# Test 1: Fill in the blanks.

Due No due date

Points 20

**Questions** 10

Available Mar 5 at 6:15pm - Mar 5 at 8pm about 2 hours

Time Limit 15 Minutes

This quiz was locked Mar 5 at 8pm.

## **Attempt History**

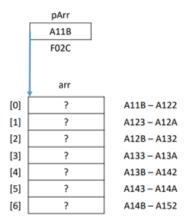
	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	14 minutes	4 out of 20

Score for this quiz: **4** out of 20 Submitted Mar 5 at 6:47pm This attempt took 14 minutes.

	Question 1	0 / 2 pts
	Given the code snippet:	
	<pre>char *greet1 = "HELLO"; char *greet2 = "Hello";</pre>	
	<pre>printf("%d",strcmp(greet1, greet2));</pre>	
	What is the output?	
ou Answered		
	0	
orrect Answers	-32	
	-1	

Question 2	2 / 2 pts

Choose the best description for the figure below.



#### Correct!

pArr is a pointer variable that holds the address of the first component of a double array named arr

pArr is a pointer variable that holds the address of the first component of a character array named arr

pArr is a pointer variable that holds the address of the first component of an int array named arr

pArr is a pointer variable that holds the address of the first component of a float array named arr

Question 3 0 / 2 pts

```
Given the code snippet:

int arr[5] = {1,3,0,4,2};

arr[arr[2] * arr[0] + arr[3]]++;
```

List the contents of array arr after the execution of the code snippet. Note: Separate entries with a comma ONLY. ou Answered arr[5] orrect Answers 1,3,0,4,3 0 / 2 pts **Question 4** Given the code snippet: int  $A[5] = \{1,2,3\};$ printf("%d", sizeof(A + 1)); What is the output? ou Answered 4 orrect Answers 8 0 / 2 pts **Question 5** Given the code snippet: char greet1[16] = "HELLO"; char greet2[16] = "HELLO"; printf("%d", greet1==greet2)); What is the output? ou Answered

orrect Answers

0

### **Question 6**

0 / 2 pts

What is the output of the function call?

ou Answered

1

orrect Answers

8

#### **Question 7**

0 / 2 pts

```
Given the code snippet:

int A[] = {1,3,0,4,2};

++(*(A + A[4]));
```

List the contents of array A after the execution of the code snippet. Note: Separate entries with a comma ONLY.

ou Answered

1,3,1,4,2

orrect Answers

1,3,1,4,3

Question 8 0 / 2 pts

Function create() will provide the calling function with a dynamically allocated float array based on parameter that dictates the number of elements in the array. Fill in the blank with the missing statement. Do not put a space when it is not necessary.

ou Answered

```
size=malloc(size+1)
```

orrect Answers

```
return(float*)calloc(size,sizeof(float));
return(float*)malloc(sizeof(float)*size);
return (float*)malloc(size*sizeof(float));
return(float*)malloc(size*sizeof(float));
return (float*)malloc(sizeof(float)*size);
return (float*)calloc(size,sizeof(float));
```

Question 9 0 / 2 pts

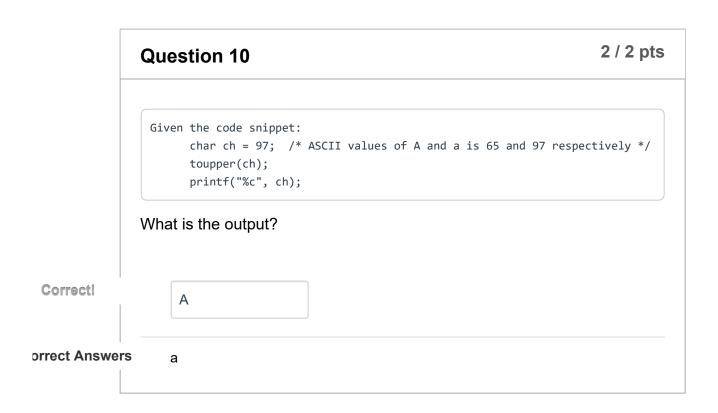
```
Given the code snippet:
    char greet[32] = "Good Morning";
    char name[32] = " Miss Hope";
    strcat(greet,name + 4);
    printf("%s",greet);
```

#### What is the output?

ou Answered

Good Morning Hope

orrect Answers Good Mornings Hope



Quiz Score: 4 out of 20