90. (b)**

In differentiator feedback element is resistor. A differentiator circuit produces an output proportional to the derivative of its input.



$$V_o = -RC \frac{dV_s}{dt}$$

- It is called the high pass filter.

91. (a)

Voltage regulation- The change in the value of the regulated output voltage when load current is changed from no load to full load (or in other words to change the load current from zero to maximum rated value) to the change in the value of regulated output voltage is called voltage regulation.

$$\% \text{ Voltage regulation} = \frac{V_{NL} - V_{FL}}{V_{FL}} \times 100$$

In ideal condition $V_{NL} = V_{FL}$

$$\% \text{ Voltage regulation} = \frac{V_{NL} - V_{NL}}{V_{FL}} \times 100 = 0\%$$

- The ideal voltage regulation is 0%.

It should be as low as possible for proper operation of electrical equipment.

92. (b)

The detector that minimizes the error probability is called as maximum likelihood detector.

93. (a)

Identified name of instrument shown in figure is noise dosimeter.

Noise dosimeter - Noise dosimeter is an instrument for measuring noise pollution. There is a microphone in it, which checks the noise pollution of any city and records the noise of the city. The level of noise pollution is displayed on the screen of the device.

94. (a)

For the measurement of high resistance -

- Loss of charge method.
- Megger
- Direct deflection method
- Mega ohm bridge

Classification of resistance -

1. Low resistance - $R \leq 1\Omega$
 2. Medium resistance - $1\Omega < R < 100\text{ k}\Omega$
 3. High resistance - $R > 100\text{ k}\Omega$
- Low resistance standard are four terminal type.
 - Medium resistance standard are two terminal type.
 - High resistance standard are three terminal type.

Low resistance method -

- Kelvin's double bridge method
- Potentiometer method
- Voltmeter-Ammeter method

Medium resistance -

1. Substitution method
2. Wheatstone bridge method
3. Ammeter-Voltmeter method
4. Ohmmeter

95. (c)

The phenomenon of creeping occurs in energy meter. Creeping in energy meter is the phenomenon in which the aluminium disc rotates continuously when only the voltage is supplied to the pressure coil and no current flows through the current coil.

Prevention of creeping -

⇒ The creeping is avoided by drilling the hole in the disc. The holes should be diametrically opposite to each other.

96. (c)

Seismic transducer is used for the measurement of acceleration.

- Seismic transducer may be used in displacement mode.
- Seismic transducer used for measuring the vibration of ground. It is also called as accelerometer.

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

97. (b)

Parity bits are used for the purpose of error detection in digital systems.

Parity bit is the simplest and frequently used method for detecting an error. In this method we have to join a parity bit to the end of the data structure.

There are two techniques used in parity bit are-

- Simple parity check.
- Two dimensional parity check.

98. (c)**There are two theorems of Demorgan -**

Demorgan's first theorem- According to this theorem, the complement of a sum is equal to the product of the individual complements of the quantities used in it.
i.e.

$$A + B + C + \dots + N = \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} \cdot \bar{C} \cdot \dots \cdot \bar{N}$$

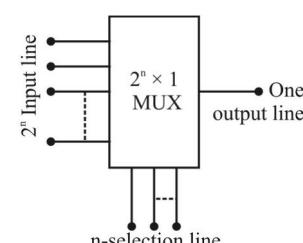
Demorgan's second theorem - According to this theorem, the complement of a product is equal to the sum of the separate complements of the quantities.
i.e.

$$A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot \dots \cdot N = \bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + \dots + \bar{N}$$

99. (c)

Multiplexer circuit can be used as a parallel to series converter.

- It is also called data selector Circuit.
- It is also called Many to One Circuit.
- Multiplexer is also called universal logic converter.

**100. (d)**

The fan-out of a 7400 NAND gate is 10 TTL. TTL logic family maximum fan-out = 10

7400 class ICs-

| | | |
|------|---|------------------------|
| 7400 | - | quad 2 input NAND gate |
| 7402 | - | quad 2 input NOR gate |
| 7404 | - | hex inverter |
| 7408 | - | quad 2 input AND gate |
| 7432 | - | quad 2 input OR gate |
| 7486 | - | quad 2 input XOR gate |