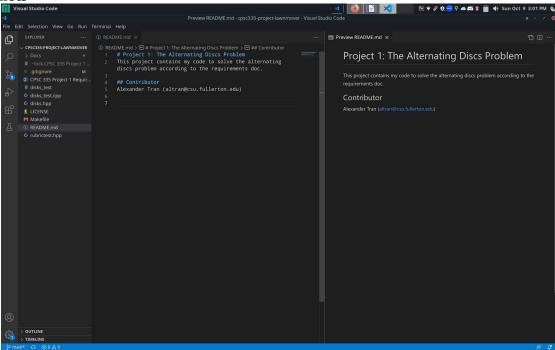
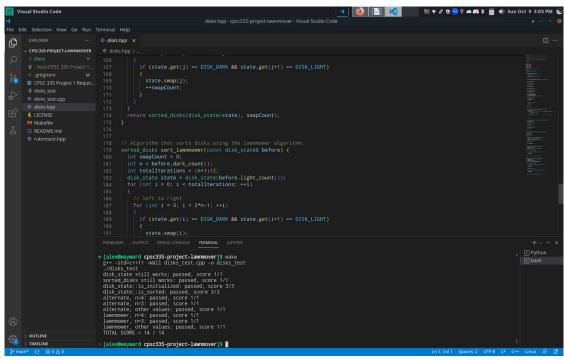
Project Contributor

Alexander Tran (altran@csu.fullerton.edu)

Screenshots



README.md with project contributor name



Compiling and running

The Algorithms

Let *l* be the given list of size 2*n* in any pseudocode presented.

Lawnmower

```
def Lawnmower(n, l):
    iterations = (n+1)/2
    for _ from 0 to iterations:
        # LEFT TO RIGHT
        for i from 0 to 2*n-1:
            if l[i] == 1 and l[i+1] == 0:
                 swap(l[i], l[i+1])
        # RIGHT TO LEFT
        for i from 2*n-1 to 0 in steps of -1:
            if l[i] == 0 and l[i-1] == 1:
                 swap(l[i], l[i-1])
```

Step count formula: $6n^2 + 3n - 3$

Proof: Lawnmower algorithm has time complexity of $O(n^2)$

```
Let: f(n)=6n^2+3n-3, g(n)=n^2, c=|6|+|3|+|-3|=12, and n_0=5 (an arbitrary value).

By definition, f(n) is in the order of g(n) if f(n) \le c * g(n) where n \le n_0.

f(n) \le c * g(n)
6n^2+3n-3 \le 12*n^2
6(5)^2+3(5)-3 \le 12*(5)^2
150+15-3 \le 300
162 \le 300
Thus, 6n^2+3n-3 has a time complexity of O(n^2).
```

Alternate

```
def alternate(n, l):
    for i in range(n+1):
        for j in range(i, 2*n-1):
        if l[j] == 1 and l[j+1] == 0:
            swap(l[j], l[j+1])
```

Step count formula: $\frac{3}{2}(3n^2+n-2)$

Proof: the alternate algorithm has time complexity of $O(n^2)$

Let:
$$f(n) = \frac{3}{2}(3n^2 + n - 2),$$
 $g(n) = n^2,$ $c = \left| \frac{9}{2} \right| + \left| \frac{3}{2} \right| + \left| -3 \right| = 9,$ and $n_o = 5$ (an arbitrary value).

By definition, $f(n)$ is in the order of $g(n)$ if $f(n) \le c * g(n)$ where $n \le n_0.$

$$f(n) \le c * g(n)$$

$$\frac{3}{2}(3n^2 + n - 2) \le 9 * n^2$$

$$\frac{3}{2}(3(5)^2 + (5) - 2) \le 9 * (5)^2$$

$$\frac{3}{2}(75 + 5 - 2) \le 225$$

$$117 \le 225$$
Thus, $\frac{3}{2}(3n^2 + n - 2)$ has a time complexity of $O(n^2)$.